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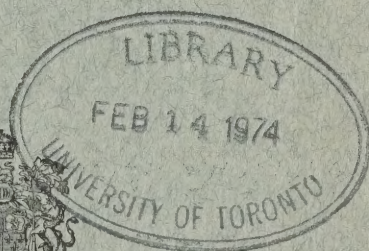
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# HIGHER EDUCATION IN CANADA, 1936-38

(BEING PART II OF THE BIENNIAL SURVEY OF EDUCATION  
IN CANADA, 1936-38)

Published by Authority of the Hon. W. D. Euler, M.P.  
Minister of Trade and Commerce



OTTAWA  
J. O. PATENAUDE, I.S.O.  
PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY  
1939

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## PREFACE

The present is the first separate printed report on "Higher Education in Canada" that has been issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The corresponding information for earlier years has been included in the volume "Annual Survey of Education in Canada", although it was usually ready for press several months in advance of information on schools for the corresponding year. For a number of years a preliminary annual report on higher education was issued in mimeograph format, but this obviously involved duplication in publishing. The arrangement now adopted has the added advantage of making the data on higher education more coherent and accessible to those especially interested in this field, such as university and college officials who are in lesser degree interested in school statistics.

In each issue of "Higher Education in Canada", besides presenting more or less standard statistical records, it is hoped to give special attention to some one or few aspects of university work in the descriptive and analytical pages that precede the tabular sections.

The work on the tabulations, retrospective as well as current, has been done largely by Miss Lois L. Stalker, with the supervision of Mr. J. E. Robbins, Ph.D.

R. H. COATS,  
*Dominion Statistician.*

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS,  
December, 1938.



# CONTENTS

## Section I—Analysis and Description

CHAPTER	PAGE
1. GENERAL REVIEW—	
University Graduates in the Schools.....	6
Degrees in Education.....	7
Requirements for Admission to Arts.....	10
Trends in the Cost of a University Education.....	12
Rural versus Urban University Students.....	14
University Salaries.....	15
Use of Libraries.....	15
2. SCHOLARSHIPS IN CANADIAN UNIVERSITIES—	
Matriculation or Entrance Scholarships.....	17
Undergraduate Scholarships.....	21
Graduate Scholarships.....	23
3. SUPPLY AND DEMAND IN THE PROFESSIONS IN CANADA—	
Applied Science.....	27
Agriculture.....	29
Household Science.....	29
School Teaching.....	30
Librarianship.....	32
Journalism.....	33
Physical Training.....	33
Social Service.....	33
Medicine.....	34
Dentistry.....	35
Pharmacy.....	36
Nursing.....	36
Optometry.....	37
Osteopathy, Chiropractic.....	37
Veterinary Science.....	37
Law.....	38
Theology.....	39
Fine Arts, Photography.....	41
Music.....	42
APPENDIX—Bibliography on Higher Education in Canada.....	46

## Section II—Current Tables, 1936-37

1. List of institutions, showing addresses, control, courses and affiliations.....	50
2. List of professional schools, colleges and university faculties in Canada, showing the full-time enrolment of university grade in each branch of study, 1937.....	58
3. Full-time students of the regular session by province and faculties.....	63
3A. Full-time students in arts and pure science, by province and academic years.....	64
4. Part-time and short course students by province and grade of work.....	64
5. Summary of all students reported, classified by grade of work.....	66
6. Summary of all students reported, classified as full-time, part-time, short course, etc.....	66
7. Summary of degrees and diplomas granted.....	67
8. University-grade students of the regular session attending outside their province of residence.....	68
9. Teaching staffs.....	69
10. Financial statistics.....	70
11. Library statistics.....	71

## Section III—Retrospective Tables, 1920-1937

12. Annual enrolment of full-time undergraduate students of the regular session by faculties.....	76
12A. Annual enrolment of full-time post-graduate students of the regular session.....	84
13. Degrees and diplomas conferred annually, by faculties.....	86
14. Classification of full-time students according to place of residence, at quinquennial intervals.....	96
15. Summary of teaching staffs at quinquennial intervals.....	98

## CHAPTER I.

### GENERAL REVIEW

Most countries in post-war years have experienced disproportionate increases in university enrolment, and in many there is reported a tendency to overcrowding in the occupations for which the universities train. The tendency has been so general as to have been made the subject of special attention by the International Institute of Intellectual Co-operation, and the International Bureau of University Statistics has been publishing data on the problem over a period of years. Dr. Walter Kotschnig's book, "Unemployment in the Learned Professions", published in 1937, has attracted wide interest.

To date in Canada there has been comparatively little systematic study with a view to ascertaining whether the universities are preparing more or fewer workers than required in the various professional fields. One reason may lie in the fact that natural centres for studies of the kind, such as many universities elsewhere possess in their employment or placement bureaux, can hardly be said to exist in Canada. This in turn may indicate that the problem is not a pressing one here, but it is to be noted that beginnings have been made in the organization of placement services in several institutions within recent years. In almost all cases the initiative seems to have been taken by students' or graduates' organizations rather than by the university authorities themselves; their staffs have been neither large nor permanent and their operations directed mainly to finding summer work for students. In one instance, the University of Manitoba, the Government Employment Service has given assistance by placing in an office at the university during the spring months a member of its staff whose exclusive concern is to find employment for the students. But bureaux of any kind operate in only about a half dozen<sup>1</sup> universities as yet, and their limited resources have been spent in meeting the immediate problem of finding jobs rather than in any long-range study of the situation.

In the Dominion Bureau of Statistics there is a considerable amount of information in the census and in the annual records received from universities since 1920 that throws light on certain aspects of the question—rather more on trends than on current conditions of work and remuneration in the various professions. Some of the more significant of the data were published in a bulletin of the Education Branch in 1937, the interest in which has made it seem advisable to reprint the greater part in the present document. See page 26.

In any study of professional workers those most difficult to trace in employment are the graduates in Arts and Pure Science, by reason of their following

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<sup>1</sup> Those that have come to the attention of the compilers of this Survey are at Dalhousie, McGill, Queen's, Toronto, Manitoba and British Columbia universities.



such a great variety of vocations. Little concerning them appeared in the bulletin mentioned, and it is proposed to supplement it here with additional information on the very substantial proportion engaged in teaching.

### University Graduates in the Schools

Statement I shows that university graduates in the schools have increased very considerably in recent years. In each of the Maritime Provinces their ratio to the total number of teachers has more than doubled in the 1930's. The Manitoba and British Columbia figures suggest that the proportion has increased by one-half in the West. British Columbia easily claims the highest proportion, with well over one-fourth of its teachers holding university degrees.

A comparison of the provinces makes it difficult to avoid the conclusion that the proportion of teachers with degrees is largely dependent on the salary level. Relationships between the salaries of graduates and non-graduates in Ontario and British Columbia seem to suggest that it is the general salary level of all teachers rather than the level for degree holders alone that determines the proportion of the latter in the teaching force. The graduates in British Columbia receive less than in Ontario but the teaching body as a whole averages more and claims a higher proportion of graduates.

Salary differences doubtless account in large measure, too, for the comparative scarcity of graduates in rural schools. The salary of the teacher in the one-room school is nowhere substantially more than half that of the city teacher, and in some provinces is less than a third. If rural salaries were on a more satisfactory basis, such as may eventually result from the adoption of standard province-wide salary schedules, like those existing in other Dominions, a considerable number of agricultural college graduates might be attracted to the rural schools, but very few have been as yet. Most of the few graduates to be found in country schools are young teachers waiting their turn to find a place in the city.

The length of experience as shown at the end of Statement I indicates that the increase in graduate teachers has been more than a temporary phenomenon of years when other kinds of employment were scarce. It has been taking place consistently over a considerable period. The present position in several of the provinces compares quite well with England or Australia, for instance, where 15 p.c. of teachers are university graduates, but it will require improvement everywhere to reach a level like the 40 p.c. in Scotland. During the 1930's, except in Quebec, between 25 p.c. and 30 p.c. of the graduating classes in Arts and Science have taken the training for a teaching diploma. This is substantially higher than in earlier years and indicates a growing strength in the alliance between university and school, visible also in the increased provision for pedagogical training of teachers within the universities.

## STATEMENT 1.—STATISTICAL DATA ON UNIVERSITY GRADUATES WHO ARE TEACHING SCHOOL

## NUMBER OF UNIVERSITY GRADUATES TEACHING SCHOOL

—	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunsw- wick	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Col- umbia
1938.....	23	†	253	4,062	787	782	712	†
1937.....	25	600	260	†	775	736	†	1,137
1936.....	20	571	222	3,836	†	736	†	1,035
1935.....	23	577	164	3,759	†	†	†	918
1934.....	16	505	134	3,507	†	†	†	904
1933.....	15	420	126	3,499	582	†	†	863
1932.....	9	329	99	3,220	556	†	†	825
1931.....	13	303	86	3,146	†	†	†	765
1930.....	10	270	78	3,165	502	†	†	707

## PERCENTAGE OF ALL TEACHERS WHO WERE GRADUATES

1937.....	3.7	16.0	8.9	18.0	17.4	8.9	12.0	28.2
1930.....	1.6	7.8	2.9	15.7	11.5	†	†	18.4

## MEDIUM SALARY OF TEACHERS IN 1937 TO NEAREST HUNDRED DOLLARS

All teachers.....	500	700	600	1,000	700	500	800	1,200
Graduates.....	900	1,100	1,400	2,000	1,300	1,200	1,600	1,600

## PERCENTAGE OF GRADUATES IN RURAL, TOWN AND CITY SCHOOLS, 1937\*

One-room rural....	24.0	10.0	13.5	1.0	4.6	6.5	5.3	2.0
Larger rural.....	28.0	19.6	16.1	4.5	20.0	4.9	9.3	11.9
Village and town..	24.0	39.0	25.4	45.0	16.7	46.6	30.8	15.5
City.....	24.0	31.4	45.0	49.5	58.7	42.0	54.6	70.6

## GRADUATE TEACHERS CLASSIFIED BY LENGTH OF TEACHING EXPERIENCE, 1938

Under 5 years.....	6	169	62	†	168	170	117	293
5-9 years.....	9	205	68	†	171	155	171	238
10-14 ".....	2	86	68	†	142	188	148	263
15-19 ".....	4	49	22	†	120	130	100	148
20 years and over..	2	69	33	†	186	139	176	195

† Record not available.

\*Part of the difference in these percentages is due to the variation as between provinces in what is called a city, town or village. District municipalities in British Columbia are counted as towns.

## Degrees in Education

The professional preparation of teachers is among the more recent additions to university activity in most parts of Canada. Table 13 of Section III shows no graduates from "Education" courses in the Western and Maritime universities before 1924, whereas all except purely Arts colleges now offer at least a one-year course to holders of Bachelor degrees, designed to prepare them for provincial teaching certificates, and most of them offer post-graduate degrees in Education.



"Education" within the universities bears certain of the distinguishing marks of the newcomer. There is little uniformity in its status within the various institutions; in the four western provincial universities, for instance, there is a Department of Education (British Columbia), a School of Education (Alberta), a College of Education (Saskatchewan), and a Faculty of Education (Manitoba), all doing essentially the same work. There is a similar lack of uniformity in the designations given to university degrees in Education, and here the differences become more confusing, for even where the name remains constant the level of attainment that it marks may vary considerably.

A summary of degrees in Education since 1930 is presented in Statement 2, without taking account of those in other fields, such as Psychology, that may deal with educational problems. From the summary it may be seen that five of the universities have confined awards to the Master of Arts—Mount Allison, New Brunswick, Bishop's, McGill and British Columbia—and that most of those from Alberta have been of this designation. There is little room for confusion in this group, for the general level of work required for the M.A. is comparatively well known.

When it comes to Bachelors' degrees in Education or Pedagogy, however, there is a wide diversity of practice. In Acadia University, if a student at the end of his year of preparation for a teaching certificate "can be recommended for a Superior First License the University will confer the degree of Bachelor in Education (B.Ed.)". In two years, 22 students have completed the teacher training course, of whom 21 have received the degree. There are no degrees in Education from the several other Maritime universities that train teachers.

At the Ontario College of Education the attendance required for the Bachelor's degree (B.Paed.) is two winter sessions or three summer sessions after the candidate holds a valid teaching certificate. The Manitoba calendar describes the course for the B.Ed. degree as one of two years, the first being the year of attendance for a teaching diploma, and the second supervised study during a winter session plus attendance at a summer session. Attendance requirements for the B.Ed. in Saskatchewan appear to be similar to those in Manitoba.

In Alberta the only degree in Education is the B.Educ. whereas in Saskatchewan and Manitoba there is also the M.Ed. The requirements for the B.Educ. in Alberta, however, seem to resemble those for the M.Ed. in the other provinces rather than the B.Ed. Alberta's B.Educ., in fact, represents something like a year's work more than an M.A., so there appears to be a difference of at least two university years (in which a substantial thesis is presented) in the time required to obtain it and the similar degree from Acadia. Regardless of whether one of these requirements or one of the more intermediate is most suitable for a baccalaureate in Education, a certain amount of confusion seems bound to arise, for the migration of teachers between provinces still occurs, even though not as extensively as a few years ago.

STATEMENT 2.—DEGREES IN EDUCATION OR PEDAGOGY CONFERRED BY  
CANADIAN UNIVERSITIES

## MASTER OF ARTS DEGREES, WITH THESIS IN EDUCATION

—	Mount Allison	New Brunswick	Bishop's	McGill	Manitoba	Alberta	British Columbia
1938.....	3	2	2	3	—	3	7
1937.....	—	3	2	1	—	4	5
1936.....	2	2	2	—	—	3	9
1935.....	—	2	1	2	4	3	3
1934.....	—	1	3	3	3	5	2
1933.....	3	2	—	1	1	6	1
1932.....	1	—	2	4	—	3	1
1931.....	—	—	—	1	—	5	1

## BACHELOR DEGREES IN EDUCATION OR PEDAGOGY

—	Acadia	Montreal	Toronto	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta
1938.....	13	24	27	12	22	1
1937.....	9	12	42	17	21	1
1936.....	12	16	52	8	12	—
1935.....	—	16	39	—	6	—
1934.....	—	15	53	—	3	3
1933.....	—	18	29	—	8	1
1932.....	—	13	55	—	4	—
1931.....	—	15	37	—	7	—
1930.....	—	2	41	—	32	2
Earlier.....	—	*	*	—	—	11

## DEGREES IN EDUCATION HIGHER THAN BACHELOR

—	Montreal L. Péd.	Toronto D. Paed	Manitoba M.Ed.	Saskat- chewan M.Ed.
1938.....	3	1	2	—
1937.....	3	3	3	1
1936.....	4	2	4	—
1935.....	—	3	—	2
1934.....	—	3	—	1
1933.....	—	5	—	1
1932.....	—	4	—	1
Earlier.....	—	49	—	—

\* Record not available.

A dash (—) in the above table signifies "nil" in all cases.

As Statement 2 shows, the higher Manitoba degree in Education was changed in 1936 from M.A. in Education to M.Ed., and nine of the latter have been awarded in the three years since. The first M.Ed. from Saskatchewan is recorded in 1932, and there has been a total of six. The L.Péd. from the University of Montreal dates from 1936. The D.Paed. from the University of Toronto has been awarded for forty years, about three degrees in two years on the average before 1930 and about three per year since. It is the only doctorate in Education awarded in Canada except for an occasional Ph.D. by the same university, not recorded in Statement 2.



## Requirements for Admission to Arts

Besides noting the increased provision made by the universities for staffing the schools, it is of interest to compare their methods of selecting the candidates in the first instance, i.e., at the matriculation level. A comparative statement, summarized from the various calendars, is given hereunder. It covers only the requirements for admission to Arts, but these apply to the great majority of students who come back to the schools as teachers. It does not include the Arts or Classical Colleges of Quebec, or those organized on the same plan in other provinces, by reason of there being no corresponding break between their equivalents of high school and Arts.

**Dalhousie University and University of King's College.**—Junior matriculation in (1) English, (2) Latin or Greek, (3) Mathematics, (4) French or German or a second classical language, (5 and 6) two subjects chosen from among History, Physics, Chemistry, Botany, Music, Trigonometry, another language. In exceptional cases students, who for special reasons are deficient in one subject of matriculation, may be admitted to the first year at the university, but the deficiency must be remedied before starting a second year.

**St. Francis Xavier University.**—Junior matriculation in (1) English, (2) Modern History, (3) Mathematics, (4) Latin, (5) a modern language, (6) one other subject. Grade XI certificates of the Common Examining Board are accepted for matriculation subjects provided the minimum mark in any subject is 50 p.c., and an average of 60 p.c. has been made on four subjects. Provisions regarding admission with conditions from matriculation not indicated in calendar.

**St. Mary's College.**—Junior matriculation in (1) English, (2) Mathematics, (3) Latin or Greek, (4) History, (5) Physics or Chemistry, (6) a modern language, (7) Christian Doctrine. The Grade XI certificate is accepted, in so far as the subjects correspond to those required, provided the grading in them is 50 p.c. Candidates who hold a lower percentage certificate are conditionally admitted to the first year but the deficiency must be made good within the year.

**Mount Saint Vincent College.**—Junior matriculation in (1) English, (2) Mathematics, (3) Latin or Greek, (4) a modern language, (5) Chemistry or Physics, (6) one elective. Students may follow the work of the first two years of Arts while conditioned in one or two subjects of matriculation provided these are not part of the program chosen for the two years. All conditions must be removed before starting the third year, except in the case of a student entering the College for the first time in the third year, in which case they must be removed by the end of the first semester.

**Acadia University.**—Junior matriculation in (1) English, (2) Mathematics, (3) Latin or Greek, (4) a second language, (5) History, (6) Physics, (7) Chemistry. Grade XI certificates from the Common Examining Board are accepted, insofar as they cover the required subjects, provided candidates have averaged 60 p.c. on four matriculation subjects, with no subject below 50 p.c. Provisions regarding admission with conditions from matriculation not recorded in calendar.

**Mount Allison University.**—Junior matriculation in (1) English, (2) History, (3) Latin or Greek, (4) French or German, (5) Mathematics, (6) Physics or Chemistry, (7) a second natural science or an additional language or Music. Grade XI certificates from the Common Examining Board of the Maritimes and Newfoundland are accepted insofar as they cover the required subjects, provided candidates have made an average of 60 p.c. in three matriculation subjects, and not less than 45 p.c. in any subject. Provisions regarding admission with conditions from matriculation not recorded in calendar.

**University of New Brunswick.**—Junior matriculation in (1) English, (2) Mathematics, (3) Classics, (4) History and Geography, (5) a foreign language, (6) Chemistry, (7) Physics. Admission is granted candidates who have failed in one subject; it must be passed before the end of the first year.

**Bishop's University.**—Junior matriculation in (1) English, (2) Mathematics, (3) Latin, and (4, 5 and 6) three other subjects chosen from among History, languages, natural sciences and Divinity.

**McGill University.**—Junior matriculation standing in (1) English, (2) History, (3) Latin or Greek, (4) a second classical or a foreign language, (5) Mathematics, (6) one of the natural sciences, Music, additional mathematics or an additional foreign language.

**McMaster University, Queen's University, and University of Western Ontario.**—Pass (junior) matriculation required in (1) Latin, (2) English, (3) History, (4) Mathematics, (5) and (6) any two of French, German, Greek, Italian or Spanish, Science. Music may be substituted for one-half of the History (Ancient History). Students without complete pass matriculation may be admitted if over the age of twenty-one, but are expected to remove their conditions within two years of entering the university.

**University of Toronto.**—Pass matriculation as for the other Ontario universities and five subjects of honour (senior) matriculation selected as follows: (1) English, (2) Latin or Mathematics, (3) and (4), two selected from among Languages, Natural Sciences and Mathematics, (5) one of History, Mathematics and Music. (The maximum possible for Mathematics, though listed in three groups, is one subject and a half.)

**University of Ottawa.**—Ontario students are required to have pass matriculation as in the other Ontario universities, with the additional stipulation that French is compulsory. Admission may be gained by provincial certificate or by passing the university's own examination.

**St. Patrick's College.**—Upper school or senior matriculation is taken in the high school department. Admission to the Arts course requires senior matriculation in (1) English, (2) French or German, (3) Latin, (4) Mathematics, (5) a natural science.

**University of Manitoba.**—Junior matriculation (Grade XI) in (1) English, (2) History, (3) Mathematics, (4) one of French, German, Latin, Greek or Icelandic, (5) and (6) languages or natural sciences, or a combination of them. Music, Home Economics, Industrial Arts or Commercial Work may be substituted for one-half of a science subject under (5) and (6). Regular Arts students are not allowed to carry any conditions from junior matriculation.

**University of Saskatchewan.**—Senior matriculation (Grade XII) standing in the following: (1) English, (2) History, (3) Latin or Geometry and Trigonometry, (4) one of French, German, Greek, Icelandic, Latin, and Norwegian, (5) and (6) two from natural sciences, Music and languages. Special consideration is given to the cases of students who satisfy the Committee on Admissions that they have not had proper opportunities for securing training in foreign languages. Latin is obligatory for all students proceeding to the B.A. in literary studies.

**University of Alberta.**—On basis of new high school program, ordinarily senior matriculation (Grade XII) in (1) English, (2) one of Latin, Greek, French or German, (3) Algebra, (4) Geometry, (5), (6) and (7), three of Physics, Chemistry, Biology and Social Studies. For students who will elect Arts subjects primarily in the field of languages or social sciences matriculation in a second language and Social Studies become obligatory, Mathematics or natural sciences become optional. No student is permitted to register with any matriculation condition.

**University of British Columbia.**—Junior matriculation (Grade XII within the provincial school system) in the following subjects: (1) English, (2) Social Studies (History), (3) Mathematics, (4) Latin or French, (5) Chemistry, Physics or Biology, (6) one other subject from Greek, German, Agriculture, Geography, Home Economics, Technical Subjects, Music, or another subject from (4) or (5). A student with a failure in a subject of the junior matriculation examination against him is not admitted to the University.

There are several points on which differences in practice hinge. With the exception of three universities, the requirement for admission to Arts is junior (or pass) matriculation, called Grade XI in most of the provinces (Middle School in Ontario, Grade XII in British Columbia), and the general or pass Arts course is one of four years (except at Bishop's University where it is three years). The first of these four years may be taken either in a high school (when it is usually called senior or honour matriculation) or in a university. The University of Toronto, the University of Saskatchewan, and the University of Alberta now no longer teach this first year; the requirement for admission has become senior matriculation and the general or pass Arts course has accordingly become one of three years.

In subjects of the junior matriculation examination the only unanimity is in making Mathematics (Algebra and Geometry), English and one other language compulsory. From Ontario eastward the "other language" must be Latin or Greek (which in practice almost always means Latin), but in the Western Provinces it may be a modern language. In McGill and the Maritime universities, however, a substantial proportion of B.Sc. degrees would be B.A. degrees if awarded in the same studies by Ontario universities, and matriculation for these does not generally require Latin. These varying language requirements are probably in some measure responsible for the fact that about 60 p.c. of high school students in Ontario study Latin, as compared with 30 p.c. to 40 p.c. in the Western Provinces and Nova Scotia. Discussion of the question at the Canadian Universities Conference of 1937 indicated that Ontario university



opinion is by no means unanimous in favour of retaining Latin as a compulsory matriculation subject, and the probability seems to be that practice will in time change in the direction it has taken east and west.

The main argument in favour of compulsory Latin seems to be considered the same as for Mathematics, i.e., that it is one of the best media for testing intellectual ability and fitness for undertaking higher studies. In the universities that have raised their entrance requirements to the level of senior matriculation the tendency is to treat Latin and Mathematics as alternatives in the additional year rather than demand both. This is so in the University of Toronto and the University of Saskatchewan, while under the proposed new regulations in the University of Alberta for admission to the B.A. course in language and social science it is apparently possible to avoid both, although two languages are required and one of these will usually be Latin.

A third point on which differences in practice hang is policy regarding admission of students to the universities with conditions from matriculation, i.e., with failures in one or more subjects. In the first place different universities may accept different percentages as a pass mark at an examination. There appear to be differences in this respect, for instance, between Mount Allison University, Acadia University and St. Mary's College, in granting credits for the Grade XI examination of the Nova Scotia Department of Education or Common Examining Board. In the second place there are differences regarding the practice of accepting students even when there is agreement that they have not met the standard required in a given subject. The Dalhousie University calendar, for instance, states that in exceptional cases students who have failed on one subject of matriculation may be admitted but that the subject must be passed before the student is allowed to enter the second year of university work. The calendar of another Halifax college, Mount Saint Vincent, states that admission with two conditions is allowed, and that the student may take two years to remove them. Some of the other Maritime universities do not indicate in their calendars the practice followed in this respect, but elsewhere the calendars generally show that regulations have become more exacting than they were a few years ago. Viewed from the standpoint of the schools this must be a beneficial change, for a student admitted to the university with conditions is likely to avoid further study of the same subjects in his university course if possible, and if on graduation he returns to the high school as a teacher the weakness in the teaching that caused his failures at matriculation is likely to be perpetuated.

### **Trends in the Cost of a University Education**

Another factor that goes to determine who shall have a university education is the cost. There have been significant changes in respect of cost since pre-depression years, the nature of which Statement 3 is designed to convey by showing the cost of tuition, board and lodging in representative Arts colleges for the current year and for ten years ago. With few exceptions there has been a substantial rise in tuition, usually accompanied by a corresponding drop in the price of board and room. The change must have done something toward equalizing opportunity as between students living in university cities and those

at a distance, but since the total cost of tuition and residence has been reduced little or none it has been a matter of making the university course more costly for city students rather than of making it cheaper for those from the countryside. With agricultural conditions as they have been in recent years only a smaller proportion of rural young people has been able to go to university even though the change in fees has been, relatively, in their favour.

A word of caution should be given as to the extent of comparability in the figures of Statement 3. They are not by any means completely comparable as between universities. Fees are quoted in the calendars on many different bases, e.g., the McGill "tuition" fee is an inclusive one including cost of registration, health service, libraries, laboratories, examinations and graduation, whereas in most other institutions some or all of these are not included in the fee quoted. For both tuition and residence fees, where there is a range of rates, the lowest is used in the table. The rate quoted for the classical colleges is usually for dormitory accommodation, elsewhere usually for double rooms. Rates used for board and lodging are in most cases those in the institution's own residence, elsewhere the university's opinion of minimum cost in private homes. For some of the classical colleges an obligatory fee for laundry and mending is included, but this has been kept out where possible.

STATEMENT 3.—COST OF BOARD, LODGING, AND TUITION FOR ONE YEAR OF ARTS COURSE IN CANADIAN UNIVERSITIES, 1939 AND 1929

University and College	1938-39		1928-29	
	Tuition	Board and Lodging	Tuition	Board and Lodging
	\$	\$	\$	\$
St. Dunstan's University, P.E.I. ....	50	200	50	200
Acadia University, N.S. ....	205	240	119	224
Dalhousie and King's, N.S. ....	125	265	112	260
St. Francis Xavier University, N.S. ....	105	256	85	256
Mt. Allison University, N.B. ....	150	250	132	240
Université St-Joseph, N.B. ....	75	135	50	160
Séminaire de Rimouski, Qué. ....	25	175	40	180
Séminaire des Trois Rivières, Qué. ....	65	175	65	175
Collège de St-Laurent, Qué. ....	80	150	50	180
Loyola College, Que. ....	110	420	120	460
McGill University, Que. ....	215	300	125	450
Queen's University, Ont. ....	125	195	70	225
University of Toronto, Ont. ....	125	255	75	300
Université d'Ottawa, Ont. ....	100	210	50	225
University of Manitoba. ....	110	194	65	†
University of Saskatchewan. ....	90	195	30	255
University of Alberta. ....	110	210	80	259
University of British Columbia. ....	150	175	100	245

†No residence for Arts students in 1929, to which the fee for 1939 applies.

NOTE.—The figures in the above statement are not comparable as between institutions, only between years. See text.

The total under the two headings in the table do not nearly cover all necessary expenses of a year. Books, equipment and personal expenses are additional in all cases, and various fees, for student activities, laboratory, etc., in nearly all. Altogether these miscellaneous items probably make the essential minimum expense in a year something like 50 p.c. higher than the cost of tuition and residence alone, but there would be considerable variation as between different

institutions. In response to a question on the point, most of the universities outside of the two largest cities and excepting the Roman Catholic colleges, say that the average cost to the student of a year in Arts is now approximately \$500. The estimate probably does not err on the side of liberality. The cost tends to be higher in the largest cities, but is substantially lower in most of the Roman Catholic colleges, especially those located outside of cities. Tuition as well as incidental expenses tend to be higher for most other courses than for Arts, especially those involving the use of considerable scientific equipment.

### Rural Versus Urban University Students

The relative opportunity for a university education, as between rural and urban young people, is a matter of more than theoretical importance. A good deal is heard, for instance, of the number of graduates from Canadian medical schools who have gone to the United States. Yet Chapter 3 shows that in 1931 there were only 798 persons per doctor in the United States as compared with 1,034 in Canada. Potential clientele is larger here and one would expect in consequence that it would be easier for the young doctor to establish himself in Canada. Essentially, however, the competition for his attention is not between Canada and the United States as much as between larger cities in the two countries, and there are many more of these to the south of the boundary. In Canadian cities of more than 30,000 population there is one doctor for 644 people; outside the cities, only one for 1,350. There are doubtless various reasons for this discrepancy and as many remedies needed for overcoming it, but the one bearing on the present discussion is the comparatively small proportion of medical students who have come from the towns, villages and farms. It is they, rather than those raised in the cities, who would be more likely to practise in the smaller centres where doctors are relatively scarce.

A similar disparity as between country and city holds for most of the professional services. Population per dentist in the larger cities is 1,500, elsewhere 3,539. The urban concentration of graduate teachers was indicated in Statement 1. There is not a complete record of university students according to the location of their homes, but the situation in the University of Manitoba illustrates the point. In 1936-37 only 18·6 p.c. of the enrolment came from parts of the Province outside of Greater Winnipeg, 11·6 p.c. from outside the Province.

A number of new scholarships established by the University and the Manitoba Government have helped to raise the 18·6 p.c. appreciably in two years. It is difficult to see how the inequality as between rural and urban residents can be substantially modified except by scholarships or some other form of aid to students who are obliged to live away from home in order to attend a university. With this situation in mind Chapter 2 has been prepared, showing the amount and distribution of the scholarships now available in the Dominion.

Some of the universities have a fund from which loans can be made to students who would be prevented by financial reasons from completing their course, but the sums available are in most cases so small as to make help possible only in the most exceptional cases.



## University Salaries

To supplement the information on school teachers' salaries in Statement 1, it is of interest to have an indication of salary levels in the universities. This is presented in Statement 4. Institutions conducted by religious communities are not included, on account of their different conditions of remuneration. Figures for the Western Provinces include the provincial universities but not their affiliated colleges; those for Central Canada include McGill, Toronto, Trinity, Victoria, McMaster, Queen's, Western Ontario and Royal Military College; Maritime figures include Mount Allison, New Brunswick, Acadia, Dalhousie, King's and Nova Scotia Technical College. The classification of positions follows literal usage, except in the case of "Deans", which includes some "Directors" of schools or other divisions smaller than the "faculties" or "colleges" over which deans preside. University presidents and other administrative officials are not included except in one or two cases where it has not been possible to separate them.

STATEMENT 4.—SALARY CLASSIFICATION OF FULL-TIME TEACHING STAFF IN  
CANADIAN UNIVERSITIES, 1938

Salary Range	Deans			Professors			Associate Professors		
	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces
\$									
5,000 or more.....	14	25	3	19	65	9	—	1	—
4,500 — 4,999.....	3	1	2	39	81	—	—	—	—
4,000 — 4,499.....	5	2	1	51	65	6	—	30	—
3,500 — 3,999.....	2	6	1	21	23	17	14	60	1
3,000 — 3,499.....	—	2	5	22	18	8	33	34	14
2,500 — 2,999.....	—	2	2	9	13	33	3	20	6
Under 2,500.....	—	6	1	—	18	6	—	11	2

Salary Range	Assistant Professors			Instructors and Lecturers		
	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces
\$						
4,000 or more.....	—	2	—	—	10	—
3,500 — 3,999.....	1	11	—	—	9	—
3,000 — 3,499.....	14	40	1	1	14	—
2,500 — 2,999.....	54	75	4	7	19	—
2,000 — 2,499.....	24	16	11	29	82	3
1,500 — 1,999.....	3	13	4	27	98	5
1,000 — 1,499.....	1	4	1	7	101	4
Under 1,000.....	—	18	—	3	391	15

## Use of Libraries

Table 11 of Section 2 presents certain information for the individual libraries of the institutions of higher education. As that part of it relating to seating capacity of the libraries has not been obtained before, it is summarized below in Statement 5. The summary is taken from the "Survey of Libraries in Canada 1936-38," a companion report to the present one, and includes normal schools as well as colleges and universities. From the regional standpoint there is no great difference in the proportion of institutions that appear to encourage work in the library except in the case of Quebec, and the summary accordingly shows information separately for only two areas. Nearly three-fourths of the Quebec institutions report no seats in the library, as compared with less than one-fourth

in other provinces. The proportion of residential institutions is higher in Quebec than elsewhere, but even allowing for the difference in this respect, the tendency to make the library a centre of work seems to be much less pronounced.

STATEMENT 5.—THE SEATING CAPACITY OF UNIVERSITY AND COLLEGE LIBRARIES

Full-Time Enrolment	All Insti- tutions	Number of Seats for Readers in Library							
		200 or over	100 to 199	80 to 99	60 to 79	40 to 59	20 to 39	1 to 19	None
Quebec.....	111	1	—	—	3	6	9	16	76
1,000 and over.....	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
500 — 999.....	4	—	—	—	1	—	1	1	1
400 — 499.....	12	—	—	—	2	—	1	1	8
300 — 399.....	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
200 — 299.....	14	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	10
100 — 199.....	29	—	—	—	—	3	3	5	18
Under 100.....	45	—	—	—	—	2	2	7	34
Unspecified.....	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Other Eight Provinces....	118	7	8	4	6	26	26	14	27
1,000 and over.....	9	6	2	—	—	—	1	—	—
500 — 999.....	4	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	1
400 — 499.....	3	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—
300 — 399.....	9	—	2	—	3	2	1	—	1
200 — 299.....	20	—	1	2	1	6	8	1	1
100 — 199.....	27	—	—	2	2	5	7	3	8
Under 100.....	43	—	—	—	—	11	8	9	15
Unspecified.....	3	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1

The "Survey of Libraries" contains a summary compilation of another kind intended to throw more light on the extent to which it is made convenient for students to use the libraries,—a record of the hours that they are kept open. In Ontario and the West there is some central tendency around 40-odd hours per week; in the Maritimes the most frequent time is 30-odd hours, though the mean is higher; in Quebec the time mentioned by most is less than ten hours, but the second largest group is reported as always open. In short, there is great diversity of practice. In the largest institutions—those with more than 1,000 students, and all including Arts faculties—library hours vary from 30 to 80 per week.

A comparatively small number of college libraries keep a record of circulation that would indicate the extent of book use by students at home or in the residence. But there is another sign of increased attention being paid to the efficiency of the libraries, in the growing proportion of their staffs trained in library science. Fully half of the present 323 full-time librarians have had training in library technique, and the proportions are likely to increase considerably with the recent establishment of courses in library science in two of the French-language universities, the University of Montreal in 1937, and the University of Ottawa in 1938.

## CHAPTER 2

### SCHOLARSHIPS IN CANADIAN UNIVERSITIES

The decade since 1929 has produced changes in the Canadian university scene that tend to persist, and that invite a stocktaking of the position reached. Particularly conspicuous are the changes that hinge on financial conditions, and among these none can be more important than those affecting the nature of the student body brought together. The universities can accommodate only a comparatively small proportion of young people, and insofar as their selection is based on anything other than student ability their purpose is to that extent defeated. There can be no doubt that the general lowering of family income since the 1920's, unaccompanied by a corresponding drop in the cost of a university education, has made it more difficult for the same proportion of talented young people to find their way to the university. The only direct means of offsetting this tendency is to increase the number of cases in which scholarship may command its own reward (subject perhaps to lack of other means). The present Chapter is concerned with an examination of the extent to which student ability in Canada has this cash value. Two sources of information have been used, the annual calendars of universities and colleges, and a questionnaire circulated to them by the Canadian Student Assembly in the session 1938-39.

No attempt is made to compare the present situation with that of an earlier year. In general it may be said that there has been some improvement through the establishment of new scholarships and other forms of student aid, but that lower rates of interest on invested funds have tended to reduce the annual value of older awards, which at best were seldom very remunerative.

#### Matriculation or Entrance Scholarships

Scholarships awarded at the matriculation level are potentially more significant than those given later, for they can ensure that the best qualified students, regardless of their means, reach the university. At their best, when tenable for several years, they can ensure that such students will be able to complete a university course. But their value in Canada is as a rule too small to make them a decisive factor, and their number insufficient to affect a very substantial proportion of students, as will appear below.

Statement 6 is arranged to show the distribution of a year's matriculation scholarships according to their maximum value in all sections of the Dominion except Quebec. A scholarship worth \$150 per year for four years, whether in cash or tuition credits, is entered as having a value of \$600. A few awards by colleges that do not advertise them, or from sources other than the universities themselves, may be omitted, but with the double check of questionnaire and current calendars, the record is believed to be reasonably complete.



STATEMENT 6.—MATRICULATION SCHOLARSHIPS AWARDED IN A YEAR,  
CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO MAXIMUM VALUE

Value	Maritime Provinces	Ontario	Western Provinces
Under \$100.....	25	24	114
\$100 — 199.....	46	59	49
200 — 299.....	18	83	—
300 — 399.....	—	8	20
400 — 499.....	9	5	3
500 — 599.....	—	26	—
600 — 699.....	2	75	—
700 and over.....	3	19	4
Total.....	103	299	190

For Quebec, where the equivalent of both high school and Arts work is taught in the continuous eight-year course of the classical colleges, it is not possible to present comparable information, because the great majority of matriculation scholarships in other provinces are held by students proceeding to the Bachelor's degree in Arts. Calendars of the classical colleges make little or no mention of awards other than annual prizes of small cash value. In practical consequences the closest approach to a scholarship or bursary system is the practice of the colleges, or more accurately of the religious communities conducting them, in admitting students at reduced fees in cases where their families are unable to pay the full rates. There is no available record of the number thus aided, but it is probably considerable. It should be noted, too, that the full rate for a year in the classical colleges is substantially lower than the normal cost of a year in the Arts colleges of other provinces. (See Statement 3.)

Except for the I.O.D.E. bursary in each province, it is practically only in Ontario (with exceptions at Dalhousie and McGill) that there are matriculation scholarships carrying value for four years of a university course. Elsewhere their value is generally exhausted in the first year. In the Western Provinces the majority are worth less than \$100 altogether, and in the Maritimes not much more. There is no record of how many winners are unable to accept awards by reason of not being able to afford the balance of a first year's expenses but there must be a considerable number.

The matter of holding no value beyond one or two years would probably not be serious in itself if there were plenty of undergraduate awards to be won, but Statement 7 shows that this is hardly the case. In the Western Provinces there are, for instance, only 353 scholarships to be held by students starting the second, third and later years of a course, as compared with 190 for those starting the first year, and the average value in the later years is considerably lower. In the Maritime Provinces the tendency to exhaust scholarship funds in making awards to new students is similarly in evidence; more than a third of all scholarships are paid to new entrants, and those for more advanced students likewise average less in value. Student loans offer the possibility of making up some of the later shortage where financial aid is necessary, but the information available on loan funds, while incomplete, indicates that they are insufficient to aid any

very considerable number of students at most of the universities. It is, of course, to be said in favour of a relatively large proportion of awards in the first year that they definitely mark the recipients as fit subjects for a university education, and may thereby induce their families to make the effort necessary to finance them. Actually it is hardly possible to assess the wisdom of this emphasis in a scholarship plan without studying a substantial number of case histories in a series of years, and these are not at hand.

In Ontario there is comparatively more money paid in scholarships than in other provinces but this does not of itself account for the fact that a winner at entrance is usually assured of an annual sum for two, three or four years, providing he maintains satisfactory standing. There is a difference of policy involved, for there are relatively fewer undergraduate scholarships awarded in Ontario than elsewhere. Of the 1,164 undergraduates shown in Statement 7 to be on tenure of scholarships, about 700 are holding awards won at entrance. At the University of Western Ontario most of the matriculation scholarships are tenable for two years; at Queen's University for three or four years; at the University of Toronto and federated institutions, four years; and the McMaster University plan has recently been put on the four-year basis.

Except within the Maritimes, few matriculation scholarships can normally be won outside the province in which they are offered. There are, however, two noteworthy instances of scholarships being intended for students from the Dominion as a whole. Queen's University began in 1933 by offering six. There are now nine, one for each province, each of a maximum value of \$675-\$921 according to the faculty in which they are held. McGill University, beginning in 1936, announced that at least four would be awarded annually in a Dominion-wide competition, each of a maximum value of \$300 a year but renewable annually throughout the course in Arts, Science or Engineering. Twelve were awarded in the first two years of the plan, their average annual value being \$250 each. "Runners-up" in the competition have been awarded bursaries, with an average yearly value of about \$120.

It is difficult to calculate exactly what proportion of new entrants are given scholarships but it is higher in the Maritimes than in either Ontario or the Western Provinces, perhaps in some measure because universities are relatively more numerous there, and more active steps taken to interest students at the entrance level. Nowhere, however, is the reported proportion as high as one in five. The average seems to be about one in seven or eight, a modest enough proportion of their students for the universities to have the fullest assurance about in the matter of scholarly ability. When the awards are made on the basis of need the number of students about whom they have assurance tends to be raised, but it is probably with regret, and only because the number of awards is so small, in the case of most university administrators, that need as well as scholarship is made a condition. Their personal associations are such as to remind them of the eugenics argument that there are many scholarly parents of modest yet sufficient means who might be inclined to raise more children if there were reasonable expectancy of them being able to earn in part at least the education that the parents would like them to have. It costs as much to raise two children with a university education as three without. Moreover, it is of the essential character

of a true university to give recognition to scholarship as something of value in itself. The conflict between desirability and necessity of circumstances is reflected by Dean C. W. Hendel in *The McGill News*, Spring Number, 1938.

"One of the features of the bursary awards is that they are not made public. This is done in the interest of the students who are being assisted, because it is a disadvantage to them to be marked out in the student body as persons receiving aid. But in consequence of this practice the interests of scholarship as such may suffer. It is worth a good deal to the cause of learning to be able to announce publicly the winning of scholarship awards which are made because of sheer merit. While it is true that those who are granted bursaries must also obtain a good record in order to be considered, this tends to give scholarly attainment a value chiefly among those who are in need of funds. A more general regard for that kind of achievement is very much to be desired. The receiving of a scholarship award should be as highly prized by the student body at large as is the award of special distinction or honours upon graduation. To that end the University Scholarships should be made to count more in the student mind, and doubtless there should be more of them.

"It will take some time, however, to change the trend of opinion about scholarships, because they are generally thought of as simply grants in aid. The prevailing view about all scholarships is that they are meant only for those who are actually in need and that such persons alone ought to compete for them. The effect of this view is to eliminate from the competition the other able students who may be in better circumstances. When one diminishes the competition one reduces the chances of selecting the students of highest quality of scholarship. The present attitude really makes the scholarships *restricted* ones despite the intentions of the University and of those donors who intend to have merit recognized above all else. It might even happen that scholarships would come to be regarded from a purely utilitarian point of view so that they would not be prized for their intrinsic significance. A sound policy must aim, however, to exalt scholarship as something good in itself. Measures must be taken to bring every capable student into the scholarship competitions whether there is financial need or not."

There are other bases on which the adequacy of the present number of awards may be judged besides considering the proportion of new students holding them. One is the proportion of matriculants who receive them: approximately one student per 100 in the matriculation class of each year wins a scholarship. Another basis is the proportion in the population as a whole: only one young person in more than 300 at matriculating age receives a scholarship. On any basis the present number can hardly be considered as anything but scarce in the eight provinces. Yet the educational psychologist is likely to ask whether, even if it means reducing the number, it would not be wiser to increase the value, in order that the awards might be a decisive factor in bringing to the universities the one child per 1,000 whom English psychologists term the "individual of exceptional intelligence", and American commonly designate as "genius". A recent statistical investigation\* in England finds that only one-third of such children belong to families where there is reasonable assurance of them proceeding to a higher education without financial assistance. There may be more than one-third so situated in Canada, but the proportion without financial assurance must be substantial, whereas there are extremely few open, and reasonably valuable, matriculation scholarships, like those recently inaugurated by Queen's and McGill, that can be relied upon to bring them to a university.

Methods of awarding scholarships can only be mentioned here for their connection with the problem of locating the "genius". If the purpose of the awards is to bring to the universities those of the highest native ability, rather than those who have had a certain type of secondary education, the problem is a difficult one, and traditional methods probably require a measure of revision. The difficulty is illustrated by another Chapter in the English volume to which reference has been made (*Opportunity and the Older Universities*, by David V.

\* *Ability and Opportunity in English Education*, a chapter by J. L. Gray and Pearl Moshinsky in the volume "Political Arithmetic", edited by Lancelot Hogben and published by George Allen and Unwin, 1938.



Glass and J. L. Gray). It shows that 32 p.c. of entrance scholarships at Oxford and Cambridge are awarded in Classics, and that 90 p.c. of these go to pupils of the Public (boarding) Schools, whereas pupils of the same schools win decidedly lower proportions of the awards in Modern Subjects and Natural Science. The individual schools, as distinct from the pupils, may be a dominant factor in winning, especially when selection is based on tests in a specialized branch of studies. It cannot, of course, be harmful in itself to have the universities recognize good work on the part of the schools, but they can hardly wish the schools to interfere with their primary purpose of locating the best native ability. Realization of this purpose seems more likely to lie in the direction of generalized than of specialized tests.

### Undergraduate Scholarships

Apart from matriculation scholarships, an attempt has been made to compile a record of awards available after admission to the universities. Prizes as distinct from scholarships (usually of smaller value and not implying continued attendance) have not been counted, but awards in the nature of bursaries (implying need as well as student ability) have been. The results have been combined with the record of matriculation scholarships and presented in Statement 7 to show the complete picture of a year's undergraduate student aid, as far as has been possible. The enrolment in institutions announcing or reporting no scholarships is shown separately, and theological students are treated as a second separate group by reason of them holding a special position in the matter of assistance. The remainder, for whom the scholarship situation is reported, represent about two-thirds of the total undergraduate student body in the country, and a considerably higher proportion than two-thirds outside Quebec.

STATEMENT 7.—RECORD OF THE SCHOLARSHIPS HELD IN A YEAR BY UNDERGRADUATES (INCLUDING MATRICULATION SCHOLARSHIPS) IN CANADIAN UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES

—	Maritimes	Quebec	Ontario	Western	Canada
Full-time undergraduates, 1937-38.....	3,157	10,325	11,673	8,602	33,757
Number in institutions announcing few or no scholarships.....	502	6,354	2,332	314	9,502
Number in theological institutions.....	132	1,050	857	212	2,251
Number in institutions for which scholarships are recorded below.....	2,523	2,921	8,484	8,076	22,004
Number of undergraduates on tenure of scholarships, including matriculation scholarships.....	292	369	1,164	543	2,368
Percentage of full-time undergraduates holding scholarships in the institutions reported.....	11.6	12.6	13.7	6.7	10.8
Aggregate value of all scholarships in a year.....\$	33,122	48,202	141,354	48,087	270,765
Average value of a scholarship in a year.....\$	113	131	121	89	114

Considering the English-language students of the country as a whole, a much smaller proportion can hold scholarships in the Western Provinces than elsewhere, and the average value of their awards is decidedly lower,—\$89 as compared with \$121. The comparative youth of the western universities is presumably the chief explanation; it takes time to acquire endowments in support of scholarships such as the older universities possess, and unfortunately for the

late-starters, various features of the last decade or more have combined to dull the prospect of reaching a satisfactory position by means of endowment. The University of Manitoba has recently found valuable substitutes in year-to-year gifts, from private sources and the provincial Government, which tend to make its present scholarship position better than that of the other western universities, though still not as good as the eastern. This may well prove to be the only way in which the newer universities will ever be able to reach a satisfactory position; several of the older, it is to be noted, have been devoting increased amounts of current or general revenue to scholarship and bursary purposes.

The year's total sum available to undergraduates, shown in Statement 7 as \$270,765, may seem substantial in itself, but it is worthwhile to consider that it is equivalent only to something like 3 p.c. of the amount required to operate the teaching end (taking no account of residences) of the universities included. Putting it another way, 3 p.c. is spent in this special way on behalf of those students whom the universities are particularly anxious to serve. Much of it represents fees not collected, rather than payments in cash. The value of the scholarships is something less than 10 p.c. of all tuition fees collected.

While considering the total in perspective it is of interest to compare it with the amount of student assistance available in the universities of Great Britain. The following quotation is from the Report of the University Grants Committee for the quinquennial period ending in 1935:

"In our last Report, published in 1930, we gave some figures showing the extent to which full-time students at the University Institutions of the country were in receipt of assistance from outside sources (*i.e.*, other than personal and private sources) enabling them to enjoy the advantages of a University education. We have again attempted to make a survey of the position in this respect. In the Table we then published it was shown that no less than 45.2 per cent of the total number of full-time students were drawing financial assistance from one source or another. Subsequently three of the institutions made some correction of the figures they had supplied, the modified percentage becoming 44.1. The comparable percentage on the basis of the latest figures available is 41.7. This, however, does not indicate an actual fall. The total number of students, it will be remembered, is now larger, and the number in receipt of assistance has risen from 19,544, in 1928-29, to 20,518 in 1934-35. . . . We are unable to state accurately the annual sum which is devoted to the purpose, since we are without complete statistics of the monies expended by private corporations and the trustees of private funds, as well as of the scholarship facilities afforded by the public schools as distinct from certain grant-aided secondary schools. Taking, however, the sums expended by the Government Departments—mainly the Board of Education, who give grants for Teachers in Training, State Scholarships, etc.—the aid forthcoming from local education authorities, the endowment funds of certain grant-aided secondary schools, of the Colleges of Oxford and Cambridge, of the Carnegie Trust for the Universities of Scotland, and of the endowment and other resources of the University Institutions themselves, we find that at least £1,350,000 is devoted annually to assistance of students at University Institutions. This figure would certainly be very substantially increased if the expenditure from the various private funds mentioned above were added to it. . . . (It represents in the main the assistance afforded to undergraduates, but it includes a certain number of awards to graduates.)"

Making due allowance for differences in the population involved, the 2,368 assisted students in Canada may be compared with the 20,518 in Britain. The average amount per student assisted is almost three times as great as in Canada, making the contrast in values still more striking,—\$6,500,000 in Britain as compared with the \$270,000 shown in Statement 7.

In the United States the average value of scholarships is more like the Canadian average, but they are relatively a good deal more numerous than here. Bulletin No. 10, of the Office of Education in 1936, "Scholarships and Fellowships Available at Institutions of Higher Education", shows that in 1935 there were

66,708 scholarships worth \$8,863,082, and 5,797 fellowships worth \$2,577,478, the former group being largely for undergraduate study, the latter for post-graduate. Returns from some institutions were not received for inclusion in these totals, and there are very significant sources of assistance apart from the universities and colleges themselves, so the record does not by any means give a complete picture of student aid.

Foremost among the external sources of assistance in the United States since 1935 has been the student aid program of the National Youth Administration.\* It has included aid to high school as well as college students, the amount of the former in the year ending June, 1938, having been \$8,549,018, and the latter \$10,542,021 (including aid to post-graduate as well as undergraduate students). Aided students are required to give some return in work for the assistance they receive. The maximum amount payable to a student receiving aid as an undergraduate is \$20 in any month, \$40 in the case of a graduate. The average must not exceed \$15 per student aided, for a period of nine months. The number of undergraduates receiving aid was as high as 142,000 in 1937, graduates 6,700 (1936).

### Post-Graduate Scholarships

Like awards at matriculation, post-graduate scholarships are probably of more critical significance than those made during undergraduate careers. At matriculation a scholarship may determine whether or not a student shall have a university education; at graduation it often decides whether he shall pursue advanced studies and engage in research. In considering Statement 8, wherein the post-graduate awards made in Canada are recorded as 205 in number, it ought to be remembered that approximately 6,000 students graduate from Canadian universities in a year; it follows that about one in thirty can win. Among the thirty possible candidates about half a dozen have been holding scholarships during their undergraduate years.

Statement 8 groups the available scholarships according to the area in which the award is made, except in the case of those that are not granted by universities and not on a regional basis. This excepted group, shown separately, includes awards of the National Research Council, Royal Society of Canada (Carnegie), 1851 Exhibition, Institute of Education (Carnegie), and Federation of University Women. Not all of those classified by regions are restricted to students of the region, e.g., certain awards at the University of Toronto are intended rather to go to other provinces. The regional groups do, however, include the I.O.D.E. and Rhodes scholarships. Strictly speaking, the latter are not post-graduate scholarships, for they may be won any time after the second year, but most winners are, in practice, near graduation, and they are enabled to continue studies for three years.

The scholarships counted in the statement are only those that are available regularly, and open only to Canadian students. There are certain other awards, especially from sources in the United States and Great Britain, open to Canadian students, and it would be the exceptional year when several such were not made to Canadians. Among the better known American sources are the

\* The figures used in this paragraph are from two sources: (1) *Federal Funds for Education*, Leaflet No. 54 of the Office of Education, 1939, and (2) *The National Youth Administration Staff Study* No. 13 of the Advisory Committee on Education, 1938.



Social Science Research Council, National Research Council and American Library Association, in addition to some of the universities. Although there is little or nothing offered in Canada to students of other countries, to counteract or offset the one-way influence of such awards from outside, they are not recorded in the statement. It would be difficult or impossible to make the record complete, and in any case there is a special purpose to be served by having the tabulation include only what we might call Canadian post-graduate scholarships.

STATEMENT 8.—VALUE AND LOCATION OF POST-GRADUATE SCHOLARSHIPS  
AWARDED IN CANADA IN THE YEAR 1937-38

Area where awarded (see text)	Number of awards according to value				Total
	\$200- 499	\$500- 999	\$1,000- 1,499	\$1,500 and over	
Maritime Provinces.....	2	2	3	3	10
Quebec.....	13	22	24	3	62
Ontario.....	22	27	4	3	56
Western Provinces.....	5	8	5	4	22
Dominion-at-large.....	-	41	6	8	55
Total, Canada.....	42	100	42	21	205

Awards of smaller value than \$200, more in the nature of prizes than scholarships, since they can hardly be a decisive factor in making post-graduate study possible, are not included in the statement. There are not many such. Most of those with a value of \$1,000 or more are intended for study abroad. The Rhodes scholarships account for half in the group of highest value, and the Quebec Government scholarships at \$1,200 each constitute about half in the second highest group. Many of the less valuable are also "travelling scholarships."

By reason of the Quebec Government awards and a substantial number at McGill University, the position of Quebec seems to be relatively better than that of other regions, and this is without counting provisions that amount to scholarships, made by religious orders for sending their members abroad to study. Most of the 20 or more students at the Canadian College in Rome, for instance, are probably from Quebec, and others study in France and Belgium by arrangement of their orders.

STATEMENT 9.—POST GRADUATE SCHOLARSHIPS CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO  
THE FIELD OF STUDY IN WHICH THEY ARE TENABLE

Area where awarded (see text)	Field of Study				Total
	Natural Sciences	Social Sciences	Humanities	Open	
Maritime Provinces.....	1	2	-	7	10
Quebec.....	23	5	2	32	62
Ontario.....	16	5	4	31	56
Western Provinces.....	6	-	4	12	22
Dominion-at-large.....	50	2	2	1	55
Canada, Total.....	96	14	12	83	205

Statement 9 undertakes to classify the scholarships according to the type of studies for which they are given, in so far as possible. A considerable number, of course, are open to students in any field, but they are less numerous than those

ear-marked for the natural sciences. The most outstanding feature of the classification is the comparatively large proportion (almost half of the total) that are definitely designated for the natural sciences, and the relatively insignificant numbers assigned to the social sciences and humanities. Some forty awards by the National Research Council are the largest single contributing item, but even without these the balance is heavily in favour of the natural science group. The Royal Society Fellowships, like membership in the Society itself, have been largely for representatives of the "exact sciences". Considering the situation as a whole, one is apt to wonder whether the awards are as much a recognition of scholarship in itself as they are a means to helping students along in certain "practical" careers that are expected to yield a "dollar and cents" return.

This emphasis in the scholarship program is probably to be expected in a country where so much attention can still be devoted to "undeveloped resources." But experience of the years since 1929 has been such as to make us wonder whether, even from the purely "practical" point of view, there ought not to be more encouragement given to study of the social and economic mechanism that enables the resources to be used. The services of professors of Economics, Political Science, and related studies have been required by governmental investigations of endless variety, where they otherwise would have been devoted to independent research and the training of younger men. The comparatively few mature scholars are in greater demand than ever before, with few signs of the demand subsiding, yet scholarships and fellowships are still largely lacking to train assistants and to aid independent investigators with problems of their own.

The last decade has produced other phenomena that suggest a livelier concern with human resources,—with the development of human qualities and values that do not find their full expression in the exploiting of nature's wealth. The growth of amateur drama is a single instance that illustrates the trend. Where the root of the "adult education" movement is not in social problems it is generally in cultural interests. Such are the gathering signs of dissatisfaction with the "one-sidedness" of development that characterizes a "young country", and that may be expected to allow the universities in time to give more encouragement to scholarship in the humanities.

Supported mainly as they are, out of public funds, most of the larger Canadian universities can hardly be expected to develop services out of line with public demand, and the financial resources of the others do not allow them to ignore it. The whole scholarship problem in fact would seem to be very largely one of public support, unless a good deal more is done by private donors than has been the case in the past. The universities do not possess the independent means with which to alter the situation substantially themselves. All Canadian institutions of higher learning together have a smaller endowment than is possessed by any one of several universities in the United States, and the private wealth of Canada has created no great foundations that can be drawn upon. Several Governments have accepted a measure of responsibility for scholarships at the matriculation and undergraduate levels, Quebec and the Dominion for post-graduate awards, and it seems reasonable to expect that the public will in time appreciate the need for further progress in the same direction.

## CHAPTER 3

## SUPPLY AND DEMAND IN THE PROFESSIONS IN CANADA

(Reprint of Education Bulletin No. 2, 1937, with preface and charts omitted.)

Since 1920 the Dominion Bureau of Statistics has collected from Canadian universities and colleges certain annual figures, including the number of their graduates. The records of seventeen years are brought together in this bulletin and, in the case of professions where it is possible to do so, the decennial census is consulted to find whether the rate of graduation has maintained or altered the proportion of professionals in the total population.

In some countries there has been a tendency in recent years to overcrowding of the professions, a tendency so serious as to have brought about a special inquiry by the International Institute for Intellectual Co-operation of the League of Nations concerning unemployment of intellectual workers. In Canada there has been an increase of about 50 per cent in the annual number of university graduates since 1923 or 1924, when the abnormalities of enrolment due to the war mainly disappeared, but this increase has been almost entirely in Arts and Science or related Faculties, and not in such professional lines of study as medicine, dentistry, pharmacy, law and theology. The tendency of post-war years, and even longer has been toward a reduction in the proportion of doctors, lawyers and clergymen in the Canadian population. The potential clientele of the average doctor or lawyer was noticeably larger in 1931 than in earlier censuses, and parishioners per clergyman were one-third more numerous in 1931 than in 1901.

There are, however, very wide differences between provinces, and between rural and urban parts of the same province, in the proportions that professionals constitute in the total population. These differences and trends in the relative popularity of different branches of university study will appear as we summarize the record of graduates for each separately. The details are given for reference in the two long tables (pages 44 and 85) showing graduates for each year since 1920. The tables cover only university courses in the narrow sense of the term (with the exception of the diploma course in agriculture)—i.e., only courses for which matriculation is prerequisite. Detailed tabular matter from the census has been published in earlier bulletins, and the appropriate data are summarized from them for use in this discussion but not reprinted at length.

Page 46 includes a section in which an attempt has been made to exclude duplicates (where one person has received more than one degree) and to show the approximate net number of new university graduates each year. It has been something like 4,000 men and 1,500 women in the last few years—about 4 p.c. of the male population at graduating ages, and about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  p.c. of the female<sup>22</sup>, or approximately 3 p.c. of the population as a whole.

The annual number of women graduates has, roughly speaking, doubled in the last fifteen years; the increase in men has been less, proportionately, but this is at least partly due to their numbers fifteen years ago being swelled by returned soldiers whose university training would normally have been taken during the war years.



### Arts, Pure Science and Commerce

There has been a continuous and rapid increase in the number of graduates, the rate being almost the same for men as for women, about 100 per cent since the post-war rush of the early 1920's, when figures were higher than they had ever been. There have been roughly two men graduates in this group for one woman throughout, the men tending to take B.Sc. or B.Comm. degrees (which have increased in number a good deal more rapidly than B.A. degrees) and the women pursuing the B.A. degree with relatively few exceptions.

There are wide differences between provinces in the proportions of men and women. Only in the Maritimes is the Dominion average of two to one approximated; in Quebec it is six to one; in Ontario and the Western Provinces, especially the latter, men are not much more numerous than women.

This group accounts for more than half of all university graduates in Canada, and has numbered around 3,600 in each of the last three years. Most of the post-graduate work is done by these students. Nearly 400 Master's degrees are now awarded annually by Canadian universities, about 100 licentiates (the corresponding degree from the French-language universities) and somewhat fewer than 100 doctorates.

It is, of course, impossible to trace this large and miscellaneous group of graduates in the population. They follow dozens of occupations each of which in itself may be considered a profession—e.g., actuary, economist, statistician, astronomer, chemist, physicist, biologist, etc.—but in the present bulletin only the more common and well-defined professions can be considered.

### Applied Science (Engineering, Architecture, Forestry)

Graduates in Forestry and Architecture are shown in the tables separately from engineers, but the latter can not be subdivided into civil, electrical, mining, chemical, mechanical, etc.

Enrolment in Applied Science was heavy in the years immediately following the close of the war, and the number of graduates reached a high point in 1923 which was not equalled again until 1935. In the later 1920's it was not much more than half as great. There have lately been about 600 or 700 per year, and several of the universities report this year that the demand for Engineering graduates is more satisfactory than the demand in other faculties.

The Census of 1931 numbered among professionals in Canada the following, most of whom were probably graduates in Applied Science:

Architects.....	1,298
Chemists, Assayers, Metallurgists.....	3,318
Civil Engineers and Surveyors.....	7,524
Designers and Draughtsmen.....	4,701
Electrical Engineers.....	3,937
Mechanical Engineers.....	2,859
Mining Engineers.....	1,498
Total.....	25,135

It is of interest to compare the record of unemployment and earnings among them in the year preceding the census with the record for other professionals, and for salary or wage-earners as a whole.

	Number on Salary or Wage	Average Yearly Earnings	Per cent Losing Time	Average Number of Weeks Lost Per Person Losing Time
		\$		
Architects.....	606	2,590	16	21
Chemists, Assayers and Metallurgists.....	3,155	1,917	14	20
Civil Engineers and Surveyors.....	6,553	2,491	20	23
Designers and Draughtsmen.....	4,609	1,544	23	20
Electrical Engineers.....	3,742	<del>3,443</del> 4,684	14	21
Mechanical Engineers.....	2,685	<del>2,315</del> 2,778	25	23
Mining Engineers.....	1,226	<del>2,778</del> 2,443	21	27
All male professionals.....	85,508	1,978	12	24
All male workers.....	2,022,260	927	44	24

The percentage losing time was relatively high among engineers and related groups as compared with other professionals, for the numbers in such relatively stable groups as teachers, clergymen and accountants kept the average low. All professionals fared well in comparison with non-professional workers. In spite of the greater amount of time lost, the average earnings of the engineering and applied science groups were well above the average for all professionals, which in turn was more than double the amount for non-professionals.

The proportions in these groups who are not native-born Canadians are exceptionally high, especially the numbers from the British Isles, and many of them have doubtless received their training outside of Canada.

	Place of Birth			
	Canada	British Isles	United States	Europe
Architects.....	709	446	54	64
Chemists, Assayers and Metallurgists.....	2,088	738	229	205
Civil Engineers and Surveyors.....	4,919	1,709	459	280
Designers and Draughtsmen.....	2,431	1,789	166	253
Electrical Engineers.....	2,209	1,179	307	147
Mechanical Engineers.....	1,466	961	243	133
Mining Engineers.....	809	345	219	67
All male professionals.....	82,217	24,820	5,747	5,944
All male workers.....	2,130,008	530,531	139,197	389,763

Architects, designers, draughtsmen and mechanical engineers have come from Great Britain in particularly heavy proportions.

The age of those engaged in the professions we are studying is a factor that is of interest in considering the rate of supply necessary to replace them.

	Number at Age, 1931					
	Under 25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 and over
Architects.....	51	263	354	365	186	79
Chemists, Assayers, Metallurgists.....	555	1,415	734	421	159	42
Civil Engineers and Surveyors.....	612	1,671	2,376	1,990	648	234
Designers and Draughtsmen.....	1,435	1,551	956	530	177	53
Electrical Engineers.....	314	1,476	1,075	791	241	40
Mechanical Engineers.....	135	798	899	688	281	50
Mining Engineers.....	107	446	412	353	133	46

The increase in numbers of engineers has been a good deal faster than the rate of increase in general population since the beginning of the century, a natural consequence of the trend from a farming to an industrial economy.

	1901	1911	1921	1931
Total Population (000's).....	5,371	7,207	8,788	10,377
Architects.....	594	1,332	1,169	1,298
Chemists, Assayers, Metallurgists.....	x	x	1,448	3,318
Civil Engineers and Surveyors.....	1,549	3,765	6,598	7,524
Designers and Draughtsmen.....	453	832	3,832	4,701
Electrical Engineers.....	187	647	2,214	3,937
Mechanical Engineers.....	455	732	3,293	2,859
Mining Engineers.....	382	508	709	1,498

x Not recorded separately.

### Agriculture

The enrolment in the degree course in Agriculture was at a high point near 200 in 1922 and 1923 that has been reached again only in the years since 1933. The diploma course in Agriculture has never regained its level of 171 reached in 1922, and has lately stood at a few more than 100. Graduates in Agriculture are difficult to trace in the population; the census classified only 899 as agricultural professionals. These would be mainly Bachelors of Agriculture. A high proportion of them were in provincial and Dominion Government Departments. There are also numerous graduates connected with the farm press and marketing agencies, while others specialize in certain branches of science which may lead them out of fields that are strictly agricultural.

Graduates from the diploma course, it is to be expected, are mainly farmers' sons who have returned to farming on completion of the course. The exceptional force with which the general depression and crop failures in the Prairie Provinces have struck the farming community probably accounts for the decreased attendance of recent years.

There is an agricultural college in each province (three in Quebec), except Prince Edward Island and New Brunswick.

### Household Science

Household Science degrees have increased continuously, numbering well over 100 in every year since 1930. In this they are consistent with the tendency in other university courses followed mainly or entirely by women.



It is not possible to trace the graduates in the census. Dietitians are included among "health workers", those who are teaching or employed by government departments can not be distinguished from others in the same kind of employment.

It has not been possible to complete a table showing the numbers taking the diploma course in Household Science, like the table for the corresponding course in Agriculture.

### School Teaching

One of the greatest growths in university work since 1920 has been in the field of teacher-training. It is not new teaching so much as a transfer of work from normal school to university. A Faculty of Education has been established in each of the Western provincial universities since 1920, while in Quebec and the Maritimes the university work in education has been extended, with the result that a year of professional training in a university is now the rule for high school teachers throughout Canada. About 600 to 800 per year take the course, and a good deal of further work is done in the Faculties or Colleges of Education, as is indicated by 100 bachelor's degrees in Pedagogy or Education last year.

The trend to teacher-training in the universities has been even more pronounced than it appears from a bare record of persons receiving certificates for the university courses, because while this has increased there has been a decline in the total number of new certificates issued. The summary hereunder is arranged to show the change in this respect. Certificates for university courses have, in fact, become so numerous that in most of the provinces a considerable number of the holders have been unable to find teaching positions in the high schools and have taken places in the elementary schools.

	New Teachers Trained in Normal Schools	New Teachers Trained in Univer- sity	Total new Teachers Trained
1924.....	7,766	346	8,112
1925.....	8,104	344	8,448
1926.....	7,506	373	7,879
1927.....	6,867	450	7,317
1928.....	7,742	438	8,180
1929.....	5,738	501	6,239
1930.....	6,141	523	6,664
1931.....	6,920	581	7,501
1932.....	6,405	744	7,149
1933.....	6,613	807	7,420
1934.....	5,475	810	6,285
1935.....	5,315	649	5,964

In spite of the decrease in number of teachers trained there has been a surplus of certificated teachers accumulating for several years, and it seems doubtful whether the reduced numbers are yet low enough to cease contributing to the surplus. In three provinces where the reduction in numbers training has been greatest there were 1,492 teachers certificated in June, 1935, and only 1,313 new teachers placed in the ensuing school year.

The situation has probably been created in the main by the scarcity of other openings for employment in the depression years. Fewer girls have left teaching for other positions, or to be married, and former teachers have come back to the profession after spending some time at other work. This is reflected in the male and female proportions of teachers; in the last four years men teachers have increased by about 3,500 while the number of women teachers has been reduced by 800.

There is another factor on the side of demand. The child population of the country has for some years ceased to increase. There are fewer children under the age of ten than in the next older ten year group, 10-19. It is only a lengthened schooling, and a tendency in some places to smaller classes, that has caused the number of teachers to continue to increase. In the visible future there are likely to be few new teaching positions in comparison with the 1920's, and few more than enough newly-trained teachers for replacement of those resigning from the profession are likely to be required.

Teachers' salaries have suffered severe reductions in most of the provinces since 1930, especially in rural schools where most teaching careers begin, as the following figures indicate. Losses for urban teachers have been much less.

	Average Annual Salary in Dollars	
	1930	1936 or latest year Recorded
<b>Rural Teachers—</b>		
Prince Edward Island.....	527	481
Nova Scotia.....	543	536
New Brunswick.....	640*	509
Quebec Catholic (Lay female in elementary schools).....	299	212
Quebec Protestant (Female in elementary schools).....	523	405
Ontario, Public.....	1,036	744
Ontario, Roman Catholic Separate.....	889	741
Manitoba.....	951*	601
Saskatchewan.....	1,076	465
Alberta.....	1,059	723
British Columbia.....	1,151	949
<b>Urban Teachers—</b>		
Prince Edward Island.....	771	767
Nova Scotia.....	1,080	1,077
New Brunswick.....	1,224*	1,185
Quebec Catholic (Lay female, elementary).....	590	593
Quebec Catholic (Lay female, superior).....	870	822
Quebec Protestant (Female, elementary).....	1,277	1,274
Ontario, Public.....	1,499	1,508
Ontario, Roman Catholic Separate.....	762	739
Manitoba.....	1,567*	1,297
Saskatchewan.....	1,316	914
Alberta.....	1,507	1,369
British Columbia.....	1,788	1,600

\* 1931. Figures for 1930 not available.

The foregoing averages are not all comparable as between provinces, for the terms "rural" and "urban" have not exactly the same significance in all cases. For Ontario and Quebec only certain groups of teachers are included. The averages are given only to indicate the trend in each province.

More detailed data on salaries and certificates, length of time in the profession, and length of tenure in present position are presented in Education

Bulletin No. 1, 1937, "Salaries and Qualifications of Canadian Teachers", but in the absence of comparable detail for Nova Scotia, Quebec and Alberta, data for these provinces were not included in the bulletin.

### Librarianship

The training of librarians has become the object of a full time university course at McGill University and the University of Toronto since 1928. Yearly graduates at the two universities now number 50 or 60; nearly all are women, an unexpected situation when the most remunerative positions in the field of library service are usually held by men. Male librarians in 1931 received an average (annual) salary of \$2,046, females \$1,115.\*

The establishment of Library Schools in the universities followed upon a general adoption of the plan in the United States, in England (University of London) in 1919, and in other countries, where standards of library service were to be emulated. The only full-time courses yet to be offered in the Western and Maritime Provinces have been short summer courses at Vancouver and Charlottetown, by the McGill Library School. Some students from these provinces attend the full session at Montreal and Toronto, and there are optional courses in Library Science for Arts students at Acadia University.

The following data indicate the number of public libraries in each province with salaried staff, the number with staff trained at a school of librarianship, the total number of librarians employed and the number of them with library-school training.

Province	1935			
	Number of Libraries with Salaried Staff	Number of Libraries with any Trained Staff	Number of Librarians and Assistants	Number of Librarians with Library School Training
Prince Edward Island.....	1	1	23	5
Nova Scotia.....	10	1	17	1
New Brunswick.....	8	2	16	4
Quebec.....	17	9	81	29
Ontario.....	186	44	593	274
Manitoba.....	4	2	42	4
Saskatchewan.....	24	3	59	9
Alberta.....	15	4	55	7
British Columbia.....	7	6	78	41
Yukon.....	3	—	3	—
Canada.....	275	72	967	374

Universities, colleges and normal schools reported that 151 of their librarians had attended a school of librarianship, and there were others in the libraries of Government Departments, technical societies, business establishments, secondary schools, etc. The trend in larger secondary schools toward employment of librarians suggests that this may become one of the chief openings for trained library personnel.

\*For detail of salary levels in different classes of library see "Survey of Libraries in Canada 1936-38," Part III of the Biennial Survey of Education.



### Journalism

Canadian universities have not generally followed the practice of universities of the United States in establishing Schools of Journalism. The only place where this has been done in Canada is the University of Montreal, where there is a School of Journalism with instruction in the French language. A few Canadians attend courses in the United States.

Among professional workers, the census of 1931 enumerated 3,343 authors, editors, and journalists (including newspaper reporters and correspondents, publicity agents, etc.), of whom 463 were women. Approximately two-thirds were Canadian born; those born in Great Britain numbered 759, other British possessions 58, United States 171, Europe 110, Asia 10. In point of racial origin the British are disproportionately high as compared with their proportions in other occupations.

Origins	Per Cent Authors, Editors, and Journalists of Each Origin	Per Cent Total Gainfully- Occupied Males of Each Origin
English.....	41.4	27.66
Irish.....	17.6	11.99
Scottish.....	20.3	13.39
French.....	14.0	24.80
Others.....	6.7	22.16

About 80 per cent in this group are on salary. The men reported yearly earnings of \$2,171 on the average, the women \$1,273.

### Physical Training

Diplomas in Physical Training, mainly pursued by girls who will become instructors in this field, are awarded by McGill University, the University of Toronto, the Margaret Eaton School at Toronto, and the University of Saskatchewan. A few men have taken the course at McGill but there is no Canadian university course patronized mainly by men. The Department of Education in British Columbia has introduced a summer school in physical education for instructors in its provincial system of recreational and physical education.

### Social Service

Courses for social workers are an addition to university work since 1920 at Montreal, Toronto and Vancouver. They are a natural accompaniment of the modern and more scientific approach to social problems, and their increasing intensity of recent years. There is no such course yet in any of the Prairie or Maritime universities, but a number of students from their territory attend the courses in central Canada.

Apart from those included in other groups, such as mission or health workers, the census of 1931 enumerated 383 men and 794 women as professional social welfare workers. The year's earnings on the average were \$1,142 for the women, \$1,865 for the men.

Medicine

Medicine is one of the professions for which the effect of the rate of supply can be studied by means of census data. The population per doctor (physician or surgeon) at ten-year intervals since pre-war years has been as follows: (In 1901 it was almost exactly the same as in 1911.)

	Population per Doctor		
	1931	1921	1911
Canada.....	1,034	1,008	969
Prince Edward Island.....	1,397	1,303	1,302
Nova Scotia.....	1,152	1,146	1,207
New Brunswick.....	1,519	1,447	1,252
Quebec.....	1,046	1,065	1,002
Ontario.....	872	848	826
Manitoba.....	1,051	1,095	1,052
Saskatchewan.....	1,578	1,446	1,299
Alberta.....	1,255	1,074	1,015
British Columbia.....	954	861	943

There are very substantial differences between provinces, the potential clientele of the average doctor in New Brunswick or Saskatchewan being more than one-and-a-half times as numerous as in Ontario or British Columbia. In the most rural provinces, the figure tends to be high, and there is a wide difference in the corresponding figures for the larger cities and other areas of any single province, as the following figures for 1931 show. The services of the city doctor are not, of course, given exclusively to city patients, but there is also a movement in the opposite direction, to sanatoria, mental hospitals, and the like.

	Population per Doctor, 1931	
	In Cities of 30,000 or Over	In Other Areas
Canada.....	644	1,350
Nova Scotia.....	511	1,379
New Brunswick.....	779	1,734
Quebec.....	704	1,375
Ontario.....	611	1,096
Manitoba.....	570	1,707
Saskatchewan.....	674	1,720
Alberta.....	610	1,800
British Columbia.....	695	1,289

This summary shows that there are very considerable differences between communities of the same kind as well as between city and country. Too much emphasis should not, however, be placed on the differences between cities without a more detailed examination, for a relatively small city may include provincial services such as the medical faculty of a university or the staff of a provincial Department of Health.

As the increase in doctors has not kept pace with the increase in population, it may be of interest to compare the present Canadian population per doctor with that of some other countries.

	Population per doctor
Canada, 1931.....	1,034
United States, 1930.....	798
England and Wales, 1931.....	1,363
Australia, 1921.....	1,373
France, 1931.....	1,555

The average annual number of graduates during post-war years has been about 500, including about two dozen women. This rate is sufficient to replace the 10,012 doctors of 1931 in 20-25 years, and can be expected to allow a professional life of something like 35 years without altering substantially the proportion of doctors in the total population. The ages of the doctors in 1931 were as follows:

Under 25 years.....	185	45-54 years.....	2,378
25-34 years.....	2,526	55-64 years.....	1,604
35-44 years.....	2,496	65 years and over.....	832

About ten per cent of the Canadian doctors of 1931 were born, though not necessarily educated, outside of Canada—five per cent in the British Isles or other British possessions, three per cent in the United States, and two-and-a-half per cent in Europe.

### Dentistry

There is some compensation for the falling proportion of doctors in the growing proportion of dentists. The Canadian population per dentist in 1901 was 4,045, in 1911 was 3,289, in 1921 was 2,779, and in 1931 had further fallen to 2,567. The city and country comparison by provinces in 1931 is of interest:

	Population per Dentist, 1931		
	In Total Area	In Cities of 30,000 or over	In Other Areas
Canada.....	2,567	1,500	3,539
Prince Edward Island.....	3,036	—	3,036
Nova Scotia.....	3,185	1,743	3,571
New Brunswick.....	3,293	1,284	4,146
Quebec.....	3,459	1,990	5,438
Ontario.....	1,855	1,280	2,361
Manitoba.....	2,789	1,402	5,067
Saskatchewan.....	4,134	1,520	4,620
Alberta.....	3,167	1,369	5,077
British Columbia.....	2,060	1,428	2,982

Interprovincial and country-city differences are even greater than in the case of medical doctors. The Canadian average of one dentist in 2,567 of the population may be compared with one in 1,728 in the United States, one in 3,478 in England and Wales, one in 3,214 in France.

The most pronounced drop in attendance at any university Faculty in recent years has been in Dentistry. The annual number of graduates in the 1930's has not been half what it was in the 1920's. At the rate of fewer than



100 per year which has existed in the last ten years, the 4,037 dentists of 1931 will not be replaced in less than about 45 or 50 years (without allowing for deaths among graduates during this time), so to maintain the proportion of dentists that has been attained, in the increasing population, there will need to be a pronounced increase in attendance at dental colleges.

The ages of practising dentists in 1931 was as follows:

Under 25 years.....	81
25-34 years.....	1,421
35-44 years.....	1,252
45-54 years.....	707
55-64 years.....	436
65 years and over.....	140

Just ten per cent of the dentists of 1931 were born outside of Canada, and most of them probably received their professional education here—3½ per cent from the British Isles, 4 per cent from the United States, 2½ per cent from Europe.

Pharmacy

The annual number of graduates in Pharmacy has held comparatively steady ever since 1920—slightly under 200 per year, of whom a dozen or so are women.

There are some 3,500 drug stores in Canada without counting the drug departments in departmental stores. The census does not record the number of graduate druggists but it must be in excess of 4,000, so the recent rate of graduation is not sufficient to replace practising druggists in less than twenty or twenty-five years. The increase in population will probably be such as to allow a professional life of something like 35 or 40 years to druggists (at the recent rate of graduation) without substantially altering their proportion in the population.

Nursing

Post-graduate courses for trained nurses, especially in Public Health, have become an increasingly important part of university work in recent years. The number of diplomas has been over 100 each year since 1928, and lately as high as 150-170. The potential applicants for courses of this kind are numerous; the Census of 1931 found 20,463 women occupied as graduate nurses, and 11,437 nurses-in-training.

The increase over 1921 was remarkable, from 21,385 to 31,900 in the case of the two groups together. By provinces in 1931, they were located as follows:

—	Number of Nurses in Training	Number of Graduate Nurses	Population per Nurse
Canada.....	11,437	20,441	325
Prince Edward Island.....	81	135	407
Nova Scotia.....	482	907	369
New Brunswick.....	430	756	344
Quebec.....	1,887	4,422	455
Ontario.....	4,995	8,670	251
Manitoba.....	941	1,345	306
Saskatchewan.....	772	1,070	500
Alberta.....	791	1,157	375
British Columbia.....	1,083	1,979	227

Not quite half of the graduate nurses were on salary, and their average year's pay was \$914 in 1930-31. Of the 9,767 on salary, 2,094 lost some time through unemployment during the year. There did not, however, appear to be any considerable delay among younger graduates in obtaining salaried positions—i.e., in comparison with those who graduated some years earlier. The summary hereunder shows similar proportions on salary among all under the age of 35.

Ages	Total Number Occupied as Graduate Nurses	Number on Salary
20-24.....	4,797	2,422
25-34.....	7,692	3,975
35-44.....	4,056	1,897
45-54.....	2,576	1,103
55 and over.....	1,320	390

### Optometry

There are two institutions in Canada for training in optometry, the School of Optometry affiliated with the University of Montreal, and the College of Optometry of Canada in Toronto. Instruction in several of the subjects of the two-year course at the latter is arranged at the University of Toronto.

The census groups together optometrists and opticians, and in 1931 enumerated 869 in Canada, 16 of whom were women. These include specialized merchants of optical goods. Their distribution by provinces was as follows: Prince Edward Island, 9; Nova Scotia, 40; New Brunswick, 24; Quebec, 191; Ontario, 370; Manitoba, 45; Saskatchewan, 49; Alberta, 56; British Columbia, 85. About one-fourth of optometrists and opticians came from outside of Canada, mainly from Great Britain.

### Osteopathy, Chiropractic

Canadian osteopaths and chiropractors usually obtain their training in the United States, as institutions for training of the kind are not maintained in Canada. There has in fact been a tendency for United States-born to come to Canada to practice. Of 542 osteopaths and chiropractors recorded by the census, only 286 were Canadian born; 88 were born in the United States, 71 in Great Britain.

The location of practitioners by provinces was as follows: Maritimes, 19; Quebec, 54; Ontario, 256; Manitoba, 38; Saskatchewan, 53; Alberta, 28; British Columbia, 94.

### Veterinary Science

According to the Census of 1931 there were 1,046 veterinaries in Canada, a smaller number than in either 1921 or 1911, but the decrease could probably be

said to have been compensated in some measure by the higher standards of training that have been effective in the interval. There are two veterinary colleges in Canada, one in Quebec and one in Ontario. The annual number of graduates in post-war years has been about 30, but the trend has lately been upward, now around 50, a number that would come close to maintaining the present proportion of veterinaries in relation to population, if it were not that one-quarter to one-third are from the United States. There is no veterinary college in the Western or Maritime Provinces, though these provinces possess over two-thirds of the horses and nearly half of the cattle in the country—the two kinds of live stock occupying the greatest amount of veterinarians' time. There are always some students from these provinces in attendance at the Ontario Veterinary College, but the numbers are comparatively small, and the livestock per veterinary are much more numerous in these provinces, as is evidenced by the following summary for 1931.

—	Maritimes	Quebec	Ontario	Western Provinces
Number of veterinaries.....	60	173	467	346
Farm horses per veterinary.....	2,070	1,740	1,240	6,100
Farm cattle per veterinary.....	8,920	9,870	5,380	9,290

The cities over 30,000, with about 30 per cent of the Dominion's population, have an almost identical percentage of the Dominion's veterinaries, though some of these are attached to Departments of Agriculture and serving a province-wide area. The ages of practising veterinaries in 1931 were as follows:

Under 25 years.....	12	45-54 years.....	278
25-34 years.....	99	55-64 years.....	215
35-44 years.....	278	65 years and over.....	164

The average age stands at the unusual height of about 50 years, as compared with 44 years in the case of medical doctors and 39 years for dentists—further evidence that the supply is not being maintained.

### Law

There has been no very pronounced trend in the number of graduates from law schools during the last fifteen years. It has been steadily above 200, though recently not quite as far above as a few years ago.

The Census of 1931 counted 8,058 persons occupied as lawyers or notaries, 544 justices and magistrates, not all of whom were necessarily graduates of law schools, but most of whom are likely to be replaced by such. The recent rate of graduation is sufficient to replace this group in about 35 years, without making allowance for deaths among the graduates; it allows for little or no surplus to apply against increase in population or corporations. There is difficulty in finding a completely comparable classification in earlier censuses, but as compared with one lawyer or judge in 1,204 of the population in 1931, the figure for



1921 was one in 1,163, so the proportion appears to have been dropping for some time past. The census returns by provinces show the following proportions in 1931.

	Population per Lawyer or Judge		
	Total Area	Cities of 30,000 and Over	Other Areas
Canada.....	1,204	667	1,747
Prince Edward Island.....	1,545	—	1,545
Nova Scotia.....	1,660	674	2,052
New Brunswick.....	1,722	864	1,982
Quebec.....	1,181	868	1,437
Ontario.....	1,156	648	1,847
Manitoba.....	1,007	503	1,851
Saskatchewan.....	1,504	343	1,896
Alberta.....	1,234	476	2,266
British Columbia.....	996	642	1,621

The ages of Canadian lawyers and judges in 1931 were as follows:

	Lawyers, Notaries	Justices, Magistrates
Under 25 years.....	171	—
25-34 years.....	2,132	8
35-44 years.....	2,494	27
45-54 years.....	1,612	101
55-64 years.....	1,017	193
65 years and over.....	634	215

### Theology

Some of the religious denominations represented in the Canadian population, the largest of which is the Jewish, do not maintain theological seminaries in Canada. Denominations which do are Roman Catholic, United Church, Anglican, Presbyterian, Baptist and Lutheran. The annual number of graduates from seminaries of the Roman Catholic Church is about one-and-one-half times the number from all of the others combined, the total number being between 400 and 500. The Roman Catholic Church serves about 41 per cent of the population, but many of the graduates from its seminaries are occupied in teaching or other positions rather than parochial work. These are classified in the census according to the occupation they are following.

The number of persons occupied as clergymen at the time of the census of 1931 was 12,698, or one in 816 of the population. The proportion in 1921 was one in 752, in 1911 was one in 725, in 1901 was one in 613. The present ratio is almost identical with that in the United States and Australia, while in England it is one in 928. The proportions in the different provinces are as follows:

	Population per Clergyman, 1931		
	Total Area	Cities Over 30,000	Other Areas
Canada.....	816	924	781
Prince Edward Island.....	667	—	667
Nova Scotia.....	788	972	769
New Brunswick.....	757	731	761
Quebec.....	796	872	763
Ontario.....	797	953	739
Manitoba.....	950	990	933
Saskatchewan.....	804	771	806
Alberta.....	816	754	835
British Columbia.....	1,024	1,190	933

The Church differs from other professions in that the population per professional is, on the whole, smaller outside of the cities.

The age-distribution of clergymen in 1931 suggests some doubt as to whether the supply is being maintained. In all provinces except Quebec the number of ages 35-44 is smaller than at ages 45-54.

	Number of Clergymen at Ages—					
	Under 25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 and over
Canada.....	286	2,628	2,993	3,254	2,387	1,130
Prince Edward Island.....	3	34	16	34	29	16
Nova Scotia.....	13	151	140	144	136	67
New Brunswick.....	13	128	127	134	85	50
Quebec.....	69	835	921	824	600	350
Ontario.....	92	798	996	1,118	897	402
Manitoba.....	17	134	163	205	156	61
Saskatchewan.....	42	253	276	335	179	60
Alberta.....	26	213	216	246	138	57
British Columbia.....	10	82	138	214	167	67

The average yearly earnings reported by clergymen for 1930-31 were \$1,530. The highest provincial average was \$1,746 in Ontario, the lowest \$1,354 in Saskatchewan and \$1,214 in Quebec.

Nearly one-third of Canadian clergymen were born outside of Canada—2,634 in the British Isles, 1,219 in Europe, 606 in the United States, 223 in other parts of the British Empire, 45 in Asia. Their racial origins compare with the racial origins of the total gainfully occupied males in the population as follows:

Origin	Per Cent Clergyman of Each Origin	Per Cent Total Gainfully-Occupied Males of Each Origin
English.....	28.44	27.66
Irish.....	15.22	11.99
Scottish.....	14.51	13.39
French.....	29.42	24.80
Central European (mainly German).....	5.36	6.48
Eastern European.....	1.93	5.70
Scandinavian.....	1.38	2.75
Hebrew.....	2.23	1.46
Dutch.....	0.96	1.43
Asiatic.....	0.21	1.49
Others.....	0.34	2.85

### Fine Arts, Photography

There are provincially-supported schools of fine art at Halifax, Quebec, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Calgary, and Vancouver, in addition to private schools. The former are listed in the directory<sup>1</sup> attached to this review; an exception has been made in including them, in that matriculation is not demanded for admission, as in the case of the other institutions listed, to their diplomas. A record of their graduates is not included in the tables.

In addition to architects, designers and draughtsmen considered under the heading of Applied Science, the census lists a group including "artists, art teachers, sculptors, painters", and a separate group of "photographers". Their distribution by provinces is thus:

	Artists, Art Teachers, Sculptors, Painters		Photographers	
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Canada.....	1,906	709	2,234	508
Prince Edward Island.....	3	3	5	2
Nova Scotia.....	24	20	66	23
New Brunswick.....	15	13	53	20
Quebec.....	550	132	613	95
Ontario.....	947	369	895	178
Manitoba.....	126	60	133	48
Saskatchewan.....	25	11	103	40
Alberta.....	48	16	128	34
British Columbia.....	168	85	238	68

Rather more than half of each group were on salary. The average salary of men in the first group was \$1,691, women \$847; of male photographers, \$1,292, female photographers, \$670.

Fewer than half of the men, but more than half of the women, were Canadian born. The fine arts are among the professions drawing most heavily on talent from abroad, and among the few to which the continent of Europe has contributed a greater number than the United States.

Birthplace	Artists, Art Teachers, Sculptors, Painters		Photographers	
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Canada.....	995	526	1,273	346
British Isles.....	577	118	609	115
Other British Possessions.....	24	6	27	5
United States.....	113	33	109	26
Europe.....	189	23	198	16
Asia.....	8	3	23	—

<sup>1</sup> Not reprinted here.



The total numbers recorded by earlier censuses compare with 1931 as follows:

	Artists, Art Teachers, Sculptors, Painters		Photographers	
	Men	Women	Men	Women
1931.....	1,909	709	2,239	508
1921.....	1,035	357	1,985	419
1911.....	780	343	1,915	302
1901.....	754	289	*	*

\*Not recorded separately.

Music

The universities which have reported conferring the degree of Bachelor of Music in recent years have been Dalhousie, Acadia and Mount Allison in the Maritime Provinces, Bishop's, Laval, McGill and Montreal in Quebec, Toronto in Ontario, Saskatchewan in the Western Provinces. The total number of these degrees in the years since 1920 reached only a few dozen. The doctorates in music average only about one per year.

Of the associateships and licentiates usually conferred by the conservatories of music rather than by the universities there is no record. From its nature, the extent of music teaching is extremely difficult to record. The census of occupations under the heading "musicians and music teachers" has shown the following growth since the beginning of the century:

	Male Musicians	Female Musicians	Total Number of Musicians and Music Teachers	Population per Musician and Music Teacher
1901.....	1,429	2,581	4,010	1,338
1911.....	2,001	3,574	5,575	1,293
1921.....	3,242	4,308	7,550	1,164
1931.....	4,145	4,641	8,786	1,181

The increase in number has been continuous, but since 1921 has not quite kept pace with the increase in population. It is of interest to note, too, that the proportion of men in the total has been increasing over the longer period, and that since 1921 in particular, about three-fourths of the increase has been men. Apparently the women's participation is predominantly as teachers of music for only a few more than one-fourth of them are on salary, as compared

with more than half of the men. Their record of unemployment in 1930-31 is comparatively high, and earnings comparatively low, for a professional occupation, as the following summary shows:

	Male Musicians	Female Musicians
Number on salary.....	2,394	1,275
Number losing some time in year.....	986	169
Average number of weeks lost per person losing time.....	29	27
Average year's earnings, all salaried musicians.....	\$ 1,118	\$ 627

Population per musician was as follows in the different parts of the Dominion in 1931: Maritimes, 1,972; Quebec, 1,402; Ontario, 933; Prairies, 1,449; British Columbia, 746.

Almost exactly half of all the male musicians of Canada in 1931 were immigrants, a higher proportion coming from Europe than in the case of other professions. The outside representation among the ladies was considerable, too.

Birthplace	Male Musicians	Female Musicians
Canada.....	2,091	3,733
British Isles.....	1,252	553
Other British Possessions.....	53	36
United States.....	258	220
Europe.....	465	92
Asia.....	19	5

By racial origin the musicians are English to an unusual degree. Scottish, Irish and French percentages are low. While comparatively few in the total, the proportions of Hebrew and Italian male musicians are high.

## Dominion Summary of Annual Graduates from Canadian Universities and Colleges, 1920-1937

## Graduates in Arts, Pure Science and Commerce

	Bachelors of Arts*		Bachelors of Science (in Arts)		Bachelors of Commerce†		Total	
	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women	Both Sexes	Women
1920.....	1,033	382	38	4	8	-	1,079	386
1921.....	1,337	514	77	7	12	1	1,426	522
1922.....	1,443	540	95	9	46	2	1,584	551
1923.....	1,551	600	115	18	68	3	1,734	621
1924.....	1,675	645	107	13	75	8	1,857	666
1925.....	1,698	674	98	14	100	1	1,896	689
1926.....	1,985	770	136	29	73	14	2,194	813
1927.....	2,080	776	149	13	114	13	2,343	802
1928.....	2,231	856	161	11	109	8	2,501	875
1929.....	2,257	922	195	27	117	15	2,569	964
1930.....	2,499	969	237	38	134	17	2,870	1,044
1931.....	2,474	981	252	45	169	17	2,895	1,043
1932.....	2,629	1,020	277	41	199	15	3,105	1,076
1933.....	2,881	1,143	259	35	244	32	3,384	1,210
1934.....	3,081	1,157	293	45	241	33	3,615	1,235
1935.....	3,034	1,162	288	39	200	26	3,522	1,227
1936.....	3,175	1,168	320	45	202	25	3,697	1,238
1937.....	3,342	1,168	280	28	211	23	3,833	1,219

\* Includes Bachelors of Letters and of Social Science.

† Includes Bachelors of Accountancy and of Secretarial Science.

## Graduates in Applied Science

	Bachelors of Applied Science or Engineering		Bachelors of Architecture*		Bachelors of Forestry		Total	
	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women	Both Sexes	Women
1920.....	237	1	10	-	17	-	264	1
1921.....	322	1	17	-	15	-	354	1
1922.....	375	1	12	-	19	-	406	1
1923.....	629	1	19	-	19	-	667	1
1924.....	452	-	17	-	26	-	495	-
1925.....	348	-	19	-	21	-	388	-
1926.....	315	-	14	-	19	-	348	-
1927.....	330	1	15	1	15	-	360	2
1928.....	318	1	19	-	27	-	364	1
1929.....	336	-	25	-	18	-	379	-
1930.....	384	1	25	-	44	-	453	1
1931.....	418	-	24	-	41	-	483	-
1932.....	439	1	22	1	32	-	493	1
1933.....	554	1	32	-	27	-	613	1
1934.....	624	2	31	-	32	-	687	2
1935.....	642	1	53	2	37	-	700	3
1936.....	564	2	53	-	21	-	638	2
1937.....	536	1	26	2	17	-	579	3

\* Includes diplomas in Architecture from the Schools of Fine Arts of Montreal and Quebec.

## Graduates in Agriculture, Veterinary Science, and Household Science

	Bachelors of Agricultural Science		Graduates in Veterinary Science		Bachelors of Household Science	Total	
	Total	Women	Total	Women		Both Sexes	Women
1920.....	113	1	6	-	6	125	7
1921.....	156	3	26	-	10	192	13
1922.....	193	1	28	-	9	230	10
1923.....	186	3	39	-	18	243	21
1924.....	157	-	34	-	30	221	30
1925.....	131	-	21	-	28	180	28
1926.....	111	3	18	-	19	148	22
1927.....	87	3	18	-	33	138	36
1928.....	104	1	21	1	57	182	59
1929.....	94	1	23	-	75	192	76
1930.....	131	1	21	-	122	274	123
1931.....	160	2	28	-	112	300	114
1932.....	150	1	34	-	146	330	147
1933.....	198	2	37	-	137	372	139
1934.....	215	2	36	-	164	415	166
1935.....	243	10	52	-	128	423	138
1936.....	238	7	53	-	138	429	145
1937.....	216	3	40	-	162	418	165



# Dominion Summary of Annual Graduates from Canadian Universities and Colleges, 1920-1937— Concluded

## Graduates in Education and Social Service

	Teachers' Diplomas, Men and Women	Degrees in Education or Pedagogy		Librarians' Degrees or Diplomas		Physical Training Diplomas		Social Service Diplomas		Total	
		Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women	Both Sexes	Women*
1920.....	153	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	158	—
1921.....	100	1	—	—	—	—	—	5	5	106	5
1922.....	176	5	—	—	—	7	7	11	11	199	18
1923.....	239	18	—	—	—	17	17	13	13	287	30
1924.....	346	24	1	—	—	24	24	9	9	403	34
1925.....	344	28	3	—	—	18	18	20	18	410	39
1926.....	373	25	1	—	—	37	37	24	23	459	61
1927.....	450	42	10	—	—	38	38	27	27	557	75
1928.....	438	25	2	20	19	41	41	24	23	548	85
1929.....	501	31	3	42	41	45	45	21	21	640	110
1930.....	523	77	31	36	36	41	41	20	20	697	128
1931.....	581	60	19	39	37	45	45	18	18	743	119
1932.....	744	72	21	48	46	41	41	55	51	960	159
1933.....	807	56	18	53	51	25	25	48	42	989	136
1934.....	810	74	14	61	58	24	24	36	36	1,005	132
1935.....	649	61	18	54	53	26	25	48	44	838	140
1936.....	584	100	25	66	63	21	20	45	39	816	147
1937.....	517	108	19	43	42	31	29	65	55	764	145

\* Excluding teachers' diplomas.

## Graduates in Medicine and Related Studies

	Medical Doctors		Dentists		Pharmacists		Post Graduate Nurses' Diplomas*	Diplomas in Physiotherapy and occupational Therapy (Women)	Total	
	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women			Both Sexes	Women
1920.....	274	9	170	2	182	9	19	—	645	39
1921.....	404	14	189	5	176	10	67	—	836	96
1922.....	448	22	221	4	181	22	98	—	948	146
1923.....	503	18	383	6	203	22	88	—	1,177	134
1924.....	651	25	281	4	200	8	80	—	1,212	117
1925.....	477	25	203	—	177	16	72	—	929	113
1926.....	510	17	150	4	134	4	83	—	877	108
1927.....	421	20	145	2	212	10	93	—	871	125
1928.....	481	21	98	—	182	9	102	13	876	145
1929.....	747	41	102	—	183	11	111	11	1,154	174
1930.....	518	31	114	1	204	11	111	27	974	181
1931.....	535	26	90	—	208	10	122	20	975	178
1932.....	511	24	78	—	203	12	159	24	975	219
1933.....	483	25	70	1	162	10	174	25	914	235
1934.....	488	18	83	2	160	9	125	1	857	155
1935.....	472	20	80	1	150	13	150	6	858	190
1936.....	497	21	106	—	190	10	191	27	1,011	249
1937.....	511	22	113	—	164	14	166	31	985	233

\* Includes 12-24 dental nurses annually.

## Graduates in Law and Theology

	From Law Schools		From Roman Catholic Theological Colleges	From Protestant Theological Colleges	
	Total	Women		Total	Women
1920.....	382	12	182	212	17
1921.....	393	14	226	200	18
1922.....	282	4	245	148	22
1923.....	261	4	264	163	18
1924.....	252	11	278	152	19
1925.....	226	7	250	168	19
1926.....	277	10	270	205	23
1927.....	257	7	272	173	21
1928.....	198	7	271	166	17
1929.....	241	3	244	164	15
1930.....	211	8	269	161	16
1931.....	223	5	245	189	18
1932.....	235	8	265	173	15
1933.....	213	7	258	162	17
1934.....	209	8	288	202	20
1935.....	238	11	289	202	15
1936.....	209	7	329	174	16
1937.....	236	7	338	183	19

## Estimate of Student Receiving First Degrees

	Grand Total*			Deduction for Duplication			Net Total		
	Men and Women	Men	Women	Men and Women	Men	Women	Men and Women	Men	Women
1920.....	2,889	2,427	462	533	522	11	2,356	1,905	451
1921.....	3,627	2,963	664	457	445	12	3,170	2,518	652
1922.....	3,843	3,109	734	442	430	12	3,401	2,679	722
1923.....	4,509	3,710	799	509	502	7	4,000	3,208	792
1924.....	4,467	3,624	843	546	535	11	3,921	3,089	832
1925.....	4,037	3,181	856	474	464	10	3,563	2,717	846
1926.....	4,319	3,343	976	454	443	11	3,865	2,900	965
1927.....	4,414	3,421	993	460	450	10	3,954	2,971	983
1928.....	4,545	3,454	1,091	446	435	11	4,099	3,019	1,080
1929.....	4,932	3,711	1,221	515	501	14	4,417	3,210	1,207
1930.....	5,185	3,839	1,346	467	453	14	4,718	3,386	1,332
1931.....	5,290	3,952	1,338	449	437	12	4,841	3,515	1,326
1932.....	5,562	4,109	1,443	459	447	12	5,093	3,662	1,431
1933.....	5,891	4,307	1,584	440	428	12	5,451	3,879	1,572
1934.....	6,272	4,687	1,585	479	467	12	5,793	4,220	1,573
1935.....	6,226	4,648	1,578	460	449	11	5,766	4,199	1,567
1936.....	6,441	4,811	1,630	455	444	11	5,986	4,367	1,619
1937.....	6,541	4,926	1,615	505	493	12	6,036	4,433	1,603

\*Not counting diplomas in Education and Social Service, a few other diplomas, post-graduate and honorary degrees.

## BIBLIOGRAPHY

Since the edition for 1932, the "Annual Survey of Education in Canada" has contained a "Bibliography of Canadian Studies in Education", including a section on "Professional and Other Higher Education", another on "Historical and Biographical Studies", etc., in which new publications relating to higher education in Canada have been recorded. With the separation this year of statistics of higher education from the rest of the Survey, the corresponding bibliographical items are published in the present report. The Education Branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics will welcome advice of important omissions, so they may be included in the next edition. No systematic attempt has been made to include articles appearing in the periodical press other than the several university reviews; beyond these the list includes only articles that have incidentally come to the attention of the compilers.

## Annual Reports

Hereunder are listed the printed annual reports of universities received by the Education Branch. There may be others; if so, a copy would be welcomed by the compilers of this report. The annual calendars are not listed except in the case of Laval University and the University of Montreal where the *annuaire général* includes a record of the year's work as well as a description of courses.

**Alberta, University of.**—Report of the Board of Governors and the President. Annual, 30-40 pp. Obtainable from the University, Edmonton.

**Baudouin, Joseph.**—*L'école d'hygiène sociale appliquée*. Annual report on the work of this Montreal school. *Revue Trimestrielle Canadienne*. June 1938, pp. 185-204.

**Dalhousie University.**—President's Report. Annual. Includes a financial statement. About 30 pages. Obtainable from the University, Halifax.

**Laval, L'Université.**—*Annuaire général*. Includes reports of university officers. Obtainable from the University, Quebec.

**McGill University.**—Annual Report. Includes financial statements. About 100 pages. Obtainable from the University, Montreal.

**Montréal, Université de.**—*Annuaire général*. Includes several appendices on events and work of the year. Obtainable from the Secretary of the University, Montreal.

**Queen's University.**—Principal's Report. Annual. Contains a summary of the year's work in all Faculties or Departments, including the Registrar's and Treasurer's Reports. 120 pp. Obtainable from the University, Kingston, Ont.

**Saskatchewan, University of.**—President's Report. Annual. 50-100 pp. Includes financial statements. Obtainable from the University, Saskatoon.

**Toronto, University of.**—Annual Report of the President. A document of 160-180 pages reviewing all departments of the University's work. (In recent years it has also been printed in the Report of the Board of Governors.) University of Toronto Press, Toronto.

**Toronto, University of.**—Annual Report of the Board of Governors. Of recent years a document of more than 300 pages, including the President's Report on all Departments, detailed financial statement, etc. King's Printer, Toronto.

**Universities Bureau of the British Empire.**—The Yearbook of the Universities of the Empire. Lists the staff and gives general information concerning Canadian universities, as also for those in other parts of the British Empire. Published by G. Bell and Sons, London, Eng.

**Western Ontario, University of.**—Report of the President. Annual, about 60 pages, mimeographed. Obtainable from the University, London, Ont.

### Historical and Biographical Studies

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**Fairfax, John.**—Canadian Universities and the Last War. *The Canadian Forum*, July, 1937, p. 127-128.

**Harvey, D. C.**—Dalhousie University Established. *Dalhousie Review*, April, 1938, pp. 50-66.

**Husted, W. H.**—"Bott", The Story of a Schoolmaster. ("Bott", native of Halifax, taught in two Canadian Universities and then in the United States.)

**Kelleher, V. P.**—George Ramsay, Lord Dalhousie. *Dalhousie Review*, July, 1938, p. 197.

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**Macphail, Sir Andrew.**—The Old University. *The McGill News*, Spring, 1938, pp. 27-29.

**Usher, A. P.**—William James Ashley: A Pioneer in the Higher Education. *Canadian Journal of Economics and Political Science*, May, 1938, pp. 151-163. University of Toronto Press.

**Wendling, André-V.**—L'ingénieur et l'enseignement technique français. "Cet article est un rapport historique sur l'ingénieur de l'école française." *Revue Trimestrielle Canadienne*, June, 1938, pp. 124-143.

**Yates, Blanche Evans.**—Through the Years. (Notes on McGill University's first women graduates, eight members of the graduating class of 1888, written by one of them.) In *McGill News*, Summer, 1938, published quarterly by the Graduates' Society of McGill University, 3466 University St., Montreal.

### Miscellaneous

**Adel, A.**—Conflicting Aims within the Canadian University. (Conflict between English and American tendencies—English sportsmanship and American games, English professors and Americanized students). *University of Toronto Quarterly*, July, 1938, pp. 532-546.

**Canadian Student Assembly.**—State Scholarships for Canada: A brief to the Royal Commission on Dominion-Provincial Relations. 1938. 11 pages. Obtainable from officers of the Assembly at Hart House, University of Toronto, Toronto.

**Douglas, A. Vibert.**—Women and Research. *The McGill News*, Spring 1938, pp. 32-35.

**Encyclopedia of Canada**—See under **Historical and Biographical**.

**Falconer, Sir Robert A.**—Canadian Universities, pp. 295-312. *Canadian Geographical Journal*, December, 1938. 172 Wellington St., Ottawa.

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## SECTION II

### CURRENT TABLES, 1936-37

**I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations**

NOTE.—The name of each institution is entered in the language (French or English) used in it as the main language of instruction. The name of each university that has numerous affiliated colleges is entered in italics, and immediately below are listed its affiliated institutions, their names slightly indented in the column. The whole is designed to indicate the structure of the higher educational system in Canada.

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Prince Edward Island</b>	
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown (Provincial).	Normal School, Preparatory and Two Years Arts (Co-educational). Graduates admitted to 3rd and 2nd year Arts in Dalhousie, Acadia, Mount Allison and King's.
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown (Roman Catholic.)	Junior Commercial, Preparatory and Full Course in Arts (Men only). Has degree-granting powers, but in practice degrees are granted by Laval University, Quebec.
<b>Nova Scotia</b>	
Acadia University, Wolfville (Baptist.).....	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts and Science, Household Science, Music and Theology. Three Years' Engineering. Diploma in Secretarial Science. (Co-educational). Students completing Engineering Course, admitted to second-last year of Bachelor's Course in Engineering in Nova Scotia Technical College and McGill University. Graduates in Arts, if proper electives have been chosen, admitted to second year Medicine in McGill.
Dalhousie University, Halifax (Undenominational).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Commerce, Music, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Law and Fisheries. Diploma in Household Science. Three Years' Engineering. (Co-educational). On completion of Engineering Course at Dalhousie, B.Sc. in Engineering obtained at Nova Scotia Technical College in two years.
University of King's College, Halifax (Anglican).	Arts and Science, Degrees in Theology. (Preparatory in King's College School at Windsor, N.S., reported in private schools) (Co-educational). All degrees in Arts and Science granted by Dalhousie. Except in First Year, classes in King's do not duplicate those in Dalhousie, each other class whether conducted in the one or the other institution, being open to students of both. King's is "associated" with Dalhousie.
Mount Saint Vincent College, Rockingham (Roman Catholic).	(Preparatory in Mt. St. Vincent Academy reported in private schools). Degrees in Arts, Secretarial Science, Household Economics, Nursing and Music (Women only). Arts students may receive advanced standing at Dalhousie in 1st and 2nd year classes for work done at the College, and instruction in separate classes in 3rd and 4th year work.
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax (United Church).	Degrees in Theology. First Year of course may be taken at Dalhousie or Mount Allison Universities. For certain classes in Pine Hill credit is given toward the B.A. degree in Dalhousie.
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Medical Science Bldg., Halifax (Pharm. Soc. and Dalhousie Univ.)	Two- and three-year Pharmacy courses. Prepare students to become registered Pharmacists in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick (Co-educational). Students may obtain degrees of B.Sc. (Pharmacy) in Dalhousie by taking certain courses in the Faculty of Arts and Science in addition.
St. Francis, Xavier University, Antigonish (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Science, Household Science, Nursing, Three Years' Engineering. (Men and women, the ladies' College being Mount St. Bernard). B.Sc. in Engineering completed at Nova Scotia Technical College in two years by those completing the three-year course in St. Francis Xavier. Similarly at McGill.
St. Mary's College, Halifax (Roman Catholic)	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce. Three Years' Engineering (Men only). Engineering Course completed at Nova Scotia Technical College as above.
Collège Ste.-Anne, Church Point (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial, Degrees in Arts and Letters (Men only.)
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax (Roman Catholic).	Theology and Philosophy.
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro (Provincial).	Short courses in Agriculture and Home Economics. Two Years of a "degree course" in Agriculture (Co-educational). Students completing "degree course" are admitted to the third year of B.S.A. course at MacDonald College, Quebec, and at the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax (Provincial).	The two final years of course for B.Sc. in Engineering, and grants degrees. Regular students have taken junior years of course in Acadia, Dalhousie-King's, Mt. Allison, St. Francis Xavier, or St. Mary's.
<b>New Brunswick</b>	
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton (Provincial).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Law, Engineering and Forestry (Co-educational).
Mount Allison University, Sackville (United Church).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Music, Fine Arts and Home Economics. Certificates in Art and Home Economics. Diplomas in Secretarial Science and Commerce. Three Years Engineering. One Year Theology. Two Years' pre-medical and pre-dental. (Co-educational). Arrangements provide for completing of degree course in Engineering at Nova Scotia Technical College, McGill or Queen's in two years, in theology at Pine Hill Divinity Hall in three years, in medicine at Dalhousie or McGill in five years, in Dentistry at Dalhousie in four years.
Université Saint-Joseph, Saint Joseph (Roman Catholic, French and English).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Literature, Science and Commerce (Men only).
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Bathurst (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Diplomas in Commerce, Degrees in Arts and Letters (Men only).
St. Thomas College, Chatham (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts. (Men only).



## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec</b>	
Montreal School of Social Work, 3480 University St., Montreal. (Undenominational).	Two-year diploma course in Social Work. (Co-educational). By arrangement, students whose undergraduate course has not included the required preliminary work in social sciences are admitted to the necessary courses in McGill University.
Sir George Williams College, 1441 Drummond St., Montreal. (Y.M.C.A.)	Diplomas and Degrees in Arts, Science and Commerce; Courses in Fine and Applied Art and Business. (Co-educational).
Bishops' University, Lennoxville, Que. (Anglican).	Degrees in Arts, Music and Theology. Course in Education for High School Teacher's Diploma (Co-educational).
McGill University, Montreal, Que. (Undenominational).	Degrees or diplomas in Arts and Science, Commerce, Law, Agriculture, Architecture, Engineering, Dentistry, Medicine, Pharmacy, Household Science, Nursing, Music, Physical Education, Library School and Graduate School (Co-educational). See under Royal Military College, Acadia, Mount Allison, St. Francis Xavier, and Alberta Universities for arrangement <i>re</i> credit for Engineering Courses at McGill. See also under Macdonald College and the three theological colleges immediately below.
Royal Victoria College, Montreal, Que. (Undenominational).	The Women's College in McGill University for courses in the Faculty of Arts.
Macdonald College, Macdonald College (Undenominational).	Full Courses and Short Courses in Agriculture and Household Science. (Also Provincial Normal School) (Co-educational). An incorporated College of McGill University. Degree Courses in Agriculture controlled by, and degrees for same granted by McGill. Other courses in Agriculture and those in Household Science under direction of the College.
United Theological College, 3506 University St., Montreal (United Church)	Degrees in Theology. Affiliated to McGill: Students of these Colleges pursuing a double course in Arts and Theology are exempted from a half course in Arts in each of the Third and Fourth Years, or a whole course in either.
Diocesan Theological College, 3472 University St., Montreal (Anglican).	
Montreal Presbyterian College, 3489 McTavish St. Montreal (Presbyterian).	Faculties and Schools of the University are: Theology (The Grand Seminary of Montreal), Law, Medicine, Philosophy, Letters, Science, Dental Surgery, Pharmacy, Social Science.
Université de Montréal, Montréal (Roman Catholic, as also most affiliated colleges).	"Affiliated Schools" of the University of Montreal. They might be considered the respective professional Faculties of the University which has direct control of the courses and grants the degrees, but no financial control.
Ecole Polytechnique, 1430 St-Denis, Montreal (Provincial).	
Ecole des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, 535 Avenue Viger, Montreal (Provincial).	Men and boys only except Collège Marguerite-Bourgeoys which is the University's affiliated arts college for girls. "Little Seminaries" and "Classical Colleges" affiliated to the University of Montreal, and in reality constituting the Faculty of Arts of the University, which regulates the courses and grants the degrees in Arts. The "Classical" Course, however, covers in addition to the final four years required for the B.A. Degree several preliminary years of study comparable to the more advanced grades of the elementary schools and the secondary grades in other provinces. In addition several of these institutions offer junior commercial courses corresponding to commercial courses in the high schools of other provinces.
Institut agricole d'Oka, La Trappe.	
Ecole de médecine vétérinaire, La Trappe.	Classical—"Letters-Science" or High School Course of four years for girls.
Ecole d'optométrie, 1610 St-Denis, Montreal.	
Institut pédagogique St-Georges, 244 rue Sherbrooke est, Montreal.	Schools "annexed" to the University of Montreal, <i>i.e.</i> , of which the University approves the curriculum, is represented at the examinations, and sanctions the diplomas awarded.
Institut pédagogique, 4873 Westmount Ave. Montreal	
Petit Séminaire de Montréal.	Graduate courses for nurses. "Annexed" to the Faculty of Medicine, University of Montreal. See meaning of "annexed" above.
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St. Hyacinthe.	
Séminaire de Ste-Thérèse, Ste-Thérèse.	
Collège de l'Assomption, l'Assomption.	
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette.	
Collège Ste-Marie, 1180 Bleury, Montreal.	
Collège Bourget, Rigaud.	
Collège de St. Laurent, St. Laurent.	
Séminaire St Charles Borromée, Sherbrook.	
Séminaire de Valleyfield, Valleyfield.	
Collège de St Jean sur Richelieu, St. Jean.	
Loyola College, Montréal.	
Séminaire Ste-Croix, St. Laurent.	
Collège Jean-de-Brébeuf, Côte-des-Neiges, Montréal.	
Externat Classique de St-Stulpice, Montreal.	
Collège Marguerite-Bourgeoys, 4873 Westmount, Montreal.	
41 Couvents affiliés.	
Conservatoire National de Musique, 441 La-gauchetière, est, Montreal.	
Ecole de musique (Institut Nazareth), Montreal.	
Ecole supérieure de musique de l'Institut des SS. NN. de Jésus et Marie, Montreal.	
Ecole de musique religieuse (Schola Cantorum), Montreal.	
Ecole de dessin, Montreal.	
Ecole de tourisme, 7459 de l'Epée, Montreal.	
5 écoles d'enseignement ménager.	
Conservatoire Lasalle, 847 Sherbrooke St. E., Montreal.	
Ecole d'hygiène sociale appliquée, 1231 Demontigny, Montreal.	

## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec—Continued</b>	
<i>Université Laval, Quebec (Roman Catholic, as also all affiliated colleges).</i>	Faculties and Schools of the University are: Theology, Philosophy, Canon Law, Law, Medicine and Arts. The faculty of "Arts" includes the Superior Normal School, Pharmacy, Superior Chemistry, Land Surveying and Forestry, Agriculture, Nursing, Modern Languages, Music. (Women are admitted to Superior Normal, Philosophy, Superior Chemistry, Modern Languages, Nursing and Music Schools.)
Grand Séminaire du Collège de Ste-Anne...	The seven "Grand Seminaries" listed are schools of theology located at or near the "Little Seminaries" or "Classical Colleges" bearing the same name. The Grand Seminary at Quebec City is the Faculty of Theology in Laval University.
" de Rimouski.....	
" de Chicoutimi.....	
" de Nicolet.....	
" des Trois-Rivières.....	
" du Collège de Lévis.....	"Higher Primary instruction", i.e., High School Course for girls.
" de Mont-Laurier.....	
16 couvents ou instituts affiliés, 2 écoles d'ens. ménager, et St. Patrick High School, Three Rivers.	Classical course for girls.
L'Institut des Dames Religieuses de Jésus-Marie, de Sillery, Bergerville.	
L'Institut des Dames Ursulines des Trois-Rivières.	Diploma Course in Nursing.
12 Ecoles de Gardes-Malades.....	
Petit Séminaire de Québec, Quebec City....	Classical Colleges and Little Seminaries affiliated to the University of Laval. See explanation opposite the names of the similar institutions affiliated to the University of Montreal.
Petit Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet.....	
Collège de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne de la Pocatière	
Petit Séminaire des Trois-Rivières.....	
Petit Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski....	
Petit Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi..	
Collège de Lévis, Lévis.....	
Petit Séminaire de Mont-Laurier, Mt-Laurier	
Collège St-Alexandre, Pointe Gatineau.....	
Ecole Apostolique Notre Dame, Lévis.....	
Séminaire du Sacré-Coeur, St-Victor.....	
Séminaire de Gaspé, Gaspé.....	
Collège Charles Garnier, Quebec.....	"Associated Colleges", i.e., "affiliated classical colleges" situated outside the provinces of Quebec and Ontario (Lower and Upper Canada).
Séminaire St. Alphonse, Ste-Anne de Beau-pré.	
Séminaire St. Antoine, Trois Rivières et Québec.	Schools for men, other than theological and classical, affiliated to the University of Laval. Diplomas and degrees are awarded by the University.
xCollège des Jésuites, Sudbury, Ont.....	
xCollège des Jésuites, Edmonton, Alta.....	
xSt. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown, P.E.I.	
Académie de la Salle, Three Rivers.....	Theological schools. Some have classical students, i.e., students in philosophy, as well as theological students. No affiliation.
Académie Commerciale, Quebec City.....	
L'Institut des Frères du Sacré-Coeur, Arthabaska.	
Ecole d'Agriculture de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne de la Pocatière.	
Séminaire des Pères Eudistes, Charlesbourg.	
Scolasticat de l'Immaculée Conception (Jésuites), 1855 Rachel E., Montreal.	
Scolasticat des Religieux du T.S. Sacrement 514 Mt. Royal Ave. E., Montreal.	
Studium Franc. de Théologie, Rosemount Blvd., Montreal.	
Maison d'études du monastère de la Réparation (Capucins), Pointe-aux-Trembles.	
Séminaire des Missions Etrangères, Pont-Viau.	
Studium Franc. de Philosophie, 33 rue de l'Alverne, Quebec.	
Scolasticat de Philosophie (Oblats), Richelieu.	
Scolasticat St-Charles (Clercs de St-Viateur), Joliette.	
Scolasticat de la Congrégation de Ste-Croix, Montreal.	
Scolasticat de Philosophie (Cong. de Ste-Croix), St. Laurent.	
Monastère des Trappistes, N.D. du Lac et Mistassini.	
Scolasticat (philosophie) des Miss. du Sacré-Coeur, Waterloo.	
Séminaire des Missionnaires d'Afrique (Pères Blancs), Everell.	

xAlso listed with the institutions of the province where located.

## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec—Concluded</b>	
<p>Noviciat des PP. Bénédictins, St. Benoît du Lac.  Ecole apostolique des Miss. du Sacré-Coeur, Beauport.  Juniorat de Marie Immaculée (Oblats), Chambly.  Juvénat St. Bernard (Cisterciens), Mistassini.  Cisterciens de la Commune Observance, N.D. de Val d'Espoir.  Cisterciens de l'Immaculée-Conception, St-Michel de R.  Ecole St-Ignace (Jésuites), 1180 Bleury, Montreal.  Maison St-Joseph (Jésuites), Sault-au-Récollet.  Juniorat de la Compagnie de Marie, Papi-neauville.  Juvénat des Pères Maristes, Sillery.....  Collège Missionnaire (Franciscains), Sorel...  Juvénat des R.P. du T.S. Sacrement, Terrebonne.  Collège Séraphique (Franciscains), Three Rivers.  Noviciat des Pères Capucins, Quebec.....  Congrégation de la Fraternité Sacerdotale, Pointe-du-Lac.  Juvénat St-Joseph, Cong. de Ste-Croix, St. Hyacinthe.  Juvénat des Saints-Anges, Clercs de St-Viateur, Berthierville.  Juvénat Champagneur, Clercs de St-Viateur, L'Epiphanie.</p>	<p>Classical course preparatory to Theology, roughly equivalent to high school and junior college years. No affiliation.</p>
<b>Ontario</b>	
<p><i>Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa (Roman Catholic, O.M.I.)</i>    Congrégation de Notre Dame, Ottawa.....  Pensionnat de N.D. du Sacré-Coeur, Ottawa  Maison-Mère des S.G. de la Croix, Ottawa.  Pensionnat de N.D. de Lourdes, Ottawa....  Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....  *Notre Dame College, Wilcox, Sask.....  *Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg, Sask.....  *Collège Thevenet, Gravelbourg, Sask.....  *Couvent des SS. de la Providence, Prud'homme, Sask.  *Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Regina, Sask....  *Juniorat St-Jean Apôtre, Edmonton, Alta.  *Académie Ste-Thérèse, Medicine Hat, Alta.  <i>University of Western Ontario, London (Undenominational).</i>    Alma College, St. Thomas (United Church)  Assumption College, Sandwich (Roman Catholic).  Huron College, London (Anglican).....  Ursuline College, London (Roman Catholic)  Waterloo College, Waterloo (Evangelical Lutheran).  Queen's University, Kingston (Undenominational).  Queen's Theological College, Kingston (United Church).  McMaster University, Hamilton (Baptist)....  *Brandon College, Brandon, Man. (Baptist).    Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto 2, (Law Society).  Royal Military College, Kingston (Dominion)    Margaret Eaton School, Yonge &amp; McGill Sts., Toronto (Undenominational).  St. Jerome's College, Kitchener (Roman Catholic).  Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Sudbury (Roman Catholic).</p>	<p>Degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce, Canon Law, Philosophy, and Theology Preparatory Department. Also conducts a Provincial Normal School for teachers of bilingual schools in Ontario, a School of Catholic Action, School of Music and Elocution, School of Nursing, and School of Political Science.</p> <p>Preparatory and Arts Schools in Ontario. Full Course in Arts not given in all schools.</p> <p>Affiliated arts and preparatory schools situated outside the province of Ontario.</p> <p>Degrees in Arts (and Science), Medicine, and Public Health. Diplomas in Business Administration, Nursing and Hospital Administration. (Co-educational).</p> <p>Affiliated Colleges of the University of Western Ontario, Arts only, except Theology at Huron and Waterloo, The University approves the curricula and grants the degrees in Arts.</p> <p>Degrees in Arts (and Science), Commerce, Applied Science and Engineering, Medicine (Co-educational).</p> <p>Degree Course in Theology. Affiliated to Queen's University. Degrees granted by the University.</p> <p>Degrees in Arts (and Science) and Theology. (Co-educational).</p> <p>Preparatory and full Course in Arts. Diplomas in Music and Expression (Co-educational). Affiliated with McMaster University. Degrees in Arts granted by McMaster.</p> <p>Three-year course for which one year of Arts is prerequisite, graduating barristers-at-law (Co-educational). No affiliation.</p> <p>A four-year course in Applied Science and Engineering (Men). Canadian Universities admit graduates to fourth year of civil engineering and third year of other engineering courses.</p> <p>Two-year post-matriculation course in physical education for Women. No affiliation.</p> <p>Junior commercial, preparatory years, and a three year College or Arts Course (Men). No affiliation.</p> <p>Preparatory and Arts (Men). See under Laval University.</p>

\*Also listed with the institutions of the province where located.



## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Ontario—Concluded</b>	
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, junior commercial, degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce and Social Science (Men). St. Patrick's College, while retaining autonomy of Faculty and Administration, shares the rights and privileges of the charter of the University of Ottawa with regard to the conferring of academic degrees.
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto. (Roman Catholic).	
St. Peter's Seminary, London. (Roman Catholic).	
Scolasticat des Rédemptoristes, 207 Bayswater, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	
St. Alphonsus Seminary, Woodstock. (Roman Catholic).	
Collège des Dominicains, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	
Scolasticat des Montfortains, Eastview. (Roman Catholic).	Theological schools. Some have classical students, <i>i.e.</i> students in Philosophy, as well as Theological students.
College of Christ the King, Toronto. (Roman Catholic).	
St. Basil's Scolasticate, Toronto. (Roman Catholic).	
Mount Carmel College, Niagara. (Roman Catholic).	
St. Mary's College, Brockville. (Roman Catholic).	
Collège Séraphique, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	
Juvénat St-Alexis, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	Classical course preparatory to Theology, roughly equivalent to high school and junior college years.
St. Stanislas Noviciate, Guelph. (Roman Catholic).	
<i>University of Toronto, Toronto 5 (Provincial)...</i>	Degrees in the Faculties of Arts (including Pure Science, Commerce and Law), Education, Music, Household Science, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Forestry, Engineering and Applied Science (including Architecture), School of Graduate Studies. Diplomas in Social Science, Public Health, Public Health Nursing, Administrative Course for Graduate Nurses, Physical Education for Women, Occupational Therapy, Physiotherapy, Library School. A course in Education leads to High School teacher's certificate from provincial Department of Education (Co-educational).
St. Michael's College and Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto 5. (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and full Arts Course (Men and Women). Graduate course in Mediaeval studies. Federated with University of Toronto.
Victoria University (2 colleges), Toronto (United Church).	Arts Degree Course in Victoria College, theology in Emmanuel (Co-educational). Federated with University of Toronto.
Trinity College, Toronto 5 (Anglican).....	Degree Courses in Arts and Theology (Co-educational). Federated with University of Toronto.
Knox College, Toronto 5 (Presbyterian).....	Theology.
Wycliffe College, Toronto 5 (Anglican).....	Theology.
United Church Training School, Toronto...	Diploma courses in Deaconess and Missionary training (Women). Affiliated with Emmanuel College in Victoria University. Courses of the Canadian School of Missions also available.
Church of England Training House, Toronto	Diploma courses in Deaconess and Missionary training (Women). Courses given at Wycliffe College and at the Canadian School of Missions are available to students.
Canadian School of Missions, Toronto. (Mission Boards of Anglican, United and Presbyterian Churches).	Provides certain courses for missionary students and missionaries on furlough. All students have access to courses in the Theological Colleges—Knox, Victoria, Trinity and Wycliffe.
Ontario College of Pharmacy, St. James Sq., Toronto (Pharmacists).	Degree and diploma courses in Pharmacy. (Co-educational). Degrees from the University of Toronto.
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph (Provincial).	Degree and diploma courses in Agriculture and Household Science (Co-educational). Degrees from the University.
Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph (Provincial).	Degree Courses in Veterinary Science (Men). Degrees from the University.
<b>Manitoba</b>	
<i>University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in the faculties of Arts and Science (including Commerce), Education, Law, Medicine, Engineering and Architecture, Agriculture and household Science (Manitoba Agricultural College), Pharmacy diploma and high school teachers' course (Co-educational).
Manitoba Law School, Law Courts, Winnipeg (University and Law Society).	Four-year Course leading to degree of LL.B. in the University of Manitoba, admission to the Law Society, and call to the Bar.
United College (Wesley and Manitoba), Winnipeg (United Church).	Preparatory and full course in Arts and Theology. (Co-educational).
St. Paul's College, Winnipeg (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Men).
St. John's College, North Main St., Winnipeg (Anglican).	Preparatory, full course in Arts and Theology. (Co-educational).
Collège de St. Boniface, St. Boniface (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial and full course in Arts (Men).
Brandon College, Brandon (Baptist).....	Preparatory and full Arts Course. Diplomas in Music and Expression. (Co-educational.) Affiliated to McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont., by which institution all degrees in Arts have been granted. Became an affiliate of the University of Manitoba in 1938.

## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Concluded

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Saskatchewan</b>	
<i>University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in the Faculties of Arts and Science, Agriculture, Household Science, Engineering, Pharmacy, Law, Accounting, Education, Music (also course leading to provincial high school teacher's certificate). Pre-medical and pre-dental years. School of Physical Education. (Co-educational.)
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon (Anglican)...	Degree courses in Theology.
St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon (United Church).	" " "
Lutheran College and Seminary, Saskatoon (Lutheran).	Preparatory and Diploma Courses in Theology.
St. Chad's College, Regina (Anglican).....	Degree Course in Theology.
Regina College, Regina (Provincial).....	Preparatory and two years in Arts; Music, Expression and Fine Art. (Co-educational.)
Campion College, Regina (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and two years in Arts; (Boys).
Outlook College, Outlook (Nor. Lutheran)..	" " (Co-educational). Closed 1937.
St. Peter's College, Muenster (Roman Catholic).	" " (Boys).
Luther College, Regina (American Lutheran)	" " (Co-educational).
St. Thomas More College, Saskatoon. (Roman Catholic.)	Arts. (Co-educational.) Affiliated to University of Saskatchewan. Opened 1936.
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Boys).
Collège Thevenet, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic).	" " (Girls).
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Regina (Roman Catholic).	" " (Girls).
Couvent des SS. de la Providence, Prud'homme (Roman Catholic).	" " (Girls).
Notre Dame College, Wilcox (Roman Catholic).	" " (Co-educational).
<b>Alberta</b>	
<i>University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in Arts and Science, Commerce, Agriculture, Household Science, Engineering, Education (also course for high school teacher's certificate), Law, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Nursing. (Co-educational).
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton (United Church).	Theology, Arts classes taken in the University of Alberta (Men).
St. Joseph's College, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).	Instruction in Arts subjects, and religious instruction (Men). All students also registered in the University of Alberta.
St. Aidan's College, Edmonton (Anglican)...	Proposed Theological College, exists in constitution only.
Mount Royal College, Calgary (United Church).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial, Music and Two years Art (Co-educational).
Concordia College, Edmonton (Lutheran).....	A four-year high school and two-year Arts Course (Co-educational).
Canadian Junior College, Lacombe (Seventh Day Adventists).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial and two years Arts (Co-educational).
Collège des Jésuites, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Full Arts Course (Men). See under Laval University, Quebec.
Juniorat St-Jean-Apôtre, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts Classes (Male).
Académie Ste. Thérèse, Medicine Hat (Roman Catholic).	" " (Female).
<b>British Columbia</b>	
<i>University of British Columbia, Vancouver (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in Arts and Science (including Commerce), Engineering and Applied Science, Agriculture, Social Service and Nursing diplomas, high school teacher's training course (Co-educational).
Victoria College, Victoria (Municipal).....	Two years of Arts and Science (including Commerce) and one year of Applied Science, University of B.C. curriculum (Co-educational). A Junior College of the University of B.C. for convenience of residents of Vancouver Island.
Anglican Theological College of British Columbia, Vancouver (Anglican).	Degree courses in theology. Affiliated theological colleges of the University of British Columbia. They provide religious knowledge options for which credit is given by the University toward the B.A. degree.
Union College of British Columbia, Vancouver (United Church).	

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITY FACULTIES IN CANADA, SHOWING THE FULL-TIME ENROLMENT OF UNIVERSITY GRADE IN EACH BRANCH OF STUDY, 1937

NOTE.—This is a detailed list of the institutions or parts of institutions for which statistics are summarized in the ensuing tables. The name of each appears in the language, English or French, used in it as the main language of instruction. The figures opposite the name of each show full-time enrolment of university grade, i.e., in courses for which matriculation is pre-requisite, male and female separately. No record is included of part-time students (except in Post-Graduate Arts and Science where they cannot be separated), evening classes, short courses or extension students of any kind; nor of full-time students that are in courses for which matriculation is not pre-requisite, e.g., students in the high school or preparatory departments of colleges, or in diploma courses in agriculture, household science, music, etc. Students of all kinds are counted in the later tables but the more limited purpose of Table 2 is to show at what locations instruction in each branch of higher studies is available, and to indicate the approximate share of each institution in the total.

### 1. Post-Graduate Arts and Pure Science (In this section it is necessary to include part-time students of the regular session as well as full-time)—

	M.	F.
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	12	9
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	20	8
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.....	12	11
Mount Allison University, Wolfville, N.S. <i>Sackville, N.B.</i> .....	2	2
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.....	2	1
McGill University, Faculty of Graduate Studies and Research, Montreal, Que.....	139	33
<sup>1</sup> Université de Montréal, Faculté des Sciences sociales, économiques et politiques, Montréal, Qué.....	192	14
<sup>1</sup> Université de Montréal, Faculté des lettres, Montréal.....	50	200
<sup>1</sup> Université de Montréal, Faculté de philosophie, Montréal.....	16	14
<sup>1</sup> Université de Montréal, Faculté des sciences, Montréal.....	113	23
<sup>1</sup> Université Laval, Faculté de philosophie, Québec, Qué.....	11	1
<sup>1</sup> Université Laval, Ecole supérieure de chimie, Québec, Qué.....	19	.....
<sup>1</sup> Université Laval, Ecole normale supérieure, Québec, Qué.....	34	2
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	48	5
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont.....	10	2
Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	19	4
University of Toronto, School of Graduate Studies, Toronto, Ont.....	323	165
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	32	19
University of Manitoba, Fort Garry, Man.....	40	14
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	30	7
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	66	12
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	116	39

### 2. Undergraduate Arts and Pure Science (Full B.A. Course)—

#### PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—

St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown.....	57	.....
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#### NOVA SCOTIA—

Acadia University, Wolfville.....	209	110
Collège Ste-Anne, Church Point.....	x	.....
Dalhousie University, Halifax.....	243	105
King's College (University of), Halifax.....	40	16
Mt. St. Vincent College, Halifax.....	.....	79
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish.....	113	32
St. Mary's College, Halifax.....	56	.....

#### NEW BRUNSWICK—

Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Bathurst-ouest.....	60	.....
Mount Allison University, Sackville.....	183	67
St. Thomas College, Chatham.....	48	.....
Université St-Joseph, St. Joseph.....	107	.....
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton.....	109	58

#### QUEBEC—

Bishop's University, Lennoxville.....	87	34
McGill University, Montreal.....	554	424
Sir George Williams College, Montreal.....	65	26
Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université de Montréal:		
Collège de l'Assomption, L'Assomption.....	131	.....
Collège Bourget, Rigaud.....	137	.....
Collège Brébeuf, Montréal.....	215	.....
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette.....	135	.....
Loyola College, Montréal.....	137	.....

<sup>1</sup> All students in these faculties hold a bachelor's degree, but in a general classical course, not in specialized fields as is generally the case with students pursuing post-graduate studies in the English language universities.



## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

## 2. Undergraduates Arts and Pure Science—Concluded

## QUEBEC—Concluded

Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université de Montréal:—Fin		M.	F.
Collège de Montréal, Montréal.....	163	.....	.....
Séminaire St-Charles Borromée, Sherbrooke.....	135	.....	.....
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St-Hyacinthe.....	190	.....	.....
Collège de St-Jean, St-Jean.....	67	.....	.....
Collège St-Laurent, St-Laurent.....	191	.....	.....
Externat St-Sulpice, Montréal.....	110	.....	.....
Externat Ste-Croix, Montréal.....	101	.....	.....
Collège Ste-Marie, Montréal.....	196	.....	.....
Séminaire Ste-Thérèse, Ste-Thérèse.....	98	.....	.....
Séminaire de Valleyfield, Valleyfield.....	56	.....	.....
Collège Ste-Croix, Saint-Laurent.....	.....	23	.....
Collège Jésus et Marie, Outremont.....	.....	171	.....
Collège Marie-Anne, Lachine.....	.....	44	.....
Collège Marguerite Bourgeoys, Montréal.....	.....	92	.....
Collège Saint-Maurice, St-Hyacinthe.....	.....	16	.....
Collèges classiques affiliés à l'Université Laval:			
Séminaire de Québec, Québec.....	332	.....	.....
Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet.....	117	.....	.....
Collège de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière.....	138	.....	.....
Séminaire St-Joseph, Trois Rivières.....	153	.....	.....
Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski.....	94	.....	.....
Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi.....	84	.....	.....
Collège Classique de Lévis, Lévis.....	134	.....	.....
Séminaire St-Joseph, Mont-Laurier.....	43	.....	.....
Collège St-Alexandre, Pointe Gatineau.....	38	.....	.....
Séminaire de St-Victor, St-Victor de Beauce.....	42	.....	.....
Collège des Jésuites, Gaspé.....	16	.....	.....
Collège St-Charles Garnier, Québec.....	78	.....	.....
Séminaire St-Alphonse, Ste-Anne-de-Beaupré.....	62	.....	.....
Séminaire St-Antoine, Trois Rivières.....	48	.....	.....
Collège Jésus-Marie de Sillery, Bergerville.....	.....	21	.....

## ONTARIO—

McMaster University, Hamilton.....	310	204
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa (Colleges included).....	358	70
Collège Bruyère, Ottawa.....	.....	33
Collège Notre-Dame, Ottawa.....	.....	26
Séminaire St-Jean Vianney, Ottawa.....	40	.....
Queen's University, Kingston.....	389	316
Collège Sacré-Cœur, Sudbury.....	40	.....
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa.....	45	.....
University of Toronto, Toronto (colleges included).....	1,539	1,192
St. Michael's College and Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto.....	377	119
Trinity College, Toronto.....	253	136
Victoria College, Toronto.....	462	465
University of Western Ontario, London (colleges included).....	709	359
Assumption College, Windsor.....	290	55
Ursuline College, London.....	55	56
Waterloo College, Waterloo.....	41	27

## MANITOBA—

University of Manitoba, Winnipeg (colleges included).....	825	515
Brandon College, Brandon.....	87	81
Collège St-Boniface, St-Boniface.....	46	.....
St. John's College, Winnipeg.....	61	29
St. Paul's College, Winnipeg.....	70	.....
United College, Winnipeg.....	280	266

## SASKATCHEWAN—

Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg.....	47	.....
Notre Dame College, Wilcox.....	35	10
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon.....	542	258

## ALBERTA—

Collège des Jésuites, Edmonton.....	34	.....
University of Alberta, Edmonton.....	319	209

## BRITISH COLUMBIA—

University of British Columbia, Vancouver.....	807	537
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## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

## 3. Junior Colleges and Classical Schools of Roman Catholic Orders preparatory to theology.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—		M.	F.
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown.....		25	14
QUEBEC—			
Ecole St-Ignace (Jésuites), Montréal.....	}		
Maison St-Joseph (Jésuites), Sault-au-Récollet.....			
Juniorat de Marie-Immaculée (Oblats), Chambly-Bassin.....			
Collège Séraphique (Franciscains), Trois Rivières.....			
Collège missionnaire franciscain, Sorel.....			
Juvenat des Cisterciens (Trappistes), Mistassini.....			
Juniorat de la Compagnie de Marie, Papineauville.....			
Noviciat des Pères Capucins, Québec.....			
Ecole apostolique des Miss. du Sacré-Cœur, Beauport.....			
Juvenat des Pères Maristes, Sillery.....			
Congrégation de la Fraternité Sacerdotale, Pointe-du-Lac.....			
Cisterciens de la Commune Observance, N.D. de Val d'Espoir.....			
Cisterciens de l'Immaculée-Conception, St-Michel de Rougemont.....			
Juvenat St-Tharsicius, PP. du T.-S.-Sacrement, Terrebonne.....			
Juvenat St-Joseph, Congrégation de Ste-Croix, St-Hyacinthe.....			
Juvenat des Saints-Anges Clercs de St-Viateur, Berthierville.....			
Juvenat Champagnieur, Clercs de St-Viateur, L'Epiphanie.....			
Noviciat des PP. Bénédictins, St-Benoît du Lac.....			
		Estimated number, 450 males	
ONTARIO—			
Alma College, St. Thomas.....			7
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener.....		6	
St. Mary's College (Redemptorists), Brockville.....		14	
Mt. Carmel College (Carmelites), Niagara Falls.....		40	
Collège Séraphique (Capucins), Ottawa.....		x	
Juvenat St. Alexis (Servites de Marie), Ottawa.....		16	
St. Stanislas Noviciate (Jesuits), Guelph.....		x	
SASKATCHEWAN—			
Campion College, Regina.....		25	
Luther College, Regina.....		22	6
Regina College, Regina.....		56	47
St. Peter's College, Muenster.....		19	
ALBERTA—			
Canadian Junior College, Lacombe.....		12	24
Concordia College, Edmonton.....		12	
Mt. Royal College, Calgary.....		x	x
Juniorat St. Jean, Edmonton.....		x	x
BRITISH COLUMBIA—			
Victoria College, Victoria.....		83	50
4. Agriculture—			
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro, N.S.....		39	
Ecole Supérieure d'Agriculture, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière, Qué.....		84	
Institut Agricole d'Oka, La Trappe, Qué.....		108	
Macdonald College, Macdonald College, Qué.....		119	1
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont.....		473	6
Manitoba Agricultural College, Winnipeg, Man.....		67	1
College of Agriculture, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....		117	2
Faculty of Agriculture, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....		69	1
Faculty of Agriculture, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....		83	12
5. Architecture—			
Department of Architecture, Faculty of Applied Science, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....		30	
Ecole des Beaux-Arts, Montréal, Qué.....		28	
Ecole des Beaux-Arts, Québec, Qué.....		13	
School of Architecture, Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....		†	†
Faculty of Engineering and Architecture, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....		12	13
Faculty of Applied Science, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....		8	2

xRecord not available.

† Included in Applied Science and Engineering.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

6. Applied Science and Engineering—	M.	F.
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax, N.S.....	76	.....
<sup>2</sup> Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	51	.....
<sup>2</sup> Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	43	.....
<sup>2</sup> St. Mary's College, Halifax, N.S.....	57	.....
<sup>2</sup> St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.....	90	6
<sup>2</sup> Mt. Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	58	.....
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.....	58	.....
Faculty of Applied Science, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	365	.....
Ecole Polytechnique, Montréal, Qué.....	224	.....
Faculty of Applied Science, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	559	.....
Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	804	4
Royal Military College of Canada, Kingston, Ont.....	196	.....
Faculty of Engineering and Architecture, University of Manitoba, Winni- peg, Man.....	192	.....
College of Engineering, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask....	280	.....
Faculty of Applied Science, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	259	1
Faculty of Applied Science, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	366	.....
7. Commerce—		
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	23	3
St. Mary's College, Halifax, N.S.....	67	.....
Académie Commerciale, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	34	.....
Ecole des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, Montréal, Qué.....	194	.....
School of Commerce, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	160	13
Sir George Williams College, Montreal, Que.....	27	5
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	21	.....
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa, Ont.....	15	.....
University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	†	†
School of Commerce and Administration, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	103	16
Department of Business Administration, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	†	†
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	†	†
School of Accounting, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask....	49	11
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	65	28
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	†	†
8. Dentistry—		
Faculty of Dentistry, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	52	.....
Faculty of Dentistry, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	66	1
Faculté de Chirurgie Dentaire, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué... .....	68	.....
Faculty of Dentistry, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	197	3
Faculty of Medicine and Dentistry, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	65	.....
9. Education—		
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	4	6
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	7	9
Mt. Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	3	1
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que.....	5	4
McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	4	2
Institut pédagogique, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....		83
Institut pédagogique St-Georges, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué... .....	68	.....
Ontario College of Education, Toronto, Ont.....	132	202
Faculty of Education, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	73	41
College of Education, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask....	24	28
School of Education, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	20	24
Department of Education, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	15	27
10. Forestry—		
Department of Applied Science, University of New Brunswick, Frederic- ton, N.B.....	31	.....
Ecole d'Arpentage et de Génie forestier, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.. .....	58	.....
Faculty of Forestry, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	33	.....
Department of Forestry, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.. .....	†	.....

\* The pre-specialized years only of the Engineering course.

† Included in Arts.

‡ Included in Applied Science and Engineering.



## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

11. Home Economics—	M.	F.
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.		9
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.		71
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.		24
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.		70
Macdonald College, Macdonald College, Qué.		102
Ecole Ménagère Provinciale, 461 est, rue Sherbrooke, Montréal, Qué.	x	
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont.		228
Faculty of Household Science, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.		43
Manitoba Agricultural College, Winnipeg, Man.		258
School of Household Science, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.		116
School of Household Economics, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.		90
12. Law—		
Faculty of Law, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.	72	2
Faculty of Law, University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.	33	
Faculté de Droit, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.	93	
Faculté de Droit, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.	153	2
Faculty of Law, McGill University, Montreal, Que.	57	3
Department of Law, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.	†	†
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto, Ont.	337	10
Manitoba Law School, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.	60	2
College of Law, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.	42	
Faculty of Law, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.	55	4
13. Library Science—		
Library School, McGill University, Montreal, Que.		6
Ecole de bibliothécaires, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.		
Library School, Ontario College of Education, Toronto, Ont.	1	37
14. Medicine—		
Faculty of Medicine, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.	203	4
Faculté de Médecine, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.	270	2
Faculté de Médecine, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.	237	1
Faculty of Medicine, McGill University, Montreal, Que.	480	13
Faculty of Medicine, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.	294	
Faculty of Medicine, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.	795	77
Faculty of Medicine, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.	214	12
Faculty of Medicine, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.	242	19
School of Medical Sciences (pre-clinical years only), University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.	44	6
Faculty of Medicine, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.	195	10
15. Music (Degree Courses in Music)—		
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.		4
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.	1	8
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.		10
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.		7
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que.		
Université Laval, Québec, Qué.		17
Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.	15	41
McGill University, Montreal, Que.	2	29
University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.		
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.	3	8
16. Nursing (Post-Graduate)—		
School of Graduate Nurses, McGill University, Montreal, Que.		28
Ecole d'Hygiène sociale appliquée, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.		23
Institut Marguerite d'Youville, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.		56
Université Laval, Québec, Qué.	x	
School of Nursing, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.		100
School of Hygiene, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.	x	
Faculty of Public Health, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.		11
School of Nursing, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.		53
School of Nursing, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.		113
Department of Nursing and Health, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.		72

x Record not available.

† Included in Arts.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	M.	F.
<b>17. Optometry—</b>		
Ecole d'Optométrie, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	16	.....
College of Optometry of Canada, 138 St. George St., Toronto, Ont.....	x	.....
<b>18. Pharmacy—</b>		
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Halifax, N.S.....	7	3
Ecole de Pharmacie, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	19	.....
Ecole de Pharmacie, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	60	.....
Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto, Ont.....	181	12
Pharmacy Department, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	45	3
College of Pharmacy, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	47	8
School of Pharmacy, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	44	10
<b>19. Physical Education—</b>		
The School of Physical Education, McGill University, Montreal, Que....	3	19
The Margaret Eaton School, Toronto, Ont.....		34
University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	x	x
School of Physical Education, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....		6
<b>20. Secretarial Science—</b>		
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	3	14
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....		16
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	7	12
<b>21. Social Service—</b>		
Montreal School of Social Work, 3480 University St., Montreal, Que.....		16
Department of Social Science, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	12	57
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	7	25
<b>22. Therapy, Occupational and Physio therapy—</b>		
Department of Extension, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....		31
<b>23. Veterinary Science—</b>		
Ecole de Médecine vétérinaire, Oka, Qué.....	49	.....
Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph, Ont.....	218	.....
<b>24. Theology—</b>		
<b>BAPTIST CHURCH—</b>		
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	41	.....
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont.....	24	.....
<b>CHURCH OF ENGLAND—</b>		
King's College, Halifax, N.S.....	12	.....
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que.....	11	.....
Diocesan Theological College, Montreal, Que.....	10	.....
Trinity College, Toronto, Ont.....	19	.....
Wycliffe College, Toronto, Ont.....	59	.....
Church of England Training School, Toronto, Ont.....		13
Huron College, London, Ont.....	21	.....
St. John's College, Winnipeg, Man.....	6	.....
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon, Sask.....	38	.....
St. Chad's College, Regina, Sask.....	9	.....
Anglican Theological College, Vancouver, B.C.....	13	.....
<b>LUTHERAN CHURCH—</b>		
Waterloo College, Waterloo, Ont.....	11	.....
Lutheran College Seminary, Saskatoon, Sask.....	17	.....
<b>PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—</b>		
Presbyterian Theological College, Montreal, Que.....	24	.....
Knox College, Toronto, Ont.....	54	.....
<b>UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA—</b>		
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax, N.S.....	63	.....
United Theological College, Montreal, Que.....	14	.....
Queen's Theological College, Kingston, Ont.....	10	.....
Victoria University (Emmanuel College), Toronto, Ont.....	67	6
United Church Training School, Toronto, Ont.....		22
United College, Winnipeg, Man.....	34	4
St. Andrews College, Saskatoon, Sask.....	40	.....
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton, Alta.....	32	1
Union College of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	16	.....

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Concluded

## 24. Theology—Concluded

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (SECULAR CLERGY)—		M.	F.
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax, N.S.	77	.....	.....
Université Laval (Grand Séminaire), Québec, Qué.	160	.....	.....
Université de Montréal (Grand Séminaire), Montréal, Qué.	300	.....	.....
Séminaire des Missions Étrangères, Pont-Viau, Qué.	43	.....	.....
Grand Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.	x	.....	.....
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto, Ont.	136	.....	.....
Chinese Missions Seminary, Scarboro Bluffs, Ont.	51	.....	.....
St. Peter's Seminary, London, Ont.	128	.....	.....
ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (CLERGY IN COMMUNITIES)—			
Compagnie de Saint-Sulpice (Sulpiciens), Montréal, Canadian College at Rome, Italy	x	.....	.....
Compagnie de Jésus (Jésuites), Montréal, Qué.	156	.....	.....
Cleres de Saint-Viateur, Joliette, Qué.	75	.....	.....
Congrégation de Sainte-Croix, Montréal et St-Laurent	116	.....	.....
Ordres des Franciscains ou Frères-Mineurs (Franciscains), Montréal et Québec, Qué.	85	.....	.....
Cisterciens de la Stricte Observance (Trappistes), Notre-Dame-du-Lac, Qué.	15	.....	.....
Congrégation de Jésus et Marie (Eudistes), Charlesbourg Qué.	33	.....	.....
Ordre des Frères-Mineurs (Capucins), Pte-aux-Trembles, Qué.	43	.....	.....
Congrégation du Très Saint Sacrement, Montréal, Qué.	29	.....	.....
Scolasticat de philosophie (Oblats), Richelieu, Qué.	85	.....	.....
Missionnaires Oblats de Marie Immaculée (Oblats), Ottawa, Ont.	128	.....	.....
Missionary Oblates of Mary Immaculate (Oblates), Orleans, Ont.	32	.....	.....
Company of Jesus (Jesuits), Toronto, Ont.	52	.....	.....
Order of St. Basil (Basilian Fathers), Toronto, Ont.	40	.....	.....
Congregation of the Resurrection, London, Ont.	x	.....	.....
Ordre des Dominicains, Ottawa, Ont.	87	.....	.....
Congrégation du Très-Saint-Rédempteur (Rédemptoristes), Ottawa, Ont.	60	.....	.....
Congregation of the Very Holy Redeemer (Redemptorists), Woodstock, Ont.	58	.....	.....
Compagnie de Marie (Montfortians), Eastview, Ont.	50	.....	.....
Pères Blancs (Missionnaires d'Afrique), Eastview, Ont.	39	.....	.....
Regina Cleri Seminary (Franciscans), Regina, Sask.	12	.....	.....

x Record not available.



## 3.—Full-Time Students of the Regular Session by Provinces and Faculties

Province	Undergraduates																Post-Graduates			Others					
	Arts	Pure Science	Agriculture	Architecture	Commerce	Dentistry	Education	Engineering and Applied Science	Forestry	Household Science	Law	Medicine	Music	Public Health and Nursing	Pharmacy	Social Service	Theology	Veterinary Science	Others.		Total (excl. duplicates)	Arts and Science	Theology	Total	Pre-matriculation
Prince Edward Island.....	86	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	100	—	—	—	470
Nova Scotia.....	889	*93	39	—	107	52	30	323	—	104	74	207	23	7	9	—	179	—	—	17	2,123	70	14	84	256
New Brunswick.....	510	88	—	—	24	—	4	116	31	70	33	29	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	912	7	—	7	453
Quebec.....	35,164	367	280	30	433	135	253	584	58	114	306	997	118	107	79	30	880	48	386	10,353	3554	15	656	12,895	
Ontario.....	35,753	*20	4475	—	155	198	333	1,536	33	215	349	1,354	—	111	193	69	837	218	43	11,837	3484	38	614	2,067	
Manitoba.....	1,697	*	68	25	—	—	103	192	—	258	62	261	—	—	48	—	39	—	—	—	2,736	27	13	51	466
Saskatchewan.....	863	*	108	—	60	—	52	277	—	116	42	50	11	—	55	—	102	—	6	1,742	32	—	48	472	
Alberta.....	504	166	70	10	93	65	38	260	—	90	59	205	—	127	54	—	23	—	—	1,722	78	10	105	242	
British Columbia.....	1,477	*	76	—	—	—	42	358	—	—	—	—	—	72	—	32	26	—	—	—	2,083	155	3	185	5
Canada.....	16,923	734	1,116	265	882	450	855	3,646	122	967	925	3,103	159	424	438	131	2,086	266	456	33,608	1,407	93	1,750	17,326	

\*Included with Arts by many Universities.

†The complete full time enrolment in agriculture, including diploma and degree courses is 574, household science 238.

‡To this figure should be added 41 students in the architecture section of the écoles des beaux arts in Montreal and Quebec.

§Includes Philosophy.

## 3A.—Full-time Students in Arts and Pure Science, by Province and Academic Years

Province	Preparatory Year	Undergraduate Years							Post-graduate Years
		First	Second	Third	Fourth	Fifth	Un-specified by Years	Total	
Prince Edward Island.....	470	50	28	7	11			96	
Nova Scotia <sup>1</sup> .....	222	260	188	174	157		348	1,127	71
New Brunswick <sup>1</sup> .....	453	253	255	221	169			898	19
Quebec <sup>1</sup> .....	16,128	1,480	1,365	1,201	1,007		461	5,514	2,581
Ontario <sup>1</sup> .....	1,490	1,462	1,200	1,092	698		1,181	5,633	433
Manitoba.....	466	561	512	323	269	26		1,691	27
Saskatchewan.....	471	45	405	194	227		45	916	32
Alberta <sup>1</sup> .....	221	65	81	6	10		539	701	78
British Columbia <sup>1</sup> .....		551	406	312	248			1,517	155
Total in colleges giving undergraduates by years.....	18,466	4,727	4,440	3,530	2,796	26	24	15,543	808
Total, all colleges (excluding duplicates)...	19,921	4,727	4,440	3,530	2,796	26	2,574	18,093	1,396

<sup>1</sup>Includes some students in addition to those in Arts and Pure Science, full-time.<sup>2</sup>See Note 1, Table 2.

## 4.—Part-time and Short Course Students by Province and Grade of Work

Province and Courses	Undergraduates		Post Graduates		Others	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Nova Scotia.....	146	167	25	10	6,597	3,597
Part-time Arts.....	34	26	5	2		
Agriculture.....	—	—	—	—	1	—
Music.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Theology.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	—	4	—	—	—	—
Summer School.....	76	113	20	8	—	—
Other Short Courses.....	8	—	—	—	79	69
Evening Classes.....	2	—	—	—	—	—
Correspondence.....	26	24	—	—	17	28
Other Extramural.....	—	—	—	—	6,500	3,500
New Brunswick.....	220	150	1	5	84	86
Part-time Arts.....	36	5	—	—	—	—
Agriculture.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Theology.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Summer School.....	149	128	1	5	8	33
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Evening Classes.....	—	—	—	—	73	52
Correspondence.....	35	17	—	—	3	1
Other Extramural.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	496	188	6	10	3,334	4,844
Part-time Arts.....	9	3	—	—	237	237
Agriculture.....	—	—	—	—	17	2
Music.....	—	—	—	—	984	1,478
Theology.....	5	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	—	1	—	—	32	428
Summer School.....	—	43	6	2	24	875
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	—	8	288	953
Evening Classes.....	328	92	—	—	1,423	458
Correspondence.....	151	49	—	—	329	63
Other Extramural.....	3	—	—	—	—	350
Ontario (excluding duplicates).....	2,902	3,670	382	93	6,057	4,563
Part-time Arts.....	624	734	101	72	88	41
Agriculture.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music.....	30	20	—	—	—	165
Theology.....	6	2	4	—	3	42
Other.....	185	33	106	7	107	608
Summer School.....	700	1,003	33	4	306	664
Other Short Courses.....	10	2	—	8	1,084	751
Evening Classes.....	452	725	—	—	2,266	1,488
Correspondence.....	880	1,264	101	—	1,269	195
Other Extramural.....	54	—	28	2	934	609

## 4.—Part-time and Short Course Students by Province and Grade of Work—Concluded

Provinces and Courses	Undergraduates		Post Graduates		Others	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Manitoba (excluding duplicates).....	198	276	30	11	728	755
Part-time Arts.....	5	11	12	10	8	3
Agriculture.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music.....	—	—	—	—	1	5
Theology.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	—	13	18	1	—	—
Summer School.....	155	243	—	—	210	218
Other Short Courses.....	18	11	—	—	172	20
Evening Classes.....	7	5	—	—	337	509
Correspondence.....	9	1	—	—	—	—
Other Extramural.....	4	—	—	—	—	—
Saskatchewan.....	971	532	62	15	989	280
Part-time Arts.....	91	72	3	2	—	—
Agriculture.....	6	1	1	—	—	—
Music.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Theology.....	—	2	—	—	—	—
Other.....	23	10	—	—	—	—
Summer School.....	450	256	—	—	2	134
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	—	—	969	107
Evening Classes.....	23	25	—	—	18	39
Correspondence.....	378	166	16	—	—	—
Other Extramural.....	—	—	42	13	—	—
Alberta.....	317	124	—	—	70	117
Part-time Arts.....	30	21	—	—	—	—
Agriculture.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music.....	—	—	—	—	46	90
Theology.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	—	—	—	—	15	23
Summer School.....	246	90	—	—	9	4
Other Short Courses.....	22	—	—	—	—	—
Evening Classes.....	19	13	—	—	—	—
Correspondence.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Extramural.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
British Columbia.....	633	299	—	—	—	—
Part-time Arts.....	8	14	—	—	—	—
Agriculture.....	1	—	—	—	—	—
Music.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Theology.....	18	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	4	8	—	—	—	—
Summer School.....	418	208	—	—	—	—
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Evening Classes.....	82	48	—	—	—	—
Correspondence.....	10	—	—	—	—	—
Other Extramural.....	92	21	—	—	—	—
Total Canada (excluding duplicates).....	5,883	5,406	506	144	17,859	14,242
Part-time Arts.....	837	886	130	86	333	281
Agriculture.....	7	1	1	—	18	2
Music.....	30	20	—	—	1,031	1,738
Theology.....	29	4	4	—	3	42
Other.....	212	69	124	8	154	1,059
Summer School.....	2,194	2,084	60	19	559	1,928
Other Short Courses.....	58	13	—	16	2,592	1,900
Evening Classes.....	913	908	—	—	4,117	2,546
Correspondence.....	1,489	1,521	117	—	1,618	287
Other Extramural.....	153	21	70	15	7,434	4,459



## 5.—Summary of All Students Reported, Classified by Grade of Work.

Province	A. Students of University Grade		B. Pre- matriculation students		C. All students not in A. or B.		Total enrolment (excluding duplicates)		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
Prince Edward Island...	86	14	197	273	—	—	283	287	570
Nova Scotia.....	1,848	707	268	34	6,604	3,640	8,720	4,381	13,101
New Brunswick.....	922	373	464	34	73	52	1,459	459	1,918
Quebec.....	9,902	1,807	9,019	5,322	3,319	7,107	22,240	14,236	36,476
Ontario.....	12,515	6,396	1,989	251	6,163	4,839	20,667	11,486	32,153
Manitoba.....	1,985	1,294	476	33	761	795	3,232	2,122	5,354
Saskatchewan.....	2,363	1,005	387	85	1,037	283	3,789	1,373	5,162
Alberta.....	1,588	680	205	50	138	137	1,931	867	2,798
British Columbia.....	2,139	1,061	5	—	9	2	2,153	1,063	3,216
Canada.....	33,360	13,337	13,010	6,082	18,104	16,855	64,474	36,274	100,748

## 6.—Summary of All Students Reported, Classified as Full-Time, Part-Time, Short Course, etc.

Province	Full-time students		Part time students of the regular session		Short course, evening, extra mural, and extension students		Total enrolment (excluding duplicates)		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
Prince Edward Island...	283	287	—	—	—	—	283	287	570
Nova Scotia.....	1,952	607	40	32	6,728	3,742	8,720	4,381	13,101
New Brunswick.....	1,154	218	36	5	269	236	1,459	459	1,918
Quebec.....	18,404	9,194	1,284	2,149	2,552	2,893	22,240	14,236	36,476
Ontario.....	11,560	3,513	1,263	1,724	8,078	6,602	20,667	11,486	32,153
Manitoba.....	2,276	1,080	44	35	912	1,007	3,232	2,122	5,354
Saskatchewan.....	1,767	546	124	87	1,898	740	3,789	1,373	5,162
Alberta.....	1,544	626	91	134	296	107	1,931	867	2,798
British Columbia.....	1,520	764	31	22	602	277	2,153	1,063	3,216
Canada.....	40,460	16,835	2,913	4,188	21,335	15,604	64,474	36,274	100,748

## 7.—Summary of Degrees and Diplomas Granted

University	Diplomas and Certificate		Bachelor		Master and Licentiate		Doctor <sup>3</sup>		Total	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Dalhousie—King's <sup>1</sup> .....	20	9	125	39	8	5	*3	—	156	53
Acadia.....	4	12	62	66	12	3	—	—	78	81
St. Francis Xavier.....	10	3	38	11	2	1	*1	*1	51	16
New Brunswick.....	—	—	59	10	5	—	—	—	66	76
Mount Allison.....	9	16	44	28	2	—	—	—	57	44
Bishop's.....	6	4	26	8	4	—	—	—	42	13
McGill.....	2	38	389	121	32	9	37	3	460	171
Laval.....	420	1,128	425	59	41	—	27	—	820	136
Montréal.....	113	26	629	7	131	15	32	1	885	100
Toronto.....	15	166	932	385	73	30	42	6	1,063	587
Victoria <sup>2</sup> .....	29	—	9	1	—	—	*2	—	40	1
Trinity <sup>2</sup> .....	—	—	2	—	5	—	2	—	10	—
Western.....	4	8	200	100	11	3	—	—	220	111
Queen's.....	—	—	260	183	17	3	*6	—	283	86
Ottawa.....	—	—	87	27	39	1	—	—	134	28
McMaster.....	1	1	115	76	4	3	—	—	123	80
Manitoba.....	44	37	254	162	15	2	*3	—	324	201
Saskatchewan.....	106	85	244	98	20	5	—	—	372	188
Alberta.....	16	22	224	108	19	—	*2	—	281	130
British Columbia.....	18	54	225	101	38	9	2	—	283	104
Other Institutions.....	312	165	283	23	32	—	16	—	643	188
<b>Total</b> .....	<b>1,129</b>	<b>1,774</b>	<b>4,632</b>	<b>1,513</b>	<b>510</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>6,469</b>	<b>3,388</b>
										<b>9,857</b>

\*Honorary degrees: In McGill 9 of the Doctor's degrees were honorary, in Laval 33, in Montréal 4, in Ottawa 4, in Toronto 14, in Western 4, in Manitoba 10, in Alberta 1, in "other institutions" 10.

<sup>1</sup>All degrees except those in theology granted by Dalhousie.

<sup>2</sup>All degrees except those in theology entered under Toronto.

<sup>3</sup>Medical, dental and veterinary doctors included in "bachelor" column.

<sup>4</sup>The licence in the French language universities is the next degree in advance of bachelor, as the Master's degree is in the English.





## 9.—Teaching Staffs

	Arts, Letters and Pure Science						Professional Faculties						Pre-matriculation						Total teaching staff (excluding duplicates)					
	Full time			Part time			Full time			Part time			Full time			Part time			Full time			Part time		
	M.		F.	M.	F.		M.	F.		M.	F.		M.	F.		M.	F.		M.	F.		M.	F.	
Prince Edward Island.....	16		2				1						17	5					30	5				
Nova Scotia.....	119	12	30	8			50	20		120	7		10			8			179	32		158	15	
New Brunswick.....	49	1	29	1			6	3		1	2		34			4			89	4		32	3	
Quebec <sup>1</sup> .....	771	63	46	9			345	31		674	24		486	193		35			1,605	288		745	53	
Ontario <sup>1</sup> .....	539	83	203	102			410	67		679	73		122	14		13			1,090	168		856	171	
Manitoba.....	97	12	16				46	17		113	3		17			15			172	29		120	3	
Saskatchewan.....	66	14	15	2			84	29		25	10		24	5		19			182	49		43	11	
Alberta.....	55	8	14	1			52	5		104	12		22	3		16			138	16		116	18	
British Columbia.....	60	18	35	14			38	2		14	1								98	20		49	15	
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>1,772</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>388</b>	<b>137</b>			<b>1,032</b>	<b>174</b>		<b>1,730</b>	<b>132</b>		<b>732</b>	<b>220</b>		<b>110</b>			<b>3,583</b>	<b>611</b>		<b>2,119</b>	<b>289</b>	

<sup>1</sup>Division of full time and part time estimated in Université de Montréal and University of Toronto.

## 10.—Financial Statistics

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	†Que.	†Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Canada
<b>Receipts—</b>										
Investments and other property.....	900	212,594	38,702	1,050,434	693,070	59,027	5,141	26,798	18,485	2,105,151
Provincial government—										
(a) Annual grant.....	45,425	172,246	35,000	894,294	13,157,440	289,648	492,500	399,650	359,389	5,815,592
(b) Special grants.....	—	—	11,567	169,000	94,191	—	6,955	149,831	—	431,574
City or municipality.....	—	—	—	30,000	45,000	—	—	—	8,081	83,051
Fees from students.....	11,192	363,089	144,486	2,091,849	1,908,357	422,114	218,527	319,562	312,315	5,791,491
Board and lodging.....	30,021	296,878	130,784	1,367,045	631,529	57,600	91,402	91,117	—	2,696,379
Gifts or bequests.....	—	105,258	6,660	734,605	70,091	24,275	21,257	3,110	—	965,316
Sale of bonds or debentures.....	—	—	—	—	2,959	—	—	—	—	2,959
Short term loans.....	—	4,326	33,325	156,884	209	—	—	2,300	—	197,044
Other sources.....	—	61,040	31,893	292,896	816,584	70,030	116,429	54,030	91,299	1,594,201
<b>Total Receipts 1936-37.....</b>	<b>87,538</b>	<b>1,215,461</b>	<b>432,417</b>	<b>6,630,123</b>	<b>7,576,105</b>	<b>922,903</b>	<b>922,271</b>	<b>1,046,398</b>	<b>789,569</b>	<b>19,622,765</b>
<b>Total Receipts 1935-36.....</b>	<b>75,371</b>	<b>1,013,145</b>	<b>370,309</b>	<b>6,426,462</b>	<b>7,315,262</b>	<b>887,989</b>	<b>980,046</b>	<b>912,840</b>	<b>700,271</b>	<b>15,654,595</b>
<b>Expenditure—</b>										
New buildings, land or permanent improvements.....	—	28,140	1,600	107,315	225,095	—	20,929	73,631	—	456,710
Repayment of principal of loans—	—	6,000	13,000	43,400	88,100	—	900	2,381	—	153,781
(a) Bonds or debentures.....	—	800	22,114	—	58,415	—	2,821	—	—	88,450
(b) Short term loans.....	—	21,658	38,019	105,029	92,032	20,508	13,940	2,300	1,000	450,199
Interest on loans and debentures.....	87,538	1,150,066	357,404	5,858,294	7,012,383	898,388	942,831	817,896	805,003	17,929,803
Other expenditure.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Total Expenditure 1936-37.....</b>	<b>87,538</b>	<b>1,206,664</b>	<b>432,137</b>	<b>6,114,038</b>	<b>7,476,025</b>	<b>918,896</b>	<b>981,421</b>	<b>1,054,151</b>	<b>806,003</b>	<b>19,076,873</b>
<b>Total Expenditure 1935-36.....</b>	<b>77,946</b>	<b>1,037,560</b>	<b>386,424</b>	<b>6,612,010</b>	<b>7,135,346</b>	<b>898,094</b>	<b>1,021,152</b>	<b>963,703</b>	<b>696,067</b>	<b>18,768,302</b>
<b>Assets—</b>										
Value of Endowments and other revenue yielding property.....	46,000	4,700,058	860,161	22,371,629	12,041,538	1,294,722	96,225	595,979	99,362	42,105,674
Value of land, buildings and equipment.....	735,000	6,702,886	3,148,049	53,494,919	43,676,090	3,793,501	6,900,798	5,788,574	3,183,667	127,485,084
Arrears of revenue collectible.....	2,000	22,156	68,743	393,367	220,285	29,960	34,240	30,951	—	806,802
Other assets.....	—	245,371	19,076	1,990,558	470,442	262,890	270,561	427,209	184,083	3,870,280
<b>Total Assets 1936-37.....</b>	<b>783,000</b>	<b>11,670,471</b>	<b>4,096,209</b>	<b>78,250,473</b>	<b>56,408,955</b>	<b>5,351,073</b>	<b>7,361,914</b>	<b>6,848,812</b>	<b>3,467,112</b>	<b>174,267,840</b>
<b>Total Assets 1935-36.....</b>	<b>786,000</b>	<b>11,456,435</b>	<b>4,108,948</b>	<b>77,075,078</b>	<b>53,495,010</b>	<b>5,170,251</b>	<b>7,638,469</b>	<b>6,475,306</b>	<b>3,606,895</b>	<b>169,813,642</b>

†Includes Dominion Government expenditure on Royal Military College.

†Incomplete.

## 11.—Library Statistics

NOTE.—Institutions are arranged in alphabetical order according to post office.

Name and Address	Volumes	Pamphlets	Seats for Readers	Periodicals Received
<b>Prince Edward Island—</b>				
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown.....	3,185	—	56	30
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown.....	7,262	x	20	26
<b>Nova Scotia—</b>				
Mount St. Bernard College, Antigonish.....	3,917	520	50	43
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish.....	46,890	5,400	50	56
Collège Ste-Anne, Church Point.....	5,090	600	x	18
Dalhousie University, Halifax.....	53,000	12,000	136	254
Dental Library.....	1,312	1,000	24	33
Medical Library.....	15,000	x	x	200
Law School.....	13,000	x	x	50
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax.....	9,000	x	20	30
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Halifax.....	318	x	—	8
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax.....	15,000	1,000	36	50
N.S. Technical College & Provincial Science Library, Halifax.	†101,392	x	50	x
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax.....	18,100	500	34	34
St. Mary's College, Halifax.....	6,000	200	60	20
University of King's College, Halifax.....	23,471	925	40	18
N.S. Agricultural College, Truro.....	4,000	7,000	20	35
Acadia University, Wolfville.....	72,980	x	125	183
<b>New Brunswick—</b>				
Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Bathurst.....	4,500	1,000	—	22
St. Thomas College, Chatham.....	4,400	750	25	20
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton.....	30,000	6,000	125	32
Mount Allison University, Sackville.....	38,226	x	150	116
Université Saint-Joseph (1935), St. Joseph.....	12,020	540	x	75
<b>Quebec—</b>				
Ecole Apostolique, Miss. du Sacré-Cœur, Beauport.....	3,820	210	—	11
Collège Jésus-Marie de Silery, Bergerville.....	10,000	x	50	30
Noviciat, PP. Bénédictins, Bolton Centre.....	3,000	—	—	15
Juniorat de Marie-Immaculée, Chambly Bassin.....	7,000	x	x	35
Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi.....	30,000	20,000	—	25
Postulat des Pères Blancs, Everell.....	2,000	—	—	10
Séminaire de Gaspé, Gaspé.....	4,800	x	x	39
Séminaire des Pères Eudistes, Gros Pin.....	7,100	—	x	16
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette.....	40,000	5,000	—	50
Collège de l'Assomption, L'Assomption.....	17,950	2,200	—	45
Institut Agricole d'Oka et Ecole de Médecine Vétérinaire, La				
Trappe.....	4,537	18,300	32	56
Bishop's University, Lennoxville.....	15,600	—	50	45
Collège de Lévis, Lévis.....	30,633	2,740	—	22
Macdonald College, Macdonald College.....	28,493	3,150	7	192
Juvénat St-Bernard, Mistassini.....	3,900	1,000	2	5
Séminaire Saint-Joseph (1935), Mistassini.....	20,050	x	x	18
Collège de Montréal, Montréal.....	50,000	x	x	30
Collège Jean-de-Brébeuf, Montréal.....	18,225	1,000	—	27
Collège Marguerite Bourgeoys, Montréal.....	23,564	2,000	24	83
Collège St-Ignace, Montréal.....	3,900	—	—	—
Collège Ste-Marie.....	81,000	25,000	x	40
Divinity Hall.....	9,658	1,000	40	32
Ecole des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, Montréal.....	38,568	9,295	x	x
Ecole Polytechnique, Montréal.....	30,000	x	30	500
Externat Classique de St-Sulpice, Montréal.....	2,000	1,000	—	10
Externat Classique de Ste-Croix, Montréal.....	3,500	200	—	20
Loyola College, Montréal.....	16,742	—	x	30
McGill University, Montréal.....	320,000	x	236	912
Medical Library.....	53,300	21,209	60	442
Montreal Diocesan Theological College, Montreal.....	11,200	—	30	—
Montreal Presbyterian College, Montreal.....	12,480	80	12	14
Scolasticat de l'Immaculée-Conception, Montréal.....	80,000	2,500	x	125
Scolasticat du Très-Saint Sacrement, Montréal.....	15,000	3,000	—	52
Séminaire de Philosophie, Montréal.....	10,000	1,800	—	45
Studium Franciscain, Montréal.....	6,000	3,000	15	50
United Theological College, Montréal.....	9,661	x	4	8
Université de Montréal, Montréal—				
Faculté de Chirurgie-dentaire.....	1,178	925	—	24
Commerce.....	x	x	x	x
Droit.....	1,800	—	40	—
Génie et sciences appliquées.....	x	x	x	x
Médecine.....	25,000	—	x	x
Philosophie.....	500	—	—	—
Sciences (Institut Botanique).....	10,000	12,000	6	500
Théologie.....	27,000	2,600	x	x
Ecole de Pharmacie.....	923	1,103	—	8
Sciences Sociales.....	3,050	1,300	x	12
Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet.....	41,500	5,200	x	38
Juniorat Montfortain, Papineauville.....	6,500	1,500	15	22
Maison d'Etudes (F.M. Capucins), Pointe-aux-Trembles.....	12,500	1,500	x	10

x Not stated.

† Including pamphlets.

## 11.—Library Statistics—Continued

Name and Address	Volumes	Pamphlets	Seats for Readers	Periodicals Received
<b>Quebec—Concluded</b>				
Collège St-Alexandre, Pointe-Gatineau.....	8,000	—	*	30
Séminaire des Missions Étrangères, Pont Viau.....	7,800	275	—	25
Académie Commerciale, Québec.....	17,000	1,500	30	40
Collège St-Charles Garnier, Québec.....	3,230	3,000	—	6
Noviciat des Pères Capucins, Québec.....	12,000	1,500	6	50
Université Laval, Québec.....	†221,322	*	78	426
Collège Bourget, Rigaud.....	31,000	10,000	6	64
Grand Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski.....	2,107	200	—	8
Petit Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski.....	27,500	1,300	—	32
Juvénat des Rédemptoristes, Ste-Anne de Beaupré.....	9,500	500	—	4
Collège de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne de la Pocatière.....	51,465	2,000	*	74
Ecole Supérieure d'Agriculture, Ste-Anne de la Pocatière.....	5,000	15,000	50	160
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St-Hyacinthe.....	48,000	2,000	—	110
Collège de St-Jean, St-Jean.....	8,870	*	—	—
Collège de St-Laurent, St-Laurent.....	39,260	3,685	14	63
Séminaire Ste-Croix, St-Laurent.....	1,557	100	—	3
Séminaire de Ste-Thérèse, Ste-Thérèse.....	37,350	350	3	15
Séminaire du Sacré-Coeur, St. Victor de Tring.....	12,000	500	—	10
Maison St-Joseph (Jésuites), Sault-Au-Récollet.....	28,410	1,580	*	30
Séminaire de Sherbrooke, Sherbrooke.....	26,500	1,700	*	75
Juvénat des Pères Maristes, Sillery.....	4,002	*	—	—
Collège Miss. Franciscain, Sorel.....	1,055	—	—	—
Juvénat du Très-Saint Sacrement, Terrebonne.....	11,180	2,512	—	20
Collège Séraphique, Trois-Rivières.....	8,000	600	—	30
Séminaire St-Joseph, Trois-Rivières.....	10,578	*	—	39
Séminaire St-Thomas d'Aquin, Valleyfield.....	13,000	6,000	*	20
Scolasticat Notre-Dame, Village Richelieu.....	11,000	*	—	45
Scolasticat du Sacré-Coeur, Waterloo.....	816	—	—	8
<b>Ontario—</b>				
St. Mary's College, Brockville.....	8,447	1,486	—	10
Scolasticat, Compagnie de Marie, Eastview.....	10,750	725	—	30
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.....	40,755	14,800	124	203
McMaster University, Hamilton.....	47,000	2,500	120	150
Queen's University, Kingston.....	174,807	1,500	250	549
Royal Military College, Kingston.....	12,000	*	65	65
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener.....	8,000	400	46	25
Huron College, London.....	7,500	—	—	—
St. Peter's Seminary, London.....	7,474	565	50	23
University of Western Ontario, London.....	132,388	*	367	500
Ursuline College (Brescia Hall), London.....	8,000	1,000	24	15
Mount Carmel College, Niagara Falls.....	8,500	10	40	10
Collège Dominican, Ottawa.....	21,150	1,550	12	35
Grand Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....	6,000	1,800	—	16
Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....	1,200	500	—	—
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa.....	13,350	2,121	50	—
Scholasticat des Rédemptoristes, Ottawa.....	18,000	1,750	*	—
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....	85,000	10,000	30	500
Holy Rosary Scholasticat, Ottawa, R.R. 1.....	4,830	1,000	10	17
Alma College, St. Thomas.....	2,000	—	12	20
Collège Sacré-Coeur, Sudbury.....	11,000	2,000	—	15
Knox College, Toronto.....	36,040	—	43	35
Ontario College of Education, Toronto.....	16,550	4,700	100	110
Dept. of Educational Research.....	1,400	—	—	17
Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto.....	1,267	160	12	12
Osgoode Hall Law School (1935), Toronto.....	5,434	—	*	3
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto.....	12,000	—	*	30
St. Michael's College, Toronto.....	12,678	350	30	61
Toronto Bible College, Toronto.....	5,000	200	60	70
Toronto Conservatory of Music, Toronto.....	2,022	606	8	—
Trinity College, Toronto.....	37,737	*	61	40
United Church Training School Toronto.....	2,600	—	—	—
University of Toronto, Toronto.....	339,261	121,909	600	3,000
Dental Library.....	5,000	9,000	18	82
School of Hygiene.....	3,600	*	20	84
Victoria University, Toronto.....	80,000	1,000	260	120
Wycliffe College, Toronto.....	16,000	—	40	28
Waterloo College, Waterloo.....	12,000	300	18	20
Assumption College, Windsor.....	8,250	200	70	25
St. Alphonsus Seminary, Woodstock.....	5,150	—	—	25
<b>Manitoba</b>				
Brandon College, Brandon.....	9,600	200	40	1
Collège de St-Boniface, St. Boniface.....	10,000	2,500	*	20
Manitoba Law School, Winnipeg.....	2,000	—	—	—
St. John's College, Winnipeg.....	5,500	*	25	9
<b>United Colleges—</b>				
Manitoba College (1935), Winnipeg.....	23,379	240	*	17
Wesley College.....	9,250	200	*	25
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg.....	68,000	*	384	468
Medical Library.....	11,752	*	44	157

\* Not stated.

† Including pamphlets.



## 11.—Library Statistics—Concluded

Name and Address	Volumes	Pamphlets	Seats for Readers	Periodicals Received
<b>Saskatchewan—</b>				
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg.....	12,600	11,900	—	32
St. Peter's College, Muenster.....	8,456	2,700	25	49
Campion College, Regina.....	3,000	2,000	20	12
Luther College, Regina.....	3,038	80	20	12
Regina College (1935), Regina.....	4,407	—	*	24
Sacred Heart College, Regina.....	750	100	—	—
St. Chad's College, Regina.....	1,625	—	—	—
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon.....	5,000	200	10	24
Lutheran College and Seminary, Saskatoon.....	5,000	—	*	4
St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon.....	9,040	250	8	4
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon.....	58,201	8,000	108	286
<b>Alberta—</b>				
Mount Royal College, Calgary.....	2,900	400	10	8
Canadian Junior College, College Heights.....	4,500	2,000	56	30
Collèges des Jésuites, Edmonton.....	10,200	1,100	*	28
Concordia College, Edmonton.....	3,000	*	12	22
Juniorat St-Jean Apôtre, Edmonton.....	12,200	600	2	32
St. Joseph's College, Edmonton.....	3,000	300	40	20
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton.....	10,000	*	20	15
University of Alberta, Edmonton.....	63,789	*	230	526
St. Anthony's Franciscan College, North Edmonton.....	3,875	90	45	12
<b>British Columbia—</b>				
Anglican Theological College, Vancouver.....	6,623	*	18	2
Union College, Vancouver.....	11,780	6,000	25	30
University of British Columbia, Vancouver.....	113,500	25,000	450	485
Victoria College, Victoria.....	5,382	176	80	18

\* Not stated.



### SECTION III

#### RETROSPECTIVE TABLES, 1920-1937

12.—Annual Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties

	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937
Arts, Science, Letters and Philosophy *																		
<b>Canada</b> .....	T. 9,002 M. 6,421 F. 2,581	9,072 6,405 2,667	10,974 7,439 3,535	11,947 8,411 3,536	12,247 8,411 3,836	13,470 9,309 4,161	13,369 9,265 4,104	14,198 9,702 4,496	14,961 10,161 4,800	15,401 10,473 4,928	16,265 11,151 5,114	16,898 11,473 5,425	17,616 12,507 5,109	17,989 12,507 5,482	17,805 12,558 5,247	18,056 12,737 5,319	17,771 12,536 5,235	18,030 12,775 5,255
Maritime Provinces.....	T. 1,220 M. 888 F. 332	1,187 843 344	1,412 975 437	1,348 977 371	1,467 981 486	1,469 971 498	1,451 969 482	1,501 1,005 500	1,557 1,057 500	1,684 1,119 565	1,777 1,211 566	1,811 1,202 609	1,987 1,291 696	1,994 1,401 593	1,950 1,338 612	1,771 1,233 538	1,750 1,258 522	1,713 1,266 457
Quebec.....	T. 2,667 M. 2,469 F. 198	2,688 2,488 200	3,077 2,821 256	3,386 3,151 235	3,451 3,162 289	3,785 3,452 333	4,086 3,693 393	4,297 3,852 445	4,405 3,921 484	4,534 4,030 504	4,621 4,145 476	4,704 4,214 490	4,774 4,281 493	5,162 4,629 533	5,290 4,732 558	5,537 4,927 610	5,566 4,866 700	5,816 4,930 886
Ontario.....	T. 2,757 M. 1,669 F. 1,088	3,014 1,804 1,210	3,713 2,007 1,706	3,713 2,319 1,394	3,684 2,277 1,407	4,205 2,670 1,535	4,085 2,461 1,625	4,355 2,563 1,792	4,658 2,724 1,934	4,679 2,724 1,955	5,110 2,990 2,120	5,387 3,159 2,228	5,618 3,366 2,252	5,847 3,408 2,379	5,844 3,525 2,319	5,815 3,554 2,261	5,801 3,549 2,252	5,676 3,545 2,131
Western Provinces.....	T. 2,358 M. 1,385 F. 963	2,183 1,270 913	2,915 1,606 1,309	3,500 1,964 1,536	3,645 2,105 1,540	4,011 2,216 1,795	3,746 2,142 1,604	4,045 2,282 1,763	4,341 2,459 1,882	4,504 2,600 1,904	4,777 2,805 1,972	4,926 2,898 2,028	5,237 3,061 2,176	4,986 3,009 1,977	4,721 2,963 1,758	4,933 3,023 1,910	4,654 2,893 1,761	4,825 3,044 1,781
Agriculture—Degree Course																		
<b>Canada</b> .....	T. 1,020 M. 1,015 F. 5	856 845 11	771 761 10	925 906 19	889 855 34	764 755 9	599 582 17	572 562 10	587 579 8	764 753 11	792 783 9	899 889 10	1,027 1,014 13	1,063 1,065 18	1,030 1,006 24	1,074 1,049 25	1,108 1,088 20	1,113 1,090 23
Maritime Provinces.....	T. — M. — F. —	60 60 —	37 36 1	26 26 —	17 17 —	24 22 2	12 11 1	14 14 —	27 27 —	36 33 3	39 37 2	32 31 1	48 47 1	34 29 5	23 22 1	42 42 —	31 31 —	39 39 —
Quebec.....	T. 256 M. 256 F. —	186 193 3	162 160 2	249 245 4	327 324 3	287 285 2	287 285 2	173 172 1	176 174 2	192 190 2	244 244 —	322 321 1	337 335 2	345 344 1	315 312 3	297 292 5	273 271 2	277 274 3
Ontario.....	T. 434 M. 451 F. 3	363 360 3	269 269 —	329 327 2	242 240 2	226 225 1	228 223 5	165 160 5	155 153 2	266 265 1	215 214 1	273 269 4	387 383 4	445 442 3	450 443 7	463 457 6	496 489 7	475 469 6
Western Provinces.....	T. 330 M. 338 F. 2	287 282 5	303 296 7	321 308 13	283 274 9	227 223 4	222 215 7	220 216 4	229 225 4	270 265 5	294 288 6	272 268 4	255 250 6	259 250 9	242 229 13	272 258 14	308 297 11	322 308 14



## Agriculture—Diploma Course

Canada	T.	816	415	405	410	410	410	351	404	391	452	522	442	370	448	353	372	370	385	417
	M.	814	415	405	410	410	410	351	404	391	452	521	441	370	447	352	372	370	384	416
	F.	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	1	1	—	—	1	1
Maritime Provinces																				
Quebec	M.	104	33	34	18	16	30	55	47	49	43	37	20	29	14	15	14	24	25	25
	M.	102	98	112	140	173	148	146	149	175	200	175	145	195	175	182	195	202	229	229
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario	T.	150	126	93	114	84	78	79	57	77	117	94	118	172	132	141	124	96	95	95
	M.	150	126	93	114	84	78	79	57	77	116	93	118	171	131	141	124	96	96	95
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Western Provinces	T.	460	158	166	138	137	95	124	138	151	162	136	87	52	32	34	37	63	68	68
	M.	458	158	166	138	137	95	124	138	151	162	136	87	52	32	34	37	62	67	67
	F.	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1

## Architecture

Canada <sup>1</sup>	T.	58	49	52	52	61	62	95	96	108	114	119	137	145	157	143	133	133	106	106
	M.	57	48	52	52	61	62	95	96	108	114	118	136	143	149	137	122	116	91	91
	F.	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	2	8	6	11	17	15	15
Quebec																				
Western Provinces	T.	51	39	41	36	47	53	75	76	80	80	89	89	98	100	93	86	84	71	71
	M.	7	10	11	16	14	9	20	20	28	34	30	48	47	57	50	47	49	35	35
	F.	6	9	11	16	14	9	20	20	28	34	29	47	45	49	44	36	32	20	20
Western Provinces	T.	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	2	8	6	11	17	15	15
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

## Commerce

Canada <sup>2</sup>	T.	230	372	425	464	521	483	580	563	624	722	848	883	873	783	754	754	786	882	882
	M.	228	361	414	441	487	447	533	512	567	635	732	757	745	669	652	663	684	784	784
	F.	2	11	11	23	34	36	47	51	57	87	116	126	128	114	102	91	102	98	98
Maritime Provinces																				
Quebec	T.	—	8	18	24	30	30	34	35	44	65	86	108	119	118	108	96	89	141	141
	M.	—	6	15	22	26	27	31	30	38	44	56	70	81	87	80	65	57	116	116
	F.	—	2	3	2	4	3	5	5	6	21	30	38	38	31	28	31	32	25	25
Quebec	T.	174	300	302	325	315	289	326	323	320	363	397	416	421	370	392	389	408	433	433
	M.	172	295	300	318	305	280	312	312	310	351	379	393	394	342	360	366	387	415	415
	F.	2	5	2	7	10	9	14	11	10	12	18	23	27	28	32	23	21	18	18
Ontario <sup>3</sup>	T.	25	29	65	66	114	96	134	130	168	178	216	222	202	158	134	120	140	155	155
	M.	25	29	62	58	106	106	116	108	140	150	186	194	174	138	127	114	126	139	139
	F.	—	—	3	8	11	18	22	22	28	28	30	28	28	20	7	6	14	16	16
Western Provinces <sup>2</sup>	T.	31	35	40	49	62	68	86	75	92	116	149	137	131	137	120	149	149	153	153
	M.	31	31	37	43	50	55	74	62	79	90	111	100	96	102	85	118	114	114	114
	F.	—	4	3	6	12	13	12	13	13	26	38	37	35	35	35	31	35	39	39

\*Figures have been revised since publication of last Survey.

<sup>1</sup>Architecture in University of Toronto is included in "Engineering".

<sup>2</sup>The Business Administration course of the University of Western Ontario and the Commerce courses of the University of Toronto and the University of British Columbia are included in the Faculty of Arts. The Accountancy course of the University of Saskatchewan is here included.

12.—Annual Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties—Continued

	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	
Dentistry																			
Canada.....	T. 1,128 M. 1,111 F. 17	1,276 1,258 1,240	1,258 1,240 1,160	1,175 1,160 1,15	890 881 9	721 713 8	604 594 10	524 520 4	458 454 4	434 430 4	391 390 1	380 375 5	350 343 7	367 362 5	370 365 5	381 378 3	422 419 3	450 446 4	
Maritime Provinces.....	T. 54 M. 53 F. 1	55 52 3	64 61 3	67 64 3	50 48 2	34 34 —	20 20 —	29 29 —	31 31 —	38 38 —	30 30 —	27 27 —	22 21 —	21 21 —	21 21 —	33 33 —	53 53 —	52 52 —	
Quebec.....	T. 246 M. 245 F. 1	282 290 2	318 318 —	339 339 —	327 326 1	279 278 —	214 213 1	147 147 —	105 105 —	103 103 —	97 97 —	101 100 —	104 103 —	116 115 —	117 116 —	116 116 —	125 124 —	135 134 —	
Ontario.....	T. 803 M. 789 F. 14	890 873 17	837 822 15	725 713 12	485 479 6	375 367 7	334 326 8	302 298 4	266 262 4	231 228 3	226 225 1	220 216 4	200 195 5	206 202 4	184 180 4	190 187 3	196 194 2	198 195 3	
Western Provinces.....	T. 25 M. 24 F. 1	39 38 1	39 39 —	44 44 —	28 28 —	34 34 —	36 35 1	46 46 —	56 56 —	62 61 1	38 38 —	32 32 —	24 24 —	24 24 —	36 36 —	36 36 —	48 48 —	65 65 —	
Education																			
Canada.....	T. 136 M. 86 F. 50	156 68 88	219 85 134	239 103 136	332 126 206	382 154 228	337 134 203	368 118 250	368 121 247	480 172 308	528 168 360	618 247 371	807 350 457	918 406 512	829 345 484	802 366 436	802 407 395	746 371 375	
Maritime Provinces.....	T. — M. — F. —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	17 7 10	18 9 9	30 14 16
Quebec.....	T. — M. — F. —	— — —	14 10 4	15 12 8	7 6 1	25 21 4	17 17 —	57 35 35	51 32 247	72 52 62	86 28 58	92 52 40	146 88 88	225 78 147	179 78 101	210 101 109	198 108 90	193 108 85	
Ontario.....	T. 136 M. 86 F. 50	139 51 88	205 75 130	224 91 133	270 100 190	304 114 168	263 95 168	244 66 178	239 161 161	298 107 191	341 106 235	382 144 238	480 219 268	546 268 278	489 288 288	435 198 237	364 176 188	288 131 157	
Western Provinces.....	T. — M. — F. —	— — —	— — —	— — —	55 20 35	53 19 34	57 24 35	67 45 37	78 34 54	110 24 65	101 51 67	144 34 93	181 60 108	147 87 87	161 60 95	140 80 80	222 114 108	235 117 117	

Canada.....	T. 2,736	2,854	2,688	2,578	2,176	2,108	2,038	2,221	2,432	2,706	3,120	3,554	3,755	3,700	3,471	3,312	3,387	3,646
Maritime Provinces.....	T. 317	309	287	282	200	238	218	259	272	313	344	429	501	476	406	374	373	439
Quebec.....	M. 1,342	1,364	1,287	1,188	967	895	860	926	1,042	1,089	1,301	1,502	1,490	1,513	1,488	1,434	1,434	1,533
Ontario.....	M. 1,342	1,364	1,287	1,188	967	895	860	926	1,042	1,089	1,301	1,502	1,490	1,513	1,488	1,434	1,434	1,533
Western Provinces.....	T. 341	417	426	480	464	480	530	602	688	840	976	1,096	1,120	1,100	973	946	1,034	1,087
.....	M. 340	415	424	480	464	480	530	602	688	840	976	1,096	1,119	1,099	972	944	1,033	1,066
.....	F. 1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1

## Forestry

Canada.....	122	103	103	93	89	82	90	134	152	170	153	136	127	113	100	98	98	122
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	32	23	13	12	16	24	43	56	61	59	49	39	24	23	15	17	31
Quebec.....	M.	18	22	30	34	23	22	42	38	43	32	25	20	20	19	31	44	58
Ontario.....	M.	46	53	50	43	43	44	49	58	66	62	62	68	69	59	52	37	33

## Household Science—Degree Course

Canada.....	34	100	105	108	119	133	197	295	364	497	584	639	632	597	565	599	688	735
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	-	-	-	-	4	5	36	49	61	69	90	99	99	104	111	114	126
Quebec.....	F.	-	6	7	7	7	6	9	15	13	12	27	42	50	67	84	93	102
Ontario.....	F.	-	-	-	-	23	57	98	131	167	203	230	179	123	66	42	51	43
Western Provinces.....	F.	34	100	99	101	112	129	152	169	256	300	292	312	325	328	362	430	464

## Household Science—Diploma Course

Canada.....	434	342	387	847	841	815	824	599	656	561	683	928	922	883	730	706	729	717
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	11	18	17	18	33	29	14	40	46	48
Quebec.....	F.	149	122	180	393	360	361	386	384	290	403	378	378	445	492	428	451	441
Ontario.....	F.	176	169	174	408	463	416	408	215	200	228	515	493	381	220	238	232	228
Western Provinces.....	F.	109	51	33	46	18	38	40	46	53	35	17	18	28	4	-	-	-

\*Students in the maritime universities preparing for teaching certificates are reported as Arts students until 1935; similarly at McGill University until 1933.

\*The training of teachers in University began in British Columbia in 1924; Alberta, in 1930; Saskatchewan, in 1928; Manitoba, in 1936.

12.—Annual Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties—Continued

	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937
Law																		
Canada.....	T. 1,222 M. 1,174 F. 48	1,117 1,076 41	982 950 32	939 908 31	925 882 43	848 822 26	857 836 21	792 771 21	862 836 26	885 861 24	874 843 31	845 816 29	852 821 31	902 870 32	961 925 36	963 926 37	1,005 982 23	923 900 23
Maritime Provinces.....	T. 107 M. 101 F. 6	119 117 2	108 107 1	89 86 3	88 81 7	71 67 4	60 56 4	56 54 2	52 50 2	53 52 1	51 48 3	66 63 3	76 75 1	89 84 5	103 98 5	100 95 5	115 113 2	107 105 2
Quebec.....	T. 340 M. 336 F. 4	331 325 6	297 292 5	276 272 4	289 288 1	305 303 2	306 303 3	307 304 3	316 312 4	350 348 2	354 349 5	392 387 5	390 384 6	415 411 4	398 392 6	389 384 5	337 333 4	306 301 5
Ontario.....	T. 537 M. 516 F. 21	436 420 16	330 324 6	336 321 15	337 320 17	339 325 14	350 338 12	309 296 13	390 374 16	365 351 14	322 311 11	249 238 11	257 244 13	254 239 15	305 291 14	333 315 18	391 380 11	347 337 10
Western Provinces.....	T. 238 M. 221 F. 17	231 214 17	238 227 11	238 229 9	161 153 8	133 127 6	141 139 2	120 117 3	104 100 4	117 110 7	147 135 12	138 128 10	129 118 11	144 136 8	155 144 11	141 132 9	162 156 6	163 157 6
Librarianship																		
Canada.....	T. — M. — F. —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	28 1 27	53 2 51	42 — 42	42 3 39	61 2 59	61 2 59	58 2 55	66 4 62	67 4 63	51 — 51
Quebec.....	T. — M. — F. —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	28 1 27	18 16 16	18 — 18	14 3 11	18 2 16	18 12 12	16 15 15	17 13 14	20 17 16	6 — 6
Ontario.....	T. — M. — F. —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	35 — 35	24 — 24	28 — 28	43 — 43	49 — 49	42 — 42	49 — 48	47 — 47	45 — 45
Medicine																		
Canada.....	T. 3,164 M. 3,040 F. 144	3,236 3,008 148	3,270 3,116 154	3,183 3,050 143	2,937 2,796 141	2,665 2,541 124	2,607 2,494 113	2,571 2,441 136	2,572 2,551 121	2,717 2,579 131	2,807 2,662 145	2,921 2,798 123	2,987 2,845 142	2,997 2,855 142	2,985 2,856 129	3,081 2,906 125	3,037 2,908 129	3,074 2,938 136
Maritime Provinces.....	T. 145 M. 130 F. 15	159 150 9	172 150 13	191 169 12	149 138 11	157 149 8	113 105 8	119 108 11	135 131 4	139 132 7	147 147 —	171 170 1	175 173 2	164 160 4	183 175 5	175 171 4	186 180 6	207 203 4



## Graduate Nurses

Quebec.....T.	1,070	1,184	1,160	1,189	1,145	969	913	855	905	942	948	944	957	980	954	971	961	997
M.	1,060	1,172	1,143	1,178	1,131	948	893	834	889	925	930	930	943	968	975	959	942	982
F.	10	12	17	11	14	21	20	21	16	17	18	14	14	12	9	12	19	15
Ontario.....T.	1,616	1,489	1,476	1,397	1,238	1,142	1,201	1,181	1,195	1,173	1,183	1,321	1,349	1,354	1,319	1,381	1,389	1,354
M.	1,536	1,398	1,386	1,319	1,163	1,073	1,135	1,108	1,120	1,092	1,101	1,245	1,260	1,270	1,243	1,309	1,318	1,272
F.	80	91	80	78	75	69	66	73	75	81	82	76	89	84	76	72	71	82
Western Provinces.....T.	353	404	462	416	405	397	380	416	437	463	529	485	506	499	499	504	501	516
M.	314	368	418	374	364	371	361	391	411	430	484	453	469	457	460	467	468	481
F.	39	36	44	42	41	26	19	25	26	33	45	32	37	42	39	37	33	35

Canada.....F.	2 <sup>5</sup>	122	143	151	155	162	188	205	223	227	247	301	324	354	356	366	372	377
Maritime Provinces.....F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	2	2	4	2	7
Quebec.....F.	-	19	22	12	48	25	34	36	39	37	47	53	54	60	45	43	43	51
Ontario <sup>6</sup> .....F.	-	79	81	82	52	55	55	52	75	76	91	107	106	107	85	105	120	134
Western Provinces <sup>7</sup> .....F.	2	24	40	57	55	82	99	117	109	114	108	141	162	185	194	214	297	185

## Occupational Therapy

University of Toronto.....F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	55	50	36	32	13	-	20	36	45
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## Physiotherapy

University of Toronto.....F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	20	20	6	6	13	34	41
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## Physical Education

Canada.....T.	16	22	28	45	54	50	77	86	80	78	86	76	76	52	52	50	52	62
M.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
F.	16	22	28	45	54	50	77	86	80	78	86	76	74	52	51	48	49	59
Quebec.....T.	16	22	28	45	54	50	50	57	49	40	33	25	35	26	17	11	18	22
M.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
F.	16	22	28	45	54	50	50	57	49	40	33	25	35	26	16	9	15	19
Ontario.....F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	29	31	38	53	51	39	26	31	39	34	34
Western Provinces.....F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	6

<sup>5</sup>Complete figures for 1920 have not been obtained.

<sup>6</sup>Includes 13-26 Dental nurses annually.

<sup>7</sup>In the Western Provinces, candidates for the B.Sc. in Nursing take their hospital training either during or after their University course; in the other provinces, the University course is offered only to graduate nurses.

12.—Annual Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties—Continued

	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937
Pharmacy																		
<b>Canada</b> ..... T. M. F.	574 542 32	562 529 51	525 474 44	524 477 47	505 481 24	467 436 31	459 430 29	618 575 43	508 482 26	550 514 36	542 509 33	512 481 31	465 440 25	454 416 38	419 391 28	437 401 36	484 445 39	439 403 36
Maritime Provinces..... T. M. F.	38 34 4	24 22 2	29 25 4	21 20 1	18 17 1	17 16 1	12 11 1	12 10 2	13 10 3	10 9 1	12 10 2	12 10 2	14 12 2	15 12 3	12 10 2	7 3 4	9 7 2	10 7 3
Québec..... T. M. F.	244 230 5	220 214 6	195 188 7	186 182 4	192 191 1	184 184 1	142 142 —	116 116 —	136 136 —	112 112 —	115 115 —	94 94 —	99 99 —	113 113 —	106 106 —	94 94 —	95 95 —	79 79 —
Ontario..... T. M. F.	144 138 7	168 158 10	144 122 22	151 127 24	144 127 8	153 140 13	156 141 15	341 321 20	228 219 9	255 245 10	256 246 10	250 239 11	216 206 10	198 185 13	168 159 9	188 179 10	200 190 10	193 181 12
Western Provinces..... T. M. F.	148 132 16	150 135 15	157 139 18	166 148 18	151 137 14	113 96 17	149 136 13	149 128 21	131 117 14	173 148 25	159 138 21	156 138 18	136 123 13	128 106 22	133 116 17	148 125 23	180 153 27	157 136 21
Social Service																		
<b>Canada</b> ..... T. M. F.	80 6 74	85 13 72	64 9 55	58 5 53	64 3 61	67 6 61	72 5 67	69 6 63	70 5 65	66 3 63	59 4 55	110 11 99	141 19 122	88 12 73	68 5 63	119 20 99	127 22 105	144 28 116
Québec..... T. M. F.	13 — 13	13 3 10	3 — 3	12 — 12	26 — 26	26 2 24	25 — 25	29 4 25	34 2 32	29 1 28	29 — 29	30 1 29	17 1 15	5 — 5	12 — 9	26 10 16	17 3 14	30 9 21
Ontario..... T. M. F.	67 6 61	72 10 62	61 9 52	46 5 41	38 3 35	41 4 37	47 5 42	40 2 38	36 3 33	37 3 35	30 4 26	70 9 61	88 14 74	68 1 61	45 8 44	79 15 71	85 12 70	82 12 70
Western Provinces..... T. M. F.	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	10 1 9	36 3 33	15 1 14	11 2 10	14 2 12	25 4 21	32 7 25

Total Theology (including post-graduate students)

<b>Canada</b> ..... T. M. F.	2,032 1,990 42	2,136 2,095 41	2,156 2,094 62	2,186 2,139 47	2,234 2,186 46	2,189 2,143 46	2,169 2,113 56	2,129 2,063 46	2,199 2,148 51	2,201 2,164 37	2,223 2,175 48	2,261 2,217 44	2,242 2,211 31	2,319 2,279 40	2,355 2,303 26	2,429 2,403 26	2,643 2,619 24	2,451 2,412 39
Maritime Provinces..... T. M. F.	123 123 —	191 187 4	162 159 3	142 142 —	153 152 1	136 135 1	131 131 —	143 143 —	144 144 1	135 135 —	128 128 —	133 133 —	148 148 —	172 171 1	205 203 2	213 213 —	187 187 —	193 193 —

## Protestant Theological Colleges

Québec.....	M.	917	938	901	965	986	922	966	968	955	970	955	975	1,221	1,142
Ontario*.....	T.	830	857	921	905	917	877	838	834	949	976	1,036	1,079	1,076	926
	M.	704	827	881	864	879	840	795	798	884	901	1,016	1,054	1,053	892
	F.	36	30	40	41	38	37	43	36	26	29	20	25	23	34
Western Provinces.....	T.	162	150	172	174	178	214	204	184	190	201	189	162	159	190
	M.	156	143	153	168	169	206	191	174	185	191	181	161	158	185
	F.	6	7	19	6	9	8	13	10	5	10	8	1	1	5

Canada.....	T.	727	728	776	747	755	729	706	641	674	657	637	621	597	629	670	666	634	632
	M.	685	687	714	700	707	683	650	595	623	620	589	577	566	589	640	640	610	613
	F.	42	41	62	47	48	46	56	46	51	37	48	44	31	40	30	26	24	39
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	82	99	87	75	88	78	77	85	85	77	69	60	73	100	122	123	98	116
	M.	82	95	84	75	87	77	77	85	84	77	69	60	73	99	120	123	98	116
	F.	4	4	3	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-
Québec.....	M.	93	84	78	79	80	83	99	71	74	70	68	80	79	70	71	68	76	69
Ontario.....	T.	390	335	439	419	409	354	326	301	309	307	299	259	255	258	288	313	301	277
	M.	354	365	399	378	371	283	270	280	270	280	258	222	229	229	280	288	278	243
	F.	36	30	40	41	38	37	43	36	39	27	41	37	26	29	20	25	23	34
Western Provinces.....	T.	162	150	172	174	178	214	204	184	206	203	201	222	190	201	189	162	159	190
	M.	156	143	153	168	169	206	191	174	195	193	194	215	185	191	181	161	158	185
	F.	6	7	19	6	9	8	13	10	11	10	7	7	5	10	8	1	1	5

## Roman Catholic Theological Colleges, Seminaries, etc.

Canada*.....	M.	1,305	1,408	1,380	1,439	1,479	1,460	1,463	1,488	1,525	1,544	1,586	1,640	1,645	1,690	1,715	1,763	2,009	1,799
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	41	92	75	67	65	58	54	58	56	58	59	73	75	72	83	90	89	77
Québec.....	M.	824	854	823	886	906	879	897	897	904	901	901	888	876	900	884	907	1,145	1,073
Ontario*.....	M.	440	462	482	486	508	533	512	533	562	585	626	679	694	718	748	766	775	649

## Veterinary Science

Canada.....	T.	118	116	108	103	88	80	83	77	90	94	92	122	149	181	180	222	245	267
	M.	118	116	108	103	88	79	82	76	89	94	92	122	149	181	180	222	245	267
	F.	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Québec.....	M.	23	20	20	19	19	17	17	15	16	14	12	25	36	47	35	38	44	49
ntario.....	T.	95	96	88	84	69	63	66	62	74	80	80	97	113	134	145	164	201	218
	M.	95	96	88	84	69	62	65	61	73	80	80	97	113	134	145	164	201	218
	F.	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

figures have been revised since publication of last Survey.

12A.—Annual Enrolment of Full-Time Post-graduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties—Concluded

	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937
Post-Graduate Courses in Arts, Science and Philosophy																		
Canada*.....	T. 351 M. 251 F. 100	369 261 108	574 423 151	654 441 183	711 510 201	794 575 219	751 555 196	895 647 248	1,045 759 286	923 683 240	1,102 800 302	1,300 964 366	1,457 1,041 416	1,428 1,027 401	1,409 983 341	1,324 883 311	1,354 1,034 350	1,406 1,035 371
Maritime Provinces.....	T. 13 M. 9 F. 4	24 22 2	21 16 5	32 13 8	32 22 10	32 23 9	27 20 7	43 26 21	60 33 27	48 29 20	58 29 29	45 27 18	55 39 16	64 49 15	76 46 30	83 56 27	90 63 28	79 43 36
Quebec.....	T. 39 M. 31 F. 8	42 30 12	149 121 28	166 144 22	184 163 21	212 190 22	204 175 29	245 209 36	307 268 49	271 240 31	360 311 49	427 367 60	483 372 111	388 322 61	367 303 64	374 314 60	385 324 61	353 295 58
Ontario*.....	T. 209 M. 147 F. 62	207 150 57	246 179 67	299 206 83	312 206 106	323 213 110	340 240 100	376 263 113	386 247 139	394 256 138	474 314 160	508 342 166	545 362 183	589 380 209	646 430 216	567 377 190	577 396 181	627 482 195
Western Provinces.....	T. 90 M. 64 F. 20	96 59 37	158 107 51	168 108 60	183 119 64	227 149 78	180 120 60	231 153 78	292 221 71	210 159 51	210 146 64	320 228 92	374 268 106	392 276 116	320 229 91	300 236 64	332 232 80	347 252 82
Other Post-Graduate Courses (excepting Theology)																		
Canada*.....	T. 41 M. 40 F. 1	38 37 1	51 50 1	122 116 6	197 189 8	172 168 4	143 140 3	162 154 8	192 180 12	185 170 15	171 165 6	241 228 13	364 339 25	465 434 31	401 371 30	392 274 29	309 285 24	299 280 19
Maritime Provinces.....	T. — M. — F. —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —
Quebec.....	T. 29 M. 29 F. —	19 19 —	26 26 —	40 40 —	49 49 —	60 60 —	50 50 —	54 54 —	70 70 —	59 59 —	39 39 —	30 30 —	74 70 4	91 87 4	82 79 3	54 53 1	57 57 —	57 52 5
Ontario*.....	T. 12 M. 11 F. 1	19 18 1	18 17 1	06 60 6	118 110 8	85 81 4	74 66 3	70 66 4	99 87 12	113 98 15	107 101 6	151 140 11	215 196 19	290 285 25	248 224 24	193 172 21	203 181 22	177 169 8
Western Provinces.....	T. — M. — F. —	— — —	7 7 —	16 16 —	30 30 —	27 27 —	19 19 —	38 34 4	23 23 —	13 13 —	25 25 —	60 58 2	75 76 1	77 76 1	70 68 2	55 49 6	49 47 2	60 55 5

\*Figures have been revised since publication of last Survey.



## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred Annually, by Faculties

	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937
Bachelors of Agricultural Science																		
Canada.....	T. 113	456 133	183 192	186 183	157 137	131 131	111 8	87 84	104 103	94 93	131 130	160 158	150 149	198 196	215 213	243 233	238 231	216 213
	M. 112	133	192	183	137	131	8	84	103	93	130	158	149	196	213	233	231	213
	F. 1	3	1	3	—	—	3	3	1	1	1	2	1	2	2	10	7	3
Quebec.....	T. 41	43	42	33	36	27	25	24	30	23	33	43	46	77	68	64	51	51
	M. 40	41	42	32	36	27	23	24	30	23	33	43	45	77	68	62	50	51
	F. 1	2	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	2	1	—	—
Ontario.....	T. 59	74	117	106	66	44	33	33	36	32	35	53	48	62	97	120	117	108
	M. 59	74	117	106	66	44	33	31	36	31	35	52	48	62	96	116	115	106
	F. —	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	1	—	1	—	—	1	4	2	2
Western Provinces.....	T. 13	39	34	47	55	60	53	20	38	39	63	59	56	59	50	59	70	57
	M. 13	38	33	45	55	60	52	29	37	39	62	58	56	57	49	55	66	56
	F. —	1	1	2	—	—	1	1	1	—	1	1	—	2	1	4	4	1
Diplomas in Agriculture																		
Canada.....	T. 142	171	128	71	82	70	53	63	80	105	110	115	138	125	90	107	107	135
	M. 142	171	127	71	82	70	52	63	80	105	108	113	138	124	89	106	107	134
	F. —	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	—	—	1	1	1	—	1
Maritime Provinces.....	T. 27	32	27	22	19	15	3	—	12	13	18	16	18	18	7	13	17	15
	M. 27	32	26	22	19	15	2	—	12	13	16	16	18	17	6	13	17	15
	F. —	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T. 4	3	4	10	22	21	24	23	28	35	32	42	40	48	40	42	42	55
	M. 4	3	4	10	22	21	24	23	28	35	32	42	40	48	40	41	42	55
	F. —	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Ontario.....	T. 94	116	75	25	24	16	12	22	17	28	30	33	60	52	35	43	36	37
	M. 94	116	75	25	24	16	12	22	17	28	30	33	60	52	35	43	36	37
	F. —	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Western Provinces.....	T. 17	20	22	14	17	18	14	18	23	29	30	24	20	7	8	9	12	28
	M. 17	20	22	14	17	18	14	18	23	29	30	24	20	7	8	9	12	27
	F. —	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1



## Bachelors of Science (in Arts)

Canada.....	T. M. F.	38 34 4	77 70 7	95 86 9	115 97 18	107 94 13	98 84 14	136 107 29	149 136 13	161 150 11	195 168 27	237 199 38	232 207 45	277 236 41	259 224 35	283 248 45	288 249 39	320 275 45	280 252 28
Maritime Provinces.....	T. M. F.	7 6 1	21 20 1	29 29 -	29 28 1	29 28 1	20 19 1	36 30 6	38 36 2	31 29 2	47 42 5	76 67 9	73 61 12	78 67 11	111 102 9	90 81 9	88 78 10	109 99 10	92 80 12
Quebec.....	T. M. F.	21 20 1	37 36 1	38 35 3	52 47 5	42 38 4	36 28 8	48 39 9	43 40 3	83 79 4	69 60 9	66 59 7	84 74 10	57 53 4	35 30 5	75 62 13	50 41 9	50 42 8	37 31 6
Ontario.....	T. M. F.	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	19 - -
Western Provinces.....	T. M. F.	10 8 2	19 14 5	28 22 6	34 22 12	36 28 8	42 37 5	52 38 14	68 60 8	47 42 5	79 66 13	95 73 22	95 72 23	142 116 26	113 92 21	138 105 23	150 130 20	161 134 27	132 122 10

Bachelors of Commerce<sup>2</sup>

Canada.....	T. M. F.	8 8 -	12 11 1	46 44 2	68 65 3	75 67 8	100 99 1	73 59 13	114 101 13	109 108 8	117 102 15	134 117 17	169 152 17	199 184 15	244 212 32	241 208 33	200 174 26	202 177 25	211 188 23
Maritime Provinces.....	T. M. F.	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 7 1	2 1 1	10 10 -	5 3 2	6 5 1	13 13 -	8 8 -	12 6 6	24 20 4	16 13 3	26 18 8	26 20 6	20 14 6	19 19 -	16 12 4
Quebec.....	T. M. F.	8 8 -	10 9 1	39 38 1	46 46 -	40 37 3	51 51 -	8 7 1	34 31 3	34 33 1	21 20 2	35 34 1	41 41 -	68 62 3	66 62 4	58 54 4	47 41 6	50 46 4	70 68 2
Ontario.....	T. M. F.	- - -	2 2 -	7 6 1	10 8 2	24 22 2	29 28 1	43 38 5	62 55 7	54 48 6	65 54 11	59 53 6	68 58 10	85 81 4	100 93 7	88 77 11	77 75 2	77 75 2	51 47 4
Western Provinces.....	T. M. F.	- - -	- - -	- - -	4 4 -	9 7 2	10 7 -	17 11 6	12 10 2	8 7 1	13 11 2	28 24 4	36 33 3	30 25 5	52 39 13	69 57 12	56 44 12	56 37 19	74 61 13

<sup>2</sup>Includes a few Bachelors of Accountancy and of Secretarial Science.

13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred Annually, by Faculties—Continued

	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937
Doctors of Dentistry																		
<b>Canada</b> .....	T. 170 M. 168 F. 2	189 184 5	221 217 4	383 377 6	281 277 4	203 203	150 146 4	145 143 2	98 98	102 102	114 113 1	90 90	78 78	70 69 1	83 81 2	80 79 1	106 106	113 113
Maritime Provinces.....	T. 2 M. 2 F. —	6 6 —	8 8 —	17 16 1	18 16 2	14 14	— — —	6 6 7	5 5 7	— — —	8 8	9 9	11 11	7 7	15 15	10 10	11 11	16 16
Quebec.....	T. 52 M. 52 F. —	43 41 2	39 38 1	57 57	73 73	87 87	67 66 1	62 62	28 28	30 30	24 24	15 15	22 22	23 23	29 28	20 20	33 33	31 31
Ontario.....	T. 116 M. 114 F. 2	140 137 3	174 171 3	309 304 5	190 188 2	102 102	83 80 3	70 68 2	58 58	56 56	76 75 1	59 59	38 38	39 38 1	32 31 1	44 43 1	59 59	51 51
Western Provinces.....	T. — M. — F. —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	7 7 —	7 7	9 9	6 6	7 7	7 7	1 1	7 7	6 6	3 3	15 15
Bachelors of Applied Science or Engineering																		
<b>Canada</b> .....	T. 237 M. 236 F. 1	322 321 1	375 374 1	629 628 1	452 452	348 348	315 315	330 329 1	318 317 1	336 336	384 383 1	418 418	439 438	554 553 1	624 622 2	642 641 1	564 562 2	536 535 1
Maritime Provinces.....	M. 16	17	16	50	37	22	22	23	34	45	35	38	60	65	66	63	38	40
Quebec.....	M. 79	104	115	163	110	90	93	76	72	67	96	70	84	97	120	108	100	127
Ontario.....	T. 123 M. 122 F. 1	159 159	193 193	347 346 1	218 218	171 171	135 135	147 146 1	140 140	144 144	144 143	184 184	171 170	215 214	252 250 2	270 269 1	246 244 2	217 216 1
Western Provinces.....	T. 19 M. 19 F. —	42 41 1	51 50 1	69 69	87 87	65 65	65 65	84 84	72 72	80 80	109 109	126 126	124 124	177 177	186 186	201 201	180 180	152 152



## Bachelors of Education or Pedagogy

Canada.....	T.	5	1	5	18	24	28	25	42	25	31	77	60	72	56	74	61	100	108
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	5	1	5	18	23	25	24	32	23	28	46	41	51	38	43	75	89	60
Quebec.....	F.	-	-	-	-	1	3	1	10	2	3	31	19	21	18	14	18	25	19
Ontario.....	T.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	10
Western Provinces.....	M.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	5
Quebec.....	F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	2	6	2	15	13	18	15	16	16	17
Ontario.....	T.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	2	6	2	5	5	6	10	6	11	12
Western Provinces.....	F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	2	-	-	10	8	12	5	10	5	5
Canada.....	T.	5	1	5	17	19	28	24	32	21	25	41	37	55	29	53	39	52	42
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	5	1	5	17	18	25	23	29	19	22	36	31	44	27	46	34	47	39
Quebec.....	F.	-	-	-	-	1	3	1	3	2	3	5	6	11	2	7	5	5	3
Ontario.....	T.	-	-	-	1	5	-	-	3	2	-	34	8	4	9	6	6	20	39
Western Provinces.....	M.	-	-	-	1	5	-	-	2	2	-	8	5	2	5	4	3	11	33
Quebec.....	F.	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	26	3	2	4	2	3	9	6

## Graduates of University Teacher Training Courses

Canada <sup>2</sup> .....	T.	153	100	176	239	346	344	373	450	438	501	523	581	744	807	810	649	584	517
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	110	82	63	52	49	95	98	100	17	37	34
Quebec.....	M.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	30	27	31	22	39	45	56	6	17	18
Ontario.....	F.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70	52	36	21	27	56	53	44	11	20	16
Western Provinces.....	T.	39	28	44	32	37	31	45	42	36	55	50	38	45	49	45	42	48	45
Quebec.....	T.	114	72	132	207	254	260	271	231	244	293	340	377	463	536	512	463	390	272
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	56	48	80	84	94	98	98	62	80	94	99	133	194	247	201	166	171	110
Ontario.....	F.	58	24	52	123	160	162	173	169	164	199	241	244	269	289	311	267	219	162
Western Provinces.....	T.	-	-	-	-	55	53	57	67	76	90	81	117	141	124	153	127	109	166
Quebec.....	M.	-	-	-	-	20	19	22	30	24	27	22	48	55	46	60	49	61	47
Ontario.....	F.	-	-	-	-	34	34	35	37	52	63	59	69	86	78	93	78	62	105

## Bachelors of Science in Forestry

Canada.....	M.	17	15	19	19	26	21	19	15	27	18	44	41	32	27	32	37	21	17
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	9	6	6	5	4	1	1	2	5	6	22	9	11	8	9	5	1	4
Quebec.....	M.	4	3	2	2	4	4	1	1	10	1	9	10	7	7	11	6	5	3
Ontario.....	M.	4	6	11	10	14	11	13	9	10	9	11	18	11	10	10	22	14	9
Western Provinces.....	M.	-	-	-	2	4	5	4	3	2	2	2	4	3	2	2	4	1	1

<sup>2</sup>Record of men and women not obtained separately for Quebec.

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred Annually, by Faculties—Continued

	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937
Bachelors of Household Science																		
<b>Canada.....F.</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>162</b>
Maritime Provinces.....F.	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	4	16	12	11	13	27	24	36	25	28
Quebec.....F.	—	—	—	4	4	6	1	3	5	9	4	7	8	6	12	16	17	19
Ontario.....F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	17	27	40	37	65	50	18	18	21
Western Provinces.....F.	<b>6</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>94</b>
Bachelors of Canon Law																		
<b>Canada.....M.</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>22</b>
Quebec.....M.	—	2	—	5	1	2	7	9	12	9	11	10	15	2	5	1	—	20
Ontario.....M.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	9	6	6	4	3	1	—	2
Graduates in Law																		
<b>Canada.....T.</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>393</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>261</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>277</b>	<b>257</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>241</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>223</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>236</b>
Maritime Provinces.....T.	370	379	278	257	241	219	267	250	191	238	203	218	227	206	201	227	202	229
Quebec.....T.	12	14	4	4	11	7	10	7	7	3	8	5	8	7	8	11	7	7
Maritime Provinces.....M.	19	30	39	28	29	24	23	19	15	20	13	18	21	25	20	29	35	38
Quebec.....M.	19	29	39	28	27	23	21	19	14	20	13	17	21	24	19	26	34	37
Ontario.....M.	—	1	—	—	2	1	2	—	1	—	—	1	—	1	1	3	1	1
Western Provinces.....M.	65	95	46	46	53	36	72	57	63	65	53	76	74	59	80	90	60	69
Maritime Provinces.....F.	64	95	46	45	53	36	72	57	63	65	53	76	73	59	79	90	58	68
Quebec.....F.	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	2	2	1
Ontario.....F.	248	209	120	120	105	123	133	134	76	121	126	94	101	88	73	86	70	92
Western Provinces.....F.	242	200	116	117	102	120	126	6	71	119	120	92	98	85	69	82	69	88
Maritime Provinces.....T.	6	9	4	3	4	3	7	6	5	2	6	2	3	3	4	4	1	4
Quebec.....T.	50	59	77	67	64	43	49	47	44	35	19	35	39	41	36	33	44	37
Maritime Provinces.....M.	45	55	77	67	64	40	48	46	43	34	17	33	35	38	34	29	41	36
Quebec.....M.	5	4	—	—	5	3	1	1	1	1	2	2	4	3	2	4	3	1

### Graduates in Librarianship (Degrees and Diplomas)

[illegible]

## Graduates in Medicine

	274	404	448	503	651	477	510	421	481	747	518	535	511	483	488	472	487	513
T.	274	390	426	485	626	452	493	401	480	700	447	487	487	485	470	482	476	489
M.	9	14	22	18	25	23	17	20	21	41	31	26	34	23	18	20	21	22
Canada.....																		
Maritime Provinces.....	T. 11	16	25	20	32	43	35	27	26	16	19	23	33	29	32	23	26	22
	M. 9	15	20	19	30	41	35	24	25	13	19	23	33	29	31	23	25	27
	F. 2	1	5		2	2	—	3	1	3		—			1	—	1	1
Quebec.....	T. 107	154	190	203	269	201	141	169	173	133	175	163	184	177	178	173	176	194
	M. 107	154	185	203	266	201	139	164	168	131	169	160	183	173	177	172	171	193
	F. 3	5		—	3	—	2	5	5		6	3				5	1	1
Ontario.....	T. 129	200	204	258	298	163	264	174	216	530	257	269	238	220	181	203	218	205
	M. 124	189	194	243	280	150	254	166	204	500	237	250	216	206	172	190	208	193
	F. 5	11	10	15	18	13	10	8	12	30	20	19	22	14	9	13	10	12
Western Provinces.....	T. 27	34	29	22	52	70	70	51	66	68	67	80	56	57	97	73	77	84
	M. 25	32	27	20	50	60	65	47	63	62	62	76	55	70	90	67	72	76
	F. 6	2	2	2	5	10	5	4	3	6	5	4	1	7	7	6	5	8

## Graduates in Pharmacy

	182	176	181	203	200	177	134	212	182	183	204	208	203	162	160	150	190
	T.	176	181	203	200	177	134	212	182	183	204	208	203	162	160	150	190
	M.	166	159	181	192	161	130	202	173	172	193	198	192	152	151	137	180
	F.	10	22	22	8	16	4	10	9	11	11	11	12	10	9	13	10
Canada.....																	
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	11	7	11	—	2	6	3	4	4	3	3	3	5	1
	M.	—	—	11	—	10	—	2	5	3	4	3	3	3	—	3	1
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	3	4	1	—	—	—	2	—
Quebec.....	T.	26	27	26	33	39	23	22	24	14	25	11	26	14	17	14	20
	M.	24	19	27	32	39	23	22	24	14	25	11	26	14	17	14	20
	F.	2	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario.....	T.	88	94	91	78	79	68	137	110	107	117	128	110	98	86	74	100
	M.	84	88	78	74	72	67	130	106	100	113	122	104	92	81	69	97
	F.	4	6	14	4	7	1	7	4	7	4	6	6	6	5	5	3
Western Provinces.....	T.	68	60	75	82	48	43	61	42	59	58	65	64	47	54	57	69
	M.	65	59	54	79	40	40	58	38	55	51	62	58	43	50	51	62
	F.	3	1	8	3	8	3	3	4	4	7	3	6	4	4	6	7

13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred Annually by Faculties—Continued

	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937
Physical Training Diplomas																		
Canada.....	-	-	-	7	17	24	18	37	41	45	41	45	41	25	28	26	21	31
T.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
M.....	-	-	-	7	17	24	18	37	41	45	41	45	41	25	28	25	20	29
F.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Quebec.....	-	-	-	7	17	24	18	25	24	16	15	15	15	10	13	5	5	10
T.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
M.....	-	-	-	7	17	24	18	25	24	16	15	15	15	10	13	1	4	8
F.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ontario.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	16	29	26	30	26	15	11	21	16	15
Western Provinces.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	6
Diplomas in Social Service																		
Canada.....	-	5	11	13	9	20	2	24	27	21	20	18	55	48	36	48	45	65
T.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
M.....	-	5	11	13	9	18	23	23	27	21	20	18	51	42	36	44	39	55
F.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13
Quebec.....	-	-	3	6	2	6	8	9	9	11	8	7	13	-	-	14	8	4
T.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
M.....	-	-	3	6	2	6	8	9	9	11	8	7	13	-	-	14	1	9
F.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Ontario.....	-	5	8	7	7	14	16	18	15	10	12	11	40	33	27	28	30	40
T.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
M.....	-	5	8	7	7	12	15	18	15	10	12	11	36	27	27	28	25	35
F.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
Western Provinces.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	15	9	6	7	12
T.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
M.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	15	9	6	7	11
F.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Graduates in Theology																		
Canada.....	394	426	393	427	430	418	475	445	427	408	430	434	438	420	490	491	484	540
T.....	377	408	371	409	411	399	432	424	420	393	414	416	423	403	470	476	468	521
M.....	17	18	22	18	19	19	23	21	17	15	16	18	15	17	20	15	16	19
F.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maritime Provinces.....	23	35	30	30	18	27	31	35	33	30	28	42	24	34	44	50	39	40
Quebec.....	149	155	160	183	197	171	210	188	175	162	166	151	173	157	175	177	180	210



## Bachelors of Divinity (Post-graduate)

Ontario.....	T. M. F.	162 147 15	188 170 16	163 147 16	169 153 16	178 162 16	176 160 16	178 160 16	180 163 17	186 171 15	172 160 13	190 177 13	178 164 14	188 175 15	181 166 15	214 200 14	21 205 13	226 213 13	249 230 19
Western Provinces.....	T. M. F.	60 58 2	50 48 2	40 34 6	45 43 2	37 34 3	44 41 3	56 51 5	42 38 4	43 41 2	44 41 3	46 43 3	63 59 4	53 51 2	48 46 2	57 51 6	46 44 2	39 36 3	41 41 -

Canada.....	M.	37	34	61	42	47	33	30	33	24	31	41	37	33	32	46	36	43	46
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	6	2	3	1	2	3	2	6	2	2	7	4	8	6	8	9	17	7
Quebec.....	M.	12	10	6	11	13	8	3	6	4	11	11	3	6	10	14	8	8	10
Ontario.....	M.	18	15	26	17	14	9	18	12	12	14	15	24	12	11	13	14	12	24
Western Provinces.....	M.	1	7	26	13	18	13	7	9	6	4	8	6	7	5	11	5	6	5

## Graduates in Veterinary Science

Canada.....	T. M. F.	6 6 -	26 26 -	28 28 -	39 39 -	34 34 -	21 21 -	18 18 -	18 18 -	21 20 1	23 23 -	21 21 -	28 28 -	34 34 -	37 37 -	36 36 -	52 52 -	53 53 -	40 40 -
Quebec.....	T. M. F.	1 1 -	6 6 -	9 9 -	6 6 -	8 8 -	6 6 -	6 6 -	8 8 -	3 3 -	5 5 -	4 4 -	8 8 -	13 13 -	17 17 -	11 11 -	9 9 -	8 8 -	6 6 -
Ontario.....	T. M. F.	5 5 -	20 20 -	19 19 -	33 33 -	26 26 -	15 15 -	12 12 -	10 10 -	18 17 1	18 18 -	17 17 -	20 20 -	21 21 -	20 20 -	25 25 -	43 43 -	45 45 -	34 34 -

## Post-Graduate Degrees and Diplomas in Nursing

Canada.....	F.	19	67	98	88	80	72	83	93	102	111	111	122	159	174	125	150	191	166
Quebec.....	F.	-	-	19	11	23	17	33	31	32	39	31	39	51	51	43	41	67	43
Ontario <sup>4</sup> .....	F.	19	67	65	58	46	46	43	46	59	60	71	65	96	99	60	81	99	103
Western Provinces.....	F.	-	-	14	19	11	9	7	16	11	12	9	18	12	24	22	28	25	20

<sup>4</sup> Includes 12-24 Dental nurses annually.

## DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred Annually, by Faculties—Continued

	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937
Masters of Arts <sup>a</sup>																		
<b>Canada</b> .....	T. 147 M. 103 F. 44	T. 147 M. 105 F. 42	T. 156 M. 110 F. 46	T. 196 M. 134 F. 62	T. 222 M. 158 F. 64	T. 187 M. 133 F. 64	T. 202 M. 140 F. 62	T. 225 M. 153 F. 72	T. 251 M. 177 F. 74	T. 238 M. 152 F. 76	T. 238 M. 160 F. 78	T. 274 M. 180 F. 91	T. 239 M. 159 F. 80	T. 287 M. 186 F. 101	T. 254 M. 167 F. 87	T. 254 M. 161 F. 93	T. 252 M. 179 F. 73	T. 265 M. 193 F. 70
Maritime Provinces.....	T. 22 M. 17 F. 5	T. 37 M. 30 F. 7	T. 26 M. 21 F. 5	T. 35 M. 28 F. 7	T. 38 M. 31 F. 7	T. 17 M. 12 F. 5	T. 22 M. 12 F. 10	T. 28 M. 13 F. 13	T. 41 M. 31 F. 10	T. 23 M. 16 F. 7	T. 33 M. 20 F. 13	T. 29 M. 17 F. 12	T. 29 M. 21 F. 8	T. 37 M. 28 F. 9	T. 23 M. 13 F. 10	T. 24 M. 20 F. 9	T. 24 M. 17 F. 7	T. 34 M. 27 F. 7
Quebec.....	T. 9 M. 9 F. —	T. 14 M. 9 F. 5	T. 12 M. 9 F. 3	T. 18 M. 18 F. 4	T. 22 M. 38 F. 6	T. 17 M. 13 F. 4	T. 27 M. 21 F. 6	T. 28 M. 23 F. 5	T. 35 M. 22 F. 13	T. 41 M. 26 F. 15	T. 44 M. 28 F. 16	T. 47 M. 27 F. 20	T. 42 M. 26 F. 16	T. 38 M. 24 F. 14	T. 29 M. 13 F. 18	T. 27 M. 14 F. 13	T. 29 M. 20 F. 19	T. 32 M. 13 F. 13
Ontario.....	T. 75 M. 49 F. 26	T. 74 M. 49 F. 25	T. 78 M. 54 F. 24	T. 92 M. 62 F. 30	T. 102 M. 65 F. 37	T. 96 M. 62 F. 34	T. 95 M. 68 F. 27	T. 117 M. 80 F. 37	T. 124 M. 88 F. 36	T. 116 M. 74 F. 42	T. 131 M. 94 F. 37	T. 137 M. 94 F. 43	T. 121 M. 83 F. 38	T. 188 M. 101 F. 57	T. 150 M. 111 F. 43	T. 141 M. 85 F. 56	T. 141 M. 108 F. 33	T. 143 M. 105 F. 38
Western Provinces.....	T. 41 M. 28 F. 13	T. 22 M. 17 F. 5	T. 40 M. 26 F. 14	T. 47 M. 26 F. 21	T. 38 M. 24 F. 14	T. 57 M. 36 F. 21	T. 58 M. 39 F. 19	T. 52 M. 35 F. 17	T. 51 M. 36 F. 15	T. 48 M. 36 F. 12	T. 30 M. 18 F. 12	T. 61 M. 42 F. 19	T. 47 M. 29 F. 18	T. 54 M. 33 F. 21	T. 43 M. 32 F. 11	T. 52 M. 37 F. 15	T. 48 M. 34 F. 14	T. 56 M. 44 F. 12
Masters of Science <sup>b</sup>																		
<b>Canada</b> .....	T. 27 M. 26 F. 1	T. 30 M. 24 F. 6	T. 60 M. 56 F. 4	T. 58 M. 56 F. 2	T. 73 M. 63 F. 5	T. 79 M. 71 F. 4	T. 83 M. 78 F. 4	T. 67 M. 64 F. 3	T. 77 M. 72 F. 5	T. 59 M. 57 F. 2	T. 68 M. 64 F. 4	T. 93 M. 89 F. 4	T. 124 M. 119 F. 5	T. 145 M. 138 F. 7	T. 134 M. 130 F. 4	T. 115 M. 108 F. 8	T. 133 M. 130 F. 3	T. 107 M. 99 F. 8
Maritime Provinces.....	T. 2 M. 2 F. —	T. 2 M. 2 F. —	T. 2 M. 2 F. —	T. 8 M. 7 F. 1	T. — M. — F. —	T. 3 M. 2 F. 1	T. 4 M. 4 F. —	T. 4 M. 4 F. —	T. 5 M. 5 F. 1	T. 2 M. 2 F. —	T. 4 M. 4 F. 3	T. 3 M. 2 F. 1	T. 2 M. 2 F. —	T. 4 M. 4 F. —	T. 9 M. 8 F. 2	T. 6 M. 6 F. 2	T. 6 M. 6 F. 2	T. 6 M. 6 F. 2
Quebec.....	T. 9 M. 9 F. —	T. 18 M. 13 F. 5	T. 25 M. 22 F. 3	T. 19 M. 19 F. —	T. 26 M. 23 F. 3	T. 33 M. 33 F. 2	T. 42 M. 39 F. 3	T. 23 M. 21 F. 2	T. 28 M. 25 F. 3	T. 40 M. 39 F. 2	T. 20 M. 20 F. —	T. 28 M. 28 F. —	T. 35 M. 34 F. 1	T. 40 M. 39 F. 1	T. 27 M. 27 F. —	T. 23 M. 22 F. 1	T. 31 M. 31 F. —	T. 29 M. 29 F. —
Ontario.....	T. 9 M. 9 F. —	T. 5 M. 5 F. —	T. 19 M. 19 F. —	T. 14 M. 14 F. —	T. 21 M. 21 F. —	T. 20 M. 20 F. —	T. 9 M. 9 F. —	T. 15 M. 15 F. —	T. 12 M. 12 F. —	T. 11 M. 11 F. —	T. 17 M. 17 F. —	T. 23 M. 23 F. —	T. 37 M. 36 F. 1	T. 44 M. 44 F. —	T. 31 M. 30 F. —	T. 26 M. 26 F. —	T. 32 M. 32 F. —	T. 20 M. 18 F. 2
Western Provinces.....	T. 7 M. 6 F. 1	T. 5 M. 4 F. 1	T. 14 M. 13 F. 1	T. 17 M. 16 F. 1	T. 16 M. 14 F. 2	T. 23 M. 21 F. 2	T. 26 M. 24 F. 1	T. 25 M. 24 F. 1	T. 31 M. 30 F. 1	T. 22 M. 22 F. —	T. 27 M. 26 F. 1	T. 34 M. 31 F. 3	T. 50 M. 47 F. 3	T. 57 M. 51 F. 6	T. 67 M. 67 F. 2	T. 60 M. 56 F. 4	T. 64 M. 61 F. 3	T. 52 M. 48 F. 4

<sup>a</sup> Includes M. Comm. & M. Ed. or M. Paed.<sup>b</sup> Includes M.A.Sc., M.S.A., M.Sc.F., M. Arch., M.V.Sc., M.Sc. Dent., M. Surgery (where given separately).

Licentiates (Not including theology)

Canada.....	T.	39	41	43	61	46	57	40	70	72	76	94	91	130	97	129	112	100	121
	M. F.	39 —	41 —	43 —	60 1	45 1	57 —	39 1	67 3	71 1	75 1	93 1	89 2	128 2	93 4	113 16	105 7	93 7	117 4
Quebec.....	T.	25	28	31	46	22	38	26	52	56	57	57	67	86	97	129	102	92	109
	M. F.	25 —	28 —	31 —	45 1	31 1	38 —	25 1	49 3	55 1	57 —	56 1	66 2	84 2	93 4	113 16	95 7	85 7	105 4
Ontario.....	T.	14	13	12	15	14	19	14	18	16	19	37	24	44	—	—	10	8	12
	M. F.	14 —	13 —	12 —	15 —	14 —	19 —	14 —	18 —	16 —	18 —	37 —	23 —	44 —	—	—	10 —	8 —	12 —

Other Post-Graduate Degrees and Diplomas (Except in education or theology)

Canada.....	T.	2	6	57	61	79	42	53	52	81	85	87	84	86	91	100	93	90	83
	M. F.	2 —	6 —	57 —	60 1	8 —	3 —	51 2	51 1	79 2	83 2	87 —	82 2	84 2	91 —	95 5	90 3	90 —	80 8
Quebec.....	T.	—	3	44	54	69	31	42	44	69	68	67	55	59	74	76	70	65	70
	M. F.	— —	3 —	44 —	53 1	61 —	29 —	42 —	44 —	68 1	68 —	67 —	54 1	59 —	74 —	72 4	68 2	66 —	63 7
Ontario.....	T.	2	3	13	7	10	11	10	8	11	16	19	27	27	15	23	22	23	18
	M. F.	2 —	3 —	13 —	7 —	10 —	1 —	9 —	7 —	10 —	15 —	19 —	26 1	25 2	15 —	22 1	21 —	23 —	17 1
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	1	1	2	—	2	1	1	1	—
	M. F.	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	1 —	— —	1 —	1 —	1 —	2 —	— —	2 —	1 —	1 —	1 —	— —

Doctorates (Honorary)

Canada.....	T.	56	58	145	84	78	72	67	79	119	108	127	95	78	102	96	76	100	129
	M. F.	56 —	58 —	145 —	83 1	77 1	70 2	67 —	77 2	116 8	107 1	126 1	95 —	76 2	102 —	96 —	73 3	98 2	125 4
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	10	4	13	13	15	12	17	20	18	24	22	19	16	26	22	17	21	16
	M. F.	9 —	4 —	13 —	12 —	14 —	12 —	17 —	19 —	18 —	24 —	22 —	19 —	16 —	26 —	22 —	17 —	20 —	15 —
Quebec.....	T.	17	10	70	15	11	20	7	9	25	31	31	13	26	19	26	20	19	54
	M. F.	17 —	10 —	70 —	15 —	11 —	20 —	7 —	9 —	25 —	31 —	31 —	13 —	23 2	19 —	26 —	20 —	19 —	51 3
Ontario.....	T.	36	33	54	52	35	28	28	36	59	38	45	46	23	45	39	25	42	45
	M. F.	36 —	33 —	54 —	52 —	35 —	28 —	28 —	35 1	58 3	37 1	45 —	46 —	23 —	45 —	39 —	24 1	41 1	45 —
Western Provinces.....	T.	3	11	8	4	17	12	15	14	17	15	29	17	13	12	9	14	18	14
	M. F.	3 —	11 —	8 —	4 —	17 —	12 —	15 —	14 —	17 —	15 —	29 —	17 —	13 —	12 —	9 —	14 —	18 —	14 —





New Brunswick.....	1921	9	83	252	10	4	-	2	1	1	-	3	2	-	35	-	402
	1926	16	95	374	12	5	2	2	2	2	-	10	1	2	24	-	544
	1931	30	159	562	31	14	1	1	3	-	-	20	10	5	20	-	857
	1936	18	191	555	46	7	1	1	-	-	-	16	10	5	12	4	866
	1937	16	197	823	76	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	30	8	12	2	1,175
Quebec (English).....	1921	38	133	120	1,920	504	27	34	50	105	-	-	-	-	263	-	3,194
	1926	26	76	77	1,737	358	27	33	35	74	-	-	-	-	57	16	2,799
	1931	19	78	77	2,030	342	32	36	42	81	-	-	-	-	42	49	3,312
	1936	26	70	80	2,112	275	32	45	35	64	1	-	-	-	335	68	3,215
	1937	36	106	88	2,364	290	38	46	44	73	-	-	-	-	337	61	3,560
Quebec (French).....	1921	5	7	22	12,216	139	16	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	414	-	12,827
	1926	11	16	23	11,294	146	21	14	5	1	-	-	-	-	1	24	11,955
	1931	8	9	8	14,461	84	11	8	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	33	15,243
	1936	7	16	63	14,179	92	10	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	4	60	16,198
	1937	3	10	40	17,457	104	9	9	11	6	-	-	-	-	2	57	18,632
Ontario.....	1921	28	87	62	184	8,497	153	292	170	189	-	-	-	-	393	-	10,057
	1926	21	69	49	184	8,381	93	154	84	133	-	-	-	-	7	154	9,619
	1931	23	59	78	154	11,529	96	218	94	133	2	-	-	-	16	138	13,390
	1936	33	78	84	338	12,929	132	225	123	133	5	-	-	-	14	126	14,903
	1937	29	87	99	317	12,581	151	245	140	163	2	-	-	-	9	111	14,890
Manitoba.....	1921	-	1	1	-	15	1,641	125	23	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,837
	1926	1	5	2	-	21	2,345	197	18	20	-	-	-	-	3	-	2,643
	1931	-	2	2	1	59	2,288	252	30	25	1	-	-	-	3	-	2,683
	1936	-	-	1	-	26	2,387	204	21	16	-	-	-	-	1	-	2,872
	1937	-	-	1	-	26	2,261	219	23	16	-	-	-	-	1	-	2,550
Saskatchewan.....	1921	4	7	1	2	13	11	632	9	3	-	-	-	-	34	-	716
	1926	2	2	1	1	15	8	78	13	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	885
	1931	1	3	1	3	19	29	1,457	12	5	-	-	-	-	5	-	1,619
	1936	-	-	-	5	8	13	1,757	10	6	-	-	-	-	1	-	1,841
	1937	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,766	20	10	-	-	-	-	1	-	1,480
Alberta.....	1921	1	20	7	-	30	15	75	1,072	35	-	-	-	-	30	-	1,285
	1926	4	8	7	14	12	64	1,007	37	37	-	-	-	-	4	-	1,257
	1931	-	-	-	-	10	19	81	1,308	79	-	-	-	-	1	4	1,318
	1936	-	-	-	6	13	86	1,508	101	101	-	-	-	-	2	2	1,721
	1937	1	-	-	1	8	23	106	1,674	100	-	-	-	-	-	2	1,919
British Columbia.....	1921	-	-	-	-	1	-	6	853	5	-	-	-	-	-	1	877
	1926	-	-	2	1	2	2	3	10	6	-	-	-	-	-	12	1,463
	1931	-	1	-	2	7	6	9	17	1,995	4	-	-	-	22	-	2,079
	1936	-	-	-	2	2	3	13	29	1,831	6	-	-	-	0	-	1,805
	1937	-	1	-	1	3	3	19	28	2,218	2	-	-	-	5	-	2,289
Canada.....	1921	336	1,455	744	14,368	9,220	1,863	1,176	1,337	1,204	-	-	-	-	1,306	-	33,012
	1926	276	1,470	796	13,257	8,367	2,510	1,266	1,263	1,589	3	-	-	-	130	-	33,993
	1931	351	1,742	1,010	16,929	12,178	2,467	2,093	1,511	1,320	9	-	-	-	333	236	44,221
	1936	287	1,551	1,030	16,715	13,361	2,796	2,009	1,731	2,165	3	-	-	-	32	133	47,924
	1937	304	1,941	1,324	20,379	13,316	2,500	2,417	1,947	2,594	4	-	-	-	136	219	49,397

Note.—Figures in this table are not strictly comparable as between years because records from some institutions (different institutions in different years) have not been available for inclusion. Moreover some institutions have changed their admission policy over time, e.g., more than half of the students at university grade 10 were pre-matriculation or part-time students when pre-matriculation or part-time students have been included in the reports it has not been possible to separate them in compiling the table. For there is only one figure for all students from outside Canada.

## 15.—Summary of Teaching Staffs at Quinquennial Intervals

	Arts, Letters and Pure Science						Professional Faculties						Pre-Matriculation						Total Teaching Staff (excluding duplicates)			
	Full time			Part time			Full time			Part time			Full time			Part time			Full time		Part time	
	M.	F.	M.	M.	F.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
Canada.....	1921	1,120	71	214	28	858	84	1,125	54	695	304	80	39	2,704	462	1,337	114					
	1926	1,317	124	247	73	878	90	1,441	67	594	355	74	53	2,842	580	1,653	168					
	1931	1,558	158	372	147	1,005	122	1,613	92	680	456	108	79	3,294	754	1,985	279					
	1936	1,719	203	432	147	1,273	149	1,730	112	719	183	114	35	3,476	541	2,063	281					
	1937	1,772	213	388	137	1,032	174	1,730	132	732	220	110	32	3,583	611	2,119	289					
Maritime Provinces.....	1921	114	2	26	2	75	2	53	3	48	5	22	-	252	9	71	4					
	1926	135	10	46	5	53	2	111	141	53	5	23	3	279	19	104	4					
	1931	154	12	57	30	62	8	141	17	45	4	22	2	290	30	162	36					
	1936	159	16	81	14	62	23	136	11	56	4	15	-	293	44	184	23					
	1937	184	15	59	9	57	23	121	9	61	5	12	-	298	41	190	18					
Quebec.....	1921	467	2	85	4	106	32	491	18	479	277	51	31	1,146	311	619	53					
	1926	548	18	69	12	242	34	612	29	381	332	22	38	1,173	382	701	75					
	1931	642	25	82	13	305	47	748	36	450	426	28	44	1,399	498	854	97					
	1936	773	59	70	19	329	35	646	29	499	164	38	23	1,612	260	730	67					
	1937	771	63	46	9	345	31	674	24	486	193	35	22	1,605	288	745	53					
Ontario.....	1921	341	28	66	13	405	28	377	27	87	5	-	-	836	61	437	40					
	1926	386	53	76	37	392	32	492	28	76	6	1	-	814	91	509	65					
	1931	485	82	128	56	395	30	515	33	108	13	14	4	988	125	654	91					
	1936	515	85	205	84	375	46	649	58	98	6	13	-	1,003	137	836	152					
	1937	539	83	203	102	410	67	679	73	122	14	13	4	1,090	168	856	171					
Western Provinces.....	1921	198	39	37	9	182	22	204	6	81	17	7	8	470	81	230	17					
	1926	248	43	56	19	231	24	226	7	84	12	23	16	576	88	279	24					
	1931	277	39	105	48	243	37	208	6	77	13	44	25	617	101	315	35					
	1936	272	43	76	20	207	45	243	14	66	9	48	12	568	100	313	39					
	1937	278	52	80	17	220	53	256	26	63	8	50	6	590	114	328	47					







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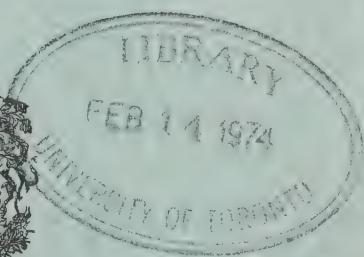
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Survey 2

# HIGHER EDUCATION IN CANADA, 1938-40

(BEING PART II OF THE BIENNIAL SURVEY OF EDUCATION  
IN CANADA, 1938-40)

Published by Authority of the Hon. James A. MacKinnon, M.P.  
Minister of Trade and Commerce



OTTAWA  
EDMOND CLOUTIER  
PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY  
1941

Price, 35 cents

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## PREFACE

The present is the second separate printed report on "Higher Education in Canada" that has been issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The corresponding information for earlier years was included in the volume "Annual Survey of Education in Canada", although it was usually ready for press several months in advance of information on schools for the corresponding year.

It has not been possible to include an analytical section in this edition comparable with Section I in the edition for 1936-38, due to special circumstances created by the war.

A new retrospective compilation, on finance, appears in Table 17. It and the work on the current tables has been done largely by Miss S. A. Feeley, under the supervision of Dr. J. E. Robbins.

R. H. COATS,

*Dominion Statistician.*

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS,  
November, 1940.

# CONTENTS

## Section I.—Current Tables

	PAGE
1. List of institutions, showing addresses, control, courses and affiliations.....	6
2. List of professional schools, colleges and university faculties in Canada, showing the full-time enrolment of university grade in each branch of study .....	12
3. Full-time students of the regular session by province and faculties .....	19
4. Part-time and short course students by province and grade of work.....	20
5. Summary of all students reported, classified by grade of work.....	22
6. Summary of all students reported, classified as full-time, part-time, short course, etc.	23
7. Summary of degrees and diplomas granted.....	24
8. University-grade students of the regular session attending outside their province of residence.....	26
9. Teaching staffs.....	27
10. Salary classification of full-time teaching staffs.....	28
11. Library statistics.....	28
APPENDIX—Bibliography on Higher Education in Canada.....	31

## Section II—Retrospective Tables, 1921-1939

12. Enrolment of full-time undergraduate students of the regular session by faculties..	36
12A. Enrolment of full-time post-graduate students of the regular session.....	41
13. Degrees and diplomas conferred, by faculties.....	42
14. Classification of full-time students according to place of residence.....	49
15. Summary of teaching staffs.....	51
16. Summary of full-time enrolment in Arts and Pure Science by academic years.....	52
17. Financial statistics of Universities and Colleges.....	53

## SECTION I.

### CURRENT TABLES, 1937-38 and 1938-39

## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations

NOTE.—The name of each institution is entered in the language (French or English) used in it as the main language of instruction. The name of each university that has numerous affiliated colleges is entered in *italics*, and immediately below are listed its affiliated institutions, their names slightly indented in the column. The whole is designed to indicate the structure of the higher educational system in Canada.

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Prince Edward Island</b>	
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown (Provincial).	Normal School, Preparatory and Two Years Arts (Co-educational). Graduates admitted to 3rd and 2nd year Arts in Dalhousie, Acadia, Mount Allison and King's.
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown (Roman Catholic).	Junior Commercial, Preparatory and Full Course in Arts (Men only). Has degree-granting powers, but in practice degrees are granted by Laval University, Quebec.
<b>Nova Scotia</b>	
Acadia University, Wolfville (Baptist).....	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts and Science, Household Science, Music and Theology. Three Years' Engineering. Diploma in Secretarial Science. (Co-educational). Students completing Engineering Course, admitted to second-last year of Bachelor's Course in Engineering in Nova Scotia Technical College and McGill University. Graduates in Arts, if proper electives have been chosen, admitted to second year Medicine in McGill.
<i>Dalhousie University, Halifax (Undenominational).</i>	Degrees in Arts and Science, Commerce, Music, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Law and Fisheries. Diploma in Household Science. Three Years' Engineering. (Co-educational). On completion of Engineering Course at Dalhousie, B.Sc. in Engineering obtained at Nova Scotia Technical College in two years.
University of King's College, Halifax (Anglican).	Arts and Science, Degrees in Theology. (Preparatory in King's College School at Windsor, N.S., reported in private schools) (Co-educational). All degrees in Arts and Science granted by Dalhousie. Except in First Year, classes in King's do not duplicate those in Dalhousie, each other class whether conducted in the one or the other institution, being open to students of both. King's is "associated" with Dalhousie.
Mount Saint Vincent College, Rockingham (Roman Catholic).	(Preparatory in Mt. St. Vincent Academy reported in private schools). Degrees in Arts, Secretarial Science, Household Economics, Nursing and Music (Women only). Arts students may receive advanced standing at Dalhousie in 1st and 2nd year classes for work done at the College, and instruction in separate classes in 3rd and 4th year work.
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax (United Church).	Degrees in Theology. First Year of course may be taken at Dalhousie or Mount Allison Universities. For certain classes in Pine Hill credit is given toward the B.A. degree in Dalhousie.
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Medical Science Bldg., Halifax (Pharm. Soc. and Dalhousie Univ.).	Two- and three-year Pharmacy courses. Prepare students to become registered Pharmacists in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick (Co-educational). Students may obtain degrees of B.Sc. (Pharmacy) in Dalhousie by taking certain courses in the Faculty of Arts and Science in addition.
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Science, Household Science, Nursing, Three Years' Engineering. (Men and women, the ladies' College being Mount St. Bernard). B.Sc. in Engineering completed at Nova Scotia Technical College in two years by those completing the three-year course in St. Francis Xavier. Similarly at McGill.
St. Mary's College, Halifax (Roman Catholic)	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce. Three Years' Engineering (Men only). Engineering Course completed at Nova Scotia Technical College as above.
Collège Ste-Anne, Church Point (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial, Degrees in Arts and Letters (Men only).
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax (Roman Catholic).	Theology and Philosophy.
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro (Provincial).	Short courses in Agriculture and Home Economics. Two Years of a "degree course" in Agriculture (Co-educational). Students completing "degree course" are admitted to the third year of B.S.A. course at Macdonald College, Quebec, and at the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax (Provincial).	The two final years of course for B.Sc. in Engineering, and grants degrees. Regular students have taken junior years of course in Acadia, Dalhousie, King's, Mt. Allison, St. Francis Xavier, or St. Mary's.
<b>New Brunswick</b>	
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton (Provincial).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Law, Engineering and Forestry (Co-educational).
Mount Allison University, Sackville (United Church).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Music, Fine Arts and Home Economics, Certificates in Art and Home Economics. Diplomas in Secretarial Science and Commerce. Three Years Engineering. One Year Theology. Two Years' pre-medical and pre-dental. (Co-educational). Arrangements provide for completing of degree course in Engineering at Nova Scotia Technical College, McGill or Queen's in two years, in Theology at Pine Hill Divinity Hall in three years, in Medicine at Dalhousie or McGill in five years, in Dentistry at Dalhousie in four years.
Université Saint-Joseph, Saint Joseph (Roman Catholic, French and English).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Literature, Science and Commerce (Men only).
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Bathurst (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Diplomas in Commerce, Degrees in Arts and Letters (Men only).
St. Thomas College, Chatham (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts. (Men only).



## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec</b>	
Montreal School of Social Work, 3480 University St., Montreal. (Undenominational).	Two-year diploma course in Social Work. (Co-educational). By arrangement, students whose undergraduate course has not included the required preliminary work in social sciences are admitted to the necessary courses in McGill University.
Sir George Williams College, 1441 Drummond St., Montreal. (Y.M.C.A.)	Diplomas and Degrees in Arts, Science and Commerce; Courses in Fine and Applied Art and Business. (Co-educational).
Bishops' University, Lennoxville, Que. (Anglican).	Degrees in Arts, Music and Theology. Course in Education for High School Teacher's Diploma (Co-educational).
McGill University, Montreal, Que. (Undenominational).	Degrees or diplomas in Arts and Science, Commerce, Law, Agriculture, Architecture, Engineering, Dentistry, Medicine, Pharmacy, Household Science, Nursing, Music, Physical Education, Library School and Graduate School (Co-educational). See under Royal Military College, Acadia, Mount Allison, St. Francis Xavier, and Alberta Universities for arrangement <i>re</i> credit for Engineering Courses at McGill. See also under Macdonald College and the three theological colleges immediately below.
Royal Victoria College, Montreal, Que. (Undenominational).	The Women's College in McGill University for courses in the Faculty of Arts.
Macdonald College, Macdonald College (Undenominational).	Full courses and Short Courses in Agriculture and Household Science. (Also Provincial Normal School) (Co-educational). An incorporated College of McGill University. Degree Courses in Agriculture controlled by, and degrees for same granted by McGill. Other courses in Agriculture and those in Household Science under direction of the College.
United Theological College, 3506 University St., Montreal (United Church)	Degrees in Theology. Affiliated to McGill: Students of these Colleges pursuing a double course in Arts and Theology are exempted from a half course in Arts in each of the Third and Fourth Years, or a whole course in either.
Diocesan Theological College, 3472 University St., Montreal (Anglican).	
Montreal Presbyterian College, 3489 McTavish St., Montreal (Presbyterian).	Faculties and Schools of the University are: Theology (The Grand Seminary of Montreal), Law, Medicine, Philosophy, Letters, Science, Dental Surgery, Pharmacy, Social Science.
Université de Montréal, Montréal (Roman Catholic, as also most affiliated colleges).	"Affiliated Schools" of the University of Montreal. They might be considered the respective professional Faculties of the University which has direct control of the courses and grants the degrees, but no financial control.
Ecole Polytechnique, 1430 St-Denis, Montréal (Provincial).	
Ecole des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, 535 Avenue Viger, Montréal (Provincial).	Men and boys only except Collège Marguerite-Bourgeoys which is the University's affiliated arts college for girls. "Little Seminaries" and "Classical Colleges" affiliated to the University of Montreal, and in reality constituting the Faculty of Arts of the University, which regulates the courses and grants the degrees in Arts. The "Classical" Course, however, covers in addition to the final four years required for the B.A. Degree several preliminary years of study comparable to the more advanced grades of the elementary schools and the secondary grades in other provinces. In addition several of these institutions offer junior commercial courses corresponding to commercial courses in the high schools of other provinces.
Institut agricole d'Oka, La Trappe	
Ecole de médecine vétérinaire, La Trappe	Classical—"Letters-Science" or High School Course of four years for girls.
Ecole d'optométrie, 1610 St-Denis, Montréal	
Institut pédagogique St-Georges, 244 rue Sherbrooke est, Montréal	Schools "annexed" to the University of Montreal, i.e., of which the University approves the curriculum, is represented at the examinations, and sanctions the diplomas awarded.
Institut pédagogique, 4873 Westmount Ave., Montréal	
Petit Séminaire de Montréal	Graduate courses for nurses. "Annexed" to the Faculty of Medicine, University of Montreal. See meaning of "annexed" above.
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St-Hyacinthe	
Séminaire de Ste-Thérèse, Ste-Thérèse	
Collège de l'Assomption, l'Assomption	
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette	
Collège Ste-Marie, 1180 Bleury, Montréal	
Collège Bourget, Rigaud	
Collège de St-Laurent, St-Laurent	
Séminaire St-Charles Borromée, Sherbrooke	
Séminaire de Valleyfield, Valleyfield	
Collège de St-Jean sur Richelieu, St-Jean	
Loyola College, Montreal	
Séminaire Ste-Croix, St-Laurent	
Collège Jean-de-Brébeuf, Côte-des-Neiges, Montréal	
Externat Classique de St-Sulpice, Montréal	
Collège Marguerite-Bourgeoys, 4873 Westmount, Montréal	
41 Couvents affiliés	
Conservatoire National de Musique, 441 LaGauchetière est, Montréal	
Ecole de musique (Institut Nazareth), Montréal	
Ecole supérieure de musique de l'Institut des SS. NN. de Jésus et Marie, Montréal	
Ecole de musique religieuse (Schola Cantorum), Montréal	
Ecole de dessin, Montréal	
Ecole de tourisme, 7459 del'Epée, Montréal	
5 écoles d'enseignement ménager	
Conservatoire Lasalle, 847 Sherbrooke St. E., Montréal	
Ecole d'hygiène sociale appliquée, 1231 Demontigny, Montréal	

## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec—Continued</b>	
<i>Université Laval, Québec (Roman Catholic, as also all affiliated colleges).</i>	Faculties and Schools of the University are: Theology, Philosophy, Canon Law, Law, Medicine, Arts, Science and Agriculture. The faculty of "Arts" includes the Superior Normal School, Pharmacy, Nursing, Modern Languages, Music. (Women are admitted to Superior Normal Philosophy, Superior Chemistry, Modern Languages, Nursing and Music Schools.) The faculty of Science includes Superior Chemistry, the School of Mines, Land Surveying and Forestry.
Grand Séminaire du Collège de Ste-Anne..... " de Rimouski..... " de Chicoutimi..... " de Nicolet..... " des Trois-Rivières..... " du Collège de Lévis..... " de Mont-Laurier.....	The seven "Grand Seminaries" listed are schools of theology located at or near the "Little Seminaries" or "Classical Colleges" bearing the same name. The Grand Seminary at Quebec City is the Faculty of Theology in Laval University.
16 couvents ou instituts affiliés, 2 écoles d'ens. ménager, et St. Patrick High School, Three Rivers.	"Higher Primary instruction", i.e., High School Course for girls.
L'Institut des Dames Religieuses de Jésus-Marie, de Sillery, Bergerville. L'Institut des Dames Ursulines des Trois-Rivières.	Classical course for girls.
12 Ecoles de Gardes-Malades.....	Diploma Course in Nursing.
Petit Séminaire de Québec, Québec City.... Petit Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet..... Collège de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne de la Pocatière Petit Séminaire des Trois-Rivières..... Petit Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski.... Petit Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi. Collège de Lévis, Lévis..... Petit Séminaire de Mont-Laurier, Mt-Laurier Collège St-Alexandre, Limbour..... Ecole Apostolique, Notre-Dame Lévis..... Séminaire du Sacré-Coeur, St-Victor..... Séminaire de Gaspé, Gaspé..... Collège Charles Garnier, Québec..... Séminaire St. Alphonse, Ste-Anne de Beau-pré. Séminaire St. Antoine, Trois Rivières et Québec.	Classical Colleges and Little Seminaries affiliated to the University of Laval. See explanation opposite the names of the similar institutions affiliated to the University of Montreal.
*Collège des Jésuites, Sudbury, Ont..... *Collège des Jésuites, Edmonton, Alta..... *St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown, P.E.I.	"Associated Colleges", i.e., "affiliated classical colleges" situated outside the provinces of Quebec and Ontario (Lower and Upper Canada).
Académie de la Salle, Trois-Rivières..... Académie Commerciale, Québec City..... L'Institut des Frères du Sacré-Coeur, Arthabaska. Ecole d'Agriculture de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne de la Pocatière.	Schools for men, other than theological and classical, affiliated to the University of Laval. Diplomas and degrees are awarded by the University.
Scolasticat des Redemptoristes, Aylmer.... Séminaire des Pères Eudistes, Charlesbourg. Scolasticat de l'Immaculée Conception (Jésuites), 1855 Rachel E., Montréal. Scolasticat des Religieux du T.S. Sacrement 514 Mt. Royal Ave. E., Montréal. Studium Franc. de Théologie, Rosemount Blvd., Montréal. Maison d'études du monastère de la Réparation (Capucins), Pointe-aux-Trembles. Séminaire des Missions Etrangères, Pont-Viau.	
Studium Franc. de Philosophie, 83 rue de l'Alverne, Québec. Scolasticat de Philosophie (Oblats), Richelieu. Scolasticat St-Charles (Clercs de St-Viateur), Joliette. Scolasticat de la Congrégation de Ste-Croix, Montréal. Scolasticat de Philosophie (Cong. de Ste-Croix), St. Laurent. Monastère des Trappistes, N.D. du Lac et Mistassini. Scolasticat (philosophie) des Miss. du Sacré-Coeur, Waterloo. Séminaire des Missionnaires d'Afrique (Pères Blancs), Everell.	Theological schools. Some have classical students, i.e., students in philosophy, as well as theological students. No affiliation.

\*Also listed with the institutions of the province where located.

## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec—Concluded</b>	
<p>Noviciat des PP. Bénédictins, St. Benoit du Lac.  Ecole apostolique des Miss. du Sacré-Coeur, Beauport.  Juniorat de Marie Immaculée (Oblats), Chambly.  Juvénat St. Bernard (Cisterciens), Mistassini.  Cisterciens de la Commune Observance, N.D. de Val d'Espoir.  Cisterciens de l'Immaculée-Conception, St-Michel de R.  Ecole St-Ignace (Jésuites), 1180 Bleury, Montréal.  Maison St-Joseph (Jésuites), Sault-au-Récollet.  Juniorat de la Compagnie de Marie, Papi-neauville.  Juvénat des Pères Maristes, Sillery.....  Collège Missionnaire (Franciscains), Sorel...  Juvénat des R.P. du T.S. Sacrement, Terrebonne.  Collège Séraphique (Franciscains), Trois-Rivières.  Noviciat des Pères Capucins, Québec.....  Congrégation de la Fraternité Sacerdotale, Pointe-du-Lac.  Juvénat St-Joseph, Cong. de Ste-Croix, St. Hyacinthe.  Juvénat des Saints-Anges, Clercs de St-Viateur, Berthierville.  Juvénat Champagneur, Clercs de St-Viateur, L'Epiphanie.</p>	<p>Classical course preparatory to Theology, roughly equivalent to high school and junior college years. No affiliation.</p>
<b>Ontario</b>	
<p><i>Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa (Roman Catholic, O.M.I.).</i></p> <p>Congrégation de Notre Dame, Ottawa.....  Pensionnat de N.D. du Sacré-Coeur, Ottawa.  Maison-Mère des S.G. de la Croix, Ottawa..  Pensionnat de N.D. de Lourdes, Ottawa....  Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....  *Notre Dame College, Wilcox, Sask.....  *Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg, Sask.....  *Collège Thèvenot, Gravelbourg, Sask.....  *Couvent des SS. de la Providence, Prud'homme, Sask.  *Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Regina, Sask.....  *Juniorat St-Jean Apôtre, Edmonton, Alta..  *Académie Ste-Thérèse, Medicine Hat, Alta.</p>	<p>Degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce, Canon Law, Philosophy, and Theology Preparatory Department. Also conducts a Provincial Normal School for teachers of bilingual schools in Ontario, a School of Catholic Action, School of Music and Elocution, School of Nursing, and School of Political Science.</p> <p>Preparatory and Arts Schools in Ontario. Full Course in Arts not given in all schools.</p> <p>Affiliated arts and preparatory schools situated outside the province of Ontario.</p>
<p><i>University of Western Ontario, London (Undenominational).</i></p> <p>Alma College, St. Thomas (United Church)  Assumption College, Windsor (Roman Catholic.)  Huron College, London (Anglican).....  St. Peter's Seminary, London (Roman Catholic).  Ursuline College, London (Roman Catholic)  Waterloo College, Waterloo (Evangelical Lutheran).  Queen's University, Kingston (Undenominational).  Queen's Theological College, Kingston (United Church).  McMaster University, Hamilton (Baptist)....  Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto 2, (Law Society).  Royal Military College, Kingston (Dominion)</p> <p>Margaret Eaton School, Yonge &amp; McGill Sts., Toronto (Undenominational).  St. Jerome's College, Kitchener (Roman Catholic).  Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Sudbury (Roman Catholic).</p>	<p>Degrees in Arts (and Science), Medicine, and Public Health. Diplomas in Business Administration, Nursing and Hospital Administration. (Co-educational.)</p> <p>Affiliated Colleges of the University of Western Ontario, Arts only, except Theology at Huron, Waterloo and St. Peter's Seminary. The University approves the curricula and grants the degrees in Arts.</p> <p>Degrees in Arts (and Science), Commerce, Applied Science and Engineering, Medicine (Co-educational).  Degree Course in Theology. Affiliated to Queen's University. Degrees granted by the University.  Degrees in Arts (and Science) and Theology. (Co-educational.)  Three-year course for which one year of Arts is prerequisite, graduating barristers-at-law (Co-educational). No affiliation.  A four-year course in Applied Science and Engineering (Men). Canadian Universities admit graduates to fourth year of civil engineering and third year of other engineering courses.  Two-year post-matriculation course in physical education for Women. No affiliation.  Junior commercial, preparatory years, and a three year College of Arts Course (Men). No affiliation.  Preparatory and Arts (Men). See under Laval University.</p>

\*Also listed with the institutions of the province where located.



## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Ontario—Concluded</b>	
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, junior commercial, degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce and Social Science (Men). St. Patrick's College, while retaining autonomy of Faculty and Administration, shares the rights and privileges of the charter of the University of Ottawa with regard to the conferring of academic degrees.
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto. (Roman Catholic).	Theological schools. Some have classical students, i.e. students in Philosophy, as well as Theological students.
St. Alphonsus Seminary, Woodstock. (Roman Catholic).	
Collège des Dominicains, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	
Séminaire Universitaire Saint-Paul, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	
Scolasticat des Montfortains, Eastview. (Roman Catholic).	
Séminaire des Missionnaires d'Afrique (Pères Blancs), Eastview. (Roman Catholic).	
College of Christ the King, Toronto. (Roman Catholic).	
St. Basil's Scolasticate, Toronto. (Roman Catholic).	
Mount Carmel College, Niagara. (Roman Catholic).	
St. Mary's College, Brockville. (Roman Catholic).	
Collège Séraphique, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	Classical course preparatory to Theology, roughly equivalent to high school and junior college years.
Juvénat St-Alexis, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	Degrees in the Faculties of Arts (including Pure Science, Commerce and Law), Education, Music, Household Science, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Forestry, Engineering and Applied Science (including Architecture), School of Graduate Studies. Diplomas in Social Science, Public Health, Public Health Nursing, Administrative Course for Graduate Nurses, Physical Education for Women, Occupational Therapy, Physiotherapy, Library School. A course in Education leads to High School teacher's certificate from provincial Department of Education (Co-educational).
St. Stanislas Noviciate, Quelph. (Roman Catholic).	
University of Toronto, Toronto 5 (Provincial)....	
St. Michael's College and Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto 5. (Roman Catholic).	
Victoria University (2 colleges), Toronto (United Church).	
Trinity College, Toronto 5 (Anglican).....	
Knox College, Toronto 5 (Presbyterian) ....	
Wycliffe College, Toronto 5 (Anglican).....	
United Church Training School, Toronto...	
Church of England Training House, Toronto	
Canadian School of Missions, Toronto. (Mission Boards of Anglican, United and Presbyterian Churches).	Provides certain courses for missionary students and missionaries on furlough. All students have access to courses in the Theological Colleges—Knox, Victoria, Trinity and Wycliffe.
Ontario College of Pharmacy, St. James Sq., Toronto (Pharmacists).	Degree and diploma courses in Pharmacy. (Co-educational). Degrees from the University of Toronto.
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph (Provincial).	Degree and diploma courses in Agriculture and Household Science (Co-educational). Degrees from the University.
Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph (Provincial).	Degree Courses in Veterinary Science (Men). Degrees from the University.
<b>Manitoba</b>	
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. (Provincial).	Degrees in the faculties of Arts and Science (including Commerce), Education, Law, Medicine, Engineering, and Architecture, Agriculture and Household Science (Manitoba Agricultural College), Pharmacy diplomas and High School teachers' course (Co-educational).
Manitoba Law School, Law Courts, Winnipeg (University and Law Society).	Four-year Course leading to degree of LL.B. in the University of Manitoba, admission to the Law Society, and call to the Bar.
United College (Wesley and Manitoba), Winnipeg (United Church).	Preparatory and full course in Arts and Theology. (Co-educational).
St. Paul's College, Winnipeg (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Men).
St. John's College, North Main St., Winnipeg (Anglican).	Preparatory, full course in Arts and Theology. (Co-educational).
Collège de St. Boniface, St. Boniface (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial and full course in Arts (Men).
Brandon College, Brandon.....	Preparatory and full Arts Course. Diplomas in Music and Expression (Co-educational). Affiliate of the University of Manitoba.



## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Concluded

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Saskatchewan</b>	
<i>University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in the Faculties of Arts and Science, Agriculture, Household Science, Engineering, Pharmacy, Law, Accounting, Education, Music (also course leading to provincial High School teacher's certificate). Pre-medical and pre-dental years. School of Physical Education. (Co-educational.)
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon (Anglican)...	Degree courses in Theology.
St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon (United Church).	" " "
Lutheran College and Seminary, Saskatoon (Lutheran).	Preparatory and Diploma Courses in Theology.
St. Chad's College, Regina (Anglican).....	Degree Course in Theology.
Regina College, Regina (Provincial).....	Preparatory and two years in Arts; Music, Expression and Fine Art. (Co-educational.)
Campion College, Regina (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and two years in Arts; (Boys).
Outlook College, Outlook (Nor. Lutheran)...	" " (Co-educational). Closed 1937.
St. Peter's College, Muenster (Roman Catholic).	" " (Boys).
Luther College, Regina (American Lutheran)	" " (Co-educational).
St. Thomas More College, Saskatoon. (Roman Catholic.)	Arts. (Co-educational.) Affiliated to University of Saskatchewan. Opened 1936.
Grand Séminaire, Mazenod, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic).	Theology.
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Boys).
Collège Thèvenet, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic).	" " (Girls).
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Regina (Roman Catholic).	" " (Girls).
Couvent des SS. de la Providence, Prud'homme (Roman Catholic).	" " (Girls).
Notre Dame College, Wilcox (Roman Catholic).	" " (Co-educational).
<b>Alberta</b>	
<i>University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in Arts and Science, Commerce, Agriculture, Household Science, Engineering, Education (also course for High School teacher's certificate), Law, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Nursing. (Co-educational).
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton (United Church).	Theology, Arts classes taken in the University of Alberta (Men).
Grand Séminaire St. Joseph, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).	Theology.
St. Joseph's College, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).	Instruction in Arts subjects, and religious instruction (Men). All students also registered in the University of Alberta.
St. Aidan's College, Edmonton (Anglican)...	Proposed Theological College, exists in constitution only.
Mount Royal College, Calgary (United Church).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial, Music and Two years Art (Co-educational).
Concordia College, Edmonton (Lutheran)....	A four-year high school and two-year Arts Course (Co-educational).
Canadian Junior College, Lacombe (Seventh Day Adventists).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial and two years Arts (Co-educational).
Collège des Jésuites, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Full Arts Course (Men). See under Laval University, Quebec.
Juniorat St-Jean-Apôtre, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts Classes (Male).
Académie Ste. Thérèse, Medicine Hat (Roman Catholic).	" " (Female).
<b>British Columbia</b>	
<i>University of British Columbia, Vancouver (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in Arts and Science (including Commerce), Engineering and Applied Science, Agriculture, Social Service and Nursing diplomas, High School teacher's training course (Co-educational).
Victoria College, Victoria (Municipal).....	Two years of Arts and Science (including Commerce) and one year of Applied Science, University of B.C. curriculum (Co-educational). A Junior College of the University of B.C. for convenience of residents of Vancouver Island.
Anglican Theological College of British Columbia, Vancouver (Anglican).	Degree courses in theology. Affiliated theological colleges of the University of British Columbia. They provide religious knowledge options for which credit is given by the University toward the B.A. degree.
Union College of British Columbia, Vancouver (United Church).	

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITY FACULTIES IN CANADA, SHOWING THE FULL-TIME ENROLMENT OF UNIVERSITY GRADE IN EACH BRANCH OF STUDY, 1938 AND 1939

NOTE.—This is a detailed list of the institutions or parts of institutions for which statistics are summarized in the ensuing tables. The name of each appears in the language, English or French, used in it as the main language of instruction. The figures opposite the name of each show full-time enrolment of university grade, i.e., in courses for which matriculation is prerequisite, male and female separately. No record is included of part-time students (except in Post-Graduate Arts and Science where they cannot be separated), evening classes, short courses or extension students of any kind; nor of full-time students that are in courses for which matriculation is not prerequisite, e.g., students in the high school or preparatory departments of colleges, or in diploma courses in agriculture, household science, music, etc. Students of all kinds are counted in the later tables but the more limited purpose of Table 2 is to show at what locations instruction in each branch of higher studies is available, and to indicate the approximate share of each institution in the total.

	1939		1938	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>1. Post-Graduate Arts and Pure Science</b> (In this section it is necessary to include part-time students of the regular session as well as full-time)—				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.	5	11	18	13
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.	28	5	27	5
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.	8	2	5	4
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.	7	8	4	3
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.	1	—	—	—
McGill University, Faculty of Graduate Studies and Research, Montreal, Que.	120	34	150	37
<sup>1</sup> Université de Montréal, Faculté des Sciences sociales, économiques et politiques, Montréal, Qué.	182	34	195	14
<sup>1</sup> Université de Montréal, Faculté des lettres, Montréal.	10	18	—	—
<sup>1</sup> Université de Montréal, Faculté de philosophie, Montréal.	21	17	18	13
<sup>1</sup> Université de Montréal, Faculté des sciences, Montréal.	131	31	130	26
<sup>1</sup> Université Laval, Faculté de philosophie, Québec, Qué.	18	—	13	1
<sup>1</sup> Université Laval, Faculté des sciences, Québec, Qué.	83	1	10	1
<sup>1</sup> Université Laval, Ecole des sciences sociales politiques et économiques, Québec, Qué.	45	3	9	7
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.	51	11	58	8
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont.	—	—	—	—
Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.	24	4	17	6
University of Toronto, School of Graduate Studies, Toronto, Ont.	256	120	241	114
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.	21	—	14	2
University of Manitoba, Fort Garry, Man.	18	1	20	3
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.	16	4	24	2
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.	92	19	44	10
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.	102	29	109	26
<b>2. Undergraduate Arts and Pure Science</b> (Full B.A. Course)—				
<b>PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—</b>				
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown.	80	—	61	—
<b>NOVA SCOTIA—</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville.	229	82	232	74
Collège Ste-Anne, Church Point.	55	—	40	—
Dalhousie University, Halifax.	201	123	193	105
King's College (University of), Halifax.	45	20	36	117
Mt. St. Vincent College, Halifax.	—	65	—	73
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish.	116	50	97	22
St. Mary's College, Halifax.	56	—	66	—
<b>NEW BRUNSWICK—</b>				
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Bathurst-ouest.	37	—	40	—
Mount Allison University, Sackville.	180	100	175	95
St. Thomas College, Chatham.	51	—	74	—
Université St-Joseph, St. Joseph.	84	—	91	—
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton.	110	61	109	60
<b>QUEBEC—</b>				
Bishop's University, Lennoxville.	103	35	97	42
McGill University, Montreal.	509	477	592	448
Sir George Williams College, Montreal.	80	16	71	16
<b>Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université de Montréal:</b>				
Collège de l'Assomption, L'Assomption.	109	—	112	—
Collège Bourget, Rigaud.	110	—	106	—
Collège Brébeuf, Montréal.	189	—	191	—
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette.	150	—	138	—
Loyola College, Montreal.	123	—	128	—

<sup>1</sup> All students in these faculties hold a bachelor's degree, but in a general classical course, not in specialized fields as is generally the case with students pursuing post-graduate studies in the English language universities.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1939		1938	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>2. Undergraduates Arts and Pure Science—Concluded</b>				
<b>QUEBEC—Concluded</b>				
Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université de Montréal:—Fin				
Collège de Montréal, Montréal.....	184	—	172	—
Séminaire St-Charles Borromée, Sherbrooke.....	114	—	129	—
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St-Hyacinthe.....	159	—	168	—
Collège de St-Jean, St-Jean.....	72	—	68	—
Collège St-Laurent, St-Laurent.....	155	—	208	—
Externat St-Sulpice, Montréal.....	88	—	99	—
Externat Ste-Croix, Montréal.....	94	—	101	—
Collège Ste-Marie, Montréal.....	201	—	209	—
Séminaire Ste-Thérèse, Ste-Thérèse.....	80	—	95	—
Séminaire de Valleyfield, Valleyfield.....	60	—	61	—
Collège Ste-Croix, Saint-Laurent.....	—	29	—	23
Collège Jésus et Marie, Outremont.....	—	24	—	24
Collège Marie-Anne, Lachine.....	—	33	—	29
Collège Marguerite Bourgeoys, Montréal.....	—	88	—	93
Collège Saint-Maurice, St-Hyacinthe.....	—	15	—	23
Collèges classiques affiliés à l'Université Laval:				
Séminaire de Québec, Québec.....	356	—	317	—
Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet.....	85	—	105	—
Collège de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière.....	135	—	149	—
Séminaire St-Joseph, Trois Rivières.....	162	—	157	—
Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski.....	87	—	83	—
Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi.....	105	—	111	—
Collège Classique de Lévis, Lévis.....	136	—	142	—
Séminaire St-Joseph, Mont-Laurier.....	35	—	42	—
Collège St-Alexandre, Limbour.....	42	—	39	—
Séminaire de St-Victor, St-Victor de Beauce.....	40	—	47	—
Collège des Jésuites, Gaspé.....	13	—	22	—
Collège St-Charles Garnier, Québec.....	105	—	105	—
Séminaire St-Alphonse, Ste-Anne-de-Beaupré.....	51	—	56	—
Séminaire St-Antoine, Trois Rivières.....	13	—	43	—
Collège Jésus-Marie de Sillery, Bergerville.....	—	10	—	19
<b>ONTARIO—</b>				
McMaster University, Hamilton.....	324	199	299	199
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa (colleges included).....	223	103	232	67
Collège Bruyère, Ottawa.....	—	53	—	36
Collège Notre-Dame, Ottawa.....	—	50	—	31
Séminaire St-Jean Vianney, Ottawa.....	128	—	83	—
Queen's University, Kingston.....	437	276	388	320
Collège Sacré-Coeur, Sudbury.....	37	—	43	—
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa.....	27	2	30	—
University of Toronto, Toronto (colleges included).....	1,449	1,226	1,494	1,197
St. Michael's College and Institute of Mediaeval Studies Toronto.....	230	103	253	117
Trinity College, Toronto.....	224	161	227	136
Victoria College, Toronto.....	424	429	416	453
University of Western Ontario, London (colleges included)....	707	338	676	344
Assumption College, Windsor.....	255	25	251	53
Ursuline College, London.....	54	40	52	69
Waterloo College, Waterloo.....	28	19	41	27
<b>MANITOBA—</b>				
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg (colleges included).....	821	444	814	478
Brandon College, Brandon.....	54	51	85	66
Collège St-Boniface, St-Boniface.....	50	—	34	—
St. John's College, Winnipeg.....	36	17	48	20
St. Paul's College, Winnipeg.....	72	—	80	—
United College, Winnipeg.....	310	232	282	268
<b>SASKATCHEWAN—</b>				
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg.....	38	—	35	—
Notre Dame College, Wilcox.....	30	6	21	6
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon.....	489	278	507	300
<b>ALBERTA—</b>				
Collège des Jésuites, Edmonton.....	38	—	34	—
University of Alberta, Edmonton.....	343	195	310	180
<b>BRITISH COLUMBIA—</b>				
University of British Columbia, Vancouver.....	894	556	872	583

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1939		1938	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>3. Junior Colleges and Classical Schools of Roman Catholic Orders preparatory to theology.</b>				
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—				
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown.....	18	27	21	26
QUEBEC—				
Ecole St-Igance (Jésuites), Montréal.....				
Maison St-Joseph (Jésuites), Sault-au-Récollet.....				
Juniorat de Marie-Immaculée (Oblats), Chambly-Bassin....				
Collège Séraphique (Franciscains), Trois Rivières.....				
Collège missionnaire Franciscain, Sorel.....				
Juvénat des Cisterciens (Trappistes), Mistassini.....				
Juniorat de la Compagnie de Marie, Papineauville.....				
Noviciat des Pères Capucins, Québec.....				
Ecole apostolique des Miss. du Sacré-Coeur, Beauport.....				
Juvénat des Pères Maristes, Sillery.....				
Congrégation de la Fraternité Sacerdotale, Pointe-du-Lac....	450	—	450	—
Cisterciens de la Commune Observance, N.D. de Val d'Espoir				
Cisterciens de l'Immaculée-Conception, St-Michel de Rougemont.....				
Juvénat St-Tharsicius, PP. du T.-S.-Sacrement, Terrebonne				
Juvénat St-Joseph, Congrégation de Ste-Croix, St-Hyacinthe				
Juvénat des Saints-Anges Clercs de St-Viateur, Berthierville				
Juvénat Champagnieur, Clercs de St-Viateur, L'Epiphanie...				
Noviciat des PP. Bénédictins, St-Benoit du Lac.....				
ONTARIO—				
Alma College, St. Thomas.....	—	12	—	10
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener.....	—	—	—	—
St. Mary's College (Redemptorists), Brockville.....	—	—	—	—
Mt. Carmel College (Carmelites), Niagara Falls.....	35	—	36	—
Collège Séraphique (Capucins), Ottawa.....	24	—	—	—
Juvénat St. Alexis (Servites de Marie), Ottawa.....	—	—	17	—
St. Stanislas Noviciate (Jesuits), Guelph.....	38	—	x	—
Regiopolis College, Kingston.....	6	—	x	—
SASKATCHEWAN—				
Campion College, Regina.....	22	—	30	—
Luther College, Regina.....	27	16	16	7
Regina College, Regina.....	40	54	56	51
St. Peter's College, Muenster.....	21	—	16	—
ALBERTA—				
Canadian Junior College, Lacombe.....	9	6	14	32
Concordia College, Edmonton.....	8	—	11	—
Mt. Royal College, Calgary.....	21	20	22	9
Juniorat St. Jean, Edmonton.....	4	—	17	—
BRITISH COLUMBIA—				
Victoria College, Victoria.....	124	79	99	71
<b>4. Agriculture—</b>				
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro, N.S.....	44	—	43	—
Ecole Supérieure d'Agriculture, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière, Qué....	111	—	84	—
Institut Agricole d'Oka, La Trappe, Qué.....	120	—	111	—
Macdonald College, Macdonald College, Qué.....	87	3	122	2
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont.....	463	6	433	8
Manitoba Agricultural College, Winnipeg, Man.....	92	1	70	1
College of Agriculture, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	122	—	117	1
Faculty of Agriculture, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta....	108	2	106	2
Faculty of Agriculture, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	87	13	84	16
<b>5. Architecture—</b>				
Department of Architecture, Faculty of Applied Science, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	20	—	19	—
Ecole des Beaux-Arts, Montréal, Qué.....	42	—	49	—
Ecole des Beaux-Arts, Québec, Qué.....	—	—	—	—
School of Architecture, Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	‡	‡	‡	‡
Faculty of Engineering and Architecture, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	13	6	16	13
Faculty of Applied Science, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta....	6	3	6	2

xRecord not available.

‡Included in Applied Science and Engineering.



## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1939		1938	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>6. Applied Science and Engineering—</b>				
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax, N.S.....	51	—	63	—
<sup>2</sup> Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	64	—	70	—
<sup>2</sup> Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	51	—	47	—
<sup>2</sup> St. Mary's College, Halifax, N.S.....	53	—	59	—
<sup>2</sup> St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.....	105	7	123	29
<sup>2</sup> Mt. Allison University, Saskville, N.B.....	94	—	72	—
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.....	94	—	72	—
Faculty of Applied Science, McGill University, Montreal, Que....	421	—	388	—
Ecole Polytechnique, Montréal, Qué.....	276	1	265	1
Ecole des Mines, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	18	—	14	—
Faculty of Applied Science, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont....	636	—	618	—
Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	918	6	849	1
Royal Military College of Canada, Kingston, Ont.....	200	—	196	—
Faculty of Engineering and Architecture, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	214	—	192	—
College of Engineering, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	396	—	356	—
Faculty of Applied Science, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	274	—	254	—
Faculty of Applied Science, University of British Columbia, Van- couver, B.C.....	405	—	416	—
<b>7. Commerce—</b>				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	17	4	13	3
St. Mary's College, Halifax, N.S.....	33	—	26	—
L'Ecole Supérieure de Commerce de Québec, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	58	—	51	—
Ecole des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, Montréal, Qué.....	229	—	258	—
School of Commerce, McGill University, Montreal, Qué.....	183	13	163	16
Sir George Williams College, Montreal, Que.....	24	3	23	3
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	35	—	33	—
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa, Ont.....	11	—	13	—
University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	†	†	†	†
School of Commerce and Administration, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	113	63	141	18
Department of Business Administration, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	†	†	†	†
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	67	8	50	3
School of Accounting, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	55	9	42	8
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	73	29	69	25
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	†	†	†	†
<b>8. Dentistry—</b>				
Faculty of Dentistry, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	37	—	47	—
Faculty of Dentistry, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	58	1	81	1
Faculté de Chirurgie Dentaire, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	93	—	76	—
Faculty of Dentistry, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	226	5	192	2
Faculty of Medicine and Dentistry, University of Alberta, Edmon- ton, Alta.....	72	1	75	—
<b>9. Education—</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	4	4	7	7
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	1	8	6	10
Mt. Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	6	3	6	—
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que.....	4	7	3	6
McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	8	—	7	1
Institut pédagogique, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	—	92	—	77
Institut pédagogique St-Georges, Université de Montréal, Mont- réal, Qué.....	82	—	52	—
Ontario College of Education, Toronto, Ont.....	157	188	119	217
Faculty of Education, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man....	15	30	70	49
College of Education, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	13	22	23	22
School of Education, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	18	11	11	21
Department of Education, University of British Columbia, Van- couver, B.C.....	18	39	33	34

<sup>2</sup> The pre-specialized years only of the Engineering course.

† Included in Arts.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1939		1938	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>10. Forestry—</b>				
Department of Applied Science, University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.....	62	—	48	—
Ecole d'Arpentage et de Génie forestier, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	70	—	56	—
Faculty of Forestry, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	33	—	31	—
Department of Forestry, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	†	†	†	†
<b>11. Home Economics—</b>				
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	—	16	—	12
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	—	76	—	71
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.....	—	34	—	32
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	—	50	—	72
Macdonald College, Macdonald College, Que.....	—	108	—	115
Ecole Ménagère Provinciale, 461 est, rue Sherbrooke, Montréal, Qué.....	—	x	—	x
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont.....	—	218	—	233
Faculty of Household Science, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	—	40	—	39
Manitoba Agricultural College, Winnipeg, Man.....	—	319	—	276
School of Household Science, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	—	100	—	106
School of Household Economics, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	—	97	—	99
<b>12. Law—</b>				
Faculty of Law, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	86	3	68	4
Faculty of Law, University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.....	39	—	44	—
Faculté de Droit, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	91	—	95	—
Faculté de Droit, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	132	2	144	1
Faculty of Law, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	57	2	51	2
Department of Law, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	†	†	†	†
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto, Ont.....	327	11	300	9
Manitoba Law School, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	61	3	65	2
College of Law, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	41	2	48	2
Faculty of Law, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	59	3	56	5
<b>13. Library Science—</b>				
Library School, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	2	12	—	21
Ecole de bibliothécaires, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	19	29	15	25
Library School, Ontario College of Education, Toronto, Ont.....	2	42	1	57
<b>14. Medicine—</b>				
Faculty of Medicine, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	212	2	208	3
Faculté de Médecine, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	299	3	302	3
Faculté de Médecine, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	228	2	226	2
Faculty of Medicine, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	429	29	465	19
Faculty of Medicine, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	282	—	292	—
Faculty of Medicine, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	738	60	780	72
Faculty of Medicine, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	167	14	197	15
Faculty of Medicine, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	250	22	255	17
School of Medical Sciences (pre-clinical years only), University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	41	6	42	5
Faculty of Medicine, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	208	16	208	13
<b>15. Music (Degree Courses in Music)—</b>				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	1	3	1	4
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	1	8	1	19
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	—	3	—	12
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	3	16	2	9
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que.....	—	—	—	1
Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	—	35	1	25
Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	38	75	16	52
McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	8	26	8	30
University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	—	—	—	—
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	—	7	1	11

† Included in Applied Science and Engineering.

x Record not available.

† Included in Arts.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1939		1938	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>16. Nursing (Post-Graduate)—</b>				
School of Graduate Nurses, McGill University, Montreal, Que....	—	34	—	22
Ecole d'Hygiène sociale appliquée, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	—	24	—	16
Institut Marguerite d'Youville, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	—	84	—	83
Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	—	x	—	x
School of Nursing, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	—	115	—	106
School of Hygiene, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	—	x	—	x
Faculty of Public Health, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	—	20	—	17
School of Nursing, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	—	57	—	47
School of Nursing, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	—	138	—	136
Department of Nursing and Health, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	—	59	—	71
<b>17. Optometry—</b>				
Ecole d'Optométrie, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	16	—	16	—
College of Optometry of Canada, 138 St. George St., Toronto, Ont.	x	—	x	—
<b>18. Pharmacy—</b>				
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Halifax, N.S.....	15	4	11	2
Ecole de Pharmacie, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	17	—	19	—
Ecole de Pharmacie, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	61	—	67	—
Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto, Ont.....	242	18	208	16
Pharmacy Department, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man..	64	3	53	2
College of Pharmacy, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	46	1	53	2
School of Pharmacy, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	49	13	44	12
<b>19. Physical Education—</b>				
The School of Physical Education, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	3	13	4	19
The Margaret Eaton School, Toronto, Ont.....	—	53	—	52
University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	x	x	x	x
School of Physical Education, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	—	4	—	—
<b>20. Secretarial Science—</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	7	27	29	7
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	—	27	—	19
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	1	9	9	15
<b>21. Social Service—</b>				
Montreal School of Social Work, 3480 University St., Montreal, Que.....	1	27	—	27
Department of Social Science, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.	13	51	7	34
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	6	47	9	36
<b>22. Therapy, Occupational and Physiotherapy—</b>				
Department of Extension, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont...	—	91	—	74
<b>23. Veterinary Science—</b>				
Ecole de Médecine vétérinaire, Oka, Qué.....	53	—	53	—
Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph, Ont.....	257	4	239	3
<b>24. Theology—</b>				
<b>BAPTIST CHURCH—</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	12	—	x	—
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont.....	31	3	29	—
<b>CHURCH OF ENGLAND—</b>				
King's College, Halifax, N.S.....	12	—	18	—
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Qué.....	11	—	9	—
Diocesan Theological College, Montreal, Qué.....	11	—	13	—
Trinity College, Toronto, Ont.....	17	—	14	—
Wycliffe College, Toronto, Ont.....	57	—	60	—
Church of England Training School, Toronto, Ont.....	—	8	—	13
Huron College, London, Ont.....	16	—	17	—
St. John's College, Winnipeg, Man.....	11	—	x	—
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon, Sask.....	34	—	36	—
St. Chad's College, Regina, Sask.....	8	—	8	—
Anglican Theological College, Vancouver, B.C.....	16	—	18	—

x Record not available.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Concluded

	1939		1938	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>24. Theology—Concluded</b>				
<b>LUTHERAN CHURCH—</b>				
Waterloo College, Waterloo, Ont.....	10	—	11	—
Lutheran College Seminary, Saskatoon, Sask.....	14	—	15	—
<b>PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—</b>				
Presbyterian Theological College, Montreal, Que.....	29	—	27	—
Knox College, Toronto, Ont.....	55	—	51	—
<b>UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA—</b>				
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax, N.S.....	44	—	46	—
United Theological College, Montreal, Que.....	30	—	33	—
Queen's Theological College, Kingston, Ont.....	17	—	10	—
Victoria University (Emmanuel College), Toronto, Ont.....	55	4	60	2
United Church Training School, Toronto, Ont.....	—	15	—	17
United College, Winnipeg, Man.....	28	—	33	—
St. Andrews College, Saskatoon, Sask.....	46	—	40	1
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton, Alta.....	7	—	19	1
Union College of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	16	—	18	—
<b>ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (SECULAR CLERGY)—</b>				
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax, N.S.....	65	—	76	—
Université Laval (Grand Séminaire), Québec, Qué.....	167	—	161	—
Université de Montréal (Grand Séminaire), Montréal, Qué.....	353	—	352	—
Séminaire des Missions Etrangères, Pont-Viau, Qué.....	40	—	37	—
Grand Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	50	—	56	—
Séminaire-Universitaire Saint Paul, Ottawa, Ont.....	29	—	30	—
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto, Ont.....	143	—	140	—
Chinese Missions Seminary, Scarboro Bluffs, Ont.....	x	—	x	—
St. Peter's Seminary, London, Ont.....	147	—	149	—
Grand Séminaire, Mazenod, Gravelbourg, Sask.....	12	—	12	—
Grand Séminaire Saint-Joseph, Edmonton, Alberta.....	36	—	36	—
<b>ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (CLERGY IN COMMUNITIES)—</b>				
Compagnie de Saint-Sulpice (Sulpiciens), Montréal, Canadian				
College at Rome, Italy.....	x	—	x	—
Congrégation du Très-Saint-Rédempteur (Redemptoristes).				
Aylmer, Qué.....	64	—	51	—
Compagnie de Jésus (Jésuites), Montréal, Qué.....	156	—	151	—
Clercs de Saint-Viateur, Joliette, Qué.....	75	—	75	—
Congrégation de Sainte-Croix, Montréal et St-Laurent.....	118	—	116	—
Ordres des Franciscains ou Frères-Mineurs (Franciscans),				
Montréal et Québec, Qué.....	87	—	85	—
Cisterciens de la Stricte Observance (Trappistes), Notre-				
Dame-du-Lac, Qué.....	12	—	15	—
Congrégation de Jésus et Marie (Eudistes), Charlesbourg, Qué.	43	—	41	—
Ordre des Frères-Mineurs (Capucins), Pte-aux-Trembles, Qué.	40	—	58	—
Congrégation du Très Saint Sacrement, Montréal, Qué.....	23	—	25	—
Scolasticat de philosophie (Oblats), Richelieu, Qué.....	83	—	85	—
Missionnaires Oblats de Marie Immaculée (Oblats), Ottawa,				
Ont.....	126	—	128	—
Missionary Oblates of Mary Immaculate (Oblates), Orleans,				
Ont.....	29	—	28	—
Company of Jesus (Jesuits), Toronto, Ont.....	59	—	53	—
Order of St. Basil (Basilian Fathers), Toronto, Ont.....	40	—	37	—
Congregation of the Resurrection, London, Ont.....	x	—	x	—
Ordre des Dominicains, Ottawa, Ont.....	86	—	81	—
Congregation of the Very Holy Redeemer (Redemptorists),				
Woodstock, Ont.....	52	—	52	—
Compagnie de Marie (Montfortians), Eastview, Ont.....	43	—	47	—
Pères Blancs (Missionnaires d'Afrique), Eastview, Ont.....	66	—	39	—
Regina Cleri Seminary (Franciscans), Regina, Sask.....	14	—	12	—

x Record not available.



HIGHER EDUCATION IN CANADA

Province	Undergraduates																		Post-Graduates			Others			
	Arts	Pure Science	Agriculture	Architecture	Commerce	Dentistry	Education	Engineering and Applied Science	Forestry	Household Science	Law	Medicine	Musie	Public Health and Nursing	Pharmacy	Social Service	Theology	Veterinary Science	Others	Total (excl. duplicates)	Arts and Science		Others	Total	
Prince Edward Island.....	1939 99				16															115				505	515
1938 90					18															108				549	599
Nova Scotia.....	1939 774 *178	44			88	37	21	331		126	89	214	14	9	20	2	153		28	2,108	59	9	68	339	512
1938 793 *84	43				78	47	38	386		115	72	211	37	10	18		164		19	2,069	72	7	79	368	587
New Brunswick.....	1939 497	103			19		9	188	62	50	39		19				25		12	988	16	2	18	512	560
1938 404	92				29		6	144	48	72	44		11				28		8	958	7		7	505	550
Quebec.....	1939 35,393	459	296	20	510	152	210	713	70	108	284	990	182	144	78	28	1,105	56	136	10,934	542	189	731	13,279	14,821
1938 35,431	427	281	19	512	158	166	667	56	115	294	1,010	140	121	86	27	1,094	52	158	10,814	415	272	687	14,767	16,236	
Ontario.....	1939 35,639	32	1469		222	231	353	1,760	33	1218	338	1,261		134	260	72	954	261	112	12,146	569	81	650	2,881	3,524
1938 35,599	24	1441			205	192	341	1,636	31	1219	309	1,315		123	225	47	963	242	74	11,917	559	75	634	2,822	3,367
Manitoba.....	1939 1,531		93	19	75		45	214		319	64	272					39		2,717		50		50	489	582
1938 1,681			71	29	53		119	193		276	67	272					44		2,876		43		43	552	691
Saskatchewan.....	1939 863		122		64		35	396		100	43	47	7				116		1,790		20	17	37	492	654
1938 893			108		50		39	352		106	50	47	12				111		1,777		26	20	46	504	595
Alberta.....	1939 495	189	110	9	102	73	29	274		97	62	224		138	62		41		1,757		111		111	287	341
1938 465	164		91	8	94	75	36	254		99	61	221		136	56		29		1,669		54	23	77	303	396
British Columbia.....	1939 1,662		100				57	405						75		53	34		2,361		131	17	148		83
1938 1,641			85				57	401						71		45	28		2,301		135	30	165		30
Canada.....	1939 16,953	961	1,234	48	1,097	493	759	4,281	165	1,018	919	3,008	222	600	534	155	2,467	317	292	34,916	1,498	315	1,813	18,784	21,592
1938 17,107	791	1,120	56	1,039	472	802	802	4,033	135	1,002	897	3,076	200	461	495	113	2,461	295	258	34,489	1,311	427	1,738	20,376	23,051

(\*) Included in Arts by many Universities.  
(1) The complete full-time enrolment in Agriculture, including diploma and degree courses is (1939) 657, (1938) 596; household science (1939) 218, (1938) 233.  
(2) To this figure should be added (1939) 42, (1938) 49; students in the Architecture section of Ecole des Beaux Arts in Montreal.  
(\*) Includes philosophy.

## 4.—Part-time and Short Course Students by Province and Grade of Work

Province and Courses	Undergraduates				Post graduates				Others			
	1939		1938		1939		1938		1939		1938	
	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.
Nova Scotia.....	95	59	80	146	56	36	20	18	17,090	3,134	6,795	3,432
Part-time Arts.....	7	13	7	59	-	-	-	2	6	21	1	-
Agriculture.....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Music.....	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	3	7	39	-	-
Theology.....	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other.....	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-
Summer School.....	84	44	58	46	20	13	20	13	56	60	22	-
Other Short Courses.....	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	-	214	-	143	21
Evening Classes.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Correspondence.....	-	-	15	20	35	21	-	-	-	-	29	11
Other Extramural.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,776	3,012	6,600	3,400
New Brunswick.....	133	95	204	126	7	6	10	3	212	311	113	145
Part-time Arts.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-
Agriculture.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Music.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	53	-	-
Theology.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	63	-	-
Summer School.....	133	95	157	103	7	6	10	3	23	46	17	33
Other Short Courses.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Evening Classes.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	125	102	96	112
Correspondence.....	-	-	47	23	-	-	-	-	35	32	-	-
Other Extramural.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Quebec.....	603	647	604	201	11	32	9	15	4,202	4,178	4,575	5,806
Part-time Arts.....	-	-	21	4	10	18	-	-	165	189	157	208
Agriculture.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	369	-	53	3
Music.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	167	523	1,176	2,214
Theology.....	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Other.....	16	16	-	3	-	-	-	-	461	333	218	328
Summer School.....	8	146	-	46	-	-	9	4	294	1,465	123	994
Other Short Courses.....	-	67	-	-	1	14	-	11	89	815	168	862
Evening Classes.....	447	78	446	109	-	-	-	-	2,310	818	1,790	688
Correspondence.....	130	17	115	48	-	-	-	-	346	35	315	51
Other Extramural.....	-	323	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	505	458
Ontario (excluding duplicates).....	3,804	2,576	3,468	2,716	167	36	219	65	4,918	3,842	4,727	4,379
Part-time Arts.....	449	451	571	595	68	18	103	43	81	34	89	33
Agriculture.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-
Music.....	28	27	28	21	4	-	3	-	6	115	-	110
Theology.....	18	8	41	-	-	-	-	-	5	22	8	23
Other.....	244	52	170	33	64	5	80	4	123	475	94	523
Summer School.....	578	571	556	616	8	2	13	4	194	227	304	421
Other Short Courses.....	-	-	25	23	10	8	-	-	1,331	828	1,237	644
Evening Classes.....	394	544	393	674	-	-	-	-	1,742	1,598	1,580	1,940
Correspondence.....	912	909	938	1,015	-	-	7	2	547	121	476	115
Other Extramural.....	1,176	13	976	14	13	3	7	12	895	537	969	570
Manitoba (excluding duplicates).....	204	233	228	86	40	13	17	16	1,171	645	602	712
Part-time Arts.....	59	75	21	21	10	13	5	15	21	3	13	17
Agriculture.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Music.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Theology.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other.....	29	3	-	-	27	-	12	1	-	-	-	-
Summer School.....	67	126	112	18	3	-	-	-	568	302	174	432
Other Short Courses.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	351	50	215	12
Evening Classes.....	-	-	7	12	-	-	-	-	231	290	200	261
Correspondence.....	40	28	84	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Extramural.....	9	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Saskatchewan.....	1,101	880	891	664	3	-	106	34	1,226	637	1,168	694
Part-time Arts.....	51	30	49	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Agriculture.....	9	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Music.....	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	137	263	93	269
Theology.....	14	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1
Other.....	29	14	9	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Summer School.....	491	325	386	227	-	-	75	24	25	307	76	368
Other Short Courses.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,023	36	971	36
Evening Classes.....	15	22	49	144	-	-	-	-	29	15	-	-
Correspondence.....	463	461	390	251	-	-	-	-	12	14	13	20
Other Extramural.....	29	27	-	-	3	-	31	10	-	-	15	-

## 4.—Part-time and Short Course Students by Province and Grade of Work—Concluded

Province and Courses	Undergraduates				Post graduates				Others			
	1939		1938		1939		1938		1939		1938	
	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.
Alberta.....	295	130	346	162	-	-	-	-	24	7	114	128
Part-time Arts.....	10	10	17	21	-	-	-	-	3	7	-	-
Agriculture.....	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Music.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79	114
Theology.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other.....	7	2	19	16	-	-	-	-	21	-	13	14
Summer School.....	278	118	290	114	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Short Courses.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-
Evening Classes.....	-	-	19	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Correspondence.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Extramural.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
British Columbia.....	669	262	650	274	-	-	2	-	34	11	1	-
Part-time Arts.....	17	15	24	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Agriculture.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Music.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Theology.....	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Other.....	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Summer School.....	464	195	453	197	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Short Courses.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Evening Classes.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-
Correspondence.....	180	49	158	51	-	-	-	-	33	11	-	-
Other Extramural.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Canada (excluding duplicates).....	6,904	4,981	6,549	4,316	294	122	393	151	27,789	14,815	17,995	15,287
Part-time Arts.....	593	594	710	756	88	49	108	60	276	269	260	278
Agriculture.....	10	-	10	-	-	-	6	-	369	-	23	3
Music.....	28	28	28	26	4	-	3	3	324	943	1,348	2,697
Theology.....	37	8	44	-	-	-	-	-	7	24	8	24
Other.....	325	89	201	80	92	6	92	5	623	873	325	865
Summer School.....	2,103	1,620	2,012	1,367	48	21	127	48	1,160	2,407	716	2,249
Other Short Courses.....	-	67	25	39	11	22	-	11	2,015	1,693	2,756	1,575
Evening Classes.....	869	647	924	945	-	-	-	-	4,408	2,808	3,626	3,001
Correspondence.....	1,545	1,415	1,589	1,392	35	21	9	2	928	188	834	197
Other Extramural.....	1,394	513	1,160	65	16	3	38	22	17,674	5,510	8,089	4,428

## 5.—Summary of All Students Reported, Classified by Grade of Work.

Province	A. Students of University Grade		B. Pre- matriculation students		C. All students not in A. or B.		Total enrolment (excluding duplicates)		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
Prince Edward Island.....	1939 88	28	213	292	64	—	365	320	685
1938	82	26	242	307	—	—	324	333	657
Nova Scotia.....	1939 1,772	774	299	40	17,249	5,186	19,320	6,000	25,320
1938	1,736	681	324	44	6,893	3,545	8,958	4,270	13,228
New Brunswick.....	1939 902	343	512	—	239	332	1,653	675	2,328
1938	932	376	522	33	108	145	1,562	554	2,116
Quebec.....	1939 10,502	1,901	8,948	5,503	4,586	6,928	24,036	14,332	38,368
1938	10,575	1,714	9,026	5,351	4,165	7,191	23,766	14,256	38,022
Ontario.....	1939 13,282	5,879	2,789	235	5,151	4,097	21,222	10,211	31,433
1938	12,874	5,811	2,800	329	4,845	4,560	20,519	10,700	31,219
Manitoba.....	1939 2,034	1,160	443	22	1,269	708	3,746	1,890	5,636
1938	2,160	1,177	448	30	655	703	3,263	1,910	5,173
Saskatchewan.....	1939 2,482	1,329	415	103	1,350	647	4,247	2,079	6,326
1938	2,329	1,113	485	134	1,215	624	4,029	1,871	5,900
Alberta.....	1939 1,677	665	275	96	201	217	2,153	978	3,131
1938	1,580	660	228	72	203	132	2,011	864	2,875
British Columbia.....	1939 2,348	1,039	—	—	53	75	2,401	1,114	3,515
1938	2,392	1,090	—	—	9	22	2,401	1,112	3,513
Canada.....	1939 35,087	13,118	13,894	6,291	30,162	18,190	79,143	37,599	116,742
1938	34,660	12,648	14,075	6,300	18,098	16,922	66,833	35,870	102,703



## 6.—Summary of All Students Reported, Classified as Full-Time, Part-Time, Short Course, etc.

Province	Full-time students		Part time students of the regular session		Short course, evening, extra mural, and extension students		Total enrolment (excluding duplicates)		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
Prince Edward Island.....	1939 311	319	—	1	54	—	365	320	685
1938	324	333	—	—	—	—	324	333	657
Nova Scotia.....	1939 2,051	622	48	101	17,215	5,277	19,320	6,000	25,320
1938	2,063	674	8	69	6,887	3,527	8,958	4,270	13,228
New Brunswick.....	1939 1,301	263	29	131	323	281	1,653	675	2,328
1938	1,235	280	—	—	327	274	1,562	554	2,116
Quebec.....	1939 18,987	9,495	1,199	1,128	3,850	3,709	24,036	14,332	38,368
1938	19,160	9,337	1,146	1,496	3,460	3,423	23,766	14,256	38,022
Ontario.....	1939 12,357	3,657	1,089	1,208	7,776	5,346	21,222	10,211	31,433
1938	12,105	3,540	1,193	1,385	7,221	5,775	20,519	10,700	31,219
Manitoba.....	1939 2,318	993	146	95	1,282	802	3,746	1,890	5,636
1938	2,416	1,096	51	43	796	771	3,263	1,910	5,173
Saskatchewan.....	1939 1,919	562	240	310	2,088	1,207	4,247	2,079	6,326
1938	1,887	531	159	312	1,983	1,028	4,209	1,871	5,900
Alberta.....	1939 1,631	577	178	256	344	145	2,153	978	3,131
1938	1,552	590	128	149	331	125	2,011	864	2,875
British Columbia.....	1939 1,699	840	17	16	685	258	2,401	1,114	3,515
1938	1,746	838	31	22	624	252	2,401	1,112	3,513
Canada.....	1939 42,580	17,328	2,946	3,246	33,617	17,025	79,143	37,599	116,742
1938	42,488	17,219	2,716	3,476	21,629	15,175	66,833	35,870	102,703

7.—Summary of Degrees and Diplomas Granted

University	Diplomas and Certificate		Bachelor		Master and Licence <sup>1</sup>		Doctors <sup>3</sup>		Total	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Dalhousie-Kings <sup>1</sup> .....	20	12	143	32	15	—	*20	*2	198	46
1938	17	12	114	26	16	4	*1	—	148	42
Acadia.....	13	7	93	45	6	5	—	—	112	57
1938	16	21	62	41	6	4	*16	*2	100	68
St. Francis Xavier.....	8	7	38	22	—	—	—	—	46	29
1938	6	7	50	8	1	—	—	—	57	15
New Brunswick.....	—	—	64	21	6	3	*1	*1	71	25
1939	—	—	52	15	3	2	*2	—	57	17
1938	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	71	74
Mount Allison.....	18	15	55	30	6	—	*3	—	82	45
1938	18	10	53	38	5	—	*5	*1	78	49
Bishop's.....	2	—	28	15	3	—	*6	—	39	15
1938	1	6	23	10	5	—	*5	—	34	16
McGill.....	10	58	394	170	47	7	39	2	490	237
1938	3	31	351	136	44	14	34	5	428	186
Laval.....	154	796	439	4	41	—	2	—	636	730
1938	229	696	339	9	55	2	4	—	637	707
Montreal.....	101	34	647	57	147	23	4	1	899	115
1938	128	24	688	73	149	4	9	2	974	103
Toronto.....	30	155	1,018	389	102	30	41	6	1,191	580
1938	37	183	966	390	100	37	34	5	1,137	615
Victoria <sup>2</sup> .....	14	—	8	—	—	—	*8	—	30	30
1938	20	1	5	—	—	—	*4	—	29	1
Trinity <sup>2</sup> .....	5	—	2	—	—	—	*1	—	8	8
1938	5	—	1	—	—	—	*1	—	7	7
Western Ontario.....	4	23	187	101	10	2	*6	*1	207	127
1938	—	20	213	103	12	5	*5	—	230	128
Queens.....	—	—	287	78	13	3	*4	—	304	81
1938	—	—	333	100	15	4	*5	—	353	104
Ottawa.....	—	—	104	32	25	1	10	2	139	35
1938	—	—	105	31	21	3	8	1	134	35

	—	—	82	52	5	1	*1	—	88	54	
McMaster.....	—	—	86	65	2	2	*5	—	93	67	142
											160
Manitoba.....	72	5	273	155	14	3	*2	—	361	193	554
	33	44	244	165	6	2	*1	—	284	211	495
Saskatchewan.....	129	80	229	108	12	6	—	—	370	194	564
	129	79	238	104	23	3	*1	—	391	187	578
Alberta.....	33	39	264	108	17	4	—	—	316	151	467
	23	40	245	114	23	2	*1	—	292	156	448
British Columbia.....	19	72	273	132	36	6	—	—	328	210	538
	37	74	255	136	36	3	—	—	328	213	511
Other Institutions.....	460	122	235	25	33	—	*24	—	752	147	899
	458	121	291	21	34	—	*21	—	804	142	946
<b>Canada .....</b>	<b>1,094</b>	<b>1,385</b>	<b>4,863</b>	<b>1,576</b>	<b>588</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>6,667</b>	<b>3,071</b>	<b>9,738</b>
<b>1938 .....</b>	<b>1,467</b>	<b>1,369</b>	<b>4,714</b>	<b>1,585</b>	<b>552</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>6,595</b>	<b>3,062</b>	<b>9,657</b>

\*Honorary degrees. In McGill (1939) 7, (1938) 6 of the Doctors' degrees were honorary, in Laval (1939) 1, (1938) 2; in Montréal (1939) 2, (1938) 6; in Ottawa (1939) 4, (1938) 4; in Toronto (1939) 12, (1938) 2.

<sup>1</sup>All degrees except those in theology granted by Dalhousie.

<sup>2</sup>All degrees except those in theology entered under Toronto.

<sup>3</sup>Medical, dental and veterinary doctors included in "bachelor" column.

<sup>4</sup>The licence in the French language universities is the next degree in advance of bachelor, as the Master's degree is in the English.

8.—University-grade Students of the Regular Session Attending Outside Their Province of Residence.

	Number of students															Total non-residents in each province	Number specified by provinces *	Full time, university grade enrolment
	From P.E.I.	From N.S.	From N.B.	From Que.	From Ont.	From Man.	From Sask.	From Alta.	From B.C.	From Yukon and N.W.T.	From U.S.A.	From U.K.	From British West Indies	From New found-land	From Other Coun-tries			
In Prince Edward Island.....	—	2	2	22	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	1	27	197	115
1939	—	2	2	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	2	29	181	108
1938	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In Nova Scotia.....	86	—	267	30	26	4	5	7	17	—	167	6	9	104	18	746	2,333	1,176
1939	92	—	267	32	25	—	6	8	9	—	201	6	3	90	12	751	2,233	2,147
1938	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In New Brunswick.....	35	203	—	110	17	1	2	6	1	—	23	2	9	26	1	441	1,335	1,004
1939	23	242	—	97	12	1	2	2	1	—	30	3	1	18	4	436	1,191	965
1938	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In Quebec.....	37	109	104	—	397	38	50	58	73	1	1,126	32	17	25	87	2,154	20,300	11,665
1939	30	120	133	—	388	41	50	63	72	—	1,138	34	22	22	86	2,199	20,741	10,501
1938	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In Ontario.....	30	115	91	525	—	188	303	188	152	1	574	30	3	11	114	2,325	15,543	12,740
1939	29	87	87	575	—	178	284	147	148	1	734	35	4	21	102	2,432	15,568	12,228
1938	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In Manitoba.....	—	—	1	2	40	—	219	41	23	—	10	—	—	—	—	336	2,835	2,730
1939	—	—	2	2	44	—	308	30	21	—	9	—	—	—	1	417	2,883	2,877
1938	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In Saskatchewan.....	—	—	1	2	15	20	—	20	5	—	4	24	—	—	—	91	1,976	1,827
1939	—	3	—	3	14	18	—	28	8	—	1	22	4	—	—	101	1,976	1,823
1938	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In Alberta.....	1	—	—	5	14	117	—	105	3	3	1	2	—	—	—	246	1,949	1,868
1939	1	—	—	2	6	27	114	—	108	1	2	2	—	—	—	263	1,886	1,740
1938	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In British Columbia.....	—	—	1	—	10	6	20	42	—	4	7	4	—	—	12	106	2,698	2,456
1939	—	—	—	—	6	3	15	32	—	3	8	2	—	—	3	74	2,659	2,487
1938	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Students enrolled in Canada outside their province (or country) of residence.....	189	434	465	691	510	271	716	362	376	9	1,914	98	38	166	233	6,472	49,166	36,581
1939	177	451	491	728	495	268	780	310	369	5	2,128	104	34	151	210	6,702	49,318	35,876
1938	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

\* Some of the institutions providing information for this table reported more than their students of university grade in the full session.



## 9.—Teaching Staffs

	Arts, Letters and Pure Science				Professional Faculties				Pre-matriculation				Total teaching staff (excluding duplicates)			
	Full time		Part time		Full time		Part time		Full time		Part time		Full time		Part time	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Prince Edward Island.....	15	2	1	—	2	2	—	—	18	4	—	—	30	6	1	—
.....	16	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	17	5	—	—	30	5	—	—
.....	1939															
Nova Scotia.....	110	13	26	6	60	20	113	12	14	4	—	—	179	37	147	18
.....	118	10	29	9	52	22	123	7	16	2	9	3	183	32	161	19
.....	1939															
New Brunswick.....	73	18	19	7	20	4	12	3	33	—	15	—	111	18	44	7
.....	66	7	20	7	18	4	12	3	44	—	8	—	116	7	32	7
.....	1939															
Quebec.....	767	81	78	10	351	44	717	28	617	184	49	22	1,590	306	726	57
.....	776	74	73	13	349	40	716	20	620	193	34	23	1,596	297	791	53
.....	1939															
Ontario <sup>1</sup> .....	514	93	278	91	553	69	561	58	192	33	17	—	1,123	182	810	167
.....	518	94	285	89	550	58	538	62	134	12	12	—	1,111	154	816	153
.....	1939															
Manitoba.....	90	8	11	2	57	21	131	3	19	1	7	5	158	25	136	7
.....	96	9	3	—	48	15	115	9	18	3	5	—	162	27	123	9
.....	1939															
Saskatchewan.....	71	10	5	4	67	13	25	3	36	6	6	—	162	28	36	7
.....	72	11	13	4	67	12	17	1	31	6	10	—	166	28	40	—
.....	1939															
Alberta.....	64	12	11	3	57	8	114	16	25	—	7	5	143	20	114	21
.....	61	3	12	6	58	6	112	17	24	2	2	3	140	11	124	23
.....	1938															
British Columbia.....	70	12	54	12	38	3	18	3	—	—	—	—	108	15	72	15
.....	66	18	45	15	39	3	9	1	—	—	—	—	105	21	50	16
.....	1939															
.....	1,774	249	483	135	1,205	184	1,691	126	954	232	113	32	3,604	637	2,086	299
.....	1,789	238	460	143	1,182	160	1,642	120	904	223	75	29	3,609	582	2,137	280
.....	1939															
.....	1938															
Canada.....																

<sup>1</sup> Division of full time and part time estimated in Université de Montréal and University of Toronto.

## 10.—Salary Classification of Full-Time Teaching Staff in Canadian Universities, 1938 and 1939

Salary Range	Deans						Professors						Associate Professors					
	Western Provinces		Central Canada		Maritime Provinces		Western Provinces		Central Canada		Maritime Provinces		Western Provinces		Central Canada		Maritime Provinces	
	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938
\$																		
5,000 or more.....	16	14	25	25	4	3	18	19	84	65	9	9	—	—	1	1	—	—
4,500 — 4,999.....	3	3	2	1	3	2	40	39	74	81	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4,000 — 4,499.....	5	5	2	2	1	1	54	51	59	65	5	6	1	—	29	30	—	—
3,500 — 3,999.....	1	2	6	6	1	1	25	21	18	23	17	17	17	14	64	60	1	1
3,000 — 3,499.....	—	—	1	2	4	5	24	22	20	18	10	8	31	33	36	34	14	14
2,500 — 2,999.....	—	—	2	2	3	2	9	9	9	13	15	33	—	3	24	20	—	6
Under 2,500.....	—	—	7	6	4	1	2	—	12	18	20	6	—	—	10	11	9	2

Salary Range	Assistant Professors						Instructors and Lecturers					
	Western Provinces		Central Canada		Maritime Provinces		Western Provinces		Central Canada		Maritime Provinces	
	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938
\$												
4,000 or more.....	—	—	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
3,500 — 3,999.....	1	1	7	11	—	—	—	—	3	9	—	—
3,000 — 3,499.....	12	14	58	40	1	—	—	1	7	14	—	—
2,500 — 2,999.....	55	54	67	75	8	4	5	7	17	19	—	—
2,000 — 2,499.....	29	24	17	16	11	11	35	29	86	82	1	3
1,500 — 1,999.....	6	3	2	13	5	4	39	27	88	98	6	5
1,000 — 1,499.....	2	1	2	4	5	1	5	7	81	101	2	4
Under 1,000.....	1	—	24	18	—	—	4	3	382	391	46	15

## 11.—Library Statistics

NOTE.—Institutions are arranged in alphabetical order according to post office.

Name and Address	Volumes	Pamphlets	Seats for Readers	Periodicals Received	Shelving Linear Feet	Floor Space, Square Feet	Cards
<b>Prince Edward Island—</b>							
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown.....	4,150	—	56	31	525	1,364	11,003
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown....	7,282	—	20	50	825	784	10,000
<b>Nova Scotia—</b>							
Mount St. Bernard College, Antigonish....	3,972	545	50	39	75	1,725	—
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish..	47,000	5,500	50	90	5,034	2,534	42,000
Collège Ste-Anne, Church Point.....	5,000	1,000	x	15	x	x	x
Dalhousie University, Halifax.....	57,735	1,200	x	x	x	x	x
Dental Library.....	1,480	1,000	78	39	252	7,400	600
Medical Library.....	14,014	3,500	153	153	1,664	—	6,200
Law School.....	13,000	—	100	60	2,400	2,200	—
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax.....	9,050	—	20	10	x	x	x
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Halifax....	317	x	x	6	x	x	x
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax.....	20,150	x	44	52	1,994	1,850	60,450
N.S. Technical College & Provincial Science Library, Halifax.....	20,000	80,000	20	x	2,940	2,400	50,000
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax.....	22,000	300	50	30	2,182	880	45,000
St. Mary's College, Halifax.....	7,000	300	70	45	1,000	1,500	20,000
University of King's College, Halifax.....	24,887	700	40	43	1,485	2,059	21,340
N.S. Agricultural College, Truro.....	5,600	3,500	25	89	775	1,700	x
Acadia University, Wolfville.....	76,000	x	92	195	6,260	7,320	132,500
<b>New Brunswick—</b>							
Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Bathurst.....	4,800	1,000	x	20	810	500	6,500
St. Thomas College, Chatham.....	4,500	1,500	—	42	x	x	225
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton..	30,000	6,000	134	54	7,875	11,200	—
Mount Allison University, Sackville.....	43,009	—	126	263	8,709	14,524	—
Université Saint-Joseph, St. Joseph.....	15,000	1,000	—	23	x	4,000	—
<b>Quebec—</b>							
Student at Mont Saint-Joseph, Aylmer.....	13,500	2,000	9	45	1,900	3,250	13,100
Ecole Apostolique, Miss. du Sacré-Cœur, Beaufort.....	4,350	300	x	14	x	—	x
Collège Jésus-Marie de Silery, Bergerville..	10,500	300	25	38	1,737	—	31,500
Noviciat, PP. Bénédictins, Bolton Centre..	7,500	500	x	30	x	—	x
Juniorat de Marie-Immaculée, Chambly Bassin.....	7,838	450	x	29	378	1,000	4,000
Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi.....	30,125	20,000	20	36	2,900	2,225	8,000
Séminaire de Gaspé, Gaspé.....	3,000	15,000	x	16	x	x	x
Séminaire des Pères Eudistes, Gros Pin....	7,250	1,100	x	10	725	1,200	2,090
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette (1937)....	40,000	5,000	—	50	x	x	x
Collège de l'Assomption, L'Assomption.....	18,600	2,300	10	30	2,231	1,600	x

x Not stated.

## 11.—Library Statistics—Continued

Name and Address	Volumes	Pamph- lets	Seats for Readers	Period- icals Received	Shelv- ing, Linear Feet	Floor Space, Square Feet	Cards
<b>Quebec—Concluded</b>							
Institut Agricole d'Oka et Ecole de Médecine							
Vétérinaire, La Trappe	5,725	20,000	30	80	9,418	2,424	3,000
Bishop's University, Lennoxville	17,000	x	40	62	1,670	1,800	40,000
Collège de Lévis, Lévis	31,500	x	x	22	x	x	15,000
Macdonald College, Macdonald College	30,766	3,420	76	237	x	x	—
Juvénat St-Bernard, Mistassini	3,900	600	—	4	300	x	—
Séminaire Saint-Joseph (1935), Mistassini	8,500	x	x	x	600	1,000	x
Collège de Montréal, Montréal	25,000	2,000	4	20	3,764	1,376	25,000
Collège Jean-de-Brébeuf, Montréal	19,200	1,500	—	55	2,150	18,875	x
Collège Marguerite Bourgeoys, Montréal	24,005	2,000	24	86	x	x	x
Collège St-Ignace, Montréal	8,300	—	x	31	x	x	x
Collège Ste-Marie, Montréal	100,000	10,000	20	22	x	x	80,000
Divinity Hall, Montréal	10,000	1,000	44	50	1,300	450	50,000
Ecole des Hautes Études Commerciales, Montréal	44,415	11,562	70	900	7,267	8,444	600,000
Ecole Polytechnique, Montréal	32,000	12,000	30	500	3,200	3,900	40,000
Externat Classique de St-Sulpice, Montréal	5,500	500	x	10	x	x	x
Externat Classique de Ste-Croix, Montréal	3,655	150	x	27	675	x	x
Loyola College, Montréal	17,850	x	x	x	x	x	x
McGill University, Montréal	394,050	30,000	236	2,045	43,874	x	863,600
Medical Library	56,500	23,000	80	490	4,000	10,100	57,030
Montréal Diocesan Theological College, Montréal	11,800	—	x	—	1,500	1,400	18,000
Montréal Presbyterian College, Montréal	12,714	80	20	13	1,656	1,600	11,072
Scolasticat de l'Immaculée-Conception Montréal	83,500	x	25	100	15,000	10,000	416,000
Scolasticat du Très-Saint Sacrement, Mont- réal	21,675	2,500	10	114	1,750	2,938	45,000
Séminaire de Philosophie, Montréal	10,000	x	x	x	x	x	x
Sir George Williams College	5,636	350	42	46	770	1,492	28,180
Studium Franciscain, Montréal	4,200	400	—	107	70	462	5,900
United Theological College, Montréal	10,500	—	14	13	1,867	1,548	20,000
Université de Montréal, Montréal							
Faculté de Chirurgie-dentaire (1937)	1,178	925	x	24	x	x	x
Commerce	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Droit	2,584	57	42	3	381	1,302	x
Génie et sciences appliquées	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Médecine (1937)	25,000	x	x	x	x	x	x
Philosophie	800	x	x	x	x	x	x
Sciences (Institut Botanique)	10,000	18,000	x	450	x	x	x
Théologie	28,500	x	22	62	3,518	3,480	38,000
Ecole de Pharmacie	900	1,000	x	x	x	x	x
Sciences Sociales	30,500	1,300	x	12	x	x	x
Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet	42,000	6,000	2	40	3,900	3,860	10,000
Juniorat Montfortain, Papineauville	4,680	300	—	25	456	x	1,400
Maison d'Études (F.M. Capucins), Pointe- aux-Trembles	20,500	x	—	x	x	x	x
Collège St-Alexandre, Limbour	6,000	x	x	35	1,000	1,040	x
Séminaire des Missions Étrangères, Pont Viau	9,876	632	2	19	143	560	8,876
Académie Commerciale, Québec	17,180	1,650	30	62	620	1,712	13,500
Collège St-Charles Garnier, Québec	20,000	10,000	—	31	—	—	40,000
Noviciat des Pères Capucins, Québec	11,000	1,200	10	154	800	1,900	12,500
Séminaire de Philosophie PP. Franciscains, Québec	70,000	3,000	x	164	x	x	90,000
Université Laval, Québec	231,093	x	78	426	x	x	1,155,465
Collège Bourget, Rigaud	31,500	10,100	6	77	x	x	30,000
Grand Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski	2,200	200	x	10	279	750	x
Petit Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski	30,000	2,000	x	35	2,200	968	x
Juvénat des Rédemptoristes, Ste-Anne de Beaupré	9,572	511	x	x	1,400	x	x
Collège de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne de la Poca- tière	53,372	2,500	x	55	x	x	—
Ecole Supérieure d'Agriculture, Ste-Anne de la Pocatière	4,016	14,840	60	189	2,732	2,887	21,600
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St-Hyacinthe	42,500	2,500	6	100	x	x	x
Collège de St-Jean, St-Jean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Collège de St-Laurent, St-Laurent	39,500	3,700	14	65	2,300	1,564	20,100
Séminaire Ste-Croix, St-Laurent	1,950	100	x	x	x	x	x
Séminaire de Ste-Thérèse, Ste-Thérèse	35,000	400	x	12	x	x	15,463
Séminaire du Sacré-Coeur, St. Victor de Tring	11,893	2,439	x	11	2,000	800	x
Maison St-Joseph (Jésuites), Sault-au-Recol- let	30,100	500	x	50	4,300	700	30,100
Séminaire de Sherbrooke, Sherbrooke	21,998	1,546	x	62	2,366	1,462	12,062
Juvénat des Pères Maristes, Sillery	4,486	—	x	8	675	704	x
Collège Miss. Franciscain, Sorel	1,120	—	x	—	95	x	1,120
Juvénat du Très-Saint Sacrement, Terre- bonne	10,000	2,000	x	30	800	x	30,000
Collège Séraphique, Trois-Rivières	8,200	650	x	35	x	x	14,000
Séminaire St-Joseph, Trois-Rivières	19,000	3,000	x	x	x	x	x
Séminaire St-Thomas d'Aquin, Valleyfield	13,000	6,000	x	60	1,400	x	15,000
Scolasticat Notre-Dame, Village Richelieu	13,000	900	9	36	1,096	1,012	21,666
Scolasticat du Sacré-Coeur, Waterloo	950	200	x	7	x	x	x

x Not stated.

† Destroyed by fire.

## 11.—Library Statistics—Concluded

Name and Address	Volumes	Pamphlets	Seats for Readers	Periodicals Received	Shelving Linear Feet	Floor Space Square Feet	Cards
<b>Ontario—</b>							
St. Mary's College, Brockville.....	15,000	600	40	30	1,550	x	x
Scolasticat, Compagnie de Marie, Eastview.....	10,825	800	—	35	1,059	670	x
Postulat des Pères Blancs, Eastview.....	1,000	—	—	—	100	450	1,000
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.....	42,495	2,300	130	270	13,290	8,823	55,400
McMaster University, Hamilton.....	49,945	2,500	120	204	x	x	83,400
Queen's University, Kingston.....	188,674	1,572	250	753	x	x	400,000
Royal Military College, Kingston.....	13,000	x	66	70	x	x	3,800
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener.....	8,500	x	40	19	1,200	1,200	16,000
Huron College, London.....	7,000	x	—	3	726	x	8,400
St. Peter's Seminary, London.....	7,678	600	x	26	768	1,154	30,000
University of Western Ontario, London.....	143,978	5,000	360	742	27,859	23,250	389,480
Ursuline College (Brasica Hall), London.....	9,060	3,000	30	10	1,000	1,704	8,500
Mount Carmel College, Niagara Falls.....	9,364	250	40	25	1,800	1,128	1,200
Collège Dominicain, Ottawa.....	22,100	1,625	12	48	x	x	80,000
Grand Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....	4,500	1,500	8	10	700	324	—
Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....	1,600	—	x	—	x	x	x
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa.....	15,100	600	50	3	1,080	6,051	14,500
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....	125,000	12,000	50	750	6,767	5,896	80,000
Holy Rosary Scholasticate, Ottawa, R.R. 1.....	5,000	1,000	x	30	530	160	4,000
Alma College, St. Thomas.....	2,350	—	20	20	300	800	2,000
Collège Sacré-Cœur, Sudbury.....	15,000	500	—	34	1,100	x	11,000
Knox College, Toronto.....	35,036	1,844	48	42	7,170	7,200	37,500
Ontario College of Education, Toronto.....	12,700	4,850	100	121	1,500	2,500	24,900
Dept. of Educational Research.....	4,763	—	x	39	x	x	x
Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto.....	1,600	175	12	19	240	405	2,510
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto.....	6,273	—	55	2	966	2,175	6,000
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto.....	12,763	—	12	35	2,380	2,700	10,800
St. Michael's College, Toronto.....	29,169	500	61	78	1,800	4,800	22,000
Trinity College, Toronto.....	38,643	x	80	52	5,054	5,446	x
United Church Training School, Toronto.....	2,650	—	20	8	400	740	10,600
University of Toronto, Toronto.....	368,280	140,500	680	3,560	52,000	50,700	560,000
Dental Library.....	5,500	2,000	18	100	815	1,320	—
School of Hygiene.....	3,903	6,000	20	115	1,225	1,350	19,200
Victoria University, Toronto.....	98,000	4,000	260	183	12,000	14,331	100,000
Wycliffe College, Toronto.....	10,000	—	40	14	500	1,800	—
Waterloo College, Waterloo.....	8,984	—	16	22	1,260	950	24,000
Assumption College, Windsor.....	11,846	680	105	110	1,613	3,885	8,343
St. Alphonsus Seminary, Woodstock.....	5,400	—	12	27	948	728	x
<b>Manitoba—</b>							
Brandon College, Brandon.....	8,000	1,000	36	8	1,500	1,000	x
Collège de St-Boniface, St. Boniface.....	7,850	515	x	46	1,238	1,080	x
Manitoba Law School, Winnipeg.....	2,433	25	21	18	450	550	—
St. John's College, Winnipeg.....	7,304	x	x	13	1,500	800	4,331
<b>United Colleges—</b>							
Manitoba College (1935), Winnipeg.....	28,379	240	x	17	x	x	x
Wesley College (1937).....	9,250	200	x	23	x	x	x
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg.....	88,453	3,950	422	799	15,559	19,965	226,800
Medical Library (1937).....	11,752	x	44	157	x	x	x
<b>Saskatchewan—</b>							
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg.....	7,194	300	—	20	1,067	527	—
St. Peter's College, Muenster.....	11,315	3,000	32	40	2,125	1,580	35,000
Campion College, Regina.....	12,000	4,000	—	23	800	720	—
Luther College, Regina.....	4,000	8	36	6	484	756	3,056
Regina College, Regina.....	5,669	—	55	29	1,114	2,160	15,333
Sacred Heart College, Regina.....	750	100	x	x	x	x	x
St. Chad's College, Regina.....	1,447	43	x	x	x	x	x
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon (1937).....	5,000	200	10	24	x	x	x
Lutheran College and Seminary, Saskatoon.....	9,110	850	6	31	1,070	672	7,200
St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon.....	10,000	200	8	11	116	500	—
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon.....	63,459	8,200	108	293	x	x	x
<b>Alberta—</b>							
Mount Royal College, Calgary.....	3,600	1,000	12	5	300	576	1,000
Canadian Junior College, College Heights... ..	4,500	1,500	75	42	692	1,350	18,000
Collèges des Jésuites, Edmonton.....	10,500	1,200	x	28	700	325	x
Concordia College, Edmonton.....	3,400	—	75	37	363	600	10,500
Juniorat St-Jean Apôtre, Edmonton.....	13,900	750	2	30	1,062	547	14,650
St. Joseph's College, Edmonton.....	3,500	500	40	30	668	810	—
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton.....	10,000	400	20	15	1,200	500	8,000
University of Alberta, Edmonton.....	69,890	—	250	562	11,340	10,000	106,000
St. Anthony's Franciscan College, North Edmonton.....	1,000	250	—	8	—	—	—
<b>British Columbia—</b>							
Anglican Theological College, Vancouver... ..	6,800	x	40	1	1,000	500	1,100
Union College, Vancouver (1937).....	11,780	6,000	25	30	x	x	x
University of British Columbia, Vancouver.....	120,000	100,000	460	510	19,600	30,000	2,238,905
Victoria College, Victoria.....	5,818	321	70	16	175	3,000	17,454

x Not stated.



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## Annual Reports

Hereunder are listed the printed annual reports of universities received by the Education Branch. There may be others; if so, a copy would be welcomed by the compilers of this report. The annual calendars are not listed except in the case of Université Laval and the Université de Montréal where the *annuaire général* includes a record of the year's work as well as a description of courses.

**Alberta, University of.**—Report of the Board of Governors and the President. Annual, 30-40 pp. Obtainable from the University, Edmonton.

**Baudouin, Joseph.**—L'école d'hygiène sociale appliquée. Annual report on the work of this Montreal school. *Revue Trimestrielle Canadienne*. June 1939, pp. 198-216.

**Dalhousie University.**—President's Report. Annual. Includes a financial statement. About 30 pages. Obtainable from the University, Halifax.

**Laval, L'Université.**—*Annuaire général*. Includes reports of university officers. Obtainable from the University, Quebec.

**Manitoba, University of.**—President's Report. Annual. About 135 pages. Obtainable from the University.

**McGill University.**—Annual Report. Includes financial statements. About 100 pages. Obtainable from the University, Montreal.

**Montréal, Université de.**—*Annuaire général*. Includes several appendices on events and work of the year. Obtainable from the Secretary of the University, Montreal.

**Queen's University.**—Principal's Report. Annual. Contains a summary of the year's work in all Faculties or Departments, including the Registrar's and Treasurer's Reports. 120 pp. Obtainable from the University, Kingston, Ont.

**Saskatchewan, University of.**—President's Report. Annual. 50-100 pp. Includes financial statements. Obtainable from the University, Saskatoon.

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## SECTION II

### RETROSPECTIVE TABLES, 1921-1939

## 12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1937	1938	1939
Arts, Science, Letters and Philosophy*								
Canada.....	T.	9,072	13,369	16,828	17,771	18,030	17,898	17,914
	M.	6,405	9,265	11,473	12,536	12,775	12,714	12,769
	F.	2,667	4,104	5,355	5,235	5,255	5,184	5,145
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	1,187	1,451	1,811	1,750	1,713	1,563	1,651
	M.	843	969	1,202	1,228	1,256	1,169	1,196
	F.	344	482	609	522	457	394	455
Quebec.....	T.	2,688	4,086	4,704	5,566	5,816	5,878	5,852
	M.	2,458	3,693	4,214	4,866	4,930	5,031	4,981
	F.	200	393	490	700	886	847	871
Ontario.....	T.	3,014	4,086	5,387	5,801	5,676	5,623	5,671
	M.	1,804	2,461	3,159	3,549	3,545	3,494	3,549
	F.	1,210	1,625	2,228	2,252	2,131	2,129	2,122
Western Provinces.....	T.	2,183	3,746	4,926	4,654	4,825	4,834	4,740
	M.	1,270	2,142	2,893	2,893	3,044	3,020	3,043
	F.	913	1,604	2,028	1,761	1,781	1,814	1,697

## Agriculture—Degree Course

Canada.....	T.	856	599	899	1,108	1,113	1,120	1,174
	M.	845	582	889	1,088	1,090	1,091	1,149
	F.	11	17	10	20	23	29	25
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	60	12	32	31	39	43	44
	M.	60	11	31	31	39	43	44
	F.	—	1	1	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	196	137	322	273	277	281	296
	M.	193	133	321	271	274	279	293
	F.	3	4	1	2	3	2	3
Ontario.....	T.	363	228	273	496	475	441	469
	M.	360	223	269	489	469	433	463
	F.	3	5	4	7	6	8	6
Western Provinces.....	T.	237	222	272	308	322	355	425
	M.	232	215	268	297	308	336	409
	F.	5	7	4	11	14	19	16

## Agriculture—Diploma Course

Canada.....	T.	415	404	370	385	417	520	615
	M.	415	404	370	384	416	519	615
	F.	—	—	—	1	1	1	—
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	33	55	20	24	25	27	35
Quebec.....	M.	98	146	145	202	229	185	184
Ontario.....	T.	126	79	118	96	95	155	188
	M.	126	79	118	96	95	155	188
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	158	124	87	63	68	153	208
	M.	158	124	87	62	67	152	208
	F.	—	—	—	1	1	1	—

## Architecture

Canada <sup>1</sup> .....	T.	49	95	137	133	106	105	90
	M.	48	95	136	116	91	90	81
	F.	1	—	1	17	15	15	9
Quebec.....	M.	39	75	89	84	71	68	62
Western Provinces.....	T.	10	20	48	49	35	37	28
	M.	9	20	47	32	20	22	19
	F.	1	—	1	17	15	15	9

\*Figures have been revised since publication of last survey.

<sup>1</sup>Architecture in University of Toronto is included in "Engineering".

## 12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties

—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1937	1938	1939
Commerce								
Canada <sup>2</sup> .....	T.	372	580	883	786	882	1,054	1,087
	M.	361	533	757	684	784	923	915
	F.	11	47	126	102	98	131	172
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	8	34	108	89	141	142	123
	M.	6	31	70	57	116	82	76
	F.	2	3	38	32	25	60	47
Quebec.....	T.	300	326	416	408	433	512	508
	M.	295	312	393	387	415	493	492
	F.	5	14	23	21	18	19	16
Ontario <sup>2</sup> .....	T.	29	134	222	140	155	205	222
	M.	29	116	194	126	139	187	159
	F.	—	18	28	14	16	18	63
Western Provinces <sup>2</sup> .....	T.	35	86	137	149	153	197	241
	M.	31	74	100	114	114	161	195
	F.	4	12	37	35	39	36	46
Dentistry								
Canada.....	T.	1,276	890	380	422	450	472	494
	M.	1,253	594	375	419	446	468	486
	F.	23	10	5	3	4	4	8
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	55	20	27	53	52	47	37
	M.	52	20	27	53	52	47	37
	F.	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	F.	292	214	101	125	135	158	152
	M.	290	213	100	124	134	157	151
	F.	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ontario.....	T.	890	334	220	196	198	192	232
	M.	873	326	216	194	195	189	226
	F.	17	8	4	2	3	3	5
Western Provinces.....	T.	39	36	32	48	65	75	73
	M.	38	35	32	48	65	75	72
	F.	1	1	—	—	—	—	1
Education								
Canada.....	T.	156	337	618	802	746	802	759
	M.	68	134	247	407	371	357	348
	F.	88	203	371	395	375	445	411
Maritime Provinces <sup>3</sup> .....	T.	—	—	—	18	30	44	30
	M.	—	—	—	9	14	19	11
	F.	—	—	—	9	16	25	19
Quebec <sup>3</sup> .....	T.	17	17	92	198	193	166	210
	M.	17	17	52	108	108	89	111
	F.	—	—	40	90	85	77	99
Ontario.....	T.	139	263	382	364	288	341	353
	M.	51	95	144	176	131	123	162
	F.	88	168	238	188	157	218	191
Western Provinces <sup>4</sup> .....	T.	—	57	144	222	235	251	166
	M.	—	22	51	114	118	126	64
	F.	—	35	93	108	117	125	102

<sup>2</sup>The Business Administration course of the University of Western Ontario and the Commerce courses of the University of Toronto and the University of British Columbia are included in the Faculty of Arts. The Accountancy course of the University of Saskatchewan is here included.

<sup>3</sup>Students in the maritime universities preparing for teaching certificates are reported as Arts students until 1935; similarly at McGill University until 1933.

<sup>4</sup>The training of teachers in University began in British Columbia in 1924; Alberta in 1930; Saskatchewan in 1928; Manitoba in 1936.

## 12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties

—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1937	1938	1939
Engineering and Applied Science								
Canada.....	T.	2,854	2,038	3,554	3,387	3,646	4,033	4,281
	M.	2,851	2,035	3,548	3,376	3,636	4,003	4,268
	F.	3	3	6	11	10	30	13
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	309	218	429	373	439	530	519
	M.	309	218	429	367	433	502	512
	F.	—	—	—	6	6	28	7
Quebec.....	T.	763	427	523	542	584	667	713
	M.	763	427	523	542	584	666	713
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Ontario.....	T.	1,365	863	1,506	1,438	1,536	1,636	1,760
	M.	1,364	860	1,502	1,434	1,533	1,635	1,754
	F.	1	3	4	4	3	1	6
Western Provinces.....	T.	417	530	1,096	1,034	1,087	1,200	1,289
	M.	415	530	1,094	1,033	1,086	1,200	1,289
	F.	2	—	2	1	1	—	—
Forestry								
Canada.....	M.	103	90	136	98	122	135	165
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	32	24	49	17	31	48	62
Quebec.....	M.	18	22	25	44	58	56	70
Ontario.....	M.	53	44	62	37	33	31	33
Household Science—Degree Course								
Canada.....	F.	100	197	639	688	735	782	809
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	5	90	114	126	147	145
Quebec.....	F.	—	6	27	93	102	115	108
Ontario.....	F.	—	57	230	51	43	39	40
Western Provinces.....	F.	100	129	292	430	464	481	516
Household Science—Diploma Course								
Canada.....	F.	342	824	928	729	717	766	683
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	18	46	48	40	31
Quebec.....	F.	122	386	378	451	441	546	449
Ontario.....	F.	169	408	515	232	228	180	178
Western Provinces.....	F.	51	40	17	—	—	—	25
Law								
Canada.....	T.	1,117	857	845	1,005	923	897	919
	M.	1,076	836	816	982	900	872	892
	F.	41	21	29	23	23	25	27
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	119	60	66	115	107	116	128
	M.	117	56	63	113	105	112	124
	F.	2	4	3	2	2	4	4
Quebec.....	T.	331	306	392	337	306	294	284
	M.	325	303	387	333	301	291	280
	F.	6	3	5	4	5	3	4
Ontario.....	T.	436	350	249	391	347	309	338
	M.	420	338	238	380	337	300	327
	F.	16	12	11	11	10	9	11
Western Provinces.....	T.	231	141	138	162	163	178	169
	M.	214	139	128	156	157	169	161
	F.	17	2	10	6	6	9	8



**12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties**  
—Continued

—		1921	1926	1931	1936	1937	1938	1939
Librarianship								
Canada.....	T.	—	—	42	67	51	79	58
	M.	—	—	3	4	—	—	4
	F.	—	—	39	63	51	79	54
Quebec.....	T.	—	—	14	20	6	21	14
	M.	—	—	3	4	—	—	2
	F.	—	—	11	16	6	21	12
Ontario.....	T.	—	—	28	47	45	58	44
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
	F.	—	—	28	47	45	58	42
Medicine								
Canada.....	T.	3,236	2,607	2,921	3,037	3,074	3,076	3,008
	M.	3,008	2,494	2,798	2,908	2,938	2,930	2,854
	F.	148	113	123	129	136	146	154
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	159	113	171	186	207	211	214
	M.	150	105	170	180	203	208	212
	F.	9	8	1	6	4	3	2
Quebec.....	T.	1,184	913	944	961	997	1,010	990
	M.	1,172	893	930	942	982	986	956
	F.	12	20	14	19	15	24	34
Ontario.....	T.	1,489	1,201	1,321	1,389	1,354	1,315	1,261
	M.	1,398	1,135	1,245	1,318	1,272	1,231	1,187
	F.	91	66	76	71	82	84	74
Western provinces.....	T.	404	380	485	501	516	540	543
	M.	368	361	453	468	481	505	499
	F.	36	19	32	33	35	35	44
Graduate Nurses								
Canada.....	F.	122	188	301	372	377	378	434
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	—	2	7	10	9
Quebec.....	F.	19	34	53	43	51	38	58
Ontario <sup>5</sup> .....	F.	79	55	107	120	134	123	134
Western Provinces <sup>6</sup> .....	F.	24	99	141	207	185	207	233
Occupational Therapy								
University of Toronto.....	F.	—	—	36	36	45	40	47
Physiotherapy								
University of Toronto.....	F.	—	—	20	34	41	34	44
Physical Education								
Canada.....	T.	23	77	76	52	62	72	73
	M.	—	—	—	3	3	4	3
	F.	22	77	76	49	59	68	70
Quebec.....	T.	22	50	25	18	22	23	16
	M.	—	—	—	3	3	4	3
	F.	22	50	25	15	19	19	13
Ontario.....	F.	—	27	51	34	34	49	53
Western Provinces.....	F.	—	—	—	—	6	—	4

<sup>5</sup> Includes 13-26 Dental nurses annually.

<sup>6</sup> In the Western provinces, candidates for the B.Sc. in Nursing take their hospital training either during or after their University course; in the other provinces, the University course is offered only to graduate nurses.

## 12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties

—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1937	1938	1939
Pharmacy								
Canada.....	T.	562	459	512	484	439	495	534
	M.	529	430	481	445	403	461	497
	F.	33	29	31	39	36	34	37
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	24	12	12	9	10	18	20
	M.	22	11	10	7	7	16	18
	F.	2	1	2	2	3	2	2
Quebec.....	T.	220	142	94	95	79	86	78
	M.	214	142	94	95	79	86	78
	F.	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario.....	T.	168	156	250	200	193	225	260
	M.	158	141	239	190	181	209	242
	F.	10	15	11	10	12	16	18
Western Provinces.....	T.	150	149	156	180	157	166	176
	M.	135	136	138	153	136	150	159
	F.	15	13	18	27	21	16	17
Social Service								
Canada.....	T.	85	72	110	127	144	129	153
	M.	13	5	11	22	28	25	20
	F.	72	67	99	105	116	104	133
Quebec.....	T.	13	25	30	17	30	43	28
	M.	3	—	1	3	9	9	1
	F.	10	25	29	14	21	34	27
Ontario.....	T.	72	47	70	85	82	41	72
	M.	10	5	9	15	12	7	13
	F.	62	42	61	70	70	34	59
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	—	10	25	32	45	53
	M.	—	—	1	4	7	9	6
	F.	—	—	9	21	25	36	47
Total Theology (including post-graduate students)								
Canada*	T.	2,136	2,169	2,261	2,643	2,451	2,461	2,467
	M.	2,095	2,113	2,217	2,619	2,412	2,432	2,428
	F.	41	56	44	24	39	29	39
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	191	131	133	187	193	192	178
	M.	187	131	133	187	193	192	178
	F.	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	938	996	968	1,221	1,142	1,094	1,105
Ontario*.....	T.	857	838	938	1,076	926	963	954
	M.	827	795	901	1,063	892	937	921
	F.	30	43	37	23	34	26	33
Western Provinces.....	T.	150	204	222	159	190	212	230
	M.	143	191	215	158	185	209	224
	F.	7	13	7	1	5	3	6
Protestant Theological Colleges								
Canada.....	T.	728	706	621	634	652	657	699
	M.	687	650	577	610	613	630	660
	F.	41	56	44	24	39	27	39
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	99	77	60	98	116	116	113
	M.	95	77	60	98	116	116	113
	F.	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	M.	84	99	80	76	69	82	81
Ontario.....	T.	395	326	259	301	277	247	275
	M.	365	283	222	278	243	223	242
	F.	30	43	37	23	34	24	33
Western Provinces.....	T.	150	204	222	159	190	212	230
	M.	143	191	215	158	185	209	224
	F.	7	13	7	1	5	3	6

\* Figures have been revised since publication of last Survey.

### 12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties —Concluded

—	1921	1926	1931	1936	1937	1938	1939
Roman Catholic Theological Colleges, Seminaries, etc.							
<b>Canada*</b> .....M.	<b>1,408</b>	<b>1,463</b>	<b>1,640</b>	<b>2,009</b>	<b>1,799</b>	<b>1,804</b>	<b>1,801</b>
Maritime Provinces.....M.	92	54	73	89	77	76	65
Quebec.....M.	854	897	888	1,145	1,073	1,012	1,024
Ontario*.....M.	462	512	679	775	649	716	712
Veterinary Science							
<b>Canada</b> .....T.	<b>116</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>295</b>	<b>317</b>
.....M.	<b>116</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>292</b>	<b>313</b>
.....F.	—	<b>1</b>	—	—	—	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>
Quebec.....M.	20	17	25	44	49	53	56
Ontario.....T.	96	66	97	201	218	242	261
.....M.	96	65	97	201	218	239	257
.....F.	—	1	—	—	—	3	<b>4</b>

### 12A.—Enrolment of Full-Time Post-Graduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties

—	1921	1926	1931	1936	1937	1938	1939
Post-Graduate Courses in Arts, Science and Philosophy							
<b>Canada*</b> .....T.	<b>369</b>	<b>751</b>	<b>1,309</b>	<b>1,384</b>	<b>1,466</b>	<b>1,290</b>	<b>1,440</b>
.....M.	<b>261</b>	<b>555</b>	<b>964</b>	<b>1,034</b>	<b>1,035</b>	<b>963</b>	<b>1,110</b>
.....F.	<b>108</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>366</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>371</b>	<b>322</b>	<b>330</b>
Maritime Provinces.....T.	24	27	45	90	79	79	75
.....M.	22	20	27	62	43	54	49
.....F.	2	7	18	28	36	25	26
Quebec.....T.	42	204	427	385	353	373	502
.....M.	30	175	367	324	295	298	398
.....F.	12	29	60	61	58	75	104
Ontario*.....T.	207	340	508	577	627	580	551
.....M.	150	240	342	396	432	414	404
.....F.	57	100	166	181	195	166	147
Western Provinces.....T.	96	180	320	332	347	258	312
.....M.	59	120	228	252	265	202	259
.....F.	37	60	92	80	82	56	53
Other Post-Graduate Courses (excepting Theology)							
<b>Canada*</b> .....T.	<b>38</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>241</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>306</b>	<b>301</b>
.....M.	<b>37</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>225</b>	<b>285</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>293</b>
.....F.	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>8</b>
Maritime Provinces.....T.	—	—	—	—	5	6	9
.....M.	—	—	—	—	4	4	8
.....F.	—	—	—	—	1	2	1
Quebec.....T.	19	50	30	57	57	63	67
.....M.	19	50	30	57	52	62	67
.....F.	—	—	—	—	5	1	—
Ontario*.....T.	19	74	151	203	177	151	170
.....M.	18	71	140	181	169	147	166
.....F.	1	3	11	22	8	4	4
Western Provinces.....T.	—	19	60	49	60	86	55
.....M.	—	19	58	47	55	83	52
.....F.	—	—	2	2	5	3	3

\*Figures have been revised since publication of last Survey.

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1937	1938	1939
Bachelors of Agricultural Science								
Canada.....	T.	156	111	160	238	216	237	258
	M.	153	108	158	231	213	232	255
	F.	3	3	2	7	3	5	3
Quebec.....	T.	43	25	48	51	51	63	58
	M.	41	23	48	50	51	62	58
	F.	2	2	—	1	—	1	—
Ontario.....	T.	74	33	53	117	108	106	110
	M.	74	33	52	115	106	105	109
	F.	—	—	1	2	2	1	1
Western Provinces.....	T.	39	53	59	70	57	68	90
	M.	38	52	58	66	56	65	88
	F.	1	1	1	4	1	3	2
Diplomas in Agriculture								
Canada.....	T.	171	53	115	107	135	122	157
	M.	171	52	115	107	134	121	157
	F.	—	1	—	—	1	1	—
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	32	3	16	17	15	10	8
	M.	32	2	16	17	15	10	8
	F.	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	3	24	42	42	55	57	46
	M.	3	24	42	42	55	57	46
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario.....	T.	116	12	33	36	37	34	38
	M.	116	12	33	36	37	34	38
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	20	14	24	12	28	21	65
	M.	20	14	24	12	27	20	65
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	1	—
Graduates in Architecture								
Canada.....	T.	17	14	24	53	26	37	30
	M.	17	14	24	53	24	31	27
	F.	—	—	—	—	2	6	3
Quebec.....	M.	7	7	8	22	14	16	14
Ontario.....	T.	9	4	7	14	7	11	8
	M.	9	4	7	14	7	9	8
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	1	3	9	17	5	10	8
	M.	1	3	9	17	3	6	5
	F.	—	—	—	—	2	4	3
Bachelors of Arts or Letters <sup>1</sup>								
Canada.....	T.	1,337	1,985	2,474	3,175	3,342	3,364	3,354
	M.	823	1,215	1,493	2,007	2,714	2,177	2,235
	F.	514	770	981	1,168	1,168	1,187	1,119
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	183	196	273	309	323	286	320
	M.	117	113	172	184	212	189	217
	F.	66	83	101	125	111	97	103
Quebec <sup>1</sup> .....	T.	284	493	669	916	931	944	963
	M.	239	439	567	762	787	783	809
	F.	45	54	102	154	144	161	154
Ontario.....	T.	581	825	968	1,308	1,385	1,378	1,341
	M.	323	437	506	737	797	794	779
	F.	258	388	462	571	588	584	562
Western Provinces.....	T.	289	471	564	642	703	756	730
	M.	144	226	248	324	378	411	430
	F.	145	245	316	318	325	345	300

<sup>1</sup>Includes a few Bachelors of Social Science in Quebec.



## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1937	1938	1939
Bachelors of Science (in Arts)								
Canada.....	T.	77	136	252	320	280	297	356
	M.	70	107	207	275	252	256	301
	F.	7	29	45	45	28	41	55
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	21	36	73	109	92	109	140
	M.	20	30	61	99	80	101	122
	F.	1	6	12	10	12	8	18
Quebec.....	T.	37	48	84	50	37	46	89
	M.	36	39	74	42	31	38	71
	F.	1	9	10	8	6	8	18
Ontario.....	T.	—	—	—	—	19	5	5
	M.	—	—	—	—	19	5	5
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	19	52	95	161	132	132	122
	M.	14	38	72	134	122	112	103
	F.	5	14	23	27	10	20	19

Bachelors of Commerce<sup>2</sup>

Canada.....	T.	12	73	169	202	211	221	242
	M.	11	59	152	177	188	198	213
	F.	1	14	17	25	23	23	29
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	5	24	19	16	16	19
	M.	—	3	20	19	12	16	13
	F.	—	2	4	—	4	—	6
Quebec.....	T.	10	8	41	50	70	63	73
	M.	9	7	41	46	68	58	68
	F.	1	1	—	4	2	5	5
Ontario.....	T.	2	43	68	77	51	69	82
	M.	2	38	58	75	47	68	76
	F.	—	5	10	2	4	1	6
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	17	36	56	74	73	68
	M.	—	11	33	37	61	56	56
	F.	—	6	3	19	13	17	12

## Doctors of Dentistry

Canada.....	T.	189	150	90	106	113	98	111
	M.	184	146	90	106	113	97	109
	F.	5	4	—	—	—	1	2
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	6	—	9	11	16	9	22
	M.	6	—	9	11	16	9	22
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	43	67	15	33	31	36	50
	M.	41	66	15	33	31	36	49
	F.	2	1	—	—	—	—	1
Ontario.....	T.	140	83	59	59	51	33	21
	M.	137	80	59	59	51	32	20
	F.	3	3	—	—	—	1	1
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	—	7	3	15	20	18
	M.	—	—	7	3	15	20	18
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

## Bachelors of Applied Science of Engineering

Canada.....	T.	322	315	418	564	536	604	629
	M.	321	315	418	562	535	604	629
	F.	1	—	—	2	1	—	—
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	17	22	38	38	40	39	37
Quebec.....	M.	104	93	70	100	127	100	97
Ontario.....	T.	159	135	184	246	217	304	320
	M.	159	135	184	244	216	304	320
	F.	—	—	—	2	1	—	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	42	65	126	180	152	161	175
	M.	41	65	126	180	152	161	175
	F.	1	—	—	—	—	—	—

<sup>2</sup> Includes a few Bachelors of Accountancy and of Secretarial Science.

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1937	1938	1939
Bachelors of Education or Pedagogy								
Canada.....	T.	1	25	60	100	108	100	100
	M.	1	24	41	75	89	83	75
	F.	—	1	19	25	19	17	25
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	—	12	10	13	7
	M.	—	—	—	6	5	6	3
	F.	—	—	—	6	5	7	4
Quebec.....	T.	—	—	15	16	17	24	25
	M.	—	—	5	11	12	24	25
	F.	—	—	10	5	5	—	—
Ontario.....	T.	1	24	37	52	42	27	31
	M.	1	23	31	47	39	25	28
	F.	—	1	6	5	3	2	3
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	1	8	20	39	36	45
	M.	—	1	5	11	33	28	27
	F.	—	—	3	9	6	8	18

## Graduates of University Teacher Training Courses

Canada <sup>3</sup> .....	T.	100	373	581	584	517	466	485
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	49	37	34	40	20
	M.	—	—	22	17	18	20	9
	F.	—	—	27	20	16	20	11
Quebec <sup>3</sup> .....	T.	28	45	38	48	45	44	38
Ontario.....	T.	72	271	377	390	272	205	275
	M.	48	98	133	171	110	94	140
	F.	24	173	244	219	162	111	135
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	57	117	109	166	177	152
	M.	—	22	48	47	61	65	53
	F.	—	35	69	62	105	112	99

## Bachelors of Science in Forestry

Canada.....	M.	15	19	41	21	17	18	21
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	6	1	9	1	4	3	8
Quebec.....	M.	3	1	10	5	3	8	5
Ontario.....	M.	6	13	18	14	9	6	4
Western Provinces.....	M.	—	4	4	1	1	1	4

## Bachelors of Household Science

Canada.....	F.	10	19	112	138	162	184	194
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	13	25	28	31	35
Quebec.....	F.	—	1	7	17	19	23	36
Ontario.....	F.	—	—	37	18	21	16	9
Western Provinces.....	F.	10	18	55	78	94	114	114

## Bachelors of Canon Law

Canada.....	M.	2	7	16	—	22	—	—
Quebec.....	M.	2	7	10	—	20	—	—
Ontario.....	M.	—	—	6	—	2	—	—

<sup>3</sup> Record of men and women not obtained separately for Quebec.

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1937	1938	1939
Graduates in Law								
Canada.....	T.	393	277	223	209	236	258	254
	M.	379	267	218	202	229	251	244
	F.	14	10	5	7	7	7	10
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	30	23	18	35	38	27	43
	M.	29	21	17	34	37	27	40
	F.	1	2	1	1	1	—	3
Quebec.....	T.	95	72	76	60	69	55	64
	M.	95	72	76	58	68	55	62
	F.	—	—	—	2	1	—	2
Ontario.....	T.	209	133	94	70	92	136	95
	M.	200	126	92	69	88	131	95
	F.	9	7	2	1	4	5	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	59	49	35	44	37	40	52
	M.	55	48	33	41	36	38	49
	F.	4	1	2	3	1	2	3

## Graduates in Librarianship (Degrees and Diplomas)

Canada.....	T.	—	—	39	66	43	79	60
	M.	—	—	2	3	1	1	4
	F.	—	—	37	63	42	78	56
Quebec.....	T.	—	—	13	19	5	21	14
	M.	—	—	2	3	—	—	2
	F.	—	—	11	16	5	21	12
Ontario.....	T.	—	—	26	47	38	58	46
	M.	—	—	—	—	1	1	2
	F.	—	—	26	47	37	57	44

## Graduates in Medicine

Canada.....	T.	404	510	535	497	511	544	565
	M.	390	493	509	476	489	529	538
	F.	14	17	26	21	22	15	27
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	16	35	23	26	28	32	37
	M.	15	35	23	25	27	31	36
	F.	1	—	—	1	1	1	1
Quebec.....	T.	154	141	163	176	194	211	227
	M.	154	139	160	171	193	211	223
	F.	—	2	3	5	1	—	4
Ontario.....	T.	200	264	269	218	205	222	212
	M.	189	254	250	208	193	210	197
	F.	11	10	19	10	12	12	15
Western Provinces.....	T.	34	70	80	77	84	79	89
	M.	32	65	76	72	76	77	82
	F.	2	5	4	5	8	2	7

## Graduates in Pharmacy

Canada.....	T.	176	134	208	190	164	181	190
	M.	166	130	198	180	150	162	167
	F.	10	4	10	10	14	19	23
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	4	1	4	4	7
	M.	—	—	3	1	4	2	7
	F.	—	—	1	—	—	2	—
Quebec.....	T.	22	23	11	20	12	20	8
	M.	19	23	11	20	12	18	8
	F.	3	—	—	—	—	2	—
Ontario.....	T.	94	68	128	100	84	91	92
	M.	88	67	122	97	78	85	85
	F.	6	1	6	3	6	6	7
Western Provinces.....	T.	60	43	65	69	64	66	83
	M.	59	40	62	62	56	57	72
	F.	1	3	3	7	8	9	11

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

	1921	1926	1931	1936	1937	1938	1939
Physical Training Diplomas							
Canada.....T.	—	37	45	21	31	33	39
M.	—	—	—	1	2	1	1
F.	—	37	45	20	29	32	38
Quebec.....T.	—	25	15	5	10	13	8
M.	—	—	—	1	2	1	1
F.	—	25	15	4	8	12	7
Ontario.....F.	—	12	30	16	15	20	27
Western Provinces.....F.	—	—	—	—	6	—	4
Diplomas in Social Service							
Canada.....T.	5	24	18	45	65	71	62
M.	—	1	—	6	10	15	4
F.	5	23	18	39	55	56	58
Quebec.....T.	—	8	7	8	13	23	9
M.	—	—	—	1	4	5	—
F.	—	8	7	7	9	18	9
Ontario.....T.	5	16	11	30	40	29	28
M.	—	1	—	5	5	8	4
F.	5	15	11	25	35	21	24
Western Provinces.....T.	—	—	—	7	12	19	17
M.	—	—	—	—	1	2	—
F.	—	—	—	7	11	17	17
Graduates in Theology							
Canada.....T.	426	475	434	484	540	508	521
M.	408	452	416	468	521	490	502
F.	18	23	18	16	19	18	19
Maritime Provinces.....M.	35	31	42	39	40	48	33
Quebec.....M.	155	210	151	180	210	201	203
Ontario.....T.	186	178	178	226	249	227	238
M.	170	160	164	213	230	209	219
F.	16	18	14	13	19	18	19
Western Provinces.....T.	50	56	63	39	41	32	47
M.	48	51	59	36	41	32	46
F.	2	5	4	3	—	—	1
Bachelors of Divinity (Post-Graduate)							
Canada.....M.	34	30	37	43	46	35	42
Maritime Provinces.....M.	2	2	4	17	7	5	8
Quebec.....M.	10	3	3	8	10	7	4
Ontario.....M.	15	18	24	12	24	18	20
Western Provinces.....M.	7	7	6	6	5	5	10
Graduates in Veterinary Science							
Canada.....T.	26	18	28	53	40	62	77
M.	26	18	28	53	40	61	76
F.	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Quebec.....T.	6	6	8	8	6	11	12
M.	6	6	8	8	6	11	12
F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario.....T.	20	12	20	45	34	51	65
M.	20	12	20	45	34	50	64
F.	—	—	—	—	—	1	1



## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

	1921	1926	1931	1936	1937	1938	1939
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## Post-Graduate Degrees and Diplomas in Nursing

<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>F.</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>204</b>
Quebec.....	F.	—	33	39	67	43	29	57
Ontario <sup>4</sup> .....	F.	67	43	65	99	103	145	112
Western Provinces.....	F.	—	7	18	25	20	40	35

Masters of Arts<sup>5</sup>

<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>T.</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>274</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>286</b>
	<b>M.</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>211</b>
	<b>F.</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>75</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	37	22	29	24	34	30	28
	M.	30	12	17	17	27	20	20
	F.	7	10	12	7	7	10	8
Quebec.....	T.	14	27	47	39	32	37	41
	M.	9	21	27	20	19	25	29
	F.	5	6	20	19	13	12	12
Ontario.....	T.	74	95	137	141	143	163	146
	M.	49	68	94	108	105	113	109
	F.	25	27	43	33	38	50	37
Western Provinces.....	T.	22	58	61	48	56	49	69
	M.	17	39	42	34	44	41	51
	F.	5	19	19	14	12	8	18

Masters of Science<sup>6</sup>

<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>T.</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>95</b>
	<b>M.</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>93</b>
	<b>F.</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	2	4	3	6	6	11	8
	M.	2	4	2	6	4	11	8
	F.	—	—	1	—	2	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	18	42	28	31	29	34	34
	M.	13	39	28	31	29	34	33
	F.	5	3	—	—	—	—	1
Ontario.....	T.	5	9	28	32	20	23	25
	M.	5	9	28	32	18	23	24
	F.	—	—	—	—	2	—	1
Western Provinces.....	T.	5	27	34	64	52	49	28
	M.	4	26	31	61	48	47	28
	F.	1	1	3	3	4	2	—

## Licentiates (not including theology)

<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>T.</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>133</b>
	<b>M.</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>123</b>
	<b>F.</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>10</b>
Quebec.....	T.	28	26	67	92	109	106	117
	M.	28	25	66	85	105	104	107
	F.	—	1	1	7	4	2	10
Ontario.....	T.	13	14	24	8	12	16	14
	M.	13	14	23	8	12	16	14
	F.	—	—	1	—	—	—	—

<sup>4</sup>Includes 12-24 Dental nurses annually.<sup>5</sup>Includes M. Comm. and M. Ed. or M. Paed.<sup>6</sup>Includes M.A.Sc., M.S.A., M.Sc.F., M. Arch., M.V.Sc., M. Surgery (where given separately).

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Concluded

—		1921	1926	1931	1936	1937	1938	1939
Other Post-Graduate Degrees and Diplomas (Except in education or theology)								
Canada.....	T.	6	53	84	90	88	90	85
	M.	6	51	82	90	80	79	78
	F.	—	2	2	—	8	11	7
Quebec.....	T.	3	42	55	66	70	80	71
	M.	3	42	54	66	63	69	64
	F.	—	—	1	—	7	11	7
Ontario.....	T.	3	10	27	23	18	10	14
	M.	—	9	26	23	17	10	14
	F.	—	1	1	—	1	—	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	1	2	1	—	—	—
	M.	—	—	2	1	—	—	—
	F.	—	1	—	—	—	—	—

## Doctorates (Honorary)

Canada.....	T.	58	67	95	100	129	94	107
	M.	58	67	95	98	125	89	98
	F.	—	—	—	2	4	5	9
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	4	17	19	21	16	29	38
	M.	4	17	19	20	15	26	35
	F.	—	—	—	1	1	3	3
Quebec.....	T.	10	7	13	19	54	24	22
	M.	10	7	13	19	51	22	20
	F.	—	—	—	—	3	2	2
Ontario.....	T.	33	28	46	42	45	26	40
	M.	33	28	46	41	45	26	36
	F.	—	—	—	1	—	—	4
Western Provinces.....	T.	11	15	17	18	14	15	7
	M.	11	15	17	18	14	15	7
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

## Doctorates (in Course)

Canada.....	T.	24	28	46	68	78	84	80
	M.	23	24	39	63	71	73	73
	F.	1	4	7	5	7	11	7
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	1	1	—	—	—	—
	M.	—	1	1	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	17	13	19	29	40	40	37
	M.	17	11	19	27	39	35	36
	F.	—	2	—	2	1	5	1
Ontario.....	T.	7	14	24	39	36	44	43
	M.	6	12	18	36	30	38	37
	F.	1	2	6	3	6	6	6
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	—	2	—	2	—	—
	M.	—	—	1	—	2	—	—
	F.	—	—	1	—	—	—	—

14.—Classification of Full-Time Students According to Place of Residence

Universities and Colleges in	Place of Students' Residence													Other Countries	Total Specified	
	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yukon and N.W.T.	U.S.A.	U.K.	British West Indies			Nfld.
Prince Edward Island.....	194	2	10	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	—	—	2	—	253
1921	134	—	7	17	1	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	164
1926	159	1	5	17	1	—	—	—	2	—	3	—	—	—	—	191
1931	132	4	1	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	155
1936	137	2	2	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	2	161
1937	135	2	2	17	—	—	1	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	2	181
1938	152	2	—	22	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	1	197
1939	170	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nova Scotia.....	57	1,116	269	7	17	—	3	5	4	—	22	5	15	38	6	1,564
1921	61	1,209	258	10	14	—	2	3	1	—	46	5	10	41	10	1,668
1926	101	1,392	277	27	20	2	1	3	—	—	104	2	7	67	18	2,020
1931	71	1,192	246	26	19	4	5	4	6	—	248	13	2	71	14	1,918
1936	84	1,537	271	43	23	1	6	7	7	—	305	8	3	76	10	2,351
1937	83	1,482	267	32	25	—	5	8	9	—	201	6	3	90	12	2,233
1938	92	1,587	267	30	26	4	6	7	17	—	167	6	9	104	18	2,333
1939	86	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Brunswick.....	9	83	252	10	4	—	2	1	1	—	3	2	—	35	—	402
1921	16	95	374	12	5	2	1	1	2	—	10	1	2	24	—	544
1926	30	159	562	31	14	1	2	3	—	—	20	10	5	20	—	857
1931	18	191	555	46	7	1	1	—	—	—	16	10	5	12	4	866
1936	16	197	523	76	3	1	1	—	1	—	30	8	5	12	2	1,175
1937	16	197	523	76	3	1	1	—	1	—	30	8	5	12	2	1,175
1938	23	242	755	97	12	1	2	2	4	—	30	3	1	18	4	1,191
1939	35	208	894	110	17	1	2	6	1	—	23	2	9	26	1	1,335
Quebec (English).....	38	133	120	1,920	504	27	34	50	105	—	—	—	263	—	—	3,194
1921	26	76	77	1,737	358	27	33	35	74	—	194	47	42	57	16	2,799
1926	19	78	77	2,030	342	32	36	42	81	—	318	146	29	69	13	3,312
1931	36	70	80	2,112	275	32	45	35	64	1	335	68	20	32	20	3,510
1936	26	106	88	2,364	290	38	46	44	73	—	337	61	11	37	29	3,560
1937	27	103	83	2,582	37	37	43	59	69	—	352	34	13	20	36	3,682
1938	30	100	82	2,541	924	35	48	53	73	1	325	32	18	24	39	3,693
1939	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec (French).....	5	7	22	12,216	139	16	7	1	—	—	—	—	414	—	—	12,827
1921	11	16	23	11,294	146	21	14	5	1	—	400	—	—	1	24	11,956
1926	8	9	8	14,461	84	11	8	2	—	—	617	—	—	2	33	15,243
1931	7	16	63	14,179	92	10	9	3	—	—	763	—	—	4	60	15,198
1936	3	10	40	17,457	104	9	3	11	6	—	921	—	3	2	57	18,632
1937	3	10	40	17,457	104	9	3	11	6	—	921	—	3	2	50	17,059
1938	3	17	50	16,018	106	4	4	4	3	—	786	—	9	2	48	16,607
1939	7	9	22	15,605	103	3	2	—	—	—	803	—	4	1	—	—
Ontario.....	28	87	62	184	8,497	153	292	170	189	2	—	—	393	—	—	10,057
1921	21	59	49	184	8,381	93	154	84	133	3	239	46	10	7	154	9,619
1926	33	89	78	354	11,629	96	218	64	138	2	421	78	11	16	138	13,390
1931	33	78	84	338	12,929	132	225	123	138	—	635	43	5	14	126	14,903
1936	29	87	99	317	12,561	151	245	140	163	2	636	43	7	9	111	14,890
1937	29	87	99	317	12,561	151	245	140	163	2	636	43	7	9	111	14,890
1938	29	87	99	317	12,561	151	245	140	163	2	636	43	7	9	111	14,890
1939	30	115	91	525	13,218	188	303	188	152	1	574	30	3	21	102	15,568
1939	30	115	91	525	13,218	188	303	188	152	1	574	30	3	21	114	15,543

14.—Classification of Full-Time Students According to Place of Residence—Concluded

Universities and Colleges in	Place of Students' Residence											British West Indies	Other Countries	Total Specified	
	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yukon and N.W.T.	U.S.A.				U.K.
Manitoba.....	1921 1926 1931 1936 1937 1938 1939	— 5 2 2 1 — —	1 2 2 1 1 2 1	— 1 — — 2 2 2	15 31 59 26 26 44 40	1,641 2,345 2,288 2,597 2,201 2,406 2,499	125 197 252 204 21 308 219	23 18 30 20 23 30 41	14 29 29 16 10 21 23	— — 1 — — — —	— — 11 5 1 9 10	7 11 5 2 — — —	18 — — — — — —	— — 3 3 1 1 1 — —	1,837 2,642 2,632 2,872 2,872 2,882 2,882
Saskatchewan.....	1921 1926 1931 1936 1937 1938 1939	4 2 3 — — — —	7 2 1 — — — 1	2 3 3 2 3 3 2	13 15 12 8 14 15 15	11 8 22 1,487 1,526 1,875 1,885	632 785 1,487 1,526 1,706 1,875 1,885	9 13 12 10 20 28 20	9 13 5 10 10 5 5	3 5 5 — — — —	— — — — — — —	— — — — — — —	— — — — — — —	— — 13 1 1 1 — —	716 885 1,619 1,481 1,840 1,976 1,976
Alberta.....	1921 1926 1931 1936 1937 1938 1939	1 4 8 — — — —	7 2 8 — — — —	— 1 10 — 1 2 2	20 14 10 8 6 5 5	15 12 13 22 114 14 14	75 64 86 106 108 117 117	1,072 1,097 1,308 1,508 1,674 1,623 1,703	35 37 70 101 100 108 105	35 37 70 101 100 108 105	— — 2 — — — —	— — — — — — —	— — — — — — —	— — — — — — —	1,285 1,257 1,518 1,721 1,919 1,886 1,949
British Columbia.....	1921 1926 1931 1936 1937 1938 1939	— — — — — — —	— 2 1 — — — 1	— 2 2 — 1 6 —	1 2 7 2 3 3 10	— 2 6 3 8 8 6	6 10 9 13 19 32 20	6 10 17 29 28 32 42	853 1,416 1,905 1,831 2,218 2,585 2,592	1 2 4 2 2 3 4	— — — — — — —	— — — — — — —	— — — — — — —	— — — — — — —	877 1,463 2,079 1,805 2,289 2,659 2,698
Canada.....	1921 1926 1931 1936 1937 1938 1939	226 1,455 1,720 1,742 1,551 1,641 1,836 2,021	744 796 1,010 1,030 1,324 1,324 1,559	14,368 13,257 16,929 16,715 20,270 19,270 18,537	9,220 8,967 12,178 13,361 13,316 13,638 13,738	1,863 2,510 2,467 2,796 2,500 2,734 2,770	1,476 1,266 2,009 2,009 2,417 2,655 2,691	1,337 1,263 1,511 1,731 1,947 1,933 2,065	1,294 1,689 1,320 2,165 2,594 2,932 2,968	3 7 9 4 4 5 9	— 834 1,506 2,018 2,247 2,128 1,914	— 133 333 32 140 34 98	— 130 175 236 133 136 151 166	236 236 237 237 219 210 233	33,012 32,998 42,914 44,224 49,297 49,326 49,165

Note.—Figures in this table are not strictly comparable as between years because records from some institutions (different institutions in different years) have not been available for inclusion. Moreover some institutions have given the information in some years for more of their students than they were asked to report, i.e., more than their full-time students of university grade; when pre-matriculation or part-time students have been included in the reports it has not been possible to separate them in compiling the table. For 1921 there is only one figure for all students from outside Canada.



	Arts, Letters and Pure Science	Professional Faculties	Pre-Matriculation	Total Teaching Staff (excluding duplicates)
1960-61	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1961-62	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1962-63	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1963-64	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1964-65	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1965-66	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1966-67	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1967-68	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1968-69	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1969-70	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1970-71	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1971-72	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1972-73	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1973-74	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1974-75	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1975-76	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1976-77	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1977-78	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1978-79	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1979-80	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1980-81	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1981-82	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1982-83	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1983-84	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1984-85	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1985-86	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1986-87	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1987-88	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1988-89	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1989-90	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1990-91	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1991-92	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1992-93	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1993-94	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1994-95	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1995-96	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1996-97	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1997-98	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1998-99	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
1999-00	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2000-01	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2001-02	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2002-03	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2003-04	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2004-05	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2005-06	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2006-07	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2007-08	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2008-09	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2009-10	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2010-11	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2011-12	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2012-13	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2013-14	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2014-15	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2015-16	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2016-17	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2017-18	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2018-19	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2019-20	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2020-21	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2021-22	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
2022-23	1,000	1,000	1,000	3,0

	Full time		Part time		Full time		Part time		Full time		Part time			
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
<b>Canada.....</b>	1,120	71	214	28	888	84	1,125	54	695	304	80	29	1,357	114
1921.....	1,217	124	247	73	878	90	1,441	67	594	355	74	53	1,653	168
1926.....	1,558	153	372	147	1,065	122	1,613	92	680	456	108	79	1,985	279
1931.....	1,749	203	432	171	1,065	139	1,674	112	719	483	114	35	2,063	251
1936.....	1,712	213	388	137	1,032	174	1,730	132	732	220	110	32	2,119	289
1937.....	1,742	213	388	137	1,032	174	1,730	132	732	220	110	32	2,119	289
1938.....	1,729	228	400	143	1,182	160	1,642	120	904	233	75	29	2,137	280
1939.....	1,774	249	453	135	1,205	181	1,691	126	954	232	113	32	2,086	299
<b>Maritime Provinces.....</b>	114	2	26	2	75	2	53	3	48	5	22	—	71	4
1921.....	135	10	46	5	53	3	111	13	53	5	28	3	104	4
1926.....	161	12	57	30	62	8	141	17	45	4	22	2	184	36
1931.....	196	16	81	14	62	23	136	11	56	4	15	—	184	23
1936.....	189	16	81	14	62	23	136	11	56	4	15	—	184	23
1937.....	184	15	59	9	57	23	121	9	61	5	12	—	190	18
1938.....	200	19	49	16	71	26	135	10	77	7	12	3	183	26
1939.....	198	33	46	13	82	26	125	15	65	8	27	—	191	25
<b>Quebec.....</b>	487	2	85	4	196	32	491	18	479	277	51	31	619	53
1921.....	548	18	69	12	242	32	612	29	381	332	22	34	701	75
1926.....	642	25	82	13	305	47	748	36	450	426	28	48	854	97
1931.....	773	59	70	19	329	35	646	29	499	164	38	23	830	67
1936.....	773	63	46	9	345	31	674	24	486	193	35	23	858	53
1937.....	776	74	73	13	349	40	716	20	520	193	34	22	791	53
1938.....	776	73	73	13	349	40	716	20	520	193	34	22	791	53
1939.....	767	81	78	10	351	44	717	28	617	184	49	22	726	57
<b>Ontario.....</b>	341	28	66	13	405	28	377	27	87	5	—	—	437	40
1921.....	356	53	76	37	352	32	492	28	76	6	1	—	569	65
1926.....	455	82	128	56	395	30	516	33	108	13	14	4	654	91
1931.....	515	85	205	94	375	46	649	58	98	6	13	—	836	152
1936.....	539	83	203	102	410	67	679	73	122	14	13	4	856	171
1937.....	528	94	265	89	555	58	538	62	134	12	12	—	154	153
1938.....	538	94	265	89	555	58	538	62	134	12	12	—	154	153
1939.....	514	93	278	91	553	69	561	58	192	33	17	—	182	167
<b>Western Provinces.....</b>	198	39	37	9	182	22	204	6	81	17	7	8	230	17
1921.....	248	43	56	19	231	24	226	7	84	12	23	16	279	24
1926.....	277	39	105	48	243	37	208	6	77	13	44	25	315	55
1931.....	272	43	76	20	207	45	243	14	66	9	9	12	313	39
1936.....	278	52	80	17	220	53	256	26	73	8	50	6	328	47
1937.....	295	41	73	25	212	36	253	28	73	11	7	3	327	48
1938.....	295	41	73	25	212	36	253	28	73	11	7	3	327	48
1939.....	295	42	81	21	219	45	288	25	80	17	20	10	358	50

## 16.—Full-Time Students in Arts and Pure Science, by Province and Academic Years

N.B.—Figures in this table include the students reported by the following Institutions: St. Dunstan's, Dalhousie, Acadia, St. Francis-Xavier, University of New Brunswick, Mount Allison University, Université St. Joseph, Université Laval, Université de Montréal, Bishop's University, McGill University, Sir George Williams College, Queens, Western Ontario, McMaster University, University of Toronto, University of Manitoba, University of Saskatchewan, University of Alberta, University of British Columbia.

		Preparatory years	Undergraduate years						Post* graduate years	
			First	Second	Third	Fourth	Fifth	Unspecified†		Total
Canada.....	1921	7,055	2,408	1,845	1,364	1,261	—	1,234	8,112	402
	1926	7,550	3,567	2,862	2,043	1,803	—	1,338	11,663	655
	1931	9,072	4,079	3,887	2,808	2,350	28	1,653	14,805	1,288
	1936	10,502	2,931	4,226	3,270	2,900	397	1,675	15,399	1,331
	1937	12,575	3,129	4,193	3,462	3,016	353	1,581	15,734	1,359
	1938	11,383	3,372	4,124	3,351	3,111	360	1,496	15,814	1,383
	1939	11,474	3,300	4,193	3,278	3,008	392	1,585	15,756	1,539
Maritime Provinces.....	1921	248	233	181	157	154	—	365	1,090	24
	1926	292	296	221	217	161	—	392	1,287	21
	1931	449	363	290	260	223	—	456	1,592	44
	1936	202	273	286	259	249	—	378	1,445	90
	1937	212	387	324	326	269	—	348	1,654	78
	1938	273	522	403	405	278	—	298	1,906	84
	1939	367	528	395	339	335	—	324	1,921	89
Quebec Province										
French Universities.....	1921	6,807	491	469	468	445	—	—	1,873	47
	1926	7,256	730	721	553	497	—	—	2,501	127
	1931	8,623	907	793	635	607	—	—	2,942	199
	1936	10,300	1,002	1,001	856	814	—	21	3,694	222
	1937	11,043	1,087	996	947	800	—	—	3,830	439
	1938	11,110	1,023	934	824	845	—	—	3,626	471
	1939	11,101	950	994	803	730	—	—	3,477	554
English Universities.....	1921	3	162	158	87	78	—	—	485	32
	1926	—	392	268	206	115	—	—	981	77
	1931	—	348	277	223	190	—	—	1,038	228
	1936	—	395	306	271	198	—	—	1,170	163
	1937	—	392	364	256	208	—	—	1,220	175
	1938	—	496	334	299	190	—	—	1,319	187
	1939	—	468	356	307	241	—	—	1,372	173
Ontario Province.....	1921	—	901	623	411	348	—	446	2,729	207
	1926	—	993	857	604	588	—	599	3,641	329
	1931	—	1,372	1,260	902	758	—	711	5,004	502
	1936	—	494	1,403	1,190	1,013	371	694	5,165	526
	1937	—	487	1,306	1,150	1,043	327	705	5,019	380
	1938	—	442	1,257	1,105	1,064	343	708	4,919	403
	1939	—	343	1,229	1,102	999	370	713	4,966	442
Western Provinces.....	1921	—	621	414	241	236	—	423	1,935	92
	1926	2	1,156	795	463	442	—	397	3,253	178
	1931	—	1,089	1,267	788	571	28	486	4,229	315
	1936	—	767	1,230	694	626	26	582	3,925	330
	1937	—	776	1,203	783	696	26	528	4,012	287
	1938	—	889	1,196	718	734	17	490	4,044	238
	1939	6	811	1,219	727	703	22	538	4,020	281

† Arts students in Dalhousie, Queens and Alberta Universities are not classified by years.

\* In the case of Post Graduate enrolment it has been necessary to include some part-time students.

‡ Change in the requirements for entrance to Arts course in the University of Toronto.

HIGHER EDUCATION IN CANADA

Province	Current Income <sup>1</sup>							Value of capital resources <sup>2</sup>	
	From endowment	Government grants	Student fees	Miscellaneous	Total	Deficits	Surpluses	Plant	Endowment, etc.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1921									
	Maritimes.....	122,081	159,612	150,496	88,794	520,983	18,212	17,576	4,055,874
	Quebec.....	881,060	345,027	231,571	231,571	1,969,963	23,975	79,778	14,809,346
	Ontario.....	2,349,300	858,334	858,001	3,982,113	3,982,113	58,808	13,838,960	7,778,944
	Western.....	97,160	1,711,009	272,198	555,955	2,616,322	25,413	13,299,237	1,577,149
1922									
	Canada.....	1,496,719	4,522,426	1,826,055	1,244,181	9,089,381	80,023	48,124,123	28,327,523
	Maritimes.....	156,017	188,345	152,272	113,078	609,719	12,797	24,215	5,106,615
	Quebec.....	1,033,415	300,001	613,332	39,617	2,193,743	20,630	15,763,391	18,577,688
	Ontario.....	4,402,217	2,472,986	873,381	303,554	4,032,138	17,593	206,816	8,773,135
1923									
	Canada.....	1,708,791	4,810,395	332,761	696,092	2,938,498	25,694	17,291,970	2,631,563
	Maritimes.....	196,029	198,594	154,297	87,727	636,577	25,446	5,522,356	3,818,899
	Quebec.....	1,131,720	408,313	647,169	184,553	2,386,460	61,358	16,129,548	20,603,009
	Ontario.....	331,282	2,512,161	991,152	332,638	4,087,237	22,877	19,506,822	9,269,832
1924									
	Canada.....	1,847,563	5,185,795	377,479	456,718	3,056,319	38,000	15,302,170	2,702,037
	Maritimes.....	185,018	191,996	155,881	106,786	639,611	29,775	5,727,164	3,682,193
	Quebec.....	1,225,638	494,517	651,400	202,506	2,504,352	27,406	17,835,737	22,821,551
	Ontario.....	418,247	2,530,635	847,981	362,513	4,209,377	42,390	20,317,325	10,180,078
1925									
	Canada.....	1,933,878	5,141,263	421,542	786,432	3,266,149	24,289	15,884,877	3,059,829
	Maritimes.....	183,028	164,703	169,000	235,847	802,578	5,000	5,970,195	3,756,794
	Quebec.....	1,233,910	457,301	692,886	328,397	2,672,994	180,741	18,132,756	23,727,518
	Ontario.....	338,276	2,531,911	901,425	487,371	4,358,983	21,814	21,633,529	9,204,967
1926									
	Canada.....	1,924,235	5,037,697	440,253	460,221	2,803,277	39,000	15,923,767	3,084,793
	Maritimes.....	183,028	164,703	169,000	235,847	802,578	5,000	5,970,195	3,756,794
	Quebec.....	1,233,910	457,301	692,886	328,397	2,672,994	180,741	18,132,756	23,727,518
	Ontario.....	338,276	2,531,911	901,425	487,371	4,358,983	21,814	21,633,529	9,204,967
1927									
	Canada.....	1,924,235	5,037,697	440,253	460,221	2,803,277	39,000	15,923,767	3,084,793
	Maritimes.....	183,028	164,703	169,000	235,847	802,578	5,000	5,970,195	3,756,794
	Quebec.....	1,233,910	457,301	692,886	328,397	2,672,994	180,741	18,132,756	23,727,518
	Ontario.....	338,276	2,531,911	901,425	487,371	4,358,983	21,814	21,633,529	9,204,967
1928									
	Canada.....	1,924,235	5,037,697	440,253	460,221	2,803,277	39,000	15,923,767	3,084,793
	Maritimes.....	183,028	164,703	169,000	235,847	802,578	5,000	5,970,195	3,756,794
	Quebec.....	1,233,910	457,301	692,886	328,397	2,672,994	180,741	18,132,756	23,727,518
	Ontario.....	338,276	2,531,911	901,425	487,371	4,358,983	21,814	21,633,529	9,204,967
1929									
	Canada.....	1,924,235	5,037,697	440,253	460,221	2,803,277	39,000	15,923,767	3,084,793
	Maritimes.....	183,028	164,703	169,000	235,847	802,578	5,000	5,970,195	3,756,794
	Quebec.....	1,233,910	457,301	692,886	328,397	2,672,994	180,741	18,132,756	23,727,518
	Ontario.....	338,276	2,531,911	901,425	487,371	4,358,983	21,814	21,633,529	9,204,967
1930									
	Canada.....	1,924,235	5,037,697	440,253	460,221	2,803,277	39,000	15,923,767	3,084,793
	Maritimes.....	183,028	164,703	169,000	235,847	802,578	5,000	5,970,195	3,756,794
	Quebec.....	1,233,910	457,301	692,886	328,397	2,672,994	180,741	18,132,756	23,727,518
	Ontario.....	338,276	2,531,911	901,425	487,371	4,358,983	21,814	21,633,529	9,204,967
1931									
	Canada.....	1,924,235	5,037,697	440,253	460,221	2,803,277	39,000	15,923,767	3,084,793
	Maritimes.....	183,028	164,703	169,000	235,847	802,578	5,000	5,970,195	3,756,794
	Quebec.....	1,233,910	457,301	692,886	328,397	2,672,994	180,741	18,132,756	23,727,518
	Ontario.....	338,276	2,531,911	901,425	487,371	4,358,983	21,814	21,633,529	9,204,967
1932									
	Canada.....	1,924,235	5,037,697	440,253	460,221	2,803,277	39,000	15,923,767	3,084,793
	Maritimes.....	183,028	164,703	169,000	235,847	802,578	5,000	5,970,195	3,756,794
	Quebec.....	1,233,910	457,301	692,886	328,397	2,672,994	180,741	18,132,756	23,727,518
	Ontario.....	338,276	2,531,911	901,425	487,371	4,358,983	21,814	21,633,529	9,204,967
1933									
	Canada.....	1,924,235	5,037,697	440,253	460,221	2,803,277	39,000	15,923,767	3,084,793
	Maritimes.....	183,028	164,703	169,000	235,847	802,578	5,000	5,970,195	3,756,794
	Quebec.....	1,233,910	457,301	692,886	328,397	2,672,994	180,741	18,132,756	23,727,518
	Ontario.....	338,276	2,531,911	901,425	487,371	4,358,983	21,814	21,633,529	9,204,967
1934									
	Canada.....	1,924,235	5,037,697	440,253	460,221	2,803,277	39,000	15,923,767	3,084,793
	Maritimes.....	183,028	164,703	169,000	235,847	802,578	5,000	5,970,195	3,756,794
	Quebec.....	1,233,910	457,301	692,886	328,397	2,672,994	180,741	18,132,756	23,727,518
	Ontario.....	338,276	2,531,911	901,425	487,371	4,358,983	21,814	21,633,529	9,204,967
1935									
	Canada.....	1,924,235	5,037,697	440,253	460,221	2,803,277	39,000	15,923,767	3,084,793
	Maritimes.....	183,028	164,703	169,000	235,847	802,578	5,000	5,970,195	3,756,794
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	Ontario.....	338,276	2,531,911	901,425	487,371	4,358,983	21,814	21,633,529	9,204,967

<sup>1</sup> Board and lodging not included.

<sup>2</sup> Site, buildings and equipment.

## 17.—Financial Statistics of Universities and Colleges in Canada, 1921-1929—Continued

Province	Current Income <sup>1</sup>							Value of capital resources <sup>2</sup>	
	From endowment	Government grants	Student fees	Miscellaneous	Total	Deficits	Surpluses	Plant	Endowment, etc.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>1926</b>									
Maritimes.....	186,227	187,978	199,852	125,922	699,979	22,225	9,740	6,120,258	3,875,463
Quebec.....	1,395,934	430,280	603,218	258,600	2,786,032	132,191	12,732	18,300,034	24,778,393
Ontario.....	357,341	2,904,041	1,037,341	478,060	4,778,331	12,648	100,935	22,592,236	9,913,390
Western.....	207,499	1,949,141	337,363	276,814	2,970,817	24,871	9,000	18,885,376	3,589,454
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>2,147,629</b>	<b>5,471,440</b>	<b>2,379,771</b>	<b>1,236,296</b>	<b>11,235,149</b>	<b>191,935</b>	<b>132,457</b>	<b>65,708,074</b>	<b>42,156,700</b>
<b>1927</b>									
Maritimes.....	194,448	191,319	218,390	101,918	706,084	31,885	18,099	6,422,885	3,785,546
Quebec.....	1,388,416	481,470	621,284	387,682	2,878,892	225,132	14,041	19,520,805	25,007,895
Ontario.....	405,515	3,193,014	1,049,064	516,586	5,171,079	1,000	104,855	23,096,701	11,661,618
Western.....	194,159	1,987,935	383,334	226,593	2,992,641	4,000	2,000	19,117,925	3,387,609
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>2,182,538</b>	<b>5,859,738</b>	<b>2,473,581</b>	<b>1,232,753</b>	<b>11,748,636</b>	<b>262,017</b>	<b>138,995</b>	<b>68,158,316</b>	<b>43,842,328</b>
<b>1928</b>									
Maritimes.....	197,866	151,350	233,967	131,631	714,714	23,726	16,226	6,541,759	3,887,930
Quebec.....	1,421,120	594,202	741,163	346,374	3,012,859	249,051	30,623	20,305,846	24,825,525
Ontario.....	468,460	2,473,107	1,151,185	433,583	5,523,340	7,757	208,639	24,132,622	12,210,157
Western.....	209,053	2,003,120	683,776	298,976	3,194,925	98,010	—	19,500,271	3,653,000
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>2,293,499</b>	<b>6,131,779</b>	<b>2,809,991</b>	<b>1,210,569</b>	<b>12,445,838</b>	<b>378,544</b>	<b>255,488</b>	<b>70,480,498</b>	<b>44,576,612</b>
<b>1929</b>									
Maritimes.....	208,426	155,572	290,701	115,138	769,837	34,940	7,500	6,654,392	4,883,090
Quebec.....	1,408,392	480,316	755,508	419,732	3,394,105	19,744	19,744	20,162,172	29,024,676
Ontario.....	536,134	3,650,202	1,221,816	426,839	5,734,991	33,301	165,356	24,622,418	15,045,060
Western.....	186,522	2,009,102	751,432	232,718	3,179,634	13,284	20,713	20,210,078	3,601,465
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>2,340,271</b>	<b>6,195,192</b>	<b>3,029,507</b>	<b>1,194,427</b>	<b>12,759,400</b>	<b>425,590</b>	<b>213,313</b>	<b>71,639,060</b>	<b>48,554,301</b>
<b>1930</b>									
Maritimes.....	324,324	157,299	308,309	259,980	959,922	21,138	79,020	7,926,002	5,550,720
Quebec.....	1,340,898	551,426	757,814	445,879	3,006,917	331,787	17,068	21,512,325	22,606,177
Ontario.....	582,044	3,751,295	1,293,508	581,124	6,206,991	103,054	214,930	24,880,366	13,715,550
Western.....	186,083	2,008,701	782,579	350,097	3,387,460	50,917	—	20,595,765	3,839,396
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>2,343,959</b>	<b>6,598,721</b>	<b>3,142,300</b>	<b>1,637,080</b>	<b>13,652,060</b>	<b>506,896</b>	<b>311,008</b>	<b>74,864,648</b>	<b>48,111,823</b>



1931	Maritimes.....	265,312	151,881	334,279	175,730	927,202	13,177	4,116	8,309,500	5,489,256
	Quebec.....	1,136,062	668,536	818,010	483,208	3,155,876	499,474	40,367	25,927,453	22,913,131
	Ontario.....	624,761	3,849,577	1,348,116	481,333	6,303,787	97,840	81,798	27,076,677	16,345,027
	Western.....	132,117	2,254,819	822,955	314,051	3,573,942	54,861	-	21,688,908	3,711,452
<b>Canada.....</b>										
		2,258,252	6,924,813	3,323,360	1,454,352	13,960,807	599,852	126,251	82,402,538	48,458,866
1932	Maritimes.....	256,544	147,222	349,095	135,769	885,630	59,849	7,613	8,316,286	5,587,665
	Quebec.....	1,156,312	650,817	840,600	465,548	3,116,277	502,863	44,503	28,029,883	24,072,240
	Ontario.....	590,024	3,659,522	1,507,406	624,602	6,381,594	277,510	33,119	30,376,423	16,640,491
	Western.....	129,029	2,120,285	917,620	229,422	3,336,336	97,469	-	22,294,362	3,871,555
<b>Canada.....</b>										
		2,134,909	6,577,846	3,614,721	1,453,341	13,780,817	931,192	85,235	89,016,954	50,172,251
1933	Maritimes.....	244,984	146,336	391,032	120,545	902,897	28,408	-	8,200,115	6,325,460
	Quebec.....	980,424	677,508	964,526	488,331	3,110,789	328,355	71,915	28,177,088	24,051,870
	Ontario.....	629,871	3,433,512	1,629,861	705,824	3,339,608	77,038	84,359	31,320,025	17,245,755
	Western.....	78,040	1,714,423	1,006,551	225,202	3,024,216	32,015	-	22,263,654	1,651,322
<b>Canada.....</b>										
		1,933,319	5,971,779	3,991,970	1,539,902	13,436,970	461,716	156,274	89,960,862	49,274,407
1934	Maritimes.....	227,507	158,199	402,480	158,154	948,320	40,609	5,255	7,936,716	6,165,775
	Quebec.....	948,530	749,141	979,807	470,790	3,145,228	476,547	62,531	28,035,718	24,458,884
	Ontario.....	660,420	3,379,908	1,586,297	704,891	6,345,170	38,000	107,603	31,520,696	20,034,186
	Western.....	87,021	1,299,856	996,409	286,535	2,669,824	54,570	-	22,141,917	1,680,471
<b>Canada.....</b>										
		1,923,478	5,587,104	3,974,973	1,625,293	13,110,948	610,926	175,389	89,635,017	52,338,816
1935	Maritimes.....	227,512	172,171	391,821	254,748	1,046,252	30,977	10,000	7,906,529	6,288,886
	Quebec.....	926,982	772,935	953,702	497,891	3,063,440	464,391	40,358	28,725,134	25,449,268
	Ontario.....	643,549	3,366,701	1,594,433	515,061	6,120,344	56,006	37,233	31,938,650	20,504,385
	Western.....	81,282	1,323,187	979,059	304,483	2,688,011	49,000	5,977	21,402,702	1,696,417
<b>Canada.....</b>										
		1,879,325	5,634,994	3,919,015	1,482,713	12,916,017	600,374	93,210	89,973,015	53,938,956
1936	Maritimes.....	247,456	164,323	436,705	155,778	1,004,262	25,006	22,075	7,910,026	5,723,949
	Quebec.....	973,535	708,616	1,000,332	508,163	3,308,646	369,871	9,720	28,702,951	24,529,587
	Ontario.....	655,606	3,006,186	1,814,837	698,920	6,184,499	127,550	70,466	31,443,103	21,388,579
	Western.....	73,375	1,421,021	1,045,317	273,756	2,813,469	20,297	12,417	20,485,242	2,735,498
<b>Canada.....</b>										
		1,949,872	5,339,146	4,457,241	1,534,617	13,300,876	542,724	114,678	88,541,322	54,377,613

<sup>1</sup> Board and lodging not included.<sup>2</sup> Site, buildings and equipment.

## 17.—Financial Statistics of Universities and Colleges in Canada, 1921-1939—Concluded

Province	Current Income <sup>1</sup>						Value of capital resources <sup>2</sup>		
	From endowment	Government grants	Student fees	Miscellaneous	Total	Deficits	Surpluses	Plant	Endowment, etc.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1937									
	220,239	218,813	481,033	142,979	1,063,064	25,132	42,057	7,537,496	5,220,823
	1,011,121	776,298	1,090,817	359,879	3,238,115	278,738	21,402	28,965,324	24,279,324
	671,872	3,226,175	1,961,639	734,965	6,594,651	62,703	67,333	32,092,536	17,517,944
	85,283	1,661,901	1,082,916	157,697	2,987,797	39,064	11,100	20,515,408	2,899,655
	1,985,515	5,883,187	4,616,405	1,395,520	13,880,627	405,637	141,892	89,110,762	49,917,746
Canada									
1938									
	245,966	217,404	481,251	309,816	1,254,437	37,881	52,900	8,191,393	6,333,971
	1,014,881	792,628	1,142,828	459,125	3,409,462	201,898	22,413	29,368,315	24,127,699
	688,214	3,330,856	1,968,725	842,374	6,830,169	168,555	18,614	32,680,690	23,116,589
	79,604	1,699,581	1,190,718	128,121	3,098,024	146,767	8,570	20,640,298	3,106,969
	2,098,665	6,040,069	4,783,522	1,739,436	14,662,092	555,101	102,497	90,866,696	56,685,198
Canada									
1939									
	265,410	253,442	516,711	270,726	1,306,289	42,652	5,379	8,356,061	6,557,531
	985,902	789,103	1,191,930	565,494	3,532,429	191,800	18,357	29,640,803	24,658,732
	690,083	3,602,122	2,003,542	811,585	7,107,612	331,531	16,614	32,673,921	23,515,667
	75,708	1,772,410	1,264,667	158,765	3,271,550	110,041	2,311	20,670,814	2,338,359
	2,017,103	6,417,077	4,976,850	1,806,550	15,217,880	676,024	44,661	91,341,599	57,070,289
Canada									

<sup>1</sup> Board and lodging not included.<sup>2</sup> Site, buildings and equipment.

DEPT. OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO

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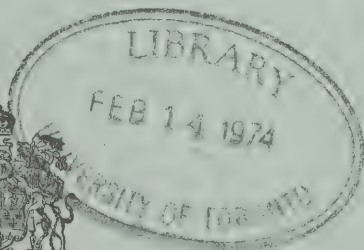
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## PREFACE

This survey presents the statistical records of Canadian universities and colleges during the first three years of war. It shows an increase in the enrolment in Science courses, maintenance of the pre-war level in Medicine and Dentistry, a decrease in Arts, Agriculture, Education and some other faculties. The net result was practically no change in the over-all number of undergraduates enrolled, but a slightly higher proportion of women than in pre-war years. There was a considerable reduction in the number of post-graduate students, which has since become more marked.

Staff members were maintained but many of the senior members, on leave of absence for the duration of the war, were replaced by less experienced teachers.

The survey appears for the second time without an analytical section preceding the tables, due to wartime conditions. It was prepared by Miss S. A. Feeley in consultation with J. E. Robbins, M.A., Ph.D., in the Education Statistics Branch of the Bureau.

S. A. CUDMORE,

*Dominion Statistician.*

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS,  
December, 1943.

## CONTENTS

### Section I.—Current Tables

	PAGE
1. List of institutions, showing addresses, control, courses and affiliations.....	7
2. List of professional schools, colleges and university faculties in Canada, showing the full-time enrolment of university grade in each branch of study.....	13
3. Full-time students of the regular session by province and faculties.....	21
4. Part-time and short course students by province and grade of work.....	22
5. Summary of all students reported, classified by grade of work.....	24
6. Summary of all students reported, classified as full-time, part-time, short course, etc.	25
7. Summary of degrees and diplomas granted.....	26
8. University-grade students of the regular session attending outside their province of residence.....	28
9. Teaching staffs.....	29
10. Salary classification of full-time teaching staffs.....	30
11. Library statistics.....	31

### Section II.—Retrospective Tables, 1921-1942

12. Enrolment of full-time undergraduate students of the regular session by faculties....	36
12A. Enrolment of full-time post-graduate students of the regular session.....	41
13. Degrees and diplomas conferred, by faculties.....	42
14. Classification of full-time students according to place of residence.....	49
15. Summary of teaching staffs.....	51
16. Financial statistics of universities and colleges.....	52
APPENDIX—Bibliography on Higher Education in Canada.....	54



## SECTION I.

### CURRENT TABLES, 1940-1942



**I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations**

NOTE.—The name of each institution is entered in the language (French or English) used in it as the main language of instruction. The name of each university that has numerous affiliated colleges is entered in italics, and immediately below are listed its affiliated institutions, their names slightly indented in the column. The whole is designed to indicate the structure of the higher educational system in Canada.

Name of institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Prince Edward Island</b>	
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown (Provincial).	Normal School, Preparatory and Two Years Arts (Co-educational), Graduates admitted to 3rd and 2nd year Arts in Dalhousie, Acadia, Mount Allison and King's.
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown (Roman Catholic.)	Junior Commercial, Preparatory and Full Course in Arts and Science (Men only). Has degree-granting powers, but in practice degrees are granted by Laval University, Quebec.
<b>Nova Scotia</b>	
Acadia University, Wolfville (Baptist).....	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts and Science, Household Science, Music and Theology. Three Years' Engineering, Diploma in Secretarial Science, (Co-educational). Students completing Engineering Course, admitted to second-last year of Bachelor's Course in Engineering in Nova Scotia Technical College and McGill University. Graduates in Arts, if proper electives have been chosen, admitted to second year Medicine in McGill.
Dalhousie University, Halifax (Undenominational).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Commerce, Music, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Law and Fisheries. Diplomas in Household Science, Three Year's Engineering. (Co-educational). On completion of Engineering Course at Dalhousie, B.Sc. in Engineering obtained at Nova Scotia Technical College in two years.
University of King's College, Halifax (Anglican).	Arts and Science, Degrees in Theology. (Preparatory in King's College School at Windsor, N.S., reported in private schools) (Co-educational). All degrees in Arts and Science granted by Dalhousie. Except in First Year, classes in King's do not duplicate those in Dalhousie, each other class whether conducted in the one or the other institution, being open to students of both. King's is 'associated' with Dalhousie.
Mount Saint Vincent College, Rockingham (Roman Catholic).	(Preparatory in Mt. St. Vincent Academy reported in private schools). Degrees in Arts, Secretarial Science, Household Economics, Nursing, Library Science, and Music (Women only).
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax (United Church).	Degrees in Theology. First Year of course may be taken at Dalhousie or Mount Allison Universities. For certain classes in Pine Hill credit is given toward the B.A. degree in Dalhousie.
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Medical Science Bldg., Halifax (Pharm. Soc. and Dalhousie Univ.)	Two- and three-year Pharmacy courses. Prepare students to become registered Pharmacists in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick (Co-educational). Students may obtain degrees of B.Sc. (Pharmacy) in Dalhousie by taking certain courses in the Faculty of Arts and Science in addition.
St. Francis, Xavier University, Antigonish (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Science, Household Science, Nursing, Three Years' Engineering. (Men and women, the ladies' College being Mount St. Bernard). B.Sc. in Engineering completed at Nova Scotia Technical College in two years by those completing the three-year course in St. Francis Xavier. Similarly at McGill.
St. Mary's College, Halifax (Roman Catholic)	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce, Three Years' Engineering (Men only). Engineering Course completed at Nova Scotia Technical College as above.
Collège Ste-Anne, Church Point (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial, Degrees in Arts and Letters (Men only).
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax (Roman Catholic).	Theology and Philosophy.
Maritime School of Social Work, Halifax....	Two-year diploma Course in Social work.
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro (Provincial).	Short courses in Agriculture and Home Economics. Two Years of a "degree course" in Agriculture (Co-educational). Students completing "degree course" are admitted to the third year of B.S.A. course at Macdonald College, Quebec, and at the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax (Provincial).	The two final years of course for B.Sc. in Engineering, and grants degrees. Regular students have taken junior years of course in Acadia, Dalhousie-King's, Mt. Allison, St. Francis Xavier, or St. Mary's.
<b>New Brunswick</b>	
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton (Provincial).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Law, Engineering and Forestry (Co-educational).
Mount Allison University, Sackville (United Church).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Music, Fine Arts and Home Economics, Certificates in Art and Home Economics. Diplomas in Secretarial Science and Commerce. Three Years Engineering. One Year Theology. Two Years' pre-medical and pre-dental. (Co-educational). Arrangements provide for completing of degree course in Engineering at Nova Scotia Technical College, McGill or Queen's in two years, in Theology at Pine Hill Divinity Hall in three years, in Medicine at Dalhousie or McGill in five years, in Dentistry at Dalhousie in four years.
Université Saint-Joseph, Saint Joseph (Roman Catholic, French and English).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Literature, Science and Commerce (Mne only).
Collège du Sacre-Coeur, Bathurst (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Diplomas in Commerce, Degrees in Arts and Letters (Men only).
St. Thomas College, Chatham (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Arts and Bachelor of Science in Nursing.

## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec</b>	
Montreal School of Social Work, 3480 University St., Montreal. (Undenominational).	Two-year diploma course in Social Work. (Co-educational). By arrangement, students whose undergraduate course has not included the required preliminary work in social sciences are admitted to the necessary courses in McGill University.
Sir George Williams College, 1441 Drummond St., Montreal. (Y.M.C.A.)	Diplomas and Degrees in Arts, Science and Commerce; Courses in Fine and Applied Art and Business. (Co-educational).
Bishops' University, Lennoxville, Quebec (Anglican).	Degrees in Arts, Music and Theology. Course in Education for High School Teacher's Diploma (Co-educational).
McGill University, Montreal, Que. (Undenominational).	Degrees or diplomas in Arts and Science, Commerce, Law, Agriculture, Architecture, Engineering, Dentistry, Medicine, Pharmacy, Household Science, Nursing, Music, Physical Education, Library School and Graduate School (Co-educational). See under Royal Military College, Acadia, Mount Allison, St. Francis Xavier, and Alberta Universities for arrangement <i>re</i> credit for Engineering Courses at McGill. See also under Macdonald College and the three theological colleges immediately below.
Royal Victoria College, Montreal, Que. (Undenominational).	The Women's College in McGill University for courses in the Faculty of Arts.
Macdonald College, Macdonald College (Undenominational).	Full courses and Short Courses in Agriculture and Household Science. (Also Provincial Normal School) (Co-educational). An incorporated College of McGill University. Degree Courses in Agriculture controlled by, and degrees for same granted by McGill. Other courses in Agriculture and those in Household Science under direction of the College.
United Theological College, 3506 University St., Montreal (United Church).	Degrees in Theology. Affiliated to McGill: Students of these Colleges pursuing a double course in Arts and Theology are exempted from a half course in Arts in each of the Third and Fourth Years, or a whole course in either.
Diocesan Theological College, 3472 University St., Montreal (Anglican).	
Montreal Presbyterian College, 3489 McTavish St., Montreal (Presbyterian).	
Université de Montréal, Montréal (Roman Catholic, as also most affiliated colleges).	Faculties and Schools of the University are: Theology (The Grand Seminary of Montreal), Law, Medicine, Nursing, Philosophy (includes the Institute of Psychology), Letters, Science, Dental Surgery, Pharmacy, Social Science. (See also list below of affiliated Schools of Agriculture, Commerce, Engineering, Veterinary Science, etc.).
Ecole Polytechnique, 1430 St-Denis, Montréal (Provincial).	"Affiliated Schools" of the University of Montreal. They might be considered the respective professional Faculties of the University which has direct control of the courses and grants the degrees, but no financial control.
Ecole des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, 535 Avenue Viger, Montréal (Provincial).	
Institut agricole d'Oka, La Trappe.	
Ecole de médecine vétérinaire, La Trappe.	Men and boys only. "Little Seminaries" and "Classical Colleges" affiliated to the University of Montreal, and in reality constituting the Faculty of Arts of the University, which regulates the courses and grants the degrees in Arts. The "Classical" Course, however, covers in addition to the final four years required for the B.A. Degree several preliminary years of study comparable to the more advanced grades of the elementary schools and the secondary grades in other provinces. In addition several of these institutions offer junior commercial courses corresponding to commercial courses in the high schools of other provinces.
Ecole d'optométrie, 1610 St-Denis, Montréal	
Institut pédagogique St-Georges, Mont-de-la-Salle, Laval-des-Rapides.	
Institut pédagogique, Montréal.	Affiliated Arts Colleges for girls.
Ecole de Service Social, Montréal.	
Petit Séminaire de Montréal.	
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St-Hyacinthe.	"Letters-Science" or High School Course of four years for girls.
Séminaire de Ste-Thérèse, Ste-Thérèse.	
Collège de l'Assomption, l'Assomption.	
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette.	Schools "annexed" to the University of Montreal, <i>i.e.</i> , of which the University approves the curriculum, is represented at the examinations, and sanctions the diplomas awarded.
Collège Ste-Marie, 1180 Bleury, Montréal.	
Collège Bourget, Rigaud.	
Collège de St-Laurent, St-Laurent.	Graduate courses for nurses. "Annexed" to the Faculty of Medicine, University of Montreal. See meaning of "annexed" above.
Séminaire St-Charles Borromée, Sherbrooke	
Séminaire de Valleyfield, Valleyfield.	
Collège de St-Jean sur Richelieu, St-Jean.	
Loyola College, Montreal.	
Séminaire Ste-Croix, St-Laurent.	
Collège Jean-de-Brébeuf, Côte-des-Neiges, Montréal.	
Externat Classique de St-Sulpice, Montréal.	
Externat Ste-Croix, Montréal.	
Collège Marguerite-Bourgeoys, Montréal.	
Collège Saint-Maurice, St-Hyacinthe.	
Collège Basile-Moreau, St-Laurent.	
Collège Marie-Anne, Lachine.	
Collège Jésus-Marie, Outremont.	
67 Couvents affiliés.	
Conservatoire National de Musique, 441 LaGauchetière est, Montréal.	
Ecole de musique (Institut Nazareth), Montréal.	
Ecole supérieure de musique de l'Institut des SS. N.N. de Jésus et Marie, Montréal.	
Ecole de musique religieuse (Schola Cantorum), Montréal.	
Ecole de dessin, Montréal.	
Ecole de tourisme, 7459 de l'Épée, Montréal.	
5 écoles d'enseignement ménager.	
Conservatoire Lassalle, Montréal.	
Ecole d'infirmières hygiénistes, 1231 Démon-tigny, Montréal.	



## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
Quebec—Continued	
Université Laval, Quebec (Roman Catholic, as also all affiliated colleges).	Faculties and Schools of the University are: Theology, Canon Law, Law, Medicine, Arts, Science and School of Graduate Studies. The faculty of Arts includes Pharmacy, Nursing, Modern Languages, Commerce, Music and Household Science. The faculty of Science includes Superior Chemistry, the School of Mines, Engineering, Land Surveying and Forestry, Fisheries and Superior Normal School.
Grand Séminaire de Rimouski..... " " de Chicoutimi..... " " de Nicolet..... " " des Trois-Rivières.....	The "Grand Seminaries" listed are schools of theology located at or near the "Little Seminaries" or "Classical Colleges" bearing the same name. The Grand Seminary at Quebec City is the Faculty of Theology in Laval University.
16 couvents ou instituts affiliés, 2 écoles d'ens. ménager, et St. Patrick High School, Three Rivers.	"Higher Primary instruction," i.e., High School Course for girls.
L'Institut des Dames Religieuses de Jésus-Marie, de Sillery, Bergerville.	Classical course for girls.
L'Institut des Dames Ursulines des Trois-Rivières.	
12 Ecoles de Gardes-Malades.....	Diploma Course in Nursing.
Petit Séminaire de Québec, Quebec City...	
Petit Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet.....	Classical Colleges and Little Seminaries affiliated to the University of Laval. See explanation opposite the names of the similar institutions affiliated to the University of Montreal.
Collège de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière.....	
Petit Séminaire des Trois-Rivières.....	
Petit Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski...	
Petit Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi.	
Collège de Lévis, Lévis.....	
Petit Séminaire de Mont-Laurier, Mt-Laurier	
Collège St-Alexandre, Limbour.....	
Ecole Apostolique Notre-Dame, Lévis.....	
Séminaire du Sacré-Cœur, St-Victor.....	
Séminaire de Gaspé, Gaspé.....	
Collège Charles Garnier, Québec.....	
Séminaire St-Alphonse, Ste-Anne-de-Beau-pré.	
Séminaire St-Antoine, Trois-Rivières et Québec.	
*Collège des Jésuites, Sudbury, Ont.....	
*Collège des Jésuites, Edmonton, Alta.....	
*St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown, P.E.I.	Schools for men, other than theological and classical, affiliated to the University of Laval. Diplomas and degrees are awarded by the University.
Académie de la Salle, Trois-Rivières.....	
Académie Commerciale, Quebec City.....	
L'Institut des Frères du Sacré-Cœur, Arthabaska.	Degree Courses in Domestic Science.
Ecole d'Agriculture de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne de-la-Pocatière.	
Ecole Supérieure de Sciences Domestiques, St-Pascal.	
Theological Schools (without University affiliation).	
Scolasticat des Rédemptoristes, Aylmer....	Theological schools. Some have classical students, i.e., students in philosophy, as well as theological students. No affiliation.
Séminaire des Pères Eudistes, Charlesbourg.	
Scolasticat de l'Immaculée Conception (Jésuites), 1855 Rachel E., Montréal.	
Scolasticat des Religieux du T.-S.-Sacrement 514 Mt. Royal Ave. E., Montréal.	
Studium Franc. de Théologie, Rosemount Blvd., Montréal.	
Maison d'études du monastère de la Réparation (Capucins), Pointe-aux-Trembles.	
Séminaire des Missions Etrangères, Pont-Viau.	
Studium Franc. de Philosophie, 33 rue de l'Alverne, Québec.	
Scolasticat de Philosophie (Oblats), Richelieu.	
Scolasticat St-Charles (Clercs de St-Viateur), Joliette.	
Scolasticat de la Congrégation de Ste-Croix, Montréal.	
Scolasticat de Philosophie (Cong. de Ste-Croix), St. Laurent.	
Monastère des Trappistes, N.-D. du Lac et Mistassini.	
Scolasticat (philosophie) des Miss. du Sacré-Cœur, Waterloo.	
Séminaire des Missionnaires d'Afrique (Pères Blancs), Everell.	

\* Also listed with the institutions of the province where located.

## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec—Concluded</b>	
<p>Classical Schools (without University affiliation).          Noviciat des PP. Bénédictins, St-Benoit-du-Lac.          Ecole apostolique des Miss. du Sacré-Cœur, Beauport.          Juniorat de Marie-Immaculée (Oblats), Chambly.          Juvénat St.-Bernard (Cisterciens), Mistassini.          Cisterciens de la Commune Observance, N.-D. de Val d'Espoir.          Cisterciens de l'Immaculée-Conception, St-Michel de Rougemont.          Ecole St-Ignace (Jésuites), 1180 Bleury Montréal.          Maison St-Joseph (Jésuites), Sault-au-Récollet.          Juniorat de la Compagnie de Marie, Papi-neauville.          Juvénat des Pères Maristes, Sillery.....          Collège Missionnaire (Franciscains), Sorel..          Juvénat des R.P. du T.-S.-Sacrement, Terrebonne.          Collège Séraphique (Franciscains), Trois-Rivières.          Noviciat des Pères Capucins, Québec.....          Congrégation de la Fraternité Sacerdotale, Pointe-du-Lac.          Juvénat St-Joseph, Cong. de Ste-Croix, St-Hyacinthe.          Juvénat des Saints-Anges, Clercs de St-Viateur, Berthierville.          Juvénat Champagnieur, Clercs de St-Viateur, L'Epiphanie.</p>	<p>Classical course preparatory to Theology, roughly equivalent to high school and junior college years. No affiliation.</p>
<p><b>Ontario</b>  <i>Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa (Roman Catholic, O.M.I.).</i></p> <p>Congrégation de Notre Dame, Ottawa.....          Pensionnat de N.D. du Sacré-Cœur, Ottawa          Maison-Mère des S.G. de la Croix, Ottawa...          Pensionnat de N.D. de Lourdes, Ottawa.....          Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....          *Scolasticat du Sacré-Cœur, Lebreton, Sask. ...          *Notre Dame College, Wilcox, Sask.....          *Scolasticat Notre-Dame, Richelieu, Québec.          *Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg, Sask.....          *Collège Thénvict, Gravelbourg, Sask.....          *Couvent des SS. de la Providence, Prud'homme, Sask.          *Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Regina, Sask. ....          *Juniorat St-Jean-Apôtre, Edmonton, Alta...          *Académie Ste-Thérèse, Medicine Hat, Alta.  <i>University of Western Ontario, London (Undenominational).</i></p> <p>Alma College, St. Thomas (United Church)          Assumption College, Windsor (Roman Catholic).          Huron College, London (Anglican).....          St. Peter's Seminary, London (Roman Catholic).          Ursuline College, London (Roman Catholic)          Waterloo College, Waterloo (Evangelical Lutheran).          Queen's University, Kingston (Undenominational).          Queen's Theological College, Kingston (United Church).          McMaster University, Hamilton (Baptist)....          Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto 2, (Law Society).          Royal Military College, Kingston (Dominion).          St. Jerome's College, Kitchener (Roman Catholic).          Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Sudbury (Roman Catholic).</p>	<p>Degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce, Canon Law, Philosophy, and Theology Preparatory Department. Also conducts a Provincial Normal School for teachers of bilingual schools in Ontario, a School of Catholic Action, School of Music and Elocution, School of Nursing, School of Political Science, and School of Library Science.</p> <p>Preparatory and Arts Schools in Ontario. Full Course in Arts not given in all schools.</p> <p>Affiliated arts and preparatory schools situated outside the province of Ontario.</p> <p>Degrees in Arts (and Science), Medicine, and Public Health. Diplomas in Business Administration, Nursing and Hospital Administration. (Co-educational.)</p> <p>Affiliated Colleges of the University of Western Ontario, Arts only, except Theology at Huron, Waterloo and St. Peter's Seminary. The University approves the curricula and grants the degrees in Arts.</p> <p>Degrees in Arts (and Science), Commerce, Applied Science and Engineering, Medicine. (Co-educational).          Degree Course in Theology. Affiliated to Queen's University. Degrees granted by the University.          Degrees in Arts (and Science) and Theology. (Co-educational).          Three-year course for which one year of Arts is prerequisite, graduating barristers-at-law. (Co-educational). No affiliation.          A four-year course in Applied Science and Engineering (Men). Canadian Universities admit graduates to fourth year of civil engineering and third year of other engineering courses.          Junior commercial, preparatory years, and a three-year College of Arts Course (Men). No affiliation.          Preparatory and Arts (Men). See under Laval University.</p>

\* Also listed with the institutions of the province where located.

**I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued**

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Ontario—Concluded</b>	
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, junior commercial, degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce and Social Science (Men). St. Patrick's College, while retaining autonomy of Faculty and Administration, shares the rights and privileges of the charter of the University of Ottawa with regard to the conferring of academic degrees.
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto. (Roman Catholic).	
St. Alphonsus Seminary, Woodstock. (Roman Catholic).	
Collège des Dominicains, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	
Séminaire Universitaire Saint-Paul, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	
Scolasticat des Montfortains, Eastview. (Roman Catholic).	
Séminaire des Missionnaires d'Afrique (Pères Blancs), Eastview. (Roman Catholic).	
College of Christ the King, Toronto. (Roman Catholic).	
St. Basil's Scolasticate, Toronto. (Roman Catholic).	
Mount Carmel College, Niagara. (Roman Catholic).	
St. Mary's College, Brockville. (Roman Catholic).	
Collège Séraphique, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	
Juvénat St-Alexis, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	
St. Stanislas Noviciate, Guelph. (Roman Catholic).	
University of Toronto, Toronto 5 (Provincial)....	
St. Michael's College and Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto 5. (Roman Catholic).	
Victoria University (2 colleges), Toronto (United Church).	
Trinity College, Toronto 5 (Anglican).....	
Knox College, Toronto 5 (Presbyterian)....	
Wycliffe College, Toronto 5 (Anglican).....	
United Church Training School, Toronto...	
Church of England Training House, Toronto	
Canadian School of Missions, Toronto (Mission Boards of Anglican, United and Presbyterian Churches).	
Ontario College of Pharmacy, St. James Sq., Toronto (Pharmacists).	
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph (Provincial).	
Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph (Provincial).	

**I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Concluded**

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Saskatchewan</b>	
<i>University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon; Sask. (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in the Faculties of Arts and Science, Agriculture, Household Science, Engineering, Pharmacy, Law, Accounting, Education, Music (also course leading to provincial High School teacher's certificate). Pre-medical and pre-dental years. School of Physical Education. (Co-educational.)
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon (Anglican).. St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon (United Church).	Degree courses in Theology. Degree courses in Theology.
Lutheran College and Seminary, Saskatoon (Lutheran).	Preparatory and Diploma Courses in Theology.
St. Chad's College, Regina (Anglican).....	Degree Course in Theology.
Regina College, Regina (Provincial).....	Preparatory and two years in Arts; Music, Expression and Fine Art. (Co-educational.)
Campion College, Regina (Roman Catholic)	Preparatory and two years in Arts; (Boys).
Outlook College, Outlook (Nor. Lutheran).	Preparatory and two years in Arts. (Co-educational). Closed 1937.
St. Peter's College, Muenster (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and two years in Arts; (Boys).
Luther College, Regina (American Lutheran)	Preparatory and two years in Arts. (Co-educational).
St. Thomas More College, Saskatoon (Roman Catholic).	Arts. (Co-educational.) Affiliated to University of Saskatchewan.
Grand Séminaire, Mazenod, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic).	Theology.
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Boys).
Scolasticat du Sacré-Cœur, Lebreton (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Boys).
Collège Thêvenet, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Girls).
Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Regina (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Girls).
Couvent des SS. de la Providence, Prud'homme (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Girls).
Notre Dame College, Wilcox (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Co-educational).
<b>Alberta</b>	
<i>University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in Arts and Science, Commerce, Agriculture, Household Science, Engineering, Education (also course for High School teacher's certificate), Law, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Nursing. (Co-educational).
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton (United Church).	Theology, Arts classes taken in the University of Alberta (Men).
Grand Séminaire St. Joseph, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).	Theology.
St. Joseph's College, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).	Instruction in Arts subjects, and religious instruction (Men). All students also registered in the University of Alberta.
St. Aidan's College, Edmonton (Anglican).	Proposed Theological College, exists in constitution only.
Mount Royal College, Calgary (United Church).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial, Music and Two years Art (Co-educational.)
Concordia College, Edmonton (Lutheran)....	A four-year high school and two-year Arts Course (Co-educational).
Canadian Junior College, Lacombe (Seventh Day Adventists).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial and two years Arts (Co-educational).
Collège des Jésuites, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Full Arts Course (Men). See under Laval University, Quebec.
Juniorat St-Jean-Apôtre, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts Classes (Male).
Académie Ste-Thérèse, Medicine Hat (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts Classes (Female).
<b>British Columbia</b>	
<i>University of British Columbia, Vancouver (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in Arts and Science (including Commerce), Engineering and Applied Science, Agriculture, Social Service and Nursing diplomas, High School teacher's training course (Co-educational).
Victoria College, Victoria (Municipal).....	Two years of Arts and Science (including Commerce) and one year of Applied Science, University of B.C. curriculum (Co-educational). A Junior College of the University of B.C. for convenience of residents of Vancouver Island.
Anglican Theological College of British Columbia, Vancouver (Anglican).	Degree courses in Theology. Affiliated theological colleges of the University of British Columbia. They provide religious knowledge options for which credit is given by the University toward the B.A. degree.
Union College of British Columbia, Vancouver (United Church).	

See under the University of Ottawa. Sacré-Cœur is also affiliated to the University of Saskatchewan.

See under University of Ottawa.



## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITY FACULTIES IN CANADA, SHOWING THE FULL-TIME ENROLMENT OF UNIVERSITY GRADE IN EACH BRANCH OF STUDY, 1940, 1941 AND 1942

NOTE.—This is a detailed list of the institutions or parts of institutions for which statistics are summarized in the ensuing tables. The name of each appears in the language, English or French, used in it as the main language of instruction. The figures opposite the name of each show full-time enrolment of university grade, i.e., in courses for which matriculation is prerequisite, male and female separately. No record is included of part-time students (except in Post-Graduate Arts and Science where they cannot be separated), evening classes, short courses or extension students of any kind; nor of full-time students that are in courses for which matriculation is not prerequisite, e.g., students in the high school or preparatory departments of colleges, or in diploma courses in agriculture, household science, music, etc. Students of all kinds are counted in the later tables but the more limited purpose of Table 2 is to show at what locations instruction in each branch of higher studies is available, and to indicate the approximate share of each institution in the total.

	1942		1941		1940	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>1. Post-Graduate Arts and Pure Science</b> (in this section it is necessary to include part-time students of the regular session as well as full-time)—						
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	9	4	8	1	9	3
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	17	7	20	6	29	3
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.....	3	—	13	4	14	3
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	6	1	5	1	13	6
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.....	3	—	3	—	—	—
McGill University, Faculty of Graduate Studies and Research, Montreal, Que.....	117	44	151	50	149	36
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que.....	2	1	—	—	1	1
<sup>1</sup> Université Laval, École des Gradués, Québec.....	26	16	50	6	84	4
<sup>1</sup> Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	184	74	185	78	204	80
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	68	26	86	14	50	15
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont.....	4	—	—	—	—	—
Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	23	4	23	6	30	10
University of Toronto, School of Graduate Studies, Toronto, Ont.....	266	84	292	98	310	107
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	25	6	32	4	24	8
University of Manitoba, Fort Garry, Man.....	36	13	53	15	41	21
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	16	3	22	1	19	3
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	60	9	46	15	57	17
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	87	29	105	24	110	33
<b>2. Undergraduate Arts and Pure Science</b> (Full B.A. Course)—						
<b>PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—</b>						
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown.....	47	1	55	—	64	—
<b>NOVA SCOTIA—</b>						
Acadia University, Wolfville.....	149	76	154	70	178	86
Collège Ste-Anne, Church Point.....	52	—	81	—	50	—
Dalhousie University, Halifax.....	156	106	160	115	173	134
King's College (University of), Halifax.....	20	7	32	14	30	18
Mt. St. Vincent College, Halifax.....	—	72	—	104	—	61
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish.....	219	36	202	45	209	51
St. Mary's College, Halifax.....	58	—	38	—	56	—
<b>NEW BRUNSWICK—</b>						
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Bathurst.....	66	—	65	—	52	—
Mount Allison University, Sackville.....	106	66	145	58	171	97
St. Thomas College, Chatham.....	74	20	62	15	51	11
Université St-Joseph, St. Joseph.....	85	—	98	—	92	—
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton.....	127	85	107	63	107	82
<b>QUEBEC—</b>						
Bishop's University, Lennoxville.....	88	27	82	25	101	26
McGill University, Montreal.....	670	526	626	478	625	485
Sir George Williams College, Montreal.....	101	42	107	47	103	31
Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université de Montréal:						
Collège de l'Assomption, L'Assomption.....	123	—	118	—	110	—
Collège Bourget, Rigaud.....	98	—	110	—	113	—
Collège Brébeuf, Montréal.....	196	—	213	—	196	—
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette.....	163	—	136	—	147	—
Loyola College, Montreal.....	106	—	123	—	116	—
Collège de Montréal, Montréal.....	195	—	213	—	196	—
Séminaire St-Charles Borromée, Sherbrooke.....	119	—	119	—	111	—
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St-Hyacinthe.....	127	—	154	—	165	—

<sup>1</sup> All students in these faculties (Letters, Philosophy and Science at the University of Montreal) hold a bachelor's degree, but in a general classical course, not in specialized fields as is generally the case with students pursuing post-graduate studies in the English language universities.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1942		1941		1940	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>2. Undergraduates Arts and Pure Science—Concluded</b>						
QUEBEC—Concluded						
Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université de Montréal:						
—Fin						
Collège de St-Jean, St-Jean.....	88	—	67	—	78	—
Collège St-Laurent, St-Laurent.....	129	—	172	—	173	—
Externat St-Sulpice, Montréal.....	102	—	87	—	95	—
Externat Ste-Croix, Montréal.....	108	—	105	—	93	—
Collège Ste-Marie, Montréal.....	195	—	201	—	197	—
Séminaire Ste-Thérèse, Ste-Thérèse.....	97	—	93	—	86	—
Séminaire de Valleyfield, Valleyfield.....	74	—	62	—	63	—
Collège Ste-Croix, Saint-Laurent.....	—	32	—	50	—	33
Collège Jésus et Marie, Outremont.....	—	37	—	42	—	31
Collège Marie-Anne, Lachine.....	—	35	—	44	—	41
Collège Marguerite Bourgeoys, Montréal.....	—	68	—	67	—	83
Collège Saint-Maurice, St-Hyacinthe.....	—	22	—	23	—	16
Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université Laval:						
Séminaire de Québec, Québec.....	338	—	351	—	344	—
Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet.....	80	—	90	—	87	—
Collège de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière.....	129	—	134	—	117	—
Séminaire St-Joseph, Trois-Rivières.....	145	—	139	—	162	—
Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski.....	103	—	94	—	90	—
Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi.....	97	—	95	—	70	—
Collège Classique de Lévis, Lévis.....	160	—	127	—	135	—
Séminaire St-Joseph, Mont-Laurier.....	26	—	30	—	28	—
Collège St-Alexandre, Limbour.....	39	—	36	—	43	—
Séminaire de St-Victor, St-Victor de Beauce.....	49	—	58	—	60	—
Collège des Jésuites, Gaspé.....	33	—	27	—	18	—
Collège St-Charles Garnier, Québec.....	95	—	94	—	78	—
Séminaire St-Alphonse, Ste-Anne-de-Beaupré.....	43	—	45	—	46	—
Séminaire St-Antoine, Trois-Rivières.....	37	—	44	—	51	—
Pensionnat Notre Dame, Nicolet.....	—	11	—	5	—	9
Pensionnat Notre Dame, St-Anne-de-Bellevue.....	—	13	—	15	—	15
Collège Jésus-Marie de Sillery, Bergerville.....	—	27	—	26	—	11
ONTARIO—						
McMaster University, Hamilton.....	294	224	290	184	325	205
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa (Colleges included).....	353	60	264	50	270	63
Collège Bruyère, Ottawa.....	—	30	—	49	—	33
Collège Notre-Dame, Ottawa.....	—	30	—	47	—	30
Séminaire St-Jean Vianney, Ottawa.....	49	—	87	—	134	—
Scolasticat Saint-Joseph, Ottawa.....	30	—	40	—	26	—
Queen's University, Kingston.....	315	300	351	301	375	299
Collège Sacré-Coeur, Sudbury.....	50	—	38	—	23	—
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa.....	86	—	28	—	22	4
University of Toronto, Toronto (Colleges included).....	1,270	1,255	1,366	1,218	1,425	1,235
St. Michael's College and Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto.....	259	110	310	99	340	99
Trinity College, Toronto.....	186	192	188	179	216	174
Victoria College, Toronto.....	387	429	437	400	440	422
University of Western Ontario, London (Colleges included).....	685	377	674	371	695	314
Assumption College, Windsor.....	219	30	232	77	150	27
Ursuline College, London.....	—	63	—	65	—	39
Waterloo College, Waterloo.....	20	20	44	37	19	24
MANITOBA—						
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg (Colleges included)...	740	392	760	428	814	448
Brandon College, Brandon.....	44	32	37	32	65	56
Collège St-Boniface, St-Boniface.....	51	9	42	30	46	40
St. John's College, Winnipeg.....	28	12	67	25	69	23
St. Paul's College, Winnipeg.....	39	40	49	25	49	31
United College, Winnipeg.....	227	172	227	172	259	206
SASKATCHEWAN—						
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg.....	29	—	37	—	42	—
Notre Dame College, Wilcox.....	65	22	30	12	29	20
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon.....	390	270	410	266	500	334
St. Thomas More College, Saskatoon.....	32	28	*	*	*	*
ALBERTA—						
Collège des Jésuites, Edmonton.....	*	*	22	—	26	—
University of Alberta, Edmonton.....	346	171	372	182	371	203

\* Record not available.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1942		1941		1940	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>2. Undergraduates Arts and Pure Science—Concluded</b>						
BRITISH COLUMBIA—						
University of British Columbia, Vancouver.....	848	626	946	645	936	594
<b>3. Junior Colleges and Classical Schools of Roman Catholic Orders Preparatory to Theology.</b>						
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—						
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown.....	52	16	37	21	26	10
QUEBEC—						
Ecole St-Igance (Jésuites), Montréal.....						
Maison St-Joseph (Jésuites), Sault-au-Récollet.....						
Juniorat de Marie-Immaculée (Oblats), Chambly-Bassin						
Collège Séraphique (Franciscains), Trois-Rivières.....						
Collège missionnaire Franciscain, Sorel.....						
Juvénat des Cisterciens (Trappistes), Mistassini.....						
Juniorat de la Compagnie de Marie, Papineauville.....						
Noviciat des Pères Capucins, Québec.....						
Ecole apostolique des Miss. du Sacré-Cœur, Beauport..						
Juvénat des Pères Maristes, Sillery.....						
Congrégation de la Fraternité Sacerdotale, Pointe-du-Lac						
Cisterciens de la Commune Observance, N.-D. de Val						
d'Espoir.....	490	-	483	-	490	-
Cisterciens de l'Immaculée-Conception, St-Michel de						
Rougemont.....						
Juvénat St-Tharsicius, PP. du T.-S.-Sacrement, Terre-						
bonne.....						
Juvénat St-Joseph, Congrégation de Ste-Croix, St-						
Hyacinthe.....						
Juvénat des Saints-Anges, Clercs de St-Viateur, Berthier-						
ville.....						
Juvénat Champagneur, Clercs de St-Viateur, L'Epi-						
phanie.....						
Noviciat des PP. Bénédictins, St-Benoit-du-Lac.....						
ONTARIO—						
Alma College, St. Thomas.....	-	-	-	18	-	11
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener.....	12	-	7	-	-	-
St. Mary's College (Redemptorists), Brockville.....	*	-	*	-	8	-
Mt. Carmel College (Carmelites), Niagara Falls.....	42	-	35	-	42	-
Collège Séraphique (Capucins), Ottawa.....	20	-	31	-	29	-
Juvénat St. Alexis (Servites de Marie), Ottawa.....	*	-	20	-	22	-
St. Stanislas Noviciate (Jesuits), Guelph.....	48	-	37	-	36	-
SASKATCHEWAN—						
Campion College, Regina.....	6	-	16	-	12	-
Luther College, Regina.....	16	5	17	12	17	12
Regina College, Regina.....	22	25	46	67	73	19
St. Peter's College, Muenster.....	23	-	25	-	23	-
ALBERTA—						
Canadian Junior College, Lacombe.....	15	19	*	*	*	*
Concordia College, Edmonton.....	8	-	8	-	6	-
Mt. Royal College, Calgary.....	18	26	*	*	20	21
Juniorat St. Jean, Edmonton.....	10	-	21	-	45	-
BRITISH COLUMBIA—						
Victoria College, Victoria.....	152	72	93	92	112	102
<b>4. Agriculture—</b>						
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro, N.S.....	30	2	38	3	54	-
Ecole Supérieure d'Agriculture, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière, Qué.	50	-	69	-	81	-
Institut Agricole d'Oka, La Trappe, Qué.....	138	-	150	-	102	-
Macdonald College, Macdonald College, Que.....	108	2	89	2	87	3
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont.....	325	9	476	3	493	9
Faculty of Agriculture and Home Economics, University of						
Manitoba, Fort Garry, Man.....	82	-	104	-	103	-
College of Agriculture, University of Saskatchewan, Saska-						
toon, Sask.....	137	4	149	4	168	2
Faculty of Agriculture, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta						
	109	4	149	5	139	7
Faculty of Agriculture, University of British Columbia,						
Vancouver, B.C.....	123	20	123	9	102	18

\* Record not available.



## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1942		1941		1940	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>5. Architecture—</b>						
Department of Architecture, Faculty of Applied Science, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	20	8	22	6	23	2
Ecole des Beaux-Arts, Montréal, Qué.....	43	—	43	—	42	—
Ecole des Beaux-Arts, Québec, Qué.....	*	*	*	*	*	*
School of Architecture, Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	†	†	†	†	†	†
Faculty of Engineering and Architecture, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	27	6	21	4	18	3
Faculty of Applied Science, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	—	—	—	—	1	—
<b>6. Applied Science and Engineering—</b>						
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax, N.S.....	52	—	61	—	50	—
<sup>2</sup> Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	64	—	47	—	49	—
<sup>2</sup> Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	47	—	52	—	58	—
<sup>2</sup> St. Mary's College, Halifax, N.S.....	68	—	64	—	53	—
<sup>2</sup> St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.....	52	—	30	—	30	—
<sup>2</sup> Mt. Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	60	—	48	—	69	—
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.....	120	—	116	—	113	—
Faculty of Applied Science, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	461	—	456	—	465	—
Ecole Polytechnique, Montréal, Qué.....	319	1	295	1	289	—
Faculté des Sciences, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	99	—	47	—	46	—
Faculty of Applied Science, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	580	—	588	—	635	—
Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	1,139	10	975	10	942	12
Royal Military College of Canada, Kingston, Ont.....	*	*	135	—	200	—
Faculty of Engineering and Architecture, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	209	—	218	—	216	—
College of Engineering, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	445	—	474	1	503	—
Faculty of Applied Science, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	306	—	311	—	294	1
Faculty of Applied Science, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	458	1	451	1	420	—
<b>7. Commerce—</b>						
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	16	6	22	8	29	4
St. Mary's College, Halifax, N.S.....	46	—	31	—	33	—
L'Ecole Supérieure de Commerce de Québec, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	80	—	71	—	80	—
Ecole des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, Montréal, Qué.....	225	—	178	—	212	—
School of Commerce, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	145	21	165	15	184	12
Sir George Williams College, Montreal, Que.....	30	1	34	4	34	5
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	18	—	23	—	33	—
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa, Ont.....	54	—	18	—	14	—
University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	†	†	†	†	†	†
School of Commerce and Administration, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	93	20	124	18	157	21
Department of Business Administration, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	†	†	†	†	†	†
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	75	10	73	8	76	8
School of Accounting, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	62	24	60	11	69	9
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	50	13	62	19	75	21
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	149	28	†	†	†	†
<b>8. Dentistry—</b>						
Faculty of Dentistry, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S....	25	—	31	—	35	—
Faculty of Dentistry, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	59	1	54	2	57	2
Faculté de Chirurgie Dentaire, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	114	—	104	—	91	—
Faculty of Dentistry, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont..	250	6	222	3	240	3
Faculty of Medicine and Dentistry, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	47	1	51	1	72	1

<sup>2</sup> The pre-specialized years only of the Engineering course.

† Included in Arts.

\* Record not available.

‡ Included in Applied Science and Engineering.



## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1942		1941		1940	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>9. Education—</b>						
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	1	—	2	8	10	6
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	3	1	1	9	4	10
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax N.S.....	—	24	—	1	—	—
Mt. Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	—	—	—	—	3	—
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Qué.....	2	1	2	6	6	11
McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	—	—	—	—	7	—
Institut pédagogique, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.	—	69	—	70	—	79
Institut pédagogique St-Georges, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	110	5	71	—	72	—
Ontario College of Education, Toronto, Ont.....	78	140	98	158	144	185
Faculty of Education, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	10	26	7	24	9	25
College of Education, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	16	30	13	22	21	24
Faculty of Education, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	37	29	66	35	46	27
Department of Education, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	20	48	25	46	29	40
<b>10. Forestry—</b>						
Department of Applied Science, University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.....	49	—	64	—	76	—
Ecole d'Arpentage et de Génie forestier, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	61	—	67	—	57	—
Faculty of Forestry, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	39	—	42	—	42	—
Department of Forestry, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	16	—	†	—	†	—
<b>11. Home Economics—</b>						
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	—	16	—	17	—	21
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	—	67	—	60	—	53
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.....	—	14	—	18	—	27
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	—	64	—	62	—	51
Ecole Supérieure de Sciences Domestiques de Saint-Pascal, Qué.....	—	12	—	—	—	—
Macdonald College, Macdonald College, Que.....	—	94	—	81	—	82
Ecole Ménagère Provinciale, 461 est, rue Sherbrooke, Montréal, Qué.....	—	*	—	*	—	*
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont.....	—	—	—	154	—	143
Faculty of Household Science, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	—	49	—	46	—	47
Faculty of Agriculture and Home Economics, University of Manitoba, Fort Garry, Man.....	—	290	—	288	—	318
School of Household Science, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	—	102	—	145	—	145
School of Household Economics, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	—	94	—	87	—	96
<b>12. Law—</b>						
Faculty of Law, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	36	3	49	—	70	2
Faculty of Law, University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.....	9	—	11	—	22	—
Faculté de Droit, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	75	—	83	—	99	—
Faculté de Droit, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	65	—	104	2	117	2
Faculty of Law, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	45	—	54	—	51	—
Department of Law, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	†	†	†	†	†	†
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto, Ont.....	180	10	243	9	264	9
Manitoba Law School (Old Law Court Building), Winnipeg, Man.....	34	2	48	2	54	5
College of Law, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	17	5	30	3	45	3
Faculty of Law, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	44	1	56	3	58	1
<b>13. Library Science—</b>						
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	—	—	—	—	—	2
Library School, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	1	6	1	14	4	11
Ecole de bibliothécaires, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	12	16	10	11	15	41
Library School, Ontario College of Education, Toronto, Ont.....	3	29	5	32	2	49
Ecole de bibliothécaires, Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	3	5	5	9	8	10

† Included in Applied Science and Engineering.

† Included in Arts.

• Record not available.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1942		1941		1940	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>14. Medicine—</b>						
Faculty of Medicine, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S...	202	4	215	4	218	2
Faculté de Médecine, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	315	9	310	5	312	3
Faculté de Médecine, University de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	254	3	255	2	255	2
Faculty of Medicine, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	375	25	350	28	419	26
Faculty of Medicine, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	266	—	266	—	282	—
Faculty of Medicine, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont....	740	64	688	59	724	53
Faculty of Medicine, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	204	21	203	18	208	15
Faculty of Medicine, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.	251	24	256	24	243	21
School of Medical Sciences (pre-clinical years only), University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	42	6	42	5	42	6
Faculty of Medicine, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.	180	14	186	15	216	17
<b>15. Music (Degree Courses in Music)—</b>						
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	1	2	1	3	1	4
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	—	4	—	4	1	7
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	—	8	—	9	—	7
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	1	8	3	12	3	17
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	35	30	1	8	4	27
Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	26	100	22	89	29	87
McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	7	2	5	2	5	2
University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	*	*	*	*	*	*
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	1	5	1	6	—	10
<b>16. Nursing</b>						
School of Graduate Nurses, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	—	24	—	31	—	32
Ecole d'Hygiène sociale appliquée, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	—	8	—	22	—	25
Institut Marguerite d'Youville, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	—	46	—	74	—	101
Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	—	*	—	*	—	*
School of Nursing, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	—	140	—	131	—	136
School of Hygiene, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	—	*	—	*	—	*
Faculty of Public Health, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	—	24	—	21	—	18
School of Nursing, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	—	—	—	53	—	49
School of Nursing, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	—	34	—	—	—	—
—	—	53	—	36	—	28
School of Nursing, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta..	—	137	—	148	—	146
Department of Nursing and Health, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	—	76	—	72	—	77
<b>17. Optometry—</b>						
Ecole d'Optométrie, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.	26	—	25	—	20	—
College of Optometry of Canada, 138 St. George St., Toronto, Ont.....	*	—	*	—	*	—
<b>18. Pharmacy—</b>						
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Halifax, N.S.....	7	1	5	2	9	5
Ecole de Pharmacie, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	17	2	18	—	20	—
Ecole de Pharmacie, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.	88	3	66	2	81	2
Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto, Ont.....	166	20	165	21	204	16
Pharmacy Department, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	15	1	42	1	62	2
College of Pharmacy, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	30	7	31	7	34	2
School of Pharmacy, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.	44	6	45	7	49	10
<b>19. Physical Education—</b>						
The School of Physical Education, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	1	19	—	19	—	15
<sup>2</sup> The Margaret Eaton School, Toronto, Ont.....	—	—	—	64	—	58
<sup>2</sup> University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	—	—	6	32	—	27
School of Physical and Health Education, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	16	72	—	—	—	—
School of Physical Education, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	—	—	—	8	—	4

\* Record not available.

<sup>2</sup> Re-organized into the School of Physical and Health Education University of Toronto from 1942.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1942		1941		1940	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>20. Secretarial Science—</b>						
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	2	56	5	40	8	35
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	—	23	—	19	—	26
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	11	—	10	1	11	—
<b>21. Social Service—</b>						
Montreal School of Social Work, 3480 University Street, Montreal, Que.....	3	12	4	23	1	30
School of Social Work, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	10	45	14	54	11	58
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	3	19	4	22	10	36
<b>22. Therapy, Occupational and Physiotherapy—</b>						
Department of Extension, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	2	184	—	174	—	121
<b>23. Veterinary Science—</b>						
Ecole de Médecine vétérinaire, Oka, Qué.....	46	—	49	—	50	—
Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph, Ont.....	161	8	244	4	244	4
<b>24. Theology—</b>						
<b>BAPTIST CHURCH—</b>						
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	13	—	18	—	11	—
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont.....	28	—	30	—	34	—
<b>CHURCH OF ENGLAND—</b>						
King's College, Halifax, N.S.....	4	—	8	—	18	—
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que.....	9	—	11	—	9	—
Diocesan Theological College, Montreal, Que.....	20	—	12	—	7	—
Trinity College, Toronto, Ont.....	18	—	19	—	19	—
Wycliffe College, Toronto, Ont.....	22	—	31	—	40	—
Church of England Training School, Toronto, Ont.....	—	8	—	15	—	10
Huron College, London, Ont.....	15	—	16	—	14	—
St. John's College, Winnipeg, Man.....	*	—	5	—	11	—
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon, Sask.....	23	—	30	—	36	—
St. Chad's College, Regina, Sask.....	5	—	6	—	7	—
Anglican Theological College, Vancouver, B.C.....	24	—	26	—	17	—
<b>LUTHERAN CHURCH—</b>						
Waterloo College, Waterloo, Ont.....	8	—	7	—	9	—
Lutheran College Seminary, Saskatoon, Sask.....	14	—	12	—	19	—
<b>PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—</b>						
Presbyterian Theological College, Montreal, Que.....	—	—	27	—	30	—
Knox College, Toronto, Ont.....	55	—	62	—	57	—
<b>UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA—</b>						
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax, N.S.....	30	—	34	—	48	—
United Theological College, Montreal, Que.....	16	—	33	—	31	—
Queen's Theological College, Kingston, Ont.....	11	1	19	1	18	—
Victoria University (Emmanuel College), Toronto, Ont.....	67	2	75	2	65	10
United Church Training School, Toronto, Ont.....	—	13	—	15	—	17
United College, Winnipeg, Man.....	14	2	14	2	22	1
St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon, Sask.....	37	7	54	—	50	1
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton, Alta.....	13	—	32	—	36	—
Union College of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	18	—	18	—	16	—
<b>ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (SECULAR CLERGY)—</b>						
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax, N.S.....	61	—	60	—	61	—
Grand Séminaire, Rimouski, Qué.....	25	—	22	—	24	—
Grand Séminaire, Chicoutimi, Qué.....	40	—	26	—	30	—
Université Laval (Grand Séminaire), Québec, Qué.....	184	—	177	—	178	—
Université de Montréal (Grand Séminaire), Montréal, Qué.....	300	—	299	—	253	—
Séminaire des Missions Etrangères, Pont-Viau, Qué.....	18	—	29	—	24	—
Grand Séminaire, Nicolet, Qué.....	10	—	8	—	10	—
Séminaire des Saints-Apôtres, Sherbrooke, Qué.....	56	—	31	—	17	—
Grand Séminaire, St-Hyacinthe, Qué.....	38	—	32	—	34	—
Grand Séminaire, Trois-Rivières, Qué.....	52	—	49	—	47	—
Grand Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	120	—	85	—	65	—
Séminaire-Universitaire Saint-Paul, Ottawa, Ont.....	30	—	30	—	30	—

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Concluded

	1942		1941		1940	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>24. Theology—Concluded</b>						
<b>ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (SECULAR CLERGY)—Concluded</b>						
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto, Ont.....	*	—	*	—	*	—
Chinese Missions Seminary, Scarboro Bluffs, Ont.....	*	—	*	—	*	—
St. Peter's Seminary, London, Ont.....	85	—	89	—	93	—
Grand Séminaire, Mazenod, Gravelbourg, Sask.....	10	—	10	—	10	—
Grand Séminaire Saint-Joseph, Edmonton, Alta.....	*	—	*	—	22	—
<b>ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (CLERGY IN COMMUNITIES)—</b>						
Compagnie de Saint-Sulpice (Sulpiciens, Montréal, Canadian College at Rome, Italy.....	*	—	*	—	*	—
Congrégation du Très-Saint-Rédempteur (Redemptoristes), Aylmer, Qué.....	39	—	30	—	30	—
Compagnie de Jésus (Jésuites), Montréal, Qué.....	111	—	86	—	92	—
Cleros de Saint-Viateur, Joliette, Qué.....	50	—	23	—	60	—
Congrégation de Sainte-Croix, Montréal et St-Laurent..	*	—	*	—	*	—
Ordres des Franciscains ou Frères-Mineurs (Franciscians), Montréal et Québec, Qué.....	26	—	34	—	45	—
Cisterciens de la Stricte Observance (Trappistes), Notre-Dame-du-Lac, Qué.....	15	—	21	—	20	—
Congrégation de Jésus et Marie (Eudistes), Charlesbourg, Qué.....	19	—	23	—	19	—
Ordre des Frères-Mineurs (Capucins), Pte-aux-Trembles, Qué.....	16	—	22	—	24	—
Congrégation du Très-Saint-Sacrement, Montréal, Qué...	17	—	20	—	10	—
Scolasticat de philosophie (Oblats), Richelieu, Qué.....	12	—	27	—	20	—
Missionnaires Oblats de Marie-Immaculée (Oblats), Ottawa, Ont.....	40	—	40	—	53	—
Missionary Oblates of Mary Immaculate (Oblates), Orleans, Ont.....	10	—	10	—	19	—
Company of Jesus (Jesuits), Toronto, Ont.....	*	—	*	—	*	—
Order of St. Basil (Basilian Fathers), Toronto, Ont.....	18	—	18	—	20	—
Congregation of the Resurrection, London, Ont.....	*	—	*	—	*	—
Ordre des Dominicains, Ottawa, Ont.....	32	—	44	—	32	—
Congregation of the Very Holy Redeemer (Redemptorists), Woodstock, Ont.....	37	—	48	—	47	—
Compagnie de Marie (Montfortians), Eastview, Ont.....	25	—	25	—	26	—
Pères Blancs (Missionnaires d'Afrique), Eastview, Ont..	40	—	55	—	60	—
Regina Cleri Seminary (Franciscans), Regina, Sask.....	10	—	10	—	10	—

\* Record not available.



## 3.—Full-Time Students of the Regular Session by Provinces and Faculties

Province	Undergraduates																			Post-Graduates			Others				
	Arts**	Pure Science*	Agriculture	Architecture	Commerce	Dentistry	Education	Engineering and Applied Science	Forestry	Household Science	Law	Medicine	Music	Public Health and Nursing	Pharmacy	Social Service	Theology	Veterinary Science	Others	Total (excl. duplicates)	Arts and Science			Total	Others		
Prince Edward Island.....	1942	116			19																135					472	551
	1941	113			15																128					473	483
	1940	100			15																115					430	435
Nova Scotia.....	1942	712	212	32	149	25	29	283		97	39	206	15	16	8	1	103				1,927	33	7	40	390	461	
	1941	773	182	41	125	31	21	254		95	49	219	17	14	7	1	121				1,950	52		52	395	509	
	1940	815	141	54	135	35	30	240		101	72	220	20	14	14	1	138				2,032	61		61	345	450	
New Brunswick.....	1942	455	117		23			180	49	48	9			9			19				909	10		10	686	697	
	1941	477	166		24			164	64	48	11			15			25				1,011	9		9	543	547	
	1940	508	155		19		3	182	76	39	22			20			25				13	1,062	19		548	551	
Quebec.....	1942	5,392	665	295	68	502	174	201	880	61	106	217	981	220	78	110	15	1,087	46		91	11,199	464	95	559	14,269	15,925
	1941	5,367	592	310	71	467	160	162	799	67	81	243	959	127	127	86	27	1,073	49		92	10,859	520	71	591	13,684	15,305
	1940	5,438	519	273	67	527	150	190	800	57	82	274	1,015	154	153	103	31	1,054	50		50	10,992	559	45	604	13,475	15,209
Ontario.....	1942	5,498	59	334		185	256	218	1,720	39	49	190	1,255		198	185	55	866	169		157	11,473	511	131	642	2,727	2,980
	1941	5,395	13	479		183	225	256	1,708	42	46	252	1,232		172	186	92	940	196		142	11,561	540	172	712	2,759	3,399
	1940	5,628	24	502		226	243	329	1,789	42	47	273	1,252		154	220	79	948	248		86	12,120	532	166	698	2,991	3,963
Manitoba.....	1942	1,307		82	33	85		36	209		290	36	275		16		21				28	2,418	49	1	50	339	332
	1941	1,320		104	25	81		31	218		288	50	280		43		21				22	2,453	68		68	344	364
	1940	1,414		103	21	84		34	216		318	59	264		64		34				2,611	62	1	63	364	463	
Saskatchewan.....	1942	868		141		86		46	445		102	20	48	7	53	37		97			1,950	19	12	31	549	609	
	1941	755		153		71		35	475		145	33	47	7	36	38		122			8	1,955	23	26	49	576	699
	1940	933		170		78		45	503		145	48	48	10	28	36		140			2,184	22	21	43	597	783	
Alberta.....	1942	347	286	113		63	48	66	306		94	45	194		137	50		43			1,782	69	18	87	327	416	
	1941	365	302	154		81	52	101	311		87	59	201		148	52		83			1,996	61	26	87	325	329	
	1940	447	259	146	1	96	73	73	295		96	59	233		146	59		81			2,094	74	17	91	245	245	
British Columbia.....	1942	1,704		143		177		68	459	16					76		22	34			2,699	116	25	141	289	1,560	
	1941	1,784		132		143		71	452	†					72		26	44			2,724	129	34	163	291	1,731	
	1940	1,752		120		†		69	420	†					77		46	35			2,519	143	33	176	289	1,628	
Canada.....	1942	16,399	1,339	1,140	101	1,299	503	664	4,482	165	786	556	2,999	251	558	406	93	2,880	215		276	34,502	1,271	289	1,560	19,759	21,985
	1941	16,379	1,255	1,373	96	1,190	468	677	4,381	173	790	697	2,940	166	669	412	146	2,429	245		251	34,867	1,301	291	1,731	19,099	21,628
	1940	17,035	1,098	1,368	89	1,150	501	773	4,445	175	828	807	3,062	204	577	496	157	2,455	298		151	34,699	1,472	283	1,755	18,995	22,111

\*\* Includes Philosophy.

\* Included in Arts by many universities.

† Included in Arts.

‡ Included in Engineering and Applied Science.

4.—Part-time and Short Course Students by Province and Grade of Work

Province and Courses	Undergraduates						Post-graduates						Others					
	1942		1941		1940		1942		1941		1940		1942		1941		1940	
	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.
Nova Scotia.....	70	134	127	173	11	7	11	4	24	22	6	6	10,094	4,174	13,286	4,228	16,966	5,605
Part-time Arts.....	11	11	27	8	2	4	2	4	6	2	6	2	5	16	1	40	9	41
Agriculture.....																		
Music.....	6	2	2	4		3	4			2			14	61	25	47	23	40
Theology.....	1														1			
Other.....																		
Summer School.....	38	100	80	15		5	5		18	18			75		30	135	218	
Other Short Courses.....													157	20	290	270	1,006	364
Evening Classes.....																		
Correspondence.....	26	12	31	24											24	27		
Other Extramural.....													9,843	4,077	12,915	3,709	15,710	5,160
New Brunswick.....	106	123	125	172			1				0	4	281	119	109	244	1,149	980
Part-time Arts.....	16	5	35	64			1						98	3		10		
Agriculture.....																		
Music.....															24	87	25	70
Theology.....																		
Other.....															1	2	18	67
Summer School.....	61	85	61	87					9	9		4	112	31	6	40	37	1,461
Other Short Courses.....													70	85	78	115	179	46
Evening Classes.....																		
Correspondence.....													35				35	42
Other Extramural.....	29	33	29	21													875	750
Quebec.....	1,871	448	267	118			27	26	53	42	83	43	3,210	3,201	4,165	4,246	3,928	4,750
Part-time Arts.....	43	50	16	4			18	24	16	23	15	21	138	194	354	259	253	285
Agriculture.....	12												153	540	139	538	141	
Music.....											2		4		8		10	
Theology.....	2	10	3	8			7			3		3	155	259	136	222	140	230
Other.....													188	320	214	789	327	1,461
Summer School.....	190	166	28	69					37	7			203	945	214	214	327	1,050
Other Short Courses.....										9		19	1,284	295	2,255	1,251	1,907	586
Evening Classes.....	1,624	219	233	83			2	1		66			419	37	433	58	463	51
Correspondence.....		3		2			2	3					666	611	472	252	480	304
Other Extramural.....			3				4											
Ontario (excluding duplicates)	3,988	2,605	3,374	3,114			214	31	206	59	198	47	4,527	4,411	3,686	2,083	4,390	3,067
Part-time Arts.....	292	324	381	343			67	10	61	9	52	9	111	43	95	42	101	39
Agriculture.....																		
Music.....	24	9	43	146			3	1	1	1	3		48	52	3	3	33	102
Theology.....	2	26	3	6														
Other.....	219	31	58	252			57	4	2	1	64	4	11	24	146	578	124	415
Summer School.....	706	985	621	737													59	396
Other Short Courses.....													1,770	2,015	1,269	164	1,447	721
Evening Classes.....													1,059	1,089	1,653	1,224	1,583	1,021
Correspondence.....	453	514	527	592					32	32	2	25	2	173	523	72	559	76
Other Extramural.....	1,050	741	804	959			26	13	16	10	5	2	1,351	1,156			474	274
	1,433	138	872	1,281			61		82	1	70	3						

	211	166	348	263	321	381	28	10	39	12	63	39	597	637	374	711	717	705
Manitoba (excluding duplicates).....	77	42	35	28	58	31	28	10	31	12	24	16					22	12
Part-time Arts.....																		
Agriculture.....																		
Music.....																		
Theology.....																		
Other.....			49	19	76	13			8		4							
Summer School.....	113	102	241	193	187	337							197	400	109	536	292	533
Other Short Courses.....													103	21	110	6	19	388
Evening Classes.....													207	216	135	179	95	151
Correspondence.....	21	21	22	16							31	23						
Other Extramural.....	1	1	1	7							4							
Saskatchewan	705	1,389	1,002	1,284	1,191	1,065	7		45	12	47	11	1,215	731	114	607	1,581	944
Part-time Arts.....	29	23	57	39	82	2					2	2					138	111
Agriculture.....																		
Music.....																	5	7
Theology.....	3		1		13	10					14							
Other.....	6	7	17	12														
Summer School.....	275	533	474	455	542	340							248	731	114	607	126	748
Other Short Courses.....																	1,299	
Evening Classes.....	6	49	44	57	11	32											8	53
Correspondence.....	386	777	405	691	542	592	7		45	12	31	9	967				5	25
Other Extramural.....						1												
Alberta.....	277	117	276	155	304	140									56			
Part-time Arts.....	13	6	13	7	13	4												
Agriculture.....																		
Music.....			2															
Theology.....																		
Other.....	3		8	4	6	5												
Summer School.....	238	111	253	144	265	131												
Other Short Courses.....	23				20										56			
Evening Classes.....																		
Correspondence.....																		
Other Extramural.....																		
British Columbia.....	440	193	549	225	699	277					4							
Part-time Arts.....																		
Agriculture.....																		
Music.....																		
Theology.....																		
Other.....																		
Summer School.....	311	146	404	183	485	230												
Other Short Courses.....	30	20	23	12	28	7												
Evening Classes.....																		
Correspondence.....	99	27	109	21	110	26												
Other Extramural.....			13	9	51	14												
Total Canada (excluding duplicates).....	7,549	5,137	5,947	5,395	6,804	4,963	298	73	367	147	410	180	19,924	13,273	21,567	11,733	28,731	16,051
Part-time Arts.....	470	461	526	508	581	492	116	48	114	46	99	50	2,255	256	450	341	533	488
Agriculture.....	12														114		141	
Music.....	14		46	146	58	71	2	1	1	1	3		215	653	188	672	255	1,002
Theology.....	11	28	14	33	10	4					20		4	3	8	3	43	23
Other.....	230	48	135	297	372	173	61	6	20	10	68	9	166	283	183	802	282	712
Summer School.....	1,922	2,228	2,082	1,968	2,314	1,917	5		37	7	11	8	820	1,482	364	1,571	999	3,133
Other Short Courses.....	33	76	88	95	200	127			18	27		21	2,233	3,001	1,770	1,771	4,274	2,200
Evening Classes.....	2,133	782	814	688	705	338	2	1	32	32	68	25	2,710	1,695	4,197	2,455	3,603	1,811
Correspondence.....	1,433	1,554	1,347	1,694	1,546	1,546	29	13	16	10	36	25	592	66	980	157	1,062	194
Other Extramural.....	1,462	161	905	26	1,332	414	71		127	13	105	12	12,827	5,844	13,387	3,961	17,539	6,488

## DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

## 5.—Summary of All Students Reported, Classified by Grade of Work

Province	A. Students of University Grade		B. Pre- matriculation students		C. All students not in A. or B.		Total enrolment (excluding duplicates)		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
Prince Edward Island.....	1942 191	36	185	237	2	20	288	343	631
1941	98	34	173	295	68	-	344	329	673
1940	93	27	173	252	60	-	331	279	610
Nova Scotia.....	1942 1,399	665	435	105	9,922	4,168	11,756	4,938	16,694
1941	1,576	765	351	44	13,373	4,339	15,300	5,148	20,448
1940	1,619	770	312	33	17,050	5,616	18,981	6,419	25,400
New Brunswick.....	1942 801	351	686	-	291	120	1,778	471	2,249
1941	827	426	513	40	103	208	1,443	674	2,117
1940	934	363	554	5	1,143	997	2,631	1,365	3,996
Quebec.....	1942 11,547	2,108	9,357	6,128	2,862	5,232	23,766	13,468	37,234
1941	10,207	1,773	8,757	6,057	3,393	5,543	22,357	13,373	35,730
1940	10,562	1,664	8,691	5,362	3,972	7,571	23,225	14,597	37,882
Ontario.....	1942 12,706	5,465	2,204	259	4,546	4,595	19,456	10,319	29,775
1941	12,952	6,162	2,026	482	4,053	2,178	19,031	8,822	27,853
1940	13,374	5,811	2,880	234	4,718	3,358	20,972	9,403	30,375
Manitoba.....	1942 2,009	1,169	79	64	602	637	2,690	1,870	4,560
1941	2,136	1,175	225	144	375	705	2,736	2,024	4,760
1940	2,053	1,380	282	83	761	765	3,096	2,228	5,324
Saskatchewan.....	1942 2,108	1,919	255	107	1,272	734	3,635	2,760	6,395
1941	2,464	1,833	494	116	1,439	797	4,397	2,746	7,143
1940	2,920	1,638	518	174	1,583	809	5,021	2,621	7,642
Alberta.....	1942 1,619	642	222	110	25	64	1,866	816	2,682
1941	1,750	639	141	-	56	-	1,947	639	2,586
1940	1,803	689	165	80	30	-	1,998	769	2,767
British Columbia.....	1942 2,317	1,105	-	-	34	20	2,351	1,125	3,476
1941	2,378	1,184	6	-	7	-	2,391	1,184	3,575
1940	2,465	1,191	-	-	17	1	2,482	1,192	3,674
Canada.....	1942 34,607	13,460	13,423	7,060	19,556	15,590	67,586	36,110	103,696
1941	34,388	13,991	12,691	7,178	22,867	13,770	69,946	34,939	104,885
1940	35,823	13,533	13,580	6,223	29,334	19,117	78,737	38,873	117,610



## 6.—Summary of All Students Reported, Classified as Full-Time, Part-Time, Short Courses, etc.

Province	Full-time students		Part-time students of the regular session		Short course, evening, extra mural, and extension students		Total enrolment (excluding duplicates)		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
Prince Edward Island.....	1942 227	342	1	1	—	—	288	343	631
	1941 283	328	3	1	58	—	344	329	673
	1940 276	277	—	2	55	—	331	279	610
Nova Scotia.....	1942 1,724	579	31	106	10,000	4,253	11,755	4,938	16,693
	1941 1,904	653	35	121	13,361	4,374	15,300	5,148	20,448
	1940 1,882	635	54	108	17,045	5,676	18,981	6,419	25,400
New Brunswick.....	1942 1,380	215	116	8	282	228	1,778	471	2,249
	1941 1,209	258	60	153	174	263	1,443	674	2,117
	1940 1,356	293	53	137	1,222	935	2,631	1,365	3,996
Quebec.....	1942 18,635	9,175	520	1,080	4,611	3,213	23,766	13,468	37,234
	1941 18,259	8,946	568	1,057	3,530	3,370	22,357	13,373	35,730
	1940 18,423	9,864	781	1,333	4,021	3,700	23,225	14,597	37,882
Ontario.....	1942 10,995	3,492	849	642	7,612	6,185	19,456	10,319	29,775
	1941 11,558	3,802	733	1,188	6,740	3,831	19,031	8,822	27,853
	1940 12,810	3,684	699	888	7,463	4,831	20,972	9,403	30,375
Manitoba.....	1942 1,854	1,057	105	52	731	761	2,690	1,870	4,560
	1941 1,925	1,019	133	82	618	923	2,736	2,024	4,760
	1940 1,980	1,063	194	99	922	1,066	3,096	2,228	5,324
Saskatchewan.....	1942 1,705	640	39	30	1,891	2,090	3,635	2,760	6,395
	1941 2,025	653	78	51	2,294	2,042	4,397	2,746	7,143
	1940 2,362	701	81	120	2,578	1,800	5,021	2,621	7,642
Alberta.....	1942 1,589	699	16	6	261	111	1,866	816	2,682
	1941 1,588	482	24	13	335	144	1,947	639	2,586
	1940 1,694	629	19	9	285	131	1,998	769	2,767
British Columbia.....	1942 1,907	919	4	13	440	193	2,351	1,125	3,476
	1941 1,793	901	49	58	549	225	2,391	1,184	3,575
	1940 1,795	902	14	13	673	277	2,482	1,192	3,674
Canada.....	1942 40,077	17,138	1,681	1,938	25,828	17,034	67,586	36,110	103,696
	1941 40,544	17,042	1,683	2,724	27,659	15,172	69,946	34,939	104,885
	1940 42,578	17,748	1,895	2,709	34,264	18,416	78,737	38,873	117,610

## DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

7.—Summary of Degrees and Diplomas Granted

University	Diplomas and Certificate		Bachelor		Master and Licence <sup>4</sup>		Doctor <sup>3</sup>		Total	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Dalhousie-Kings <sup>1</sup> .....1942	20	2	109	36	10	1	1	1	140	40
.....1941	20	2	125	26	13	6	6	3	160	34
.....1940	27	6	122	25	14	—	1	3	164	34
Acadia.....1942	3	13	41	35	3	2	1	—	48	50
.....1941	3	13	42	55	14	2	4	—	63	75
.....1940	10	20	73	45	9	2	2	—	94	67
St. Francis Xavier.....1942	4	1	46	10	—	—	—	—	50	11
.....1941	—	—	42	17	—	—	—	—	42	17
.....1940	—	—	42	17	—	—	—	—	42	17
New Brunswick.....1942	—	—	72	17	3	—	5	1	80	18
.....1941	—	—	70	17	3	—	4	2	77	19
.....1940	—	—	67	15	1	4	4	—	72	19
Mount Allison.....1942	13	9	40	33	3	1	4	1	60	44
.....1941	9	4	39	46	6	2	3	—	57	52
.....1940	23	14	44	35	2	1	3	1	72	51
Bishop's.....1942	3	1	21	8	1	—	5	—	30	9
.....1941	2	6	20	6	1	—	4	—	27	12
.....1940	6	11	33	11	1	1	4	—	44	23
McGill.....1942	7	79	359	135	47	20	34	2	447	236
.....1941	12	44	378	151	38	15	29	2	457	212
.....1940	4	40	409	143	33	8	39	2	545	191
Laval.....1942	32	194	509	10	70	4	18	1	629	209
.....1941	70	196	516	14	80	1	7	—	673	211
.....1940	34	166	482	14	69	—	9	—	564	180
Montreal.....1942	123	21	684	69	139	7	27	1	973	98
.....1941	109	22	719	65	174	—	11	—	1,013	87
.....1940	72	47	521	57	152	17	3	—	778	121
Toronto.....1942	51	254	943	400	81	7	49	6	1,124	667
.....1941	41	198	948	386	73	15	37	6	1,089	585
.....1940	50	282	1,046	404	104	27	35	1	1,235	714
Victoria <sup>2</sup> .....1942	23	—	2	—	—	—	8	—	33	—
.....1941	20	—	8	—	—	—	3	—	31	—
.....1940	20	—	6	—	—	—	2	—	28	—
Trinity <sup>2</sup> .....1942	5	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	6	—
.....1941	6	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	7	—
.....1940	—	—	2	—	—	—	6	—	8	—

Western Ontario.....	1942	23	167	82	8	2	3	1	178	108	285
1941	12	190	89	10	3	1	2	2	202	106	308
1940	-	147	83	15	1	-	2	-	164	84	243
Queens.....	1942	-	278	73	20	2	28	2	326	77	403
1941	-	-	351	85	17	6	5	-	373	91	464
1940	-	-	333	90	22	3	8	-	363	93	456
Ottawa.....	1942	9	123	28	44	1	15	-	185	38	223
1941	-	-	106	26	35	5	13	-	154	31	185
1940	-	-	125	42	22	1	11	1	158	44	202
McMaster.....	1942	3	94	47	3	-	-	-	100	48	148
1941	2	-	77	36	5	1	3	-	87	36	123
1940	-	-	99	57	2	-	-	-	101	58	159
Manitoba.....	1942	46	249	148	8	2	5	1	283	197	480
1941	61	35	273	178	11	1	3	-	348	214	562
1940	45	29	249	158	16	2	3	-	313	189	502
Saskatchewan.....	1942	*	184	121	9	1	-	-	194	121	315
1941	112	73	256	117	36	-	2	-	406	190	596
1940	107	68	290	113	25	3	1	-	423	184	607
Alberta.....	1942	55	303	119	17	2	-	-	361	176	537
1941	22	29	324	105	32	6	-	-	378	140	518
1940	36	35	273	87	23	3	1	-	333	125	458
British Columbia.....	1942	20	271	130	32	7	2	2	328	209	537
1941	32	71	263	128	33	4	1	-	329	203	532
1940	36	76	293	138	37	6	2	-	368	220	538
Other Institutions.....	1942	92	229	38	.7	-	4	-	467	130	597
1941	165	247	55	21	1	1	17	-	624	221	845
1940	282	378	43	8	1	-	14	-	682	147	829
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>1942</b>	<b>830</b>	<b>4,724</b>	<b>1,539</b>	<b>505</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>6,041</b>	<b>2,437</b>	<b>8,478</b>
<b>1941</b>	<b>861</b>	<b>4,994</b>	<b>1,562</b>	<b>602</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>6,607</b>	<b>2,536</b>	<b>9,143</b>
<b>1940</b>	<b>752</b>	<b>5,094</b>	<b>1,577</b>	<b>585</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6,551</b>	<b>2,561</b>	<b>9,112</b>

† Honorary degrees: In McGill (1940) 7; (1941) 6; (1942) 3; Laval (1940) 7; (1941) 6; (1942) 3; Montreal (1941) 7; (1942) 10; Ottawa (1940) 6; (1941) 4; (1942) 6; Toronto (1941) 7; (1942), 13.

‡ All degrees except those in theology granted by Dalhousie.

§ All degrees except those in theology entered under Toronto.

\* Medical, dental and veterinary doctors included in "bachelor" column.

† The licence in the French language universities is the next degree in advance of bachelor, as the Master's degree is in the English.

\* Information not available.

8.—University-grade Students of the Regular Session Attending Outside Their Province of Residence

—	Number of students															Total non-residents in each province	Number specified by provinces
	From P.E.I.	From N.S.	From N.B.	From Que.	From Ont.	From Man.	From Sask.	From Alta.	From B.C.	From Yukon and N.W.T.	From U.S.A.	From U.K.	From British West Indies	From Newfoundland	From Other Countries		
In Prince Edward Island.....	1942	—	4	20	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	25	
.....	1941	—	3	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	21	
.....	1940	—	3	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	25	
Nova Scotia.....	1942	50	—	266	45	4	1	3	8	—	95	4	9	94	4	604	
.....	1941	59	—	280	33	4	3	4	8	—	150	6	6	102	9	662	
.....	1940	82	—	292	31	2	2	7	9	—	133	7	7	108	9	717	
New Brunswick.....	1942	25	135	—	124	20	2	5	1	—	41	2	8	26	1	391	
.....	1941	37	188	—	183	23	2	7	1	—	48	—	15	34	1	540	
.....	1940	31	213	—	61	21	2	5	1	—	22	1	4	26	1	1,537	
Quebec.....	1942	61	77	103	—	359	42	41	80	1	616	15	71	27	188	1,739	
.....	1941	23	104	111	—	377	48	50	83	—	736	19	45	26	102	1,788	
.....	1940	68	104	113	—	377	57	72	87	—	1,070	34	21	28	89	2,182	
Ontario.....	1942	9	40	46	955	—	74	122	79	—	591	10	8	17	48	2,081	
.....	1941	22	94	159	1,079	—	163	503	206	3	513	14	8	11	147	3,088	
.....	1940	24	103	89	957	—	181	494	208	178	591	16	8	9	145	3,004	
Manitoba.....	1942	—	—	1	1	62	—	214	24	67	1	7	3	—	3	383	
.....	1941	—	—	1	1	48	—	271	26	60	1	5	1	—	3	417	
.....	1940	—	—	1	1	51	—	257	37	35	7	4	—	—	1	394	
Saskatchewan.....	1942	—	1	—	1	8	24	—	46	17	1	3	7	—	—	108	
.....	1941	—	1	1	1	9	12	—	36	13	1	9	—	—	1	85	
.....	1940	—	1	1	2	4	20	—	38	16	6	3	—	1	1	136	
Alberta.....	1942	—	1	—	—	9	17	99	—	98	—	1	—	1	4	230	
.....	1941	—	—	—	—	4	16	116	—	87	2	2	—	—	19	2,168	
.....	1940	—	—	—	2	6	25	89	—	104	—	1	—	—	6	2,017	
British Columbia.....	1942	—	—	—	2	3	6	20	65	—	6	5	—	—	8	116	
.....	1941	—	—	—	4	2	7	22	63	—	3	11	—	—	7	120	
.....	1940	—	3	—	1	7	8	22	48	—	5	9	4	—	8	115	
Canada.....	1942	145	254	420	1,148	482	169	499	280	353	9	1,359	41	97	165	256	
.....	1941	141	357	536	1,316	481	232	966	406	418	12	1,478	41	74	174	289	
.....	1940	205	437	496	1,071	494	295	937	405	439	6	1,846	70	40	172	260	

NOTE.—Some of the institutions providing information for this table reported more than their students of university grade in the full session.



## 9.—Summary of Teaching Staffs

	Arts, Letters and Pure Science						Professional Faculties						Pre-Matriculation						Total Teaching Staff (excluding duplicates)					
	Full-time			Part-time			Full-time			Part-time			Full-time			Part-time			Full-time			Part-time		
	M.		F.	M.		F.	M.		F.	M.		F.	M.		F.	M.		F.	M.		F.	M.		F.
Prince Edward Island.....	18	2	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	21	7	—	—	—	—	31	8	—	—	—	—
1941.....	18	1	3	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	18	6	1	—	—	—	29	9	1	—	—	—
1940.....	17	2	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	18	4	—	—	—	—	30	6	1	—	—	—
Nova Scotia.....	104	15	14	7	60	16	93	13	12	13	13	4	23	4	7	1	—	186	35	35	112	21	—	—
1941.....	105	13	24	8	65	15	127	15	127	13	127	4	25	4	10	2	—	191	30	160	160	27	—	—
1940.....	110	13	25	7	60	15	118	15	118	14	118	4	10	4	13	2	—	175	32	147	147	22	—	—
New Brunswick.....	70	14	7	4	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	49	—	7	—	—	128	24	24	14	4	—	—
1941.....	76	15	15	3	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	44	—	6	—	—	116	15	21	21	3	—	—
1940.....	75	14	22	9	17	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	35	—	8	—	—	120	18	27	27	9	—	—
Quebec.....	638	107	80	12	689	63	873	52	873	52	873	293	651	98	98	46	—	1,606	448	995	995	66	—	—
1941.....	704	101	86	15	639	47	769	36	769	36	769	266	609	80	80	53	—	1,570	426	990	990	60	—	—
1940.....	704	77	85	13	505	42	785	35	785	35	785	198	605	72	72	33	—	1,540	492	841	841	77	—	—
Ontario.....	529	132	209	50	533	76	538	39	538	39	538	25	155	12	12	5	—	1,114	228	717	717	106	—	—
1941.....	542	84	247	78	568	80	551	47	551	47	551	19	141	18	18	15	—	1,128	211	774	774	98	—	—
1940.....	519	82	228	97	548	63	561	64	561	64	561	16	133	23	23	4	—	1,124	161	764	764	165	—	—
Manitoba.....	97	14	10	5	47	15	117	13	117	13	117	9	20	9	9	2	—	153	39	131	131	18	—	—
1941.....	98	10	6	10	51	14	112	10	112	10	112	11	26	8	8	4	—	152	34	134	134	22	—	—
1940.....	90	12	5	7	51	13	125	6	125	6	125	1	17	5	5	5	—	158	30	134	134	15	—	—
Saskatchewan.....	78	15	5	1	81	6	18	3	18	3	18	6	38	6	6	—	—	182	26	38	38	6	—	—
1941.....	77	16	5	2	79	6	17	2	17	2	17	6	43	8	8	—	—	185	21	32	32	5	—	—
1940.....	73	13	14	4	75	14	22	2	22	2	22	6	36	9	9	—	—	173	22	41	41	6	—	—
Alberta.....	69	9	4	2	93	7	57	4	57	4	57	6	15	2	2	1	—	139	20	56	56	2	—	—
1941.....	72	7	7	2	62	8	115	16	115	16	115	25	25	6	6	5	—	149	15	74	74	20	—	—
1940.....	69	7	5	2	68	8	115	16	115	16	115	20	20	9	9	5	—	153	15	120	120	20	—	—
British Columbia.....	83	12	30	21	35	3	31	3	31	3	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	118	15	45	45	5	—	—
1941.....	76	15	53	11	14	11	37	4	37	4	37	—	—	—	—	—	—	114	17	71	71	14	—	—
1940.....	68	13	53	11	20	2	36	4	36	4	36	—	—	—	—	—	—	104	17	72	72	13	—	—
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>1,886</b>	<b>329</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>1,566</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>1,727</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>1,727</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>1,727</b>	<b>327</b>	<b>898</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>52</b>	—	<b>3,657</b>	<b>843</b>	<b>2,109</b>	<b>2,109</b>	<b>228</b>	—	—
1941.....	1,712	289	449	130	1,518	181	1,727	125	1,727	125	1,727	312	948	141	141	85	—	<b>3,637</b>	<b>778</b>	<b>2,263</b>	<b>2,263</b>	<b>249</b>	—	—
1940.....	1,723	233	443	150	1,362	<b>160</b>	<b>1,732</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>1,732</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>1,732</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>885</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>49</b>	—	<b>3,577</b>	<b>793</b>	<b>2,147</b>	<b>2,147</b>	<b>325</b>	—	—

1 Division of full-time and part-time estimated in Université de Montréal and University of Toronto.

10.—Salary Classification of Full-Time Teaching Staff in Canadian Universities, 1940-42

Salary Range	Deans			Professors			Associate Professors			Assistant Professors			Instructors and Lecturers		
	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces
5,000 and more.....	13 14 12	16 17 25	4 4 3	20 25 21	108 108 90	10 10 9	- - 1	- - 1	1 1 1	- - -	1 1 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
4,500-4,999.....	6 5 3	2 1 1	- 2 2	38 37 43	72 72 87	2 2 1	- - -	- - -	2 2 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
4,000-4,499.....	1 1 4	2 1 3	1 1 1	52 45 49	42 46 38	2 4 4	1 1 -	29 30 35	29 30 35	2 2 -	1 3 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
3,500-3,999.....	2 2 2	5 5 7	- 1 2	30 32 18	29 31 30	10 10 10	25 19 22	65 62 55	2 1 1	1 1 1	8 7 8	2 - -	1 - -	3 5 3	- - -
3,000-3,499.....	3 1 -	1 1 1	- - -	18 23 20	26 21 23	9 3 11	25 32 31	36 40 40	8 6 6	22 17 18	47 47 41	8 3 3	4 2 1	4 13 6	- - -
2,500-2,999.....	- - -	2 2 2	7 6 5	5 11 8	6 13 7	29 32 29	- 1 -	18 14 16	3 3 2	46 51 89	72 50 72	6 2 1	7 3 8	19 30 15	- - -
2,000-2,499.....	1 1 -	1 1 -	2 1 1	- 1 -	5 7 5	9 12 10	1 1 -	3 4 1	2 4 3	34 36 60	24 23 16	4 6 9	61 40 53	82 90 84	3 1 3
1,500-1,999.....	- - -	2 3 4	- 2 -	- - -	2 1 3	2 1 3	- - -	1 2 2	- - -	1 - 7	2 3 4	7 3 8	40 55 67	102 95 92	6 9 8
1,000-1,499.....	- - -	4 4 4	- - -	- - -	- 2 1	5 5 4	- - -	5 3 5	- - -	- - -	1 3 2	8 3 6	20 16 14	56 59 33	13 13 11
Under 1,000.....	- - -	1 - -	1 1 2	- - -	31 32 8	14 13 12	- - -	16 13 3	4 4 4	- - -	51 49 26	- - -	16 7 11	648 728 386	29 42 29

NOTE.—The above table covers the salary distribution as reported by the four Western Provincial Universities; the University of Toronto, Western Ontario, McMaster, Queens, Victoria, Trinity, McGill and Bishop's; Acadia, Dalhousie, St. Francis Xavier, Mount Allison and University of New Brunswick.

## 11.—University and College Libraries, 1941

Name and Address	Librarian	Volumes	Linear feet of shelving occupied	Loans charged	Persons charged with loans	Seats in library
<b>Prince Edward Island—</b>						
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown.....	Letitia M. Passmore.....	4,236	525	3,202	*	56
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown.....	Rev. Fr. R. V. MacKenzie.....	7,452	825	2,150	135	20
<b>Nova Scotia—</b>						
Mount St. Bernard College, Antigonish.....	Rev. Sr. St. Mary of Calvary...	4,017	75	*	*	50
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish (1939).....	Rev. L. B. Sears.....	47,000	5,034	4,510	200	50
College Ste-Anne, Church Point	Rév. Père Jules Comeau.....	3,000	*	*	*	-
Dalhousie University, Halifax.....		61,945	10,500	*	*	186
Dental Library.....		1,584	264	*	60	
Medical Library.....	Margaret G. Cornell.....	15,000	1,715	4,117	400	85
Law School.....		14,500	2,600	*	*	60
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax.....	Rev. Joseph Le Gresley.....	10,000	1,100	*	8	20
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Halifax.....	B. Stimpson.....	313	*	*	*	-
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax.....	Rev. Sister St. Francis de Sales.	21,510	2,130	6,479	*	46
N.S. Technical College, Halifax	Evelyn M. Campbell.....	7,000	2,450	2,400	500	10
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax	Rev. James W. Falconer.....	21,000	2,182	*	70	20
St. Mary's College, Halifax, (1939)	Gerald Renner.....	7,000	1,000	8,000	300	70
University of King's College, Halifax.....	Dr. Burns Martin.....	25,456	1,600	4,030	150	40
N.S. Agricultural College, Truro	H. J. Fraser.....	5,200	865	350	185	40
Acadia University, Wolfville.....	Mrs. Mary K. Ingraham.....	78,000	6,260	6,800	*	92
<b>New Brunswick—</b>						
Université du Sacré-Cœur, Bathurst.....	Rév. Père Somers.....	5,000	800	*	250	-
St. Thomas College, Chatham.....	Rev. T. McKendy.....	4,500	720	*	*	22
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton.....	Mrs. M. J. Thompson.....	30,000	4,399	3,600	250	140
Mount Allison University, Sackville.....	Dr. F. W. W. DesBarres.....	47,413	8,707	17,398	*	126
Université Saint-Joseph, St. Joseph.....	Rév. Père René Baudry.....	15,000	2,000	4,000	200	-
<b>Quebec—</b>						
Studentat Mont-Saint-Joseph, Aylmer Est.....	Rév. Père Théodose Roy.....	14,000	1,900	19,000	110	9
Ecole Apostolique du Sacré-Cœur, Beauport.....	Rév. Père Armand Hamelin....	4,900	*	*	*	-
Collège Jésus-Marie de Silery, Bergerville.....	Rév. Mère Marie des Anges.....	10,700	1,800	3,500	250	32
Monastère P.P. Benedictines, St. Benoit-du-Lac, Bolton Centre.	Rév. Frère L. B. Ward.....	10,000	1,150	*	*	10
Juniorat de Marie-Immaculée, Chambly Basin.....	Rév. Père Médéric Lavoie.....	8,000	905	3,360	180	4
Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi.....	Rév. Père Antonio Villeneuve...	30,200	2,900	4,000	400	20
Séminaire de Gaspé, Gaspé.....	Jean Perrault.....	6,000	*	700	100	-
Séminaire des Pères Eudistes, Gros Pin.....	Rév. Père Joseph LeBlanc.....	7,250	725	*	*	-
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette...	Rév. Père Alphonse de Grandpré	45,000	*	*	*	-
Collège de l'Assomption, L'Assomption.....	L'Abbé Marcel Beaudry.....	18,870	2,255	*	350	10
Institut Agricole d'Okla et Ecole de Médecine Vétérinaire, La Trappe.....	Rév. Père M. Hilaire.....	8,013	2,096	2,275	*	32
Bishop's University, Lennoxville.....	Grace Jackson.....	17,000	1,670	3,500	200	40
Collège de Lévis, Lévis.....	Rév. Père Alphonse Demers.....	32,000	*	*	*	10
Macdonald College <sup>2</sup> , Macdonald College.....	Ernest H. Mutton.....	31,837	4,150	13,015	*	76
Juvénat St-Bernard, Mistassini.	P. Gaeton.....	2,000	*	*	*	-
Séminaire Saint-Joseph, Mont-Laurier.....	L'Abbé Francois-M. Gareau...	8,700	600	*	*	-
Collège de Montréal, Montréal.	Maurice Alary.....	25,200	3,840	*	30	-
Collège Jean-de-Brébeuf, Montréal.....	A. Délisle.....	21,000	2,150	*	650	-
Collège Marguerite Bourgeoys, Montréal.....	Révde. Sr. Ste-Sophonie.....	30,116	3,130	4,542	202	24
Collège St-Ignace, Montréal.....	Rév. Père Hugues Lefebvre.....	8,300	1,249	17,000	225	20
Collège Ste-Marie, Montréal (1939).....	Rév. Père J. Hudon.....	100,000	*	10,000	1,000	20
Divinity Hall, Montreal.....	Barbara McDonald.....	10,806	2,000	1,019	124	43
Ecole des Hautes Etudes, Commerciales, Montréal.....	Francois Vézina.....	46,703	8,500	120,000	*	70
Ecole Polytechnique, Montréal.	L. Brunotto.....	34,000	6,000	5,000	400	90

\* Not reported.

<sup>1</sup> Provincial Science Library housed in same quarters.<sup>2</sup> Including Chemistry and Biology Branches.

## 11.—University and College Libraries, 1941—Continued

Name and Address	Librarian	Volumes	Linear feet of shelving occupied	Loans charged	Persons charged with loans	Seats in library
<b>Quebec (continued)—</b>						
Externat Classique de St-Sulpice, Montréal.....	J. A. Roy.....	5,500	90	2,700	250	5
Externat Classique de Ste-Croix, Montréal.....	R. Boileau.....	3,965	675	6,325	*	-
Institution des Aveugles "Naza- reth", Montréal.....	Révde. Sr. R. de Lima Petit....	7,500	500	6,000	250	-
Loyola College, Montréal.....	Rev. Frederick W. Noll.....	19,390	*	*	*	-
McGill University, Montréal.....	Dr. G. R. Lomer.....	343,880	43,814	154,152	107,769	236
Medical Library.....	Edith R. Gordon.....	60,000	*	23,597	18,021	80
Montreal Diocesan Theological College, Montréal.....	Rev. E. H. Maddocks.....	12,153	1,550	450	209	18
Montreal Presbyterian College, Montréal.....	Bessie F. Fraser.....	12,886	1,674	984	950	20
Scolasticat de l'Immaculée-Con- ception, Montréal.....	Rév. Père A. Tétrault.....	87,840	15,000	20,000	300	30
Scolasticat du Très-Saint-Sacre- ment, Montréal.....	Rév. Père Moïse Roy.....	22,200	1,780	*	*	10
Séminaire de Philosophie, Mont- réal.....	Rév. Père Jean-Paul Laurence...	18,274	2,060	1,700	195	75
Monastère Franciscain de Rose- mont, Montréal.....	Rév. Père Elphège Desrosiers...	20,000	2,000	1,500	100	12
United Theological College, Montréal.....	G. R. Cragg.....	10,500	1,867	3,000	200	14
Université de Montréal, Montréal						
Faculté de Chirurgie-dentaire.....	Dr. P. E. Poitras.....	1,200	*	*	*	-
Faculté de Droit.....	Maximilien Caron.....	1,796	225	*	*	30
Faculté de Philosophie.....	Rév. Armand Perrier.....	850	*	110	40	-
Faculté de Sciences (Institut Botanique).....	Fernande Loranger.....	5,000	1,550	*	*	70
Faculté de Théologie.....	Rév. Père Irénée Sauvé.....	29,000	3,518	10,500	320	22
Ecole de Pharmacie.....		1,619	150	*	*	-
Sciences Sociales (1937).....		3,050	*	*	*	-
Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet...	Rév. J. Walter Houle.....	42,300	3,925	325	33	2
Juniorat Montfortain, Papineau- ville.....	Rév. Père Jean-Maurice Bonin..	4,300	450	*	*	-
Monastère des Pères Capucins, Pointe-aux-Trembles, Mont- réal.....						
Collège St-Alexandre Limbour...	Rév. Père Alfred.....	13,100	900	*	*	-
Séminaire des Missions-Etran- gères, Pont Viau.....	Rév. Père Julien Peghaire.....	6,000	1,200	*	*	-
Académie Commerciale, Québec	L'Abbé Léo Lomme.....	12,406	181	*	*	5
Collège St-Charles-Garnier, Qué- bec.....	Frère Albert.....	141,763	804	13,857	473	35
Monastère Pères Capucins, Qué- bec.....	Rév. Père Thophile Hudon....	21,000	*	*	*	-
Monastère Franciscain, Québec	Rév. Père Hubert.....	10,000	531	*	*	-
Université Laval, Québec.....	Rév. Père Honoré Guilbert.....	72,000	*	*	*	-
Collège Bourget, Rigaud.....	L'Abbe Albert Aubert.....	237,942	21,215	8,370	500	78
Grand Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski.....	Rév. Père J. F. Donat Fortier...	32,200	*	*	*	6
Petit Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski.....	Rév. Père Louis Martin (Dir.)..	2,500	250	*	*	-
Séminaire Saint-Alphonse, Ste- Anne-de-Beaupré.....	L'Abbé Chanoine Alphonse Fortin.....	31,500	2,550	3,000	550	25
Collège de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne de-la-Pocatière.....	Rév. Père Gaston Bourbeau....	39,556	3,366	28,000	203	-
Faculté d'Agriculture, Ste-Anne- de-la-Pocatière.....	L'Abbé C. Bourque.....	55,443	-	4,800	645	-
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St- Hyacinthe.....	L'Abbé Louis-Philippe Garon...	4,315	2,732	3,252	135	60
Collège de St-Laurent, St-Laurent	Rév. Père Louis N. Raymond....	46,000	*	*	50	4
Séminaire Ste-Croix, St-Laurent	Rév. Père Albert Crevier.....	39,625	2,400	2,615	85	15
Institut Chanoine-Beaudet, St- Pascal.....	Rév. Père Léo Laurin.....	3,000	250	*	*	-
Séminaire de Ste-Thérèse de Blainville, Ste-Thérèse.....	Révde. Sr. Ste-Marie Albine....	2,573	416	*	*	48
Séminaire du Sacré-Coeur, Beauce.....	Rév. Père Philippe Labelle.....	37,500	4,000	*	*	5
Maison St-Joseph (Jésuites), Sault- au-Recollet.....	Rév. Père J.-N. Gagné.....	12,420	2,000	3,105	225	-
Séminaire Saint-Charles-Borro- mée, Sherbrooke.....	Rév. Père Georges Robitaille...	31,460	4,200	25	15	12
Juvénat des Pères Maristes, Sillery.....	L'Abbé J.-Hermine Dubuc.....	23,164	2,512	947	116	3
Collège Miss. Franciscain, Sorel	Rév. Père John Joseph Thorall..	4,650	675	*	*	-
Juvénat du Très-Saint-Sacre- ment, Terrebonne.....	Rév. Père Marie-Bernard.....	1,162	95	*	*	-
Collège Séraphique, Trois- Rivières.....	Rév. Père Bernard Bisson.....	10,000	800	1,500	80	-
	Rév. Père Pascal-Marie.....	8,700	1,200	*	*	8

\* Not reported.



## 11.—University and College Libraries, 1941—Continued

Name and Address	Librarian	Volumes	Linear feet of shelving occupied	Loans charged	Persons charged with loans	Seats in library
<b>Quebec (concluded)—</b>						
Séminaire St-Joseph, Trois-Rivières.....	Rév. Père J. G. Turcotte.....	19,500	2,500	*	*	—
Séminaire de Valleyfield, Valleyfield.....	L'Abbé Omer Tessier.....	16,000	900	*	*	2
Scolasticat Notre-Dame, Village Richelieu.....	Rév. Père Gérard Forcier.....	14,000	1,180	6,000	150	20
Scolasticat du Sacré-Coeur, Waterloo.....	Rév. Père Louis-Ph. Grenier....	1,200	*	*	*	—
<b>Ontario—</b>						
St. Mary's College, Brockville..	Rev. Father A. J. Kelley.....	14,500	1,300	*	*	20
Scolasticat de la Cie de Marie, Eastview.....	Rév. Père Jean Bombardier.....	10,870	1,070	*	*	—
Scolasticat des Pères Blancs, Eastview.....	Rév. Père Aug. St-Pierre.....	3,500	100	*	*	—
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.....	Louise Watt.....	44,088	13,290	14,577	*	130
McMaster University, Hamilton	John Whellock Spurr.....	52,945	*	46,129	*	120
Queen's University, Kingston..	E. C. Kyte.....	197,571	34,116	56,372	2,067	260
Regiopolis College, Kingston..	Rev. Eugene F. Chabot.....	7,500	733	*	150	30
Royal Military College, Kingston	Prof. W. R. P. Bridger.....	14,000	*	*	*	36
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener..	Rev. Jerome Arnold.....	9,000	600	275	85	—
Huron College, London.....	Rev. A. Durand.....	7,000	800	*	*	40
St. Peter's Seminary, London..	Fred Landon.....	8,000	825	*	*	—
University of Western Ontario, London.....	Sister Mary Geraldine.....	153,978	22,416	73,535	*	390
Ursuline College (Brescia Hall), London.....	Rev. Harold Drought.....	10,000	900	3,000	200	40
Mount Carmel College, Niagara Falls (1939).....	Rév. Père J. M. Parent.....	9,364	1,800	*	*	40
Collège Dominicain, Ottawa.....	Rév. Père René Denis.....	22,500	2,300	7,560	80	15
Grand Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....	L'Abbé A. Chaloux.....	8,000	*	*	*	10
Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....	Rev. Father P. F. Spratt.....	1,400	*	*	*	—
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa..	Rév. Père Auguste-M. Morrisset	15,800	1,445	5,320	400	50
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa..	Rev. Father Allan MacInnes....	130,000	6,767	15,000	650	50
Holy Rosary Scholasticate, Ottawa, R.R. 1.....	Rev. P. S. Dobson.....	6,500	700	5,000	50	11
Alma College, St. Thomas.....	Rév. Père Paul Chartiez.....	2,000	300	*	150	30
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Sudbury.....	William H. Sandham.....	15,200	472	6,000	280	—
Knox College, Toronto.....	Dorothy A. Thompson.....	35,539	7,170	11,025	*	48
Ontario College of Education, Toronto.....	Kathleen Hobday.....	20,200	2,000	15,422	600	125
Department of Educational Research.....	Miss Helen M. Walton.....	3,293	293	600	60	4
Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto.....	Grace H. Hunter.....	2,500	325	1,400	200	16
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto.....	Rev. Walter B. Kerr.....	6,815	1,074	*	250	55
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto.....	Rev. Fr. R. J. Scollard.....	14,500	1,900	80	*	6
St. Michael's College, Toronto..	Rev. Fr. R. J. Scollard.....	25,000	*	*	*	—
Pontifical Institute of Mediaeval Studies.....	Rev. Fr. R. J. Scollard.....	14,000	1,800	4,000	80	50
Trinity College, Toronto.....	S. M. Adams.....	39,700	5,054	6,176	*	80
United Church Training School, Toronto.....	Edith C. Macdonald (Sec'y.)....	2,670	400	450	60	—
University of Toronto, Toronto.	W. S. Wallace.....	394,178	70,000	315,820	450	500
Dental Library.....	Dr. E. W. Paul.....	4,968	2,297	5,652	*	18
School of Hygiene.....	Olga E. Somerville.....	4,232	1,300	3,779	*	19
Victoria University, Toronto..	F. Louis Barber.....	102,000	16,000	73,250	*	260
Wycliffe College, Toronto.....	Rev. F. W. Dillistone.....	10,000	500	1,331	*	40
Waterloo College, Waterloo....	Carl F. Klinck.....	9,456	1,450	*	100	21
Assumption College, Windsor..	Rev. Edward G. Lee.....	13,000	1,400	*	*	—
St. Alphonsus Seminary, Woodstock.....	Rev. M. Meehan.....	5,500	948	1,500	84	12
<b>Manitoba—</b>						
Brandon College, Brandon.....	Mrs. L. H. Cragg.....	10,800	600	12,000	150	50
Collège de St-Boniface, St-Boniface.....	Rév. Père Lucien Hardy.....	15,210	1,780	10,050	210	20
Manitoba Law School, Winnipeg	Thomas R. A. Ashby.....	2,770	500	*	*	20
St. John's College, Winnipeg (1939)	Rev. E. R. Bagley.....	7,304	800	730	105	30
United College, Winnipeg.....	E. M. Graham.....	40,000	9,540	25,000	546	165
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg.....	Elizabeth Dafee.....	94,200	16,253	111,365	*	422
Medical Library.....	Ruth D. Monk.....	12,914	4,910	6,718	488	44

## 11.—University and College Libraries, 1941—Concluded

Name and Address	Librarian	Volumes	Linear feet of shelving occupied	Loans charged	Persons charged with loans	Seats in library
<b>Saskatchewan—</b>						
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg..	Rév. Père Lucien Brossard.....	5,200	610	*	*	—
St. Peter's College, Muenster (1939).....	Rev. George A Brodner.....	11,315	2,125	1,500	82	32
Campion College, Regina.....	Rév. W. L. Savoie.....	3,000	400	*	*	40
Luther College, Regina.....	Emilie Walter.....	4,000	493	800	140	36
Regina College, Regina.....	Emma H. Bell.....	7,541	1,276	5,588	*	44
Sacred Heart College, Regina...	Rev. Sister May Cecil.....	900	100	*	*	—
St. Chad's College, Regina.....	.....	2,000	200	*	6	4
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon...	Rev. S. C. Steer.....	6,000	1,000	950	37	10
Lutheran College and Seminary, Saskatoon.....	Dr. E. Gormann.....	9,150	1,088	*	*	6
St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon	Prof. J. B. Corston.....	8,000	770	1,000	60	10
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon.....	John M. Lothian.....	72,349	*	25,754	*	108
<b>Alberta—</b>						
Mount Royal College, Calgary..	Evelyn Olivier.....	2,000	300	*	*	14
Canadian Junior College, College Heights.....	C. H. Casey.....	5,060	705	11,000	400	73
Collège des Jésuites, Edmonton..	Rév. Père Joseph Fortier.....	10,600	700	*	*	—
Concordia College, Edmonton...	Arnold Guebert.....	3,850	420	1,786	60	12
Juniorat St-Jean, Edmonton.....	Rév. Père Emélie O. Drouin...	16,000	1,900	*	*	12
St. Joseph's College, Edmonton, (1939).....	Mary Duniec.....	3,500	668	*	*	40
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton	Rev. A. D. Miller.....	10,200	1,200	1,050	200	20
University of Alberta, Edmonton	Donald E. Cameron.....	75,000	12,500	*	*	248
St. Anthony's College, North Edmonton.....	Rév. Père Abel Mireault.....	2,000	220	*	*	2
<b>British Columbia—</b>						
Anglican Theological College, Vancouver.....	Rev. Douglas P. Watney.....	7,392	2,800	500	48	14
Union College, Vancouver.....	A. M. Sanford.....	13,000	2,500	*	*	—
University of British Columbia, Vancouver.....	Dr. Wm. Kaye Lamb.....	129,000	23,068	128,359	*	425
Victoria College, Victoria.....	S. G. Pettit.....	6,258	840	1,451	170	70

\* Not reported.

## **SECTION II**

### **RETROSPECTIVE TABLES, 1921-1942**

## 12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1940	1941	1942
Arts, Science, Letters and Philosophy*								
Canada.....	T.	9,072	13,369	16,828	17,771	18,133	17,634	17,738
	M.	6,405	9,265	11,473	12,536	12,809	12,300	12,380
	F.	2,667	4,104	5,355	5,235	5,324	5,334	5,358
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	1,187	1,451	1,811	1,750	1,719	1,711	1,612
	M.	843	969	1,202	1,228	1,221	1,221	1,154
	F.	344	482	609	522	498	490	458
Quebec.....	T.	2,688	4,086	4,704	5,566	5,957	5,959	6,057
	M.	2,488	3,693	4,214	4,866	5,071	4,950	5,068
	F.	200	393	490	700	886	1,009	989
Ontario.....	T.	3,014	4,086	5,387	5,801	5,652	5,408	5,557
	M.	1,804	2,461	3,159	3,549	3,521	3,284	3,341
	F.	1,210	1,625	2,228	2,252	2,131	2,124	2,216
Western Provinces.....	T.	2,183	3,746	4,926	4,654	4,805	4,556	4,512
	M.	1,270	2,142	2,898	2,893	2,996	2,845	2,817
	F.	913	1,604	2,028	1,761	1,809	1,711	1,695
Agriculture—Degree Course								
Canada.....	T.	856	599	899	1,108	1,368	1,373	1,140
	M.	845	582	889	1,088	1,329	1,347	1,099
	F.	11	17	10	20	39	26	41
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	60	12	32	31	54	41	32
	M.	60	11	31	31	54	38	30
	F.	—	1	1	—	—	3	2
Quebec.....	T.	196	137	322	273	273	310	295
	M.	193	133	321	271	270	308	293
	F.	3	4	1	2	3	2	2
Ontario.....	T.	363	228	273	496	502	479	334
	M.	360	223	269	489	493	476	325
	F.	3	5	4	7	9	3	9
Western Provinces.....	T.	237	222	272	308	539	543	479
	M.	232	215	268	297	512	525	451
	F.	5	7	4	11	27	18	28
Agriculture—Diploma Course								
Canada.....	T.	415	404	370	385	561	389	225
	M.	415	404	370	384	559	383	222
	F.	—	—	—	1	2	6	3
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	33	55	20	24	26	19	—
Quebec.....	T.	98	146	145	202	220	145	124
	M.	98	146	145	202	219	143	124
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	2	—
Ontario.....	T.	126	79	118	96	96	94	24
	M.	126	79	118	96	96	90	24
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	4	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	158	124	87	63	219	138	77
	M.	158	124	87	62	218	138	74
	F.	—	—	—	1	1	—	3
Architecture								
Canada <sup>1</sup> .....	T.	49	95	137	133	89	96	101
	M.	48	95	136	116	84	86	87
	F.	1	—	1	17	5	10	14
Quebec.....	T.	39	75	89	84	67	71	68
	M.	39	75	89	84	65	65	60
	F.	—	—	—	—	2	6	8
Western Provinces.....	T.	10	20	48	49	22	25	33
	M.	9	20	47	32	19	21	27
	F.	1	—	1	17	3	4	6

\* Figures have been revised since publication of last survey.

<sup>1</sup> Architecture in University of Toronto is included in "Engineering."



## 12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties

—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1940	1941	1942
Commerce								
Canada <sup>2</sup> .....	T.	372	580	883	786	1,180	1,190	1,289
	M.	361	533	757	684	1,023	1,015	1,069
	F.	11	47	126	102	157	175	220
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	8	34	108	89	169	164	191
	M.	6	31	70	57	89	84	88
	F.	2	3	38	32	80	80	103
Quebec.....	T.	300	326	416	408	527	467	502
	M.	295	312	393	387	510	448	480
	F.	5	14	23	21	17	19	22
Ontario <sup>2</sup> .....	T.	29	134	222	140	226	183	185
	M.	29	116	194	126	204	165	165
	F.	—	18	28	14	22	18	20
Western Provinces <sup>2</sup> .....	T.	35	86	137	149	258	376	411
	M.	31	74	100	114	220	318	336
	F.	4	12	37	35	38	58	75
Dentistry								
Canada.....	T.	1,276	604	380	422	501	468	503
	M.	1,253	594	375	419	495	462	495
	F.	23	10	5	3	6	6	8
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	55	20	27	53	35	31	25
	M.	52	20	27	53	35	31	25
	F.	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	292	214	101	125	150	160	174
	M.	290	213	100	124	148	158	173
	F.	2	1	1	1	2	2	1
Ontario.....	T.	890	334	220	196	243	225	256
	M.	873	326	216	194	240	222	250
	F.	17	8	4	2	3	3	6
Western Provinces.....	T.	39	36	32	48	73	52	48
	M.	38	35	32	48	72	51	47
	F.	1	1	—	—	1	1	1
Education								
Canada.....	T.	156	337	618	802	773	677	664
	M.	68	134	247	407	366	297	287
	F.	88	203	371	395	407	380	377
Maritime Provinces <sup>3</sup> .....	T.	—	—	—	18	33	21	29
	M.	—	—	—	9	17	3	4
	F.	—	—	—	9	16	18	25
Quebec <sup>3</sup> .....	T.	17	17	92	198	190	162	201
	M.	17	17	52	108	100	85	122
	F.	—	—	40	90	90	77	79
Ontario.....	T.	139	263	352	364	329	256	218
	M.	51	95	144	176	144	98	78
	F.	88	168	238	188	185	158	140
Western Provinces <sup>4</sup> .....	T.	—	57	144	222	221	238	216
	M.	—	22	51	114	105	111	83
	F.	—	35	93	108	116	127	133

<sup>2</sup> The Business Administration course of the University of Western Ontario and the Commerce courses of the University of Toronto and the University of British Columbia are included in the Faculty of Arts. The Accountancy course of the University of Saskatchewan is here included.

<sup>3</sup> Students in the Maritime universities preparing for teaching certificates are reported as Arts students until 1935; similarly at McGill University until 1933.

<sup>4</sup> The training of teachers in University began in British Columbia in 1924; Alberta in 1930; Saskatchewan in 1928; Manitoba in 1936.

**12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties**  
—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1940	1941	1942
Engineering and Applied Science								
Canada.....	T.	2,854	2,038	3,554	3,387	4,445	4,281	4,482
	M.	2,851	2,035	3,548	3,376	4,432	4,268	4,470
	F.	3	3	6	11	13	13	12
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	309	218	429	373	422	418	463
	M.	309	218	429	367	422	418	463
	F.	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	763	427	523	542	800	799	880
	M.	763	427	523	542	800	798	879
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Ontario.....	T.	1,365	863	1,506	1,438	1,789	1,708	1,720
	M.	1,364	860	1,502	1,434	1,777	1,698	1,710
	F.	1	3	4	4	12	10	10
Western Provinces.....	T.	417	530	1,096	1,034	1,434	1,456	1,419
	M.	415	530	1,094	1,033	1,433	1,454	1,418
	F.	2	—	2	1	1	2	1
Forestry								
Canada.....	M.	103	90	136	98	175	173	165
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	32	24	49	17	76	64	49
Quebec.....	M.	18	22	25	44	57	67	61
Ontario.....	M.	53	44	62	37	42	42	39
†† British Columbia.....	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—	16
Household Science—Degree Course								
Canada.....	F.	100	197	639	688	828	790	786
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	5	90	114	140	143	145
Quebec.....	F.	—	6	27	93	82	81	106
Ontario.....	F.	—	57	230	51	47	46	49
Western Provinces.....	F.	100	129	292	430	559	520	486
Household Science—Diploma Course								
Canada.....	F.	342	824	928	729	722	634	472
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	18	46	36	34	26
Quebec.....	F.	122	386	378	451	441	446	446
Ontario.....	F.	169	408	515	232	143	154	—
Western Provinces.....	F.	51	40	17	—	25	—	—
Law								
Canada.....	T.	1,117	857	845	1,005	807	697	557
	M.	1,076	836	816	982	787	78	536
	F.	41	21	29	23	20	19	21
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	119	60	66	115	94	60	48
	M.	117	56	63	113	94	60	45
	F.	2	4	3	2	—	—	3
Quebec.....	T.	331	306	392	337	274	243	217
	M.	325	303	387	333	272	241	215
	F.	6	3	5	4	2	2	2
Ontario.....	T.	436	350	249	391	273	252	190
	M.	420	338	238	380	264	243	180
	F.	16	12	11	11	9	9	10
Western Provinces.....	T.	231	141	138	162	166	142	101
	M.	214	139	128	156	157	134	95
	F.	17	2	10	6	9	8	6

†† Previous to 1942 included in Engineering and Applied Science.

# 12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties —Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1940	1941	1942
Librarianship								
Canada.....	T.	—	—	42	67	66	52	39
	M.	—	—	3	4	6	6	4
	F.	—	—	39	63	60	46	35
Quebec.....	T.	—	—	14	20	15	15	7
	M.	—	—	3	4	4	1	1
	F.	—	—	11	16	11	14	6
Ontario.....	T.	—	—	28	47	51	57	32
	M.	—	—	—	—	2	5	3
	F.	—	—	28	47	49	52	29
Medicine								
Canada.....	T.	3,256	2,667	2,921	3,037	3,062	2,940	2,909
	M.	3,008	2,494	2,798	2,908	2,917	2,780	2,829
	F.	148	113	123	129	145	160	170
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	159	113	171	186	220	219	206
	M.	150	105	170	180	218	215	202
	F.	9	8	1	6	2	4	4
Quebec.....	T.	1,184	913	944	961	1,015	959	981
	M.	1,172	893	930	942	984	924	944
	F.	12	20	14	19	31	35	37
Ontario.....	T.	1,489	1,201	1,321	1,389	1,282	1,234	1,295
	M.	1,398	1,135	1,245	1,318	1,214	1,157	1,210
	F.	91	66	76	71	68	77	85
Western provinces.....	T.	404	380	485	501	545	528	517
	M.	368	361	453	468	501	484	473
	F.	36	19	32	33	44	44	44
Nursing								
Canada.....	F.	122	188	301	372	577	569	553
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	—	2	14	14	16
Quebec.....	F.	179	34	53	43	158	127	78
Ontario <sup>a</sup> .....	F.	79	55	107	120	154	172	198
Western Provinces.....	F.	24	99	141	207	251	256	266
Occupational Therapy								
University of Toronto.....	F.	—	—	36	36	63	98	108
Physiotherapy								
University of Toronto.....	T.	—	—	20	34	58	76	78
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
	F.	—	—	20	34	58	76	76
Physical Education								
Canada.....	T.	22	77	76	52	100	128	108
	M.	—	—	—	3	—	5	17
	F.	22	77	76	49	100	123	91
Quebec.....	T.	22	50	25	18	15	19	20
	M.	—	—	—	3	—	—	1
	F.	22	50	25	15	15	19	19
Ontario.....	T.	—	22	51	34	85	101	88
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	5	16
	F.	—	22	51	34	85	96	72
Western Provinces.....	F.	—	—	—	—	—	8	—

<sup>a</sup> Includes 13-26 Dental nurses annually.

**12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties**  
—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1940	1941	1942
Pharmacy								
Canada.....	T.	562	459	512	484	496	412	406
	M.	529	436	481	445	459	372	365
	F.	33	23	31	39	37	40	41
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	24	12	12	9	14	7	8
	M.	22	11	10	7	9	5	7
	F.	2	1	2	2	5	2	1
Quebec.....	T.	220	142	94	95	103	86	110
	M.	214	142	94	95	101	84	105
	F.	6	—	—	—	2	2	5
Ontario.....	T.	168	156	250	200	220	186	185
	M.	158	141	239	190	216	165	164
	F.	10	15	11	10	4	21	21
Western Provinces.....	T.	150	149	156	180	159	133	103
	M.	135	136	138	153	145	118	89
	F.	15	13	18	27	14	15	14
Social Service								
Canada.....	T.	85	72	110	127	157	146	93
	M.	13	5	11	22	22	22	16
	F.	72	67	99	105	135	124	77
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	—	—	1	1	1
	T.	13	25	30	17	31	27	15
	M.	3	—	1	3	1	4	3
	F.	10	25	29	14	30	23	12
Ontario.....	T.	72	47	70	85	79	92	55
	M.	10	5	9	15	11	14	10
	F.	62	42	61	70	68	78	45
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	—	10	25	46	26	22
	M.	—	—	1	4	10	4	3
	F.	—	—	9	21	36	22	19
Total Theology (including post-graduate students)								
Canada*.....	T.	2,136	2,169	2,261	2,643	2,455	2,385	2,284
	M.	2,095	2,113	2,217	2,619	2,412	2,349	2,254
	F.	41	56	44	24	43	36	30
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	191	131	133	187	163	146	126
	M.	187	131	133	187	163	146	126
	F.	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	M.	938	996	968	1,221	1,054	1,073	1,097
Ontario.....	T.	857	838	938	1,076	948	940	866
	M.	827	795	901	1,053	907	906	839
	F.	30	43	37	23	41	34	27
Western Provinces.....	T.	150	204	222	159	290	226	195
	M.	143	191	215	158	288	224	192
	F.	7	13	7	1	2	2	3
Protestant Theological Colleges								
Canada.....	T.	728	706	621	634	689	631	520
	M.	687	659	577	610	646	595	490
	F.	41	56	44	24	43	36	30
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	99	77	60	98	102	85	66
	M.	95	77	60	98	102	85	66
	F.	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	M.	84	99	80	76	77	83	46
Ontario.....	T.	395	326	259	301	283	293	251
	M.	365	283	222	278	242	259	224
	F.	30	43	37	23	41	34	27
Western Provinces.....	T.	150	204	222	159	227	170	157
	M.	143	191	215	158	225	168	154
	F.	7	13	7	1	2	2	3

\* Figures have been revised since publication of last Survey.



### 12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties —Concluded

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1940	1941	1942
Roman Catholic Theological Colleges, Seminaries, etc.								
<b>Canada*</b> .....	<b>M.</b>	<b>1,408</b>	<b>1,463</b>	<b>1,640</b>	<b>2,009</b>	<b>1,766</b>	<b>1,754</b>	<b>1,764</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	92	54	73	89	61	61	60
Quebec.....	M.	854	897	888	1,145	977	990	1,051
Ontario*.....	M.	462	512	679	775	665	647	615
Western Provinces.....	M.	—	—	—	—	63	56	38
Veterinary Science								
<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>T.</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>215</b>
	<b>M.</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>241</b>	<b>207</b>
	<b>F.</b>	—	<b>1</b>	—	—	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>8</b>
Quebec.....	M.	20	17	25	44	50	49	46
Ontario.....	T.	96	66	97	201	248	196	169
	M.	96	65	97	201	244	192	161
	F.	—	<b>1</b>	—	—	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>8</b>

### 12A.—Enrolment of Post-Graduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1940	1941	1942
Post-Graduate Courses in Arts, Science and Philosophy								
<b>Canada*</b> .....	<b>T.</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>751</b>	<b>1,300</b>	<b>1,384</b>	<b>1,472</b>	<b>1,402</b>	<b>1,278</b>
	<b>M.</b>	<b>261</b>	<b>555</b>	<b>964</b>	<b>1,034</b>	<b>1,129</b>	<b>1,079</b>	<b>954</b>
	<b>F.</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>336</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>323</b>	<b>324</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	24	27	45	90	80	61	50
	M.	22	20	27	62	65	49	38
	F.	2	7	18	28	15	12	12
Quebec.....	T.	42	204	427	385	559	520	464
	M.	30	175	367	324	438	386	329
	F.	12	29	60	61	121	134	135
Ontario*.....	T.	207	340	508	577	532	540	511
	M.	150	240	342	396	399	418	388
	F.	57	100	166	181	133	122	123
Western Provinces.....	T.	96	180	320	332	301	281	253
	M.	59	120	228	252	227	226	199
	F.	37	60	92	80	74	55	54
Other Post-Graduate Courses (excepting Theology)								
<b>Canada*</b> .....	<b>T.</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>241</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>329</b>	<b>282</b>
	<b>M.</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>285</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>252</b>
	<b>F.</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>30</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	19	50	30	57	45	71	95
	M.	19	50	30	57	44	68	78
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	3	17
Ontario*.....	T.	19	74	151	203	166	172	131
	M.	18	71	140	181	153	165	123
	F.	1	3	11	22	13	7	8
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	19	60	49	72	86	56
	M.	—	19	58	47	70	76	51
	F.	—	—	2	2	2	10	5

\* Figures have been revised since publication of last Survey.

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1940	1941	1942
Bachelors of Agricultural Science								
Canada.....	T.	156	111	160	238	240	238	269
	M.	153	108	158	231	233	230	261
	F.	3	3	2	7	7	8	8
Quebec.....	T.	43	25	48	51	50	43	65
	M.	41	23	48	50	50	42	64
	F.	2	2	—	1	—	1	1
Ontario.....	T.	74	33	53	117	115	109	92
	M.	74	33	52	115	114	105	90
	F.	—	—	1	2	1	4	2
Western Provinces.....	T.	39	53	59	70	75	86	112
	M.	38	52	58	66	69	83	107
	F.	1	1	1	4	6	3	5

## Diplomas in Agriculture

Canada.....	T.	171	53	115	107	146	165	88
	M.	171	52	115	107	145	165	88
	F.	—	1	—	—	1	—	—
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	32	3	16	17	12	12	16
	M.	32	2	16	17	12	12	16
	F.	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	3	24	42	42	53	45	45
	M.	3	24	42	42	53	45	45
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario.....	T.	116	12	33	36	34	34	12
	M.	116	12	33	36	34	34	12
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	20	14	24	12	47	54	15
	M.	20	14	24	12	46	54	15
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	—	—

## Graduates in Architecture

Canada.....	T.	17	14	24	53	21	24	11
	M.	17	14	24	53	21	23	10
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Quebec.....	M.	7	7	8	22	14	16	7
Ontario.....	T.	9	4	7	14	3	2	1
	M.	9	4	7	14	3	2	1
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	1	3	9	17	4	6	3
	M.	1	3	9	17	4	5	2
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	1	1

Bachelors of Arts or Letters<sup>1</sup>

Canada.....	T.	1,337	1,985	2,474	3,175	3,230	3,332	3,085
	M.	823	1,215	1,493	2,007	2,088	2,242	1,982
	F.	514	770	981	1,168	1,142	1,090	1,103
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	183	196	273	309	286	252	272
	M.	117	113	172	184	188	154	159
	F.	66	83	101	125	98	98	113
Quebec <sup>1</sup> .....	T.	284	493	669	916	822	1,109	988
	M.	239	439	587	762	660	931	826
	F.	45	54	102	154	162	178	162
Ontario.....	T.	581	825	968	1,308	1,319	1,253	1,203
	M.	323	437	506	737	760	750	679
	F.	258	388	462	571	559	503	524
Western Provinces.....	T.	289	471	564	642	803	718	622
	M.	144	226	248	324	480	407	318
	F.	145	245	316	318	323	311	304

<sup>1</sup> Includes a few Bachelors of Social Science in Quebec.

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1940	1941	1942
Bachelors of Science (in Arts)								
Canada.....	T.	77	136	252	320	345	342	323
	M.	70	107	207	275	300	291	274
	F.	7	29	45	45	45	51	49
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	21	36	73	109	106	102	103
	M.	20	30	61	99	99	83	93
	F.	1	6	12	10	7	19	10
Quebec.....	T.	37	48	84	50	108	93	103
	M.	36	39	74	42	90	78	84
	F.	1	9	10	8	18	15	19
Ontario.....	T.	—	—	—	—	15	13	11
	M.	—	—	—	—	15	12	11
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	19	52	95	161	116	134	106
	M.	14	38	72	134	90	118	86
	F.	5	14	23	27	26	16	20
Bachelors of Commerce <sup>2</sup>								
Canada.....	T.	12	73	169	202	262	263	295
	M.	11	59	152	177	235	231	262
	F.	1	14	17	25	27	32	33
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	5	24	19	14	24	27
	M.	—	3	20	19	11	19	19
	F.	—	2	4	—	3	5	8
Quebec.....	T.	10	8	41	50	67	58	70
	M.	9	7	41	46	65	53	68
	F.	1	1	—	4	2	5	2
Ontario.....	T.	2	43	68	77	73	82	81
	M.	2	38	58	75	68	76	75
	F.	—	5	10	2	5	6	6
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	17	36	56	108	99	117
	M.	—	11	33	37	91	83	100
	F.	—	6	3	19	17	16	17
Doctors of Dentistry								
Canada.....	T.	189	150	90	106	115	98	100
	M.	184	146	90	106	115	98	98
	F.	5	4	—	—	—	—	2
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	6	—	9	11	12	7	8
	M.	6	—	9	11	12	7	8
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	43	67	15	33	36	33	37
	M.	41	66	15	33	36	33	37
	F.	2	1	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario.....	T.	140	83	59	59	54	45	42
	M.	137	80	59	59	54	45	40
	F.	3	3	—	—	—	—	2
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	—	7	3	13	13	13
	M.	—	—	7	3	13	13	13
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bachelors of Applied Science or Engineering								
Canada.....	T.	338	321	420	566	715	753	676
	M.	337	321	420	564	714	753	676
	F.	1	—	—	2	1	—	—
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	17	22	38	38	29	49	23
Quebec.....	M.	120	99	72	102	167	150	167
Ontario.....	T.	159	135	184	246	338	343	278
	M.	159	135	184	244	337	343	278
	F.	—	—	—	2	1	—	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	42	65	126	180	181	211	208
	M.	41	65	126	180	181	211	208
	F.	1	—	—	—	—	—	—

<sup>1</sup> Includes a few Bachelors of Accountancy and of Secretarial Science.<sup>2</sup> Figures have been revised since publication of last survey.

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1940	1941	1942
Bachelors of Education or Pedagogy								
Canada.....	T.	1	25	60	100	144	143	133
	M.	1	24	41	75	120	112	104
	F.	—	1	19	25	24	31	29
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	—	12	17	12	1
	M.	—	—	—	6	10	4	1
	F.	—	—	—	6	7	8	—
Quebec.....	T.	—	—	15	16	29	51	31
	M.	—	—	5	11	26	45	24
	F.	—	—	10	5	3	6	7
Ontario.....	T.	1	24	37	52	50	39	46
	M.	1	23	31	47	44	32	43
	F.	—	1	6	5	6	7	3
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	1	8	20	48	47	55
	M.	—	1	5	11	40	31	36
	F.	—	—	3	9	8	16	19
Graduates of University Teacher Training Courses								
Canada <sup>a</sup> .....	T.	100	373	581	584	638	573	498
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	49	37	17	14	11
	M.	—	—	22	17	12	4	8
	F.	—	—	27	20	5	10	3
Quebec <sup>a</sup> .....	T.	23	45	38	48	78	45	40
Ontario.....	T.	72	271	377	390	385	338	303
	M.	45	98	133	171	200	159	144
	F.	24	173	244	219	185	179	159
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	57	117	109	158	176	144
	M.	—	22	48	47	66	60	49
	F.	—	35	69	62	92	116	95
Bachelors of Science in Forestry								
Canada.....	M.	15	19	41	21	49	42	51
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	6	1	9	1	14	12	12
Quebec.....	M.	3	1	10	5	19	16	18
Ontario.....	M.	6	13	18	14	5	3	10
Western Provinces.....	M.	—	4	4	1	11	11	11
Bachelors of Household Science								
Canada.....	F.	10	19	112	138	187	214	188
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	13	25	44	46	22
Quebec.....	F.	—	1	7	17	21	16	19
Ontario.....	F.	—	—	37	18	21	15	22
Western Provinces.....	F.	10	18	55	78	101	137	125
Bachelors of Canon Law								
Canada.....	M.	2	7	16	—	7	8	7
Quebec.....	M.	2	7	10	—	4	5	4
Ontario.....	M.	—	—	6	—	3	3	3

<sup>a</sup> Record of men and women not obtained separately for Quebec.



## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1940	1941	1942
Graduates in Law								
Canada.....	T.	393	277	223	209	227	246	150
	M.	379	267	218	202	221	242	145
	F.	14	10	5	7	6	4	5
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	30	23	18	35	35	34	19
	M.	29	21	17	34	35	33	19
	F.	1	2	1	1	—	1	—
Quebec.....	T.	95	72	76	60	57	55	47
	M.	95	72	76	58	57	55	47
	F.	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Ontario.....	T.	200	133	94	70	90	103	51
	M.	200	126	92	69	87	101	49
	F.	9	7	2	1	3	2	2
Western Provinces.....	T.	59	49	35	44	45	54	33
	M.	55	48	33	41	42	53	30
	F.	4	1	2	3	3	1	3
Graduates in Librarianship (Degrees and Diplomas)								
Canada.....	T.	—	—	39	54	75	53	49
	M.	—	—	2	3	3	5	7
	F.	—	—	37	63	72	48	42
Quebec.....	T.	—	—	13	19	13	15	5
	M.	—	—	2	3	3	1	—
	F.	—	—	11	16	10	14	5
Ontario.....	T.	—	—	26	47	60	38	43
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	4	6
	F.	—	—	26	47	60	34	37
Graduates in Medicine								
Canada.....	T.	404	510	535	497	615	563	554
	M.	390	493	509	476	595	538	532
	F.	14	17	26	21	20	25	22
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	16	35	23	26	35	41	43
	M.	15	35	23	25	35	41	43
	F.	1	—	—	1	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	154	141	163	176	262	208	206
	M.	154	139	160	171	255	200	195
	F.	—	2	3	5	7	8	11
Ontario.....	T.	200	264	269	218	238	214	203
	M.	189	254	250	208	230	205	199
	F.	11	10	19	10	8	9	4
Western Provinces.....	T.	34	70	80	77	80	99	102
	M.	32	65	76	72	75	91	95
	F.	2	5	4	5	5	8	7
Graduates in Pharmacy								
Canada.....	T.	176	134	208	190	190	160	146
	M.	166	130	198	180	175	145	138
	F.	10	4	10	10	15	15	8
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	4	1	4	4	8
	M.	—	—	3	1	4	2	8
	F.	—	—	1	—	—	2	—
Quebec.....	T.	22	23	11	20	20	18	11
	M.	19	23	11	20	20	18	11
	F.	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario.....	T.	94	68	128	100	99	64	79
	M.	88	67	122	97	91	57	71
	F.	6	1	6	3	8	7	8
Western Provinces.....	T.	60	43	65	69	67	74	24
	M.	59	40	62	62	60	68	24
	F.	1	3	3	7	7	6	—

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1940	1941	1942
Physical Training Diplomas								
Canada	T.	—	37	45	21	22	54	40
	M.	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
	F.	—	37	45	20	22	54	39
Quebec	T.	—	25	15	5	5	11	9
	M.	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
	F.	—	25	15	4	5	11	8
Ontario	F.	—	12	30	16	17	35	31
Western Provinces	F.	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Diplomas in Social Service								
Canada	T.	5	24	18	45	76	69	59
	M.	—	1	—	6	10	9	16
	F.	5	23	18	39	66	60	43
Quebec	T.	—	8	7	8	17	17	10
	M.	—	—	—	1	1	1	3
	F.	—	8	7	7	16	16	7
Ontario	T.	5	16	11	30	32	28	28
	M.	—	1	—	5	5	3	9
	F.	5	15	11	25	27	25	19
Western Provinces	T.	—	—	—	7	27	24	21
	M.	—	—	—	—	4	5	4
	F.	—	—	—	7	23	19	17
Graduates in Theology								
Canada	T.	426	475	434	484	475	488	389
	M.	408	452	416	468	463	477	374
	F.	18	23	18	16	12	11	15
Maritime Provinces	M.	35	31	42	39	33	33	14
Quebec	M.	155	210	151	180	214	215	165
Ontario	T.	186	178	178	226	192	197	175
	M.	170	160	164	213	180	186	161
	F.	16	18	14	13	12	11	14
Western Provinces	T.	50	56	63	39	36	43	35
	M.	48	51	59	36	36	43	34
	F.	2	5	4	3	—	—	1
Bachelors of Divinity (Post-Graduate)								
Canada	M.	34	30	37	43	40	41	28
Maritime Provinces	M.	2	2	4	17	5	13	5
Quebec	M.	10	3	3	8	11	2	2
Ontario	M.	15	18	24	12	18	19	16
Western Provinces	M.	7	7	6	6	6	7	5
Graduates in Veterinary Science								
Canada	T.	26	18	28	53	72	68	68
	M.	26	18	28	53	72	67	66
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
Quebec	T.	6	6	8	8	13	12	10
	M.	6	6	8	8	13	12	10
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario	T.	20	12	20	45	59	56	58
	M.	20	12	20	45	59	55	56
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	1	2

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1940	1941	1942
Degrees and Diplomas in Nursing								
Canada.....	F.	67	83	122	191	315	209	245
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	—	—	4	2	3
Quebec.....	F.	—	33	39	67	67	57	49
Ontario <sup>4</sup> .....	F.	67	43	65	99	217	122	165
Western Provinces.....	F.	—	7	18	25	27	28	28

Masters of Arts<sup>5</sup>

Canada.....	T.	147	202	274	252	367	349	305
	M.	105	140	180	179	297	291	257
	F.	42	62	94	73	70	58	48
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	37	22	29	24	22	37	21
	M.	30	12	17	17	15	29	17
	F.	7	10	12	7	7	8	4
Quebec.....	T.	14	27	47	39	100	111	138
	M.	9	21	27	20	83	98	115
	F.	5	6	20	19	17	13	23
Ontario.....	T.	74	95	137	141	173	128	102
	M.	49	68	94	108	140	100	91
	F.	25	27	43	33	33	28	11
Western Provinces.....	T.	22	58	61	48	72	73	44
	M.	17	39	42	34	59	64	34
	F.	5	19	19	14	13	9	10

Masters of Science<sup>6</sup>

Canada.....	T.	30	82	93	133	128	146	111
	M.	24	78	89	130	123	138	106
	F.	6	4	4	3	5	8	5
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	2	4	3	6	12	10	5
	M.	2	4	2	6	12	8	5
	F.	—	—	1	—	—	2	—
Quebec.....	T.	18	42	28	31	54	62	56
	M.	13	39	28	31	50	59	52
	F.	5	3	—	—	4	3	4
Ontario.....	T.	5	9	28	32	19	22	17
	M.	5	9	28	32	19	22	17
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	5	27	34	64	43	52	33
	M.	4	26	31	61	42	49	32
	F.	1	1	3	3	1	3	1

## Licentiates (not including Theology)

Canada.....	T.	41	40	91	100	115	128	84
	M.	41	39	89	93	109	127	84
	F.	—	1	2	7	6	1	—
Quebec.....	T.	28	26	67	92	110	122	76
	M.	28	25	66	85	104	122	72
	F.	—	1	1	7	6	—	4
Ontario.....	T.	13	14	24	8	5	6	8
	M.	13	14	23	8	5	5	8
	F.	—	—	1	—	—	1	—

<sup>4</sup> Includes 12-24 Dental nurses annually.<sup>5</sup> Includes M. Comm. and M. Ed. or M. Paed.<sup>6</sup> Includes M.A.Sc., M.S.A., M.Sc.F., M. Arch., M.V.Sc., M. Surgery (where given separately).

13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Concluded

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1940	1941	1942
Other Post-Graduate Degrees and Diplomas (except in Education or Theology)								
Canada.....	T.	6	53	84	90	99	102	111
	M.	6	51	82	90	92	93	105
	F.	—	2	2	—	7	9	9
Quebec.....	T.	3	42	55	66	69	75	75
	M.	3	42	54	66	64	69	72
	F.	—	—	1	—	5	6	3
Ontario.....	T.	3	10	27	23	30	26	38
	M.	3	9	26	23	28	23	33
	F.	—	1	1	—	2	3	5
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	1	2	1	—	1	1
	M.	—	—	2	1	—	1	—
	F.	—	1	—	—	—	—	1

Doctorates (Honorary)

Canada.....	T.	58	67	95	100	85	85	117
	M.	58	67	95	98	81	79	109
	F.	—	—	—	2	4	6	8
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	4	17	19	21	15	18	18
	M.	4	17	19	20	11	15	16
	F.	—	—	—	1	4	3	2
Quebec.....	T.	10	7	13	19	26	25	20
	M.	10	7	13	19	26	23	20
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Ontario.....	T.	33	28	46	42	29	30	66
	M.	33	28	46	41	29	29	62
	F.	—	—	—	1	—	1	4
Western Provinces.....	T.	11	15	17	18	15	12	13
	M.	11	15	17	18	15	12	11
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	2

Doctorates (in Course)

Canada.....	T.	24	28	46	68	82	75	121
	M.	23	24	39	63	79	70	111
	F.	1	4	7	5	3	5	10
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	1	1	—	—	—	—
	M.	—	1	1	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	17	13	19	29	37	30	69
	M.	17	11	19	27	37	30	66
	F.	—	2	—	2	—	—	3
Ontario.....	T.	7	14	24	39	45	45	51
	M.	6	12	18	36	42	40	45
	F.	1	2	6	3	3	5	6
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	—	2	—	—	—	1
	M.	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	1	—	—	—	1



14.—Classification of Full-Time Students According to Place of Residence

Universities and Colleges in	Place of Students' Residence															Total Specified
	P. E. I.	N. S.	N. B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B. C.	Yukon and N. W. T.	U. S. A.	U. K.	British West Indies	Nfld.	Other Countries	
Prince Edward Island.....	194	2	10	29	1	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	2	-	253
1921	134	-	7	17	1	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	164
1926	134	1	5	20	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	191
1931	159	4	1	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	155
1936	132	3	1	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	178
1940	153	3	3	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	195
1941	174	-	4	20	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	230
1942	205	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nova Scotia.....	57	1,116	269	7	17	-	3	5	4	-	22	5	15	38	6	1,564
1921	61	1,209	258	10	14	-	2	1	1	-	46	5	10	41	10	1,668
1926	101	1,392	277	27	20	2	2	3	-	-	104	2	7	67	18	2,020
1931	101	1,392	277	27	20	2	2	3	-	-	104	2	7	67	18	2,020
1936	71	1,192	246	26	19	1	5	2	6	-	248	13	2	71	14	1,918
1940	82	1,449	292	31	28	2	2	7	9	-	133	7	7	108	9	2,166
1941	59	1,399	260	33	18	4	3	4	8	-	150	6	6	102	9	2,061
1942	50	1,360	266	45	21	4	3	3	-	-	95	4	9	94	4	1,964
New Brunswick.....	9	83	252	10	4	-	2	1	1	-	3	2	-	35	-	402
1921	16	95	374	12	5	-	1	1	2	-	10	1	2	24	-	544
1926	30	159	562	31	14	1	2	3	-	-	20	10	5	20	-	857
1931	18	191	552	46	7	1	1	-	-	-	16	10	5	12	4	866
1936	18	191	552	46	7	1	1	-	-	-	16	10	5	12	4	866
1940	31	213	712	61	21	2	2	5	-	-	22	1	4	26	1	1,101
1941	37	188	997	183	23	2	2	7	-	-	48	-	15	34	-	1,537
1942	35	135	810	124	20	1	2	5	1	-	41	2	8	26	1	1,201
Quebec (English).....	38	133	120	1,920	504	27	34	50	105	-	-	-	263	-	-	3,194
1921	26	76	77	1,737	358	27	33	35	81	-	194	47	42	57	16	2,799
1926	19	78	77	2,030	342	32	36	42	81	-	318	146	29	69	13	3,312
1931	26	70	80	2,112	275	32	45	35	64	-	320	335	20	32	20	3,215
1936	26	80	91	2,742	296	48	49	46	83	-	310	34	18	25	45	3,902
1940	23	92	81	2,603	294	37	33	47	82	-	229	19	40	23	105	3,648
1941	22	83	81	2,603	294	37	33	47	82	-	224	12	65	27	-	3,648
1942	19	63	73	2,175	262	39	29	36	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,210
Quebec (French).....	5	7	22	12,216	139	16	7	1	-	-	-	-	414	1	-	12,827
1921	11	16	23	11,294	146	21	14	5	-	-	400	-	-	2	24	11,956
1926	8	9	8	14,461	84	11	8	2	-	-	617	-	-	2	33	15,243
1931	7	16	63	14,179	92	10	3	1	-	-	763	-	-	4	60	15,193
1936	45	12	22	9,794	81	9	23	16	-	-	760	-	3	3	44	10,816
1940	41	21	30	12,508	83	11	17	19	-	-	507	-	5	3	57	13,251
1941	42	14	-	11,649	97	3	12	22	-	-	392	3	6	-	83	12,353
1942	28	87	62	184	8,497	153	292	170	189	2	-	-	393	-	-	10,057
Ontario.....	21	59	49	184	8,381	93	164	84	133	5	239	40	10	7	153	9,619
1926	31	69	78	354	11,629	96	218	94	133	2	2	2	40	16	138	13,390
1931	33	89	78	338	12,929	132	225	123	138	2	635	421	78	10	192	14,903
1936	33	78	84	338	12,905	181	494	208	178	-	591	16	8	14	142	15,709
1940	24	103	89	957	13,527	153	503	206	169	-	513	14	8	11	147	16,615
1941	22	94	159	1,019	9,147	74	122	79	82	-	591	14	8	17	48	11,238
1942	9	40	46	955	9,147	74	122	79	82	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,238

## DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

14.—Classification of Full-Time Students According to Place of Residence—Concluded

Universities and Colleges in	Place of Students' Residence												Total Specified			
	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yukon and N.W.T.	U.S.A.	U.K.		British West Indies	Nfld.	Other Countries
Manitoba.....	1921 1926 1931 1936 1940 1941 1942	— 1 1 — — — —	5 2 2 1 1 1 1	— 1 — 1 1 1 1	— 15 31 59 26 51 48 62	1,641 2,345 2,288 2,597 2,158 2,517 2,402	125 197 252 204 37 271 214	23 18 30 21 16 26 24	14 20 25 35 35 60 67	— — 1 — — 1 1	— — 14 11 5 4 5 7	7 — 11 — 4 — 3	— — — — — — —	— — — — — — —	— 3 3 1 1 3 3	1,837 2,643 2,685 2,872 2,552 2,934 2,785
Saskatchewan.....	1921 1926 1931 1936 1940 1941 1942	4 2 1 — — — —	7 2 3 1 — 1 1	2 3 3 2 2 1 1	13 15 12 5 4 9 8	11 8 22 7 20 12 24	632 798 1,487 1,427 2,033 2,009 1,898	9 13 12 10 38 36 46	3 5 6 9 16 13 17	— — — — 1 1 1	— — — — — — —	— 12 65 2 3 9 3	— 14 — — — — —	34 2 — — 1 1 —	— 13 5 1 1 1 —	716 885 1,519 1,481 2,126 2,064 1,996
Alberta.....	1921 1926 1931 1936 1940 1941 1942	1 4 — — — — —	20 8 — — — — —	7 2 — — — — —	— 1 — — 2 1 1	30 14 10 6 6 4 9	75 12 64 81 13 25 10 17	1,072 1,097 1,808 1,805 1,782 1,918 1,752	35 37 79 101 104 87 98	— — — — — — —	— — — — — — —	— 8 3 2 2 2 2	— — 13 — 1 1 1	— — — — — — —	— 4 4 2 6 19 1	1,285 1,257 1,518 1,721 2,017 2,168 1,952
British Columbia.....	1921 1926 1931 1936 1940 1941 1942	— — — — — — —	— — — — — — —	— — — — — — —	— 1 2 2 2 2 2	1 2 7 6 8 7 3	— 2 3 9 22 8 6	6 10 17 29 48 63 65	853 1,416 1,995 1,851 2,691 2,723 2,555	1 2 4 5 5 3 6	— — — — — — —	3 6 8 8 4 1 5	— — — — — — —	— — — — — — —	1 12 22 9 9 7 8	877 1,463 2,079 1,895 2,806 2,843 2,677
Canada.....	1921 1926 1931 1936 1940 1941 1942	336 276 351 287 358 315 350	1,455 1,470 1,742 1,551 1,876 1,766 1,614	744 796 1,010 1,030 1,298 1,533 1,230	14,368 13,257 16,920 16,715 13,607 16,437 14,972	9,220 8,967 12,178 13,361 13,190 14,008 9,629	1,863 2,310 2,467 2,786 2,438 2,669 2,571	1,176 1,266 2,463 2,409 2,489 2,824 2,357	1,337 1,263 1,511 1,463 2,121 2,423 2,632	1,204 1,689 1,320 2,165 3,121 3,141 2,908	3 7 3 3 12 9	— 133 353 1,306 2,918 70 1,478 1,559	— — — — — — —	— 130 119 153 237 172 174 165	— 236 236 237 260 289 256	33,012 32,698 42,914 44,324 43,373 47,346 39,630

NOTE.—Figures in this table are not strictly comparable as between years because records from some institutions (different institutions in different years) have not been available for inclusion. Moreover some institutions have given the information in some years for more of their students than they were asked to report, i.e., more than their full-time students of university grade; when pre-matriculation or part-time students have been included in the reports it has not been possible to separate them in compiling the table.

†† For 1921 there is only one figure for all students from outside Canada. Distribution by countries incomplete.

### 15.—Summary of Teaching Staffs

	Arts, Letters and Pure Science				Professional Faculties				Pre-Matriculation				Total Teaching Staff (excluding duplicates)			
	Full-time		Part-time		Full-time		Part-time		Full-time		Part-time		Full-time		Part-time	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Canada	1,120	71	214	28	858	54	1,125	54	695	304	90	39	2,704	462	1,357	114
	1,317	124	247	73	875	67	1,441	67	594	355	74	53	2,542	590	1,653	168
	1,558	158	372	147	1,093	122	1,613	92	680	456	105	79	3,294	754	1,985	279
	1,836	203	432	171	1,279	149	1,674	112	719	453	114	35	3,476	541	2,063	281
	1,719	199	432	171	1,093	122	1,674	112	719	453	114	35	3,476	541	2,063	281
	1,725	233	443	130	1,362	160	1,732	147	885	529	137	49	3,577	793	2,147	325
	1,713	260	449	130	1,318	181	1,727	125	948	312	141	85	3,637	778	2,263	249
	1,656	320	369	111	1,566	184	1,727	177	898	337	136	52	3,657	843	2,109	228
	114	2	26	2	75	2	53	3	48	5	22	—	252	9	71	4
Maritime Provinces	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,931	184	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,931	184	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,931	184	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,931	184	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,931	184	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,931	184	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,931	184	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,931	184	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
Quebec	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
Ontario	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
Western Provinces	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36
	1,921	186	327	101	1,351	117	1,441	117	45	4	22	2	290	162	162	—36

## 16.—Financial Statistics of Universities and Colleges in Canada, 1921-1942

Province	Current Income <sup>1</sup>						Value of Capital Resources <sup>2</sup>			
	From endowment	Government grants	Student fees	Miscellaneous	Total	Deficits	Surpluses	Plant	Endowment, etc.	Trust funds <sup>3</sup>
1921	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Maritime Provinces.....	122,081	159,612	150,496	88,794	520,983	18,212	17,576	4,055,874	1,960,672	-
Quebec.....	891,060	392,505	345,027	231,371	1,969,963	25,975	79,778	14,909,346	16,711,158	-
Ontario.....	386,418	2,349,300	858,334	388,061	3,982,113	10,423	88,868	15,889,666	7,778,544	-
Western Provinces.....	97,160	1,711,009	272,198	535,955	2,616,322	25,413	7,886	13,269,237	1,877,149	-
Canada.....	1,496,710	4,522,426	1,826,655	1,244,181	9,089,381	80,023	194,108	48,124,123	28,327,523	-
1926										
Maritime Provinces.....	186,227	187,978	199,852	125,922	699,979	22,225	9,740	6,120,258	3,875,463	-
Quebec.....	1,395,934	430,280	605,218	354,600	2,786,032	132,191	12,732	18,200,004	24,778,393	-
Ontario.....	357,979	2,904,041	1,037,341	478,960	4,778,321	12,648	100,985	22,502,236	9,913,390	-
Western Provinces.....	207,499	1,949,141	537,363	276,814	2,970,817	24,871	9,000	18,885,576	8,589,454	-
Canada.....	2,147,639	5,471,410	2,379,774	1,236,296	11,235,149	191,955	132,457	65,708,074	42,156,700	-
1931										
Maritime Provinces.....	265,312	151,881	334,279	175,730	927,202	18,177	4,116	8,309,500	5,489,256	-
Quebec.....	1,186,062	668,536	818,010	483,268	3,155,876	459,474	40,367	25,327,453	22,913,131	-
Ontario.....	624,761	3,849,577	1,348,116	481,333	6,303,787	67,840	81,798	27,076,677	16,345,027	-
Western Provinces.....	182,117	2,254,819	822,955	314,051	3,573,942	54,361	-	21,688,908	8,711,452	-
Canada.....	2,258,252	6,924,813	3,323,360	1,454,382	13,900,807	599,832	126,281	82,402,538	48,458,866	-
1936										
Maritime Provinces.....	247,456	104,323	436,705	155,778	1,004,282	25,006	22,075	7,910,026	5,723,949	-
Quebec.....	973,535	768,616	1,060,332	506,163	3,308,646	369,871	9,720	28,702,951	24,529,587	-
Ontario.....	655,506	3,095,186	1,914,887	608,920	6,184,499	127,550	70,466	31,443,103	21,388,579	-
Western Provinces.....	73,375	1,421,021	1,045,317	273,756	2,813,469	20,297	12,417	20,435,242	2,735,498	-
Canada.....	1,949,872	5,359,146	4,457,241	1,534,617	13,300,876	542,724	114,678	88,541,322	54,377,613	-
1940										
Maritime Provinces.....	281,529	225,547	554,350	233,516	1,294,942	11,849	22,412	9,022,862	6,500,891	-
Quebec.....	994,023	1,258,933	1,207,914	521,685	3,982,555	155,063	33,015	30,783,888	24,139,550	-
Ontario.....	691,747	3,614,269	2,197,517	982,965	7,486,498	137,968	195,724	32,988,146	24,446,301	-
Western Provinces.....	57,639	1,875,470	1,295,147	252,085	3,480,341	8,822	34,939	21,840,585	2,797,974	-
Canada.....	2,024,938	6,974,219	5,254,928	1,990,251	16,244,336	333,692	286,090	94,644,481	57,944,725	-



1941

Maritime Provinces.....	293,379	262,278	500,889	243,688	1,300,234	22,220	9,178,829	2,710,077	3,159,656
Quebec.....	974,374	1,137,214	1,178,527	424,510	3,714,635	21,438	31,223,006	26,361,304	2,580,615
Ontario.....	710,777	3,511,331	2,169,484	903,168	7,294,778	51,074	33,645,571	24,190,186	11,373,891
Western Provinces.....	67,641	1,893,163	1,294,496	482,692	3,737,992	22,274	21,633,480	1,819,766	297,767
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>2,046,171</b>	<b>6,803,986</b>	<b>5,143,406</b>	<b>2,051,076</b>	<b>16,047,639</b>	<b>115,999</b>	<b>95,680,886</b>	<b>55,081,925</b>	<b>17,421,929</b>
1942									
Maritime Provinces.....	310,062	321,470	490,958	270,125	1,392,624	35,179	9,119,763	2,710,966	3,174,106
Quebec.....	944,811	1,345,343	1,252,403	618,177	4,160,734	77,722	33,128,457	25,899,818	2,706,035
Ontario.....	733,800	3,679,065	2,330,566	1,047,626	7,789,147	78,282	33,531,125	24,513,331	12,124,085
Western Provinces.....	142,293	1,938,697	1,292,954	477,090	3,820,939	81,697	21,735,339	1,879,927	399,538
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>2,129,061</b>	<b>7,284,584</b>	<b>5,336,751</b>	<b>2,413,018</b>	<b>17,163,444</b>	<b>272,880</b>	<b>98,574,684</b>	<b>55,004,292</b>	<b>18,403,764</b>

NOTE.—Figures in this table represent a record of annual income for general university activities for the larger universities and many of the colleges of Canada. The institutions included represent about 80 per cent of the annual full-time enrolment. Total income and the resulting deficit or surplus does not include gifts and grants for capital expenditure.

<sup>1</sup> Board and lodging not included.

<sup>2</sup> Site, buildings, equipment.

<sup>3</sup> Compiled from 1941, previous record not available.

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## Annual Reports

Hereunder are listed the printed annual reports of universities received by the Education Branch. There may be others; if so, a copy would be welcomed by the compilers of this report. The annual calendars are not listed except in the case of Université Laval and the Université de Montréal where the *annuaire général* includes a record of the year's work as well as a description of courses.

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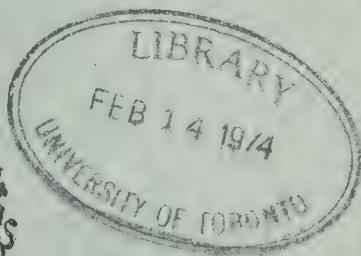
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# HIGHER EDUCATION IN CANADA, 1942-44

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## PREFACE

This edition of the survey presents statistical returns made by the institutions of higher education in Canada for the biennium 1942-44. It completes a series of five academic years from which to observe the effects of the recent war on the universities, before the disproportionately high enrolment of post-war years takes effect. Data from fourteen universities have been summarized in Chapter I for 1939 and 1944.

Chapter II contains a reprint of the greater part of the recently issued bulletin on Supply and Demand in the Professions in Canada.

The material was prepared in the Education Branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics by Miss S. A. Feeley in consultation with Dr. J. E. Robbins.

H. MARSHALL,  
*Dominion Statistician.*

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS,  
January 15, 1946.

## CONTENTS

### Section 1

	PAGE
1. Trends of the War Years.....	7
2. Supply and Demand in the Professions in Canada.....	10

### Section 2—Current Tables

1. List of institutions showing address, control, courses and affiliations.....	27
2. List of professional schools, colleges and university faculties in Canada showing the full-time enrolment of university grade students in each branch of study.....	34
3. Full-time students of the regular session by Province and faculties.....	41
4. Part-time and short course students by grade of work.....	42
5. Summary of all students reported, classified by grade of work.....	43
6. Summary of all students reported classified as full-time, part-time, short courses, etc..	44
7. Summary of degrees and diplomas granted.....	45
8. University students attending outside their Province of residence.....	47
9. Teaching Staffs.....	48
10. Salary classification of full-time teaching staffs.....	49
11. Library statistics.....	50

### Section 3—Retrospective Tables 1921-1944

12. Enrolment of full-time undergraduate students of the regular session by faculties....	57
12A. Enrolment of post-graduate students in the regular session.....	63
13. Degrees and diplomas conferred by faculties.....	64
13A. Dominion summary of graduates from universities and colleges by Census intervals.	72
14. Classification of full-time students according to their place of residence.....	73
15. Summary of Teaching Staffs.....	75
16. Annual income and capital resources of Universities and Colleges.....	76
APPENDIX: Bibliography on Higher Education in Canada.....	78

## SECTION I



## CHAPTER I

### TRENDS OF THE WAR YEARS

Canadian Universities and Colleges were faced with three major problems during the years of the war: maintenance of an adequate teaching staff; the reconciliation of the provisions of the National Resources Mobilization Act with the enrolment of male students; and the expansion of laboratory and campus facilities to train specialized personnel for the armed forces and industry and to carry out special projects in research.

Statistics on enrolment, teaching personnel and expenditures by the universities for the academic year 1943-44, compared with those for the year 1939, present evidence of the manner in which these larger problems were met. To eliminate irreconcilable factors, a special compilation was made for 14 universities, with fairly comparable organization, that represent a large proportion of the enrolment in courses of university grade. The results are discussed in the subsequent paragraphs.

*Enrolment.*—The net decrease in enrolment in the regular session experienced by the 14 universities under review was 6·87 per cent. Male students decreased 12·8 per cent and women students increased 6·06 per cent over the 1939 figures. The rate of decrease for the maritime provinces, with smaller professional schools, was higher than that of the other provinces. Enrolment of men in the maritimes decreased by 15·07 per cent and women were fewer by 11·46 per cent. In Central Canada, where the larger training schools for medicine, dentistry, engineering and science are located, male students decreased 13·51 per cent and women students increased 9·01 per cent. The proportions for the western provinces were 11 per cent decrease in men and five per cent increase for women. The numerical returns were as follows:

Geographical District	Number of Universities	Enrolment in Regular Session			
		1944		1939	
		Men	Women	Men	Women
Maritime Provinces.....	4	1,408	641	1,658	724
Central Canada.....	6	8,828	5,273	10,207	4,833
Western Provinces.....	4	5,386	2,822	6,053	2,680
Total.....	14	15,622	8,736	17,918	8,237

Only a small part of the decreased enrolment was caused by any change in the migration of students from one province to another or to the number registered from other countries. Students from the United States dropped appreciably in 1944 but this decrease was partially neutralized by an increase of students from the British West Indies. Normally McGill University draws about one-third of its students from outside the province of Quebec. The proportions for the other universities are not so high. The percentages by geographic divisions are as below.

Geographical District		Residence of Students, 1939 and 1944—Per cent of total enrolment				
		From local Districts	From other Provinces	From U.S.	From other Countries	Total
Maritime Provinces.....	1939	88·66	4·97	4·76	1·61	100
	1944	92·55	4·23	1·36	1·86	100
Quebec Province.....	1939	69·24	19·32	9·34	2·10	100
	1944	67·52	18·32	5·77	8·39	100
Ontario.....	1939	88·09	7·48	3·53	0·90	100
	1944	88·59	8·46	1·59	1·36	100
Western Provinces.....	1939	98·57	0·74	0·20	0·49	100
	1944	98·76	0·88	0·12	0·24	100



The very slight change in the proportions coming from "other Canadian Provinces" is attributable to the fact that most migration is toward specialized professional schools with long courses, such as Medicine. It is conceivable that male students registered in Medicine in 1939 could be completing their training in 1944 or that sufficient replacements would have registered in the intervening years, to maintain the quota of students in attendance from other provinces.

The policy of allowing students enrolled in such faculties or schools as medicine, dentistry, engineering and honour courses in chemistry and physics, to enlist and complete their training before being posted for military service is clearly reflected in the gradual decrease of male students during the five years under review.

*Teaching Staffs.*—In the early years of mobilization and organization of the country's resources many members of the university teaching staffs were seconded to essential government service or other duties outside the University. Together with a considerable voluntary enlistment in the active services this caused a large decrease in the number of experienced teachers. By 1944 a number of the teachers had returned to academic work and it is recognized that the numerical returns shown in the table following do not represent the "peak" of absence from academic work. The total staff reported by the individual institutions includes part-time lecturers and others engaged on the work of instruction during the war years. Adjustments were made to avoid any duplication of numbers between those on leave of absence and their temporary replacements.

	Total Teaching Staff		Absent on War Service
	1939	1944	1944
Maritime Provinces.....	330	297	45
Central Canada.....	2,051	2,139	306
Western Provinces.....	758	737	80
Total 14 Universities.....	3,139	3,171	431

Associated with the problem of maintaining a staff was the one of salary rates for the full-time staff, many of whom had assumed heavier duties and longer hours of teaching to take up the slack caused by the absence of the experienced teachers.

The records of salary distribution contain some anomalies within the lower categories. It was considered that for the purpose of comparing the two years a more accurate result would be obtained by examining those receiving \$2,000 and over per annum. The numerical distribution of the full time staffs receiving salaries of \$2,000 and over per annum was reported as follows:

Salary Rates	Maritime Provinces		Central Canada		Western Provinces	
	1939	1944	1939	1944	1939	1944
\$						
5,000 and over.....	12	14	106	146	34	44
4,000-4,999.....	9	2	148	177	103	116
3,000-3,999.....	33	39	196	223	113	109
2,000-2,999.....	63	66	214	209	134	132
Total 14 Universities.....	122	121	664	755	384	401

For the 14 Universities the number of staff personnel reported as receiving from \$1,000 to \$2,000 totals 379 for 1944 and 402 for 1939. These are considered to be, for the most part, demonstrators and student assistants.

The improvement in salaries is more clearly presented when the distribution is expressed in percentages of the total number on the staffs receiving \$2,000 and over.

	\$5,000 and over	\$4,000 to 4,999	\$3,000 to 3,999	\$2,000 to 2,999	Total
	%	%	%	%	%
Maritime Provinces.....1944	11.57	1.65	32.23	54.55	100
1939	9.84	7.38	31.14	51.64	100
Central Provinces.....1944	19.47	22.93	29.73	27.87	100
1939	15.96	22.29	29.52	32.23	100
Western Provinces.....1944	10.97	28.93	27.18	32.92	100
1939	8.63	26.14	31.22	34.01	100
Total 14 Universities.....1944	16.04	22.79	29.17	32.00	100
1939	12.99	22.22	29.66	35.13	100

*Financial Status.*—The improvements in salary rates indicated by the foregoing tables are associated with a long awaited improvement in the financial situation of the Universities. Established sources of annual income include interest on investments; annual grants from the Provincial government, and in a few cases the city in which the University is located; student fees, and donations from other sources which may be applied to the current expenditures.

Receipts attributed to annual interest on investments have increased about \$275,000; the corresponding increase in the interest bearing funds and investments was approximately \$13 million.

Annual fees include those from students enrolled in summer school, night school, correspondence courses and special courses not included in the enrolment figures used for comparative purposes above. The increase in 1944 over 1939 is about \$420,000. The fees represent 34.25 per cent of the current expenditures of the universities in 1944 and 34.91 per cent of the similar figures in 1939.

Provincial assistance increased about \$600,000 from the 1939 figures. However, the proportion of annual expenditures obtained from this source shows little change—35.42 per cent in 1944 as against 34.72 in 1939. Receipts from other sources, applicable to current needs, represented 15.31 per cent in 1944 and 15.98 in 1939.

The total expenditures, other than capital expenditures, increased about \$1,500,000 for the 14 institutions. The book value of buildings and equipment advanced \$3,700,000.

*Graduates.*—The urgent need of doctors, dentists, engineers and scientists for the armed forces led to the adoption of a system of accelerated courses in these professions in the later years of the war. Comparison of the number of graduates from the professional schools included in this group reveals the need for such a course of action by the universities.

	1944		1939	
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Dentistry.....	76	3	75	2
Engineering.....	714	1	600	.....
Medicine.....	586	30	461	27

A more detailed study of graduates from all institutions of higher education in Canada is included in the section immediately following which is a reprint of the bulletin on Supply and Demand in the Professions in Canada recently issued by the Education Statistics Branch.

## CHAPTER II

### SUPPLY AND DEMAND IN THE PROFESSIONS IN CANADA\*

For the past ten years Canadian educationists and leaders in youth training have pointed out the need for scientific guidance in the selection of a profession by young men and women. Too often the choice of a profession has been decided by the popularity of a certain course, school or professor. Little attention has been paid to the possibility that one profession may be overcrowded while in others replacements are needed or new employment opportunities may reasonably be expected.

The question of supply and demand in the professions in Canada is influenced by wide differences in the proportion of professionals to the total population in the various provinces. Within each province similar differences are evident as between rural and urban areas. These variations are shown in the discussions of the individual professions that follow.

Institutions of higher education in Canada award about 7,000 degrees and diplomas each year. These include some five hundred Masters degrees (and Licentiates) and 100 Doctorates. The candidates for these degrees and the professional men and women employed in Canada who were born and educated in other countries, comprise the supply and replacement pool for the professional and scientific workers in the Canadian labour force.

The average number of Bachelor degrees conferred each year since 1937, the date of the original review of supply and demand in the professional services, is as follows:

Faculty or School	Both Sexes	Women
Arts, Science and Commerce.....	3,809	1,087
Dentistry.....	109	1
Medicine.....	585	25
Pharmacy.....	155	16
Nursing—P.G. diplomas and degrees.....		257
Household Science.....		176
Law.....	200	7
Theology—Roman Catholic.....	300	—
Protestant.....	150	15
Applied Science and Engineering.....	690	1
Architecture.....	24	2
Forestry.....	32	—
Agriculture.....	230	6
Veterinary Science.....	59	—

Out of the population of graduation age in 1941, students graduating from university represent 3.5 per cent. By sex the percentages are 4.6 for males and 1.8 for females.

Not all graduates of Canadian universities are absorbed by the Canadian labour force. A considerable number find employment in the United States. A recent pamphlet issued by the United States Office of Education reports 2,450 Canadian students in American universities in 1939. Many of these take post-graduate work or special courses not available in Canada. Through the contacts established at the universities, some of them are absorbed into the American occupied population. The Census of the United States, 1940, reports 2.3 per cent of the foreign born white adults in the population as possessing college education. The total foreign born white population is 11,419,138. The Canadians in this group number 1,044,199. The education status of Canadians is not compiled separately.

\*Reprint, (edited,) of Bulletin No. 8-7040, issued by the Education Branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, 1945.

## GRADUATES FROM FACULTIES OF ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE

Numerically the degrees from the Arts faculties comprise the largest proportion of the annual awards of Canadian universities. Entrants to the professional schools of the French language institutions of higher education must hold bachelor degrees from the classical colleges. In the professional schools of the English language universities, graduation in arts, or sufficient courses in the arts faculty to provide a sound basic education before specialization, is the prescribed requirement for admission. This absorbs a considerable number of the arts graduates each decade.

Except for a few specialized classes, it is not possible to trace the graduates in arts, in the population returns. They are included under such broad groups as: the public service, owners and managers, clerical workers, and near-professional occupations that are too varied to permit individual classification.

*Science.*—The table below presents an estimate of the number of graduates in Science from 1921 to 1944. The older universities of Ontario and some of the provincial universities, do not award a separate degree in Science. The graduates are included with Arts. For these institutions two methods were adopted in obtaining an estimate of the graduates in Science each year. The candidates specializing in Science were counted by name for each convocation since 1921. For institutions publishing only numerical tables of examination results the distribution was made on the basis of the results by subjects for the twenty-five years under review. Where possible the honours students of the institutions granting degrees in Science were separated from the pass or general courses to make the returns more comparable as between provinces. In a few cases some pass degrees had to be included. The results show a measure of the extent of science specialization in recent years. The time-intervals used in the table are the groups of academic years ending nearest the Canadian Census dates. These resolve the twenty-five years into four complete five-year intervals and two incomplete intervals—the years ending in May, 1920 and 1921, just prior to the 1921 Census, and the three years subsequent to the 1941 Census.

ESTIMATED GRADUATES IN PURE SCIENCE<sup>1</sup>, 1920-1944

—	1920-21	1922-26	1927-31	1932-36	1937-41	1942-44	Total
Maritime Provinces.....	28	143	265	476	549	305	1,766
Quebec Province.....	58	216	345	267	373	386	1,645
Ontario Province.....	110	349	524	581	650	294	2,508
Western Provinces.....	34	241	482	812	767	405	2,741
Total.....	230	949	1,616	2,136	2,339	1,390	8,660

<sup>1</sup>Graduates for the universities of Ontario and the University of British Columbia, except for a very small group in Ontario are Honours degrees conferred in Science. The tabulations are not strictly comparable between regions, but show the trend within each region.

As a further indication of the specialization in Science, the gross total of graduates in arts, science and commerce was broken down into the respective departments for the four comparable five-year intervals, 1922-1941. The results are given below.

## GRADUATES IN ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE

Academic intervals of 5 years	Gross Total		Distribution by Departments					
			Commerce		Pure Science <sup>1</sup>		Arts and Letters <sup>2</sup>	
	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.
1922-26.....	5,925	3,340	334	29	814	135	4,777	3,176
1927-31.....	8,450	4,728	573	70	1,386	230	6,491	4,328
1932-36.....	11,337	5,986	955	131	1,831	305	8,551	5,550
1937-41.....	13,492	6,060	1,065	134	2,005	334	10,423	5,592

<sup>1</sup>Honours graduates only for the larger universities of Ontario and British Columbia.

<sup>2</sup>Includes pass degree courses in science for Ontario and British Columbia.



The proportion of all male graduates from the Faculties of Arts and Science who specialized in pure science and commerce during the period 1922-1941 is as follows:

Interval	Arts, Science and Commerce	Science	Commerce
	%	%	%
1922-26.....	100	13.7	5.6
1927-31.....	100	16.4	6.8
1932-36.....	100	16.1	8.4
1937-41.....	100	14.8	7.9

*Commerce.*—Graduates in commerce, including accountancy, for the five-year interval 1937-41 are more than three times those of the interval 1922-26. As in the case of science, by far the greater number of graduates are men; the proportion is seven to one. The occupational classification used in the 1941 Census does not segregate this group of professionals. In 1931, and in previous censuses accountants were compiled separately. On detailed examination, however, it was found that identification of professionally trained accountants was impossible because the term was popularly applied to work of a non-professional nature which should be classified more properly as bookkeeping or clerical work.

The Schools of Commerce are listed in the directory appended. Advanced courses leading to Masters degrees in public finance and business administration are offered at the University of Western Ontario, London, Ontario.

*Fine Arts.*—Traditionally the subjects relating to the culture of artistic expression are included in the Arts faculties. The occupational census includes a separate compilation for artists, musicians and writers. It is possible to establish an estimate of the demand for the services of this group in Canada.

At the date of the last survey, less than one-half of the artists and art teachers employed were native-born Canadians. In 1941, more than two-thirds of the male and four-fifths of the female artists were born in Canada. One-half of the 2,500 artists enumerated were employed in Ontario; 750 in Quebec and 200 in British Columbia. Average annual earnings for artists and art teachers in 1941 was \$1,448.

Fine Art is an elective subject in the curricula of the Faculties of Arts in several English-language universities. The University of Toronto offers a sufficient number of courses to permit a bachelor of arts degree with specialization in Fine Art. Since 1940 there have been less than fifty such awards. Mount Allison University offers a Bachelor of Fine Arts degree. The four-year course is similar to that of Yale and other American universities. Admission requirements are those of the Arts Faculty. Less than 10 degrees have been awarded since 1938.

*Authors, Editors, Journalists.*—The census enumeration of the gainfully occupied reports 4,500 authors, editors and journalists in 1941. It would appear that the majority of the writers enumerated in the census returns belong to the group, editors and journalists. There are some 800 newspapers and more than 1,400 periodicals published in Canada. The distribution of these publications by provinces corresponds closely with that of the group of writers included in the census returns.

	Newspapers and Periodicals	Authors, Editors, Journalists
Maritime Provinces.....	98	378
Quebec Province.....	356	1,303
Ontario Province.....	515	1,817
Western Provinces.....	474	1,131

Many of the newspapers are small and the editors may be included in the census classification "owners and managers". It is not unreasonable to assume that considerably more than



one-half of the number of authors, editors and journalists enumerated by the census are employees of the publicity organs of the country. Average yearly earnings are reported as \$2,000 for men and \$1,000 for women. At least 75 per cent of the authors, editors and journalists were born in Canada. The British Isles contributed 18 per cent and the Asiatic countries less than 1 per cent. The remainder come almost equally from the United States and Europe.

It is significant of the need for professional writers that two new schools of journalism closely related to the Faculty of Arts, have been established in the past year. For some years l'Université de Montréal has offered a post graduate course in journalism but this is the first attempt by English-language Canadian universities to provide courses for a professional degree in journalism. The new schools are located at the University of Western Ontario, London, and Carleton College, Ottawa. Comprehensive courses in economics, international affairs, political science, psychology and the techniques of journalism, lead to a bachelor degree. The admission requirements are those of the arts faculty.

*Music.*—Of the gainfully occupied in the field of cultural arts as reported by the census the largest number is found in the class musicians and music teachers. Three-quarters of the group are of Canadian birth. The British Isles contributed the largest proportion of the foreign-born.

Instruction in music in the provincially-controlled schools is steadily increasing. Enrolment in music as reported by the grade schools of certain provinces provides a measure of this field for the employment of music teachers.

Province	Grades	Students
Nova Scotia.....	IX-XI	638
Ontario.....	IX-XIII	24,891
Alberta.....	VII-XII	12,530
British Columbia.....	IX-XIII	1,542

There are no statistics available for private schools (academic and special) on instruction in music. All accredited private schools include the subject in their curricula. Annual directories of Private Schools in eight provinces, and the Secondary Schools of Canada, where most of the credit courses in music are given, published by the Education Branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, are a source of information on possible teaching opportunities for music teachers.

Schools of music affiliated with the institutions of higher education record some 300 students studying for degrees and more than 2,000 students on a part-time basis. Statistics on the teaching staffs are not available by subject of instruction. The universities reporting degree courses are listed in the directory of schools, appended.

### POST GRADUATE DEGREES

Graduates from the arts and science faculties comprise the majority of those taking post-graduate work in Canadian universities. Masters' degrees granted in the four comparable five-year intervals between 1922 and 1941 are as follows:

	Master of Arts <sup>1</sup>		Master of Science		Total	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
1922-26.....	665	298	195	20	860	318
1927-31.....	821	394	245	17	1,066	411
1932-36.....	830	432	368	23	1,198	455
1937-41.....	1,030	348	540	24	1,570	372

<sup>1</sup>Less than 20 degrees each interval, in Education and Commerce, are included.

Of the English-language universities, McGill University, Queen's University, The University of Toronto and the University of Manitoba offer courses leading to the Doctor of Philosophy degree. The French-language universities, Laval and Montreal offer degrees closely analogous to the English-language degree in philosophy, l'Université de Montreal offers also the Doctorat ès Lettres. The University of Ottawa awards the Doctor of Philosophy (Civil Charter) and the University of Alberta has established and awards a Doctor of Science degree.

#### GRADUATES FROM COLLEGES OF EDUCATION AND SCHOOLS OF LIBRARY SCIENCE

*Education.*—Teachers and educationists qualifying as high school instructors and undertaking research in pedagogy, obtain their advanced training in the Colleges and Departments of Education of the universities. During the past two decades the number of degrees in education granted in each five-year interval has been almost double the number conferred in the previous decade. The annual average for the most recent interval is 150. Just under 20 per cent of the degrees were conferred on women. High school teachers' diplomas reached their peak in 1932-36 at 3,600 for the five years. In the next five years they dropped to 2,700.

The census reports some 92,000 persons gainfully occupied in formal education. Of this group more than 88,000 are classed as school teachers, two-thirds of whom are women. The group designated as professors and college principals, about 4,200, is approximately 95 per cent male.

During the last years of the war several provincial governments provided a more adequate salary basis for teachers. Ontario, Saskatchewan and Quebec in recent Legislative sessions increased the minimum rates of pay for teachers of provincially controlled schools. The first two provinces now require \$1,200 per annum. Quebec, with a dual system of education, increased the rate from \$400 to \$500 for the small rural schools. The latter rate does not affect the larger cities and municipalities of Quebec where the rates are higher than in the rural districts. Alberta and Manitoba each has a provincial minimum rate of \$1,000.

Provincial minima do not prevent the individual municipalities from adopting their own salary schedules. The spread of rates for salary-increase in the individual cities and larger population units, is generally regulated by sex, certificate and years of experience. The bulletin on Teachers' Salaries and Qualifications in Eight Provinces compiled by the Education Statistics Branch each year, provides detailed information on experience, tenure, salary rates and certificates of Canadian teachers in the elementary and secondary schools of eight provinces. This bulletin may be obtained by application to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Comparative statements on median salary rates for the years 1939 and 1944 are as follows:

Year	City Schools	Town and Village Schools	Rural Schools of more than one room	One Room Schools
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1939.....	1,613	960	839	607
1944.....	1,785	1,167	1,093	924

The educational level of the Canadian population as a whole is steadily rising. This is expressed factually by replies to the question on years of schooling included in the 1941 Census schedule. The level for the adult population may be expressed as follows:

Age Group	Median Years of Schooling
70 years and over.....	7.5
60 to 69 years.....	8.0
50 " 59 ".....	8.3
40 " 49 ".....	8.4
30 " 39 ".....	8.6
25 " 29 " 1.....	9.0

<sup>1</sup>Some of this group probably had not completed their education at the date of the Census.

*Librarians.*—Graduates in Library Science are predominantly women. Since 1927, when the first graduates from Canadian library schools were reported, some 800 women have graduated. In the same period there were 37 male graduates. The demand for scientifically trained librarians is keeping pace with the larger place the public libraries now occupy in the educational and cultural development of the population.

A summary of personnel reported by all groups of libraries in Canada for 1943 is as follows:

Group Classification	Number of Libraries	Number with full-time Librarian	Total Staff <sup>2</sup>	Per cent of staff with Library Science training
Public Libraries.....	569 <sup>2</sup>	207	1,495	30
Universities and colleges.....	168	54	252	43
Dominion Government.....	51	26	84	28
Provincial Government.....	28	17	71	21
Law Society.....	13	9	21	10
Technical Society.....	17	8	21	20
Business Libraries.....	33	17	59	20
Miscellaneous.....	25	9	30	23
Total.....	904	347	2,033	17

<sup>2</sup>Only those public libraries that made returns for 1943 are included in this total.

<sup>3</sup>Includes part-time employees.

This table indicates possibilities for the future. It is recognized that under present conditions and systems of organization the small libraries and those of residential colleges could not substitute full-time librarians to supply the 557 libraries now carrying on with part-time staffs. But comprehensive reorganization and expansion would provide many positions for qualified personnel.

Among the two thousand employees engaged in library work are some two hundred classed as full-time clerical workers. Their work consists of stenography, filing, bookkeeping, registration and other related duties. About 25 per cent of the total are classed as library assistants. This group includes the specialized services of the larger libraries such as circulation librarian, reference librarian, children's librarian, cataloguer and others. Aside from the chief or executive librarians the balance is composed of pages and temporary routine workers.

New schools of library science, in addition to the original ones at McGill University and the University of Toronto, have been established at Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, l'Université de Montreal and l'Université d'Ottawa. The last two schools are on a "part time" basis to accommodate employed librarians who wish to improve their qualifications. The western provinces have no degree-granting school.

## GRADUATES OF MEDICAL AND RELATED PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS

*Medicine.*—Several factors combine to limit the number of degrees granted in medicine, not the least being a long expensive course. A survey of expenditures conducted in 1940 by the Canadian Association of Medical Students and Interns, established an average annual expenditure of \$750 for medical students throughout Canada. This sum varies for the individual medical schools. In recent years the annual average number of graduates has been 585 men and 30 women. This includes the awards of the past two or three years when accelerated courses were instituted because of the war.

The number of doctors enumerated in the 1941 Census was 11,873—11,500 males and 373 females. A certain percentage of this professional group is engaged in administrative work in research laboratories, and other branches of the public service. This reduces the number of practising physicians and thus increases the potential clientele, established on the basis of population per doctor. The ratio between population and doctors for Canada, as established by the census records, is 971 persons for each doctor. In the United States the corresponding figure is 800 per doctor.

The tendency for medical doctors to establish themselves in the larger urban centres is verified by a comparison of the population per doctor in the cities of 30,000 and over, with a similar figure for the regions outside the larger cities.

	Population <sup>1</sup> per Doctor	
	Cities and Towns over 30,000	Other
Canada.....	968	1,208
Prince Edward Island.....		1,173
Nova Scotia.....	591	1,281
New Brunswick.....	908	1,603
Quebec.....	733	1,272
Ontario.....	643	941
Manitoba.....	605	1,388
Saskatchewan.....	628	1,840
Alberta.....	552	1,713
British Columbia.....	791	1,061

<sup>1</sup>In this table and subsequent tables the population figures used are those of the 1941 Census.

It is necessary, however, to take into consideration the services the urban doctors provide for the rural and suburban districts through hospitals, consultations and specialists' services.

The annual report of hospitals in Canada, 1942 shows the number of doctors receiving salaries for hospital service (exclusive of interns) to be as follows:

	Number of Doctors Receiving Salaries from Public Hospitals	
	Full-time Service	Part-time Service
Canada.....	344	280
Prince Edward Island.....	1	
Nova Scotia.....	6	17
New Brunswick.....	4	3
Quebec.....	157	104
Ontario.....	68	84
Manitoba.....	30	22
Saskatchewan.....	8	7
Alberta.....	18	13
British Columbia.....	38	29

In addition to the above there are 130 full-time and 76 part-time doctors in the tuberculosis sanatoria; and 107 full-time and 72 part-time doctors in the mental hospitals of Canada. The private hospitals report 105 doctors on their staffs.

At the present rate of graduation from medical schools it would take 20 years to replace the doctors gainfully occupied in 1941. The loss of medical doctors in the upper age groups between 1931 and 1941 is considerable.

	1931	1941	Loss
Age group.....	45 to 54 cf.	55 to 64	520
Age group.....	55 to 64 cf.	65 and over	444

The above comparison means that at least 900 older physicians retired, transferred to other occupations, or died, in the ten years between 1931 and 1941.



*Dentistry.*—The potential supply of dentists has never regained the high level reached in the first five-year interval after World War I. In the period 1922—26, just over 1,200 men graduated in dentistry. In the 1932-36 interval the total dropped to 400. In 1937-1941 it rose again to 550. The annual average number of graduates for the period 1932 to 1941 is 110. A considerable number of students, particularly in the western provinces attend the Schools of Dentistry in the United States.

As in the case of medical doctors, the potential clientele of practising dentists is larger outside the cities. The comparison works out as follows:

	Population per Dentist	
	Cities of 30,000 and over	Other
Canada.....	1,965	3,317
Prince Edward Island.....		3,394
Nova Scotia.....	2,073	3,254
New Brunswick.....	1,990	4,401
Quebec.....	2,531	4,745
Ontario.....	782	2,182
Manitoba.....	1,669	4,502
Saskatchewan.....	1,426	5,370
Alberta.....	1,724	4,510
British Columbia.....	1,901	2,753

*Nursing.*—Except for the small number of women graduates in medicine and dentistry recorded in Table 1, the role of women in the medical field is confined largely to nursing. Post-graduate training courses in Public Health, Nursing Education and Hospital Administration, are progressively increasing in importance. Influenced by the combined pressure of the shortage of nurses for war service and the steady growth in the scope and area of public health services, the Dominion Government has provided financial assistance for the establishment of additional schools of nursing within the universities and for the expansion of the service of those already functioning.

The most recent development is a combined course of science and practical nursing leading to a Bachelor of Science (in Nursing) degree or, in the case of the French-language universities, baccalauréat ès science hospitalier, or bachelière ès science d'Infirmières.

The post-graduate and special courses include X-ray work, occupational therapy and physiotherapy, pathological analysis and other technical and scientific specialization. The number of post-graduate diplomas and university degrees conferred per year has risen from 150 in 1937 to well over 200 in the past few years.

The provincial distribution of graduate nurses and nurses-in-training in proportion to the population of the provinces by cities of 30,000 and over and other areas is shown below.

## DISTRIBUTION OF NURSES BY POPULATION AREAS, 1941

	Cities 30,000 and over		Other Areas	
	Graduate	Student	Graduate	Student
Prince Edward Island.....			209	96
Nova Scotia.....	315	262	1,036	503
New Brunswick.....	216	200	749	363
Quebec.....	2,531	3,767	2,325	315
Ontario.....	5,733	2,724	5,296	1,906
Manitoba.....	736	504	733	594
Saskatchewan.....	358	440	884	360
Alberta.....	677	685	902	227
British Columbia.....	1,518	762	1,246	298



## POPULATION PER NURSE, 1941

	Cities 30,000 and over	Other Areas
Prince Edward Island.....		312
Nova Scotia.....	122	336
New Brunswick.....	124	364
Quebec.....	233	784
Ontario.....	161	337
Manitoba.....	179	390
Saskatchewan.....	127	639
Alberta.....	134	543
British Columbia.....	140	323

Average annual earnings as reported in 1941 are about \$700 for an average of 39 weeks of employment during the preceding year.

*Therapy.*—Graduates in occupational therapy and physiotherapy reported by the University of Toronto number 600 since the first reports were received. The annual average in recent years is under 50. Only two men are included in the records. To date there is no record of the graduates from the new School of Physiotherapy recently established by McGill University.

Therapists are not separately classified in the census returns. The annual report of public hospitals, previously mentioned, reports 238 departments of physiotherapy in the 597 hospitals making returns. The mental institutions report 93 occupational therapists among a total personnel of 9,000. The normal capacity of the mental institutions is 42,000 patients. The demand for aides in physiotherapy for war casualties and industrial accidents is steadily increasing.

*Pharmacy.*—The annual average has dropped, for graduates in pharmacy, from 200 to 155 since 1937. The cumulative total for the past 25 years is just over 4,300 including some 300 women. The 1941 census report of the retail drug industries records 3,956 stores and retail outlets for drugs and sundries in Canada. Each retail drug store must have at least one qualified pharmacist on the staff to obtain a licence for the dispensing of prescriptions. It may be assumed that there are substantially more than 4,000 qualified druggists gainfully occupied. At the present rate of graduation it would take thirty-five or forty years to replace the druggists.

*Physical Training and Health Education.*—At the date of the last bulletin, three institutions of higher education gave advanced courses in physical training. The most significant change since then is the amalgamation of the Margaret Eaton School with the University of Toronto School and the establishment of a degree course—Bachelor of Physical and Health Education—by the University. The University of Saskatchewan offers a diploma course in physical training for women in alternate years and the University of Western Ontario includes advanced courses in Physical education for both men and women in the Department of Physical Education.

The latter courses are optional, and may be applied to the electives of the year. A new degree course for men and women at McGill School of Physical education is about to be established.

The total graduates—degree and diploma—from 1927 to 1944 number 700; the annual average is about 40. At least 97 per cent of the graduates are women, although the degree course at Toronto University is attracting a larger number of men than did the former courses in physical training.

## GRADUATES IN THEOLOGY, SOCIAL WELFARE, AND LAW

*Theology.*—Denominations maintaining theological colleges in Canada are: Anglican, Baptist, Lutheran, Presbyterian, Roman Catholic and United Church. Graduates from the Roman Catholic seminaries each year are double those of the Protestant denominations combined. About 43 per cent of the population is classified, by religion, as Roman Catholic. Many of the graduates from the Roman Catholic seminaries are engaged in work other than parochial. These are not included under the census occupational class of clergymen and priests.

At the date of the 1941 census there were 14,474 persons occupied as clergymen and priests or one in 795 of the population. As compared with previous census periods the proportion is:

Census	Population per Clergyman
1901.....	613
1911.....	725
1921.....	752
1931.....	816
1941.....	795

The proportion in the United States for 1940 was 964 persons per clergyman.

The church differs from most other professions in that the population per clergyman is smaller for the areas outside the large cities.

	Population per Clergyman	
	Cities of 30,000 and over	Other areas
Canada.....	924	743
Prince Edward Island.....		660
Nova Scotia.....	903	746
New Brunswick.....	750	730
Quebec.....	959	728
Ontario.....	954	713
Manitoba.....	986	927
Saskatchewan.....	754	700
Alberta.....	819	727
British Columbia.....	1,133	893

Just about one-third of the clergy were born outside Canada, 18 per cent of all clergymen were born in the British Isles and 8.5 per cent in Europe.

The average annual earnings reported for 1941 were under \$1,200 for the whole country.

*Social Service.*—Seven schools of social service work constitute the source of professionally trained workers in this field. The three older schools are the Montreal School of Social Work, the University of Toronto School of Social Work, and the professional course of the University of British Columbia. In addition there are: the Maritime School of Social Work, Halifax; Ecole de Service Social, Université de Montréal; Ecole de Service Social, Université Laval, Quebec. Accredited courses in social service are included in the Faculty of Arts of the University of Manitoba. Just under 1,000 graduates have been reported in the past 25 years, about 850 of them are women.

A considerable amount of social service work is undertaken by the brothers, nuns, deaconesses, and missionary workers of the various church organizations in Canada. To this extent, the distribution of social service workers in the returns of the 1941 census must be qualified. The largest age-group is from 45 to 54. The average yearly earnings are just under \$1,500 for men and \$1,050 for women.

Expanding social services under public administration foretell a broader field for the employment of professional workers of this class.

*Household Science.*—In an era of progressive attitudes towards nutrition, degrees and diplomas in the science and economics of food and home management are increasing. Comparison of the four five-year intervals under review shows that Bachelor degrees increased from 100 in 1922-26 to just under 950 in the period 1937 to 1941. The annual average for recent years is 176.

The most recent additions to the institutions offering degree courses in Household Science is l'Université Laval. The University of Western Ontario now provides a diploma course in Home Economics. In 1942 the Faculty of Medicine of l'Université de Montréal established

a four-year degree course in nutrition and dietetics. Under certain conditions Bachelor degrees in Household Management are also awarded by this university to advanced students previously in receipt of diplomas from the provincial schools of Household Science.

The largest potential field for the employment of dietitians lies in institutional work—hospitals, restaurants, hotels, etc.—and the teaching profession. Information in the Annual Report of Hospitals in Canada, includes statistics on the employment of dietitians by the hospitals.

	Number of Institutions	Graduate Dietitians	Pupil Dietitians
Public Hospitals.....	171	276	128
Tuberculosis Sanatoria.....	37	37	
Mental Hospitals.....	60	29	

The Census of Merchandising Establishments (1941) records 4,800 year-round hotels and 800 seasonal hotels in Canada. Most of these have dining rooms and (or) cafeterias. There are more than 300 restaurants employing 20 or more employees. The latter group does not include restaurants conducted by large stores, commercial and industrial organizations, private clubs, and tourist camps. Most of the larger institutions or organizations mentioned above employ qualified dietitians.

*Law.*—Barrister and Bachelor of Law degrees granted each year numbered more than 200 until 1942. During the last three years of war the number of graduates from schools of law was just above 100 for each year. The proportion of women has not varied being less than 10 each year.

The potential clientele for lawyers varies by provinces and population units as shown below:

	Population per Legal Adviser	
	Cities of 30,000 and over	Other Areas
Canada.....	778	1,754
Prince Edward Island.....		1,485
Nova Scotia.....	734	2,079
New Brunswick.....	1,078	1,870
Quebec.....	824	1,636
Ontario.....	809	1,532
Manitoba.....	659	2,063
Saskatchewan.....	553	2,453
Alberta.....	564	2,588
British Columbia.....	832	1,524

## GRADUATES OF APPLIED SCIENCE AND RELATED ARTS

Enrolment in the Schools and Faculties of Applied Science has increased from 2,700 to 4,500 in the past 25 years. Expansion of specialized courses has had to keep pace with the swift progress of electricity, radio, sound and light projection and the mechanical application of the laws of physical science to industrial and related processes.

*Engineering.*—Graduates in engineering for the twenty-five years under review aggregate 13,315. This number includes those granted diplomas by the Royal Military College and a few recipients of diplomas from the French-language professional schools. To arrive at an estimate of the number of graduates in each class of engineering some duplicates had to be deducted from the totals used in the bulletin issued in 1937. The results reveal considerable fluctuation within the classes when they are compared by time-intervals. This fluctuation represents a change in the popularity of the various courses which probably is a reflection of industrial progress and employment demand during the five-year intervals.

## ESTIMATE OF GRADUATES IN ENGINEERING, BY DISTRICTS

—	1920 and 1921	1922-1926	1927-1931	1932-1936	1937-1941	1942-1944	Total
Maritime Provinces.....	33	147	175	292	194	144	985
Civil Engineering.....	17	36	26	72	60	45	256
Electrical Engineering.....	7	71	96	150	74	58	456
Mechanical Engineering.....	7	30	32	53	33	37	192
Mining Engineering.....	2	10	21	17	27	4	81
Quebec Province.....	222	617	381	509	596	451	2,776
Chemical Engineering.....	48	94	40	73	77	71	403
Civil Engineering.....	56	156	142	226	219	159	958
Electrical Engineering.....	34	132	103	103	65	59	496
Mechanical Engineering.....	37	130	52	54	127	95	495
Mining Engineering.....	23	68	34	40	77	36	278
Metallurgical Engineering.....	24	37	10	13	31	31	146
Ontario Province.....	353	1,166	924	1,334	1,552	909	6,238
Chemical Engineering.....	35	200	133	206	317	184	1,075
Civil Engineering.....	178	339	292	365	304	113	1,591
Electrical Engineering.....	56	260	185	271	209	137	1,118
Mechanical Engineering.....	44	219	163	279	222	215	1,142
Mining Engineering.....	25	101	106	134	307	100	773
Metallurgical Engineering.....	10	37	34	58	128	94	361
Geological Engineering.....	3	5	6	15	27	19	75
Engineering Physics.....	2	5	5	6	38	47	103
Western Provinces.....	61	337	471	868	880	699	3,316
Chemical Engineering.....	11	38	31	100	164	170	514
Civil Engineering.....	17	111	170	234	146	136	814
Electrical Engineering.....	10	92	146	282	220	150	900
Mechanical Engineering.....	.....	16	47	116	134	134	447
Mining Engineering.....	20	59	46	101	138	33	397
Metallurgical Engineering.....	1	5	6	5	10	13	40
Geological Engineering.....	2	13	20	27	52	43	157
Engineering Physics.....	.....	3	5	3	16	20	47
CANADA.....	669	2,267	1,951	3,003	3,222	2,203	13,315
Chemical Engineering.....	94	332	204	379	558	425	1,992
Civil Engineering.....	268	642	630	897	729	453	3,619
Electrical Engineering.....	107	555	530	806	568	404	2,970
Mechanical Engineering.....	88	395	294	502	516	481	2,276
Mining Engineering.....	70	238	207	292	549	173	1,529
Metallurgical Engineering.....	35	79	50	76	169	138	547
Geological Engineering.....	5	18	26	42	79	62	232
Engineering Physics.....	2	8	10	9	54	67	150

The 1941 Census reports 20,500 engineers (including those on Active Service) gainfully occupied on the census date. At the current rate of 700 graduates each year, the professional life of the engineer would be about 30 years.

The average annual earnings of engineers at the date of the Census ranges from \$2,000 to \$2,500, and the employment period from 47 to 49 weeks per year. This excludes engineers who are employers as well as those classed as "own account".

*Architecture.*—Originally and basically one of the cultural arts, architecture effects a liaison between engineering and applied art. The five-year comprehensive course includes structural engineering, design, interior decorating and draughting.

Graduates in architecture in the past 25 years number 544 including 23 women.

At the date of the last census 1,300 men and less than 20 women were occupied in this profession. One-half of them were engaged in private practice and about one-quarter were employed by the building and construction industry. The Dominion, Provincial and Municipal governments included 136 in their public works departments. The remainder are distributed in small numbers throughout the primary and secondary industries.



The main source of employment for architects in Canada is the construction of dwelling places.

In 1941 the census reported 2,155,550 buildings containing 2,706,154 households. The need for replacement and expansion is well known. In 1944 building permits issued by 204 municipalities for housing units covered 20,000 new houses and 3,700 conversions.

Very few architects are recorded outside of the cities in the census returns and it may be assumed that many of those located in other sections are probably employed in neighbouring cities. The distribution of architects in the population is as follows:

	Population per Architect	
	Cities of 30,000 and over	Other Areas
Canada.....	4,535	15,110
Prince Edward Island.....		23,761
Nova Scotia.....	5,035	31,592
New Brunswick.....	6,467	50,708
Quebec.....	4,168	12,539
Ontario.....	4,093	10,232
Manitoba.....	7,160	25,889
Saskatchewan.....	7,234	132,453
Alberta.....	6,301	61,344
British Columbia.....	5,704	8,448

Average annual earnings in 1941 were \$2,250, while average weeks of employment were 47.87 in the year preceding the census.

### AGRICULTURE AND RELATED PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

The number of graduates in scientific agriculture reached its highest point in 1942 when 261 men and 8 women received bachelor degrees. Since 1934 the graduates have exceeded 200 each year. The number of women in any year has never exceeded 10.

The number of diplomas awarded for courses in practical agriculture for farmers' sons fluctuates considerably from year to year. The totals by five-year intervals reflect the trend towards more modern methods in the agriculture industry. They have increased from 400 in 1922-26 to 700 in 1937-41. During the years 1942-43 and 44, when abnormal conditions in man-power prevailed throughout the agriculture industry, the diploma course was suspended in some colleges.

The 1941 Census returns do not report a separate class of professional agriculturists. A large number of them are "lost" in other classifications such as owners and managers, the Dominion and Provincial government employees and the agricultural publicity and marketing agencies of both radio and press. Other graduates specialize in certain branches of science that may lead to such occupational designations as botanist, biologist, plant or animal pathologist, entomologist, etc., in research laboratories.

*Forestry.*—The annual number of degrees awarded in forest engineering and forest science average 32; the highest number in a single year being 49.

Forest engineers are employed in the conservation departments and research laboratories of the Dominion and Provincial Governments, by large scale operatives in the wood using and pulp and paper industries and by the publicity agencies associated with the preservation of Canadian forests and the promotion and development of forest products.

Since the number of persons enumerated as forest engineers is small they are included with such groups as: Civil engineer; Foresters, Forest rangers and Timber cruisers; Public service officials; Government Inspectors. For this reason details concerning employment conditions are not available for this group.

*Veterinary Science.*—Improvement in the standards of Canadian livestock requires scientific supervision of the health and care of animals. Within the past twenty-five years the courses



of training in Canadian veterinary colleges have been improved considerably. The course at the Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph, requires four years after senior matriculation or five years including a pre-professional year. Post-graduate courses leading to a Masters degree or Doctorate are included in the University of Toronto School of Graduate Studies. A diploma course, post-graduate, in veterinary public health is obtainable from the School of Hygiene, Toronto and the Faculty of Medicine at McGill University.

L'Ecole de Médecine vétérinaire de la Province de Québec, Oka, is affiliated with l'Université de Montréal. The admission requirements are Bachelor ès arts or the special admission examination. The course covers five years.

Those awarded degrees from the two colleges in the past 25 years number 965, including six women. The annual average number of graduates in recent years has been 59.

The 1941 Census reports 1,050 veterinary surgeons gainfully occupied in 1941. More than one-third of these are in the age group 65 and over. At the present rate of replacements the professional life of a veterinary doctor should average 25 years. The distribution of Canadian livestock by provinces, December, 1944, in relation to the distribution of veterinary surgeons, is as follows:

—	Veterinary Surgeons	Distribution of Livestock in Thousands				
		Cattle	Horses	Sheep	Swine	Poultry
Canada.....	1,095	10,258	2,780	2,822	7,647	66,604
Prince Edward Island.....	11	104	28	31	69	891
Nova Scotia.....	23	219	35	99	81	1,217
New Brunswick.....	30	211	48	68	95	1,205
Quebec.....	224	1,905	411	621	1,211	13,035
Ontario.....	501	2,840	498	484	1,810	20,110
Manitoba.....	89	961	284	209	571	6,216
Saskatchewan.....	86	1,876	825	449	1,461	13,104
Alberta.....	77	1,786	590	775	2,273	8,610
British Columbia.....	54	356	61	86	76	2,216



**SECTION II**  
**CURRENT TABLES, 1942-44**



**I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations**

NOTE.—The name of each institution is entered in the language (French or English) used in it as the main language of instruction. The name of each university that has numerous affiliated colleges is entered in italics, and immediately below are listed its affiliated institutions, their names slightly indented in the column. The whole is designed to indicate the structure of the higher educational system in Canada.

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Prince Edward Island</b>	
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown (Provincial).	Normal School, Preparatory and Two Years Arts (Co-educational). Graduates admitted to 3rd and 2nd year Arts in Dalhousie, Acadia, Mount Allison and King's.
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown (Roman Catholic).	Junior Commercial, Preparatory and Full Course in Arts (Men only). Has degree-granting powers, but in practice degrees are granted by Laval University, Quebec.
<b>Nova Scotia</b>	
Acadia University, Wolfville (Baptist) . . . . .	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts and Science, Household Science, Music and Theology. Three Years' Engineering. Diploma in Secretarial Science. (Co-educational). Students completing Engineering Course, admitted to second-last year of Bachelor's Course in Engineering in Nova Scotia Technical College and McGill University. Graduates in Arts, if proper electives have been chosen, admitted to second year Medicine in McGill.
Dalhousie University, Halifax (Undenominational).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Commerce, Music, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Law and Fisheries. Diploma in Household Science, Three Years' Engineering. (Co-educational). On completion of Engineering Course at Dalhousie, B.Sc. in Engineering obtained at Nova Scotia Technical College in two years.
University of King's College, Halifax (Anglican).	Arts and Science, Degrees in Theology. (Preparatory in King's College School at Windsor, N.S., reported in private schools) (Co-educational). All degrees in Arts and Science granted by Dalhousie. Except in First Year, classes in King's do not duplicate those in Dalhousie, each other class whether conducted in the one or the other institution, being open to students of both. King's is "associated" with Dalhousie.
Mount Saint Vincent College, Rockingham (Roman Catholic).	(Preparatory in Mt. St. Vincent Academy reported in private schools). Degrees in Arts, Secretarial Science, Household Economics, Nursing and Music (Women only). Arts students may receive advanced standing at Dalhousie in 1st and 2nd year classes for work done at the College, and instruction in separate classes in 3rd and 4th year work.
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax (United Church).	Degrees in Theology. First Year of course may be taken at Dalhousie or Mount Allison Universities. For certain classes in Pine Hill credit is given toward the B.A. degree in Dalhousie.
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Medical Science Bldg., Halifax (Pharm. Soc. and Dalhousie Univ.).	Two- and three-year Pharmacy courses. Prepare students to become registered Pharmacists in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick (Co-educational). Students may obtain degrees of B.Sc. (Pharmacy) in Dalhousie by taking certain courses in the Faculty of Arts and Science in addition.
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Science, Household Science, Nursing, Three Years' Engineering. (Men and Women, the ladies' College being Mount St. Bernard). B.Sc. in Engineering completed at Nova Scotia Technical College in two years by those completing the three-year course in St. Francis Xavier. Similarly at McGill.
St. Mary's College, Halifax (Roman Catholic)	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce. Three Years' Engineering (Men only). Engineering Course completed at Nova Scotia Technical College as above.
Collège Ste-Anne, Church Point (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial, Degrees in Arts and Letters (Men only).
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax (Roman Catholic).	Theology and Philosophy.
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro (Provincial).	Short courses in Agriculture and Home Economics. Two Years of a "degree course" in Agriculture (Co-educational). Students completing "degree course" are admitted to the third year of B.S.A. course at Macdonald College, Quebec, and at the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax (Provincial).	The two final years of course for B.Sc. in Engineering, and grants degrees. Regular students have taken junior years of course in Acadia, Dalhousie-King's, Mt. Allison, St. Francis Xavier, or St. Mary's.
<b>New Brunswick</b>	
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton (Provincial).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Law, Engineering and Forestry (Co-educational).
Mount Allison University, Sackville (United Church).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Music, Fine Arts and Home Economics. Certificates in Art and Home Economics. Diplomas in Secretarial Science and Commerce. Three Years Engineering. One Year Theology. Two Years' pre-medical and pre-dental. (Co-educational). Arrangements provide for completing of degree course in Engineering at Nova Scotia Technical College, McGill or Queen's in two years, in Theology at Pine Hill Divinity Hall in three years, in Medicine at Dalhousie or McGill in five years, in Dentistry at Dalhousie in four years.
Université Saint-Joseph, Saint Joseph (Roman Catholic, French and English).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Literature, Science and Commerce (Men only).
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Bathurst (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Diplomas in Commerce, Degrees in Arts and Letters (Men only).
St. Thomas College, Chatham (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts. (Men only).



## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec</b>	
Montreal School of Social Work, 3480 University St., Montreal. (Udenominational).	Two-year diploma course in Social Work. (Co-educational). By arrangement, students whose undergraduate course has not included the required preliminary work in social sciences are admitted to the necessary courses in McGill University.
Sir George Williams College, 1441 Drummond St., Montreal. (Y.M.C.A.)	Diplomas and Degrees in Arts, Science and Commerce, Courses in Fine and Applied Art and Business. (Co-educational).
Bishops' University, Lennoxville, Que. (Anglican).	Degrees in Arts, Music and Theology. Course in Education for High School Teacher's Diploma (Co-educational).
McGill University, Montreal, Que. (Udenominational).	Degrees or diplomas in Arts and Science, Commerce, Law, Agriculture Architecture, Engineering, Dentistry, Medicine, Pharmacy, Household Science, Nursing, Music, Physical Education, Library School and Graduate School (Co-educational). See under Royal Military College, Acadia, Mount Allison, St. Francis Xavier, and Alberta Universities for arrangement <i>re</i> credit for Engineering Courses at McGill. See also under Macdonald College and the three theological colleges immediately below.
Royal Victoria College, Montreal, Que. (Udenominational).	The Women's College in McGill University for courses in the Faculty of Arts.
Macdonald College, Macdonald College (Udenominational).	Full courses and Short Courses in Agriculture and Household Science, (Also Provincial Normal School) (Co-educational). An incorporated College of McGill University. Degree Courses in Agriculture controlled by, and degrees for same granted by McGill. Other courses in Agriculture and those in Household Science under direction of the College.
United Theological College, 3506 University St., Montreal (United Church)	Degrees in Theology. Affiliated to McGill: Students of these Colleges pursuing a double course in Arts and Theology are exempted from a half course in Arts in each of the Third and Fourth Years, or a whole course in Arts.
Diocesan Theological College, 3472 University St., Montreal (Anglican).	
Montreal Presbyterian College, 3489 McTavish St., Montreal (Presbyterian).	
Université de Montréal, Montréal, (Roman Catholic, as also most affiliated colleges).	The faculties and Schools of the University are: Theology (Grand Séminaire de Montréal), Law, Medicine, Science, Philosophy (including l'Institut de Psychologie and l'Institut d'études médiévales), Letters, Dietetics, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Social Science, Nursing, also the affiliated schools listed below in Agriculture, Commerce, Engineering and Applied Science, Optometry, Pedagogy, Veterinary Science, etc.
Ecole Polytechnique, 1430 St-Denis, Montréal (Provincial).	"Affiliated Schools" of the University of Montreal. They might be considered the respective professional Faculties of the University which has direct control of the courses and grants the degrees, but no financial control.
Ecole des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, 535 Avenue Viger, Montréal (Provincial).	
Institut agricole d'Oka, La Trappe. ....	
Ecole de médecine vétérinaire, La Trappe. ....	Men and boys only. "Little Seminaries" and "Classical Colleges" affiliated to the University of Montreal, and in reality constituting the Faculty of Arts of the University, which regulates the courses and grants the degrees in Arts. The "Classical" Course, however, covers in addition to the final four years required for the B.A. Degree several preliminary years of study comparable to the more advanced grades of the elementary schools and the secondary grades in other provinces. In addition several of these institutions offer junior commercial courses corresponding to commercial courses in the high schools of other provinces.
Ecole d'optométrie, 1610 St-Denis, Montréal	
Institut pédagogique St-Georges, 244 rue Sherbrooke est, Montréal.	
Institut pédagogique, 4873 Westmount Ave., Montréal.	Affiliated Arts Colleges for girls similar to above for men and boys.
Petit Séminaire de Montréal. ....	
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St-Hyacinthe	
Séminaire de Ste-Thérèse, Ste-Thérèse. ....	
Collège de l'Assomption, l'Assomption. ....	
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette. ....	
Collège Ste-Marie, 1180 Bleury, Montréal. ....	
Collège Bourget, Rigaud. ....	
Collège de St-Laurent, St-Laurent. ....	
Séminaire St-Charles Borromée, Sherbrooke	
Séminaire de Valleyfield, Valleyfield. ....	
Collège de St-Jean sur Richelieu, St. Jean. ....	
Loyola College, Montreal. ....	
Séminaire Ste-Croix, St-Laurent. ....	
Collège Jean-de-Brébeuf, Côte-des-Neiges, Montréal. ....	
Externat Classique de St-Sulpice, Montréal. ....	Classical—"Letters-Science" or High School Course of four years for girls
Externat Classique de St-Croix, Montréal. ....	
Juniorat de Marie-Immaculée, Chambly. ....	
Collège Campion, Regina, Sask. ....	
Juvénat du T.S.-Sacrement, Terrebonne. ....	
Collège Stanislas, Montréal. ....	Affiliated Arts Colleges for girls similar to above for men and boys.
Collège Marguerite-Bourgeoys, Montréal. ....	
Marianopolis College, Montreal. ....	
Collège Saint-Maurice, St-Hyacinthe. ....	
Collège Basil-Moreau, St-Laurent. ....	
Collège Marie-Anne, Lachine. ....	Classical—"Letters-Science" or High School Course of four years for girls
Collège Jésus-Marie, Outremont. ....	
41 Couvents affiliés. ....	

## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec—Continued</b>	
Conservatoire National de Musique, 441 LaGauchetière est, Montréal. Ecole de musique (Institut Nazareth), Montréal. Ecole supérieure demusique de l'Institut des SS. N.N. de Jésus et Marie, Montréal. Ecole de musique religieuse (Schola Can- torum), Montréal. Ecole de dessin, Montréal..... Ecole de tourisme, 7459 de l'Epée, Montréal. 8 écoles d'enseignement ménager..... Conservatoire Lasalle, 847 Sherbrooke St. E., Montréal.	Schools "annexed" to the University of Montreal, <i>i.e.</i> , of which the Univer- sity approves the curriculum, is represented at the examinations, and sanctions the diploma awarded.
Ecole d'hygiène sociale appliquée, 1231 Demontigny, Montréal.	Graduate courses for nurses. "Annexed" to the Faculty of Medicine, University of Montreal. See meaning of "annexed" above.
<i>Université Laval, Quebec (Roman Catholic,            as also all affiliated colleges).</i>	Faculties and Schools of the University are: Theology, Canon Law, Philos- ophy, Law, Medicine (including School of Nursing), Arts, Letters, Science, Social Science and School of Graduate Studies. The faculty of Arts includes Modern Languages, Commerce, Music and Household Science. The faculty of Science includes Superior Chemistry, the School of Mines, Engineering, Surveying and Forestry, Fisheries, Superior Normal School and School of Pharmacy,
Grand Séminaire de Rimouski..... " " de Chicoutimi..... " " de Nicolet..... " " des Trois-Rivières.....	The "Grand Seminaries" listed are schools of theology located at or near the "Little Seminaries" or "Classical Colleges" bearing the same name. The Grand Seminary at Quebec City is the Faculty of Theology in Laval University.
Petit Séminaire de Québec, Québec..... Petit Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet..... Collège de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne-de-la-Poca- tière..... Petit Séminaire des Trois-Rivières..... Petit Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski..... Petit Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi, Collège de Lévis, Lévis..... Petit Séminaire de Mont-Laurier, Mt-Laurier..... Collège St-Alexandre, Limbour..... Ecole Apostolique, Notre-Dame, Lévis.... Séminaire du Sacré-Cœur, St-Victor..... Séminaire de Gaspé, Gaspé..... Collège Charles-Garnier, Québec..... Séminaire St-Alphonse, Ste-Anne-de-Beau- pré et Aylmer..... Séminaire St-Antoine, Trois-Rivières et Québec..... Externat Saint-Jean-Eudes, Québec..... Séminaire Montfortain, Papineauville..... Le Collège d'Amos..... Le Juvénat des Pères Maristes Sillery.....	Classical Colleges and Little Seminaries affiliated to the University of Laval. See explanation opposite the names of the similar institutions affiliated to the University of Montreal.
*Collège des Jésuites, Sudbury, Ont..... *Collège des Jésuites, Edmonton, Alta..... *St. Dustan's University, Charlottetown, P.E.I.	"Associated Colleges," <i>i.e.</i> , "affiliated classical colleges" situated outside the provinces of Quebec and Ontario (Lower and Upper Canada).
Académie de la Salle, Trois-Rivières..... Académie Commerciale, Québec..... L'Institut des Frères du Sacré-Cœur, Artha- baska..... Ecole d'Agriculture de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne de-la-Pocatière.	Schools for men, other than theological and classical, affiliated to the University of Laval. Diplomas and degrees are awarded by the University.
L'Institut des Dames Religieuses de Jésus- Marie de Sillery, Québec..... L'Institut des Dames Religieuses de l'As- somption, Nicolet..... L'Institut des Dames Religieuses des Ursu- lines, Trois-Rivières..... Le Collège des Ursulines, Québec..... Pensionnat Notre-Dame de Bellevue, Québec..... Collège des Ursulines, Rimouski.....	Affiliated Arts Colleges for girls similar to Classical Colleges for men.
Ecole Supérieure des Sciences Domestiques, St-Pascal.	Degree Courses in Domestic Science.
16 couvents ou instituts affiliés, 2 écoles d'ens. ménager, et St. Patrick High School, Three Rivers.	"Higher Primary instruction," <i>i.e.</i> , High School Course for girls.
12 Ecoles de Gardes-Malades.....	Diploma Course in Nursing.

\* Also listed with the institutions of the province where located.

## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec—Concluded</b>	
Theological Schools (without University affiliation).	
Scolasticat de l'Immaculée Conception (Jésuites), 1855 Rachel E., Montréal.	
Scolasticat des Religieux du T.-S.-Sacrement 514 Mt. Royal Ave. E., Montréal.	
Studium Franc. de Théologie, Blvd. Rosemont, Montréal.	
Maison d'études du monastère de la Réparation (Capucins), Pointe-aux-Trembles.	
Séminaire des Missions Etrangères, Pont-Viau.	
Studium Franc. de Philosophie, 33 rue de l'Alverne, Québec.	
Scolasticat de Philosophie (Oblats), Richelieu.	Theological schools. Some have classical students, <i>i.e.</i> , students in philosophy, as well as theological students. No affiliation.
Scolasticat St-Charles (Clercs de St-Viateur), Joliette.	
Scolasticat de la Congrégation de Ste-Croix, Montréal.	
Scolasticat de Philosophie (Cong. de Ste-Croix), St. Laurent.	
Monastère des Trappistes, N-D. du Lac et Mistassini.	
Scolasticat (philosophie) des Miss. du Sacré-Cœur, Waterloo.	
Séminaire des Missionnaires d'Afrique (Pères Blancs), Everell.	
Noviciat des PP. Bénédictins, St. Benoît du Lac.	
Ecole apostolique des Miss. du Sacré-Cœur, Beauport.	
Juvénat St. Bernard (Cisterciens), Mistassini.	
Cisterciens de la Commune Observance, N.D. de Val d'Espoir.	
Cisterciens de l'Immaculée-Conception, St-Michel de R.	
Ecole St-Ignace (Jésuites), 1180 Bleury, Montréal.	
Maison St-Joseph (Jésuites), Sault-au-Récollet.	
Juniorat de la Compagnie de Marie, Papi-neauville.	
Collège Missionnaire (Franciscains), Sorel.	Classical course preparatory to Theology, roughly equivalent to high school and junior college years. No affiliation.
Collège Séraphique (Franciscains), Trois-Rivières.	
Noviciat des Pères Capucins, Québec.....	
Congrégation de la Fraternité Sacerdotale, Pointe-du-Lac.	
Juvénat St-Joseph, Cong. de Ste-Croix, St. Hyacinthe.	
Juvénat des Saints-Anges, Clercs de St-Viateur, Berthierville.	
Juvénat Champagneur, Clercs de St-Viateur, L'Epiphanie.	
<b>Ontario</b>	
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa (Roman Catholic, O.M.I.).	Degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce, Canon Law, Philosophy, and Theology, Preparatory Department. Also conducts a Provincial Normal School for teachers of bilingual schools in Ontario, a School of Catholic Action, School of Music and Elocution, School of Nursing, and School of Political Science.
Congrégation de Notre-Dame, Ottawa.....	
Pensionnat de N.D. du Sacré-Cœur, Ottawa	
Maison-Mère des S.G. de la Croix, Ottawa...	Preparatory and Arts Schools in Ontario. Full Course in Arts not given in all schools.
Pensionnat de N.D. de Lourdes, Ottawa....	
Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....	
*Notre Dame College, Wilcox, Sask.....	
*Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg, Sask.....	
*Collège Thèvenet, Gravelbourg, Sask.....	
*Convent des SS. de la Providence, Frudhomme, Sask.	Affiliated arts and preparatory schools situated outside the province of Ontario.
*Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Regina, Sask.....	
*Juniorat St-Jean Apôtre, Edmonton, Alta.	
*Académie Ste-Thérèse, Medicine Hat, Alta.	

Also listed with the institutions of the province where located.

## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Ontario—Continued</b>	
<i>University of Western Ontario, London (Undenominational).</i>	Degrees in Arts (and Science), Medicine, and Public Health. Diplomas in Business Administration, Nursing and Hospital Administration (Co-educational.)
Alma College, St. Thomas (United Church)	Affiliated Colleges of the University of Western Ontario, Arts only, except Theology at Huron, Waterloo and St. Peter's Seminary. The University approves the curricula and grants the degrees in Arts.
Assumption College, Windsor (Roman Catholic.)	
Huron College, London (Anglican).....	
St. Peter's Seminary, London (Roman Catholic.)	
Ursuline College, London (Roman Catholic)	
Waterloo College, Waterloo (Evangelical Lutheran).	Degrees in Arts (and Science), Commerce, Applied Science and Engineering, Medicine (Co-educational). Degree Course in Theology. Affiliated to Queen's University. Degrees granted by the University.
Queen's University, Kingston (Undenominational).	
Queen's Theological College, Kingston (United Church).	
McMaster University, Hamilton (Baptist)..	
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto 2, (Law Society).	
Royal Military College, Kingston (Dominion)	A four-year course for which one year of Arts is prerequisite, graduating barristers-at-law (Co-educational). No affiliation. Universities admit graduates to fourth year of civil engineering and third year of other engineering courses.
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener (Roman Catholic.)	Junior commercial, preparatory years, and a three year College of Arts Course (Men). No affiliation.
Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Sudbury (Roman Catholic.)	Preparatory and Arts (Men). See under Laval University.
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic.)	Preparatory, junior commercial, degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce and Social Science (Men). St. Patrick's College, while retaining autonomy of Faculty and Administration, shares the rights and privileges of the charter of the University of Ottawa with regard to the conferring of academic degrees.
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto. (Roman Catholic.)	Theological schools. Some have classical students, i.e., students in Philosophy, as well as Theological students.
St. Alphonsus Seminary, Woodstock. (Roman Catholic.)	
Collège des Dominicains, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic.)	
Séminaire Universitaire Saint-Paul, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic.)	
Scolasticat des Montfortains, Eastview. (Roman Catholic.)	
Séminaire des Missionnaires d'Afrique (Pères Blancs), Eastview. (Roman Catholic.)	
College of Christ the King, Toronto. (Roman Catholic.)	
St. Basil's Scolasticate, Toronto. (Roman Catholic.)	
Mount Carmel College, Niagara. (Roman Catholic.)	
St. Mary's College, Brockville. (Roman Catholic.)	
Collège Séraphique, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic.)	Classical course preparatory to Theology, roughly equivalent to high school and junior college years.
Juvénat St-Alexis, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic)	
St. Stanislas Noviciate, Guelph. (Roman Catholic.)	
<i>University of Toronto, Toronto 5 (Provincial)...</i>	Degrees in the Faculties of Arts (including Pure Science, Commerce and Law), Education, Music, Household Science, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Forestry, Engineering and Applied Science (including Architecture), School of Physical and Health Education, School of Graduate Studies. Diplomas in Social Science, Public Health, Public Health Nursing, Administrative Course for Graduate Nurses, Occupational Therapy, Physiotherapy, Library School. A course in Education leads to High School teacher's certificate from provincial Department of Education. (Co-educational).
St. Michael's College and Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto 5. (Roman Catholic.)	Preparatory and full Arts Course (Men and Women). Graduate course in Mediaeval Studies. Federated with University of Toronto.
Victoria University (2 colleges), Toronto (United Church).	Arts Degree Course in Victoria College, Theology in Emmanuel (Co-educational). Federated with University of Toronto.
Trinity College, Toronto 5 (Anglican).....	Degree Courses in Arts and Theology (Co-educational). Federated with University of Toronto.
Knox College, Toronto 5 (Presbyterian)....	Theology.
Wycliffe College, Toronto 5 (Anglican).....	Theology.
United Church Training School, Toronto...	Diploma courses in Deaconess and Missionary training (Women). Affiliated with Emmanuel College in Victoria University. Courses of the Canadian School of Missions also available.
Church of England Training House, Toronto	Diploma courses in Deaconess and Missionary training (Women). Courses given at Wycliffe College and at the Canadian School of Missions are available to students.



## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Ontario—Concluded</b>	
Canadian School of Missions, Toronto (Mission Boards of Anglican, United and Presbyterian Churches).	Provides certain courses for missionary students and missionaries on furlough. All students have access to courses in the Theological Colleges—Knox, Victoria, Trinity and Wycliffe.
Ontario College of Pharmacy, St. James Sq., Toronto (Pharmacists).	Degree and diploma courses in Pharmacy. (Co-educational). Degrees from the University of Toronto.
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph (Provincial).	Degree and diploma courses in Agriculture and Household Science (Co-educational). Degrees from the University.
Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph (Provincial).	Degree Courses in Veterinary Science (Men). Degrees from the University.
<b>Manitoba</b>	
<i>University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in the faculties of Arts and Science (including Commerce), Education, Law, Medicine, Engineering, and Architecture, Agriculture and Household Science Pharmacy diplomas and High School teachers course, School of Social Work. (Co-educational).
Manitoba Law School, Law Courts, Winnipeg (University and Law Society).	Four year Course leading to degree of LL.B. in the University of Manitoba, admission to the Law Society, and call to the Bar.
United College (Wesley and Manitoba), Winnipeg (United Church).	Preparatory and full course in Arts and Theology. (Co-educational).
St. Paul's College, Winnipeg (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts. Courses for women given at St. Mary's College and Academy.
St. John's College, North Main St., Winnipeg (Anglican).	Preparatory, full course in Arts and Theology. (Co-educational).
Collège de St-Boniface, St-Boniface (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial and full course in Arts. Women's courses given at St. Joseph's Academy.
Brandon College, Brandon.....	Preparatory and full Arts Course. Diplomas in Music and Expression. (Co-educational). Affiliate of the University of Manitoba.
<b>Saskatchewan</b>	
<i>University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in the Faculties of Arts and Science, Agriculture, Household Science Engineering, Pharmacy, Law, Accounting, Education, Music (also course leading to provincial High School teacher's certificate). Pre-medical and pre-dental years. School of Physical Education, School of Nursing. (Co-educational).
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon (Anglican) ...	Degree courses in Theology.
St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon (United Church).	" " (Co-educational).
Lutheran College and Seminary, Saskatoon (Lutheran).	Preparatory and Diploma Courses in Theology.
St. Chad's College, Regina (Anglican).....	Degree Course in Theology.
Regina College, Regina (Provincial).....	Preparatory and two years in Arts; Music, Expression and Fine Art. (Co-educational).
Campion College, Regina (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and two years in Arts; (Boys).
Outlook College, Outlook (Nor. Lutheran) ..	" " (Co-educational).
St. Peter's College, Muenster (Roman Catholic).	" " (Boys).
Luther College, Regina (American Lutheran)	" " (Co-educational).
St. Thomas More College, Saskatoon. (Roman Catholic).	Arts. (Co-educational). Affiliated to University of Saskatchewan.
Grand Séminaire, Mazenod, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic).	Theology.
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Boys).
Collège Thêvenet, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic).	" " (Girls).
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Regina (Roman Catholic).	" " (Girls).
Couvent des SS. de la Providence, Prud'homme (Roman Catholic).	" " (Girls).
Notre Dame College, Wilcox (Roman Catholic).	" " (Co-educational).
<b>Alberta</b>	
<i>University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in Arts and Science, Commerce, Agriculture, Household Science, Engineering, Education (also course for High School teacher's certificate), Law, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Nursing. (Co-educational).
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton (United Church).	Theology, Arts classes taken in the University of Alberta (Men).
Grand Séminaire St. Joseph, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).	Theology.
St. Joseph's College, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).	Instruction in Arts subjects, and religious instruction (Men). All students also registered in the University of Alberta.
St. Aidan's College, Edmonton (Anglican) ..	Proposed Theological College, exists in constitution only.
Mount Royal College, Calgary (United Church).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial, Music and Two years Art (Co-educational).
Concordia College, Edmonton (Lutheran).....	A four-year high school and two-year Arts Course (Co-educational).



## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Concluded

Name of Institutions, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<p><b>Alberta—Concluded</b></p> <p>Canadian Union College, Lacombe (Seventh Day Adventists).  Collège des Jésuites, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).  Juniorat St-Jean-Apôtre, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).  Académie Ste. Thérèse, Medicine Hat (Roman Catholic).</p>	<p>Preparatory, Junior Commercial and two years Arts (Co-educational).  Preparatory and Full Arts Course (Men). See under Laval University, Quebec.  Preparatory and Arts Classes (Male).  “ “ (Female). } See under University of Ottawa.</p>
<p><b>British Columbia</b></p> <p><i>University of British Columbia, Vancouver (Provincial).</i>  Victoria College, Victoria (Municipal).....  Anglican Theological College of British Columbia, Vancouver (Anglican).  Union College of British Columbia, Vancouver (United Church).</p>	<p>Degrees in Arts and Science (including Commerce, Education and Home Economics), Engineering and Applied Science, Agriculture, Social Service and Nursing diplomas, High School teacher's training course (Co-educational).  Two years of Arts and Science (including Commerce) and one year of Applied Science, University of B.C. curriculum (Co-educational). A Junior College of the University of B.C. for convenience of residents of Vancouver Island.  Degree courses in theology. Affiliated theological colleges of the University of British Columbia. They provide religious knowledge options for which credit is given by the University toward the B.A. degree.</p>

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITY FACULTIES IN CANADA, SHOWING THE FULL-TIME ENROLMENT OF UNIVERSITY GRADE IN EACH BRANCH OF STUDY, 1943 AND 1944

NOTE.—This is a detailed list of the institutions or parts of institutions for which statistics are summarized in the ensuing tables. The name of each appears in the language, English or French, used in it as the main language of instruction. The figures opposite the name of each show full-time enrolment of university grade, i.e., in courses for which matriculation is prerequisite, male and female separately. No record is included of part-time students (except in Post-Graduate Arts and Science where they cannot be separated), evening classes, short courses or extension students of any kind; nor of full-time students that are in courses for which matriculation is not prerequisite, e.g., students in the high school or preparatory departments of colleges, or in diploma courses in agriculture, household science, music, etc. Students of all kinds are counted in the later tables but the more limited purpose of Table 2 is to show at what locations instruction in each branch of higher studies is available, and to indicate the approximate share of each institution in the total.

	1944		1943	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>1. Post-Graduate Arts and Pure Science</b> (in this section it is necessary to include part-time students of the regular session as well as full-time)—				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. ....	9	1	6	—
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	9	5	17	8
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. ....	5	1	8	5
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B. ....	3	—	2	—
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B. ....	3	—	—	—
McGill University, Faculty of Graduate Studies and Research, Montréal, Qué. ....	102	46	144	43
<sup>1</sup> Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Qué. ....	1	2	—	—
<sup>1</sup> Université Laval, Ecole des Gradués, Québec. ....	26	42	22	4
Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	581	121	311	116
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. ....	134	42	55	34
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont. ....	8	2	9	2
Queen's University, Kingston, Ont. ....	16	1	9	3
Pontifical Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto, Ont. ....	11	3	*	*
University of Toronto, School of Graduate Studies, Toronto, Ont. ....	302	71	252	79
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	15	8	25	7
University of Manitoba, Fort Garry, Man. ....	21	14	37	11
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	8	7	8	6
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	45	12	43	4
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	67	39	72	24
<b>Undergraduate Arts and Pure Science (Full B.A. Course)—</b>				
<b>PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—</b>				
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown. ....	71	6	65	8
<b>NOVA SCOTIA—</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville. ....	244	91	177	82
Collège Ste-Anne, Church Point. ....	27	—	34	—
Dalhousie University, Halifax. ....	121	95	140	82
King's College (University of), Halifax. ....	11	20	18	12
Mt. St. Vincent College, Halifax. ....	—	35	—	47
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish. ....	247	47	210	39
St. Mary's College, Halifax. ....	*	*	58	—
<b>NEW BRUNSWICK—</b>				
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Bathurst. ....	70	—	61	—
Mount Allison University, Sackville. ....	163	60	129	67
St. Thomas College, Chatham. ....	67	24	75	23
Université St-Joseph, St. Joseph. ....	102	5	85	—
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton. ....	116	44	127	46
<b>QUEBEC—</b>				
Bishop's University, Lennoxville. ....	58	32	81	27
McGill University, Montréal. ....	625	634	659	561
Sir George Williams College, Montreal. ....	154	46	135	44
<b>Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université de Montréal:</b>				
Collège de l'Assomption, L'Assomption. ....	116	—	125	—
Collège Bourget, Rigaud. ....	102	—	82	—
Collège Brébeuf, Montréal. ....	216	—	216	—
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette. ....	163	—	170	—
Loyola College, Montréal. ....	155	—	109	—
Collège de Montréal, Montréal. ....	154	—	102	—
Séminaire St-Charles Borromée, Sherbrooke. ....	114	—	110	—
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St-Hyacinthe. ....	148	—	146	—

<sup>1</sup>All students in the faculties of Letters, Philosophy and Science at the University of Montreal and Laval University hold a bachelor's degree, in a general classical course, not in specialized fields as is generally the case with students pursuing post-graduate studies in the English language universities.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1944		1943	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>2. Undergraduates Arts and Pure Science—Concluded</b>				
<b>QUEBEC—Concluded</b>				
Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université de Montréal—Fin.				
Collège de St-Jean, St-Jean.....	88	—	100	—
Collège St-Laurent, St-Laurent.....	163	—	158	—
Externat St-Sulpice, Montréal.....	83	—	123	—
Externat Ste-Croix, Montréal.....	116	—	103	—
Collège Ste-Marie, Montréal.....	225	—	215	—
Séminaire Ste-Thérèse, Ste-Thérèse.....	94	—	67	—
Séminaire de Valleyfield, Valleyfield.....	71	—	74	—
Collège Ste-Croix, Saint-Laurent.....	116	—	130	—
Collège Jésus et Marie, Outremont.....	—	31	—	24
Collège Marie-Anne, Lachine.....	—	35	—	34
Collège Marguerite Bougeoy, Montréal.....	—	76	—	72
Collège Saint-Maurice, St-Hyacinthe.....	—	11	—	13
Colleges Classiques affiliés à l'Université Laval:				
Séminaire de Québec.....	336	—	351	—
Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet.....	104	—	90	—
Collège de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière.....	140	—	134	—
Séminaire St-Joseph, Trois-Rivières.....	183	—	139	—
Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski.....	152	—	95	—
Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi.....	134	—	95	—
Collège Classique de Lévis, Lévis.....	140	—	127	—
Séminaire St-Joseph, Mont-Laurier.....	28	—	30	—
Collège St-Alexandre, Limbour.....	40	—	36	—
Séminaire de St-Victor, St-Victor de Beauce.....	53	—	58	—
Collège des Jésuites, Gaspé.....	36	—	27	—
Collège St-Charles-Garnier, Québec.....	123	—	94	—
Séminaire St-Alphonse, Ste-Anne-de-Beaupré.....	40	—	45	—
Séminaire St-Antoine, Trois-Rivières.....	39	—	14	—
Pensionnat Notre Dame, Nicolet.....	—	7	—	7
Pensionnat Notre Dame, St-Anne-de-Bellevue.....	—	14	—	15
Collège Jésus-Marie de Sillery, Bergerville.....	—	28	—	24
<b>ONTARIO—</b>				
McMaster University, Hamilton.....	391	244	349	258
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa (Colleges included).....	514	78	235	10
Collège Bruyère, Ottawa.....	—	38	—	*
Collège Notre-Dame, Ottawa.....	—	34	—	*
Séminaire St-Jean Vianney, Ottawa.....	109	—	*	—
Scholasticat Saint-Joseph, Ottawa.....	*	—	*	—
Queen's University, Kingston.....	317	292	310	306
Collège Sacré-Cœur, Sudbury.....	229	—	86	—
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa.....	107	2	95	1
University of Toronto, Toronto (Colleges included).....	949	1,580	1,262	1,344
St. Michael's College, Toronto.....	193	146	254	110
Trinity College, Toronto.....	104	214	147	206
Victoria College, Toronto.....	293	568	377	498
University of Western Ontario, London (Colleges included).....	701	412	727	346
Assumption College, Windsor.....	203	102	228	39
Ursuline College, London.....	—	71	—	48
Waterloo College, Waterloo.....	35	32	34	24
<b>MANITOBA—</b>				
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg (Colleges included).....	760	462	893	444
Brandon College, Brandon.....	35	34	47	39
Collège St-Boniface, St-Boniface.....	37	35	43	23
St. John's College, Winnipeg.....	15	7	22	7
St. Paul's College, Winnipeg.....	31	32	43	38
United College, Winnipeg.....	119	129	153	124
<b>SASKATCHEWAN—</b>				
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg.....	38	—	35	—
Notre Dame College, Wilcox.....	40	20	42	18
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon.....	301	256	437	283
St. Thomas More College, Saskatoon.....	49	32	48	30
<b>ALBERTA—</b>				
Collège des Jésuites, Edmonton.....	*	*	*	*
University of Alberta, Edmonton.....	131	147	165	118
<b>BRITISH COLUMBIA—</b>				
University of British Columbia, Vancouver.....	862	601	878	570

\*Record not available.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1944		1943	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>3. Junior Colleges and Classical Schools of Roman Catholic Orders Preparatory to Theology.</b>				
<b>PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—</b>				
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown.....	53	29	43	25
<b>QUÉBEC—</b>				
Ecole St-Ignace (Jésuites), Montréal.....				
Maison St-Joseph (Jésuites), Sault-au-Récollet.....				
Juniorat de Marie-Immaculée (Oblats), Chambly-Bassin.....				
Collège Séraphique (Franciscains), Trois-Rivières.....				
Collège missionnaire Franciscain, Sorel.....				
Juvénat des Cisterciens (Trappistes), Mistassini.....				
Juniorat de la Compagnie de Marie, Papineauville.....				
Noviciat des Pères Capucins, Québec.....				
Ecole apostolique des Miss. du Sacré-Cœur, Beauport.....				
Congrégation de la Fraternité Sacerdotale, Pointe-du-Lac.....				
Cisterciens de la Commune Observance, N.-D. de Val d'Espoir.....	450	—	450	—
Cisterciens de l'Immaculée-Conception, St-Michel de Rougemont.....				
Juvénat St-Tharsicius, PP. du T.-S.-Sacrement, Terrebonne.....				
Juvénat St-Joseph, Congrégation de Ste-Croix, St-Hyacinthe.....				
Juvénat des Saints-Anges, Clercs de St-Viateur, Berthierville.....				
Juvénat Champagnieur, Clercs de St-Viateur, L'Epiphanie.....				
Noviciat des PP. Bénédictins, St-Benoit-du-Lac.....				
<b>ONTARIO—</b>				
Alma College, St. Thomas.....	—	10	—	9
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener.....	34	—	15	—
Mt. Carmel College (Carmelites), Niagara Falls.....	40	—	36	—
Collège Séraphique (Capucins), Ottawa.....	12	—	22	—
Juvénat St. Alexis (Servites de Marie), Ottawa.....	9	—	25	—
St. Stanislas Noviciate (Jesuits), Guelph.....	45	—	45	—
<b>SASKATCHEWAN—</b>				
Campion College, Regina.....	4	—	4	—
Luther College, Regina.....	12	4	13	5
Regina College, Regina.....	49	71	52	58
St. Peter's College, Muenster.....	23	—	22	—
<b>ALBERTA—</b>				
Canadian Union College, Lacombe.....	4	26	4	19
Concordia College, Edmonton.....	7	—	10	—
Mt. Royal College, Calgary.....	22	12	22	12
Juniorat St. Jean, Edmonton.....	4	—	7	—
<b>BRITISH COLUMBIA—</b>				
Victoria College, Victoria.....	104	88	159	82
<b>4. Agriculture—</b>				
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro, N.S.....	39	1	27	3
Ecole Supérieure d'Agriculture, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière, Qué.....	34	—	25	—
Institut Agricole d'Oka, La Trappe, Qué.....	128	—	129	—
Macdonald College, Macdonald College, Que.....	96	6	103	7
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont.....	232	7	276	9
Faculty of Agriculture, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	55	4	75	—
College of Agriculture, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	70	6	123	5
Faculty of Agriculture, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	64	1	86	3
Faculty of Agriculture, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	83	21	123	20
<b>5.—Architecture—</b>				
Department of Architecture, Faculty of Applied Science, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	24	16	29	13
Ecole des Beaux-Arts, Montréal, Qué.....	18	—	20	—
School of Architecture, Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	†	†	†	†
Faculty of Engineering and Architecture, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	29	4	25	4
Faculty of Applied Science, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	—	—	—	—

†Included in Applied Science and Engineering.



## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1944		1943	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>6. Applied Science and Engineering—</b>				
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax, N.S.....	68	—	70	—
<sup>2</sup> Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	103	1	105	—
<sup>2</sup> Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	65	—	79	—
<sup>2</sup> St. Mary's College, Halifax, N.S.....	*	*	73	—
<sup>2</sup> St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.....	102	—	87	—
<sup>2</sup> Mt. Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	90	1	91	1
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.....	146	—	148	—
Faculty of Applied Science, McGill University, Montreal, Qué.....	423	1	514	1
Ecole Polytechnique, Montréal, Qué.....	312	1	328	1
Faculté des Sciences, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	170	2	126	—
Faculty of Applied Science, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	626	2	634	—
Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	1,102	19	1,373	15
Royal Military College of Canada, Kingston, Ont.....	*	*	*	*
Faculty of Engineering and Architecture, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	284	1	295	1
College of Engineering, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	485	2	609	2
Faculty of Applied Science, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	367	1	363	2
Faculty of Applied Science, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	501	1	458	1
<b>7. Commerce—</b>				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	2	1	11	4
St. Mary's College, Halifax, N.S.....	*	—	43	—
L'Ecole Supérieure de Commerce de Québec, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	146	1	120	—
Ecole des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, Montréal, Qué.....	281	1	270	1
School of Commerce, McGill University, Montreal, Qué.....	72	23	114	20
Sir George Williams College, Montréal, Qué.....	30	2	23	2
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	27	—	18	—
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa, Ont.....	42	—	52	—
University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	†	†	†	†
School of Commerce and Administration, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	57	13	80	14
Department of Business Administration, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	†	†	†	†
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	49	16	66	17
School of Accounting, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	33	19	55	28
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	19	3	35	16
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	97	39	149	28
<b>8. Dentistry—</b>				
Faculty of Dentistry, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	22	—	25	—
Faculty of Dentistry, McGill University, Montréal, Qué.....	65	1	67	1
Faculté de Chirurgie Dentaire, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	156	—	139	—
Faculty of Dentistry, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	269	9	292	6
Faculty of Medicine and Dentistry, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	93	5	92	2
<b>9. Education—</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	1	—	2	5
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	2	6	1	8
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	—	30	—	29
Mt. Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	—	—	—	—
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que.....	—	—	4	3
McGill University, Montréal, Qué.....	7	81	4	49
Institut pédagogique, Université de Montréal, Qué.....	—	44	—	49
Institut pédagogique St-Georges, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	15	—	35	—
Ontario College of Education, Toronto, Ont.....	61	165	38	102
Faculty of Education, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	3	8	8	10
College of Education, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	9	7	2	9
Faculty of Education, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	23	62	30	47
Department of Education, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	4	22	20	48

<sup>2</sup>The pre-specialized years only of the Engineering course.

†Included in Arts.

\*Record not available.



## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1944		1943	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>10. Forestry—</b>				
Department of Applied Science, University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.	30	—	30	—
Ecole d'Arpentage et de Génie forestier, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.	52	—	48	—
Faculty of Forestry, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.	39	—	34	—
Department of Forestry, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.	4	—	16	—
<b>11. Home Economics—</b>				
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.	—	10	—	13
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.	—	81	—	78
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.	—	31	—	21
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.	—	49	—	55
Ecole Supérieure des Sciences Domestiques de Saint-Pascal, Qué.	—	12	—	14
Macdonald College, Macdonald College, Qué.	—	96	—	95
Ecole Ménagère Provinciale, 461 est, rue Sherbrooke, Montréal, Qué.	—	*	—	*
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont.	—	*	—	*
Faculty of Household Science, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.	—	15	—	24
Faculty of Agriculture and Home Economics, University of Manitoba, Fort Garry, Man.	—	270	—	255
School of Household Science, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.	—	101	—	96
School of Household Economics, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.	—	107	—	99
Department of Home Economics, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.	—	61	—	—
<b>12. Law—</b>				
Faculty of Law, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.	19	3	24	4
Faculty of Law, University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.	8	1	—	—
Faculté de Droit, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.	46	3	59	3
Faculté de Droit, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.	96	4	100	2
Faculty of Law, McGill University, Montréal, Qué.	30	3	30	3
Department of Law, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.	†	†	†	†
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto, Ont.	93	16	125	12
Manitoba Law School (Old Law Court Building), Winnipeg, Man.	17	4	17	3
College of Law, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.	12	1	16	3
Faculty of Law, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.	17	—	26	2
<b>13. Library Science—</b>				
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.	—	2	—	4
Library School, McGill University, Montréal, Qué.	—	6	2	9
Ecole de bibliothécaires, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.	39	27	13	19
Library School, Ontario College of Education, Toronto, Ont.	—	20	2	29
Ecole de bibliothécaires, Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.	2	7	2	6
<b>14.—Medicine—</b>				
Faculty of Medicine, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.	163	5	204	5
Faculté de Médecine, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.	352	14	355	11
Faculté de Médecine, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.	345	5	285	6
Faculty of Medicine, McGill University, Montréal, Qué.	383	32	395	25
Faculty of Medicine, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.	263	4	279	—
Faculty of Medicine, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.	623	71	731	62
Faculty of Medicine, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.	183	18	203	19
Faculty of Medicine, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.	267	26	252	27
School of Medical Science (pre-clinical years only), University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.	42	5	38	6
Faculty of Medicine, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.	250	24	280	31
<b>15. Music (Degree Courses in Music)—</b>				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.	—	3	—	1
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.	1	6	1	5
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.	—	7	—	7
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.	1	14	2	12
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Qué.	—	—	—	—
Université Laval, Québec, Qué.	16	24	16	21
Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.	34	105	24	95
McGill University, Montréal, Qué.	—	6	12	27
University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.	†	†	†	†
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.	1	1	1	2

\* Record not available.

† Included in Arts.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1944		1943	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>16. Nursing</b> (Post-Graduate diploma and Degree Courses)—				
School of Nursing, Saint Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. ....	—	4	—	3
School of Nursing, Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, NS. ....	—	5	—	7
School of Graduate Nurses, McGill University, Montreal, Que. ....	—	50	—	57
Ecole d'Hygiène sociale appliquée, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	—	25	—	25
Institut Marguerite d'Youville, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	—	15	—	58
Université Laval, Québec, Qué. ....	—	11	—	—
School of Nursing, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. ....	—	9	—	36
School of Public Health Nursing, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont. ....	—	14	—	—
School of Nursing, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	—	182	—	181
School of Hygiene, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	—	26	—	24
School of Nursing, McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont. ....	—	*	—	*
Faculty of Public Health, University of Ontario, London, Ont. ....	—	31	—	30
School of Nursing, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	—	59	—	69
School of Nursing, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	—	168	—	146
Department of Nursing and Health, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	—	98	—	93
<b>17. Optometry</b> —				
Ecole d'Optométrie, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	24	1	29	—
College of Optometry of Canada, 138 St. George St., Toronto, Ont. ....	*	*	*	*
<b>18. Pharmacy</b> —				
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Halifax, N.S. ....	3	5	4	6
Ecole de Pharmacie, Université Laval, Québec, Qué. ....	33	6	27	6
Ecole de Pharmacie, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	100	—	104	—
Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto, Ont. ....	89	20	150	21
Pharmacy Department, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. ....	17	4	20	2
College of Pharmacy, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	6	11	10	4
School of Pharmacy, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	12	8	22	11
<b>19. Physical Education</b> —				
The School of Physical Education, McGill University, Montreal, Que. ....	—	22	—	22
School of Physical and Health Education, University of Toronto, Toronto Ont. ....	27	63	25	54
School of Physical Education, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	—	—	—	—
<b>20. Secretarial Science</b> —				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. ....	—	60	4	54
Mount St. Vincent, College, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	26	—	22
Mount Allison University, Saskville, N.B. ....	8	12	—	12
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	*	*	*	*
<b>21. Social Service</b> —				
Maritime School of Social Work, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	14	*	*
Ecole des Sciences Sociales, Université Laval, Québec, Qué. ....	36	25	41	5
Ecole des Sciences Sociales, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	29	58	—	69
Montreal School of Social Work, 3480 University St., Montreal, Que. ....	1	19	1	14
School of Social Work, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	9	49	16	43
Department of Social Work, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. ....	1	32	*	*
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	2	7	2	27
<b>22. Therapy, Occupational and Physiotherapy</b> —				
Department of Extension, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	—	171	—	152
School of Physiotherapy, McGill University, Montreal, Que. ....	—	30	—	7
<b>23. Veterinary Science</b> —				
Ecole de Médecine vétérinaire, Oka, Qué. ....	35	—	40	—
Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph, Ont. ....	103	10	128	9
<b>24. Theology</b> —				
<b>BAPTIST CHURCH</b> —				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. ....	2	—	6	—
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont. ....	29	8	26	6
<b>CHURCH OF ENGLAND</b> —				
King's College, Halifax, N.S. ....	12	—	13	—
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que. ....	4	—	6	—
Diocesan Theological College, Montreal, Que. ....	2	—	—	—
Trinity College, Toronto, Ont. ....	—	—	20	—

Record not available.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1944		1943	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>24. Theology—Concluded</b>				
<b>CHURCH OF ENGLAND—Concluded</b>				
Wycliffe College, Toronto, Ont.....	14	—	16	—
Church of England Training School, Toronto, Ont.....	—	14	—	7
Huron College, London, Ont.....	28	—	22	—
St. John's College, Winnipeg, Man.....	*	—	2	—
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon, Sask.....	9	—	12	—
St. Chad's College, Regina, Sask.....	5	—	5	—
Anglican Theological College, Vancouver, B.C.....	12	—	15	—
<b>LUTHERAN CHURCH—</b>				
Waterloo College, Waterloo, Ont.....	*	—	4	—
Lutheran College Seminary, Saskatoon, Sask.....	6	—	11	—
<b>PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—</b>				
Presbyterian Theological College, Montreal, Que. <sup>1</sup> .....	†	—	—	—
Knox College, Toronto, Ont.....	*	*	57	—
<b>UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA—</b>				
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax, N.S.....	27	1	31	1
United Theological College, Montreal, Que.....	14	2	12	1
Queen's Theological College, Kingston, Ont.....	8	—	9	1
Victoria University (Emmanuel College), Toronto, Ont.....	84	2	76	3
United Church Training School, Toronto, Ont.....	—	19	—	12
United College, Winnipeg, Man.....	30	—	21	—
St. Andrews College, Saskatoon, Sask.....	20	4	23	4
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton, Alta.....	*	—	13	—
Union College of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	10	—	10	—
<b>ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (SECULAR CLERGY)—</b>				
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax, N.S.....	88	—	64	—
Université Laval (Grand Séminaire), Québec, Qué.....	229	—	219	—
Université de Montréal (Grand Séminaire), Montréal, Qué.....	292	—	245	—
Séminaire des Missions Étrangères, Pont-Viau, Qué.....	*	*	*	*
Grand Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	160	—	139	—
Séminaire-Universitaire Saint-Paul, Ottawa, Ont.....	*	—	*	—
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto, Ont.....	*	—	*	—
Chinese Missions Seminary, Scarborough Bluffs, Ont.....	*	—	*	—
St. Peter's Seminary, London, Ont.....	65	—	72	—
Grand Séminaire, Mazenod, Gravelbourg, Sask.....	6	—	7	—
Grand Séminaire Saint-Joseph, Edmonton, Alberta.....	18	—	25	—
<b>ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (CLERGY IN COMMUNITIES)—</b>				
Compagnie de Saint-Sulpice (Sulpiciens), Montréal, Canadian College at Rome, Italy.....	*	—	*	—
Congrégation du Très-Saint-Rédempteur (Redemptoristes), Aylmer, Qué.....	—	—	—	—
Compagnie de Jésus (Jésuites), Montréal, Qué.....	31	—	30	—
Clercs de Saint-Viateur, Joliette, Qué.....	111	—	84	—
Congrégation de Sainte-Croix, Montréal et St-Laurent.....	50	—	58	—
Ordres des Franciscains ou Frères-Mineurs (Franciscains), Montréal et Québec, Qué.....	*	—	*	—
Cisterciens de la Stricte Observance (Trappistes), Notre-Dame-du-Lac, Qué.....	17	—	34	—
Congrégation de Jésus et Marie (Eudistes), Charlesbourg, Qué.....	4	—	6	—
Ordre des Frères-Mineurs (Capucins), Pte-aux-Trembles, Qué.....	19	—	21	—
Congrégation du Très-Saint-Sacrement, Montréal, Qué.....	16	—	23	—
Scolasticat de philosophie (Oblats), Richelieu, Qué.....	17	—	20	—
Missionnaires Oblats de Marie-Immaculée (Oblats), Ottawa, Ont.....	12	—	27	—
Missionary Oblates of Mary Immaculate (Oblates), Orleans, Ont.....	143	—	*	—
Company of Jesus (Jesuits), Toronto, Ont.....	*	—	*	—
Order of St. Basil (Basilian Fathers), Toronto, Ont.....	26	—	*	—
Congregation of the Resurrection, London, Ont.....	43	—	43	—
Ordre des Dominicains, Ottawa, Ont.....	*	—	*	—
Congregation of the Very Holy Redeemer (Redemptorists), Woodstock, Ont.....	30	—	28	—
Compagnie de Marie (Montfortains), Eastview, Ont.....	37	—	38	—
Pères Blancs (Missionnaires d'Afrique), Eastview, Ont.....	16	—	18	—
Regina Cleri Seminary (Franciscans), Regina, Sask.....	41	—	40	—
	8	—	8	—

\*Record not available.

<sup>1</sup>Combined with Knox College for duration of war.

3.—Full-Time Students of the Regular Session by Provinces and Faculties

Province	Undergraduates																			Post-Graduates <sup>4</sup>			Others			
	Arts <sup>3</sup>	Pure Science <sup>1</sup>	Agriculture	Architecture	Commerce	Dentistry	Education	Engineering and Applied Science	Forestry	Household Science	Law	Medicine	Music	Public Health and Nursing	Pharmacy	Social Service	Theology	Veterinary Science	Others	Total (excl. duplicates)	Arts and Science	Others		Total	Pre-matriculation	Total
Prince Edward Island.....	1944	81	78	-	20	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	192	-	-	-	462	462	
1943.....	141	141	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	152	-	-	-	402	477	
Nova Scotia.....	1944	697	265	40	130	22	39	409	-	122	22	168	17	9	29	14	130	-	-	2,115	25	-	25	254	393	
1943.....	656	219	30	-	141	25	49	414	-	112	28	209	14	10	10	-	115	-	-	5,203 <sup>7</sup>	32	-	32	392	540	
New Brunswick.....	1944	431	250	-	43	-	-	239	30	49	9	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,108 <sup>0</sup>	6	-	6	804	804	
1943.....	446	187	-	-	47	-	-	240	30	58	10	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,104 <sup>2</sup>	2	-	2	729	766	
Quebec.....	1944	5,198	1,104	264	83	578	222	165	909	52	108	182	1,131	185	101	139	102	1,110	35	118	11,846	812	71	883	18,156	21,378
1943.....	5,189	787	264	86	611	207	186	970	48	109	197	1,077	195	140	137	109	1,068	40	70	11,490	594	20	614	17,045	19,800	
Ontario.....	1944	5,643	73	239	2	133	278	226	1,749	39	15	109	1,162	-	262	109	59	846	113	319	11,374	336	19	355	3,640	3,654
1943.....	5,529	65	285	2	164	298	140	2,022	34	24	137	1,294	-	247	171	59	837	137	260	11,703	309	39	348	2,505	2,906	
Manitoba.....	1944	1,222	-	59	33	65	-	11	285	-	270	21	293	-	21	33	30	-	21	2,354	6	-	6	187	229	
1943.....	1,337	-	75	29	83	-	18	296	-	255	20	279	-	-	22	-	23	-	24	2,461	20	-	20	257	478	
Saskatchewan.....	1944	679	-	76	-	52	-	16	487	-	101	13	47	2	59	17	-	63	-	1,612	12	-	12	525	525	
1943.....	852	-	128	-	83	-	11	611	-	96	19	44	3	69	14	-	82	-	-	2,012	10	-	10	568	642	
Alberta.....	1944	301	160	65	-	22	98	85	368	-	107	17	274	-	80	20	-	28	-	3	1,628	46	17	63	424	424
1943.....	331	169	89	-	51	94	77	365	-	99	28	311	-	83	33	-	55	-	-	1,755	47	22	69	544	544	
British Columbia.....	1944	1,655	-	104	-	136	-	26	502	4	61	-	-	-	98	-	9	22	-	2,617	106	37	143	-	-	
1943.....	1,699	-	126	-	171	-	34	516	6	-	-	-	-	-	98	-	22	27	-	2,699	116	25	141	-	-	
Canada.....	1941	15,907	1,930	847	116	1,179	629	581	4,948	125	833	373	3,075	219	699	335	277	2,229	148	477	34,739	1,349	141	1,493	24,432	27,869
1943	16,180	1,427	997	115	1,362	624	515	5,434	118	753	439	3,214	226	647	387	190	2,207	177	369	35,351	1,130	106	1,236	22,442	26,160	

<sup>1</sup> Included in Arts by several universities.<sup>2</sup> Included in Engineering and Applied Science.<sup>3</sup> Includes philosophy.<sup>4</sup> For part-time enrolment see table 4.



## 4.—Part-Time and Short Course Students by Province and Grade of Work

Province and Courses	Undergraduates				Post-graduates				Others			
	1944		1943		1944		1943		1944		1943	
	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.
Nova Scotia.....	149	202	170	110	14	6	11	2	9,116	4,144	9,182	3,932
Part-time Arts.....	3	4	—	28	5	2	3	1	4	13	22	7
Agriculture.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music.....	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	9	48	17	47
Theology.....	5	—	9	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	4	1	—	—
Summer School.....	50	50	123	76	7	4	8	1	2	55	75	1
Other Short Courses.....	—	101	—	—	—	—	—	—	150	95	—	—
Evening Classes.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	947	432	—	—
Correspondence.....	89	47	38	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Extramural.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8,000	3,500	9,068	3,877
New Brunswick.....	239	233	136	80	—	—	—	—	106	169	215	109
Part-time Arts.....	16	7	16	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Agriculture.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	29	—
Music.....	—	3	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Theology.....	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	3	3	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Summer School.....	148	163	79	139	—	—	—	—	9	129	113	41
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	25	3	—	3
Evening Classes.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	70	35	—	—
Correspondence.....	72	57	39	25	—	—	—	—	2	2	—	—
Other Extramural.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	72	60
Quebec.....	1,556	1,078	1,554	1,666	155	222	256	234	3,819	5,808	3,020	3,119
Part-time Arts.....	141	73	75	64	138	197	214	226	260	528	32	64
Agriculture.....	8	2	13	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music.....	85	209	80	180	—	—	—	—	93	503	5	61
Theology.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	4	—
Other.....	43	32	2	2	—	—	—	12	115	105	91	79
Summer School.....	336	264	180	155	6	11	38	—	222	652	234	437
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	—	—	—	14	—	—	64	965	4	811
Evening Classes.....	525	494	1,199	1,263	—	—	—	—	2,443	2,554	2,268	1,288
Correspondence.....	418	4	2	—	2	—	—	—	—	9	—	8
Other Extramural.....	—	—	3	—	9	—	4	—	613	492	382	371
Ontario (excluding duplicates).....	3,797	2,853	2,507	2,112	265	185	243	157	4,433	3,575	6,079	2,461
Part-time Arts.....	406	488	375	330	251	104	124	66	44	95	88	32
Agriculture.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	12	140
Music.....	14	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	30	59	—	—
Theology.....	7	25	10	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	48	16	81	25	12	3	13	3	6	180	17	43
Summer School.....	290	667	369	619	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Short Courses.....	13	54	—	—	—	—	—	—	861	76	—	—
Evening Classes.....	510	719	344	425	2	78	4	75	—	—	18	8
Correspondence.....	842	796	746	554	—	—	20	13	439	91	—	—
Other Extramural.....	1,667	96	582	130	—	—	82	—	3,048	3,074	5,944	2,238
Manitoba (excluding duplicates).....	96	99	102	88	21	13	25	7	73	213	603	692
Part-time Arts.....	39	45	23	27	17	13	21	7	1	1	—	—
Agriculture.....	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	40	150	—	—
Theology.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Summer School.....	37	23	67	42	—	—	—	—	32	62	153	414
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	113	23
Evening Classes.....	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	337	255
Correspondence.....	20	20	12	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Extramural.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Saskatchewan.....	727	2,473	746	1,602	23	3	45	4	733	—	731	87
Part-time Arts.....	19	6	34	20	1	3	4	—	—	—	—	—
Agriculture.....	—	—	—	—	3	—	9	—	—	—	—	—
Music.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Theology.....	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Summer School.....	386	1,334	418	1,182	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	9	87	—	—	—	—	—	—	731	87
Evening Classes.....	61	193	15	67	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Correspondence.....	221	793	270	246	3	—	14	—	—	—	—	—
Other Extramural.....	33	147	—	—	16	—	18	4	733	—	—	—
Alberta.....	238	234	243	137	—	—	7	7	10	4	165	260
Part-time Arts.....	34	12	37	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Agriculture.....	1	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	137	221
Theology.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	1	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	22
Summer School.....	167	158	169	117	—	—	—	—	—	—	20	12
Other Short Courses.....	35	64	18	—	—	—	—	—	10	4	—	5
Evening Classes.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Correspondence.....	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Extramural.....	—	—	6	3	—	—	7	7	—	—	—	—



## 4.—Part-Time and Short Course Students by Province and Grade of Work

Province and Courses	Undergraduates				Post-graduates				Others			
	1944		1943		1944		1943		1944		1943	
	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.
British Columbia.....	238	234	265	172	55	50	-	-	-	-	13	4
Part-time Arts.....	1	1	12	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Agriculture.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Music.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Theology.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other.....	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Summer School.....	167	169	190	130	55	50	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Short Courses.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Evening Classes.....	-	-	6	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Correspondence.....	61	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Extramural.....	9	20	54	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	4
Total Canada (excluding duplicates).....	7,041	7,413	5,725	6,070	533	479	587	375	18,567	13,914	20,241	10,674
Part-time Arts.....	659	643	574	498	412	319	366	260	309	638	143	104
Agriculture.....	10	2	15	2	6	-	13	-	5	-	41	140
Music.....	99	213	80	185	-	-	-	-	172	760	159	331
Theology.....	19	25	19	34	2	-	-	-	9	-	4	-
Other.....	97	51	90	30	13	3	13	15	135	290	116	146
Summer School.....	1,581	2,828	1,595	2,463	68	65	46	1	265	898	595	905
Other Short Courses.....	48	219	27	87	-	14	-	-	1,100	1,139	848	929
Evening Classes.....	1,096	1,408	1,564	1,755	2	78	4	75	3,460	3,021	2,623	1,551
Correspondence.....	1,723	1,761	1,116	847	5	-	34	13	441	102	-	8
Other Extramural.....	1,709	263	645	164	25	-	111	11	12,671	7,066	15,712	6,560

## 5.—Summary of All Students Reported, Classified by Grade of Work

Province		A. Students of University Grade		B. Pre- matriculation students		C. All students not in A. or B.		Total enrolment (excluding duplicates)		
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
Prince Edward Island.....	1944	126	74	208	254	277	1	611	329	940
	1943	110	47	158	204	240	68	508	319	827
Nova Scotia.....	1944	1,694	774	206	48	9,220	4,179	11,120	5,001	16,121
	1943	1,685	631	367	25	9,253	4,004	11,310	4,660	15,970
New Brunswick.....	1944	1,067	462	804	-	106	169	1,977	631	2,608
	1943	933	402	737	43	127	176	1,797	621	2,418
Quebec.....	1944	11,751	3,505	10,232	7,924	4,029	8,820	26,012	20,249	46,261
	1943	12,434	3,883	10,333	6,712	3,162	5,732	25,929	16,327	42,256
Ontario.....	1944	12,332	6,729	3,569	71	4,443	3,579	20,344	10,379	30,723
	1943	11,592	5,341	2,376	129	6,244	2,697	20,212	8,170	28,382
Manitoba.....	1944	1,634	955	243	152	819	601	2,696	1,708	4,404
	1943	1,893	995	197	60	624	892	2,714	1,947	4,661
Saskatchewan.....	1944	1,894	2,958	494	31	733	-	3,121	2,989	6,110
	1943	2,274	2,141	485	83	802	90	3,561	2,314	5,875
Alberta.....	1944	1,366	814	254	170	10	4	1,630	988	2,618
	1943	1,513	634	330	214	165	260	2,038	1,108	3,146
British Columbia.....	1944	2,054	1,211	-	-	-	-	2,054	1,211	3,265
	1943	2,219	1,058	-	-	17	17	2,236	1,075	3,311
Canada.....	1944	33,918	17,482	16,010	8,650	19,637	17,353	69,565	43,485	113,050
	1943	34,683	15,135	14,983	7,470	20,639	13,936	70,305	36,541	106,846

## 6.—Summary of All Students Reported, Classified as Full-Time, Part-Time, Short Courses, etc.

Province		Full-time students		Part-time students of the regular session		Short course, evening, extra mural, and extension students		Total enrolment (excluding duplicates)		
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
Prince Edward Island.....	1944	333	321	1	8	277	—	611	329	940
	1943	273	316	2	3	233	—	508	319	827
Nova Scotia.....	1944	1,841	649	34	68	9,245	4,284	11,120	5,001	16,121
	1943	1,947	616	51	86	9,312	3,958	11,310	4,660	15,970
New Brunswick.....	1944	1,632	229	19	13	326	389	1,977	631	2,608
	1943	1,551	222	48	21	198	378	1,797	621	2,418
Quebec.....	1944	20,482	13,141	892	1,649	4,638	5,459	26,012	20,249	46,261
	1943	21,236	11,470	379	524	4,314	4,333	25,929	16,327	42,256
Ontario.....	1944	11,849	3,766	823	971	7,672	5,642	20,344	10,379	30,723
	1943	11,513	3,651	690	644	8,009	3,875	20,212	8,170	28,382
Manitoba.....	1944	1,712	877	101	209	883	622	2,696	1,708	4,404
	1943	1,984	1,160	48	34	682	753	2,714	1,947	4,661
Saskatchewan.....	1944	1,638	513	30	9	1,453	2,467	3,121	2,989	6,110
	1943	2,043	621	43	20	1,475	1,673	3,561	2,314	5,875
Alberta.....	1944	1,382	750	46	12	202	226	1,630	988	2,618
	1943	1,623	704	186	260	229	144	2,038	1,108	3,146
British Columbia.....	1944	1,761	927	1	1	292	283	2,054	1,211	3,265
	1943	1,958	889	15	8	263	178	2,236	1,075	3,311
Canada.....	1944	42,630	21,173	1,947	2,940	24,988	19,372	69,565	43,485	113,050
	1943	44,128	19,649	1,462	1,600	24,715	15,292	70,305	36,341	106,846

7.—Summary of Degrees and Diplomas Granted

University	Diplomas and Certificate		Bachelor		Master and Licence <sup>4</sup>		Doctor <sup>3</sup>		Total	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Dalhousie-Kings <sup>1</sup> .....1944	13	10	76	23	6	4	1	—	96	37
.....1943	15	13	128	28	8	3	1	—	152	44
Acadia.....1944	9	27	38	44	—	—	4	—	51	71
.....1943	22	—	41	41	4	—	1	1	68	42
St. Francis Xavier.....1944	—	—	39	11	—	—	—	—	39	11
.....1943	8	1	35	12	—	—	—	—	43	13
New Brunswick.....1944	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
.....1943	—	—	46	15	3	—	3	1	52	16
Mount Allison.....1944	14	7	38	31	1	—	2	—	55	38
.....1943	11	9	21	36	2	—	4	1	38	46
Bishop's.....1944	—	—	13	8	2	2	3	—	18	10
.....1943	—	—	21	7	2	—	4	—	27	7
McGill.....1944	2	54	333	154	20	9	27	3	382	220
.....1943	2	57	390	151	30	13	28	1	450	222
Laval.....1944	51	47	472	44	45	1	12	2	580	94
.....1943	44	133	424	30	80	2	8	2	556	167
Montreal.....1944	222	47	776	70	208	13	12	2	1,218	132
.....1943	211	39	717	61	170	31	57	4	1,155	135
Toronto.....1944	38	274	949	375	50	18	39	7	1,076	674
.....1943	19	259	896	369	64	16	25	6	1,014	660
Victoria <sup>2</sup> .....1944	24	—	7	—	—	—	1	—	32	—
.....1943	21	17	3	2	—	—	4	—	28	19
Trinity <sup>2</sup> .....1944	4	—	3	—	—	—	5	—	12	—
.....1943	4	—	3	—	—	—	4	—	11	—

<sup>1</sup>Honorary degrees: In McGill (1944) 9; (1943) 6; Laval (1944) 6; (1943) 35; Ottawa (1944) 5; (1943) 10; (Toronto (1944) 9; (1943) 10.

<sup>2</sup>All degrees except those in theology granted by Dalhousie.

<sup>3</sup>All degrees except those in theology entered under Toronto.

<sup>4</sup>Medical, dental and veterinary doctors included in "bachelor" column.

<sup>5</sup>The licence in the French language universities is the next degree in advance of bachelor, as the Master's degree is in the English.

\*Information not available.





8.—University-grade Students of the Regular Session Attending Outside Their Province of Residence

		Number of students														Total non-res-idents in each pro-vince	Number specified by provinces
		From P.E.I.	From N.S.	From N.B.	From Que.	From Ont.	From Man.	From Sask.	From Alta.	From B.C.	From Yukon and N.W.T.	From U.S.A.	From U.K.	From British West Indies	From New found-land		
—																	
In Prince Edward Island	1944	—	—	3	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	—	—	—	10
	1943	—	—	7	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	25
Nova Scotia	1944	119	—	216	63	19	2	3	3	11	—	66	10	12	113	5	642
	1943	61	—	290	62	28	3	4	3	12	—	96	13	10	109	9	700
New Brunswick	1944	20	163	—	77	18	1	3	—	—	—	21	1	10	34	1	349
	1943	26	172	—	126	20	1	2	2	1	—	38	1	11	24	—	424
Quebec	1944	98	72	176	—	393	50	33	52	96	1	542	16	173	30	204	
	1943	92	82	169	—	386	53	39	41	90	1	584	27	121	33	197	
Ontario	1944	13	79	75	485	—	151	206	136	202	1	340	75	67	19	14	
	1943	16	74	77	669	—	104	284	144	179	—	481	34	55	20	63	
Manitoba	1944	1	1	—	1	58	—	239	33	61	—	7	7	3	—	2	
	1943	1	—	—	1	140	—	245	28	72	—	6	10	3	—	1	
Saskatchewan	1944	—	—	—	2	8	22	—	25	13	—	5	3	—	—	2	
	1943	—	1	—	3	12	16	—	24	7	—	4	5	—	—	80	
Alberta	1944	—	—	—	1	7	7	79	—	86	—	4	1	—	—	185	
	1943	—	1	—	1	5	17	81	—	86	—	1	—	—	—	192	
British Columbia	1944	—	—	—	1	7	7	17	62	—	5	4	—	1	—	3	
	1943	—	—	—	2	3	11	16	67	—	—	4	1	—	—	6	
Canada	1944	251	345	470	633	511	240	680	311	469	7	990	115	265	196	231	
	1943	196	330	543	877	594	265	671	309	447	1	1,219	91	201	186	276	
																5,684	
																41,893	
																43,088	

NOTE.— Some of the institutions providing information for this table reported more than their students of university grade in the full session.

## 9.—Teaching Staffs

	Arts, Letters and Pure Science				Professional Faculties				Pre-matriculation				Total teaching staff (excluding duplicates)			
	Full time		Part time		Full time		Part time		Full time		Part time		Full time		Part time	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Prince Edward Island.....	19	3	—	—	—	1	3	—	—	—	21	6	31	8	1	2
.....	20	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	20	5	20	8	1	2
Nova Scotia.....	99	17	15	9	61	14	116	14	22	4	9	4	180	35	126	25
.....	92	12	20	10	64	17	97	13	17	4	13	4	171	31	127	23
New Brunswick.....	76	4	32	11	21	7	—	6	53	—	2	—	147	11	54	19
.....	74	3	26	10	20	9	—	—	58	—	1	—	149	12	24	15
Quebec.....	631	161	109	29	737	87	960	47	489	355	133	—	1,749	600	1,136	141
.....	636	158	127	14	689	57	876	48	474	286	122	—	1,755	493	1,052	105
Ontario.....	526	143	197	44	601	86	560	50	167	4	42	—	1,180	207	746	89
.....	530	137	222	63	549	69	538	33	164	35	24	—	1,146	207	731	106
Manitoba.....	95	13	11	2	68	13	127	16	24	8	4	—	183	32	136	18
.....	93	12	18	7	43	13	125	13	8	—	7	—	143	25	143	90
Saskatchewan.....	75	12	7	2	129	14	18	6	26	8	9	—	164	27	34	10
.....	77	18	6	2	117	13	25	2	34	5	12	—	176	34	43	6
Alberta.....	57	8	12	5	69	9	90	14	9	4	13	—	121	21	105	23
.....	48	7	3	—	75	10	113	14	9	4	10	—	117	21	127	15
British Columbia.....	72	15	2	2	59	4	6	1	—	—	—	—	106	19	8	3
.....	73	13	51	16	59	4	31	5	—	—	—	—	112	17	82	21
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>1,650</b>	<b>376</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>1,746</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>1,877</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>811</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>3,861</b>	<b>960</b>	<b>2,396</b>	<b>32</b>
.....	<b>1,663</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>1,616</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>1,805</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>784</b>	<b>339</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>3,800</b>	<b>848</b>	<b>2,360</b>	<b>31</b>

<sup>1</sup> Division of full time and part time estimated in Université de Montréal and University of Toronto.

10.—Salary Classification of Full-Time Teaching Staff in Canadian Universities, 1944

Salary Range	Deans			Professors			Associate Professors			Assistant Professors			Instructors and Lecturers			Total		
	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces
\$																		
5,000 and more	16	22	2	28	133	11	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	44	156	14
4,500-4,999.	5	3	2	42	67	-	-	9	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	47	82	2
4,000-4,499.	3	3	-	62	39	1	3	41	-	3	-	-	-	14	-	68	100	1
3,500-3,999.	1	-	-	23	34	9	30	72	1	10	-	7	-	7	-	55	123	10
3,000-3,499.	2	2	3	9	11	6	27	38	8	50	-	15	-	15	-	64	116	17
2,500-2,999.	1	-	6	3	5	28	-	15	2	76	5	26	1	26	1	92	122	42
2,000-2,499.	1	1	2	-	5	6	1	1	4	23	11	66	2	36	2	45	97	25
1,500-1,999.	-	-	1	-	3	4	-	2	-	-	4	41	17	41	17	41	96	26
1,000-1,499.	-	3	-	-	-	6	-	3	-	-	2	5	26	5	31	5	37	34
Under 1,000.	-	1	1	-	7	14	-	3	4	25	-	109	53	8	53	8	145	72

Note. The above table covers the salary distribution as reported by the four Western Provincial Universities; the University of Toronto, Western Ontario, McMaster, Queens, Victoria, Trinity, McGill and Bishop's; Acadia, Dalhousie, St. Francis Xavier, Mount Allison and University of New Brunswick.

## 11.—University and College Libraries, 1943

Name and address	Librarian	Volumes	Linear Feet of Shelving Occupied	Loans Charged	Persons Charged with Loans	Seats in Library
<b>Prince Edward Island—</b>						
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown.....	Leditia M. Passmore.....	4,328	525	3,050	•	56
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown.....	Sr. Mary Ida.....	7,602	580	2,450	•	20
<b>Nova Scotia—</b>						
Mount Saint Bernard College, Antigonish.....	Sr. St. Mary of Calvary.....	4,062	575	•	•	43
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish.....	Sr. Regina Clare.....	35,000	3,135	•	8	—
College Sainte Anne, Church Point.....	Rév. W. Haché.....	8,000	1,230	•	190	—
Dalhousie University, Halifax—						
Dental Library.....	Margaret G. Cornell.....	1,770	307	•	50	90
Medical Library.....		16,500	2,880	•	402	90
Law School (1941).....		14,500	2,000	•	•	60
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax.....	Rév. Père Joseph Le Grosley.....	10,000	1,100	•	9	20
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Halifax.....	Beatrice M. Stimpson.....	80	60	4,950	•	38
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax.....	Sr. Francis de Sales.....	24,150	2,272	•	300	10
N. S. Technical College, Halifax.....	Evelyn M. Campbell.....	7,133	9,450	1,200	•	20
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax.....	James W. Falconer.....	25,000	4,000	8,000	•	70
St. Mary's College, Halifax (1939).....		7,000	1,000	2,639	200	8
University of King's College, Halifax.....	Dr. Burns Martin.....	27,195	1,000	•	75	20
N. S. Agriculture College, Halifax.....	H. J. Fraser.....	5,300	5,300	•	•	92
Acadia University, Wolfville.....	Maurice P. Boone.....	85,000	6,200	•	•	—
<b>New Brunswick—</b>						
Université du Sacré-Cœur, Bathurst.....	Jules Comeau.....	10,000	•	•	•	22
St. Thomas College, Chatham (1941).....	Rev. T. M. McKendy.....	4,500	730	•	•	140
St. University of New Brunswick, Fredericton.....	Mrs. Marjorie Thompson.....	30,000	4,424	4,325	•	126
Mount Allison University, Sackville.....	Winifred Snider.....	51,054	8,707	15,385	•	—
Université Saint-Joseph, St. Joseph.....	Rév. Père René Bandry.....	15,000	2,000	4,000	200	—
<b>Quebec—</b>						
Studenat Mont St-Joseph—Aylmer Est.....	Rév. Père Paul-Emile Vadeboncoeur.....	14,500	1,925	19,000	100	10
École Apostolique du Sacré-Cœur, Beaufort.....	Rév. Père Albert Lefebvre.....	5,232	•	•	•	—
Monastère P. Bénédictins St-Benoît-du-Lac, Bolton Centre.....	Rév. Père L. B. Ward.....	3,100	•	1,000	25	2
Monastère P. Bénédictines Chambly Bassin.....	Rév. Père Maurice Veillette.....	6,000	•	•	•	—
Monastère de Châteauguay, Chicoutimi.....	Rév. Père Louis-Joseph Aubin.....	50,000	•	•	•	—
Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi.....	Rév. Père Joseph Gauthier.....	11,350	•	•	•	—
Séminaire de Capé, Capé.....	Rév. Père Joseph Leblanc.....	17,800	735	9,000	490	25
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette.....	Rév. Père Robert Valois.....	50,870	6,000	2,255	350	10
Collège de l'Assomption, L'Assomption (1941).....	Rév. Père Robert Valois.....	18,923	2,100	2,560	•	32
Institut Territoire d'Orléans et Ecole de Médecine Vétérinaire, La Trappe.....	Rév. Père Robert Valois.....	17,923	1,670	3,500	200	40
Collège de Lévis, Lévis.....	Grace Jackson.....	32,000	•	3,000	•	10
Collège St-Alexandre, Limboux, via Hull.....	M. l'Abbé Alphonse Demers.....	32,000	•	3,000	•	10
Collège St-Joseph, Mistassini.....	Rév. Père Louis Taché.....	32,507	•	•	•	76
Collège St-Bernard, Mistassini.....	Ernest H. Mutton.....	3,800	4,150	•	•	—
Collège de St-Joseph, Mont-Laurel (1941).....	M. l'Abbé Gaëtan.....	8,700	•	•	•	—
Collège Jean-de-Brébeuf, Montréal.....	Rév. Père A. Delisle.....	95,000	2,250	15,000	600	—
Collège de Montréal, Montréal.....	Rév. Père Maurice Alary.....	25,500	3,840	•	•	13
Collège Marguerite-Bourgeoys, Montréal.....	Sr. Sainte-Sophie.....	21,512	2,805	1,575	175	13
Collège Saint-Ignace, Montréal.....	Rév. Père Hughes Lefebvre.....	10,600	1,350	22,000	310	24

Collège Sainte-Marie, Montréal (1939).....	Barbara McDonald.....	100,000	1,800	10,000	1,000	20
Divinity Hall, Montréal.....	François Vézina.....	15,000	8,900	1,330	136	48
Ecole des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, Montréal.....	Armand Circé (Directeur).....	47,110	4,250	75,000	*	85
Ecole Polytechnique, Montréal.....	J. A. Roy.....	38,000	4,250	6,240	280	100
Externat Classique de Saint-Sulpice, Montréal.....	Rév. Père Roméo Boileau.....	5,000	1,170	2,800	350	10
Institut Nazareth, Montréal.....	Sr. R. de Lima Petit.....	4,250	7,500	6,000	250	-
Loyola College, Montréal.....	Frederick W. Noll.....	20,205	43,824	140,236	236	-
McGill University, Montréal.....	Dr. G. R. Lomer.....	356,984	2,500	40,800	102,503	236
Medical Library.....	Rev. Père Ignace-Marie Benoit.....	356,984	2,500	40,800	19,162	10
Monastère des Franciscains, Montréal.....	Rev. E. H. Madlocks.....	28,000	495	2,000	100	12
Montréal Diocesan Theological College, Montréal.....	Pluho G. Pratt.....	12,470	-	-	215	18
Montréal Presbyterian College, Montréal.....	Rév. Père Gérard Houle.....	883	210	1,227	52	11
Montreal School of Social Work, Montréal (1941).....	Rév. Père Noël Roy.....	85,000	21,000	*	*	25
Scalastat de l'Immaculée Conception, Montréal.....	Rév. Père Jean-Paul Laurence.....	22,825	2,450	1,680	164	65
Scalastat de l'Immaculée Conception, Montréal.....	Jean B. Crombie.....	18,423	2,080	22,108	1,480	56
Séminaire de Philosophie, Montréal.....	Dr. P. E. Poitras.....	10,381	1,396	-	-	-
Sir George Williams College, Montréal.....	Maximilien Garon.....	-	*	*	*	-
United Theological College, Montréal.....	Rev. Père Julien Peghaire.....	1,000	2,220	*	*	30
Université de Montréal—Montréal—	Carmen Kniflet.....	5,250	3,540	12,000	370	36
Faculté de Chirurgie—dentaire.....	Rév. Père Irénée Sauvé.....	15,000	4,000	375	35	22
Faculté de Droit.....	Rév. Père J. Walter Houle.....	3,050	1,119	664	116	2
Faculté de Philosophie.....	Rév. Père Germain Vincent.....	29,000	42,450	6,000	200	11
Faculté des Sciences (Institut Botanique).....	Rév. Père Alfred.....	42,450	181	6,000	30	5
Faculté des Sciences Sociales (1937).....	M. l'Abbé Léon Lamine.....	6,000	15,000	18,000	700	30
Faculté de Théologie.....	Rév. Père Joseph.....	13,352	1,800	18,000	200	40
Ecole de Pharmacie (1941).....	Rév. Père Thérèse Hudon.....	15,000	1,392	1,500	19	7
Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet.....	Rév. Père Hébert Blais.....	22,000	21,215	8,370	500	78
Juniorat Montfortain, Papineauville.....	M. l'Abbé Albert Aubert.....	71,000	32,500	*	586	-
Séminaire des Missions.—Évangéles, Pont-Viau.....	Rév. Père J. T. Donat Fortier.....	277,942	2,500	3,500	100	25
Académie Commerciale, Québec.....	Rév. Père Louis Martin (Dir).....	33,000	2,550	3,500	620	60
Collège Jésus-Marie de Sillery, Québec.....	Rév. Père Eugène Lelebrre.....	11,400	1,500	4,500	125	12
Collège Saint-Charles Garnier, Québec.....	Rév. Père Charles Bourque.....	57,253	3,200	6,500	296	-
Monastère des Pères Capucins, Québec.....	Rév. Père Louis-Ph. Garon.....	48,500	2,445	2,152	110	-
Séminaire Français, Québec.....	Rév. Père Louis-N. Raymond.....	39,640	416	2,600	30	8
Université Laval (1941), Québec.....	Rév. Père Albert Cuyvier.....	2,000	416	630	230	5
Collège Bourget, Raguad.....	Sœur Ste-Marie-Albine.....	2,758	344	25	127	-
Grand Séminaire, Rimouski (1941).....	L'Abbé Paul Grégoire.....	40,000	1,500	1,183	102	-
Petit Séminaire, Rimouski.....	Rév. Père J. N. Gagné.....	12,510	4,900	*	80	-
Sém. St-Alphonse, Ste-Anne-de-Beaupré.....	Rév. Père Georges Robitaille.....	32,900	2,657	1,183	-	-
Coll. de Sainte-Anne, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière.....	Rév. Père Hermine Dubuc.....	24,332	5,166	1,260	-	-
Ecole Supérieure d'Agriculture Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière.....	Rév. Père John Joseph Thorval.....	5,166	1,260	1,000	-	-
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St-Hyacinthe.....	Rév. Père Marie-Bernard.....	1,260	1,000	-	-	-
Coll. de St-Laurent, St-Laurent.....	Rév. Père Bernard Bisson.....	10,000	800	-	-	-
Sém. Ste-Croix, St-Laurent.....						
Institut Chanoine-Beaudet, St-Pascal.....						
Sém. de Ste-Thérèse de Blainville, Ste-Thérèse.....						
Sém. du Sacré-Cœur, St-Victor, Beauce.....						
Maison St-Joseph, Sault-au-Récollet.....						
Sém. St-Charles Borromée, Sherbrooke.....						
Juv. des Pères Maristes, Sillery.....						
College Missionnaire Franciscain, Sorel.....						
Juv. du T.S. Sacrement, Terrebonne.....						

\*Not reported.

†Provincial Science Library housed in same quarters.

‡Including Chemistry and Biology Branches.

§Closed for duration of war.

¶Books on loan to Divinity Hall for duration of war.



## 11.—University and College Libraries, 1943—Concluded

Name and address	Librarian	Volumes	Linear Feet of Shelving Occupied	Loans Charged	Persons Charged with Loans	Seats in Library
<b>Quebec—Concluded</b>						
Collège Séraphique, Trois-Rivières.....	Rév. Père Herménégilde Langevin.....	8,500	700	*	*	-
Sém. St-Joseph, Trois-Rivières (1941).....	Rév. Père J. G. Turcotte.....	19,500	2,500	*	*	-
Sém. de Valleyfield, Valleyfield.....	L'Abbé Omer Tessier.....	13,000	1,300	900	50	5
Scolasticat Notre-Dame, Ville Richelieu (1941).....	Rév. Père Gérard Forcier.....	14,000	1,180	6,000	150	20
Scolasticat du Sacré-Cœur, Waterloo.....	Rév. Père Roland Chabot.....	1,591	210	*	*	-
<b>Ontario—</b>						
Scolasticat de la Cie de Marie, Eastview.....	Rév. Père Claude d'Amours.....	12,540	1,100	*	*	-
Scolasticat des Peres Blancs, Eastview.....	Rév. Père Auguste St-Pierre.....	4,500	450	*	*	-
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.....	Miss L. Watt.....	45,495	13,280	11,224	*	120
McMaster University, Hamilton.....	Margaret H. C. Meikleham (acting).....	57,225	45,286	45,286	*	120
Queen's University, Kingston.....	C. C. KYTE.....	207,880	34,116	59,668	1,668	200
Reginoplis College, (1941) Kingston.....	Rev. Eugene F. Chabot.....	7,500	733	*	150	30
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener.....	Rev. Father M. I. Kieffer.....	9,100	600	1,400	305	36
Huron College, London.....	Rev. A. H. O'Neill.....	8,000	800	*	*	44
St. Peter's Seminary, London.....	Rev. Father A. Durand.....	8,400	1,400	*	*	380
University of Western Ontario, London.....	Fred Landon.....	161,862	22,416	61,189	*	24
Ursuline College, Brescia Hall, London.....	Rev. Mother M. Basil.....	9,500	890	2,000	200	15
Mount Carmel College, Niagara Falls.....	Rev. Father Jude Catalona.....	15,000	2,176	7,500	100	15
Collège Dominicain, Ottawa.....	Rév. Père Adrien Brunet.....	22,900	2,300	1,300	57	60
Grand Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....	L'Abbé Jean Fairford.....	2,450	672	*	*	50
Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....	Rév. Père Adolphe Châteaux.....	17,000	1,180	8,970	450	50
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa.....	Rev. Father P. F. Spratt.....	132,500	6,800	5,000	1,200	50
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....	Rév. Père Auguste Morisset.....	6,500	700	5,000	50	11
Holy Rosary Scholasticate R. R. 1, Ottawa (1941).....	Rev. Father Allan MacInnes.....	30,000	5,000	1,500	200	55
Scolasticat St-Joseph, Ottawa East.....	Rév. Père Gaston Carrière.....	3,700	*	*	1,500	20
Alma College, St. Thomas.....	Eva Parr.....	3,000	917	*	*	20
Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Sudbury.....	Rév. Père A. Colé.....	6,000	433	11,053	300	48
Bibliothèque des Elèves, Sudbury.....	Paul-Emile de Silva.....	36,056	7,700	7,500	*	125
Knox College, Toronto.....	William H. Sandham.....	2,000	2,000	12,591	500	4
Ontario College of Education, Toronto.....	Dorothy A. Thompson.....	20,800	293	500	75	16
Department of Education Research, Toronto.....	Kathleen M. Hobday.....	3,383	375	738	110	60
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto.....	Miss H. M. Walton.....	2,600	375	*	109	6
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto.....	Geoffrey M. Broad.....	6,917	1,094	*	*	28
St. Michael's College, Toronto.....	Rev. Father W. B. Kerr.....	14,880	1,700	*	*	45
Pontifical Institute of Mediaeval Studies.....	Rev. Father R. J. Scollard.....	23,000	1,900	*	*	80
Trinity College, Toronto.....	St. M. Adams.....	413,300	5,034	6,980	*	500
University of Toronto, Toronto.....	W. Stewart Wallace.....	413,300	70,000	289,948	*	32
Dental Library.....	Dr. E. M. Paul.....	3,000	3,000	9,160	*	19
School of Hygiene.....	Olga E. Somerville.....	3,521	1,350	3,317	*	260
Victoria University (1941) Toronto.....	Louis Barber.....	102,000	16,000	73,250	*	40
Wycliffe College, Toronto.....	Rev. F. W. Dillstone.....	10,200	500	1,400	91	18
Waterloo College, Waterloo.....	Carl F. Klimck.....	18,128	1,500	3,000	212	35
Assumption College, Windsor.....	Rev. Father Edward Lee.....	8,073	1,200	3,000	84	12
St. Alphonsus Seminary, Woodstock.....	Rev. Father M. Meelan.....	5,600	948	1,500	*	12

**Manitoba—**

Brandon College, Brandon.....	11, 100	900	*	12, 000	*	280	30
College de St. Boniface, St. Boniface.....	18, 000	2, 224					20
Manitoba Law School, Winnipeg.....	3, 000	700				24	18
St. John's College, Winnipeg.....	7, 000	1, 500				743	165
United College, Winnipeg (1941).....	40, 000	9, 540	*	25, 000	*	546	422
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg.....	101, 000	16, 829		92, 630			44
Medical Library.....	13, 666	4, 910		6, 808		495	
<b>Saskatchewan—</b>							
College Mathieu, Gravelbourg (1941).....	5, 200	610	*		*		—
St. Peter's College, Muenster.....	8, 000	600	*		*		15
Campion College, Regina (1941).....	3, 000	400	*		*		40
Luther College, Regina.....	4, 500	475	*	500		80	43
Sacred Heart College, Regina.....	2, 900	900	*		*		*
St. Chads College, Regina (1941).....	2, 000	200				6	4
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon.....	6, 010	1, 000		800		26	10
Northwestern College and Seminary, Saskatoon.....	9, 780	*		1, 000		20	12
St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon.....	8, 100	820	*	730		57	10
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon.....	74, 896	*		20, 344			114
<b>Alberta—</b>							
Mount Royal College, Calgary.....	2, 581	246	*		*		14
Canadian Junior College, College Heights.....	5, 606	706		4, 000		450	75
College des Jésuites, Edmonton.....							
Concordia College, Edmonton.....	4, 325	440	*	1, 150		63	14
Immaculate St. Jean, Edmonton.....	50, 000	*				180	
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton (1941).....	10, 200	1, 200	*	1, 050		200	20
St. Anthony's College, North Edmonton.....	3, 000	275	*		*		10
University of Alberta, Edmonton (1941).....	75, 000	12, 500	*		*		248
<b>British Columbia—</b>							
Anglican Theological College, Vancouver.....	7, 520	2, 800	*	520		50	14
Union College, Vancouver, (1941).....	12, 000	2, 500	*		*		—
University of British Columbia, Vancouver.....	136, 000	24, 000	*	102, 857	*		425
Victoria College, Victoria.....	6, 000	250	*			175	70



### SECTION III

#### RETROSPECTIVE TABLES, 1921-1944





## 12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties

—		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1942	1943	1944
Arts, Science, Letters and Philosophy*									
Canada.....	T.	9,072	13,369	16,828	17,771	17,634	17,738	18,229	17,954
	M.	6,405	9,265	11,473	12,536	12,300	12,380	12,740	11,956
	F.	2,667	4,104	5,355	5,235	5,334	5,358	5,489	5,968
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	1,187	1,451	1,811	1,750	1,711	1,612	1,649	1,802
	M.	843	969	1,202	1,228	1,221	1,154	1,210	1,370
	F.	344	482	609	522	490	458	439	432
Quebec.....	T.	2,688	4,086	4,704	5,566	5,959	6,057	6,413	6,302
	M.	2,488	3,693	4,214	4,866	4,950	5,068	5,322	5,000
	F.	200	393	490	700	1,009	989	1,091	1,302
Ontario.....	T.	3,014	4,086	5,387	5,801	5,408	5,557	5,594	5,916
	M.	1,804	2,461	3,159	3,549	3,284	3,341	3,299	3,280
	F.	1,210	1,625	2,228	2,252	2,124	2,216	2,295	2,636
Western Provinces.....	T.	2,183	3,746	4,926	4,654	4,556	4,512	4,573	3,934
	M.	1,270	2,142	2,898	2,893	2,845	2,817	2,909	2,336
	F.	913	1,604	2,028	1,761	1,711	1,695	1,664	1,598
Agriculture—Degree Course									
Canada.....	T.	856	599	899	1,108	1,373	1,140	997	847
	M.	845	582	889	1,088	1,347	1,099	948	801
	F.	11	17	10	20	26	41	49	46
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	60	12	32	31	41	32	30	40
	M.	60	11	31	31	38	30	27	39
	F.	—	1	1	—	3	2	3	1
Quebec.....	T.	196	137	322	273	310	295	264	264
	M.	193	133	321	271	308	293	257	258
	F.	3	4	1	2	2	2	7	6
Ontario.....	T.	363	228	273	496	479	334	285	239
	M.	360	223	269	489	476	325	276	232
	F.	3	5	4	7	3	9	9	7
Western Provinces.....	T.	237	222	272	308	543	479	418	304
	M.	232	215	268	297	525	451	388	272
	F.	5	7	4	11	18	28	30	32
Agriculture—Diploma Course									
Canada.....	T.	415	404	370	385	389	225	194	203
	M.	415	404	370	384	383	222	194	200
	F.	—	—	—	1	6	3	—	3
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	33	55	20	24	19	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	98	146	145	202	145	124	99	101
	M.	98	146	145	202	143	124	99	101
	F.	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Ontario.....	T.	126	79	118	96	94	24	8	—
	M.	126	79	118	96	90	24	8	—
	F.	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	158	124	87	63	138	77	87	99
	M.	158	124	87	62	138	74	87	96
	F.	—	—	—	1	—	3	—	3
Architecture									
Canada <sup>1</sup> .....	T.	49	95	137	133	96	101	115	116
	M.	48	95	136	116	86	87	98	96
	F.	1	—	1	17	10	14	17	20
Quebec.....	T.	39	75	89	84	71	68	86	83
	M.	39	75	89	84	65	60	73	67
	F.	—	—	—	—	6	8	13	16
Western Provinces.....	T.	10	20	48	49	25	33	29	33
	M.	9	20	47	32	21	27	25	29
	F.	1	—	1	17	4	6	4	4

\*Figures have been revised since publication of last survey.

<sup>1</sup>Architecture in University of Toronto is included in "Engineering."

**12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties**  
—Continued

	1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1942	1943	1944
<b>Commerce</b>								
<b>Canada</b> <sup>2</sup> .....	<b>T.</b> 372	<b>580</b>	<b>883</b>	<b>786</b>	<b>1,190</b>	<b>1,289</b>	<b>1,362</b>	<b>1,179</b>
	<b>M.</b> 361	<b>533</b>	<b>757</b>	<b>684</b>	<b>1,015</b>	<b>1,069</b>	<b>1,137</b>	<b>944</b>
	<b>F.</b> 11	<b>47</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>225</b>	<b>235</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	T. 8	34	108	89	164	191	199	204
	M. 6	31	70	57	84	88	107	86
	F. 2	3	38	32	80	103	92	116
Quebec.....	T. 300	326	416	408	467	502	611	578
	M. 295	312	393	387	448	480	588	551
	F. 5	14	23	21	19	22	23	27
Ontario <sup>2</sup> .....	T. 29	134	222	140	183	185	164	133
	M. 29	116	194	126	165	165	150	120
	F. —	18	28	14	18	20	14	13
Western Provinces <sup>2</sup> .....	T. 35	86	137	149	376	411	388	275
	M. 31	74	100	114	318	336	292	198
	F. 4	12	37	35	58	75	96	77
<b>Dentistry</b>								
<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>T.</b> 1,276	<b>604</b>	<b>380</b>	<b>422</b>	<b>468</b>	<b>503</b>	<b>624</b>	<b>609</b>
	<b>M.</b> 1,253	<b>594</b>	<b>375</b>	<b>419</b>	<b>462</b>	<b>495</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>594</b>
	<b>F.</b> 23	<b>10</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>15</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	T. 55	20	27	53	31	25	25	22
	M. 52	20	27	53	31	25	25	22
	F. 3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T. 292	214	101	125	160	174	207	222
	M. 290	213	100	124	158	173	206	221
	F. 2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1
Ontario.....	T. 890	334	220	196	225	256	298	278
	M. 873	326	216	194	222	250	292	269
	F. 17	8	4	2	3	6	6	9
Western Provinces.....	T. 39	36	32	48	52	48	94	87
	M. 38	35	32	48	51	47	92	82
	F. 1	1	—	—	1	1	2	5
<b>Education</b>								
<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>T.</b> 156	<b>337</b>	<b>618</b>	<b>802</b>	<b>677</b>	<b>655</b>	<b>515</b>	<b>568</b>
	<b>M.</b> 68	<b>134</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>136</b>
	<b>F.</b> 88	<b>203</b>	<b>371</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>380</b>	<b>368</b>	<b>340</b>	<b>432</b>
Maritime Provinces <sup>3</sup> .....	T. —	—	—	18	21	25	49	39
	M. —	—	—	9	3	4	5	3
	F. —	—	—	9	18	21	44	36
Quebec <sup>3</sup> .....	T. 17	17	92	198	162	196	186	165
	M. 17	17	52	108	85	122	84	33
	F. —	—	40	90	77	74	102	132
Ontario.....	T. 139	263	382	364	256	218	140	226
	M. 51	95	144	176	98	78	38	61
	F. 88	168	238	188	158	140	102	165
Western Provinces <sup>4</sup> .....	T. —	57	144	222	238	216	140	138
	M. —	22	51	114	111	83	48	39
	F. —	35	93	108	127	133	92	99

<sup>2</sup>The Business Administration course of the University of Western Ontario and the Commerce courses of the University of Toronto and the University of British Columbia are included in the Faculty of Arts. The Accountancy course of the University of Saskatchewan is here included.

<sup>3</sup>Students in the Maritime universities preparing for teaching certificates are reported as Arts students until 1935; similarly at McGill University until 1933.

<sup>4</sup>The training of teachers in University began in British Columbia in 1924; Alberta in 1930; Saskatchewan in 1928; Manitoba in 1936.

**12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties**  
—Continued

—		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1942	1943	1944
Engineering and Applied Science									
<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>T.</b>	<b>2,854</b>	<b>2,038</b>	<b>3,544</b>	<b>3,387</b>	<b>4,381</b>	<b>4,482</b>	<b>5,434</b>	<b>4,948</b>
	<b>M.</b>	<b>2,851</b>	<b>2,035</b>	<b>3,548</b>	<b>3,376</b>	<b>4,368</b>	<b>4,470</b>	<b>5,410</b>	<b>4,916</b>
	<b>F.</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>32</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	309	218	429	373	418	463	654	648
	M.	309	218	429	367	418	463	653	646
	F.	—	—	—	6	—	—	1	2
Quebec.....	T.	763	427	523	542	799	880	970	909
	M.	763	427	523	542	798	879	968	905
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	1	2	4
Ontario.....	T.	1,365	863	1,506	1,438	1,708	1,720	2,022	1,749
	M.	1,364	860	1,502	1,434	1,698	1,710	2,007	1,728
	F.	1	3	4	4	10	10	15	21
Western Provinces.....	T.	417	530	1,096	1,034	1,456	1,419	1,788	1,642
	M.	415	530	1,094	1,033	1,454	1,418	1,782	1,637
	F.	2	—	2	1	2	1	6	5
Forestry									
<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>M.</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>125</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	32	24	49	17	64	49	30	30
Quebec.....	M.	18	22	25	44	67	61	48	52
Ontario.....	M.	53	44	62	37	42	39	34	39
††British Columbia.....	M.	—	—	—	—	—	16	6	4
Household Science—Degree Course									
<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>F.</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>639</b>	<b>688</b>	<b>790</b>	<b>786</b>	<b>753</b>	<b>833</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	5	90	114	143	145	170	171
Quebec.....	F.	—	6	27	93	81	106	109	108
Ontario.....	F.	—	57	230	51	46	49	24	15
Western Provinces.....	F.	100	129	292	430	520	486	450	539
Household Science—Diploma Course									
<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>F.</b>	<b>342</b>	<b>824</b>	<b>928</b>	<b>729</b>	<b>634</b>	<b>472</b>	<b>434</b>	<b>442</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	18	46	34	26	18	16
Quebec.....	F.	122	386	378	451	446	446	416	426
Ontario.....	F.	169	408	515	232	154	*	*	*
Western Provinces.....	F.	51	40	17	—	—	—	—	—
Law									
<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>T.</b>	<b>1,117</b>	<b>857</b>	<b>845</b>	<b>1,005</b>	<b>697</b>	<b>556</b>	<b>439</b>	<b>364</b>
	<b>M.</b>	<b>1,076</b>	<b>836</b>	<b>816</b>	<b>982</b>	<b>678</b>	<b>535</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>330</b>
	<b>F.</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>34</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	119	60	66	115	60	48	38	22
	M.	117	56	63	113	60	45	34	19
	F.	2	4	3	2	—	3	4	3
Quebec.....	T.	331	306	392	337	243	217	197	182
	M.	325	308	387	333	241	215	189	172
	F.	6	3	5	4	2	2	8	10
Ontario.....	T.	436	350	249	391	252	190	137	109
	M.	420	338	238	380	243	180	125	93
	F.	16	12	11	11	9	10	12	16
Western Provinces.....	T.	231	141	138	162	142	101	67	51
	M.	214	139	128	156	134	95	59	46
	F.	17	2	10	6	8	6	8	5

††Previous to 1942 included in Engineering and Applied Science.

\* Information not available.

# 12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties —Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1942	1943	1944
Librarianship <sup>7</sup>									
Canada.....	T.	—	—	42	67	52	39	46	28
	M.	—	—	3	4	6	4	4	—
	F.	—	—	39	63	46	35	42	28
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	2
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	2
Quebec.....	T.	—	—	14	20	15	7	11	6
	M.	—	—	3	4	1	1	2	—
	F.	—	—	11	16	14	6	9	6
Ontario.....	T.	—	—	28	47	57	32	31	20
	M.	—	—	—	—	5	3	2	—
	F.	—	—	28	47	52	29	29	20
Medicine									
Canada.....	T.	3,256	2,607	2,921	3,037	2,940	2,999	3,138	3,009
	M.	3,008	2,494	2,798	2,908	2,780	2,829	2,946	2,809
	F.	148	113	123	129	160	170	192	200
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	159	113	171	186	219	206	209	170
	M.	150	105	170	180	215	202	204	165
	F.	9	8	1	6	4	4	5	5
Quebec.....	T.	1,184	913	944	961	959	981	1,077	1,131
	M.	1,172	893	930	942	924	944	1,035	1,080
	F.	12	20	14	19	35	37	42	51
Ontario.....	T.	1,489	1,201	1,321	1,389	1,234	1,295	1,294	1,162
	M.	1,398	1,135	1,245	1,318	1,157	1,210	1,213	1,069
	F.	91	66	76	71	77	85	81	93
Western provinces.....	T.	404	380	485	501	528	517	558	546
	M.	368	361	453	468	484	473	494	495
	F.	36	19	32	33	44	44	64	51
Nursing*									
Canada.....	F.	122	188	301	372	510	484	635	609
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	—	2	14	16	10	9
Quebec.....	F.	179	34	53	43	127	78	140	101
Ontario <sup>8</sup> .....	F.	79	55	107	120	172	184	235	262
Western Provinces*.....	F.	24	99	141	207	197	206	250	237
Occupational Therapy									
University of Toronto.....	F.	—	—	36	36	98	108	74	82
Physiotherapy									
Canada.....	T.	—	—	20	34	76	78	84	119
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—
	F.	—	—	20	34	76	76	84	119
University of Toronto.....	T.	—	—	20	34	76	78	77	89
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—
	F.	—	—	20	34	76	76	77	89
McGill University,.....	T.	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	30
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	30

\* Includes 13-26 Dental nurses annually.

<sup>7</sup> Enrolment in part time courses; Université de Montréal, 1943—13 men and 19 women; 1940—39 men and 27 women. Université d'Ottawa, 1943—2 men and 6 women; 1944—2 men and 7 women.

\* Figures have been revised since last survey.

**12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties**  
—Continued

—		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1942	1943	1944
Physical Education									
Canada.....	T.	22	77	76	52	128	108	101	112
	M.	—	—	—	3	5	17	25	27
	F.	22	77	76	49	123	91	76	85
Quebec.....	T.	22	50	25	18	19	20	22	22
	M.	—	—	—	3	—	1	—	—
	F.	22	50	25	15	19	19	22	22
Ontario.....	T.	—	22	51	34	101	88	79	90
	M.	—	—	—	—	5	16	25	27
	F.	—	22	51	34	96	72	54	63
Western Provinces.....	F.	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
Pharmacy									
Canada.....	T.	562	459	512	484	412	406	387	335
	M.	529	430	481	445	372	365	337	271
	F.	33	29	31	39	40	41	50	64
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	24	12	12	9	7	8	10	29
	M.	22	11	10	7	5	7	4	14
	F.	2	1	2	2	2	1	6	15
Quebec.....	T.	220	142	94	95	86	110	137	139
	M.	214	142	94	95	84	105	131	133
	F.	6	—	—	—	2	5	6	6
Ontario.....	T.	168	156	250	200	186	185	171	109
	M.	158	141	239	190	165	164	150	89
	F.	10	15	11	10	21	21	21	20
Western Provinces.....	T.	150	149	156	180	133	103	69	58
	M.	135	136	138	153	118	89	52	35
	F.	15	13	18	27	15	14	17	23
Social Service									
Canada.....	T.	85	72	110	127	146	93	197	277
	M.	13	5	11	22	22	16	157	72
	F.	72	67	99	105	124	77	140	205
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	—	—	1	1	*	14
Quebec.....	T.	13	25	30	17	27	15	109	162
	M.	3	—	1	3	4	3	39	60
	F.	10	25	29	14	23	12	70	102
Ontario.....	T.	72	47	70	85	92	55	59	59
	M.	10	5	9	15	14	10	16	9
	F.	62	42	61	70	78	45	43	50
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	—	10	25	26	22	29	42
	M.	—	—	1	4	4	3	2	3
	F.	—	—	9	21	22	19	27	39
Total Theology (including post-graduate students)									
Canada*.....	T.	2,136	2,169	2,261	2,643	2,429	2,284	2,248	2,241
	M.	2,095	2,113	2,217	2,619	2,393	2,254	2,215	2,200
	F.	41	56	44	24	36	30	33	41
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	191	131	133	187	146	126	134	130
	M.	187	131	133	187	146	126	133	129
	F.	4	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Quebec.....	T.	938	996	988	1,221	1,073	1,097	1,068	1,098
	M.	938	996	988	1,221	1,073	1,097	1,067	1,096
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
Ontario.....	T.	857	838	938	1,076	940	866	870	846
	M.	827	795	901	1,053	906	839	844	812
	F.	30	43	37	23	34	27	26	34
Western Provinces.....	T.	150	204	222	159	270	195	176	167
	M.	143	191	215	158	268	192	171	163
	F.	7	13	7	1	2	3	5	4

\*Figures have been revised since publication of last Survey.



**12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties**  
—Concluded

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1942	1943	1944
Protestant Theological Colleges									
Canada.....	T.	728	706	621	634	631	520	503	477
	M.	687	650	577	610	595	490	470	436
	F.	41	56	44	24	36	30	33	41
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	99	77	60	98	85	66	70	42
	M.	95	77	60	98	85	66	69	41
	F.	4	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Quebec.....	T.	84	99	80	76	83	46	25	22
	M.	84	99	80	76	83	46	24	20
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
Ontario.....	T.	395	326	259	301	293	251	272	278
	M.	365	283	222	278	259	224	246	244
	F.	30	43	37	23	34	27	26	34
Western Provinces.....	T.	150	204	222	159	170	157	136	135
	M.	143	191	215	158	168	154	131	131
	F.	7	13	7	1	2	3	5	4
Roman Catholic Theological Colleges, Seminaries, etc.									
Canada*.....	M.	1,408	1,463	1,640	2,009	1,754	1,764	1,755	1,764
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	92	54	73	89	61	60	64	88
Quebec.....	M.	854	897	888	1,145	990	1,051	1,043	1,076
Ontario*.....	M.	462	512	679	775	647	615	598	568
Western Provinces.....	M.	—	—	—	—	56	38	40	32
Veterinary Science									
Canada.....	T.	116	83	122	245	245	215	186	148
	M.	116	82	122	245	241	207	77	138
	F.	—	1	—	—	4	8	9	10
Quebec.....	M.	20	17	25	44	49	46	40	35
Ontario.....	T.	96	66	97	201	196	169	137	113
	M.	96	65	97	201	192	161	128	103
	F.	—	1	—	—	4	8	9	10

## 12 A.—Enrolment of Post graduate Students, of the Regular Session by Faculties

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1942	1943	1944
Post-Graduate Courses in Arts, Science and Philosophy									
Canada*	T.	369	751	1,300	1,384	1,402	1,278	1,359	1,542
	M.	261	555	964	1,034	1,079	954	1,015	1,124
	F.	108	196	336	350	323	324	344	418
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	24	27	45	90	61	50	41	36
	M.	22	20	27	62	49	38	33	29
	F.	2	7	18	28	12	12	8	7
Quebec.....	T.	42	204	427	385	520	464	640	688
	M.	30	175	367	324	386	329	477	477
	F.	12	29	60	61	134	135	163	211
Ontario.....	T.	207	340	508	577	540	511	479	605
	M.	150	240	342	396	418	388	351	477
	F.	57	100	166	181	122	123	128	128
Western Provinces.....	T.	96	180	320	332	281	253	205	213
	M.	59	120	228	252	226	199	160	141
	F.	37	60	92	80	55	54	45	72
Other Post-Graduate Courses (excepting Theology)									
Canada*	T.	38	143	241	309	329	282	117	168
	M.	37	140	228	285	309	252	106	157
	F.	1	3	13	24	20	30	11	11
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec..	T.	19	50	30	57	71	95	21	77
	M.	19	50	30	57	68	78	19	74
	F.	—	—	—	—	3	17	2	3
Ontario.....	T.	19	74	151	203	172	131	56	38
	M.	18	71	140	181	165	123	51	34
	F.	1	3	11	22	7	8	5	4
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	19	60	49	86	56	40	53
	M.	—	19	58	47	76	51	36	49
	F.	—	—	2	2	10	5	4	4

## DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1942	1943	1944
Bachelors of Agricultural Science									
Canada.....	T.	156	111	160	238	238	269	210	184
	M.	153	108	158	231	230	261	202	178
	F.	3	3	2	7	8	8	8	6
Quebec.....	T.	43	25	48	51	43	65	30	29
	M.	41	23	48	50	42	64	30	29
	F.	2	2	—	1	1	1	—	—
Ontario.....	T.	74	33	53	117	109	92	69	72
	M.	74	33	52	115	105	90	68	68
	F.	—	—	1	2	4	2	1	4
Western Provinces.....	F.	39	53	59	70	86	113	112	83
	M.	38	52	58	66	83	107	104	81
	F.	1	1	1	4	3	5	8	2
Diplomas in Agriculture									
Canada.....	T.	171	53	115	107	165	88	75	55
	M.	171	52	115	107	165	88	75	55
	F.	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	32	3	16	17	12	16	15	12
	M.	32	2	16	17	12	16	13	12
	F.	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	3	24	42	42	45	45	40	37
	M.	3	24	42	42	45	45	40	37
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario.....	T.	116	12	33	36	34	12	15	—
	M.	116	12	33	36	34	12	15	—
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	20	14	24	12	54	15	5	8
	M.	20	14	24	12	54	15	5	8
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Graduates in Architecture									
Canada.....	T.	17	14	24	53	24	11	17	17
	M.	17	14	24	53	23	10	14	14
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	1	3	3
Quebec.....	H.	7	7	8	22	16	7	8	6
Ontario.....	T.	9	4	7	14	2	1	5	6
	M.	9	4	7	14	2	1	4	5
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Western Provinces.....	T.	1	3	9	17	6	3	3	5
	M.	1	3	9	17	5	2	2	4
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	1
Bachelors of Arts or Letters <sup>1</sup>									
Canada.....	T.	1,337	1,985	2,474	3,175	3,332	3,085	3,006	3,046
	M.	823	1,215	1,493	2,007	2,242	1,982	1,919	1,890
	F.	514	770	981	1,168	1,090	1,103	1,087	1,156
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	183	196	273	309	252	272	211	219
	M.	117	113	172	184	154	159	119	143
	F.	66	83	101	125	98	113	92	76
Quebec.....	T.	284	493	669	916	1,109	988	1,062	1,031
	M.	239	439	567	762	931	826	894	877
	F.	45	54	102	154	178	162	168	154
Ontario.....	T.	581	825	968	1,308	1,253	1,203	1,166	1,175
	M.	323	477	506	737	750	679	623	631
	F.	258	388	462	571	503	524	543	544
Western Provinces.....	T.	289	471	564	642	718	622	567	621
	M.	144	226	248	324	407	318	283	253
	F.	145	245	316	318	311	304	284	368

<sup>1</sup> Includes a few Bachelors of Social Science in Quebec.

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

—		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1942	1943	1944
Bachelors of Science (in Arts)									
Canada.....	T.	77	136	242	320	342	323	362	366
	M.	70	107	207	275	291	274	286	287
	F.	7	29	45	45	51	49	76	79
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	21	36	73	109	102	103	95	107
	M.	20	30	61	99	83	93	81	92
	F.	1	6	12	10	19	10	14	15
Quebec.....	T.	37	48	84	50	93	103	126	136
	M.	36	39	74	42	78	84	96	101
	F.	1	9	10	8	15	19	30	35
Ontario.....	T.	—	—	—	—	13	11	13	12
	M.	—	—	—	—	12	11	13	12
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	19	52	95	161	134	106	128	111
	M.	14	38	72	134	118	86	96	82
	F.	5	14	23	27	16	20	32	29
Bachelors of Commerce <sup>2</sup>									
Canada.....	T.	12	73	169	202	263	295	238	207
	M.	11	59	152	177	231	262	211	168
	F.	1	14	17	25	32	33	20	39
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	5	24	19	24	27	13	12
	M.	—	3	20	19	19	19	11	7
	F.	—	2	4	—	5	8	2	5
Quebec.....	T.	10	8	41	50	58	70	57	52
	M.	9	7	41	46	53	68	54	46
	F.	1	1	—	4	5	2	3	6
Ontario.....	T.	2	43	68	77	82	81	73	53
	M.	2	38	58	75	76	75	68	48
	F.	—	5	10	2	6	6	5	5
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	17	36	56	99	117	95	90
	M.	—	11	33	37	83	100	78	67
	F.	—	6	3	19	16	17	17	23
Doctors of Dentistry									
Canada.....	T.	189	150	90	106	98	100	133	104
	M.	184	146	90	106	98	98	131	101
	F.	5	4	—	—	—	2	2	3
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	6	—	9	11	7	8	11	6
	M.	6	—	9	11	7	8	11	6
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	43	67	15	33	33	37	39	47
	M.	41	66	15	33	33	37	38	47
	F.	2	1	—	—	—	—	1	—
Ontario.....	T.	140	83	59	59	45	42	61	50
	M.	137	80	59	59	45	40	60	47
	F.	3	3	—	—	—	2	1	3
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	—	7	3	13	13	22	13
	M.	—	—	7	3	13	13	22	13
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bachelors of Applied Science or Engineering									
Canada.....	T.	338	321	420	566	753	694	777	758
	M.	337	321	420	564	753	694	775	757
	F.	1	—	—	2	—	—	2	1
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	17	22	38	38	49	41	50	55
Quebec.....	M.	120	99	72	102	150	167	157	151
Ontario.....	T.	159	135	184	246	343	278	320	311
	M.	159	135	184	244	343	278	318	310
	F.	—	—	—	2	—	—	2	1
Western Provinces.....	T.	42	65	126	180	211	208	250	241
	M.	41	65	126	180	211	208	250	241
	F.	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

<sup>2</sup> Includes a few Bachelors of Accountancy and of Secretarial Science.

\* Figures have been revised since publication of last survey.

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1942	1943	1944
Bachelors of Education or Pedagogy									
Canada.....	T.	1	25	60	100	143	133	126	179
	M.	1	24	41	75	112	104	85	122
	F.	—	1	19	25	31	29	41	57
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	—	12	12	1	6	1
	M.	—	—	—	6	4	1	1	1
	F.	—	—	—	6	8	—	5	—
Quebec.....	T.	—	—	15	16	51	31	30	72
	M.	—	—	5	11	45	24	21	49
	F.	—	—	10	5	6	7	9	23
Ontario.....	T.	1	24	37	52	39	46	33	38
	M.	1	23	31	47	32	43	29	30
	F.	—	1	6	5	7	3	4	8
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	1	8	20	47	55	57	69
	M.	—	1	5	11	31	36	34	43
	F.	—	—	3	9	16	19	23	26

## Graduates of University Teacher Training Courses

Canada <sup>2</sup> .....	T.	100	373	581	584	573	498	464	458
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	49	37	14	11	13	6
	M.	—	—	22	17	4	8	4	—
	F.	—	—	27	20	10	3	9	6
Quebec <sup>2</sup> .....	T.	28	45	38	48	45	40	46	42
Ontario.....	T.	72	271	377	390	338	303	318	317
	M.	48	98	133	171	159	144	151	150
	F.	24	173	244	219	179	159	167	167
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	57	117	109	176	144	101	87
	M.	—	22	48	47	60	49	37	27
	F.	—	35	69	62	116	95	64	60

## Bachelors of Science in Forestry

Canada.....	M.	15	19	41	21	42	51	24	28
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	6	1	9	1	12	12	9	9
Quebec.....	M.	3	1	10	5	16	18	5	12
Ontario.....	M.	6	13	18	14	3	10	8	2
Western Provinces.....	M.	—	4	4	1	11	11	2	5

## Bachelors of Household Science

Canada.....	F.	10	19	112	138	214	188	168	150
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	13	25	46	22	38	36
Quebec.....	F.	—	1	7	17	16	19	17	25
Ontario.....	F.	—	—	37	18	15	22	13	7
Western Provinces.....	F.	10	18	55	78	137	125	100	82

## Bachelors of Canon Law

Canada.....	M.	2	7	16	—	8	7	7	8
Quebec.....	M.	2	7	10	—	5	4	4	4
Ontario.....	M.	—	—	6	—	3	3	3	4

<sup>2</sup>Record of men and women not obtained separately for Quebec.



## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

—		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1943	1943	1944
Graduates in Law*									
Canada.....	T.	393	277	223	209	265	165	147	132
	M.	379	267	218	202	261	160	138	120
	F.	14	10	5	7	4	5	9	10
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	30	23	18	35	34	19	13	11
	M.	29	21	17	34	33	19	12	9
	F.	1	2	1	1	1	—	1	2
Quebec*.....	T.	95	72	76	60	74	62	55	50
	M.	95	72	76	58	74	62	55	50
	F.	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
Ontario.....	T.	209	133	94	70	103	51	52	52
	M.	200	126	92	69	101	49	49	44
	F.	9	7	2	1	2	2	3	8
Western Provinces.....	T.	59	49	35	44	54	33	27	17
	M.	55	48	33	41	53	30	22	17
	F.	4	1	2	3	1	3	5	—
Graduates in Librarianship (Degrees and Diplomas)									
Canada.....	T.	—	—	39	66	53	49	37	24
	M.	—	—	2	5	7	7	4	—
	F.	—	—	37	63	48	42	33	24
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2
Quebec.....	T.	—	—	13	19	15	5	11	6
	M.	—	—	2	3	1	—	3	—
	F.	—	—	11	16	14	5	8	6
Ontario.....	T.	—	—	26	47	38	43	24	16
	M.	—	—	—	—	4	6	1	—
	F.	—	—	26	47	34	37	23	16
Graduates in Medicine									
Canada.....	T.	404	510	535	497	563	554	608	722
	M.	390	493	509	476	538	532	577	687
	F.	14	17	26	21	25	22	31	35
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	16	35	23	26	41	43	73	31
	M.	15	35	23	25	41	43	73	29
	F.	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	2
Quebec.....	T.	154	141	163	176	208	206	192	244
	M.	154	139	160	171	200	195	186	235
	F.	—	2	3	5	8	11	6	9
Ontario.....	T.	200	264	269	218	214	203	225	345
	M.	189	254	250	208	205	199	213	329
	F.	11	10	19	10	9	4	12	16
Western Provinces.....	T.	34	70	80	77	99	102	118	102
	M.	32	65	76	72	91	95	105	94
	F.	2	5	4	5	8	7	13	8
Graduates in Pharmacy									
Canada.....	T.	176	134	208	190	160	146	115	95
	M.	166	130	198	180	145	133	97	78
	F.	10	4	10	10	15	8	18	17
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	4	1	4	8	6	2
	M.	—	—	3	1	2	8	4	—
	F.	—	—	1	—	2	—	2	2
Quebec.....	T.	22	23	11	20	18	11	9	18
	M.	19	23	11	20	18	11	9	16
	F.	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Ontario.....	T.	94	68	128	100	64	79	75	64
	M.	88	67	122	97	57	71	66	53
	F.	6	1	6	3	7	8	9	11
Western Provinces.....	T.	60	43	65	69	74	24	23	11
	M.	59	40	62	62	68	24	18	9
	F.	1	3	3	7	6	—	5	2

\*Revised since last Survey.

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

—		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1942	1943	1944
Physical Training and Health Education									
Canada.....	T.	—	37	45	21	54	40	25	33
	M.	—	—	—	1	—	1	1	9
	F.	—	37	45	20	54	39	24	24
Quebec.....	T.	—	25	15	5	11	9	8	8
	M.	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—
	F.	—	25	15	4	11	8	8	8
Ontario.....	T.	—	12	30	16	35	31	17	25
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	9
	F.	—	12	30	16	35	31	16	16
Western Provinces.....	F.	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
Social Service									
Canada.....	T.	5	24	18	45	69	59	56	73
	M.	—	1	—	6	9	16	7	19
	F.	5	23	18	39	60	43	49	54
Quebec.....	T.	—	8	7	8	17	10	12	15
	M.	—	—	—	1	1	3	1	9
	F.	—	8	7	7	16	7	11	6
Ontario.....	T.	5	16	11	30	28	28	25	26
	M.	—	1	—	5	3	9	4	8
	F.	5	15	11	25	25	19	21	18
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	—	—	7	24	21	19	32
	M.	—	—	—	—	5	4	2	2
	F.	—	—	—	7	19	17	17	30
Graduates in Theology*									
Canada.....	T.	426	475	434	484	488	491	506	455
	M.	408	452	416	468	477	475	496	440
	F.	18	23	18	16	11	16	10	15
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	35	31	42	39	33	32	37	20
Quebec.....	M.	155	210	151	180	215	220	215	212
Ontario.....	T.	186	178	178	226	197	196	194	174
	M.	170	160	164	213	186	181	184	160
	F.	16	18	14	13	11	15	10	14
Western Provinces.....	T.	50	56	63	39	43	43	60	49
	M.	48	51	59	36	43	42	60	48
	F.	2	5	4	3	—	1	—	1
Bachelors of Divinity (Post-Graduate)									
Canada.....	M.	34	30	37	43	41	28	27	27
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	2	2	4	17	13	5	5	4
Quebec.....	M.	10	3	3	8	2	2	1	—
Ontario.....	M.	15	18	24	12	19	16	11	12
Western Provinces.....	M.	7	7	6	6	7	5	10	11
Graduates in Veterinary Science									
Canada.....	T.	26	18	28	53	68	68	54	29
	M.	26	18	28	53	67	66	54	29
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	2	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	6	6	8	8	12	10	11	10
	M.	6	6	8	8	12	10	11	10
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario.....	T.	20	12	20	45	56	58	43	19
	M.	20	12	20	45	55	56	43	19
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	2	—	—

\*Revised since date of last Survey.

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1942	1943	1944
Degrees and Diplomas in Nursing									
Canada.....	F.	67	83	122	191	209	245	340	347
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	—	—	2	3	6	3
Quebec.....	F.	—	33	39	67	57	49	65	68
Ontario <sup>4</sup> .....	F.	67	43	65	99	122	165	201	210
Western Provinces.....	F.	—	7	18	25	28	28	68	66
Masters of Arts <sup>5</sup>									
Canada.....	T.	147	202	274	252	349	305	265	294
	M.	105	140	180	179	291	257	211	252
	F.	42	62	94	73	58	48	54	42
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	37	22	29	24	37	21	15	6
	M.	30	12	17	17	29	17	14	4
	F.	7	10	12	7	8	4	1	2
Quebec.....	T.	14	27	47	39	111	138	109	151
	M.	9	21	27	20	98	115	88	136
	F.	5	6	20	19	13	23	21	15
Ontario.....	T.	74	95	137	141	128	102	99	116
	M.	49	68	94	108	100	91	81	93
	F.	25	27	43	33	28	11	18	23
Western Provinces.....	T.	22	58	61	48	73	44	42	21
	M.	17	39	42	34	64	34	28	19
	F.	5	19	19	14	9	10	14	2
Masters of Science <sup>6</sup>									
Canada.....	T.	30	82	93	133	146	111	112	98
	M.	24	78	89	130	138	106	95	90
	F.	6	4	4	3	8	5	17	8
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	2	4	3	6	10	5	8	7
	M.	2	4	2	6	8	5	6	5
	F.	—	—	1	—	2	—	2	2
Quebec.....	T.	18	42	28	31	62	56	59	59
	M.	13	39	28	31	59	52	49	54
	F.	5	3	—	—	3	4	10	5
Ontario.....	T.	5	9	28	32	22	17	12	6
	M.	5	9	28	32	22	17	12	6
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	5	27	34	64	52	33	33	26
	M.	4	26	31	61	49	32	28	25
	F.	1	1	3	3	3	1	5	1
Licentiates (not including Theology)									
Canada.....	T.	41	40	91	100	128	84	108	98
	M.	41	39	89	93	127	84	93	81
	F.	—	1	2	7	1	—	15	17
Quebec.....	T.	28	26	67	92	122	76	101	89
	M.	28	25	66	85	122	72	86	76
	F.	—	1	1	7	—	4	15	13
Ontario.....	T.	13	14	24	8	6	8	7	9
	M.	13	14	23	8	5	8	7	5
	F.	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	4

<sup>4</sup>Includes 12-24 Dental nurses annually.<sup>5</sup>Includes M. Comm. and M. Ed. or M. Paed.<sup>6</sup>Includes M.A.Sc. M.S.A., M.Sc.F., Arch., M.V.Sc., M. Surgery (where given separately).

## DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Concluded

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1942	1943	1944
Other Post-Graduate Degrees and Diplomas (except in Education or Theology)									
Canada.....	T.	6	53	84	90	102	114	71	192
	M.	6	51	82	90	93	105	46	160
	F.	—	2	2	—	9	9	25	32
Quebec.....	T.	3	42	55	66	75	75	52	159
	M.	3	42	54	66	69	72	32	129
	F.	—	—	1	—	6	3	20	30
Ontario.....	T.	3	10	27	23	26	38	19	32
	M.	3	9	26	23	23	33	14	31
	F.	—	1	1	—	3	5	5	1
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	1	2	1	1	1	—	—
	M.	—	—	2	1	1	—	—	—
	F.	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Doctorates (Honorary)									
Canada.....	T.	58	67	95	100	85	117	129	89
	M.	58	67	95	98	79	109	122	89
	F.	—	—	—	2	6	8	7	—
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	4	17	19	21	18	18	19	15
	M.	4	17	19	20	15	16	16	15
	F.	—	—	—	1	3	2	3	—
Quebec.....	T.	10	7	13	19	25	20	49	24
	M.	10	7	13	19	23	20	46	24
	F.	—	—	—	—	2	—	3	—
Ontario.....	T.	33	28	46	42	30	66	34	39
	M.	33	28	46	41	29	62	33	39
	F.	—	—	—	1	1	4	1	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	11	15	17	18	12	13	27	11
	M.	11	15	17	18	12	11	26	11
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	—
Doctorates (in Course)									
Canada.....	T.	24	28	46	68	75	121	97	88
	M.	23	24	39	63	70	111	81	74
	F.	1	4	7	5	5	10	16	14
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
	M.	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	17	13	19	29	30	69	62	43
	M.	17	11	19	27	30	66	54	36
	F.	—	2	—	2	—	3	8	7
Ontario.....	T.	7	14	24	39	45	51	34	45
	M.	6	12	18	36	40	45	26	38
	F.	1	2	6	3	5	6	8	7
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	—	2	—	—	1	1	—
	M.	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—
	F.	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—

**Table 13A.—Dominion Summary of Annual Graduates From Canadian Universities and Colleges, 1920 to 1944**

## Graduates in Arts, Pure Science and Commerce

	Bachelors of Arts <sup>1</sup>		Bachelors of Science (in Arts)		Bachelors of Commerce <sup>2</sup>		Total	
	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women	Both Sexes	Women
1920 and 1921.....	2,370	896	115	11	20	1	2,505	908
1922 to 1926.....	8,352	3,229	551	83	362	28	9,265	3,340
1927 " 1931.....	11,541	4,524	994	134	643	70	13,178	4,728
1932 " 1936.....	14,800	5,650	1,537	205	1,086	131	17,323	5,986
1937 " 1941.....	16,734	5,706	1,620	220	1,199	134	19,553	6,060
1942 " 1944.....	9,137	3,346	1,051	204	730	99	10,918	3,649

<sup>1</sup>Includes Bachelors of Letters and Social Science and graduates in Science and Commerce for those institutions with combined faculties.

<sup>2</sup>Includes Bachelors of Accountancy and Secretarial Science.

## Graduates in Applied Science

	Degrees and Diplomas in Engineering		Bachelors of Architecture		Bachelors of Forestry		Total	
	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women	Both Sexes	Women
1920 and 1921.....	669	2	27	—	32	—	728	2
1922 to 1926.....	2,267	2	78	—	104	—	2,449	2
1927 " 1931.....	1,951	3	108	1	145	—	2,204	4
1932 " 1936.....	3,003	7	159	3	149	—	3,311	10
1937 " 1941.....	3,222	1	127	12	147	—	3,496	14
1942 " 1944.....	2,203	3	45	7	103	—	2,356	10

## Graduates in Agriculture, Veterinary Science and Household Science

	Bachelors of Agriculture Science		Bachelors of Veterinary Science		Bachelors of Household Science	Total	
	Total	Women	Total	Women	Women	Both Sexes	Women
1920 and 1921.....	269	4	32	—	16	317	20
1922 to 1926.....	778	7	140	—	104	1,022	111
1927 " 1931.....	576	8	111	1	399	1,086	408
1932 " 1936.....	1,044	22	212	—	713	1,969	735
1937 " 1941.....	1,189	26	319	3	941	2,449	970
1942 " 1944.....	663	22	151	2	506	1,320	530

## Graduates in Education and Social Service

	Teachers' Diplomas	Degrees in Education or Pedagogy		Librarians' Degrees or Diplomas		Physical Training Degrees and Diplomas		Social Service Diplomas		Total	
	Men and Women	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women	Both Sexes	Women*
1920 and 1921.....	253	6	—	—	—	—	—	5	5	264	5
1922 to 1926.....	1,478	100	5	—	—	103	103	77	74	1,758	182
1927 " 1931.....	2,493	235	65	146	144	210	210	110	109	3,194	528
1932 " 1936.....	3,594	363	96	282	271	141	139	232	212	4,612	718
1937 " 1941.....	2,699	603	116	310	296	179	175	343	295	4,134	882
1942 " 1944.....	1,420	433	127	110	100	98	87	188	146	2,249	460

\*Exclusive of Teachers' Diplomas.



**Table 13A.—Dominion Summary of Annual Graduates From Canadian Universities and Colleges, 1920 to 1944—Concluded**

## Graduates in Medicine and Related Studies

	Medical Doctors		Dentists		Pharmacists		Nursing Degrees and Diplomas	Occupational Therapy and Physiotherapy		Total	
	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women	Women	Total	Women	Both Sexes	Women
1920 and 1921.....	678	23	359	7	358	19	86	—	—	1,481	135
1922 to 1926.....	2,589	107	1,238	18	895	72	421	—	—	5,143	618
1927 " 1931.....	2,702	139	549	3	981	51	539	81	81	4,852	813
1932 " 1936.....	2,451	108	417	4	865	54	799	83	83	4,615	1,048
1937 " 1941.....	2,798	109	535	3	884	81	1,120	208	208	5,572	1,521
1942 " 1944.....	1,881	90	337	7	356	43	932	220	218	3,726	1,290

## Graduates in Law and Theology

	From Law Schools		From Roman Catholic Theological Colleges	From Protestant Theological Colleges	
	Total	Women		Total	Women
1920 and 1921.....	783	26	408	412	35
1922 to 1926.....	1,313	36	1,307	836	101
1927 " 1931.....	1,143	30	1,301	853	87
1932 " 1936.....	1,172	41	1,410	913	83
1937 " 1941.....	1,302	34	1,694	843	81
1942 " 1944.....	442	24	997	457	42

## Post Graduate and Honorary Degrees

	Honorary Doctorates		Doctorates in Course		Master of Arts		Master of Science		Bachelor of Divinity		Licentiates (except in theology)		Other Post Graduate Diplomas	
	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women
1920 and 1921..	124	1	48	1	294	86	65	7	71	—	80	—	8	—
1922 to 1926..	446	4	151	13	963	298	215	20	213	—	247	3	292	14
1927 " 1931..	524	7	239	24	1,215	394	262	17	166	—	403	8	389	7
1932 " 1936..	452	7	401	40	1,262	432	391	23	180	—	568	36	460	10
1937 " 1941..	500	28	427	33	1,378	348	564	24	207	—	949	36	281	24
1942 " 1944..	337	15	306	40	588	139	243	28	80	—	590	42	184	38

#### 14.—Classification of Full-Time Students According to Place of Residence

Universities and Colleges in	Place of Students' Residence															Total Specified	
	P. E. I.	N. S.	N. B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B. C.	Yukon and N. W. T.	U. S. A.	U. K.	British West Indies	Nfld.	Other Countries		
Prince Edward Island.....	194	2	10	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	2	-	253
1921	134	-	7	17	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	164
1926	159	1	5	20	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	191
1931	183	4	3	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	155
1936	132	1	3	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	195
1941	174	3	4	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	230
1942	205	-	4	20	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	271
1943	246	-	7	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	172
1944	162	-	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1564
Nova Scotia.....	57	1,116	269	7	17	-	3	5	4	-	-	22	5	15	38	6	1,668
1921	61	1,209	258	10	14	-	2	1	1	-	-	46	5	10	41	10	1,668
1926	101	1,392	277	27	20	2	2	3	6	-	-	104	2	7	67	18	2,020
1931	131	1,102	246	26	19	1	5	4	6	-	-	248	13	2	71	14	1,918
1936	71	1,192	266	33	18	4	3	4	8	-	-	150	6	6	102	9	2,061
1941	59	1,399	260	33	18	4	1	3	12	-	-	95	4	9	94	4	1,964
1942	50	1,360	266	45	21	4	1	3	8	-	-	96	13	10	109	9	2,183
1943	01	1,483	290	62	28	3	3	3	11	-	-	66	10	12	113	5	2,046
1944	119	1,404	216	63	19	2	3	3	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	402
New Brunswick . . . . .	9	83	252	10	4	-	2	1	1	-	-	3	2	-	35	-	544
1921	16	95	374	12	5	2	1	2	2	-	-	10	1	2	24	24	857
1926	30	159	562	31	14	1	2	3	6	-	-	20	10	5	20	-	1,537
1931	18	191	555	46	7	1	1	3	4	-	-	16	10	5	12	4	1,201
1936	181	188	997	183	23	2	1	7	1	-	-	48	1	15	34	1	1,372
1941	37	188	997	183	23	2	2	5	2	-	-	41	2	8	26	1	1,070
1942	35	135	810	124	20	1	1	2	1	-	-	38	1	10	24	1	3,194
1943	26	172	949	126	20	1	2	2	1	-	-	21	1	10	34	1	2,799
1944	20	163	721	77	18	1	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	††	263	16	3,312
Quebec (English).....	38	133	120	1,920	504	27	34	50	105	-	-	194	47	42	57	13	3,215
1921	26	76	77	1,737	358	27	33	35	74	-	-	146	29	29	69	20	3,648
1926	78	77	77	2,030	342	32	36	42	64	-	-	335	68	20	32	45	3,210
1931	19	70	80	2,112	275	32	45	35	64	-	-	229	19	40	23	105	3,749
1936	26	83	81	2,603	294	37	33	47	82	-	-	224	12	65	27	119	360
1941	22	63	73	2,175	262	39	29	36	80	-	-	226	23	113	29	100	12,827
1942	19	63	73	2,175	262	39	29	36	80	-	-	226	23	113	29	100	15,243
1943	20	62	75	2,605	270	43	33	43	90	-	-	193	15	172	28	124	15,198
1944	18	63	78	2,488	248	37	22	50	92	-	-	-	-	††	414	24	13,251
Quebec (French).....	5	7	22	12,216	139	16	7	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	13,303
1921	11	16	23	11,294	146	21	14	5	2	-	-	400	-	-	1	4	13,303
1926	8	9	8	14,461	84	11	8	2	1	-	-	617	-	-	2	33	15,243
1931	7	16	63	14,179	92	10	3	1	1	-	-	703	-	-	4	60	15,198
1936	41	21	30	12,508	83	11	17	19	19	-	-	507	3	5	3	57	13,251
1941	47	21	30	12,508	83	11	17	19	19	-	-	507	3	5	3	57	13,251
1942	42	14	-	11,649	97	3	12	22	22	-	-	392	4	6	4	83	12,353
1943	72	20	94	11,672	116	10	6	1	1	-	-	358	4	8	4	78	12,443
1944	80	9	98	12,484	145	13	11	2	4	-	-	349	1	1	2	104	13,303
Quebec (French).....	28	87	62	184	8,497	153	292	170	189	2	-	-	-	††	393	-	10,057
1921	21	59	49	8,381	8,381	133	154	84	133	5	-	239	46	10	7	154	9,619
1926	33	89	78	354	11,629	96	218	94	133	2	-	421	78	11	16	138	13,390
1931	33	83	84	338	12,929	132	225	123	133	3	-	635	43	5	14	126	14,903
1936	33	78	84	338	12,929	132	225	123	133	3	-	635	43	5	14	126	14,903
1941	22	90	159	1,019	13,527	163	503	206	166	8	-	513	14	8	11	147	16,615
1942	94	40	46	9,955	9,147	74	122	79	82	10	-	591	10	8	17	48	11,228
1943	16	74	77	669	11,767	164	284	144	179	35	-	431	34	55	17	48	14,027
1944	13	79	75	485	11,256	151	306	136	202	1	-	340	75	67	19	14	13,219
Ontario.....	28	21	59	49	8,381	133	154	84	133	5	-	239	46	10	7	154	9,619
1926	33	89	78	354	11,629	96	218	94	133	2	-	421	78	11	16	138	13,390
1931	33	83	84	338	12,929	132	225	123	133	3	-	635	43	5	14	126	14,903
1936	33	78	84	338	12,929	132	225	123	133	3	-	635	43	5	14	126	14,903
1941	22	90	159	1,019	13,527	163	503	206	166	8	-	513	14	8	11	147	16,615
1942	94	40	46	9,955	9,147	74	122	79	82	10	-	591	10	8	17	48	11,228
1943	16	74	77	669	11,767	164	284	144	179	35	-	431	34	55	17	48	14,027
1944	13	79	75	485	11,256	151	306	136	202	1	-	340	75	67	19	14	13,219

14.—Classification of Full-Time Students According to Place of Residence—Concluded

Universities and Colleges in	Place of Students' Residence														Total Spec-ified	
	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yukon and N.W.T.	U.S.A.	U.K.	British West Indies	Nfld.		Other Coun-tries
Manitoba.....	1921 1926 1931 1936 1941 1942 1943 1944	- 5 2 - - - 1 1	1 2 2 1 1 1 - -	- - 1 - 1 1 1 1	15 31 59 26 48 62 140 58	1,641 2,345 2,288 2,597 2,517 2,402 2,226 2,144	125 137 252 204 271 214 245 239	23 18 30 21 25 60 67 33	14 20 16 15 6 7 - 61	- - 1 - 1 1 - -	- - - - - - - -	- 14 11 5 1 5 6 10 7	- 7 11 - - - - - 3	- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	1,837 2,643 2,685 2,872 2,934 2,785 2,733 2,557
Saskatchewan.....	1921 1926 1931 1936 1941 1942 1943 1944	4 7 3 - 1 - - -	1 2 1 1 1 - - -	2 3 2 1 1 3 2 2	13 15 12 5 9 8 12 8	11 8 22 7 12 24 16 22	632 798 1,487 1,427 1,898 1,898 1,692 1,633	9 13 12 10 36 46 24 25	3 5 5 9 13 17 7 13	- - - - 1 1 - -	- 12 1 2 9 3 4 5 5	- 14 65 18 - 7 5 3	- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	- 13 5 1 1 - - 2	716 885 1,619 1,481 2,094 1,996 1,764 1,713
Alberta.....	1921 1926 1931 1936 1941 1942 1943 1944	1 4 8 - - - - -	7 2 - - - - - -	- 1 - - - - - -	30 14 10 6 4 9 5 7	15 12 9 13 16 17 17 7	75 64 81 86 116 99 81 79	1,072 1,097 1,308 1,508 1,918 1,752 1,504 1,388	35 37 79 101 88 98 86 86	- - 2 2 4 - - -	- 8 3 3 - 2 2 1 1	- 6 13 3 - 1 - -	- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	1,285 1,257 1,518 1,721 2,168 1,982 1,696 1,573
British Columbia.....	1921 1926 1931 1936 1941 1942 1943 1944	- - 1 - - - - -	- 2 - - - - - -	- 1 2 2 4 2 2 1	1 2 7 6 2 3 3 7	- 2 6 3 7 6 11 7	6 3 9 13 22 20 16 17	6 10 17 29 63 65 67 62	853 1,416 1,995 1,831 2,723 2,555 2,739 2,632	1 2 4 2 3 6 5 3	1 6 8 8 2 5 4 -	6 7 8 6 - 1 - -	- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	1 12 22 9 7 8 6 3	877 1,463 2,079 1,895 2,843 2,677 2,850 2,738
Canada.....	1921 1926 1931 1936 1941 1942 1943 1944	336 276 351 287 315 350 442 413	1,455 1,470 1,742 1,551 1,786 1,614 1,812 1,719	744 796 1,030 1,333 1,330 1,230 1,492 1,191	14,368 13,257 16,929 16,715 16,427 14,972 15,154 15,695	9,220 8,967 12,178 13,361 14,008 9,629 12,361 11,767	1,863 2,510 2,467 2,099 2,769 2,875 2,571 2,384	1,176 1,266 2,033 2,009 2,324 2,375 2,032 2,363	1,204 1,659 1,370 2,165 3,111 2,908 3,186 3,101	3 7 9 9 12 19 1 7	- 931 1,306 2,018 1,478 1,459 1,219 990	- 133 383 156 41 41 91 115	- 64 34 32 74 97 200 265	- 130 175 153 161 163 186 196	33,012 32,398 42,944 42,944 47,246 33,820 33,688 41,996	

NOTE.—Figures in this table are not strictly comparable as between years because records from some institutions (different institutions in different years) have not been available for inclusion. Moreover some institutions have given the information in some years for more of their students than they were asked to report, i.e., more than their full-time students of university grade; when pre-matriculation or part-time students have been included in the reports it has not been possible to separate them in compiling the table.

†† For 1921 there is only one figure for all students from outside Canada. Distribution by countries incomplete.

### 15.—Summary of Teaching Staffs

	Arts, Letters and Pure Science				Professional Faculties				Pre-Matriculation				Total Teaching Staff (excluding duplicates)				
	Full-time		Part-time		Full-time		Part-time		Full-time		Part-time		Full-time		Part-time		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
Canada.....	1,120	71	214	28	558	84	1,125	54	304	695	304	80	39	2,704	462	1,357	114
	1,137	124	247	73	578	90	1,411	1,317	335	594	335	74	53	2,842	580	1,653	168
	1,558	158	372	147	1,005	122	1,613	92	466	680	466	108	79	3,294	754	1,955	279
	1,719	203	432	149	1,073	149	1,674	112	719	1,131	719	135	85	3,476	541	2,063	281
	1,713	269	449	130	1,518	151	1,727	125	948	1,141	948	141	85	3,637	778	2,263	249
	1,686	320	369	111	1,566	184	1,727	177	898	1,367	898	136	52	3,657	843	2,109	222
1921	1,663	365	473	122	1,616	192	1,805	128	784	1,359	784	159	73	3,500	848	2,360	313
1944	1,650	376	385	104	1,746	237	1,877	154	369	811	369	213	84	3,561	960	2,396	328
Maritime Provinces.....	114	2	26	2	75	2	53	3	5	48	5	22	3	252	9	71	4
	135	10	46	5	53	2	111	13	53	53	5	22	3	279	19	104	4
	154	12	57	30	62	8	141	17	45	45	4	15	2	290	30	162	36
	156	16	62	31	62	8	136	11	56	56	4	15	2	293	44	184	33
	199	32	40	11	82	22	128	12	104	104	10	21	8	336	54	182	30
	192	31	22	11	87	16	93	13	92	92	9	26	1	345	67	127	25
1943	186	20	46	26	84	26	97	13	95	95	9	14	5	358	51	152	40
1944	194	24	47	20	83	24	116	20	96	96	10	12	6	385	54	181	46
Quebec.....	467	2	85	4	196	32	491	18	479	479	277	51	31	1,146	311	619	53
	548	18	69	12	242	32	612	22	381	332	332	22	34	1,373	382	701	97
	642	25	82	13	305	47	748	36	450	426	426	28	48	1,399	498	854	97
	773	59	70	19	329	35	646	29	609	609	164	38	23	1,612	260	730	67
	649	101	86	15	639	47	769	36	609	609	266	80	53	1,670	426	996	60
	638	107	80	12	689	63	873	52	651	293	293	98	46	1,606	448	995	66
1942	636	158	127	14	689	57	876	48	474	28	122	50	1,755	493	1,082	105	
1944	631	161	109	29	737	87	960	47	459	355	133	72	1,749	600	1,186	141	
Ontario.....	341	28	66	13	405	28	377	27	87	87	5	7	—	836	61	437	40
	386	53	76	37	352	32	492	28	76	76	6	1	—	814	91	569	65
	455	82	128	56	395	33	516	33	108	13	13	4	—	908	125	654	91
	515	85	205	94	375	46	649	58	98	6	14	13	4	1,003	137	836	152
	542	94	247	78	568	80	551	47	141	19	18	15	—	1,128	211	774	98
	529	132	209	59	533	76	538	39	155	25	22	5	5	1,124	228	717	106
1943	530	137	222	63	549	69	538	33	164	35	24	15	1,146	267	731	106	
1944	526	143	197	44	601	86	560	50	167	4	42	—	1,180	207	746	89	
Western Provinces.....	198	39	37	9	162	22	204	6	81	81	17	7	8	470	81	230	17
	248	43	56	19	231	24	226	7	84	7	23	23	16	576	88	279	24
	277	39	105	48	243	37	208	6	77	77	13	44	25	617	101	315	55
	293	43	76	20	207	45	243	14	66	9	48	12	9	568	100	313	39
	323	42	76	28	229	32	279	30	94	17	22	9	8	603	87	311	61
	327	50	58	29	246	29	223	23	73	21	20	3	3	592	100	270	31
1943	291	50	78	25	294	40	294	34	51	9	29	8	549	97	395	62	
1944	299	48	32	11	325	40	241	37	59	59	20	26	6	574	99	283	54

## 16.—Annual Income and Capital Resources of Universities and Colleges in Canada, 1921-1944

Province	Current Income <sup>1</sup>						Value of Capital Resources <sup>2</sup>			
	From endowment	Government grants	Student fees	Miscel- laneous	Total	Deficits	Surpluses	Plant	Endowment, etc.	Trust funds <sup>3</sup>
<b>1921</b>										
Maritime Provinces.....	122,081	159,612	150,496	88,794	520,983	18,212	17,576	4,055,874	1,960,672	—
Quebec.....	891,060	302,505	345,027	231,371	1,969,963	25,975	79,778	14,909,346	16,711,158	—
Ontario.....	386,418	2,349,300	858,334	388,061	3,982,113	10,423	88,868	15,889,666	7,778,544	—
Western Provinces.....	97,160	1,711,009	272,198	535,955	2,616,322	26,413	7,886	13,269,237	1,877,149	—
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>1,496,710</b>	<b>4,522,426</b>	<b>1,826,055</b>	<b>1,244,181</b>	<b>9,069,381</b>	<b>80,023</b>	<b>194,108</b>	<b>48,124,123</b>	<b>28,327,523</b>	<b>—</b>
<b>1926</b>										
Maritime Provinces.....	186,227	187,978	199,852	125,922	699,979	22,225	9,740	6,120,258	2,875,463	—
Quebec.....	1,395,834	430,280	605,218	354,600	2,786,032	132,191	12,732	18,200,004	24,478,363	—
Ontario.....	357,979	2,904,041	1,037,341	478,960	4,778,321	12,648	100,955	22,502,250	9,418,360	—
Western Provinces.....	207,499	1,949,141	537,363	276,814	2,970,817	24,871	9,000	18,885,576	3,589,454	—
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>2,147,639</b>	<b>5,471,410</b>	<b>2,379,774</b>	<b>1,236,296</b>	<b>11,235,149</b>	<b>191,935</b>	<b>132,457</b>	<b>65,708,074</b>	<b>42,156,700</b>	<b>—</b>
<b>1931</b>										
Maritime Provinces.....	265,312	151,881	334,279	175,730	927,202	18,177	4,116	8,309,500	5,489,255	—
Quebec.....	1,186,062	668,556	818,010	483,268	3,155,876	459,474	40,307	28,702,951	22,913,131	—
Ontario.....	624,761	3,849,577	1,348,116	481,333	6,303,787	67,840	81,798	27,076,577	16,345,027	—
Western Provinces.....	182,117	2,294,819	822,955	314,051	3,573,942	54,361	—	21,688,908	3,711,452	—
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>2,258,252</b>	<b>6,924,813</b>	<b>3,323,360</b>	<b>1,454,382</b>	<b>13,960,807</b>	<b>599,852</b>	<b>126,251</b>	<b>82,402,538</b>	<b>48,458,866</b>	<b>—</b>
<b>1936</b>										
Maritime Provinces.....	247,456	164,323	436,705	155,778	1,004,952	25,006	22,075	7,910,026	5,723,949	—
Quebec.....	973,355	708,610	1,004,392	508,163	3,208,646	369,871	9,730	28,702,951	24,529,587	—
Ontario.....	635,506	3,005,186	1,914,887	608,690	6,184,463	127,550	70,466	31,443,103	21,388,579	—
Western Provinces.....	73,375	1,421,021	1,045,317	273,750	2,813,469	20,297	12,417	20,485,242	2,735,498	—
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>1,949,872</b>	<b>5,359,146</b>	<b>4,457,241</b>	<b>1,534,617</b>	<b>13,300,876</b>	<b>542,724</b>	<b>114,678</b>	<b>88,541,322</b>	<b>54,377,613</b>	<b>—</b>
<b>1941</b>										
Maritime Provinces.....	293,379	262,276	500,889	243,688	1,300,234	—	22,220	9,178,829	2,710,077	3,159,655
Quebec.....	974,324	1,137,214	1,178,537	424,510	3,714,635	36,310	21,438	31,223,006	26,361,306	2,590,615
Ontario.....	710,777	3,511,331	2,169,484	903,186	7,294,778	165,949	51,074	33,645,571	24,190,186	11,373,891
Western Provinces.....	67,041	1,893,163	1,294,466	482,692	3,737,992	22,190	21,274	21,633,480	1,819,766	297,767
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>2,046,171</b>	<b>6,803,986</b>	<b>5,143,406</b>	<b>2,054,076</b>	<b>16,047,639</b>	<b>224,449</b>	<b>115,999</b>	<b>95,680,886</b>	<b>55,081,925</b>	<b>17,421,929</b>





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## Annual Report

Hereunder are listed the printed annual reports of universities received by the Education Branch. There may be others; if so, a copy would be welcomed by the compilers of this report. The annual calendars are not listed except in the case of Université Laval and the Université de Montréal where the annuaire général includes a record of the year's work as well as a description of courses.

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**Laval, L'Université.**—Annuaire général. Includes reports of university officers. Obtainable from the University, Quebec.

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DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS  
EDUCATION DIVISION

*Survey of*

# HIGHER EDUCATION 1946-48

(PART II OF THE BIENNIAL SURVEY  
OF EDUCATION IN CANADA, 1946-48)



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## PREFACE

The two years covered by the present report found the Canadian universities with an enrolment considerably more than double that of the pre-war years, about 40 p.c. of it made up of veterans financed by the Government of Canada.

The percentage increase in enrolment over pre-war years was considerably higher than in either the United Kingdom or the United States, but the proportion of the Canadian population attending university was still less than half of that in the latter country.

Undergraduate enrolment is not being maintained at the 1948 level, and the universities are currently faced in consequence with difficult problems of readjustment, affecting staff, organization and finance. An indication of some of the problems is given in Chapter I.

The report has again been prepared by Miss S. A. Feeley, of the Education Division of the Bureau, in consultation with Dr. J. E. Robbins Director of the Division.

HERBERT MARSHALL,  
Dominion Statistician.

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS,  
February, 1950.

## CONTENTS

### Section 1—Review of Trends

	PAGE
Enrolment.....	7
Post graduate Students.....	8
Loss of graduates to the United States.....	10
Expenditures of Universities.....	11
Student's cost of a year in University.....	13

APPENDIX: Bibliography of Higher Education.....	15
---	----

### Section 2—Current Tables, 1946-48

1. List of institutions showing address, control, courses and affiliations.....	19
2. List of professional schools, colleges and university faculties showing the full time enrolment of university grade students in each branch of study.....	26
3. Full-time students of the regular session by Province and faculty.....	34
4. Part-time and short course students by grade of work.....	35
5. Summary of all students reported, classified by grade of work.....	37
6. Summary of all students reported, classified by full-time, part-time, short course, etc.....	37
7. Summary of degrees and diplomas granted.....	38
8. University students attending outside their province of residence.....	40
9. Teaching staffs.....	41
10. Salary classification of full-time teaching staffs.....	42
11. Library statistics.....	43

### Section 3—Retrospective tables, 1921-1948

12. Enrolment of undergraduate students by faculties.....	48
12A. Enrolment of postgraduate students by faculties.....	54
13. Degrees and diplomas awarded by faculties.....	55
14. Full-time students by place of residence.....	62
15. Teaching staffs.....	64
16. Annual income and capital resources of universities and colleges.....	65



## SECTION I



## CHAPTER I

### Review of Trends

In the two academic years 1946-48 attendance at Canadian universities and colleges reached unprecedented heights, more than twice the level of war and pre-war years. This was due in large measure, but by no means entirely, to that part of the Government's rehabilitation program for veterans which facilitated their continued education. (The program, it will be recalled, included payment of a living allowance to those attending an institution of higher education, and fees plus \$150 per student per year to the universities. Length of war service was the basic determinant of the period for which the individual veteran might qualify for assistance, but extension of the period was allowed in cases where the academic record was good and it appeared to be in the public interest.)

The records of the Department of Veterans' Affairs show 35,000 veterans receiving assistance in 1946-47 when the total university enrolment of the regular session was 82,327; and 30,500 in 1947-48 when the total was 85,918. Among the 47,327 students of the earlier year and the 55,418 of the later year not receiving assistance were a number who had been started on their studies with the help of the Department. But after making allowance for these it appears that the non-veteran enrolment of 1947 was about 20 p.c. higher than in the immediate pre-war years, and in 1948 about 40 p.c. higher.

In pre-war years annual university enrolment was equivalent to rather more than 5 p.c. of the male population age 20-24, and rather less than 2 p.c. of the female population of the same age group. These percentages correspond quite closely to the proportions, calculated in other ways, of young persons receiving a university education. The rate in 1946-48 was high enough to make university graduates of more than 10 p.c. of the male population and 3 p.c. of the female, but it is known now that it is not being sustained.

High as was the Canadian rate in the years under review, it is of interest to note that it was less than half that of the United States. For purposes of rough comparison the age group 10-19 of the 1940 United States census, and 11-20 of the 1941 census of Canada are considered below as the population of ages 18-27 in 1948:

	United States	Canada
Age group 18-27 years, 1948:		
Men.....	12,132,482	1,119,450
Women.....	11,946,976	1,098,640
University grade enrolment:		
Men.....	1,625,420	69,167
Women.....	623,075	16,751
Percentage of age-group in University:		
Men.....	13.4	6.2
Women.....	5.2	1.5

The increase over pre war years, however, has been much greater in Canada, as is apparent from the figures that follow:

	United States		Canada	
	1938	1948	1938	1948
Enrolment in regular session:				
Undergraduate.....	1,270,474	2,079,475 <sup>1</sup>	36,077	81,208
Post graduate.....	90,801	169,510 <sup>1</sup>	1,731	4,707
Total.....	1,361,275	2,248,985 <sup>1</sup>	37,808	85,915
P.C. of increase over 1938:				
Undergraduate.....		63·6		125·0
Postgraduate.....		86·7		172·0
Total.....		65·2		127·0
P.C. of enrolment in graduate work.....	6·7	7·5	4·8	5·5
P.C. of Veterans in 1948 enrolment.....		47·0		35·5

<sup>1</sup> Exclusive of normal schools.

### Post Graduate Students

The Canadian increase at the post graduate level is particularly significant, and unlike the increase at the undergraduate level it is being maintained since 1948. The increase is partially reflected in the post graduate degrees awarded. Masters' degrees, and *licences* in the French-language universities, numbered 1,178 in 1948, as compared with 496 in 1938; doctorates in course 136 and 84 in the same two years.

The doctoral degrees continue to be mainly in the field of the natural sciences. The two institutions responsible for most of them, McGill University and the University of Toronto, in 1948 showed 63 students enrolled for the doctorate in the humanities, 73 in the social sciences, and 311 in the natural sciences. This represented somewhat less imbalance than in 1938 when the figures were, humanities 19, social sciences 26, natural sciences 205, but still indicated a weight of more than two-thirds in science.

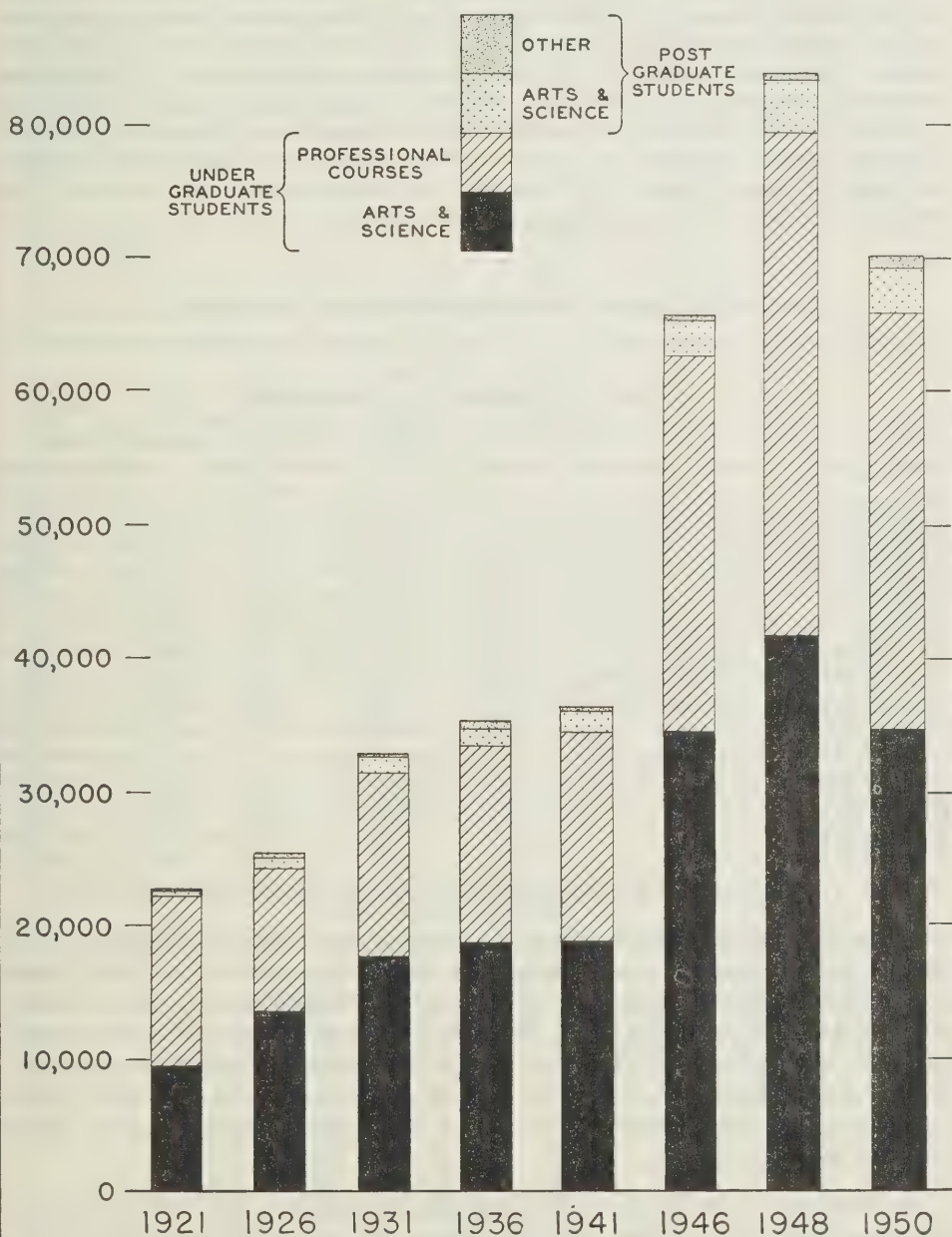
To obtain additional information on the post-graduate situation, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics in the spring of 1949 addressed a special questionnaire to the heads of Departments in the Faculties of Arts and Science of the English-language universities. The results are shown in detail in *D.B.S. Reference Paper No. 7, 1949*, and may be indicated briefly here.

Post graduate enrolment in Canadian institutions was reported to be: humanities, 533; social sciences, 746; pure sciences, 800 (approx.). The Departmental heads had knowledge of the following additional numbers of their former students studying in graduate schools outside Canada: humanities, 132; social sciences, 176; pure science, 276.

Of the total of Canadian post graduate students in both countries, the following held scholarships or fellowships: in the humanities 25 in Canada, 102 outside; in the social sciences 44 in Canada, 115 outside; in the pure sciences 197 in Canada, 207 outside. In other words there are four Canadian humanities students abroad on scholarships or fellowships for every one in Canada, and nearly three social science students abroad with assistance for each one being assisted at home. In the pure sciences the numbers were about even.

Most of those outside Canada were in the United States, the majority of them probably with awards given by American institutions. Awards from the National Research Council and various Canadian industries assisted comparatively large numbers of science students in Canadian universities, but the awards available to humanities and social science students in Canada are few in number and smaller in value. This is doubtless a factor in the settlement of Canadian graduates in the United States, another matter on which the Education Division of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics attempted to compile available information in 1949.

# ENROLMENT IN UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES OF CANADA 1921-1950





### Loss of Canadian Graduates to the United States

For some years the educational, professional and industrial organizations in Canada have been concerned over the drift of Canadian graduates to the United States. In response to many inquiries an attempt was made to obtain some data on this subject through the Alumni Associations of the various universities. The Associations with records that could be compiled without prohibitive expense readily cooperated and a fairly representative sample was obtained for examination. A simple census of the graduates resident in the United States was not possible due to incomplete coverage. It was possible to obtain the percentages of the degrees of certain faculties and professional schools, awarded by the institutions between 1921 and 1947, now resident in the United States. The results of the survey are shown below. The institutions represented in the summarized table include Nova Scotia Technical College, Saint Francis Xavier University, McGill University, Sir George Williams College, Ecole Polytechnique, Queen's University, McMaster University, University of Western Ontario, and three of the provincial universities of western Canada, viz., Manitoba, Saskatchewan and British Columbia. The table shows the percentage of total degrees awarded represented in the sample.

**Graduates of Canadian Universities Resident in the United States**

	Degrees Awarded		Graduates resident in U.S.A.	P.C. of total degrees in sample	P.C. of sample in U.S.A.
	Canada 1921-1947	Institutions reporting			
<b>First degrees:</b>					
Arts.....	75,047	32,723	1,820	43.6	5.6
Science in Arts.....	7,431	4,239	399	57.1	9.4
Commerce.....	5,308	3,046	122	57.4	4.0
Engineering.....	15,934	9,765	521	61.3	5.3
Medicine.....	14,662	6,050	1,628	41.3	26.9
Dentistry.....	3,651	433	93	11.9	21.5
Agriculture.....	5,004	1,793	134	35.8	7.5
Architecture.....	641	260	19	40.5	7.3
Pharmacy.....	4,489	60	5	1.3	8.3
Law.....	6,219	1,300	40	20.9	3.1
Home Economics.....	3,240	1,388	99	42.8	7.1
Library Science.....	1,057	259	29	24.5	11.2
Education.....	2,427	528	12	21.8	2.3
<b>Graduate degrees:</b>					
Master of Arts.....	6,450	2,699	233	41.8	8.6
Master of Science.....	2,716	1,272	229	46.8	18.0
Bachelor of Divinity.....	975	52	9	5.3	17.3
Doctorate in course.....	1,838	567	114	30.8	20.1

The above data includes American citizens who graduated from Canadian universities. These students would tend to discount the percentages reported as resident in the United States particularly for Medicine. The data may contain also Canadian students proceeding to graduate or special courses in the United States. The annual report of the Institute of International Education, New York reports 3,161 Canadian students registered in American colleges in 1948. Many of these students will return to Canada at the conclusion of their course. These factors must be taken into consideration when arriving at any conclusions on the permanent loss to Canada of the graduates.

A comparison of the losses by regions based on the returns from the Alumni Associations emphasizes the omission of certain universities that are the sole or largest source of graduates in particular fields of study. Comparisons are possible for Arts, Science and Engineering.

The available information is distributed by areas as below:

**Percentage of Canadian Graduates Resident in United States by Region of Award**

	Maritime Provinces	Quebec	Ontario	Western Provinces
<b>First degrees:</b>				
Arts.....	16.2	7.6	4.1	4.7
Pure Science.....	8.6	9.1	17.4	9.4
Commerce.....	x	3.7	5.4	2.3
Engineering.....	5.3	3.3	8.1	3.3
Medicine.....	x	34.5	28.2	9.3
Agriculture.....	x	6.1	x	8.0
Architecture.....	x	8.2	x	6.3
Pharmacy.....	x	5.0	x	.....
Law.....	x	2.4	x	3.6
Home Economics.....	.....	7.5	x	7.5
Library Science.....	.....	11.2	x	.....
<b>Graduate degrees:</b>				
Master of Arts.....	1.7	18.7	8.1	2.9
Master of Science.....	36.4	21.6	42.5	5.2
Doctorate in course.....	.....	19.9	3.0	x

\* Information not available.

**Expenditures of Canadian Universities**

Since 1921 the current expenditures of the larger Canadian universities have risen from 8,975 thousand dollars to 36,633 thousand dollars. Full-time enrolment for the same institutions increased from 21,000 to 73,000.

The average expenditure per student has not exceeded \$550 and for most of the time has been under \$500. The table below records the annual expenditures of some forty institutions including 13 provincially controlled universities and colleges and 30 private institutions eight of which are in receipt of provincial grants. The colleges that do not receive provincial grants are, in the main, denominational colleges under control of the churches. The sample represents about 80 p.c. of the full-time enrolment in all institutions of higher education in Canada.

The government grants reported in the table for the years previous to 1946-47-48 are largely from Provincial sources. In the latter years the special supplementary grants of the Dominion Government are included. A similar variant appears in students' fees for these three academic years which include the amounts paid by the Dominion Government for War veterans. The purpose of the table is to show the fluctuations in the percentages of expenditures covered by grants from public monies, students' fees and the revenue from endowments. These three items cover the main sources of income of the universities.

**Expenditures of Universities and Colleges in Relation to Full-Time Enrolment and Sources of Income**

	Expendi- tures per student	Govern- ment grants per student	Fees per student	P.C. of Expenditures		
				From grant income	From fee income	From endowment income
	\$	\$	\$	%	%	%
Canada.....1921	419	211	76	50	18	17
1926	488	237	103	48	21	19
1931	496	238	113	48	23	16
1936	487	205	158	42	32	14
1941	546	234	177	43	32	13
1946	445	187	172	42	39	10
1947	456	191	190	42	42	7
1948	500	203	204	41	41	7

The relatively high rate of expenditure per student reported in 1941 is common to all areas of Canada for that year. Statistics reported for that year record high interest rates on the accumulated deficits of the depression years and in several cases special efforts to clear the deficits through current receipts. In addition the academic year 1940-41 experienced the costs of transfer from the budgets of pre-war years to the higher current costs necessitated by research and special instruction undertaken by the universities as a contribution to the national war effort. Increased grants from the Provinces represent the higher expenses of the provincial universities in that year.

The percentage of expenditures met by Government grants in 1946-47 and 48 include 9 p.c.; 13 p.c. and 11 p.c. respectively contributed by the Dominion Government towards the increased costs to the universities of instruction to veterans. A regional comparison of the expenditures, Government grants and fees per student points out the contrast between districts with large provincial institutions and those that obtain a smaller proportion of their revenue from the province.

#### Current Expenditures of Universities and Colleges per Full-Time Student

Academic Year	Maritime Provinces	Quebec Province	Ontario Province	Western Provinces
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1921.....	253	367	461	470
1926.....	323	598	532	412
1931.....	370	618	512	429
1936.....	402	617	539	345
1941.....	485	618	618	420
1946.....	375	604	465	360
1947.....	408	603	494	359
1948.....	480	615	515	432

#### Government Grants per Full-Time Student

Academic Year	Maritime Provinces	Quebec Province	Ontario Province	Western Provinces
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1921.....	77	58	278	301
1926.....	85	89	330	269
1931.....	60	116	314	267
1936.....	66	119	303	174
1941.....	105	219	302	213
1946.....	84	202	230	161
1947.....	126	207	226	168
1948.....	148	207	225	190

#### Students' Fees per Full-Time Student

Academic Year	Maritime Provinces	Quebec Province	Ontario Province	Western Provinces
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1921.....	73	66	106	48
1926.....	91	125	118	74
1931.....	132	142	110	98
1936.....	174	178	166	128
1941.....	202	195	187	146
1946.....	184	214	182	137
1947.....	198	235	214	141
1948.....	222	234	234	152

## Percentage of Expenditures from Grants, Fees and Endowments

Source and Area	Academic Year							
	1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1946	1947	1948
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Government grants:								
Maritime Provinces.....	31	26	16	16	22	22	30	30
Quebec.....	16	15	19	19	30	34	34	34
Ontario.....	60	62	61	56	49	49	45	44
Western Provinces.....	65	65	62	50	51	45	47	44
Students' fees:								
Maritime Provinces.....	29	28	36	44	42	49	47	46
Quebec.....	18	21	23	30	32	35	39	38
Ontario.....	22	22	22	31	30	39	43	45
Western Provinces.....	10	18	23	37	35	38	39	35
Endowment revenue:								
Maritime Provinces.....	23	26	28	25	24	19	14	13
Quebec.....	47	38	33	27	26	19	15	15
Ontario.....	10	8	10	10	10	8	5	5
Western Provinces.....	4	7	5	3	2	1	1	1

Since 1921 there has been a consistent and crippling decrease in the percentage of the expenditures received from endowment revenues. This has affected the areas of Quebec and the Maritimes most seriously where the percentage from Government grants is considerably smaller than that in Ontario and the Western Provinces. In the latter two areas provincial grants to the universities must bear a reasonable relationship to other provincial expenditures and in consequence do not increase as rapidly as the total expenditures of the universities and colleges. Under these circumstances it has been necessary to increase the fees of the students to the point where they are equal to or greater than any other source of income. These higher fees combined with increased living costs of late years have made the student's cost of a university education in Canada very much higher than it used to be.

## Student's Cost of a Year in University

A survey of the total cost of a year at university was undertaken by a committee of the National Federation of University Students, assisted by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, in the academic year 1947-48. The results represent the experience of 1,291 single students distributed among the major faculties of the universities. Summarized, the results were as follows:

## Average Total Cost to Student of a Year in Arts and Science

	Men	Women
	\$	\$
Maritime Provinces.....	960 to 1115	920 to 1006
Quebec.....	1118 to 1247	1027 to 1103
Ontario.....	895 to 1086	850 to 980
Western Provinces.....	892 to 1022	815 to 946

## Average Total Cost to Student of a Year in Professional Faculties

	Engineering	Medicine	Dentistry
	\$	\$	\$
Maritime Provinces.....	1028	1142	1278
Quebec.....	1064-1281	1300-1555	1297-1500
Ontario.....	1096-1139	1071-1543	1264
Western Provinces.....	916-1066	1245-1341	1383



**Students earnings:** About 80 p.c. of the male students included in the survey reported summer employment. Their savings for the period of employment ranged from under \$50 to \$900 with a median of \$287. The savings of women students were slightly lower. Median \$215; low \$40 and high \$800.

The highest earnings reported by male students for part-time work during the session was \$1,500; for women it was \$515. The median salaries were men \$91 and women \$68.

More detailed information on the cost to a student of a year in university is contained in DBS Reference Paper No. 6, 1949.



## APPENDIX

## BIBLIOGRAPHY FOR HIGHER EDUCATION

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## SECTION II

### CURRENT TABLES, 1946-1948





**I.—List of institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations**

NOTE.—The name of each institution is entered in the language (French or English) used in it as the main language of instruction. The name of each university that has numerous affiliated colleges is entered in italics, and immediately below are listed its affiliated institutions, their names slightly indented in the column. The whole is designed to indicate the structure of the higher educational system in Canada.

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Prince Edward Island</b>	
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown (Provincial).	Normal School, Preparatory and Two Years Arts (Co-educational). Graduates admitted to 3rd and 2nd year Arts in Dalhousie, Acadia, Mount Allison and King's.
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown (Roman Catholic).	Junior Commercial, Preparatory and four-year degree courses in Arts, Science, and Commerce, Pre-Medical and pre-dental courses in science. Co-educational at University level. The University grants its own degrees and in addition students may obtain the Arts degree of Laval University on completion of certain courses in Philosophy prescribed by the Quebec University.
<b>Nova Scotia</b>	
Acadia University, Wolfville (Baptist) . . . . .	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts and Science, Household Science, Music and Theology. Three Years' Engineering. Diploma in Secretarial Science. (Co-educational). Students completing Engineering Course, admitted to second-last year of Bachelor's Course in Engineering in Nova Scotia Technical College and McGill University. Graduates in Arts, if proper electives have been chosen, admitted to second year Medicine in McGill.
<i>Dalhousie University, Halifax (Undenominational).</i>	Degrees in Arts and Science, Commerce, Music, Medicine, Dentistry, Nursing Pharmacy, Law and Fisheries, Diploma in Household Science, Food Technology, Three Years' Engineering. (Co-educational). On completion of Engineering Course at Dalhousie, B.Sc. in Engineering obtained at Nova Scotia Technical College in two years.
University of King's College, Halifax (Anglican).	Arts and Science (including a diploma course in journalism). Degrees in Theology. (Preparatory in King's College School at Windsor, N.S., reported in private schools) (Co-educational). All degrees in Arts and Science granted by Dalhousie. Except in First Year, classes in King's do not duplicate those in Dalhousie, each other class whether conducted in the one or the other institution, being open to students of both. King's is "associated" with Dalhousie.
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax (United Church).	Degrees in Theology. First Year of course may be taken at Dalhousie or Mount Allison Universities. For certain classes in Pine Hill credit is given toward the B.A. degree in Dalhousie.
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Medical Science Bldg., Halifax (Pharm. Soc. and Dalhousie Univ.).	Two- and three-year Pharmacy courses. Prepare students to become registered Pharmacists in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick (Co-educational). Students may obtain degrees of B.Sc. (Pharmacy) in Dalhousie by taking certain courses in the Faculty of Arts and Science in addition.
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax (Roman Catholic).	Degrees in Arts, (including a diploma course in journalism). Secretarial Science, Library Science, Nursing, Household Economics and Music. Preparatory Courses in Mount Saint Vincent Academy. (Women only).
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Science, Household Science, Nursing, Three Years, Engineering. (Men and Women, the ladies' College being Mount St. Bernard). B.Sc. in Engineering completed at Nova Scotia Technical College in two years by those completing the three-year course in St. Francis Xavier. Similarly at McGill.
St. Mary's College, Halifax (Roman Catholic)	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts (including diploma course in journalism), Science, Commerce. Three Years' Engineering (Men only). Engineering course completed at Nova Scotia Technical College as above.
Collège Ste-Anne, Church Point (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial, Degrees in Arts and Letters (Men only).
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax (Roman Catholic).	Theology and Philosophy.
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro (Provincial).	Short courses in Agriculture and Home Economics. Two Years of a "degree course" in Agriculture (Co-educational). Students completing "degree course" are admitted to the third year of B.S.A. course at Macdonald College, Quebec, and at the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax (Provincial).	The two final years of course for B.Sc. in Engineering, and grants degrees. Regular students have taken junior years of course in Acadia, Dalhousie, King's, Mt. Allison, St. Francis Xavier, or St. Mary's.
Maritime School of Social Work, Halifax (Undenominational).	A post graduate course of two years leading to a diploma in Social Work. Also a certificate course for regional workers in Social Service.
<b>New Brunswick</b>	
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton (Provincial).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Law, Engineering and Forestry (Co-educational).
Mount Allison University, Sackville (United Church).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Music, Fine Arts and Home Economics. Certificates in Art and Home Economics. Diplomas in Secretarial Science and Commerce. Three Years Engineering. One Year Theology. Two Years' pre-medical and pre-dental. (Co-educational). Arrangements provide for completing of degree course in Engineering at Nova Scotia Technical College, McGill or Queen's in two years, in Theology at Pine Hill Divinity Hall in three years, in Medicine at Dalhousie or McGill in five years, in Dentistry at Dalhousie in four years.
Université Saint-Joseph, Saint Joseph (Roman Catholic French and English).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Literature, Science and Commerce (Men only).
Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Bathurst (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Diplomas in Commerce, Degrees in Arts and Letters (Men only).
St. Thomas College, Chatham (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Men only).



## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec</b>	
Sir George Williams College, 1441 Drummond St. Montreal, (Y.M.C.A.).	Diplomas and Degrees in Arts, Science and Commerce, Courses in Fine and Applied Art and Business (Co-educational).
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que. (Anglican).	Degrees in Arts, Music and Theology. Course in Education for High School Teacher's Diploma (Co-educational).
McGill University, Montreal, Que. (Undenominational).	Degrees or diplomas in Divinity, Arts and Science, Fine Arts, Commerce, Law, Agriculture, Architecture, Engineering, Dentistry, Medicine, Pharmacy, Household Science, Nursing, Music, Physical Education, Social work. Library School, School of physiotherapy and Graduate School (Co-educational). See under Royal Military College, Acadia, Mount Allison, St. Francis Xavier, and Alberta Universities for arrangement re credit for Engineering Courses at McGill. See also under Macdonald College and the three theological colleges immediately below.
Royal Victoria College, Montreal, Que. (Undenominational).	The Women's College in McGill University for courses in the Faculty of Arts.
Macdonald College, Macdonald College (Undenominational).	Full courses and Short Courses in Agriculture and Household Science, (Also Provincial Normal School) (Co-educational). An incorporated College of McGill University. Degree Courses in Agriculture controlled by, and degrees for same granted by McGill. Other courses in Agriculture and those in Household Science under direction of the College.
United Theological College, 3506 University St., Montreal (United Church). Diocesan Theological College, 3472 University St., Montreal (Anglican). Montreal Presbyterian College, 3489 McTavish St., Montreal (Presbyterian).	Degrees in Theology. Affiliated to McGill: Students of these Colleges pursuing a double course in Arts and Theology are exempted from a half course in Arts in each of the Third and Fourth Years, or a whole course in either.
Université de Montréal, Montréal (Roman Catholic, as also most affiliated colleges).	The faculties and Schools of the University are: Theology (Grand Séminaire de Montréal) Law, Medicine, Science, Philosophy (including l'Institut de Psychologie and l'Institut d'études médiévales), Letters, Dietetics, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Social Science, Nursing, also the affiliated schools listed below in Agriculture, Commerce, Engineering and Applied Science, Optometry, Pedagogy, Veterinary Science, etc.
Ecole Polytechnique, 1430 St-Denis, Montréal (Provincial). Ecole des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, 535 Avenue Viger, Montréal (Provincial). Institut agricole d'Okla, La Trappe..... Ecole de médecine vétérinaire, La Trappe..... Ecole d'optométrie, 1610 St-Denis, Montréal. Institut pédagogique St-Georges, 244 rue Sherbrooke est, Montréal. Institut pédagogique, 4873 Westmount Ave., Montréal.	"Affiliated Schools" of the University of Montreal. They might be considered the respective professional Faculties of the University which has direct control of the Courses and grants the degrees, but no financial control.
Petit Séminaire de Montréal..... Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St-Hyacinthe..... Séminaire de Ste-Thérèse, Ste-Thérèse..... Collège de l'Assomption, l'Assomption..... Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette..... **Collège Ste-Marie, 1180 Bleury, Montréal..... Collège Bourget, Rigaud..... Collège de St-Laurent, St-Laurent..... Séminaire St-Charles Borromée, Sherbrooke..... Séminaire de Valleyfield, Valleyfield..... Collège de St-Jean sur Richelieu, St. Jean..... **Loyola College, Montreal..... Séminaire Ste-Croix, St-Laurent..... **Collège Jean-de-Brébeuf, Côte-des-Neiges, Montréal..... Collège André-Grasset, Montréal..... Externat Classique de Ste-Croix, Montréal..... Juniorat de Marie-Immaculée, Chambly..... Collège Campion, Regina, Sask..... Juvénat du T. S. Sacrement, Terrebonne..... Collège Stansilas, Montréal..... Séminaire Marie-Médiatrice, Montréal..... *Collège Séraphique, Ottawa.....	Men and boys only. "Little Seminaries" and "Classical Colleges" affiliated to the University of Montreal, and in reality constituting the Faculty of Arts of the University, which regulates the courses and grants the degrees in Arts. The "Classical" Course, however, covers in addition to the final four years required for the B.A. Degree several preliminary years of study comparable to the more advanced grades of the elementary schools and the secondary grades in other provinces. In addition several of these institutions offer junior commercial courses corresponding to commercial courses in the high schools of other provinces.
Collège Marguerite-Bourgeois, Montréal.... Marianopolis College, Montreal..... Collège Saint-Maurice, St-Hyacinthe..... Collège Basil-Moreau, St-Laurent..... Collège Marie-Anne, Lachine..... Collège Jésus-Marie, Outremont..... Collège Marie de France, Montréal..... Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Sherbrooke.....	Affiliated Arts Colleges for girls similar to above for men and boys.

\*\* By Ancient Pontifical authority the three Jesuit Colleges retain full authority over their own courses and examinations. The university accepts the recommendations of the Colleges for candidates for degrees and grants the degrees in Arts or Science.

\* Also listed with the institutions of the province where located.

## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec—Continued</b>	
<i>Université de Montréal—Concluded</i>	
41 Couvents affiliés.....	Classical—"Letters-Sciences" or High School Course of four years for girls.
Conservatoire National de Musique, 441 Lagauchetière est, Montréal.	Schools "annexed" to the University of Montreal, i.e., of which the University approves the curriculum, is represented at the examinations, and sanctions the diploma awarded.
Ecole de musique (Institut Nazareth), Montréal.	
Ecole supérieure de musique de l'Institut des SS. NN. de Jésus et de Marie, Montréal.	
Ecole de musique religieuse (Schola Can- torum), Montréal.	
Ecole de dessin, Montréal.....	
Ecole de tourisme, 7459 de l'Épée, Montréal.	Graduate courses for nurses. "Annexed" to the Faculty of Medicine, University of Montreal, See meaning of "annexed" above.
8 écoles d'enseignement ménager.....	
Conservatoire Lasalle, 847 Sherbrooke St. E., Montréal.	Two-year course in Social work for graduate students. Annexed to Univer- sité de Montréal.
Ecole d'hygiène sociale appliquée, 1231 Demontigny, Montréal.	
Ecole de Service Social.....	Training school for nurses leading to degree in hospital science; specialization in hospital administration and nursing instruction. Annexed to Faculty of Medicine, as above.
Institut Marguerite d'Youville, Montréal...	
Ecole de Technologie Médicale, Montréal...	Training school for technicians in Medical Science. Course covers four years from B.Sc. degree. Annexed to Faculty of Medicine; as above.
<i>Université Laval, Québec (Roman Catholic, as also all affiliated colleges).</i>	Faculties and Schools of the University are: Theology, Canon Law, Philos- ophy, Law, Medicine (including School of Nursing), Arts, Letters, Science, Social Science, Agriculture, Forestry and School of Graduate Studies. The faculty of Arts includes Modern Languages, Music and Household Science. The faculty of Science includes Superior Chem- istry, the School of Mines, Engineering, Fisheries, Superior Nor- mal School and School of Pharmacy. Commerce is included in the Faculty of Social Sciences.
Grand Séminaire de Rimouski.....	The "Grand Seminaries" listed are schools of theology located at or near the "Little Seminaries" or "Classical Colleges" bearing the same name. The Grand Seminary at Quebec City is the Faculty of Theology in Laval University.
" " de Chicoutimi.....	
" " de Nicolet.....	
" " des Trois-Rivières.....	
Petit Séminaire de Québec, Québec.....	Classical Colleges and Little Seminaries affiliated to the University of Laval. See explanation opposite the names of the similar institutions affiliated to the University of Montreal.
Petit Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet.....	
Collège de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne-de-la-Poca- tière.....	
Petit Séminaire des Trois-Rivières.....	
Petit Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski.....	
Petit Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi.....	
Collège de Lévis, Lévis.....	
Petit Séminaire de Mont-Laurier, Mt-Laurier.....	
Collège St-Alexandre, Limbour.....	
Ecole Apostolique, Notre-Dame, Lévis.....	
Séminaire du Sacré-Cœur, St-Victor.....	
Séminaire de Gaspé, Gaspé.....	
Collège Charles-Garnier, Québec.....	
Séminaire St-Alphonse, Ste-Anne-de-Beau- pré et Aylmer.....	
Séminaire St-Antoine, Trois-Rivières et Québec.....	
Externat Saint-Jean-Eudes, Québec.....	
Séminaire Montfortain, Papineauville.....	
Le Collège d'Amos.....	
Le Juvenat des Frères Maristes, Sillery.....	
Ecole Apostolique du Sacré-Cœur, Beauport.....	
Collège d'Amos, Abitibi.....	
*Collège des Jésuites, Sudbury, Ont.....	"Associated Colleges," i.e., "affiliated classical colleges" situated outside the provinces of Quebec and Ontario (Lower and Upper Canada).
*Collège des Jésuites, Edmonton, Alta.....	
*St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown, P.E.I.	Schools for men, other than theological and classical, affiliated to the University of Laval. Diplomas and degrees are awarded by the University.
Académie de la Salle, Trois-Rivières.....	
Académie Commerciale, Québec.....	
L'Institut des Frères du Sacré-Cœur, Artha- baska.....	
Ecole d'Agriculture de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne- de-la-Pocatière.....	
Ecole des Pêcheries, Ste-Anne-de-la-Poca- tière.....	

\* Also listed with the institutions of the province where located.

## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations	
<b>Quebec—Continued</b>		
<i>Université Laval—Concluded</i>		
L'Institut des Dames Religieuses de Jésus-Marie de Sillery, Québec.	Affiliated Arts Colleges for girls similar to Classical Colleges for men.	
L'Institut des Dames Religieuses de l'Assomption, Nicolet.		
L'Institut des Dames Religieuses des Ursulines, Trois-Rivières.		
Le Collège des Ursulines, Québec.....		
Pensionnat Notre-Dame de Bellevue, Québec.	Degree Courses in Domestic Science.	
Collège des Ursulines, Rimouski.....		
Ecole Supérieure des Sciences Domestiques, St-Pascal.	"Higher Primary instruction," <i>i.e.</i> , High School Course for girls.	
16 couvents ou instituts affiliés, 2 écoles d'ens. ménager, and St. Patrick High School, Three Rivers.		
12 Ecoles de Garde-Malades.....	Diploma Course in Nursing.	
Theological Schools (without University affiliation).	Theological schools. Some have classical students, <i>i.e.</i> , students in philosophy, as well as theological students. No affiliation.	
Scolasticat de l'Immaculée Conception (Jésuites), 1855 Rachel E., Montréal.		
Scolasticat des Religieux du T.-S.-Sacrement 514 Mt. Royal Ave., E., Montréal.		
Studium Franc. de Théologie, Blvd. Rosemont, Montréal.		
Maison d'études du monastère de la Réparation (Capucins), Pointe-aux-Trembles.		
Séminaire des Missions Etrangères, Pont-Viau.		
Studium Franc. de Philosophie, 33 rue de l'Alverne, Québec.		
Scolasticat de Philosophie (Oblats), Richelieu.		
Scolasticat St-Charles (Clercs de St-Viateur), Joliette.		
Scolasticat de la Congrégation de Ste-Croix, Montréal.		
Scolasticat de Philosophie (Cong. de Ste-Croix), St-Laurent.		
Monastère des Trappistes, N.-D. du Lac et Mistassini.		
Scolasticat (philosophie) des Miss. du Sacré-Cœur, Waterloo.		
Séminaire des Missionnaires d'Afrique (Pères Blancs), Everell.		
Noviciat des PP. Bénédictins, St-Benoit du Lac.		
Juvénat St-Bernard (Cisterciens), Mistassini.		
Cisterciens de la Commune Observance, N.D. de Val d'Espoir.		
Cisterciens de l'Immaculée-Conception, St-Michel de R.		
Ecole St-Ignace (Jésuites), 1180 Bleury, Montréal.		
Maison St-Joseph (Jésuites), Sault-au-Récollet.		
Juniorat de la Compagnie de Marie, Papi-neauville.	Classical courses preparatory to Theology, roughly equivalent to high school and junior college years. No affiliation.	
Collège Missionnaire (Franciscains), Sorel...		
Collège Séraphique (Franciscains), Trois-Rivières.		
Noviciat des Pères Capucins, Québec.....		
Congrégation de la Fraternité Sacerdotal, Pointe-du-Lac.		
Juvénat St-Joseph, Cong. de Ste-Croix, St-Hyacinthe.		
Juvénat des Saints-Anges, Clercs de St-Viateur, Berthierville.		
Juvénat Champagneur, Clercs de St-Viateur, L'Epiphanie.		
<b>Ontario</b>		
<i>Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa (Roman Catholic O.M.I.).</i>		
Congrégation de Notre-Dame, Ottawa.....		Preparatory Department. Degree Courses in the Faculties of Theology, Arts (including Science, Commerce, Philosophy, and Public Administration) Engineering and Medicine. Conducts a School of Nursing, School of Music and Elocution, Library School and a Provincial Normal School for training teachers for the bilingual schools of Ontario.
Pensionnat de N.D. du Sacré-Cœur, Ottawa...		
Pensionnat-Mère des S.G. de la Croix, Ottawa...		
Pensionnat de N.D. de Lourdes, Ottawa...		
Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....		Preparatory and Arts Schools in Ontario. Full Course in Arts not given in all schools.
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener.....		



## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Ontario—Continued</b>	
<i>Université d'Ottawa—Concluded</i>	
*Notre-Dame College, Wilcox, Sask. ....	Affiliated arts and preparatory schools situated outside the province of Ontario.
*St. Thomas College, Battleford, Sask. ....	
*Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg, Sask. ....	
*Couvent des SS. de la Providence, Prud'homme, Sask. ....	
*Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Regina, Sask. ....	
*Juniorat St-Jean Apôtre, Edmonton, Alta. ....	
*Académie Ste-Thérèse, Medicine Hat, Alta. ....	
Carleton College, Ottawa (Undenominational)	Degree courses in Arts, Science, Commerce and Journalism. Also a two year general course in Engineering and Applied Science.
<i>University of Western Ontario, London (Undenominational).</i>	Degrees in Arts (and Science), Law, Journalism, Drama, Medicine, and Public Health. Diplomas in Business Administration, Nursing and Hospital Administration and Household Science (Co-educational.)
Alma College, St. Thomas (United Church)	Affiliated Colleges of the University of Western Ontario, Arts only, except Theology at Huron, Waterloo and St. Peter's Seminary. The University approves the curricula and grants the degrees in Arts.
Assumption College, Windsor (Roman Catholic.)	
Huron College, London (Anglican) .....	
St. Peter's Seminary, London (Roman Catholic.)	
Ursuline College, London (Roman Catholic)	
Waterloo College, Waterloo (Evangelical Lutheran).	
Queen's University, Kingston (Undenominational).	Degrees in Arts (and Science), Physical and Health Education, Commerce, Applied Science and Engineering, Medicine and Nursing (Co-educational).
Queen's Theological College, Kingston (United Church).	Degree Course in Theology. Affiliated to Queen's University. Degrees granted by the University.
McMaster University, Hamilton (Baptist) .....	Degrees in Arts (and Science) and Theology. (Co-educational.)
Hamilton College, Hamilton .....	Degree courses in Science. Degrees awarded by McMaster.
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto, 2, (Law Society).	Three-year course for which one year of Arts is prerequisite, graduating barristers-at-law (Co-educational). No affiliation.
Royal Military College, Kingston (Dominion)	A four-year course in Applied Science and Engineering (Men). Canadian Universities admit graduates to fourth year of civil engineering and third year of other engineering courses.
Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Sudbury (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Men). See under Laval University.
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and junior commercial. Degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce and Social Science. St. Patrick's College, while retaining autonomy of Faculty and Administration, shares the rights and privileges of the charter of the University of Ottawa with regard to the conferring of academic degrees. Co-educational at College level.
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto. (Roman Catholic).	Theological schools. Some have classical students, i.e., students in Philosophy, as well as Theological students.
St. Alphonsus Seminary, Woodstock. (Roman Catholic).	
Collège des Dominicains, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	
Séminaire Universitaire Saint-Paul, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	
Scolasticat St. Joseph, Ottawa .....	
Scolasticat des Montfortains, Eastview. (Roman Catholic).	
Séminaire des Missionnaires d'Afrique (Pères Blancs), Eastview. (Roman Catholic).	
Holy Rosary Scholasticate, Orleans .....	
College of Christ the King, Toronto. (Roman Catholic).	
St. Basil's Scholasticate, Toronto. (Roman Catholic).	
Mount Carmel College, Niagara. (Roman Catholic).	Classical course preparatory to Theology, roughly equivalent to high school and junior college years.
St. Mary's College, Brockville. (Roman Catholic).	
Collège Séraphique, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	
Juvénat St-Alexis, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic)	
St. Stanislas Noviciate, Guelph. (Roman Catholic).	
<i>University of Toronto, Toronto 5 (Provincial)...</i>	Degrees in the Faculties of Arts (including Pure Science, Commerce and Law), Education, Music, Household Science, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Forestry, Engineering and Applied Science (including Architecture), School of Physical and Health Education, School of Social Work, School of Graduate Studies. Diplomas in Social Service, Public Health, Public Health Nursing, Administrative Course for Graduate Nurses, Occupational Therapy, Physiotherapy, Library Science. A course in Education leads to High School teacher's certificate from provincial Department of Education. (Co-educational).

\* Also listed with institutions of the Province where located.

## I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Ontario—Concluded</b>	
<i>University of Toronto—Concluded</i>	
St. Michael's College and Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto 5. (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and full Arts Course (Men and Women). Graduate course in Mediaeval Studies. Federated with University of Toronto.
Victoria University (2 colleges), Toronto (United Church).	Arts Degree Course in Victoria College. Theology in Emmanuel (Co-educational). Federated with University of Toronto.
Trinity College, Toronto 5 (Anglican).....	Degree Courses in Arts and Theology (Co-educational). Federated with University of Toronto.
Knox College, Toronto 5 (Presbyterian)....	Theology.
Wycliffe College, Toronto 5 (Anglican).....	Theology.
United Church Training School, Toronto....	Diploma courses in Deaconess and Missionary training (Women). Affiliated with Emmanuel College in Victoria University. Courses of the Canadian School of Missions also available.
Anglican Women's Training College, Toronto	Diploma courses in Deaconess and Missionary training (Women). Courses given at Wycliffe College and at the Canadian School of Missions are available to students.
Canadian School of Missions, Toronto (Mission Boards of Anglican, United and Presbyterian Churches).	Provides certain courses for missionary students and missionaries on furlough. All students have access to courses in the Theological Colleges—Knox, Victoria, Trinity and Wycliffe.
Ontario College of Pharmacy, St. James Sq., Toronto (Pharmacists).	Degree and diploma courses in Pharmacy. (Co-educational). Degrees from the University of Toronto.
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph (Provincial).	Degree and diploma courses in Agriculture and Household Science (Co-educational). Degrees from the University.
Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph (Provincial).	Degree Courses in Veterinary Science (Men). Degrees from the University.
<b>Manitoba</b>	
<i>University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in the faculties of Arts and Science (including Commerce), Education, Law, Medicine, Engineering, Interior design and Architecture, Agriculture and Household Science, Pharmacy diplomas and High School teachers course, School of Social Work. (Co-educational).
Manitoba Law School, Law Courts, Winnipeg (University and Law Society).	Four-year Course leading to degree of LL.B. in the University of Manitoba, admission to the Law Society, and call to the Bar.
United College (Wesley and Manitoba), Winnipeg (United Church).	Preparatory and full course in Arts and Theology. (Co-educational).
St. Paul's College, Winnipeg (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts. Course for women given at St. Mary's College and Academy.
St. John's College, North Main St., Winnipeg (Anglican).	Preparatory, full course in Arts and Theology. (Co-educational).
Collège de St.-Boniface, St.-Boniface (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial and full course in Arts. Women's courses given at St. Joseph's Academy.
Brandon College, Brandon.....	Preparatory and full Arts Course. Diplomas in Music and Expression. (Co-educational). Affiliate of the University of Manitoba.
<b>Saskatchewan</b>	
<i>University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in the Faculties of Arts and Science, Agriculture, Household Science Engineering, Pharmacy, Law, Accounting, Education, Music (also course leading to provincial High School teacher's certificate). Pre-medical and pre-dental years. School of Physical Education, School of Nursing. (Co-educational).
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon (Anglican)....	Degree courses in Theology.
St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon (United Church).	"
Lutheran College and Seminary, Saskatoon...	Preparatory and Diploma Courses in Theology.
Luther Theological Seminary, Saskatoon, (Nor. Lutheran).	Diploma Courses in Theology.
St. Chad's College, Regina (Anglican).....	Degree Course in Theology.
Regina College, Regina (Provincial).....	Preparatory and two years in Arts; Music, Expression and Fine Art. (Co-educational).
Campion College, Regina (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and two years in Arts; (Boys).
Outlook College, Outlook (Nor. Lutheran)..	" " (Co-educational).
St. Peter's College, Meunster (Roman Catholic).	" " (Boys).
Luther College, Regina (American Lutheran)	" " (Co-educational).
St. Thomas More College, Saskatoon, (Roman Catholic).	Arts. (Co-educational). Affiliated to University of Saskatchewan.
Grand Séminaire, Mazenod, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic).	Theology.
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Boys.).
Collège Thêvenet, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic).	" " (Girls).
Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Regina (Roman Catholic).	" " (Girls).
Couvent des SS. de la Providence, Prud'homme (Roman Catholic).	" " (Girls).
Notre Dame College, Wilcox (Roman Catholic)	" " (Co-educational).

See under the University of Ottawa, Sacré-Cœur is also affiliated to the University of Saskatchewan.



**I.—List of Institutions, showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Concluded**

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<p align="center"><b>Alberta</b></p> <p><i>University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. (Provincial).</i></p> <p>St. Stephen's College, Edmonton (United Church).</p> <p>Grand Séminaire St. Joseph, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).</p> <p>St. Joseph's College, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).</p> <p>St. Aidan's College, Edmonton (Anglican).</p> <p>Mount Royal College, Calgary (United Church).</p> <p>Concordia College, Edmonton (Lutheran).</p> <p>Canadian Union College, Lacombe (Seventh Day Adventists).</p> <p>Collège des Jésuites, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).</p> <p>Juniorat St-Jean-Apôtre, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).</p> <p>Académie Ste. Thérèse, Medicine Hat (Roman Catholic).</p>	<p>Degrees in Arts and Science, Commerce, Agriculture, Household Science, Engineering, Education (also course for High School teachers' certificate), Law, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Nursing, Co-educational).</p> <p>Theology, Arts classes taken in the University of Alberta (Men).</p> <p>Theology.</p> <p>Instruction in Arts subjects, and religious instruction (Men). All students also registered in the University of Alberta.</p> <p>Proposed Theological College, exists in constitution only.</p> <p>Preparatory, Junior Commercial, Music and two years Arts (Co-educational).</p> <p>A four-year high school and two-year Arts Course (Co-educational).</p> <p>Preparatory, Junior Commercial and two years Arts (Co-educational).</p> <p>Preparatory and Full Arts Course (Men). See under Laval University, Quebec.</p> <p>Preparatory and Arts Classes (Male).  " " (Female). } See under University of Ottawa.</p>
<p align="center"><b>British Columbia</b></p> <p><i>University of British Columbia, Vancouver (Provincial).</i></p> <p>Victoria College, Victoria (Municipal).</p> <p>Anglican Theological College of British Columbia, Vancouver (Anglican).</p> <p>Union College of British Columbia, Vancouver (United Church).</p> <p>H.M.C.S. Royal Roads, Royal Roads, B.C.</p>	<p>Degrees in Arts and Science (including Commerce, Education, Physical Education and Home Economics), Engineering and Applied Science, (including Architecture) Agriculture, Law, Pharmacy, Social Service and Nursing diplomas, High School teacher's training course (Co-educational).</p> <p>Two years of Arts and Science (including Commerce and one year of Applied Science,) University of B.C. curriculum (Co-educational). A Junior College of the University of B.C. for convenience of residents of Vancouver Island.</p> <p>Degree courses in theology. Affiliated theological colleges of the University of British Columbia. They provide religious knowledge options for which credit is given by the University toward the B.A. degree.</p> <p>Two-year training course for Naval and Air-force officer cadets.</p>

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITY FACULTIES IN CANADA, SHOWING THE FULL-TIME ENROLMENT OF UNIVERSITY GRADE IN EACH BRANCH OF STUDY, 1947 AND 1948

NOTE.—This is a detailed list of the institutions or parts of institutions for which statistics are summarized in the ensuing tables. The name of each appears in the language, English or French, used in it as the main language of instruction. The figures opposite the name of each show full-time enrolment of university grade, i.e., in courses for which matriculation is prerequisite, male and female separately. No record is included of part-time students (except in Post-Graduate Arts and Science where they cannot be separated), evening classes, short courses or extension students of any kind; nor of full-time students that are in courses for which matriculation is not prerequisite, e.g., students in the high school or preparatory departments of colleges, or in diploma courses in agriculture, household science, music, etc. Students of all kinds are counted in the later tables but the more limited purpose of Table 2 is to show at what locations instruction in each branch of higher studies is available, and to indicate the approximate share of each institution in the total.

	1948		1947	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>1. Post-Graduate Arts and Pure Science</b> (in this section it is necessary to include part-time students of the regular session as well as full-time)—				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.	12	4	11	6
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.	31	10	40	8
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.	3	2	28	3
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.	5	1	6	4
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.	*	*	20	5
McGill University, Faculty of Graduate Studies and Research, Montréal, Qué.	360	78	287	72
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Qué.	3	—	1	—
Université Laval, Ecole des Gradués, Québec	139	84	113	66
Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.	750	254	646	224
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.	218	71	188	55
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa, Ont.	5	11	1	1
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont.	33	8	18	7
Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.	29	4	22	—
Pontifical Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto, Ont.	58	—	36	4
University of Toronto, School of Graduate Studies, Toronto, Ont.	859	247	745	209
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.	61	12	71	13
University of Manitoba, Fort Garry, Man.	79	20	118	52
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.	39	12	31	9
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.	148	28	96	33
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.	217	77	221	49
<b>2. Undergraduate Arts and Pure Science</b> (Full B.A. Course)—				
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—				
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown	144	14	119	16
NOVA SCOTIA—				
Acadia University, Wolfville	413	102	406	99
College Ste-Anne, Church Point	32	—	41	—
Dalhousie University, Halifax	559	180	524	165
King's College (University of), Halifax	105	32	104	35
Mt. St. Vincent College, Halifax	—	55	—	46
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish	516	49	560	43
St. Mary's College, Halifax	42	—	30	—
NEW BRUNSWICK—				
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Bathurst	*	*	*	*
Mount Allison University, Sackville	346	149	322	144
St. Thomas College, Chatham	87	5	91	12
Université St-Joseph, St. Joseph	178	—	143	—
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton	*	*	310	90
QUEBEC—				
Bishop's University, Lennoxville	171	31	150	45
McGill University, Montréal	1,679	900	1,898	884
Sir George Williams College, Montreal	395	91	455	90
Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université de Montréal:				
Collège de l'Assomption, L'Assomption	126	—	109	—
Collège Bourget, Rigaud	105	—	107	—
Collège Brébeuf, Montréal	234	—	214	—
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette	195	—	194	—
Loyola College, Montréal	350	—	301	—
Collège de Montréal, Montréal	171	—	161	—
Séminaire St-Charles Borromée, Sherbrooke	170	—	153	—
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St-Hyacinthe	207	—	176	—

<sup>1</sup> All students in the faculties of Letters, Philosophy and Science at the University of Montreal and Laval University hold a bachelor's degree, in a general classical course, not in specialized fields as is generally the case with students pursuing post-graduate studies in the English language universities.

\*Record not available.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1948		1947	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>2. Undergraduates Arts and Pure Science—Concluded</b>				
QUEBEC—Concluded				
Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université de Montréal—Fin				
Collège de St-Jean, St-Jean.....	94	—	88	—
Collège St-Laurent, St-Laurent.....	181	—	151	—
Collège André-Grasset, Montréal.....	131	—	122	—
Externat Ste-Croix, Montréal.....	120	—	104	—
Collège Ste-Marie, Montréal.....	295	—	239	—
Séminaire Ste-Thérèse, Ste-Thérèse.....	91	—	96	—
Séminaire de Valleyfield, Valleyfield.....	100	—	82	—
Collège Basile-Moreau Saint-Laurent.....	—	37	—	42
Collège Jésus-Marie, Outremont.....	—	50	—	47
Collège Marie-Anne, Lachine.....	—	36	—	45
Collège Marguerite Bourgeoys, Montréal.....	—	94	—	93
Collège Saint-Maurice, St-Hyacinthe.....	—	21	—	16
Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Sherbrooke.....	—	19	—	14
Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université Laval:				
Séminaire de Québec.....	336	—	312	—
Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet.....	110	—	115	—
Collège de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière.....	174	—	164	—
Séminaire St-Joseph, Trois-Rivières.....	256	—	241	—
Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski.....	146	—	142	—
Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi.....	193	—	198	—
Collège Classique de Lévis, Lévis.....	150	—	124	—
Séminaire St-Joseph, Mont-Laurier.....	36	—	33	—
Collège St-Alexandre, Limbour.....	53	—	55	—
Séminaire de St-Victor, St-Victor de Beauce.....	71	—	72	—
Collège des Jésuites, Gaspé.....	50	—	41	—
Collège St-Charles-Garnier, Québec.....	144	—	144	—
Séminaire St-Alphonse, Ste-Anne-de-Beaupré.....	40	—	38	—
Séminaire St-Antoine, Trois-Rivières.....	45	—	46	—
Collège Saint-Jean-Eudes.....	115	—	84	—
Séminaire Montfortain.....	17	—	10	—
Ecole Apostolique du Sacré-Cœur, Beauport.....	34	—	11	—
Collège d'Amos.....	20	—	18	—
Juvénat des Pères Maristes, Sillery.....	15	—	9	—
Ecole Apostolique Notre-Dame, Lévis.....	31	—	29	—
Pensionnat Notre-Dame, Nicolet.....	—	19	—	8
Pensionnat Notre-Dame-de-Belevue.....	—	26	—	26
Collège Jésus-Marie de Sillery, Bergerville.....	—	48	—	49
Collège des Ursulines, Québec.....	—	32	—	22
Collège des Ursulines, Rimouski.....	—	—	—	2
Collège Marie de L'Incarnation, Trois-Rivières.....	—	14	—	17
ONTARIO—				
McMaster University, Hamilton.....	744	288	721	320
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa (Colleges included).....	462	72	481	83
Collège Bruyère, Ottawa.....	—	43	—	47
Collège Notre-Dame, Ottawa.....	—	29	—	36
Séminaire diocésain.....	118	—	117	—
Congrégation de Notre-Dame.....	—	33	—	21
Queen's University, Kingston.....	721	488	682	465
Collège Sacré-Cœur, Sudbury.....	113	—	110	—
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa.....	190	3	205	2
Carleton College, Ottawa.....	179	53	185	19
University of Toronto, Toronto (Colleges included).....	4,374	2,290	4,141	2,306
St. Michael's College, Toronto.....	531	198	476	194
Trinity College, Toronto.....	354	244	362	252
Victoria College, Toronto.....	1,574	954	1,523	966
University of Western Ontario, London (Colleges included).....	2,049	488	1,783	398
Assumption College, Windsor.....	727	110	505	61
Ursuline College, London.....	—	100	—	95
Waterloo College, Waterloo.....	102	58	121	45
MANITOBA—				
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg (Colleges included).....	2,215	877	2,486	787
Brandon College, Brandon.....	154	88	108	73
Collège St-Boniface, St-Boniface.....	*	*	*	*
St. John's College, Winnipeg.....	*	*	*	*
St. Paul's College, Winnipeg.....	113	38	64	20
United College, Winnipeg.....	442	209	176	86

\* Record not available.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1948		1947	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>2. Undergraduates Arts and Pure Science—Concluded</b>				
SASKATCHEWAN—				
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg.....	51	—	69	—
Notre Dame College, Wilcox.....	45	10	31	3
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon.....	949	408	1,111	503
St. Thomas More College, Saskatoon.....	135	42	153	51
ALBERTA—				
University of Alberta, Edmonton.....	928	268	848	238
BRITISH COLUMBIA—				
University of British Columbia, Vancouver.....	3,114	1,184	3,386	1,210
<b>3. Junior Colleges and Classical Schools of Roman Catholic Orders Preparatory to Theology.</b>				
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—				
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown.....	123	32	129	64
QUEBEC—				
Ecole St-Ignace (Jésuites), Montréal.....	480	—	480	—
Maison St-Joseph (Jésuites), Sault-au-Récollet.....				
Juniorat de Marie-Immaculée (Oblats), Chambly-Bassin.....				
Collège Séraphique (Franciscains), Trois-Rivières.....				
Collège Missionnaire Franciscain, Sorel.....				
Juvénat des Cisterciens (Trappistes), Mistassini.....				
Juniorat de la Compagnie de Marie, Papineauville.....				
Noviciat des Pères Capucins, Québec.....				
Ecole apostolique des Miss. du Sacré-Cœur, Beauport.....				
Congrégation de la Fraternité Sacerdotale, Pointe-du-Lac.....				
Cisterciens de la Commune Observance, N.-D. de Val d'Espoir.....	(Estimated Total)			
Cisterciens de l'Immaculée-Conception, St-Michel de Rougemont.....				
Juvénat St-Tharsicius, PP. du T.-S.-Sacrement, Terrebonne.....				
Juvénat St-Joseph, Congrégation de Ste-Croix, St-Hyacinthe.....				
Juvénat des Saints-Anges, Clercs de St-Viateur, Berthierville.....				
Juvénat Champagneur, Clercs de St-Viateur, L'Epiphanie.....				
Noviciat des PP. Bénédictins, St-Benoit-du-Lac.....				
ONTARIO—				
Alma College, St. Thomas.....	—	5	—	9
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener.....	37	—	51	—
Mt. Carmel College (Carmelites), Niagara Falls.....	25	—	40	—
Collège Séraphique (Capucins), Ottawa.....	18	—	32	—
Juvénat St. Alexis (Servites de Marie), Ottawa.....	*	—	*	—
St. Stanislas Novicate (Jesuits), Guelph.....	23	—	25	—
SASKATCHEWAN—				
Campion College, Regina.....	61	—	49	—
Luther College, Regina.....	17	5	22	7
Regina College, Regina.....	187	63	227	49
St. Peter's College, Muenster.....	93	—	84	—
Sacred Heart College, Regina.....	—	3	—	3
ALBERTA—				
Canadian Union College, Lacombe.....	69	31	69	20
Concordia College, Edmonton.....	68	24	56	29
Mt. Royal College, Calgary.....	132	89	164	73
Juniorat St-Jean, Edmonton.....	24	—	37	—
BRITISH COLUMBIA—				
Victoria College, Victoria.....	274	134	380	136
<b>4. Agriculture—</b>				
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro, N.S.....	100	3	152	2
Ecole Supérieure d'Agriculture, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière, Qué.....	45	—	47	—
Institut Agricole d'Oka, La Trappe, Qué.....	131	—	170	—
Macdonald College, Macdonald College, Que.....	351	22	278	16
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont.....	952	14	823	12
Faculty of Agriculture, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	315	5	311	1
College of Agriculture, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	427	9	412	5
Faculty of Agriculture, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	332	7	299	4
Faculty of Agriculture, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	433	58	393	62

\* Record not available.



## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1948		1947	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>5.—Architecture—</b>				
Department of Architecture, Faculty of Applied Science, McGill University, Montreal, Que.	84	6	55	11
Ecole des Beaux-Arts, Montréal, Qué.	*	*	23	—
School of Architecture, Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.	†	—	†	—
Faculty of Engineering and Architecture, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.	256	12	241	9
Faculty of Applied Science, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.	—	—	—	—
Faculty of Applied Science, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.	85	2	41	—
<b>6. Applied Science and Engineering—</b>				
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax, N.S.	250	—	200	—
<sup>2</sup> Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.	151	—	185	—
<sup>2</sup> Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.	241	—	232	—
<sup>2</sup> St. Mary's College, Halifax, N.S.	66	—	58	—
<sup>2</sup> St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.	173	2	188	—
<sup>2</sup> Mt. Allison University, Sackville, N.B.	198	—	120	—
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.	*	*	451	2
Faculty of Applied Science, McGill University, Montreal, Qué.	1,558	9	1,483	8
Ecole Polytechnique, Montréal, Qué.	460	—	452	—
Faculté des Sciences, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.	127	—	87	—
Faculty of Applied Science, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.	1,292	2	1,340	1
Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.	4,499	14	4,244	24
Royal Military College of Canada, Kingston, Ont.	—	—	—	—
<sup>2</sup> Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.	39	—	22	—
<sup>2</sup> Carleton College, Ottawa, Ont.	72	—	43	—
Faculty of Engineering and Architecture, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.	834	—	882	—
College of Engineering, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.	1,127	1	1,108	2
<sup>2</sup> Regina College, Regina, Sask.	43	—	86	—
Faculty of Applied Science, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.	959	3	870	4
Faculty of Applied Science, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.	1,802	2	1,600	3
<b>7. Commerce—</b>				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.	189	8	138	8
St. Mary's College, Halifax, N.S.	53	—	28	—
Université Saint-Joseph, N.B.	30	—	31	—
L'Ecole Supérieure de Commerce de Québec, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.	295	2	272	3
Ecole des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, Montréal, Qué.	375	5	305	4
School of Commerce, McGill University, Montreal, Que.	806	30	819	35
Sir George Williams College, Montreal, Que.	201	10	213	8
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.	75	—	62	—
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa, Ont.	83	4	88	3
Carleton College, Ottawa, Ont.	94	1	70	—
University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.	†	†	†	†
School of Commerce and Administration, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.	412	19	424	20
Department of Business Administration, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.	216	10	129	2
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.	351	24	328	30
College of Commerce, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.	390	32	408	34
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.	300	19	266	20
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.	741	55	707	54
<b>8. Dentistry—</b>				
Faculty of Dentistry, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.	36	1	37	1
Faculty of Dentistry, McGill University, Montréal, Qué.	127	2	110	2
Faculté de Chirurgie Dentaire, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.	208	—	188	—
Faculty of Dentistry, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.	501	4	496	8
Faculty of Medicine and Dentistry, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.	113	1	108	—

† Included in Applied Science and Engineering.

<sup>2</sup> The pre-specialized years only of the Engineering course

† Included in Arts.

<sup>3</sup> First two years of Engineering.



## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1948		1947	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>9. Education—</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.	13	4	3	4
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.	8	6	6	6
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.	—	35	—	37
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.	8	3	—	—
Mt. Allison University, Sackville, N.B.	2	2	2	—
Ecole de pédagogie, Université Laval, Québec	20	32	16	32
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Qué.	5	1	4	3
McGill University, Montréal, Qué.	12	87	9	3
Institut pédagogique, Université de Montréal, Qué.	*	*	—	38
Institut pédagogique St-Georges, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.	157	43	120	21
Ontario College of Education, Toronto, Ont.	207	135	219	131
Faculty of Education, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.	87	64	16	23
College of Education, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.	334	123	214	80
Faculty of Education, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.	446	142	394	182
Department of Education, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.	50	20	24	22
<b>10. Fisheries—</b>				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.	*	*	*	*
Ecole des Pêcheries, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière, Qué.	9	—	15	—
<b>11. Forestry—</b>				
Department of Applied Science, University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.	*	*	425	1
Ecole d'Arpentage et de Génie forestier, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.	104	—	76	—
Faculty of Forestry, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.	286	—	262	—
Department of Forestry, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.	228	—	321	—
<b>12. Home Economics and Dietetics—</b>				
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.	—	18	—	13
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.	—	79	—	89
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.	—	43	—	43
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.	—	59	—	74
Ecole Supérieure des Sciences domestiques de Saint-Pascal, Qué.	—	44	—	34
Macdonald College, Macdonald College, Qué.	—	145	—	117
Institut de Diététique et de Nutrition, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.	—	59	—	51
Ecole ménagère provinciale, 461 est, rue Sherbrooke, Montréal, Qué.	—	*	—	*
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont.	—	89	—	—
Faculty of Household Science, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.	—	11	—	15
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.	—	64	—	90
Faculty of Agriculture and Home Economics, University of Manitoba, Fort Garry, Man.	—	416	—	396
School of Household Science, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.	—	112	—	123
School of Household Economics, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.	—	105	—	115
Department of Home Economics, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.	—	230	—	218
<b>13. Journalism—</b>				
University of King's College, Halifax, N.S.	11	2	—	2
St. Mary's College, Halifax, N.S.	13	—	12	—
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.	—	4	—	3
Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.	—	—	—	—
Carleton College, Ottawa, Ont.	92	26	80	13
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.	41	15	†	†
Mount Royal College, Calgary, Alta.	†	†	†	†

\* Record not available.

† Included in Arts.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1948		1947	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>14. Law—</b>				
Faculty of Law, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	209	3	172	1
Faculty of Law, University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.....	*	*	42	-
Faculté de Droit, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	166	3	131	2
Faculté de Droit, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	210	3	195	5
Faculty of Law, McGill University, Montréal, Qué.....	202	12	154	5
Department of Law, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	70	5	60	4
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto, Ont.....	786	31	662	23
Manitoba Law School (Old Law Court Building), Winnipeg, Man.....	163	2	105	2
College of Law, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	123	5	86	8
Faculty of Law, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	79	-	50	1
Faculty of Law University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	393	16	233	7
<b>15. Library Science—</b>				
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	-	1	-	13
Library School, McGill University, Montréal, Qué.....	8	28	11	35
Ecole de bibliothécaires, Université de Montréal, Qué.....	9	8	6	7
Library School, Ontario College of Education, Toronto, Ont.....	7	38	6	45
Ecole de bibliothécaires, Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	3	19	2	7
<b>16. Medicine—</b>				
Faculty of Medicine, Dalhousie, University, Halifax, N.S.....	233	7	211	6
Faculté de Médecine, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	541	11	507	13
Faculté de Médecine, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	480	16	458	10
Faculty of Medicine, McGill University, Montréal, Qué.....	444	33	428	37
Faculty of Medicine, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	159	3	103	3
Faculty of Medicine, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	252	18	244	14
Faculty of Medicine, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	838	107	799	112
Faculty of Medicine, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	230	24	207	13
Faculty of Medicine, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	312	30	232	23
School of Medical Science (pre-clinical years only), University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	50	5	42	8
Faculty of Medicine, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	186	17	140	15
<b>17. Music (Degree Courses in Music)—</b>				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	2	14	1	13
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	6	12	7	13
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	-	12	-	13
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	5	35	5	35
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Qué.....	-	-	-	-
Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	10	47	12	42
Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	40	105	36	108
McGill University, Montreal, Qué.....	30	22	72	36
University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	65	24	59	14
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	2	11	1	10
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	6	2	6	2
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	3	-	8	7
<b>18. Nursing (Post-Graduate diploma and Degree Courses)—</b>				
School of Nursing, Saint Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.....	-	11	-	5
School of Nursing, Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	-	-	-	5
School of Nursing, St. Thomas College, Chatham, N.B.....	-	4	-	5
School of Graduate Nurses, McGill University, Montreal, Qué.....	-	116	-	130
Ecole d'Hygiène sociale appliquée, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	-	21	-	18
Institut Marguerite d'Youville, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	-	150	-	150
Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	-	5	-	10
School of Nursing, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	-	24	-	15
School of Public Health Nursing, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	-	27	-	21
School of Nursing, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	-	278	-	321
School of Nursing, McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont.....	-	27	-	†
Faculty of Public Health, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	-	49	-	86
School of Nursing, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	-	56	-	61
School of Nursing, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	-	132	-	110
Department of Nursing and Health, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	-	112	-	141

† Included in Arts.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1948		1947	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>19. Optometry—</b>				
*Ecole d'Optométrie, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	60	4	40	9
College of Optometry of Canada, 138 St. George St., Toronto, Ont.....	*	*	*	*
<b>20. Pharmacy—</b>				
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Halifax, N.S.....	71	13	60	14
Ecole de Pharmacie, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	62	4	45	3
Ecole de Pharmacie, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	225	3	225	3
Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto, Ont.....	247	49	218	71
Pharmacy Department, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	83	12	50	13
College of Pharmacy, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	205	43	172	42
School of Pharmacy, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	95	25	77	23
Department of Pharmacy, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	117	17	60	8
<b>21. Physical Education—</b>				
The School of Physical Education, McGill University, Montreal, Que....	93	79	57	61
School of Physical and Health Education, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	192	142	160	142
School of Physical and Health Education, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	16	8	16	8
Department of Physical and Health Education, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	10	—	—	—
School of Physical Education, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	—	—	—	—
Department of Physical and Health Education, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	80	28	39	8
<b>22. Secretarial Science—</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	3	71	3	51
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	—	25	—	19
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	51	12	52	1
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	2	112	—	93
<b>23. Social Work—</b>				
Maritime School of Social Work, Halifax, N.S.....	—	23	3	16
Ecole des Sciences sociales, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	15	40	17	26
Ecole des Sciences sociales, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	10	12	10	12
McGill School of Social Work, 3480 University St., Montreal, Que.....	6	29	7	61
Saint Patrick's College, Ottawa.....	—	—	—	6
School of Social Work, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	37	54	35	71
Department of Social Work, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	7	29	1	29
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	29	49	26	67
<b>24. Therapy, Occupational and Physiotherapy—</b>				
Department of Extension, University of Toronto, Ont.....	—	241	—	349
School of Physiotherapy, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	—	63	—	77
<b>25. Veterinary Science—</b>				
Ecole de Médecine vétérinaire, Oka, Qué.....	70	—	65	—
Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph, Ont.....	416	10	340	9
<b>26. Theology—</b>				
<b>BAPTIST CHURCH—</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	19	—	14	—
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont.....	29	14	28	13
<b>CHURCH OF ENGLAND—</b>				
King's College, Halifax, N.S.....	11	—	19	—
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que.....	10	—	8	—
Diocesan Theological College, Montreal, Que.....	—	—	5	—
Trinity College, Toronto, Ont.....	48	1	31	2
Wycliffe College, Toronto, Ont.....	68	—	51	—
Anglican Women's Training College, Toronto, Ont.....	—	18	—	8
Huron College, London, Ontario.....	50	—	34	—
St. John's College, Winnipeg, Man.....	—	—	5	—
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon, Sask.....	22	—	12	—
St. Chad's College, Regina, Sask.....	8	—	4	—
Anglican Theological College, Vancouver, B.C.....	25	—	16	—

\* Record not available.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Concluded

	1948		1947	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>Theology—Concluded</b>				
<b>LUTHERAN CHURCH—</b>				
Waterloo College, Waterloo, Ont.....	10	—	7	—
Lutheran College Seminary, Saskatoon, Sask.....	*	—	10	—
Luther Theological Sem. (Nor), Saskatoon, Sask.....	30	—	18	1
<b>PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—</b>				
Presbyterian Theological College, Montreal, Que.....	6	—	6	—
Knox College, Toronto, Ont.....	48	—	48	—
<b>UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA—</b>				
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax, N.S.....	49	—	46	—
United Theological College, Montreal, Que.....	19	1	19	—
Queen's Theological College, Kingston, Ont.....	15	—	8	—
Victoria University (Emmanuel College), Toronto, Ont.....	106	5	59	3
United Church Training School, Toronto, Ont.....	—	—	29	—
United College, Winnipeg, Man.....	31	6	29	6
St. Andrews College, Saskatoon, Sask.....	52	1	43	1
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton, Alta.....	28	2	14	—
Union College of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	24	1	14	—
<b>ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (SECULAR CLERGY)—</b>				
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax, N.S.....	69	—	89	—
Université Laval (Grand Séminaire), Québec, Qué.....	294	—	257	—
Université de Montréal (Grand Séminaire), Montréal, Qué.....	315	—	313	—
Séminaire des Missions Etrangères, Pont-Viau, Qué.....	—	—	25	—
Grand Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	149	—	135	—
Séminaire Universitaire Saint-Paul, Ottawa, Ont.....	104	—	*	—
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto, Ont.....	98	—	98	—
Chinese Missions Seminary, Scarboro Bluffs, Ont.....	*	—	*	—
St. Peter's Seminary, London, Ont.....	76	—	75	—
Grand Séminaire Saint-Joseph, Edmonton, Alberta.....	32	—	40	—
<b>ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (CLERGY IN COMMUNITIES)—</b>				
Compagnie de Saint-Sulpice (Sulpiciens), Montréal, Canadian College at Rome, Italy.....				
Congrégation du Très-Saint-Rédempteur (Rédemptoristes), Aylmer, Qué.....				
Compagnie de Jésus (Jésuites), Montréal, Qué.....				
Clercs de Saint-Viateur, Joliette, Qué.....				
Congrégation de Sainte-Croix, Montréal et St-Laurent.....				
Ordres des Franciscains ou Frères-Mineurs (Franciscains), Montréal et Québec, Qué.....				
Cisterciens de la Stricte Observance (Trappistes), Notre-Dame-du- Lac, Qué.....				
Congrégation de Jésus et Marie (Eudistes), Charlesbourg, Qué.....				
Ordre des Frères-Mineurs (Capucins), Pte-aux-Trembles, Qué.....				
Congrégation du Très-Saint-Sacrement, Montréal, Qué.....				
Scolasticat de philosophie (Oblats), Richelieu, Qué.....				
Pères Blancs (Missionnaires d'Afrique), Eastview, Ont.....	50	—	46	—
Scolasticat St.-Joseph, Ottawa, Ont.....	—	—	17	—
Holy Rosary Scholasticate, Orleans, Ont.....	—	—	13	—
Scolasticat St. Jean, Eastview, Ont.....	13	—	13	—
Ordres des Dominicains, Ottawa, Ont.....	32	—	27	—
Company of Jesus (Jesuits), Toronto, Ont.....	23	—	17	—
Order of St. Basil (Basilian Fathers), Toronto, Ont.....	55	—	50	—
Congregation of the Resurrection, London, Ont.....	*	—	*	—
Congregation of the Very Holy Redeemer (Redemptorists), Wood- stock, Ont.....	16	—	33	—
Regina Cleri Seminary (Franciscans), Regina, Sask.....	6	—	9	—

(Estimated Total)

\* Record not available.



## HIGHER EDUCATION IN CANADA

3.—Full-Time Students of the Regular Session by Provinces and Faculties

Province	Undergraduates																			Post-Graduates <sup>1</sup>			Others		
	Arts <sup>2</sup>	Pure Science <sup>1</sup>	Agriculture	Architecture	Commerce	Dentistry	Education	Engineering and Applied Science	Forestry	Household Science	Law	Medicine	Music	Public Health and Nursing	Pharmacy	Social Service	Theology	Veterinary Science	Others	Total (ex. duplicates)	Arts and Science	Others		Total	Pre-matriculation
Prince Edward Island.....	1948 119	169				19															307			565	619
	1947 114	152			10																276			543	618
Nova Scotia.....	1948 1,119	683	103		336	37	66	883		140	212	240	46	11	84	23	147			29	4,159	49		422	476
	1947 1,103	835	194		253	38	56	863		125	173	217	47	10	74	19	158			30	4,155	85		85	504
New Brunswick.....	1948 921	355			93		8	690	398	59	40		40	16			54			29	2,703	31		762	762
	1947 826	377			84		22	573	426	74	42		40	5							2,469	32		750	880
Quebec.....	1948 7,741	1,816	549	90	1,676	337	247	2,154	104	248	598	1,525	254	292	294	112	1,095	70		358	19,558			1,516	17,670
	1947 7,172	2,156	511	89	1,659	300	133	2,030	76	202	492	1,453	306	308	276	125	1,138	65		322	18,813	1,098		1,376	18,120
Ontario.....	1948 12,412	352	853	2	1,142	505	342	5,918	286	154	892	1,631	102	405	296	94	1,084	426		890	27,784	1,308	305	1,613	3,295
	1947 11,802	283	673	2	882	504	350	5,674	262	105	749	1,495	84	466	289	106	871	341		911	25,855	1,132	301	1,433	2,421
Manitoba.....	1948 3,102		320	268	375		151	834		416	165	342	8		95	36	40			115	6,276	99		99	1,122
	1947 3,619		312	250	358		39	882		396	107	255	8		63	30	40			84	6,443	72		72	1,071
Saskatchewan.....	1948 1,535		436		422		457	1,128		112	128	55	3	56	248		118				4,698	51	15	66	792
	1947 1,785		417		442		294	1,110		123	94	50	15	61	214		84				4,689	40	34	74	599
Alberta.....	1948 620	812	339		319	114	588	962		105	79	203		132	120		49			4,442	176	40	216	444	961
	1947 816	557	303		286	108	576	874		115	51	155		129	100		59			4,129	99	38	137	471	783
British Columbia.....	1948 4,693		491	87	796		70	1,804	228	230	409			112	134	105	31			108	9,298	267	68	335	37
	1947 5,107		455	41	761		46	1,603	321	218	240			141	68	93	30			47	9,171	270	74	344	66
Canada.....	1948 32,262	4,187	3,091	445	5,178	993	1,929	14,373	1,016	1,464	2,521	3,996	453	1,024	1,271	370	2,627	496		1,329	79,225	3,241	684	3,925	25,072
	1947 32,344	4,360	2,825	380	4,735	950	1,516	13,609	1,085	1,558	1,948	3,625	590	1,126	1,054	373	2,356	411		1,351	76,000	2,828	725	3,553	21,900

<sup>1</sup> Included in Arts by several universities.<sup>2</sup> Included in Engineering and Applied Science.<sup>3</sup> Includes philosophy.<sup>4</sup> For part time enrolment see table 4.



## 4.—Part-Time and Short Course Students by Province and Grade of Work

Province and Course	Undergraduates				Post-graduates				Others			
	1948		1947		1948		1947		1948		1947	
	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.
Nova Scotia.....	737	354	152	311	14	10	11	11	78	124	20	74
Part-time Arts.....	16	66	21	66	8	5	5	6	—	—	—	—
Agriculture.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	34	118	20	74
Theology.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	12	10	4	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Summer School.....	109	183	90	137	6	5	6	5	—	—	—	—
Other Short Courses.....	—	95	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Evening Classes.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Correspondence.....	—	—	37	97	—	—	—	—	44	6	—	—
Other Extramural.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Brunswick.....	62	163	144	70	—	—	6	—	207	315	90	267
Part-time Arts.....	15	130	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Agriculture.....	—	—	25	—	—	—	—	—	22	—	—	—
Music.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Theology.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Summer School.....	47	33	66	48	—	—	6	—	109	283	90	267
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Evening Classes.....	—	—	53	22	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Correspondence.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	76	32	—	—
Other Extramural.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	3,163	805	4,325	2,387	323	187	205	151	6,578	6,227	5,330	4,017
Part-time Arts.....	28	30	80	103	300	174	186	140	350	428	142	140
Agriculture.....	1	1	38	2	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Music.....	—	—	50	72	—	—	—	—	316	1,329	251	1,007
Theology.....	3	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	11	49	158	82	—	—	—	—	183	333	896	540
Summer School.....	685	438	799	455	13	13	19	11	1,021	1,450	867	849
Other Short Courses.....	74	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	351	153	6	139
Evening Classes.....	2,361	286	3,153	1,673	—	—	—	—	3,879	2,257	2,826	1,079
Correspondence.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	126	—	—	—
Other Extramural.....	—	—	44	—	10	—	—	—	350	277	342	263
Ontario (excluding duplicates).....	9,369	8,242	8,240	6,637	323	136	469	124	5,441	5,040	5,714	5,026
Part-time Arts.....	328	509	316	355	205	77	174	64	85	86	93	91
Agriculture.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	983	209	3	—
Music.....	9	12	12	15	—	—	—	—	32	53	37	62
Theology.....	3	37	1	44	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	5
Other.....	153	28	163	96	17	4	12	3	298	53	283	53
Summer School.....	1,114	1,259	1,018	1,194	—	—	161	28	—	—	—	—
Other Short Courses.....	366	50	2,564	2,375	—	—	—	—	62	—	880	131
Evening Classes.....	1,143	1,676	1,214	1,335	21	55	—	—	3,626	4,469	4,304	4,502
Correspondence.....	6,033	4,363	721	877	—	—	—	—	—	—	19	57
Other Extramural.....	220	308	2,231	346	80	—	122	29	355	169	95	125
Manitoba (excluding duplicates).....	532	361	430	327	—	—	63	35	279	78	2,063	1,927
Part-time Arts.....	4	3	—	—	—	—	63	35	—	—	—	—
Agriculture.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	800	876
Theology.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	87	86	—	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Summer School.....	417	239	398	261	—	—	—	—	66	40	54	64
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	213	38	209	59
Evening Classes.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,000	928
Correspondence.....	24	29	32	34	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Extramural.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Saskatchewan.....	1,462	2,220	2,205	1,805	15	—	16	—	34	46	840	800
Part-time Arts.....	27	9	29	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Agriculture.....	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Theology.....	1	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Summer School.....	1,038	1,296	1,644	1,056	—	—	—	—	34	46	—	—
Other Short Courses.....	13	133	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	840	800
Evening Classes.....	49	171	112	225	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Correspondence.....	324	603	400	508	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Extramural.....	10	7	16	2	14	—	16	—	—	—	—	—
Alberta.....	733	880	641	1,038	—	—	14	16	150	396	144	332
Part-time Arts.....	53	61	38	39	—	—	14	16	1	2	—	—
Agriculture.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	130	335	143	322
Theology.....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	4	112	9	101	—	—	—	—	15	58	1	10
Summer School.....	662	704	581	898	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Short Courses.....	13	3	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Evening Classes.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Correspondence.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Extramural.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	1	—	—

4.—Part-Time and Short Course Students by Province and Grade and Work—Concluded

Province and Course	Undergraduates				Post-graduates				Others			
	1948		1947		1948		1947		1948		1947	
	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.
British Columbia.....	1,277	526	177	82	178	61	3	—	2	—	1,907	461
Part-time Arts.....	44	22	36	35	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Agriculture.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Theology.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—
Other.....	1	3	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Summer School.....	1,115	429	113	17	174	61	—	—	2	—	1,907	461
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Evening Classes.....	34	32	28	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Correspondence.....	83	40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Extramural.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Canada (excluding duplicates)....	16,735	13,517	16,316	12,657	859	394	787	337	12,771	12,224	16,108	12,904
Part-time Arts.....	515	826	520	611	513	256	442	261	436	516	235	231
Agriculture.....	1	1	63	3	—	—	—	—	1,007	209	3	—
Music.....	9	12	62	87	—	—	—	—	512	1,835	1,251	2,341
Theology.....	8	41	8	44	—	—	3	2	—	1	—	5
Other.....	268	288	334	322	22	4	13	1	496	444	1,180	603
Summer School.....	5,187	4,581	4,709	4,066	199	79	192	44	1,232	1,819	2,919	1,641
Other Short Courses.....	466	282	2,577	2,375	—	—	—	—	626	191	1,935	1,129
Evening Classes.....	3,587	2,165	4,560	3,285	21	55	—	—	7,505	6,726	8,130	6,509
Correspondence.....	6,464	5,006	1,190	1,516	—	—	—	—	246	38	19	57
Other Extramural.....	230	315	2,393	348	104	—	137	29	711	445	436	388

## 5.—Summary of All Students Reported, Classified by Grade of Work

Province		A. Students of University Grade		B. Pre- matriculation students		C. All students not in A. or B.		Total enrolment (excluding duplicates)		
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
Prince Edward Island.....	1948	255	53	314	254	6	48	575	355	930
	1947	229	55	289	254	22	48	540	357	897
Nova Scotia.....	1948	3,565	1,152	402	172	97	10	4,067	1,334	5,401
	1947	3,659	1,096	386	123	74	5	4,117	1,224	5,341
New Brunswick.....	1948	2,334	439	762	—	222	436	3,318	875	4,193
	1947	2,328	466	750	—	147	267	3,225	733	3,958
Quebec.....	1948	21,107	4,196	11,331	8,739	6,303	6,197	38,741	19,132	57,873
	1947	21,523	5,899	12,197	6,891	4,600	5,324	38,320	18,114	56,434
Ontario.....	1948	33,196	13,799	3,246	247	5,971	5,366	42,413	19,412	61,825
	1947	30,036	12,308	2,246	175	6,387	5,018	38,669	17,501	56,170
Manitoba.....	1948	5,313	1,955	862	260	427	105	6,602	2,320	8,922
	1947	5,469	1,891	784	287	2,317	1,927	8,570	4,105	12,675
Saskatchewan.....	1948	5,469	3,041	659	136	269	47	6,397	3,224	9,621
	1947	6,045	2,698	509	88	1,188	899	7,742	3,685	11,427
Alberta.....	1948	4,593	1,665	395	214	260	633	5,248	2,512	7,760
	1947	4,130	1,816	428	562	146	186	4,704	2,564	7,268
British Columbia.....	1948	9,112	2,563	—	—	24	15	9,136	2,578	11,714
	1947	7,711	2,071	—	—	1,966	463	9,677	2,534	12,211
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>1948</b>	<b>84,947</b>	<b>28,863</b>	<b>17,971</b>	<b>10,002</b>	<b>13,579</b>	<b>12,857</b>	<b>116,497</b>	<b>51,742</b>	<b>168,239</b>
	<b>1947</b>	<b>81,130</b>	<b>28,300</b>	<b>17,589</b>	<b>8,380</b>	<b>16,847</b>	<b>14,137</b>	<b>115,564</b>	<b>50,817</b>	<b>166,381</b>

## 6.—Summary of All Students Reported, Classified as Full-Time, Part-Time, Short Courses, etc.

Province		Full-time students		Part-time students of the regular session		Short course, evening, extra mural, and extension students		Total enrolment (excluding duplicates)		
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
Prince Edward Island.....	1948	574	352	1	3	—	—	575	355	930
	1947	540	354	—	3	—	—	540	357	—
Nova Scotia.....	1948	3,838	846	70	199	159	289	4,067	1,334	5,401
	1947	3,934	828	50	157	133	239	4,117	1,224	—
New Brunswick.....	1948	3,049	397	37	130	232	348	3,318	875	4,193
	1947	2,985	396	25	—	215	337	3,225	733	—
Quebec.....	1948	28,677	11,913	1,192	2,346	8,872	4,873	38,741	19,132	57,873
	1947	28,527	11,180	1,804	2,086	7,989	4,848	38,320	18,114	—
Ontario.....	1948	27,280	5,994	2,113	1,069	13,020	12,349	42,413	19,412	61,825
	1947	24,668	5,991	1,094	788	12,907	10,722	38,669	17,501	—
Manitoba.....	1948	5,791	1,881	91	93	720	346	6,602	2,320	8,922
	1947	6,014	1,826	863	943	1,693	1,336	8,570	4,105	—
Saskatchewan.....	1948	4,886	958	29	10	1,482	2,256	6,397	3,224	9,621
	1947	4,681	1,080	33	14	3,028	2,591	7,742	3,685	—
Alberta.....	1948	4,365	1,236	204	568	679	708	5,248	2,512	7,760
	1947	3,871	1,178	239	488	594	898	4,704	2,564	—
British Columbia.....	1948	7,679	1,991	49	25	1,408	562	9,136	2,578	11,714
	1947	7,590	1,991	39	35	2,048	508	9,677	2,534	—
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>1948</b>	<b>86,139</b>	<b>25,568</b>	<b>3,786</b>	<b>4,443</b>	<b>26,572</b>	<b>21,731</b>	<b>116,497</b>	<b>51,742</b>	<b>168,239</b>
	<b>1947</b>	<b>82,810</b>	<b>24,824</b>	<b>4,147</b>	<b>4,514</b>	<b>28,607</b>	<b>21,479</b>	<b>115,564</b>	<b>50,817</b>	<b>—</b>

## HIGHER EDUCATION IN CANADA

7.—Summary of Degrees and Diplomas Granted

University	Diplomas and Certificate		Bachelor <sup>3</sup>		Master and Licence <sup>4</sup>		Doctor (In Course)		Doctor (Honorary)		Total	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Dalhousie-Kings <sup>1</sup> .....	75	12	207	44	10	3	—	—	5	—	297	59
.....1947	35	10	136	33	23	2	—	—	5	—	199	50
Acadia.....	34	2	121	58	6	2	—	—	5	—	166	62
.....1947	17	19	70	48	2	2	—	—	2	1	91	70
Saint-Francis-Xavier.....	70	4	80	20	—	—	—	—	4	—	154	24
.....1947	43	1	77	25	—	—	—	—	3	—	123	27
New Brunswick.....	—	—	133	19	4	—	—	—	2	1	139	20
.....1947	—	—	88	9	3	1	—	—	2	2	93	12
Mount Allison.....	65	16	61	41	1	—	—	—	—	—	127	57
.....1947	29	9	44	30	1	—	—	—	—	—	74	39
Bishops.....	4	1	39	13	5	—	—	—	5	—	53	14
.....1947	3	3	28	15	2	—	—	—	5	—	38	18
McGill.....	51	99	1,081	331	97	21	29	2	5	—	1,263	453
.....1947	22	145	630	283	65	21	36	1	12	—	765	450
Laval.....	298	491	700	66	150	19	18	4	7	—	1,173	580
.....1947	245	258	733	59	131	15	6	3	18	1	1,133	336
Montréal.....	152	32	761	124	248	30	27	2	12	1	1,200	189
.....1947	182	36	701	99	249	37	16	3	20	1	1,138	176
Toronto.....	289	271	2,347	864	221	53	42	1	14	2	2,893	1,191
.....1947	324	467	1,497	668	187	33	35	4	4	—	2,047	1,172
Victoria <sup>2</sup> .....	26	1	9	—	—	—	1	—	5	—	41	1
.....1947	17	2	14	—	—	—	2	—	9	—	42	2
Trinity <sup>2</sup> .....	10	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	21	—
.....1947	8	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	12	—

7.—Summary of Degrees and Diplomas Granted—Concluded

University	Diplomas and Certificate		Bachelor <sup>3</sup>		Master and Licences <sup>4</sup>		Doctor (In Course)		Doctor (Honorary)		Total	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Western Ontario.....1948	20	53	450	184	29	2	—	—	17	2	516	241
.....1947	15	36	319	165	27	—	—	—	7	—	368	201
Queen's.....1948	—	1	494	133	27	1	—	—	8	1	529	136
.....1947	—	2	361	111	28	1	—	—	9	—	399	114
Ottawa.....1948	—	—	223	45	58	3	8	1	22	—	311	49
.....1947	—	—	213	51	52	4	7	—	24	—	296	56
McMaster.....1948	2	8	152	154	8	1	—	—	4	—	166	163
.....1947	1	7	133	90	14	1	—	—	4	—	152	98
Manitoba.....1948	118	86	580	217	18	5	1	—	7	1	724	309
.....1947	102	90	359	187	12	4	—	—	3	—	476	281
Saskatchewan.....1948	—	—	762	175	26	3	—	—	8	—	796	178
.....1947	—	—	412	184	27	2	—	—	3	1	442	187
Alberta.....1948	143	87	650	192	28	4	—	—	4	—	825	283
.....1947	100	136	302	141	42	3	—	—	3	1	447	281
British Columbia.....1948	52	51	1,186	417	69	10	—	—	13	3	1,320	481
.....1947	61	76	807	315	61	17	—	—	7	—	936	408
Other Institutions.....1948	338	241	532	62	23	2	—	—	10	—	903	305
.....1947	357	53	325	62	15	—	—	—	24	1	721	116
<b>Canada.....1948</b>	<b>1,727</b>	<b>1,456</b>	<b>10,574</b>	<b>3,159</b>	<b>1,028</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>13,617</b>	<b>4,795</b>
<b>.....1947</b>	<b>1,531</b>	<b>1,350</b>	<b>7,250</b>	<b>2,550</b>	<b>941</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9,392</b>	<b>4,094</b>

<sup>1</sup> All degrees except those in theology granted by Dalhousie.<sup>2</sup> All degrees except those in theology entered under Toronto.<sup>3</sup> Medical, dental and veterinary doctors included in "bachelor" column.<sup>4</sup> The licence in the French language universities is the next degree in advance of bachelor, as the Master's degree is in the English.



8.—University-grade Students of the Regular Session Attending Outside Their Province of Residence

	Number of students															Total non-residents in each province	Number specified by provinces	Students of full time University grade
	From P.E.I.	From N.S.	From N.B.	From Que.	From Ont.	From Man.	From Sask.	From Alta.	From B.C.	From Yukon and N.W.T.	From U.S.A.	From U.K.	From British West Indies	From New found-land	From Other countries			
In Prince Edward Island 1948	—	2	2	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	16	313	307
1947	—	2	1	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	17	290	276
Nova Scotia..... 1948	186	—	585	111	102	4	18	15	11	—	151	4	49	194	23	1,453	4,604	4,208
1947	153	—	555	127	57	6	14	19	7	—	115	3	30	190	17	1,293	4,290	4,240
New Brunswick..... 1948	53	374	—	194	124	2	13	4	2	—	26	3	17	82	72	966	2,688	2,734
1947	40	388	—	184	124	1	14	5	1	—	28	3	16	75	22	901	2,501	2,501
Quebec..... 1948	85	205	315	—	1,100	132	144	104	201	1	600	48	169	64	321	3,489	21,051	21,074
1947	58	227	207	—	1,071	120	128	116	207	1	571	38	214	58	270	3,286	18,107	20,189
Ontario..... 1948	61	217	233	744	—	322	616	335	363	3	898	53	67	51	402	4,365	30,575	29,397
1947	58	239	187	905	—	350	497	300	392	2	797	22	24	30	379	4,182	29,174	27,288
Manitoba..... 1948	—	6	7	10	151	—	343	104	83	—	26	3	13	—	5	751	7,264	6,375
1947	1	10	4	6	166	—	398	108	109	—	29	4	10	—	29	874	6,415	6,515
Saskatchewan..... 1948	—	2	—	3	35	30	—	58	28	—	8	13	1	—	8	186	4,484	4,764
1947	—	1	1	5	24	39	—	54	44	—	4	—	—	—	3	175	4,680	4,763
Alberta..... 1948	3	3	—	4	25	46	203	—	185	1	8	4	—	1	30	513	5,401	4,658
1947	—	3	3	4	21	19	172	—	122	1	6	2	—	—	1	354	4,526	4,266
British Columbia..... 1948	4	9	4	26	82	108	200	387	—	11	47	12	1	—	72	963	6,366	9,635
1947	5	8	7	22	69	82	195	333	—	8	41	7	—	1	28	806	9,577	9,513
<b>Canada..... 1948</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>818</b>	<b>1,146</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>1,619</b>	<b>644</b>	<b>1,537</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>873</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>1,768</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>317</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>933</b>	<b>12,702</b>	<b>82,746</b>	<b>83,150</b>
<b>1947</b>	<b>315</b>	<b>878</b>	<b>965</b>	<b>1,263</b>	<b>1,532</b>	<b>617</b>	<b>1,418</b>	<b>1,935</b>	<b>882</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>1,595</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>749</b>	<b>11,888</b>	<b>79,560</b>	<b>79,553</b>

NOTE.—Some of the institutions providing information for this table reported more than their students of university grade in the full session.

## 9.—Teaching Staffs

	Arts, Letters and Pure Science				Professional Faculties				Pre-matriculation				Total teaching staff (excluding duplicates)			
	Full time		Part time		Full time		Part time		Full time		Part time		Full time		Part time	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Prince Edward Island.....1948	17	4	3	—	—	2	3	1	—	—	17	10	32	13	2	2
.....1947	16	8	2	—	—	3	2	—	—	—	16	5	28	12	6	2
Nova Scotia.....1948	126	16	26	8	8	83	16	149	17	17	22	3	214	40	172	20
.....1947	122	14	21	8	8	79	20	141	20	20	23	3	219	37	163	21
New Brunswick.....1948	97	8	12	5	5	66	4	40	21	21	44	—	177	12	82	26
.....1947	97	8	16	—	—	65	5	17	—	—	44	—	169	23	53	—
Quebec.....1948	1,001	174	362	39	39	1,360	122	1,138	101	101	650	550	2,690	806	1,485	150
.....1947	990	172	369	43	43	1,293	118	1,130	109	109	644	549	2,470	782	1,553	160
Ontario.....1948	873	112	293	70	70	986	96	669	96	96	179	17	1,795	207	932	153
.....1947	668	93	211	56	56	829	91	667	91	91	176	9	1,586	193	881	141
Manitoba.....1948	176	31	5	4	4	122	27	90	23	23	40	8	306	66	100	32
.....1947	161	30	8	12	12	115	34	142	6	6	36	7	304	71	153	53
Saskatchewan.....1948	95	14	4	1	1	119	13	27	4	4	46	8	188	25	40	5
.....1947	74	8	3	1	1	110	13	16	3	3	46	16	186	16	37	5
Alberta.....1948	98	26	196	17	17	110	13	179	58	58	24	2	214	41	379	76
.....1947	97	24	151	26	26	93	13	142	18	18	24	2	197	37	298	52
British Columbia.....1948	147	27	51	23	23	112	3	38	16	16	—	—	—	—	—	—
.....1947	120	25	57	18	18	98	2	31	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canada.....1948	2,630	412	952	167	167	2,960	297	2,331	336	336	1,022	598	5,828	1,239	3,287	501
.....1947	2,345	382	838	164	164	2,685	298	2,286	248	248	1,009	591	5,336	1,197	3,233	453

10.—Salary Classification of Full-Time Teaching Staff in Canadian Universities, 1948

Salary Range \$	Deans			Professors			Associate Professors			Assistant Professors			Instructors and Lecturers			Total		
	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces
5,000 and more	26	31	4	73	271	13	-	32	-	-	8	-	-	1	-	99	343	17
4,500—4,999..	3	-	1	72	33	3	-	82	-	-	3	-	-	9	-	75	127	4
4,000—4,499..	1	1	4	33	36	14	73	74	3	5	28	-	-	12	-	112	151	21
3,500—3,999..	1	-	6	-	9	21	87	44	9	36	104	1	4	10	-	128	167	37
3,000—3,499..	2	2	3	1	5	13	-	17	8	143	66	9	25	55	-	171	145	33
2,500—2,999..	-	-	2	-	2	5	-	2	-	29	24	38	103	96	8	132	124	53
2,000—2,499..	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	1	5	2	2	21	103	119	22	106	125	48
1,500—1,999..	-	1	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	-	1	3	66	53	26	66	61	29
1,000—1,499..	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	8	-	-	3	1	9	66	16	9	78	17
Under 1,000..	-	-	-	-	3	14	-	4	5	-	26	-	-	91	4	-	124	24
Total.....	34	35	21	179	366	83	160	267	30	215	265	73	310	512	76	898	1,445	283

## 11.—University and College Libraries, 1947

Name and Address	Librarian	Volumes	Pamphlets where recorded	Loans Charged	Persons Charged with Loans	Seats in Library
<b>Prince Edward Island—</b>						
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown.....	Mary Donahoe.....	4,643	*	4,553	633	56
St. Dunstan's University.....	Sr. Mary Ida.....	10,030	*	2,350	335	70
<b>Nova Scotia—</b>						
Mount Saint Bernard College, Antigonish.....	Sr. St. Mary of Calvary.....	25,300	500	*	900	50
Saint Francis Xavier University, Antigonish.....	Sr. Regina Clare.....	8,100	1,200	*	180	—
College Sainte-Anne, Antigonish.....	R. P. M. Haché.....	76,513	3,100	*	*	186
Dalhousie University, Halifax.....	Dorothy M. E. Mackay.....	—	—	—	—	—
Dental Library, Halifax.....	Miss Charlotte S. Allen.....	3,977	200	3,026	2,511	80
Medical Library, Halifax.....	—	30,488	3,000	—	—	—
Law Library, Halifax.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax.....	R. P. Joseph LeGresley.....	—	—	—	—	—
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Halifax.....	Beatrice N. Stimpson.....	328	8	*	47	*
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax.....	Sister Francis de Sales.....	30,280	6,000	1,986 <sup>1</sup>	*	45
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax.....	Evelyn M. Campbell.....	—	—	—	—	—
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax.....	Rev. James W. Falconer.....	27,500	200	*	115	12
Saint-Mary's College, Halifax.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
University of King's College, Halifax.....	Dr. Burns Martin.....	41,100	800	*	5,463	54
Nova Scotia Agriculture College, Truro.....	H. J. Fraser.....	5,630	8,000	*	1,470	30
Acadia University, Wolfville.....	Maurice P. Boone.....	87,000 <sup>2</sup>	*	21,421	*	150
<b>New Brunswick—</b>						
Université du Sacré-Cœur, Bathurst.....	R. P. G. A. Chauré.....	—	—	—	—	—
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton.....	Mrs. Marjorie J. Thompson.....	33,250	*	15,027	*	121
St. Thomas College, Chatham.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mount Allison University, Sackville.....	Mary D. Falconer.....	—	—	—	—	—
Université Saint-Joseph, Saint-Joseph.....	Frère Omer Cormier.....	18,000	2,000	*	*	*
<b>Quebec Province—</b>						
Studenat Mont-Saint-Joseph, Aylmer.....	R. P. Louis Routhier.....	—	—	—	—	—
École Apostolique du Sacré-Cœur, Beauport.....	R. P. Albert LeFebvre.....	*	*	*	*	—
Monastère P. P. Benoît, St-Benoît-du-lac (Bolton Centre).....	R. P. L. B. Ward.....	—	—	—	—	—
Juniorat de Marie-Immaculée, Chambly-Bassin.....	R. P. P. Romeo Arbour.....	9,200	225	4,000	240	—
Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi.....	R. P. Adrien Bluteau.....	35,000	1,000	*	650	—
Séminaire de Gaspé, Gaspé.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Séminaire des Pères Eudistes, Gros P'n.....	R. P. Joseph LeBlanc.....	—	—	—	—	—
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette.....	L'Abbé Marcel Sylvestre.....	—	—	—	—	—
Collège de l'Assomption, L'Assomption.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Institut Agricole d'Oké et École de Médecine Vétérinaire, La Trappe.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bishop's University, Lennoxville.....	R. P. M. Hilaire.....	25,084	*	2,100	110	—
Collège de Lévis.....	Constance Oakley.....	22,070	500	8,707	274	40
Collège Saint-Alexandre, Limbourg Via Hull.....	M. l'Abbé Alphonse Demers.....	35,000	*	*	*	—
Macdonald College, Macdonald College.....	R. P. Eugene Kirtler.....	11,000	—	—	—	—
Avenat Saint-Bernard, Mistassini.....	Ernest Henry Mutton.....	—	—	—	—	—
Séminaire Saint-Joseph, Mont-Laurel.....	M. l'Abbé Gélain.....	—	—	—	—	—
Collège André-Grasset, Montréal.....	R. P. Louis Forget.....	10,000	*	500	30	—
Collège Jean-de-Brebeur, Montréal.....	R. P. A. Delisle.....	4,500	3,400	2,800	330	—

<sup>1</sup> Complete returns not available.<sup>2</sup> Includes pamphlets.

## HIGHER EDUCATION IN CANADA

11.—University and College Libraries, 1947—Continued

Name and Address	Librarian	Volumes	Pamphlets where recorded	Loans Charges	Persons Charged with Loans	Seats in Library
<b>Québec Province—Con.</b>						
Collège de Montréal, Montréal.	*	26,500	*	*	*	-
Collège Marguerite-Bourgeoys, Montréal.	Sr. Ste-Sophonie	26,603	532	2,850	285	-
Collège de Saint-Isidore, Montréal.	R. P. Maurice Ruest	12,000	8,500	20,000	210	-
Collège Sainte-Marie, Montréal.		-	-	-	-	-
Couvent Saint-Bonaventure, Montréal.		16,000	600	800	20	-
Divinity Hall, Montréal.	R. P. J. J. Massé	21,742	1,000	1,728	132	48
Ecole des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, Montréal.	Barbara McDonald	55,761	10,987	81,825	*	-
Ecole Polytechnique, Montréal.	Paul Houde	44,000	12,000	7,500	500	-
Externat Classique Sainte-Croix, Montréal.	Joseph Lecluc	4,500	200	5,000	400	-
Institut Nazareth, Montréal.	R. P. Charles-H. Grégoire	-	-	-	-	-
Loyola College, Montréal.	Sr. R. de Lima, Petit	24,335	*	*	*	80
McGill University, Montréal.	Frederick W. Noll	547,958	44,686	263,409	315,222	1,025
Monastère des Franciscains, Montréal.	Richard Pennington	63,840	30,407	33,756	33,756	8
Montréal Diocesan Theological College, Montréal.	Edith R. Gordon	35,000	25	1,820	60	-
Montreal Presbyterian Theological College(), Montréal.	R. P. Orlas Vandandaigue	-	-	-	-	-
McGill School of Social Work, Montréal.	Rev. Cyril H. Fraser	14,857	200	441	28	16
Scollasticat de l'Immaculée-Conception, Montréal.	(Miss) Bessie F. Pratt	-	*	*	*	-
Scollasticat du Très Saint-Sacrement, Montréal.	R. P. Gervais Houle	99,225	-	-	-	-
Seminaire de Philosophie, Montréal.	R. P. Moise Roy	-	-	-	-	-
Seminaire de Philosophie, Montréal.	R. P. Emile Fréchette	-	-	-	-	-
Sir George Williams College, Montréal.	Margaret F. Broadhurst	16,792	300	29,039	3,921	112
United Theological College(), Montréal.		-	-	-	-	-
Université de Montréal, Montréal.		-	-	-	-	-
Faculté de Droit		-	-	-	-	-
Faculté des Sciences (Institut Botanique)		-	-	-	-	-
Faculté de Théologie		-	-	-	-	-
Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet.		120,000	3,800	6,779	*	-
Juniorat Montfortain, Papineauville.	Maximilien Caron	4,000	250	-	*	-
Monastère des Frères Capucins, Pontevaux-Trembles.	Carmen Rinfret	20,000	40,000	13,000	380	-
Académie de Québec.	Irénée Sauvé	33,500	4,000	-	*	-
Collège Jésus-Marie, Sillery, Québec.	Chanoine Robert Charland (Supérieur)	40,000	10,000	-	*	-
Collège des Jésuites (Saint-Charles Garnier), Québec.	R. P. Germain Vincent	31,910	*	*	*	-
Monastère des Frères Capucins, Québec.	R. P. Armand	14,000	150	9,000	80	-
Séminaire de Québec.	R. P. Bernard Desroches	25,462	*	18,000	680	-
Université Laval, Québec.	Frère Samuel	12,000	500	18,000	200	-
Bibliothèque Générale	Frère Marie-des-Anges	24,500	10,400	-	*	-
Facultés de l'Université (10)	R. P. Antonio Lepage	86,423	1,179	3,750	279	-
Grand Séminaire, Rimouski	R. P. Hubert	359,337	*	15,000	750	-
Petit Séminaire, Rimouski	L'Abbé Jos.-Marie Blanchet	36,000	6,000	*	*	-
Séminaire Saint-Alphonse, Sainte-Anne-de-Beaupré.	R. P. J. T. Donat Fortier	4,000	*	500	50	-
Ecole Supérieure d'Agriculture, Sainte-Anne-de-la-Pocatière.	R. P. Lionel Hudon	33,500	2,500	4,100	150	-
Séminaire de Saint-Hyacinthe, Saint-Hyacinthe.	R. P. Alphonse Fortin	41,081	1,124	7,132	138	-
Collège de Saint-Casimir, Ville St-Laurent.	R. P. Adrien Grenier	63,164	33,000	4,300	500	-
Séminaire de Saint-Casimir, Ville St-Laurent.	R. P. Charles Bourque	9,700	1,200	3,500	80	-
Séminaire de Saint-Casimir, Ville St-Laurent.	L'Abbé Louis-Philippe Garon	52,000	3,000	*	*	-
Séminaire de Saint-Casimir, Ville St-Laurent.	R. P. Louis-N. Raymond	40,000	3,000	*	*	-
Séminaire de Saint-Casimir, Ville St-Laurent.	R. P. Jean Tétrault	3,584	4,535	*	*	-
Séminaire de Saint-Casimir, Ville St-Laurent.	Léon Brisebois	3,363	4,355	*	*	-
Séminaire de Sainte-Thérèse de Blainville, Ste-Thérèse.	Sr. Philomène-des-Anges	40,000	3,350	680	35	-
Séminaire du Sacré-Cœur, St-Victor (Beauce Co.)	L'Abbé L.-Ph. Boulanger	13,140	3,090	3,254	222	-



Maison Saint-Joseph, Sault-au-Récollet (Montréal)	R. P. Georges Robitaille	38,000	*	35	*
Monastère des Récolpêtres Sherbrooke	R. P. Théodose E. Roy	12,000	4,000	500	—
Séminaire Saint-Charles-Borroméo, Sherbrooke	R. P. J. Hermain Dubuc	28,640	2,458	1,779	—
Juvénat des Pères Maristes, Silery	Jean-Paul Grenier	7,660	250	*	—
Collège Missionnaire Français, Sorel	R. P. Jacques Mailloux	9,575	90	10	—
Juvénat du Très Saint-Sacrement, Terrebonne	R. P. Anastas Thibodeau	12,800	*	*	—
Collège Séraphique, Trois-Rivières	R. P. H. H. Languet	20,200	4,000	*	—
Séminaire Saint-Joseph, Trois-Rivières	R. P. J. G. Turcotte	—	*	*	—
Séminaire de Valleysfield, Valleysfield	Clairine E. Aubin	—	*	—	—
Scolastic Notre-Dame, Ville Richelieu	R. P. D. Levesque	15,000	7,000	150	—
Scolastic du Sacré-Cœur, Waterloo	R. P. Joseph Bélanger	—	—	—	—
<b>Ontario—</b>					
Scolastic de la Cie de Marie, Eastview	R. P. Maurice Burke	12,625	900	*	—
Scolastic des Pères Blancs, Eastview	R. P. Auguste St. Pierre	—	—	—	—
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph	Florence G. Farridge	50,000	35,000	2,000	—
McMaster University, Hamilton	John Wheelock Spurr	60,900	*	59,308	125
Queen's University, Kingston	H. Pearson Gundy	257,625	*	114,986	213
Regina College, Kingston	Rev. J. V. Driscoll	10,567	4,000	283	—
Royal Military College, Kingston	W. R. P. Bridge	16,000	*	360	30
St. Jeromes College, Kitchener	A. J. Lehman	10,310	300	*	—
Huron College, London	Rev. A. J. Durand	10,580	1,500	40	—
St. Peter's Seminary, London	James J. Taitman	176,100	*	107,980	250
University of Western Ontario, London	Rev. Mother M. Basil	—	—	—	—
Ursuline College, Brescia Hall, London	Rev. Rudolph Flank	14,020	*	213	30
Mount Carmel College, Niagara Falls	—	—	—	—	—
Carleton College, Ottawa	—	23,300	1,625	—	—
Collège Dominicain, Ottawa	Rev. Pere Adrien-M. Brunet	6,000	*	55	—
Grand Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa	R. P. Jean Fairfield	—	—	—	—
Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa	L'Abbé Charles-Auguste Demers	21,103	820	13,102	40
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa	Rev. P. F. Spratt	150,000	13,000	6,000	—
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa	R. P. Auguste-M. Morisset	40,000	*	3,000	—
Séminaire Universitaire, Ottawa	R. P. Jean-Léon Ali	—	—	—	—
Holy Rosary Scholastic R.R. 1, Ottawa	Rev. Allan MacInnes	—	—	—	—
Scolastic Saint-Joseph, Ottawa-Est	R. P. Gaston Carrière	40,500	5,000	200	—
Scolastic des R. P. P. Services de Marie, Ottawa	R. P. Stanislas Carrière	4,000	*	*	—
Collège Séraphique, Ottawa	R. P. Adlard	3,000	*	80	—
Juniorat du Sacré-Cœur, Ottawa	R. P. Félix Massie (Supérieur)	—	—	—	—
Alma College, St. Thomas	Arlene Acton	—	—	—	—
College du Sacré-Cœur, Sudbury	R. P. V. Guévremont	11,000	1,100	25	—
Knox College, Toronto	Wm. H. Sandham	41,940	2,335	123	48
Ontario College of Education, Toronto	Dorothy A. Thompson	22,185	*	17,849	125
Department of Educational Research, Toronto	Kathleen M. Hobday	3,698	2,580	25	4
Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto	(Miss) H. M. Walton	2,487	250	529	16
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto	Mary McLean	8,015	*	15,554	72
St. Augustine Seminary, Toronto	R. F. W. B. Kerr	—	—	—	—
St. Michael's College, Toronto	Rev. R. J. Scollard	26,500	*	30,000	31
Pontifical Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto	Rev. R. J. Scollard	20,000	*	135	45
Trinity College, Toronto	S. M. Adams	44,033	*	866	—
University of Toronto, Toronto	W. Stewart Wallace	479,727	157,998	19,719	500
Faculty of Dentistry, Toronto	Dr. J. H. Johnson	—	—	—	—
Connaught Medical Research Laboratories (?)	—	6,850	15,000	*	28
Victoria University, Toronto	John D. Robins	110,500	4,100	1,440	175
Wyldlife College, Toronto	Rev. Canon J. W. McDonald	—	—	—	14
Waterloo College and Evangelical Lutheran Seminary of Canada, Waterloo	Elizabeth Christensen	12,862	*	*	—
Assumption College, Windsor	Rev. Father Frank Flood	13,169	*	150	80
St. Alphonsus Seminary, Woodstock	Rev. John Harrington	8,500	500	642	—

(3) Includes school of hygiene.

## 11.—University and College Libraries, 1947—Concluded

Name and Address	Librarian	Volumes	Pamphlets where recorded	Loans Charged	Persons Charged with Loans	Seats in Library
<b>Manitoba—</b>						
Brandon College, Brandon.....	Mrs. G. G. Ralston.....	10,010	*	*	270	20
College de St. Boniface, St. Boniface.....	Joseph Sabourin.....	20,500	500	10,000	250	—
Manitoba Law School, Winnipeg.....	Thomas R. Ashby.....	—	—	—	—	—
St. John's College, Winnipeg.....	Ivy Pierce.....	6,000	*	*	115	25
United College, Winnipeg.....	E. M. Graham.....	75,500	*	*	1,111	165
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg.....	Elizabeth Dafoe.....	126,600	*	227,976	4,000	524
Medical Library, Winnipeg.....	Ruth D. Monk.....	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Saskatchewan—</b>						
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg.....	Rev. Philip Loehr and Martin Brodner.....	—	—	—	—	—
St. Peter's College, Muenster.....	Rev. W. L. Savoie.....	9,450	1,000	*	110	12
Campion College, Regina.....	—	4,712	*	*	110	45
Luther College, Regina.....	Emma Bell.....	13,900	500	5,878	453	60
Regina College, Regina.....	Sister Mary-Cecil.....	—	—	—	—	—
Sacred Heart Academy, Regina.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Chad's College, Regina.....	Rev. S. C. Steer.....	8,020	55	*	47	10
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon.....	C. Kiener.....	—	—	—	—	—
Lutheran College and Seminary, Saskatoon.....	Rev. J. B. Corston.....	—	—	—	—	—
St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon.....	D. C. Appat.....	107,295(?)	*	88,858	*	280
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Alberta—</b>						
Mount Royal College, Calgary.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canadian Union College, College Heights.....	Mrs. Emma Coffin.....	6,500	600	*	330	56
Concordia College, Edmonton.....	Arnold Guebert.....	7,000	*	*	116	18
Junior St. Jean, Edmonton.....	R. P. George Tétrault.....	7,500	400	*	16	—
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Anthony's College, North Edmonton.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
University of Alberta, Edmonton.....	Marjorie Sherlock.....	117,805	10,000	162,707	5,600	350
<b>British Columbia—</b>						
Anglican Theological College, Vancouver.....	Rev. D. P. Watney.....	7,982	*	473	41	25
Union College, Vancouver.....	—	—	—	—	—	—
University of British Columbia, Vancouver.....	Wm. Kaye Lamb.....	260,000	*	232,456	10,265	1,042
Victoria College, Victoria.....	Kathleen R. Mathews.....	8,080	*	19,165	424	100

(2) Includes pamphlets.

**SECTION III**  
**RETROSPECTIVE TABLES, 1921-48**

## 12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties

—		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1946	1947	1948
Arts, Science, Letters and Philosophy									
Canada.....	T.	9,072	13,369	16,828	17,771	17,634	31,054	36,704	36,449
	M.	6,405	9,265	11,473	12,536	12,300	22,197	27,682	27,467
	F.	2,667	4,104	5,355	5,235	5,334	8,082	9,022	8,982
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	1,187	1,451	1,811	1,750	1,711	2,840	3,407	3,366
	M.	843	969	1,202	1,228	1,221	2,164	2,753	2,700
	F.	344	482	609	522	490	676	654	666
Quebec.....	T.	2,688	4,086	4,704	5,566	5,959	8,508	9,328	9,557
	M.	2,488	3,693	4,214	4,866	4,950	6,895	7,596	7,852
	F.	200	393	490	700	1,009	1,613	1,732	1,705
Ontario.....	T.	3,014	4,086	5,387	5,801	5,408	9,320	12,085	12,764
	M.	1,804	2,461	3,159	3,549	3,284	6,047	8,488	9,075
	F.	1,210	1,625	2,228	2,252	2,124	3,273	3,597	3,689
Western Provinces.....	T.	2,183	3,746	4,926	4,654	4,556	10,386	11,884	10,762
	M.	1,270	2,142	2,898	2,893	2,845	7,866	8,845	7,840
	F.	913	1,604	2,028	1,761	1,711	2,520	3,039	2,922
Agriculture—Degree Course									
Canada.....	T.	856	599	899	1,108	1,373	2,198	2,825	3,091
	M.	845	582	889	1,088	1,347	2,110	2,723	2,975
	F.	11	17	10	20	26	88	102	116
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	60	12	32	31	41	145	154	103
	M.	60	11	31	31	38	143	152	100
	F.	—	1	1	—	3	2	2	3
Quebec.....	T.	196	137	322	273	310	388	511	549
	M.	193	133	321	271	308	379	495	527
	F.	3	4	1	2	2	9	16	22
Ontario.....	T.	363	228	273	496	479	666	673	853
	M.	360	223	269	489	476	654	661	839
	F.	3	5	4	7	3	12	12	14
Western Provinces.....	T.	237	222	272	308	543	999	1,487	1,586
	M.	242	215	268	297	525	934	1,415	1,509
	F.	5	7	4	11	18	65	72	77
Agriculture—Diploma Course									
Canada.....	T.	415	404	370	385	396	685	929	696
	M.	415	404	370	384	390	679	924	687
	F.	—	—	—	1	6	6	5	9
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	33	55	20	24	19	65	52	41
Quebec.....	T.	98	146	145	202	145	167	154	144
	M.	98	146	145	202	143	166	152	139
	F.	—	—	—	—	2	1	2	5
Ontario.....	T.	126	79	118	96	94	66	162	113
	M.	126	79	118	96	90	66	162	113
	F.	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	158	124	87	63	138	387	561	398
	M.	158	124	87	62	138	382	558	394
	F.	—	—	—	1	—	5	3	4
Architecture									
Canada <sup>1</sup> .....	T.	49	95	137	133	146	188	380	445
	M.	48	95	136	116	136	171	360	425
	F.	1	—	1	17	10	17	20	20
Quebec.....	T.	39	75	89	84	121	66	89	90
	M.	39	75	89	84	115	54	78	84
	F.	—	—	—	—	6	12	11	6
Western Provinces.....	T.	10	20	48	49	25	122	291	355
	M.	9	20	47	32	21	117	282	341
	F.	1	—	1	17	4	5	9	14

<sup>1</sup> Architecture in University of Toronto is included in "Engineering".

**12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties**  
—Continued

—		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1946	1947	1948
<b>Commerce</b>									
<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>T.</b>	<b>372</b>	<b>580</b>	<b>883</b>	<b>786</b>	<b>1,190</b>	<b>3,367</b>	<b>4,735</b>	<b>5,178</b>
	<b>M.</b>	<b>361</b>	<b>533</b>	<b>757</b>	<b>684</b>	<b>1,015</b>	<b>3,069</b>	<b>4,344</b>	<b>4,621</b>
	<b>F.</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>391</b>	<b>557</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	8	34	108	89	164	289	347	448
	M.	6	31	70	57	84	179	261	325
	F.	2	3	38	32	80	110	86	123
Quebec.....	T.	300	326	416	408	467	1,326	1,659	1,676
	M.	295	312	393	387	448	1,284	1,609	1,630
	F.	5	14	23	21	19	42	50	46
Ontario <sup>2</sup> .....	T.	29	134	222	140	183	504	882	1,142
	M.	29	116	194	126	165	476	765	884
	F.	—	18	28	14	18	28	117	258
Western Provinces <sup>2</sup> .....	T.	35	86	137	149	376	1,248	1,847	1,912
	M.	31	74	100	114	318	1,130	1,709	1,782
	F.	4	12	37	35	58	11	138	130
<b>Dentistry</b>									
<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>T.</b>	<b>1,276</b>	<b>604</b>	<b>380</b>	<b>422</b>	<b>468</b>	<b>753</b>	<b>950</b>	<b>993</b>
	<b>M.</b>	<b>1,253</b>	<b>594</b>	<b>375</b>	<b>419</b>	<b>462</b>	<b>744</b>	<b>939</b>	<b>985</b>
	<b>F.</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>8</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	55	20	27	53	31	27	38	37
	M.	52	20	27	53	31	27	37	36
	F.	3	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Quebec.....	T.	292	214	101	125	160	278	300	337
	M.	290	213	100	124	158	277	298	335
	F.	2	1	1	1	2	1	2	2
Ontario.....	T.	890	334	220	196	225	390	504	505
	M.	873	326	216	194	222	383	496	501
	F.	17	8	4	2	3	7	8	4
Western Provinces.....	T.	39	36	32	48	52	58	108	114
	M.	38	35	32	48	51	57	108	113
	F.	1	1	—	—	1	1	—	1
<b>Education</b>									
<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>T.</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>337</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>802</b>	<b>677</b>	<b>1,195</b>	<b>1,516</b>	<b>1,929</b>
	<b>M.</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>626</b>	<b>972</b>	<b>1,254</b>
	<b>F.</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>371</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>380</b>	<b>569</b>	<b>542</b>	<b>675</b>
Maritime Provinces <sup>3</sup> .....	T.	—	—	—	18	21	56	78	74
	M.	—	—	—	9	3	20	22	25
	F.	—	—	—	9	18	36	56	49
Quebec <sup>3</sup> .....	T.	17	17	92	198	162	271	133	247
	M.	17	17	52	108	85	122	87	105
	F.	—	—	40	90	77	149	46	142
Ontario.....	T.	139	263	382	364	256	289	350	342
	M.	51	95	144	176	98	171	215	207
	F.	88	168	238	188	158	118	135	135
Western Provinces <sup>4</sup> .....	T.	—	57	144	222	238	579	955	1,266
	M.	—	22	51	114	111	313	648	917
	F.	—	35	93	108	127	266	307	349

<sup>2</sup> The Business Administration course of the University of Western Ontario and the Commerce courses of the University of Toronto are included in the Faculty of Arts. The Accountancy course of the University of Saskatchewan is here included and degree courses in Secretarial Science.

<sup>3</sup> Students in the Maritime universities preparing for teaching certificates are reported as Arts students until 1935; similarly at McGill University until 1933.

<sup>4</sup> The training of teachers in the University of Alberta was reorganized in 1946 to include all teacher-training classes of the Province within the Faculty of Education of the University.



**12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties**  
—Continued

—		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1946	1947	1948
Engineering and Applied Science									
Canada.....	T.	2,854	2,038	3,554	3,387	4,381	10,884	13,609	14,373
	M.	2,851	2,035	3,548	3,376	4,368	10,827	13,565	14,338
	F.	3	3	6	11	13	57	44	35
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	309	218	429	373	418	1,352	1,436	1,573
	M.	309	218	429	367	418	1,350	1,434	1,569
	F.	—	—	—	6	—	2	2	4
Quebec.....	T.	763	427	523	542	799	1,657	2,030	2,154
	M.	763	427	523	542	798	1,642	2,022	2,145
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	15	8	9
Ontario.....	T.	1,365	863	1,506	1,438	1,708	4,392	5,674	5,918
	M.	1,364	860	1,502	1,434	1,698	4,364	5,649	5,902
	F.	1	3	4	4	10	28	25	16
Western Provinces.....	T.	417	530	1,096	1,034	1,456	3,483	4,469	4,728
	M.	415	530	1,094	1,033	1,454	3,471	4,460	4,722
	F.	2	—	2	1	2	1	9	6
Forestry									
Canada.....	T.	103	90	136	98	173	529	1,085	1,016
	M.	103	90	136	98	173	529	1,084	1,016
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	32	24	49	17	64	268	426	398
	M.	32	24	49	17	64	268	425	398
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Quebec.....	M.	18	22	25	44	67	78	76	104
Ontario.....	M.	53	44	62	37	42	183	262	286
British Columbia.....	M.	††	††	††	††	††	††	321	228
Household Science—Degree Course									
Canada.....	F.	100	197	639	688	790	1,116	1,358	1,464
	F.	—	5	90	114	143	170	199	199
	F.	—	6	27	93	81	171	202	248
Ontario.....	F.	—	57	230	51	46	20	105	154
Western Provinces.....	F.	100	129	292	430	520	755	852	863
Household Science—Diploma Course									
Canada.....	F.	342	824	928	729	634	545	482	729
	F.	—	—	18	46	34	36	25	25
	F.	122	386	378	451	446	509	371	610
Ontario.....	F.	169	408	515	232	154	—	86	94
Western Provinces.....	F.	51	40	17	—	—	—	—	—
Law									
Canada.....	T.	1,117	857	845	1,005	697	1,226	1,948	2,521
	M.	1,076	836	816	982	678	1,172	1,890	2,441
	F.	41	21	29	23	19	54	58	80
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	119	60	66	115	60	136	215	252
	M.	117	56	63	113	60	134	214	249
	F.	2	4	3	2	—	2	1	3
Quebec.....	T.	331	306	392	337	243	346	492	596
	M.	325	303	387	333	241	332	480	578
	F.	6	3	5	4	2	14	12	18
Ontario.....	T.	436	350	249	391	252	500	749	892
	M.	420	338	238	380	243	479	722	856
	F.	16	12	11	11	9	21	27	36
Western Provinces.....	T.	231	141	138	162	142	244	492	781
	M.	214	139	128	156	134	227	474	758
	F.	17	2	10	6	8	17	18	23

†† Included in Engineering and Applied Science.

\* Information not available.

**12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties**  
—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1946	1947	1948
Librarianship									
<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>T.</b>	—	—	<b>42</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>82</b>
	<b>M.</b>	—	—	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>F.</b>	—	—	<b>39</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>67</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	—	—	—	1	13	1
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	1	13	1
Quebec.....	T.	—	—	14	20	15	21	46	36
	M.	—	—	3	4	1	1	11	8
	F.	—	—	11	16	14	20	35	28
Ontario.....	T.	—	—	28	47	37	45	51	45
	M.	—	—	—	—	5	7	6	7
	F.	—	—	28	47	32	38	45	38
Medicine									
<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>T.</b>	<b>3,236</b>	<b>2,607</b>	<b>2,921</b>	<b>3,037</b>	<b>2,940</b>	<b>3,200</b>	<b>3,625</b>	<b>3,996</b>
	<b>M.</b>	<b>3,088</b>	<b>2,494</b>	<b>2,798</b>	<b>2,908</b>	<b>2,780</b>	<b>2,965</b>	<b>3,321</b>	<b>3,725</b>
	<b>F.</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>271</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	159	113	171	186	219	167	217	240
	M.	150	105	170	180	215	162	211	233
	F.	9	8	1	6	4	5	6	7
Quebec.....	T.	1,184	913	944	961	959	1,204	1,453	1,525
	M.	1,172	893	930	942	924	1,158	1,393	1,465
	F.	12	20	14	19	35	46	60	60
Ontario.....	T.	1,489	1,201	1,321	1,389	1,234	1,338	1,495	1,631
	M.	1,398	1,135	1,245	1,318	1,157	1,249	1,353	1,479
	F.	91	66	76	71	77	139	142	152
Western provinces.....	T.	404	380	485	501	528	441	460	600
	M.	368	361	453	468	484	396	414	548
	F.	36	19	32	33	44	45	46	52
Nursing									
<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>F.</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>188</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>372</b>	<b>510</b>	<b>974</b>	<b>1,120</b>	<b>1,024</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	—	2	14	22	15	27
Quebec.....	F.	19	34	53	43	127	256	308	292
Ontario <sup>s</sup> .....	F.	79	55	107	120	172	408	466	405
Western Provinces*.....	F.	24	99	141	207	197	288	331	300
Occupational Therapy									
University of Toronto.....	F.	—	—	36	36	98	211	212	145
Physiotherapy									
<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>T.</b>	—	—	<b>20</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>159</b>
	<b>M.</b>	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	<b>F.</b>	—	—	<b>20</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>159</b>
University of Toronto.....	T.	—	—	20	34	76	124	137	96
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	20	34	76	124	137	96
McGill University.....	T.	—	—	—	—	—	60	77	63
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	T.	—	—	—	—	—	60	77	63

**12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties**  
—Continued

			1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1946	1947	1948
Physical and Health Education										
Canada.....	T.		22	77	76	52	128	312	491	648
	M.		—	—	—	3	5	134	272	391
	F.		22	77	76	49	123	178	219	257
Quebec.....	T.		22	50	25	18	19	84	118	172
	M.		—	—	—	3	—	30	57	93
	F.		22	50	25	15	19	54	61	79
Ontario.....	T.		—	22	51	34	101	228	326	368
	M.		—	—	—	—	5	104	176	218
	F.		—	22	51	34	96	124	150	150
Western Provinces.....	T.		—	—	—	—	8	—	47	108
	M.		—	—	—	—	—	—	39	80
	F.		—	—	—	—	8	—	8	28
Pharmacy										
Canada.....	T.		562	459	512	484	412	738	1,084	1,271
	M.		529	430	481	445	372	547	907	1,104
	F.		33	29	31	39	40	191	177	167
Maritime Provinces.....	T.		24	12	12	9	7	42	74	84
	M.		22	11	10	7	5	27	60	71
	F.		2	1	2	2	2	15	14	13
Quebec.....	T.		220	142	94	95	86	203	276	294
	M.		214	142	94	95	84	193	270	287
	F.		6	—	—	—	2	10	6	7
Ontario.....	T.		168	156	250	200	186	220	289	296
	M.		158	141	239	190	165	144	218	246
	F.		10	15	11	10	21	76	71	50
Western Provinces.....	T.		150	149	156	180	133	273	445	597
	M.		135	136	138	153	118	183	359	500
	F.		15	13	18	27	15	90	86	97
Social Work										
Canada.....	T.		85	72	110	127	146	277	373	370
	M.		13	5	11	22	22	59	98	115
	F.		72	67	99	105	124	218	275	255
Maritime Provinces.....	T.		—	—	—	—	1	14	19	23
	M.		—	—	—	—	—	3	3	—
	F.		—	—	—	—	1	11	16	23
Quebec.....	T.		13	25	30	17	27	108	125	112
	M.		3	—	1	3	4	26	33	31
	F.		10	25	29	14	23	82	92	81
Ontario.....	T.		72	47	70	85	92	66	106	94
	M.		10	5	9	15	14	12	35	40
	F.		62	42	61	70	78	54	71	54
Western Provinces.....	T.		—	—	10	25	26	89	123	141
	M.		—	—	1	4	4	18	27	44
	F.		—	—	9	21	22	71	96	97
Total Theology (including post-graduate students)										
Canada*.....	T.		2,136	2,169	2,261	2,643	2,429	2,319	2,380	2,627
	M.		2,095	2,113	2,217	2,619	2,393	2,264	2,316	2,570
	F.		41	56	44	24	36	55	64	57
Maritime Provinces.....	T.		191	131	133	187	146	198	158	201
	M.		187	131	133	187	146	198	158	201
	F.		4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.		938	996	968	1,221	1,073	1,095	1,138	1,095
	M.		938	996	968	1,221	1,073	1,094	1,138	1,094
	F.		—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Ontario.....	T.		857	838	938	1,076	940	826	871	1,084
	M.		827	795	901	1,053	906	778	816	1,037
	F.		30	43	37	23	34	48	55	47
Western Provinces.....	T.		150	204	222	159	270	200	213	247
	M.		143	191	215	158	268	194	204	238
	F.		7	13	7	1	2	6	9	9

\* Figures have been revised since publication of last Survey.

12.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties  
—Concluded

—		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1946	1947	1948
Protestant Theological Colleges									
Canada.....	T.	728	706	621	634	631	586	592	832
	M.	687	650	577	610	595	531	528	775
	F.	41	56	44	24	36	55	64	57
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	99	77	60	98	85	106	69	132
	M.	95	77	60	98	85	106	69	132
	F.	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	84	99	80	76	83	41	38	36
	M.	84	99	80	76	83	40	38	35
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Ontario.....	T.	395	326	259	301	293	284	321	455
	M.	365	283	222	278	259	236	266	408
	F.	30	43	37	23	34	48	55	47
Western Provinces.....	T.	150	204	222	159	170	155	164	209
	M.	143	191	215	158	168	149	155	200
	F.	7	13	7	1	2	6	9	9
Roman Catholic Theological Colleges, Seminaries, etc.									
Canada*.....	M.	1,408	1,463	1,640	2,009	1,754	1,733	1,788	1,795
	M.	92	54	73	89	61	92	89	69
	M.	854	897	888	1,145	990	1,054	1,100	1,059
Ontario*.....	M.	462	512	679	775	647	542	550	629
	M.	—	—	—	—	56	45	49	38
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Veterinary Science									
Canada.....	T.	116	83	122	245	245	395	414	496
	M.	116	82	122	245	241	386	405	486
	F.	—	1	—	—	4	9	9	10
Quebec.....	T.	20	17	25	44	49	41	65	70
	M.	20	17	25	44	49	41	65	70
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario.....	T.	96	66	97	201	196	354	349	426
	M.	96	65	97	201	192	345	340	416
	F.	—	1	—	—	4	9	9	10

## 12A.—Enrolment of Post graduate Students, of the Regular Session, by Faculties

—			1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1946	1947	1948
Post-Graduate Courses in Arts, Science and Philosophy										
Canada.....	T.		369	751	1,300	1,384	1,467	2,705	3,283	3,535
	M.		261	555	964	1,034	1,133	2,125	2,553	2,763
	F.		108	196	336	350	334	580	730	772
Maritime Provinces.....	T.		24	27	45	90	71	100	128	93
	M.		22	20	27	62	55	76	103	72
	F.		2	7	18	28	16	24	25	21
Quebec.....	T.		42	204	427	385	519	1,030	1,176	1,328
	M.		30	175	367	324	387	789	903	1,007
	F.		12	29	60	61	132	241	273	321
Ontario.....	T.		207	340	508	577	593	1,258	1,370	1,521
	M.		150	240	342	396	462	1,015	1,081	1,209
	F.		57	100	166	181	131	243	289	312
Western Provinces.....	T.		96	180	320	332	284	317	609	593
	M.		59	120	228	252	229	245	466	475
	F.		37	60	92	80	55	72	143	118
Other Post-Graduate Courses (excepting Theology)										
Canada*.....	T.		38	143	241	309	239	430	739	705
	M.		37	140	228	285	226	397	703	643
	F.		1	3	13	24	13	33	36	62
Maritime Provinces.....	T.		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	M.		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F.		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.		19	50	30	57	64	151	278	256
	M.		19	50	30	57	61	132	258	240
	F.		—	—	—	—	3	19	20	16
Ontario.....	T.		19	74	151	203	118	214	314	326
	M.		18	71	140	181	111	202	304	285
	F.		1	3	11	22	7	12	10	41
Western Provinces.....	T.		—	19	60	49	57	65	147	123
	M.		—	19	58	47	54	63	141	118
	F.		—	—	2	2	3	2	6	5



## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1946	1947	1948
Bachelors of Agricultural Science									
Canada.....	T.	156	111	160	238	238	202	238	384
	M.	153	108	158	231	230	192	224	360
	F.	3	3	2	7	8	10	14	24
Quebec.....	T.	43	25	48	51	43	49	64	90
	M.	41	23	48	50	42	48	62	88
	F.	2	2	—	1	1	1	2	2
Ontario.....	T.	74	33	53	117	109	59	58	102
	M.	74	33	52	115	105	59	56	99
	F.	—	—	1	2	4	—	2	8
Western Provinces.....	T.	39	53	59	70	86	94	116	192
	M.	38	52	58	66	83	85	106	173
	F.	1	1	1	4	3	9	10	19
Diplomas in Agriculture									
Canada.....	T.	171	53	115	107	145	75	188	243
	M.	171	52	115	107	145	74	187	240
	F.	—	1	—	—	—	1	1	3
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	32	3	16	17	12	22	53	66
	M.	32	2	16	17	12	22	52	65
	F.	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	1
Quebec.....	T.	3	24	42	42	45	24	40	52
	M.	3	24	42	42	45	24	40	51
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Ontario.....	T.	116	12	33	36	34	—	—	47
	M.	116	12	33	36	34	—	—	47
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	29	14	24	12	54	29	95	78
	M.	20	14	24	12	54	28	95	77
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Graduates in Architecture									
Canada.....	T.	17	14	24	53	24	29	43	55
	M.	17	14	24	53	23	25	36	48
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	4	7	7
Quebec.....	T.	7	7	8	22	16	11	24	28
	M.	7	7	8	22	16	8	20	24
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	3	4	4
Ontario.....	T.	9	4	7	14	2	9	10	8
	M.	9	4	7	14	2	8	8	6
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	2
Western Provinces.....	T.	1	3	9	17	6	9	9	19
	M.	1	3	9	17	5	9	8	18
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	1
Bachelors of Arts and Letters <sup>1</sup>									
Canada.....	T.	1,337	1,985	2,474	3,175	3,332	3,829	4,414	6,293
	M.	823	1,215	1,493	2,007	2,242	2,388	2,747	4,290
	F.	514	770	981	1,168	1,090	1,441	1,666	2,003
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	183	196	273	309	252	251	284	364
	M.	117	113	172	184	154	145	200	262
	F.	66	83	101	125	98	106	84	102
Quebec.....	T.	284	493	669	916	1,109	1,296	1,239	1,387
	M.	239	439	567	762	931	1,002	988	1,117
	F.	45	54	102	154	178	294	251	270
Ontario.....	T.	581	825	968	1,308	1,253	1,531	1,895	2,946
	M.	323	477	507	737	750	856	994	1,862
	F.	258	388	462	571	503	675	901	1,084
Western Provinces.....	T.	289	471	564	642	718	751	996	1,596
	M.	144	226	248	324	407	385	566	1,049
	F.	145	245	316	318	311	366	430	647

<sup>1</sup> Includes a few Bachelors of Social Science in Quebec.

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

	1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1946	1947	1948
Bachelors of Science (in Arts)								
Canada.....	<b>T. 77</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>342</b>	<b>582</b>	<b>688</b>	<b>1,003</b>
	<b>M. 70</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>275</b>	<b>291</b>	<b>440</b>	<b>541</b>	<b>830</b>
	<b>F. 7</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>173</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	<b>T. 21</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>226</b>
	<b>M. 20</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>196</b>
	<b>F. 1</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>30</b>
Quebec.....	<b>T. 37</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>426</b>
	<b>M. 36</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>346</b>
	<b>F. 1</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>80</b>
Ontario.....	<b>T. —</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>74</b>
	<b>M. —</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>63</b>
	<b>F. —</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>11</b>
Western Provinces.....	<b>T. 19</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>277</b>
	<b>M. 14</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>225</b>
	<b>F. 5</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>52</b>
Bachelors of Commerce <sup>2</sup>								
Canada.....	<b>T. 12</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>263</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>668</b>	<b>1,127</b>
	<b>M. 11</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>610</b>	<b>1,071</b>
	<b>F. 1</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>56</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	<b>T. —</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>41</b>
	<b>M. —</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>40</b>
	<b>F. —</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>
Quebec.....	<b>T. 10</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>328</b>
	<b>M. 9</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>318</b>
	<b>F. 1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>
Ontario.....	<b>T. 2</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>227</b>
	<b>M. 2</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>213</b>
	<b>F. —</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>
Western Provinces.....	<b>T. —</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>531</b>
	<b>M. —</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>288</b>	<b>500</b>
	<b>F. —</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>31</b>
Doctors of Dentistry								
Canada.....	<b>T. 189</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>177</b>
	<b>M. 184</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>172</b>
	<b>F. 5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>15</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	<b>T. 6</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>9</b>
	<b>M. 6</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>9</b>
	<b>F. —</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
Quebec.....	<b>T. 43</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>52</b>
	<b>M. 41</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>51</b>
	<b>F. 2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
Ontario.....	<b>T. 140</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>100</b>
	<b>M. 137</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>96</b>
	<b>F. 3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>
Western Provinces.....	<b>T. —</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>16</b>
	<b>M. —</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>16</b>
	<b>F. —</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
Graduates in Applied Science or Engineering								
Canada.....	<b>T. 389</b>	<b>329</b>	<b>448</b>	<b>605</b>	<b>753</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,096</b>	<b>1,690</b>
	<b>M. 388</b>	<b>329</b>	<b>448</b>	<b>603</b>	<b>753</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,091</b>	<b>1,682</b>
	<b>F. 1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>8</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	<b>T. 17</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>128</b>
Quebec.....	<b>T. 128</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>225</b>	<b>311</b>
	<b>M. 128</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>310</b>
	<b>F. —</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
Ontario.....	<b>T. 202</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>427</b>	<b>736</b>
	<b>M. 202</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>380</b>	<b>424</b>	<b>731</b>
	<b>F. —</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>5</b>
Western Provinces.....	<b>T. 42</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>346</b>	<b>515</b>
	<b>M. 41</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>345</b>	<b>513</b>
	<b>F. 1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>

<sup>2</sup> Includes a few Bachelors of Accountancy and of Secretarial Science.

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1946	1947	1948
Bachelors of Education or Pedagogy									
Canada.....	T.	1	25	60	100	149	251	367	481
	M.	1	24	41	75	112	187	284	378
	F.	—	1	19	25	37	64	83	103
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	—	12	12	14	10	28
	M.	—	—	—	6	4	9	7	16
	F.	—	—	—	6	8	5	3	12
Quebec.....	T.	—	—	15	16	51	45	69	61
	M.	—	—	5	11	45	35	47	44
	F.	—	—	10	5	6	10	22	17
Ontario.....	T.	1	24	37	52	39	39	51	41
	M.	1	23	31	47	32	32	45	36
	F.	—	1	6	5	7	7	6	5
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	1	8	20	47	153	237	351
	M.	—	1	5	11	31	111	185	282
	F.	—	—	3	9	16	42	52	69

## Graduates of University Teacher Training Courses

Canada <sup>3</sup> .....	T.	100	373	581	584	573	499	548	804
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	49	37	14	5	14	27
	M.	—	—	22	17	4	4	7	17
	F.	—	—	27	20	10	1	7	10
Quebec <sup>3</sup> .....	T.	28	45	38	48	45	62	58	58
Ontario.....	T.	72	271	377	390	338	261	240	321
	M.	48	98	133	171	159	120	110	192
	F.	24	173	244	219	179	141	130	129
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	57	117	109	176	171	236	398
	M.	—	22	48	47	60	77	131	256
	F.	—	35	69	62	116	94	105	142

## Bachelors of Science in Forestry

Canada.....	T.	15	19	41	21	42	40	50	104
	M.	15	19	41	21	42	40	50	103
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	6	1	9	1	12	2	9	35
	M.	6	1	9	1	12	2	—	34
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Quebec.....	M.	3	1	10	5	16	13	7	16
Ontario.....	M.	6	13	18	14	3	12	24	37
Western Provinces.....	M.	—	4	4	1	11	13	10	16

## Bachelors of Household Science

Canada.....	T.	10	19	112	138	214	187	220	258
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	13	25	46	33	42	45
Quebec.....	F.	—	1	7	17	16	35	27	41
Ontario.....	F.	—	—	37	18	15	2	1	3
Western Provinces.....	F.	10	18	55	78	137	117	150	169

## Bachelors of Canon Law

Canada.....	T.	2	7	16	—	8	13	11	7
Quebec.....	M.	2	7	10	—	5	9	4	2
Ontario.....	M.	—	—	6	—	3	4	7	5

<sup>3</sup> Record of men and women not obtained separately for Quebec.

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

			1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1946	1947	1948
Graduates in Law										
Canada.....	T.		393	277	223	209	265	161	269	438
	M.		379	267	218	202	261	149	247	427
	F.		14	10	5	7	4	12	22	11
Maritime Provinces.....	T.		30	23	18	35	34	10	39	49
	M.		29	21	17	34	33	10	38	48
	F.		1	2	1	1	1	—	1	1
Quebec.....	T.		95	72	76	60	74	55	96	129
	M.		95	72	76	58	74	52	91	126
	F.		—	—	—	2	—	3	5	3
Ontario.....	T.		209	133	94	70	103	73	100	103
	M.		200	126	92	69	101	70	97	100
	F.		9	7	2	1	2	3	3	3
Western Provinces.....	T.		59	49	35	44	54	23	34	157
	M.		55	48	33	41	53	17	31	153
	F.		4	1	2	3	1	6	3	4
Graduates in Librarianship (Degrees and Diplomas)										
Canada.....	T.		—	—	39	66	53	57	104	79
	M.		—	—	2	3	5	8	56	11
	F.		—	—	37	63	48	49	48	63
Maritime Provinces.....	F.		—	—	—	—	—	1	—	4
Quebec.....	T.		—	—	13	19	15	20	45	34
	M.		—	—	2	3	1	2	11	6
	F.		—	—	11	16	14	18	34	28
Ontario.....	T.		—	—	26	47	38	36	59	41
	M.		—	—	—	—	4	6	45	5
	F.		—	—	26	47	34	30	14	36
Graduates in Medicine										
Canada.....	T.		404	510	535	497	562	628	525	651
	M.		390	493	509	476	537	583	481	597
	F.		14	17	26	21	25	45	44	54
Maritime Provinces.....	T.		16	35	23	26	41	—	28	34
	M.		15	35	23	25	41	—	27	34
	F.		1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—
Quebec.....	T.		154	141	163	176	208	288	191	293
	M.		154	139	160	171	200	272	176	274
	F.		—	2	3	5	8	16	15	19
Ontario.....	T.		200	264	269	218	214	244	218	182
	M.		189	254	250	208	205	228	197	157
	F.		11	10	19	10	9	16	21	25
Western Provinces.....	T.		34	70	80	77	99	96	88	142
	M.		32	65	76	72	91	83	81	132
	F.		2	5	4	5	8	13	7	10
Graduates in Pharmacy										
Canada.....	T.		176	134	208	190	160	104	171	426
	M.		166	130	198	180	145	80	115	346
	F.		10	4	10	10	15	24	56	80
Maritime Provinces.....	T.		—	—	4	1	4	8	10	21
	M.		—	—	3	1	2	5	8	17
	F.		—	—	1	—	2	3	2	4
Quebec.....	T.		22	23	11	20	18	26	9	17
	M.		19	23	11	20	18	23	8	13
	F.		3	—	—	—	—	3	1	4
Ontario.....	T.		94	68	128	100	64	51	106	297
	M.		88	67	122	97	57	42	68	247
	F.		6	1	6	3	7	9	38	50
Western Provinces.....	T.		60	43	65	69	74	19	46	91
	M.		59	40	62	62	68	10	31	69
	F.		1	3	3	7	6	9	15	22

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1946	1947	1948
Physical Training and Health Education									
Canada.....	T.	—	37	45	21	54	34	55	146
	M.	—	—	—	1	—	4	16	84
	F.	—	37	45	20	54	30	39	62
Quebec.....	T.	—	25	15	5	11	10	6	34
	M.	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	15
	F.	—	25	15	4	11	9	6	19
Ontario.....	T.	—	12	30	16	35	24	49	112
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	3	16	69
	F.	—	12	30	16	35	21	33	43
Western Provinces.....	F.	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
Social Work									
Canada.....	T.	5	24	18	45	69	112	152	241
	M.	—	1	—	6	9	17	34	81
	F.	5	23	18	39	60	95	118	160
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	—	—	—	9	9	9
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	—
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	8	6	9
Quebec.....	T.	—	8	7	8	17	22	39	64
	M.	—	—	—	1	1	2	9	24
	F.	—	8	7	7	16	20	30	40
Ontario.....	T.	5	16	11	30	28	22	26	82
	M.	—	1	—	5	3	2	5	32
	F.	5	15	11	25	25	20	21	50
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	—	—	7	24	59	78	86
	M.	—	—	—	—	5	12	17	25
	F.	—	—	—	7	19	47	61	61
Graduates in Theology									
Canada.....	T.	426	475	434	484	488	483	481	475
	M.	408	452	416	468	477	458	447	451
	F.	18	23	18	16	21	25	34	24
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	35	31	42	39	33	51	27	28
Quebec.....	T.	155	210	151	180	215	194	192	172
	M.	155	210	151	180	215	193	191	172
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—
Ontario.....	T.	186	178	178	226	197	189	229	246
	M.	170	160	164	213	186	165	197	213
	F.	16	18	14	13	11	24	32	23
Western Provinces.....	T.	50	56	63	39	43	49	33	29
	M.	48	51	59	36	43	49	32	28
	F.	2	5	4	3	—	—	1	1
Bachelors of Divinity (Post-Graduate)									
Canada.....	T.	34	30	37	43	41	51	52	52
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	2	2	4	17	13	6	7	7
Quebec.....	M.	10	3	3	8	2	1	2	2
Ontario.....	M.	15	18	24	12	19	39	34	33
Western Provinces.....	M.	7	7	6	6	7	5	9	10
Graduates in Veterinary Science									
Canada.....	T.	26	18	28	53	68	43	149	84
	M.	26	18	28	53	67	42	147	82
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	1	2	2
Quebec.....	T.	6	6	8	8	12	6	8	11
	M.	6	6	8	8	12	6	8	11
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario.....	T.	20	12	20	45	56	37	141	73
	M.	20	12	20	45	55	36	139	71
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	1	2	2



## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

—		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1947	1947	1948
Degrees and Post Graduate Diplomas in Nursing									
Canada.....	T.	67	83	122	191	209	457	425	318
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	—	—	2	4	7	5
Quebec.....	F.	—	33	39	67	57	100	144	100
Ontario <sup>4</sup> .....	F.	67	43	65	99	122	252	156	138
Western Provinces.....	F.	—	7	18	25	28	101	118	75
Masters of Arts <sup>5</sup>									
									Smm
Canada.....	T.	147	202	274	252	258	328	400	474
	M.	105	140	180	179	201	259	321	343
	F.	42	62	94	73	57	69	79	128
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	37	22	29	24	37	21	22	17
	M.	30	12	17	17	29	10	16	13
	F.	7	10	12	7	8	11	6	4
Quebec.....	T.	14	27	47	39	42	43	60	98
	M.	9	21	27	20	29	34	45	50
	F.	5	6	20	19	13	9	15	48
Ontario.....	T.	74	95	137	141	115	209	241	265
	M.	49	68	94	108	87	169	204	206
	F.	25	27	43	33	28	40	37	59
Western Provinces.....	T.	22	58	61	48	64	55	77	94
	M.	17	39	42	34	56	46	56	77
	F.	5	19	19	14	8	9	21	17
Masters of Science <sup>6</sup>									
Canada.....	T.	30	82	93	133	118	145	267	279
	M.	24	78	89	130	110	140	251	259
	F.	6	4	4	3	8	5	16	20
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	2	4	3	6	10	19	15	11
	M.	2	4	2	6	8	19	15	9
	F.	—	—	1	—	2	—	—	2
Quebec.....	T.	18	42	28	31	35	15	95	107
	M.	13	39	28	31	32	14	85	96
	F.	5	3	—	—	3	1	10	11
Ontario.....	T.	5	9	28	32	22	51	66	92
	M.	5	9	28	32	22	51	65	90
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
Western Provinces.....	T.	5	27	34	64	51	60	91	69
	M.	4	26	31	61	48	56	86	64
	F.	1	1	3	3	3	4	5	5
Licentiates (not including Theology)									
Canada.....	T.	41	40	91	100	211	299	305	336
	M.	41	39	89	93	209	281	279	313
	F.	—	1	2	7	2	18	26	23
Quebec.....	T.	28	26	67	92	191	268	254	307
	M.	28	25	66	85	190	250	231	284
	F.	—	1	1	7	1	18	23	23
Ontario.....	T.	13	14	24	8	20	31	51	29
	M.	13	14	23	8	19	31	48	29
	F.	—	—	1	—	1	—	3	—

<sup>4</sup> Includes 12-24 Dental nurses annually.<sup>5</sup> Includes M. Comm. and M. Ed. or M. Paed., M. Social Work.<sup>6</sup> Includes M.A.Sc. M.S.A., M.Sc.F.M., Arch., M.V.Sc., M. Surgery (where given separately).

## 13.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Concluded

		1921	1926	1931	1936	1941	1946	1947	1948
Other Post-Graduate Degrees and Diplomas (except in Education or Theology)									
Canada.....	T.	6	53	84	90	175	579	705	611
	M.	6	51	82	90	106	327	554	490
	F.	—	2	2	—	69	252	151	121
Quebec.....	T.	3	42	55	66	75	333	304	312
	M.	3	42	54	66	69	245	221	238
	F.	—	—	1	—	6	88	83	74
Ontario.....	T.	3	10	27	23	100	241	388	283
	M.	3	9	26	23	37	82	333	249
	F.	—	1	1	—	63	159	55	34
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	1	2	1	—	5	13	16
	M.	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	3
	F.	—	1	—	—	—	5	13	16

## Doctorates (Honorary)

Canada.....	T.	58	67	95	100	85	134	175	173
	M.	58	67	95	98	79	128	167	162
	F.	—	—	—	2	6	6	8	11
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	4	17	19	21	18	18	19	20
	M.	4	17	19	20	15	17	15	19
	F.	—	—	—	1	3	1	4	1
Quebec.....	T.	10	7	13	19	25	44	59	34
	M.	10	7	13	19	23	44	57	33
	F.	—	—	—	—	2	—	2	1
Ontario.....	T.	33	28	46	42	30	54	67	83
	M.	33	28	46	41	29	51	67	78
	F.	—	—	—	1	1	3	—	5
Western Provinces.....	T.	11	15	17	18	12	18	30	36
	M.	11	15	17	18	12	16	28	32
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	4

## Doctorates (in Course)

Canada.....	T.	24	28	46	68	75	104	115	134
	M.	23	24	39	63	70	92	102	124
	F.	1	4	7	5	5	12	13	10
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
	M.	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	17	13	19	29	30	58	65	80
	M.	17	11	18	27	30	51	57	72
	F.	—	2	1	2	—	7	8	8
Ontario.....	T.	7	14	24	39	45	46	50	53
	M.	6	12	18	36	40	41	45	51
	F.	1	2	6	3	5	5	5	2
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	1
	M.	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
	F.	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—

## HIGHER EDUCATION IN CANADA

#### 14.—Classification of Full-Time Students According to Place of Residence

Universities and Colleges in	Place of Students' Residence															Total Specified
	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yukon and N.W.T.	U.S.A.	U.K.	British West Indies	Nfld.	Other Countries	
Prince Edward Island.....	194	2	10	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	2	-	253
1921	134	-	7	17	1	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	164
1926	159	1	5	20	1	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	191
1931	136	4	1	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	155
1936	174	-	3	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	194
1941	295	1	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	310
1946	273	2	1	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	293
1947	297	2	2	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	313
1948																
Nova Scotia.....	57	1,116	269	7	17	-	3	5	4	-	22	5	15	38	6	1,564
1921	61	1,209	258	10	14	-	2	1	1	-	46	5	16	41	10	1,668
1926	101	1,322	277	27	20	2	5	3	6	-	104	2	7	67	18	2,020
1931	71	1,182	246	26	19	4	3	4	8	-	298	13	2	71	14	2,018
1936	59	1,399	260	83	18	4	7	9	11	-	160	6	23	102	9	2,061
1941	116	2,245	427	105	31	6	14	12	17	-	169	3	33	154	9	3,212
1946	153	2,997	585	127	57	6	13	15	11	-	115	3	49	190	17	4,290
1947	186	3,151	583	111	102	4	13	15	11	-	151	4	49	194	23	4,604
1948																
New Brunswick.....	9	63	222	10	4	-	2	1	2	-	3	2	2	35	-	402
1921	10	145	273	12	5	2	1	3	-	-	10	10	5	24	-	544
1926	31	199	562	31	14	1	2	2	-	-	16	10	5	12	4	866
1931	39	181	552	46	7	1	1	7	-	-	20	10	5	20	-	1,537
1936	27	138	997	183	23	2	9	5	1	2	36	3	10	34	-	1,537
1941	56	339	1,816	254	126	2	9	7	1	2	38	3	10	70	15	2,902
1946	40	388	1,846	184	124	1	14	5	1	-	28	3	16	75	22	2,547
1947	53	374	1,722	194	124	2	13	5	2	-	26	3	17	82	22	2,688
1948																
Quebec (English).....	38	132	120	1,920	504	27	34	50	105	-	-	-	††	263	-	3,194
1921	26	76	77	1,737	358	27	33	35	74	-	194	47	42	57	17	2,799
1926	19	78	77	2,030	342	32	36	42	81	-	146	68	29	69	13	3,312
1931	19	78	80	2,112	275	32	35	35	64	1	335	68	20	32	20	3,215
1936	26	83	81	2,603	294	37	43	47	82	-	229	19	40	23	45	3,648
1941	22	93	123	3,055	692	82	67	71	146	1	191	28	160	31	82	6,907
1946	41	137	198	6,481	1,009	119	125	115	206	1	351	37	202	57	126	9,303
1947	55	221	198	5,988	922	115	132	95	197	1	340	46	152	59	171	8,672
1948	66	195	193													
Quebec (French).....	5	7	22	12,216	139	16	7	1	1	-	400	-	††	414	-	12,827
1921	11	16	23	11,294	146	21	14	5	2	-	-	-	-	1	24	11,956
1926	8	9	8	14,461	84	11	8	3	1	-	617	-	-	2	33	15,243
1931	7	16	63	14,179	92	10	8	2	-	-	763	-	-	4	60	15,198
1936	41	21	30	12,508	83	11	7	19	4	-	507	-	-	3	37	13,251
1941	117	8	123	10,590	71	16	19	9	1	1	263	2	15	3	125	11,448
1946	8	12	57	10,415	302	15	19	5	2	-	330	1	5	1	173	11,352
1947	19	10	122	11,574	178	17	12	9	4	-	280	1	17	5	130	12,379
1948																

Ontario.....	1921	28	87	62	184	8,497	153	292	170	189	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
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## 15.—Summary of Teaching Staffs

	Arts, Letters and Pure Science				Professional Facilities				Pre-Matriculation				Total Teaching Staff (excluding duplicates)			
	Full-time		Part-time		Full-time		Part-time		Full-time		Part-time		Full-time		Part-time	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>Canada</b> .....	1,120	71	214	28	858	84	1,425	54	685	304	80	39	2,704	462	1,357	114
1921.....	1,317	124	247	73	90	878	1,441	67	594	355	74	53	2,842	580	1,653	168
1926.....	1,538	158	372	147	1,005	122	1,613	92	680	455	108	79	3,294	754	1,985	279
1931.....	1,719	203	432	147	1,065	149	1,674	112	719	183	114	35	3,476	541	2,063	281
1936*.....	2,768	269	449	130	1,518	181	1,689	135	931	312	141	85	3,821	764	2,099	242
1941.....	3,108	358	787	128	2,430	241	2,224	216	1,000	621	205	25	4,874	1,132	3,085	385
1946.....	2,445	382	888	164	2,685	298	2,286	248	1,009	591	102	26	5,336	1,197	3,233	453
1947.....	2,630	412	952	167	2,960	297	2,331	336	1,022	598	145	35	5,828	1,239	3,287	484
<b>Maritime Provinces</b> .....	114	2	26	2	75	2	53	3	48	5	22	—	252	9	71	4
1921.....	136	10	46	5	53	2	111	3	45	5	28	3	279	19	104	4
1926.....	154	12	67	30	62	8	141	17	45	4	22	2	290	30	162	36
1931.....	159	16	81	14	62	23	136	11	56	4	15	—	283	44	184	23
1936.....	194	32	40	11	82	22	128	12	87	10	21	8	336	54	182	30
1941.....	206	38	38	5	124	33	168	11	91	17	49	2	353	93	247	22
1946.....	235	30	39	8	149	27	168	20	83	8	25	3	416	72	222	23
1947.....	240	28	41	13	151	23	190	38	83	13	49	3	423	65	262	48
<b>Quebec</b> .....	467	2	85	12	196	32	491	18	479	277	51	31	1,146	311	619	53
1921.....	548	18	69	4	242	32	612	29	381	332	22	34	1,173	382	701	75
1926.....	742	25	82	13	305	47	748	36	450	426	28	48	1,399	498	854	97
1931.....	773	59	70	19	329	35	646	29	499	164	38	23	1,612	290	730	67
1936.....	794	101	86	15	639	47	731	36	609	266	80	53	1,754	412	832	83
1941.....	832	157	316	39	1,293	114	1,120	111	646	552	88	13	2,462	763	1,390	157
1946.....	890	172	369	43	1,293	118	1,130	109	644	549	41	8	2,470	782	1,553	160
1947.....	1,001	174	362	49	1,390	122	1,138	101	650	550	41	10	2,690	806	1,485	131
<b>Ontario</b> .....	341	28	66	13	405	28	377	27	87	5	—	—	836	61	437	40
1921.....	386	53	76	27	352	32	492	28	76	6	—	—	814	91	569	65
1926.....	585	62	128	37	395	30	516	33	108	13	14	4	988	125	654	91
1931.....	596	85	205	94	375	46	649	58	88	6	13	—	1,003	137	836	152
1936.....	542	94	247	78	568	80	551	47	141	19	18	15	1,128	211	774	98
1941.....	572	111	247	54	638	39	653	52	175	31	37	—	1,364	168	1,032	99
1946.....	668	105	369	54	688	91	667	91	176	9	12	1	1,586	193	881	141
1947.....	688	112	211	56	829	96	669	96	179	17	25	1	1,795	207	932	163
<b>Western Provinces</b> .....	198	39	37	9	182	22	204	6	81	17	7	8	470	81	230	17
1921.....	248	43	56	19	231	24	226	23	54	12	23	16	576	88	279	24
1926.....	277	39	105	48	243	37	208	6	77	13	44	25	617	101	315	55
1931.....	272	43	76	20	207	45	243	14	66	9	48	12	568	100	313	39
1936.....	293	42	76	20	229	32	279	30	94	17	22	9	603	87	311	61
1941.....	323	42	74	20	325	55	283	42	88	21	31	10	695	108	416	76
1946.....	372	45	77	20	416	62	331	28	106	25	24	14	864	150	577	129
1947.....	442	87	919	57	416	62	331	28	110	18	30	21	920	161	608	152
1948.....	516	98	256	45	453	56	334	101	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—



## HIGHER EDUCATION IN CANADA

Province	Current Income <sup>1</sup>					Total	Deficits	Surpluses	Value of Capital Resources <sup>2</sup>		
	From endowment	Government grants	Student fees	Miscel- laneous <sup>4</sup>					Plant	Endowment, etc.	Trust funds <sup>3</sup>
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>1921</b>											
Maritime Provinces.....	122,081	159,612	150,496	88,794	520,983	18,212	17,576	4,055,874	1,960,672	—	—
Quebec.....	891,060	302,505	345,027	231,371	1,969,963	25,975	79,778	14,909,346	16,711,158	—	—
Ontario.....	386,418	2,349,300	858,334	388,061	3,982,113	10,423	88,868	15,889,666	7,778,544	—	—
Western Provinces.....	97,160	1,711,009	272,198	535,955	2,616,322	25,413	7,886	13,269,237	1,877,149	—	—
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>1,496,710</b>	<b>4,522,426</b>	<b>1,826,055</b>	<b>1,244,181</b>	<b>9,089,381</b>	<b>80,023</b>	<b>194,108</b>	<b>48,124,123</b>	<b>28,327,523</b>	—	—
<b>1926</b>											
Maritime Provinces.....	186,227	187,978	199,852	125,922	699,979	22,225	9,740	6,120,258	3,875,463	—	—
Quebec.....	1,395,934	430,280	605,218	351,600	2,786,032	132,191	12,732	18,200,004	24,778,363	—	—
Ontario.....	357,979	2,804,041	1,037,311	478,960	4,778,321	12,648	100,985	22,502,236	9,913,390	—	—
Western Provinces.....	207,499	1,949,141	537,363	276,814	2,970,817	24,871	9,000	18,885,576	3,589,484	—	—
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>2,147,639</b>	<b>5,471,440</b>	<b>2,379,774</b>	<b>1,236,296</b>	<b>11,235,149</b>	<b>191,935</b>	<b>132,457</b>	<b>65,708,074</b>	<b>42,156,700</b>	—	—
<b>1931</b>											
Maritime Provinces.....	265,312	151,881	334,279	175,730	927,202	18,177	4,116	8,309,500	5,489,256	—	—
Quebec.....	1,186,062	668,536	818,010	483,268	3,155,876	459,474	40,367	25,327,453	22,913,151	—	—
Ontario.....	624,761	3,849,577	1,318,116	630,787	6,303,787	67,810	81,798	27,076,677	16,345,057	—	—
Western Provinces.....	182,117	2,254,819	822,955	314,051	3,573,942	54,361	—	21,688,908	3,711,462	—	—
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>2,258,252</b>	<b>6,924,813</b>	<b>3,323,360</b>	<b>1,454,382</b>	<b>13,960,807</b>	<b>599,852</b>	<b>126,281</b>	<b>82,402,538</b>	<b>48,458,866</b>	—	—
<b>1936</b>											
Maritime Provinces.....	247,456	164,323	436,705	155,778	1,004,262	25,006	22,075	7,910,026	5,723,949	—	—
Quebec.....	972,535	768,616	1,090,332	506,163	3,308,646	369,871	9,720	28,702,950	24,520,587	—	—
Ontario.....	655,506	3,005,186	1,914,887	608,920	6,184,499	127,550	70,466	31,433,103	2,388,570	—	—
Western Provinces.....	73,375	1,421,021	1,045,317	273,756	2,813,469	20,297	12,417	20,485,242	2,755,498	—	—
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>1,949,872</b>	<b>5,359,146</b>	<b>4,457,241</b>	<b>1,534,617</b>	<b>13,300,876</b>	<b>542,724</b>	<b>114,678</b>	<b>88,541,322</b>	<b>54,377,613</b>	—	—
<b>1941</b>											
Maritime Provinces.....	293,379	262,278	500,889	243,688	1,300,284	—	22,220	9,178,829	2,710,077	3,159,656	—
Quebec.....	974,374	1,137,214	1,178,537	424,510	3,714,635	36,310	21,451	31,223,006	26,361,396	2,590,615	—
Ontario.....	710,777	3,511,331	2,169,484	903,186	7,294,778	168,049	51,074	33,645,571	24,190,186	11,373,891	—
Western Provinces.....	67,641	1,893,163	1,294,496	452,692	3,737,992	22,190	21,274	21,633,480	1,819,766	297,767	—
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>2,046,171</b>	<b>6,803,986</b>	<b>5,143,406</b>	<b>2,054,076</b>	<b>16,047,639</b>	<b>224,449</b>	<b>115,999</b>	<b>95,680,886</b>	<b>55,081,425</b>	<b>17,421,929</b>	—

16.—Annual Income and Capital Resources of Universities and Colleges in Canada, 1921-1948—Concluded

Province	Current Income <sup>1</sup>					Value of Capital Resources <sup>2</sup>				
	From endowment	Government grants	Student fees	Miscellaneous <sup>4</sup>	Total	Deficits	Surpluses	Plant	Endowment, etc.	Trust funds <sup>3</sup>
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1946										
Maritime Provinces.....	356,065	292,100	924,359	344,123	1,916,667	1,060	29,251	10,477,771	2,982,964	4,888,359
Quebec.....	1,242,794	1,852,370	2,307,886	1,186,382	6,589,432	35,218	123,237	34,740,501	27,068,351	4,363,772
Ontario.....	746,292	3,300,912	3,709,803	1,748,198	9,505,205	39,212	40,139	35,160,775	25,103,683	17,917,032
Western Provinces.....	74,946	2,325,976	2,791,045	2,330,549	7,522,516	7,978	189,477	22,247,957	1,819,671	1,849,802
Canada.....	2,420,117	7,771,358	9,733,093	5,609,252	25,533,820	83,468	382,164	102,627,004	56,974,672	28,998,965
1947										
Maritime Provinces.....	363,810	467,580	1,219,535	516,897	2,567,822	18,118	15,404	11,130,712	2,846,050	5,500,382
Quebec.....	1,185,052	2,084,050	3,003,088	1,407,117	7,679,307	11,472	17,746	35,826,715	26,169,808	5,329,710
Ontario.....	662,655	4,230,512	5,616,626	2,370,762	12,880,555	100,756	91,419	41,357,954	28,387,899	21,743,170
Western Provinces.....	102,883	2,807,816	3,766,702	2,985,893	9,663,294	220,321	257,787	24,093,520	1,804,319	1,823,360
Canada.....	2,314,400	9,589,950	13,635,951	7,280,669	32,820,978	350,667	382,356	112,408,903	59,205,076	34,396,622
1948										
Maritime Provinces.....	382,867	588,354	1,372,308	734,341	3,077,870	85,868	193,438	11,831,073	27,745,518	5,354,265
Quebec.....	1,269,720	2,286,626	3,194,341	1,678,932	8,429,619	4,000	53,113	37,340,759	27,687,295	8,351,673
Ontario.....	655,707	4,668,710	6,338,490	2,226,158	13,889,165	79,068	21,205	47,749,859	31,448,808	26,447,109
Western Provinces.....	78,305	3,442,835	3,998,351	3,925,495	11,444,986	.....	79,133	26,326,179	1,813,501	2,149,018
Canada.....	2,386,699	10,986,525	14,903,490	8,564,926	36,841,640	168,936	346,890	123,247,870	63,724,125	42,302,065

NOTE.—Figures in this table represent a record of annual income for general university activities for the larger universities and many of the colleges of Canada. The institutions included represent about 80 per cent of the annual full-time enrollment. Total income and the resulting deficit or surplus does not include gifts and grants for capital expenditure.

<sup>1</sup> Board and lodging not included. <sup>2</sup> Compiled from 1941, previous record not available. <sup>3</sup> Includes supplementary grants from the Department of Veterans' Affairs for 1945-1946, 1947 and 1948. <sup>4</sup> These grants as reported amounted to \$4,178,066 in 1947 and to \$3,789,263 in 1948.





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DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS  
EDUCATION DIVISION

*Survey of*

HIGHER EDUCATION  
1948-50

(PART II OF THE BIENNIAL SURVEY  
OF EDUCATION IN CANADA, 1948-50)



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## PREFACE

This edition of the biennial survey of higher education in Canada presents statistics for the biennium 1948-50 and completes a series of three decades of statistical data on the universities and colleges of Canada.

At this point it appeared seemly to review the more significant factors that have affected the development of higher education in Canada. The review of necessity is brief and omissions must be ascribed to the difficulty of condensing more than two centuries of history into a few pages.

The report has been prepared by Miss S. A. Feeley, assisted by Mr. R. D. Mitchener, in consultation with Dr. J. E. Robbins, Director of the Division of Education Statistics, Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

H. MARSHALL,  
*Dominion Statistician.*

November 1951.

# CONTENTS

	PAGE
Preface.....	3
Section I—Historical Sketch and Analysis of Data—	
Chapter I. The Development of Higher Education in Canada—	
The French Language System.....	7
The English Language System.....	8
Dates of Foundation of Canadian Universities and Colleges.....	9
Admission Standards.....	11
Development of Curricula.....	12
Graduate Schools.....	16
University Extension Departments.....	17
Financial Progress.....	17
Federal Government Cooperation.....	18
Chapter II. Statistics of Higher Education—	
University Enrolment.....	19
Migration of Students.....	20
University Graduates.....	22
Teaching Staffs.....	23
Salaries.....	24
University Income and Expenditures.....	24
Section II—Current Tables, 1948-50—	
1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliation.....	29
2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full Time Enrolment of University Grade in each Branch of Study....	37
3. Full Time Students of the Regular Session by Province and Faculty.....	45
4. Part Time Students in the Regular Session by Province and Faculty.....	46
5. Students in Summer School, Short Courses and Other Extra-Mural Courses....	47
6. Summary of All Students Reported, Classified by Grade of Work.....	48
7. Summary of All Students Reported, Classified as Full Time, Part-Time, Short Courses, etc.....	48
8. Summary of Degrees and Diplomas Granted.....	49
9. University Grade Students of the Regular Session Attending Outside Their Province of Residence.....	51
10. Teaching Staffs.....	52
11. Salary Classification of Full Time Teaching Staff in Canadian Universities....	53
12. University and College Libraries.....	54
Section III—Retrospective Tables—	
13. Enrolment of Full Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties.....	61
14. Summary of Full Time Undergraduate Enrolment in Universities and Colleges..	67
15. Enrolment of Post Graduate Students, of the Regular Session, by Faculties....	68
16. Summary of Full Time Post Graduate Enrolment in Universities and Colleges..	69
17. Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties.....	70
18. Classification of Full Time Students According to Place of Residence.....	77
19. Summary of Teaching Staffs.....	79
20. Annual Income and Capital Resources of Universities and Colleges in Canada..	80
Section IV—	
Bibliography for Higher Education.....	85



## **SECTION I**

### **Historical Sketch of the Development of Higher Education in Canada**



## CHAPTER I

### The Development of Higher Education in Canada

The pattern of development of higher education in Canada resembles and closely parallels that of the political and economic development of the Country. In retrospect, the history of the universities and colleges is a record of nearly two centuries of adaptation to rapidly changing social conditions in an environment of mixed cultural traditions.

**The French Language System:** In the early years of the French régime, parish schools were established in the French tradition by various Roman Catholic religious orders. The schools were located in settlements about the present cities of Quebec, Montreal and Trois-Rivières. For nearly a century instruction beyond the elementary level was not available in these schools. The Jesuit school in Quebec City, founded in 1635, was the first of such schools to introduce courses at the secondary level. By 1655 this school had reached the position of a classical college with a rigorous course of studies of grammar and rhetoric in the humanities and in philosophy. Latin schools which gave elementary instruction in the humanities existed at this period but until 1760 the Jesuit college remained the sole institution which provided instruction to the baccalaureat level. In 1668 Bishop Laval founded the Theological Seminary of Quebec with several little schools and preparatory schools. The Seminary organization was extended to college level in 1765.

The first French university in Canada, Université Laval, was founded in 1852 as an outgrowth of the Quebec seminary. The institution was modelled after the universities of France. At this date, there were a dozen or more classical colleges in Quebec province. These colleges affiliated with the University as the Faculty of Arts and all undergraduate instruction was given in the colleges. The university proper consisted of professional schools and schools of graduate studies for which the classical Bachelor of Arts degree was required for admission.

A branch of Laval was established in Montreal in 1872. In 1920 it assumed a separate entity as l'Université de Montréal.

The University of Ottawa was founded by the Oblate order in 1848. Located in the capital city of Canada, certain modifications have been made in the original organization pattern to provide for bilingual instruction and to accept students directly from high schools, in which case undergraduate instruction is given by the University in the Faculty of Arts.

In the Maritime Provinces, French language colleges have been established similar in organization and subject matter to the classical colleges of Quebec.

The course of studies of a typical classical college covers a period of eight years following seven years of primary education. The first four years of the course are as follows:

**Eléments latins:** Latin (beginners'), English (3 previous years), French, Ancient History, Canadian History, Geography of North America, Arithmetic, Hygiene, Civics, Botany and Zoology, Drawing and Religious Instruction.

**Syntaxe:** Latin, Greek, English, French, History of Canada, History of Greece, Geography of Europe, Drawing, Arithmetic, Algebra, Elementary Mineralogy and Geology and Religious Instruction.

**Méthode:** Latin, Greek, English, French, Roman History, Geography of Asia, Africa and Oceania, Elementary Botany and Zoology, Geology, Algebra, Geometry and Religious Instruction.

**Versification:** Latin, Greek, English, French, Algebra, Plane Geometry, Analytical Geometry, Mediaeval History, Geography of America (especially Canada), Advanced Botany, and Religious Instruction.

At the conclusion of this course a student must pass a matriculation examination which is set and marked by the university with which the college is affiliated.

The final four years of the classical course usually include these subjects:

**Belles-Lettres:** Latin, Greek, English, French, Algebra, Plane and Analytical Geometry, History of Canada, Advanced Zoology and Religious Instruction.

**Rhétorique:** Latin, Greek, English, French, Mathematics, Elementary Architecture, History of Canada and Religious Instruction.

At this stage the student must pass examinations in Latin Unseens, Latin Prose Composition, Greek Unseens, French Composition, English Composition and Mathematics, set by the University.

**Philosophie 1ère année:** History of Ancient Philosophy, Logic (both formal and epistemological), Metaphysics, Psychology, Cosmology, Study of texts: Montaigne, Pascal and St. Thomas, Elementary Sociology, Mathematics (Algebra, Geometry and Trigonometry), Chemistry, Biology, Mineralogy and Geology, and Religious Instruction.

**Philosophie 2e année:** History of Philosophy: Mediaeval and Modern, Moral Philosophy, Natural Theology, Study of texts-essays, Physics and Astronomy, Mathematics (including Calculus), Cosmology and Religious Instruction.

In order to obtain the degree, the student must write, in addition to the college examinations, six papers set by the university on Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, Logic, Moral Philosophy and a 5-hour "Dissertation Philosophique" written under examination conditions.

Except for the inclusion of science, and in some colleges of commercial subjects, there has been little change in the courses of the classical colleges since their first formation in Canada. The system of education in French language universities and colleges remains closely associated with the Roman Catholic Church in the firm belief that education cannot be dissociated from religion.

Political changes have had little effect on the development of the French system of higher education. The French universities now offer a wide variety of degrees and diplomas at the graduate and undergraduate levels, comparable to those of the English language system. This growth and development has kept pace with the economic and social development of the country and at the same time has preserved French traditions of culture.

**The English Language System:** The first English language colleges were established after the arrival of the United Empire Loyalists from the American colonies. Intensely loyal to the British throne, these people founded the King's Colleges of Canada, controlled and directed by the established Church of England and modelled after Oxford University. The first college was established at Windsor, Nova Scotia, in 1788, and is now the University of King's College at Halifax. The King's College at Fredericton was established in 1800. From this college the provincial University of New Brunswick developed. A third King's College, founded in York (Toronto), in time became the non-denomination college of the University of Toronto. All of these colleges were in receipt of land grants, as well as state aid from the Imperial and local governments.

During the years of the struggle for responsible government in Canada, a controversy arose over the establishment of colleges by churches of other denominations in Canada, and the provision of state aid to these colleges. This controversy was directly responsible for the foundation of independent universities in Canada.

In 1818 the Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia, Lord Dalhousie, founded a college modelled on Edinburgh University, as a protest against sectarianism. The college was opened to all denominations and occupations and accented learning and scholarship rather than denominational exclusiveness. In Quebec province, the non-Catholic population advocated the establishment of non-sectarian colleges. A provincial charter in 1801 authorized the foundation of the Royal Institute for the Advancement of Learning. In 1821, following a bequest from James McGill of Montreal, a Royal Charter was granted to McGill College. This college too was patterned after Edinburgh University, and from it has developed McGill University, an outstanding centre of higher education and research in Canada. Both of these independent universities, Dalhousie and McGill, were founded originally by private endowments.

Following this stage and during the period of political strife that preceded Confederation, denominational colleges were founded in all parts of Canada. They demanded and in most cases received a share of the state aid to education.

As the spirit of Confederation arose in Canada the denominational colleges made some efforts to effect a scheme of union. State aid had been discontinued and the growth of instruction in science and the inclusion of research in the programs of post-graduate study had increased the costs of maintaining individual degree-granting institutions. In 1887 the denominational colleges and universities located in Toronto effected a scheme of federation that is unique in the history of higher education. The Anglican, Methodist, Presbyterian and Roman Catholic colleges cooperated in the establishment of a central state supported and state controlled provincial university which was to give instruction in the more costly branches of learning including professional courses, conduct examinations and award degrees. Instruction in Divinity was retained by the individual colleges and each college was represented in the governing bodies of the university. In 1906 the Act of Federation was revised to provide for an independent Board of Governors appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor of the province and authority to nominate the academic staff was vested in the President of the university. Since that time the University of Toronto has become the largest university in Canada with a roster of undergraduate and post-graduate studies that compares favourably with the universities of older countries.

This type of federation has been followed with regional variations by the University of Western Ontario, a municipally supported university, and by the provincial universities of Western Canada.

In the latter case each province, in recognition of the difficulties experienced by the older provinces through the establishment of several universities within their boundaries, decreed that there should be a single degree granting university in the province, supported by provincial funds. The constitutions of the universities resemble that of the University of Toronto in that denominational colleges and junior colleges are affiliated with the universities which award the degrees and conduct professional training and research for the provinces. Each university is administered by a Board of Governors with little or no interference from the provincial governments.

The province of Newfoundland, the youngest province of Canada, established a Memorial University in 1924 following the first World War. Its charter provides for the awarding of degrees but to date complete degree courses have not developed. These will be available within the next two years.

A list of the universities and colleges of Canada, exclusive of the purely theological professional colleges is appended showing the original date of foundation.

#### Foundation of Canadian Universities and Colleges

(Exclusive of Purely Theological Colleges)

Historical Period	French Language System	English Language System
French Régime, 1534-1763	1635 Jesuit Collège de Québec 1637 Collège des Ursulines de Québec 1668 Petit Séminaire de Québec 1697 Collège des Ursulines, Trois-Rivières	
English Régime, 1763-1866, Pre-Confederation Period	1767 Collège de Montréal 1803 Séminaire de Nicolet 1811 Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe 1818 Collège St-Joseph, St-Boniface, Man. 1825 Séminaire de Ste-Thérèse 1827 Collège de Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière 1832 Collège de l'Assomption 1846 Séminaire de Joliette 1847 Collège de St-Laurent 1848 Collège Sainte-Marie, Montréal	1788 King's College (Windsor), Halifax 1800 King's College, Fredericton 1811 McGill College, Montreal 1818 Dalhousie University, Halifax 1829 King's College, Toronto 1829 St. John's College, Winnipeg 1829 McGill University, Montreal 1829 St. Paul's College, Winnipeg 1836 Victoria College (Cobourg), Toronto 1840 Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.



## Foundation of Canadian Universities and Colleges—Con.

(Exclusive of Purely Theological Colleges)

{Historical}Period	French Language System	English Language System
English Régime—con.	1848 Université d'Ottawa 1849 Pensionnat N. D. du Sacré-Coeur, Ottawa 1850 Collège Bourget, Rigaud 1852 Université Laval, Québec 1853 Collège de Lévis 1854 Université St-Joseph, Memramcook, N.B. 1855 Séminaire de Rimouski 1858 École Supérieure d'Agriculture, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière 1860 Petit Séminaire des Trois-Rivières 1860 École de Pharmacie, Montréal 1864 Collège de Chicoutimi 1864 Pensionnat de Bellevue, Québec	1841 Queen's University, Kingston 1843 Bishop's University, Lennoxville 1851 Trinity College, Toronto 1852 St. Michael's College, Toronto 1853 St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. 1855 St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown, P.E.I. 1858 University of New Brunswick (formerly King's College), Fredericton 1860 Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown 1862 Ontario College of Veterinary Science, Guelph 1862 St. Jerome's College, Kitchener
1867-1900, Post-Confederation Period	1868 Pensionnat de Cong. de Notre Dame, Ottawa 1870 Collège de Sillery, Québec 1873 Séminaire de Chicoutimi 1873 École Polytechnique, Montréal 1875 Séminaire St-Charles Borromée, Sherbrooke 1879 Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Bathurst 1885 Scholasticat St-Joseph, Ottawa 1885 Collège de Saint-Boniface 1891 Collège Sainte-Anne, Church Point 1893 Séminaire de Valleyfield 1893 Institut Agricole d'Oka, Deux-Montagnes 1896 Séminaire St-Alphonse, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière	1871 Manitoba College, Winnipeg 1871 Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto 1871 Assumption College, Windsor 1873 Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax 1873 Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto 1873 Sir George Williams College, Montreal 1874 Ontario College of Agriculture, Guelph 1874 St. Mary's College, Winnipeg 1876 Royal Military College, Kingston 1876 St. Thomas College, Chatham 1877 University of Manitoba, Winnipeg 1878 University of Western Ontario, London 1881 Alma College, St. Thomas 1886 Mount Allison University, Sackville 1887 McMaster University (Toronto), Hamilton 1888 Wesleyan College, Winnipeg 1899 Loyola College, Montreal 1899 Victoria College, Victoria 1899 Brandon College, Brandon 1899 University of Toronto, Toronto
1901-1950, Twentieth Century	1902 Séminaire St-Antoine (Collège Séraphique), Trois-Rivières 1902 Séminaire de Terrebonne 1906 Collège des Ursulines, Rimouski 1907 École d'Arpentage, Québec 1907 École des H. E. Commerciales, Montréal 1908 Collège Marguerite Bourgeoys, Montréal 1908 Séminaire Montfortain, Papineauville 1908 Collège Séraphique, Ottawa 1910 Séminaire St-Victor-de-Tring 1911 Collège St-Alexandre, Limbour 1911 Collège Bruyère, Ottawa 1913 Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Sudbury 1915 Séminaire de Mont Laurier 1917 Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg 1920 Université de Montréal 1920 École Apost. du Sacré-Coeur, Beauport 1924 École Supérieure de Commerce, Québec 1925 École d'Hygiène, Montréal 1926 Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa 1926 Institut Pédagogique C.N.D., Montréal 1926 Collège de Gaspé 1926 Séminaire de Chambly-Bassin 1927 Collège André Grasset, Montréal 1927 École des Bibliothécaires, Montréal 1928 Collège Jean de Brébeuf, Montréal 1929 Institut Pédagogique St-Georges, Montréal 1929 Externat classique St-Croix, Montréal 1929 Collège St-Ignace, Montréal 1929 Collège Basile-Moreau, St-Laurent 1930 Collège Charles Garnier, Québec 1931 Petit Séminaire de Montréal	1905 Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Halifax 1906 Manitoba College of Agriculture, Winnipeg 1906 Ontario College of Education, Toronto 1906 University of Alberta, Edmonton 1907 University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon 1907 University of British Columbia, Vancouver 1907 Macdonald College, Sainte-Anne-de-Bellevue 1907 Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax 1910 Mount Royal College, Calgary 1911 Regina College, Regina 1912 St. Peter's Seminary, London 1918 Campion College, Regina 1919 Ursuline College, London 1921 Concordia College, Edmonton 1922 St. Peter's College, Muenster 1924 Waterloo College 1926 United College (Manitoba and Wesleyan) Winnipeg 1929 St. Patrick's College, Ottawa 1933 Notre Dame College, Wilcox 1934 Pontifical Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto 1936 Saint Thomas More College, Saskatoon 1942 Royal Roads College, Esquimaux 1942 Carleton College, Ottawa 1945 Hamilton College, Hamilton .... Frontenac College, Kingston

**Foundation of Canadian Universities and Colleges—Con.**  
(Exclusive of Purely Theological Colleges)

Historical Period	French Language System	English Language System
Twentieth Century —con.	1932 Collège Marie-Anne, Lachine 1933 Collège Jésus-Marie, Outremont 1935 Collège Saint-Maurice, St-Hyacinthe 1936 Collège Saint-Jean-Eudes, Québec 1938 Collège Stanislas, Montréal 1938 École des Pêcheries, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière 1939 École de Service Social, Montréal 1940 Scolasticat N. D. de Grâce, Hull 1941 Collège ménager, St-Pascal 1942 École normale secondaire, Montréal 1942 Institut d'Études Médiévales, Saint-Albert-le-Grand, Outremont 1943 École de pédagogie familiale, Montréal 1944 Marianopolis College, Montréal 1946 Collège St-Louis, Edmundston 1949 École de Médecine Vétérinaire, St-Hyacinthe .... Collège Marie-de-France, Montréal .... Séminaire Marie-Médiatrice, Montréal .... Externat de St-Jérôme	

**Admission Standards:** Historically, the French language universities require graduation from a classical college for entrance to any field of study of university level. In the English language system of higher education each college or university traditionally establishes its own standards for admission, usually by a prescribed matriculation examination. Through time certain modifications of these rules have become necessary.

The development of provincial high schools in Canada raised the problem of matriculation standards and the acceptance of provincial certificates of graduation from high school for university entrance. Ethically the provincial universities were required to accept such certificates. In practice the courses of study for high schools were designed to meet the requirements of the universities. As university curricula broadened, the high school curricula were made adaptable by a system of compulsory basic subjects and a number of elective subjects.

Interprovincial migration of students complicated the problem of certificate evaluation and it became increasingly apparent that a national organization representative of the institutions of higher education was required for the discussion of problems of mutual interest.

In 1912, the National Conference of Canadian Universities was founded. The agenda of the second conference held in Toronto in 1915 best describes the aims of the organization. The topics selected for discussion were as follows.

A. Standards for degrees—undergraduate, professional and postgraduate.

- (1) Matriculation.
- (2) Length of degree course.
- (3) Honour courses.
- (4) Postgraduate work.

B. Transfer of students.

- (1) Equivalence in curricula.
- (2) Standards required of students.
- (3) Evaluation of certificates issued by provincial Departments of Education.
- (4) Relation of university degrees of the several provinces to the Professional Societies.

C. Student life.

- (1) College athletics.
- (2) Officers' Training Corps.
- (3) Halls of residence and rules for residence students.
- (4) Greek letter societies.

#### D. Administration.

- (1) Sources of income of Canadian provincial universities.
- (2) Methods of staff appointment and promotion.
- (3) Permanent organization of Conference.

The discussion of these problems in their varying phases and relationships has continued to the present time with considerable influence on the evolution of two parallel systems of higher education in Canada, dissimilar in origin, in tradition, and in organization, but with common aims: to improve standards of culture and scholarship in Canada, to turn out citizens of adaptability with high standards of humanism and professional dexterity and to provide leaders for the national and international affairs of the country.

A uniform matriculation examination has not been adopted, largely due to variations in provincial courses of study and facilities for instruction at secondary or high school level. However, a greater uniformity in standards of high school or school leaving certificates has evolved to the point of lessening the difficulty of evaluation.

Three of the provincial universities, Alberta, Saskatchewan and Toronto, require senior matriculation for entrance which implies twelve or thirteen years of formal schooling before university entrance. With this certificate a student may obtain a general or pass degree in three years and an honours degree in four years. In a university that accepts students with less than full senior matriculation four years of study are required for the general or pass degree. Students entering the latter group of universities with full senior matriculation generally receive credit for one year towards the general degree.

**Development of Curricula:** The extensive program of studies now available at Canadian universities corresponds in scope to the economic and social development of the country. In the earlier years of higher education the universities and colleges were concerned with providing clergymen, doctors and teachers for the new country. The courses of study at this time were predominantly classic in construction. As the population increased and new industries developed, the universities, with the assistance of provincial governments and in cooperation with the professional societies then organized, assumed responsibility for most of the professional training.

**Applied Science and Engineering:** As early as 1856 McGill University established general courses in applied science within the Faculty of Arts. A French school of applied science and arts, later known as L'Ecole Polytechnique, was founded in Montreal in 1873. In the Maritime provinces Dalhousie University organized a Faculty of Science in 1877. The course was rearranged in 1906 to put pure science with the Faculty of Arts while applied science became the Faculty of Engineering. Later this faculty was discontinued when the Nova Scotia Technical College was organized. In 1899 the University of New Brunswick established lecture courses in physics, civil and electrical engineering. The Legislative Assembly of Ontario in 1877 gave its sanction to the establishment of a School of Practical Science in Toronto which effected an arrangement with University College whereby all instruction in science was made available to the School. Following the University Federation Act the School of Practical Science became the Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering of the University of Toronto. A School of Mining was founded in Kingston in 1893, closely associated with Queen's University. The School was amalgamated with the University on 1916 as the Faculty of Applied Science. The younger provincial universities of Western Canada made provision for instruction in applied science and engineering practically from their inception and more recently the University of Ottawa has organized a Faculty of Applied Science.

Specialization in engineering includes such fields as aeronautical, agricultural, ceramic, civil, electrical, geological, mechanical, metallurgical and mining engineering, and engineering physics. These special courses have been established as the need for them arose in the country.

The course of studies in engineering usually covers four years from senior matriculation or five years from junior matriculation, in the English language universities. The French language schools in Montreal and Quebec require the Baccalaureate in Arts for admission. The course in both systems includes a period of general study in basic scientific principles, in cultural subjects and in technical training, followed by two years of specialization. Architecture, which is closely associated with engineering studies, usually requires five years of study.



**Medicine:** Prior to 1854, schools of medicine existed in Halifax, Quebec City, Montreal and Toronto, in affiliation with, or as a component part of, Dalhousie University, Université Laval, McGill University and the denominational universities of Toronto. In 1854 Queen's University of Kingston established a Faculty of Medicine and in 1879 the Montreal branch of Laval University, later to become L'Université de Montréal, established a Faculty of Medicine for the French population of the city and surrounding area. Since that time schools of medicine in Toronto have been amalgamated as the Faculty of Medicine of the University of Toronto and additional schools or faculties of medicine have been established within the organization of the University of Western Ontario, the four western provincial universities and the University of Ottawa.

The curricula of the medical schools of Canada have developed most rapidly in the twentieth century. The course of studies usually requires six years after senior matriculation, the last year of which is spent as an interne in an approved hospital. A high proportion of the medical students obtain their Baccalaureate in Arts before entering on the study of medicine; in the French language system it is required for admission. There are special facilities for specialization and for postgraduate study and research. Probably the best known centres of research are the Banting Institute and the Connaught Laboratories of the University of Toronto, and the Institute of Neurology and Neurosurgery at McGill University. In recent years special attention has been given to the use of antibiotics, and research work related to cancer, arthritic diseases, poliomyelitis and tuberculosis.

**Dentistry:** Before the 1900's, instruction in dentistry was available at the School of Dentistry of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario, which in 1925 became the Faculty of Dentistry of the University of Toronto, and in the Faculty of Dentistry of McGill University. Since 1900 Dalhousie University, L'Université de Montréal and the University of Alberta have included the study of dentistry in their programs of study.

**Law and Pharmacy:** The foundation of schools of law and pharmacy had close associations with the professional societies in these fields of service. Except for Ontario province and the Province of British Columbia, the faculties of law for both French and English universities operate in cooperation with the provincial law societies. For the same course of studies, students may obtain permission from the law societies to practice the profession of law, and from the universities the degree of Bachelor of Law. In Ontario the Law Society operates a School of Law at Osgoode Hall, and the University of Toronto has a school of Law in the Faculty of Arts for degrees in Law.

The Ontario College of Pharmacy, incorporated in 1871, is owned and operated by the pharmacists of the province through a biennially elected council of thirteen members. In 1872 affiliation with the University of Toronto was effected whereby the licentiates of the College might receive the Bachelor of Pharmacy degree upon passing an examination controlled by the University. The licencing examination of the council has been discontinued since 1944, the licence now being granted to successful candidates at the University examination for the degree.

In Nova Scotia the Pharmaceutical Association, in 1911, established a pharmaceutical college affiliated with Dalhousie University. In 1917 the provincial association of New Brunswick entered into cooperation with the Nova Scotia project for the training of pharmacists and the college became the Maritime College of Pharmacy. The Prince Edward Island society joined forces with the two other societies in 1950. The College provides a two year diploma course in pharmacy. Students who desire to obtain a degree in pharmacy from Dalhousie are required to take 20 courses in science at the University. The courses for diploma students are equivalent to eight courses in science. Each province established its own standards for licencing.

The course in pharmacy at L'Université de Montréal conforms with the provincial law regarding the practice of pharmacy. Students must have the Baccalaureate in Arts before being admitted. The course requires two years of study in medical-pharmaceutical sciences, one year of natural science and one year of practical training. The licence to practice is granted on the issuance of the University degree. Advanced courses are available for the Master's degree and the doctorate.

In the western provincial universities the courses in pharmacy have been designed in co-operation with the respective pharmaceutical associations and prescribed provincial regulations. There is some variation in apprenticeship requirements. In Manitoba, a student must have grade XII, with prescribed courses in science, for entrance. He must apply to the registrar of the Manitoba Pharmaceutical Association for registration as a certified apprentice and must serve with a licensed pharmacist in the province for 18 months. The first 12 months must be served consecutively before entering university and during that period of service he must complete a course of study prescribed by the Council of the Association and pass a qualifying examination for admission to the university course which requires three years for the degree. The final six months of apprenticeship must be completed before the licence is granted.

Saskatchewan students must have senior matriculation for entrance to the university and have completed 12 months of apprenticeship. The degree course requires three years. The licence is granted on proof of apprenticeship training. Alberta is similar to Saskatchewan except that the period of practical training is 18 months, preferably taken prior to university entrance. In British Columbia the length of the course is four years, including one year of training. In all cases the licence is issued on the strength of the university examinations and proof of training.

**Agriculture:** Instruction in agriculture, a primary industry in Canada, began early in the history of higher education. The first college was opened at Sainte-Anne-de-la-Pocatière in 1859, by a Roman Catholic Religious Order, for the training of French-Canadian farmers. This college is now the Faculty of Agriculture of Laval University. A second college for French farmers was established in 1890, the Oka Agricultural Institute, which was the nucleus of the present Faculty of Agriculture of the University of Montreal. The Ontario Agricultural College, founded in 1874 by the Ontario provincial government, was the first college to succeed in bringing the farmer into intimate contact with the College by extension work and by farmers' excursions to the College. The College is affiliated with the University of Toronto for degree courses. Macdonald College at Ste-Anne-de-Bellevue was founded in 1907 by Sir William Macdonald and is affiliated with McGill University. In the western provinces instruction in scientific agriculture was begun in 1906 by the Manitoba College of Agriculture which is now the Faculty of Agriculture of the University of Manitoba. Saskatchewan established a College of Agriculture within the University organization in 1910, Alberta in 1912 and British Columbia in 1915. The Nova Scotia College of Agriculture was established in 1905 to provide practical courses in agriculture. These courses were later extended to cover the first two years of degree-credit instruction.

Except for the Quebec province, the Agricultural Colleges are supported almost entirely by provincial grants. In Quebec, the province provides substantial subsidies to the three colleges. In 1912, the Federal Government, recognizing the importance of agriculture as a prime factor in the national economy, passed legislation to authorize assistance to the provinces in the promotion of agricultural education. Graduate work was undertaken to the mastership level in the early 1920's; the doctorate degree is now available at McGill and the University of Toronto in sciences related to agriculture, and occasionally in the western universities.

**Forestry:** The provinces of Canada with extensive forest acreage have followed a policy of scientific education in the conservation and development of forest products. In 1907 the University of Toronto inaugurated a Faculty of Forestry for the training of prospective foresters. A School of Forestry was added to the organization of the University of New Brunswick in 1908 and two years later the provincial government of Quebec founded a School of Forestry that later amalgamated with the School of Surveying and is now known as La Faculté d'Arpentage et de Génie Forestier of Laval University. The University of British Columbia organized a Department of Forestry in 1921.

The development of the pulp and paper industry in Canada has promoted scientific research in forest products. This research has been fostered by the federal government through the establishment of regional scientific laboratories. The universities have cooperated by including courses of study and research leading to higher degrees in science relating to forest products; and by advanced courses in forest conservation, including entomology and forest pathology.

**Veterinary Science:** The two schools of veterinary science in Canada are located in the provinces of Quebec and Ontario, the provinces with the largest proportion of the dairying industry. In Quebec the study of animal husbandry was first centred in L'Institut Agricole d'Oka. In



1944 the province established a Provincial School of Veterinary Science at St-Hyacinthe, affiliated with the University of Montreal, and instruction was centralized in this School. The Ontario College of Veterinary Science, established at Guelph in 1862, is affiliated with the University of Toronto where graduate courses are provided in such courses as veterinary public health.

**Other Professional Courses:** Instruction for the more liberal professions has expanded rapidly in the past two or three decades in close association with the growth of the arts faculties. Teacher training courses for high school teachers, and research in the field of education have become a common practice in the institutions of higher education. The courses have been designed to meet the requirements of provincial Departments of Education. In the same period, degree courses in social work, nursing, public health, library science, physical education and similar subjects have been introduced.

**Arts Faculties:** One of the earliest developments in the Faculties of Arts was caused by the emergence of foreign trade as an essential part of the national economy. The study of economics, commerce, accounting and political science, introduced before 1900 in the older universities, became common to the courses of study in all colleges and universities during the first quarter of the present century. As industry and manufacturing increased in pace with the development of power and transportation facilities in Canada, the courses of commerce and economics were expanded to cover such problems as business administration, industrial relations and the application of psychology and vocational counselling to the labor force.

The subject content of the Faculties of Arts has become more specialized to include degree courses in such special subjects as anthropology, archaeology, sociology, Slavonic and East Asiatic studies, journalism, fine arts, drama, public administration, psychology and geography. In retrospect, probably the most spectacular development has been in the field of science.

**The Development of Science:** The study of science in Canadian universities is usually classified as pure or natural science, and applied science. In the older universities pure science is included with the Faculty of Arts and the award is the Bachelor of Arts degree. In the more recently organized institutions, instruction may be organized as a separate Faculty of Science or as a combined Faculty of Arts and Science. In either case a separate degree, Bachelor of Science, is awarded. In applied science the awards may be Bachelor of Applied Science, Bachelor of Engineering or Bachelor of Science in Engineering.

National emergencies and crises have invariably reacted on Canadian universities to promote closer relationships with the federal government. In 1916, during the first world war in which Canada participated, the federal government founded the National Research Council of Canada. The aims of the council were to foster the development of scientific research in the nation; to promote utilization of the natural resources of the country; to establish national standards of scientific weights and measurements; and to standardize certification of scientific equipment and apparatus.

As the source of basic training in science, and as agencies of research, the universities were asked to cooperate in the work of the Council. The basis of cooperation was that the Council supply equipment for research projects to be undertaken by the universities under the direction of the Council, and provide scholarships for the training of students for and during work on such projects. The universities in turn were to supply professors for instruction and supervision and to provide laboratory facilities. The repercussions of this type of federal assistance to research have culminated to the point where science and scientific research now occupy a dominant position in Canadian university programs.

A common salutary reaction to the wave of scientific education that swept over Canada following the founding of the Council has been that higher qualifications for admission generally have been required of students and that scientific education has assumed a more important place in the courses of study of the French language universities and colleges.

**Honours Courses:** With the spread of scientific education, "specialization" and honours courses have become more characteristic of higher education in Canada. Here again, there has been a variation of standards. In most institutions the honours degree requires an additional

year of intensive study to that of the pass or general degree course. The University of Toronto requires that an intensive course of studies be pursued for all four years for the honours degree. A third system is based on exceptionally high standards of scholarship in the regular baccalaureate course. In the French universities specialization occurs after the completion of the basic classical baccalaureate degree course.

**Graduate Schools:** The pace of development of graduate study in Canada for many years was limited by the financial resources of the individual universities. The major proportion of advanced work in the arts and sciences has been conducted by the University of Toronto and McGill University.

In 1897 the University of Toronto established the Doctor of Philosophy degree for research. Until 1915 graduate work in the University of Toronto was under the direction of a standing committee of the Senate. In that year a separate Board of Graduate Studies was established. It functioned until 1922 when the School of Graduate Studies was organized.

Prior to 1906 McGill University granted the Master's degree in Arts and Science as a projection of the work of the Faculty of Arts and the Faculty of Applied Science. In 1906 a committee on Graduate Studies was appointed to organize and supervise the graduate work undertaken. Between 1906 and 1921 work to the doctorate level was undertaken in several fields and in 1922 a separate Faculty of Graduate Studies and Research was organized.

The National Conference of Canadian Universities since its inception has been concerned with the quality and scope of graduate work in Canadian universities. The committee on graduate work in 1916 reported that facilities up to the level of Master of Arts were generally available in the Canadian universities at that date but that there was great need for increased library facilities, scholarships and scientific equipment for research work.

Since the establishment of the National Research Council there has been a remarkable increase in scientific research in all of the major universities.

Research in the humanities and the social sciences has not experienced the same rate of development. However, there is evidence of renewed interest in these subjects since the foundation of the Canadian Social Science Research Council in 1940 and the Humanities Research Council of Canada in 1944.

In the University of Montreal postgraduate work is carried on in separate faculties. In addition to the Faculty of Letters which includes research in geography and history and the Faculty of Philosophy which includes an Institute of Psychology, advanced courses are provided in the Faculty of Social, Economic and Political Science, the Faculty of Science, the Institute of Medicine and Experimental Surgery and the other affiliated professional schools.

Until 1940 graduate work at Laval was directed by the separate faculties as described for the University of Montreal. In that year a School of Graduate Study and Research was organized for graduate work in all faculties including the Faculties of Letters, Philosophy, Social Sciences, Science and the professional schools.

In more recent years Dalhousie University, the University of New Brunswick, the University of Ottawa and the four western provincial universities have reorganized their graduate work as separate schools or faculties of graduate study and research. The remaining universities continue to conduct graduate work under the supervision of committees or within the Faculties of Arts and Science. Mention should be made of the Pontifical Institute of Mediaeval Studies established in Toronto in 1939.

Under present conditions the University of Toronto provides graduate instruction to the doctorate level in all fields of work undertaken at the undergraduate level. In McGill University the most recent development has been the establishment of a new type of degree for professionals requiring postgraduate training of a professional type rather than of an academic and research type. So far these degrees have been sanctioned only for psychology, as Master of Psychological Science and Doctor of Psychological Science.

The minimum length of study in residence for the Master of Arts degree in Canadian universities is one year for students who previously have obtained an honours baccalaureate degree. Two years are generally required for students with a pass or general undergraduate degree. The

Doctor of Philosophy degree normally requires two years beyond the Master's degree. In the case of the new degrees established at McGill mentioned above, the program for the Master of Psychological Science consists of a year of course work followed by a year of supervised training on the job and a final comprehensive examination. The doctorate degree requires a further year of academic work involving some research and two additional years of supervised training before the final examination.

**University Extension Departments:** It was during the years of the depression that extension work by the universities reached its present stature. As early as 1891 the universities were considering the establishment of extension departments to bring to the people opportunities for sharing in the benefits of higher education. In the early 1900's the extension courses of the western provincial universities were made available to the frontier settlements of the west. In Ontario, correspondence courses and programs of extra-mural study were organized for teachers, labour groups and other persons desirous of improving their academic standing. Probably the most effective extension work undertaken in Canada was the development of the courses in economic co-operation inaugurated by St. Francis-Xavier University which had far reaching effects on the economy of the Maritime Provinces and which spread to Western Canada with considerable influence.

**Financial Progress:** Since their earliest history the universities with few exceptions have been handicapped for lack of sufficient income to keep pace with the rapid development of the country toward national maturity. Disparity in provincial economic resources has caused regional problems in the expansion of higher education programs for those universities entirely dependent on provincial grants for their working budgets. The original endowments of the older universities were depleted through time and the growth of capital funds for many years was inconsiderable. Despite assistance from such sources as the Carnegie Corporation and the Rockefeller Foundation of New York, the problem of finance became increasingly serious and reached climactic proportions between the two world wars during the period of the depression.

During the recent war the special training courses and research projects inaugurated by the Department of Defence and the National Research Council, and the generally improved financial conditions of the provinces resulting from full scale employment in industry, permitted a slow improvement in university finances.

After the war the universities and colleges of Canada played a major role in the program of rehabilitation of war veterans by education. Geared to a post-war enrolment of some 35,000 students, the academic institutions were required to provide facilities for instruction for more than double this number of students. For the considerable expense involved in this project the federal government, through the Department of Veterans' Affairs, provided supplementary allowances to the universities, based on the number of veterans enrolled in each institution. As the inflated enrolment subsided, the universities found themselves caught in the squeeze between decreasing income and an increased civilian enrolment at a time when expenditures were rapidly rising. Grave concern was expressed over lack of funds to expand instruction in the humanities and social sciences at a time of international tensions and increasing national responsibilities in fields of international collaboration.

The universities and the learned societies of Canada considered it essential that the universities of Canada resume their responsibility for liberal education as well as maintaining the programs of basic scientific training and research fundamental to national defence and economic development.

With this purpose in view, the universities requested some form of financial assistance from the federal government consistent with constitutional limitations. When the federal government appointed a Royal Commission of Enquiry into the activities of national agencies for the development of Arts, Letters and Sciences, in Canada, the universities at their own request were included in the survey. The Royal Commission at the conclusion of their survey made the following recommendations for the universities and colleges:

(a) That in addition to the help already being given for research and other purposes, the federal government make annual contributions to support the work of the universities on the basis of the population of each of the provinces of Canada.



(b) That these contributions be made after consultation with the government and the universities of each province, to be distributed to each university proportionally to the student enrolment.

(c) That these contributions be sufficient to insure that the work of the universities be carried on in accordance with the needs of the nation.

(d) That all members of the National Conference of Universities be eligible for the federal grants mentioned above.

**Federal Government Relations:** Although the universities of Canada are provincial institutions their relationship with the federal government of Canada has been of vital importance in the fields of service related to the development of national welfare, national defence and national culture.

The most direct participation of the federal government in higher education has been by the establishment of National Defence Colleges in Canada. The first of four such colleges was the Royal Military College in Kingston established in 1876 to impart a complete education in all branches of military tactics and in the scientific subjects necessary to a thorough knowledge of the military profession. In time the college established a basis for co-operation with the universities whereby graduates of the college were accepted in degree courses of the schools of Law and in the third and fourth years of the courses in engineering.

In recent years the Department of National Defence has organized two junior colleges, the Royal Roads College in British Columbia and the Annapolis Naval Training College; and an advanced college for officers—Frontenac College, Kingston.

In 1912 prior to the first world war the Department of National Defence in cooperation with McGill University organized the first contingent of the Canadian Officers Training Corps whereby university students could combine military training with their academic studies. This system has been extended to include the larger English language universities, the University of Ottawa and Université Laval. During and following the recent world war officer training courses were expanded to include naval and air-force units.

In the same year, 1912, the federal Department of Agriculture inaugurated an Agriculture Aid Act by which the Department could provide grants to assist education in agriculture and related subjects.

In 1919 federal assistance to vocational education was introduced and although most of the grants were to assist education in this field at the secondary level in some cases certain branches of vocational training was available only through the facilities of the universities. The most recent projection of this form of assistance was undertaken during the depression years when the Dominion-Provincial Youth Training Scheme was inaugurated. Federal assistance in this field of service has been administered largely through the Department of Labor.

Financial assistance to extension courses has been given by the National Department of Fisheries; and for the training of navigators and meteorologists by the Department of Transport.

The work of the National Research Council in the field of scientific research has been mentioned earlier. A similar program of co-operation with the universities is now in operation through the Defence Research Board.

During the recent war the federal government provided scholarships to assist and promote the training of doctors and following both world wars the federal departments concerned with the rehabilitation of war veterans provided financial assistance to permit their obtaining a university education.

In the past two decades and more particularly in the past five years the Department of National Health and Welfare has contributed substantial sums to promote the training of social workers, public health nurses and doctors, recreational leaders and other professional occupations related to national health and welfare.

Indirectly through such media as the National Archives and Museums, the National Film Board and the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation the federal government has assisted higher education in Canada. Through financial assistance to the learned societies in Canada, by the distribution of publications, and by the work of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics the federal government has established close and mutually advantageous relationships with the universities of the country.

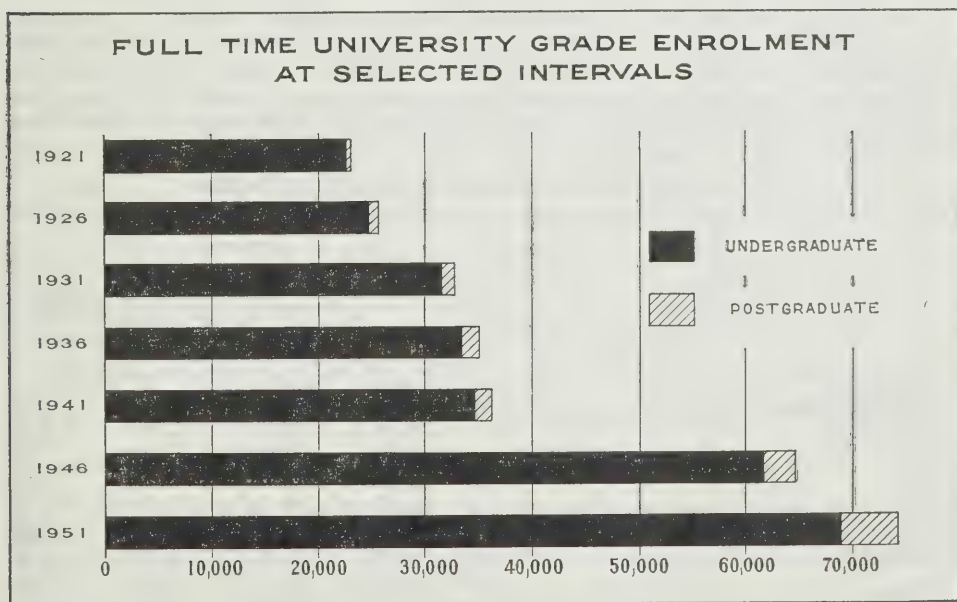
## CHAPTER II

### Statistics of Higher Education

Previous to the formation of the Education Division of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics in 1919-20 by the federal government, no facilities existed for the collection and coordination of statistical data on education for the whole of Canada. In the past three decades, with the co-operation of the universities and colleges, comparable statistics have been assembled on enrolment, graduates, teaching staffs, and to a limited extent expenditures and income, for the period 1920-50.

**University Enrolment:** The variety of colleges affiliated with the Canadian universities causes some confusion in the segregation of students of university level from students of lesser grades included in the total enrolment of a university, as well as in distinguishing between undergraduate and postgraduate students. Statistical classification of full time students therefore resolves itself into (1) undergraduate students—those registered in courses leading to a bachelor's degree or first professional degree, and those in diploma courses below postgraduate level; (2) postgraduate students—those registered in courses leading to a degree or diploma beyond the baccalaureate or first professional degree; (3) pre-matriculation students—those registered in preparatory schools or in the pre-matriculation grades of the affiliated colleges and (4) other students—those registered in certificate or diploma courses not equivalent to degree status.

A summarized record of total undergraduate enrolment by provinces for the period 1920-50 is presented in Table 14, Section III. From this table it is apparent that the enrolment of undergraduate students has risen gradually, consistent with the growth of population, until the period 1944-50. The ratio of undergraduate students to population at five-year intervals was as follows: 1921—one to 334; 1926—one to 338; 1931—one to 334; 1936—one to 321; 1941—one to 324; 1946—one to 200; and 1950—one to 203. The fluctuations noticed in provincial enrolment reflect local social and economic conditions, such as the establishment of new colleges, periods of increased inter-provincial migration of students, or periods of depression in provincial economy.



The period 1944 to 1950 records the distortion caused by the influx of war veterans. In this period there was a measure of lag in the civilian enrolment due to lack of sufficient accommodation in the universities. The latter situation and the presence of war veterans whose war service



benefits have expired but who are continuing their education at their own expense, may be expected to cause a slight inflation for a further two or three years. However, it is reasonable to assume that the enrolment may level off at about 50,000 undergraduate students. This figure, by the preliminary 1951 census returns, will restore the ratio of undergraduate students to the total population as one to 300, although in relation to pre-war figures, undergraduate enrolment is more than 40 percent higher.

At the post graduate level a more striking change has occurred. In pre-war years there were some 1,700 students registered in post graduate courses as compared with more than 5,000 students in 1950. The enrolment in advanced courses may be expected to continue at a high level for several years. There is an increasing demand for highly trained personnel in the administrative, industrial and social phases of the Canadian labour force. International commitments and responsibilities of the country require Canadian leaders qualified to compete and collaborate with those of other countries. There is an increasing number of scholarships available for assistance in advanced study.

**Table A: Ratio of Post Graduate Students to Undergraduate Students**

Academic Year	Under-graduate Students	Post Graduate Students	Ratio of Post Graduate to Under-graduate Students
1930-31.....	31,576	1,350	1-23
1935-36.....	33,522	1,586	1-21
1940-41.....	34,750	1,569	1-22
1945-46.....	61,861	2,931	1-21
1947-48.....	79,346	4,139	1-19
1948-49.....	75,807	4,857	1-15
1949-50.....	69,011	5,122	1-13

**Inter-provincial Migration of Students:** University enrolment in relation to population on a provincial basis includes the anomalous factors of foreign students and students from other provinces included in the total enrolment reported by each province. Foreign students represented about 5 percent of the total enrolment in 1950, a proportion that may be expected to increase due to the international responsibilities of Canada which include the establishment of scholarships for students from less privileged countries.

**Table B: Proportional Distribution of Students by Residence**

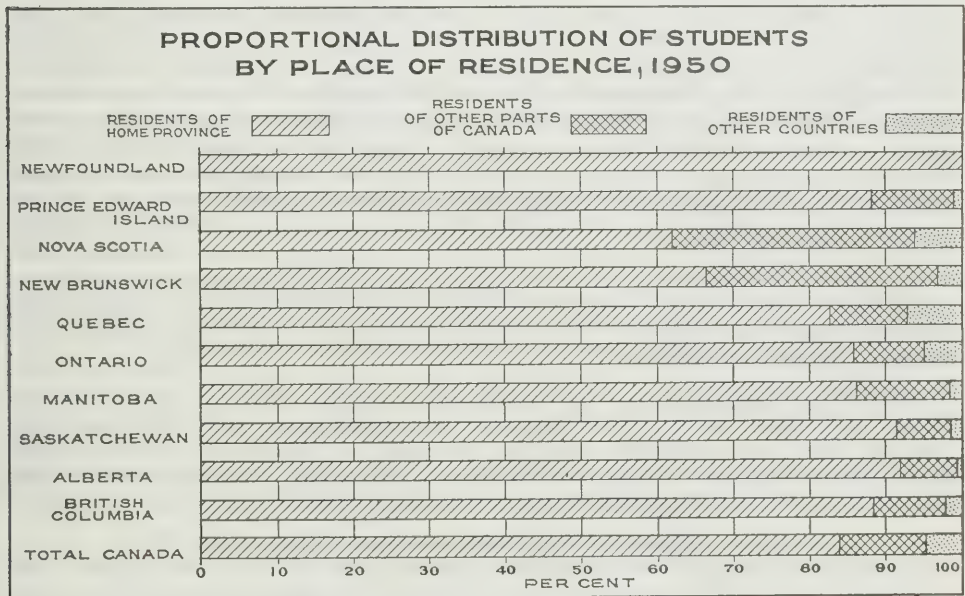
Province	Total Enrolment	Residence of Students		
		Home Province	Other Parts of Canada	Foreign Students
		p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Newfoundland.....	324	100.00	.....	.....
Prince Edward Island.....	298	88.26	10.73	1.01
Nova Scotia.....	4,126	61.98	31.92	6.10
New Brunswick.....	2,233	66.55	30.18	3.27
Quebec.....	21,366	82.81	10.12	7.07
Ontario.....	26,005	85.70	9.29	5.01
Manitoba.....	4,543	86.22	12.08	1.70
Saskatchewan.....	3,360	91.37	7.14	1.49
Alberta.....	3,921	91.91	7.53	0.56
British Columbia.....	7,957	88.38	9.29	2.33
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>74,133</b>	<b>83.95</b>	<b>11.21</b>	<b>4.84</b>

Students in Canadian universities located outside their own province represented 11 percent of the total enrolment. This varies by province as shown by the table on proportional distribution of students by residence above. Nova Scotia and New Brunswick institutions report the highest proportion of students from other provinces. This is due largely to the collaboration of the

Atlantic provinces—Newfoundland, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick—in professional training. Dalhousie University, Halifax, is the only centre for training in medicine, dentistry and pharmacy for the region; the University of New Brunswick is the regional centre for training in forestry. Social work is centralized in the Maritime School of Social Work, Halifax, and degree courses in engineering are given by the Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax, for students from colleges and universities in Newfoundland, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia and from Mount Allison University in New Brunswick. A uniform program of pre-specialized training in engineering is given by these institutions and it is completed in the Nova Scotia Technical College.

Additional factors that augment the proportion of students who migrate to Nova Scotia and New Brunswick include the location of denominational church colleges. Mount Allison University, a United Church College, is situated in New Brunswick; Acadia University, one of the two Baptist universities in Canada, is located in Nova Scotia. Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax, is the only theological college for the United Church east of Montreal; the University of King's College, Halifax, is in a similar position for the Anglican Church, and Holy Heart Seminary represents the only Roman Catholic theological seminary for the Maritimes.

The provinces of Quebec and Ontario report about 10 percent of their students as being from other parts of Canada. The largest English language schools for graduate work are those of McGill University, Montreal, and the University of Toronto. The graduate schools of each of these universities provide work to the doctorate level in subjects not available elsewhere in Canada. The largest French universities of Canada are located in Quebec province, with affiliated colleges in western Canada. French language courses at undergraduate and graduate level, not elsewhere available, are provided by these universities.



The factors affecting inter-provincial migration of students in the provinces of Western Canada are somewhat similar to those in the Atlantic provinces. Until recently The University of Manitoba and the University of Alberta administered the only schools of medicine in the west with a full degree course. The University of Alberta presently is the only source of training in dentistry west of Toronto and the University of British Columbia conducts the regional school of forestry.

**Migration of Canadian Students to American Universities:** The number of Canadian students attending American universities has more than quadrupled in the past decade, but at that, there are 17 Canadian students in Canadian universities for each Canadian in American

universities. From the annual reports of the Institute of International Education, New York, U.S.A., which periodically makes a survey of foreign students in the United States, the following table has been compiled.

**Table C: Canadian Students in American Universities in Relation to Total Enrolment in Canada.**

Academic Year	Enrolment in Canadian Institutions	Canadian Students in American Institutions	Ratio of Students in Canada to Canadian Students in American Universities
1938-39.....	36,522	1,076	34-1
1940-41.....	36,139	1,458	25-1
1945-46.....	64,792	1,613	40-1
1946-47.....	79,553	2,676	20-1
1947-48.....	83,495	3,161	26-1
1948-49.....	80,664	4,166	19-1
1949-50.....	74,133	4,362	17-1

The distribution of Canadian students in the United States in 1949-50 by fields of study was as follows: medical sciences (including dentistry, nursing and public health)—566 students; engineering—460; theology—449; physical sciences—420; social sciences—347; business courses—324; education—301; liberal arts—259; fine arts—227; agriculture—185; and other miscellaneous courses—824 students.

One of the reasons for Canadian students attending American universities is the varied program of special courses offered by the universities, colleges, higher professional institutions and graduate schools located in the United States. In many cases students are attracted by the generous provision of scholarships and fellowships available to Canadians from American sources. It is reported by the International Institute that 28 percent of all foreign students receive some form of assistance from American sources and that Canadian students represent 16 percent of the total foreign students. A considerable number of these Canadians are in receipt of assistance from Canadian sources such as the Department of Veterans' Affairs, the National Research Council of Canada, the Humanities Research Council, the Social Science Research Council, the Department of National Health and Welfare and other sources. As each of these bodies is limited in the degree of assistance that may be given for this purpose the number of scholarships would represent a comparatively small proportion of the total Canadian students registered in American institutions. It is clear that American financial assistance has a great bearing on this form of migration.

**University Graduates:** A record of graduates by faculties, for each year of the period 1921-46, was included in the 1944-46 edition of the Biennial Survey of Higher Education in Canada. Subsequent statistics are reported in Section III of this edition. The gross awards, of bachelor and first professional degrees, for each year and for each decade, have been compiled for comparison. No allowance is deducted for individuals receiving more than one degree.

**Table D: Bachelor and First Professional Degrees Granted (1921-50)**

Year in Decade	1921-30	1931-40	1941-50
1st.....	3,897	5,290	6,576
2nd.....	4,113	5,552	6,463
3rd.....	4,709	5,891	6,335
4th.....	4,737	6,272	6,108
5th.....	4,677	6,226	6,173
6th.....	4,689	6,441	8,131
7th.....	4,784	6,541	9,830
8th.....	4,899	6,867	13,733
9th.....	5,217	6,882	17,841
10th.....	5,225	6,933	18,081
Total.....	46,947	62,895	99,271
Arts, Letters and Science.....	23,974	35,153	54,866
Professional Degrees.....	22,973	27,712	44,405



In the three decades for which statistics are available, awards in Arts, Letters and Science advanced about 47 percent between the first and second decades, and 56 percent between the second and third decades. Professional awards increased 21 percent in the first interval and 60 percent in the second. In view of the fact that an increasing number of students in professional courses have already obtained degrees in Arts and Science before entering professional courses, it is apparent that the net number of graduates available for advanced training, or employment, in the field of letters has not kept pace with that of the fields of professional work.

Comparative figures of the gross awards by faculties are given below for each decade.

**Table E: First Degrees Granted by Faculties (1921-50)**

Faculty	1921-30	1931-40	1941-50
Arts, Letters and Pure Science.....	23,974	35,183	54,863
Applied Science and Engineering.....	4,157	5,980	14,087
Agriculture.....	1,350	2,153	3,552
Dentistry.....	1,886	944	1,505
Law.....	2,592	2,342	3,194
Medicine.....	5,160	5,221	6,326
Pharmacy.....	1,852	1,797	2,065
Theology.....	4,289	4,884	4,872
Home Economics.....	401	1,552	2,119
Architecture.....	153	208	465
Forestry.....	223	298	955
Education.....	285	855	3,017
Physical Education.....	268	311	741
Veterinary Science.....	249	489	816
Library Science.....	99	588	661

**Graduate Awards:** The universities in the academic year 1949-50 awarded 1,176 masters degrees and 203 doctorates in course. A survey of the theses, classified by subject, conducted by the Social Science Research Council of Canada, revealed that 211 masterships and 41 doctorates were awarded in the humanities; 346 masterships and 31 doctorates were conferred for theses in the social sciences; and 567 masterships and 120 doctorates were earned in natural and applied science. The balance of 52 masterships and 11 doctorates were unclassified. This tabulation indicates the predominance of science in the fields of graduate work in Canadian universities.

**Teaching Staffs:** There were 10,168 teachers, including some 4,000 part time teachers, giving instruction at university level to 74,133 full time students in 1950. Although the Faculties of Arts and Science represented about 54 percent of the total enrolment, the teachers in this group comprised 40 percent of the total staff. In pre-war years there were about 6,000 teachers for 37,000 students. Enrolment in Arts and Science at that time represented about 53 percent of the total and the teachers in these faculties accounted for 43 percent of the staff. Prior to the war there were six students per teacher in the universities and colleges. Currently, the ratio is seven students per teacher. On a provincial basis there is considerable variation in the ratio between full time university grade students and full time staff.

**Table F: Ratio of Total Staff to Full Time Students**

Province	1941	1948	1949	1950
Newfoundland.....	X	X	X	1:15
Prince Edward Island.....	1:9	1:15	1:15	1:14
Nova Scotia.....	1:5	1:10	1:10	1:9
New Brunswick.....	1:9	1:12	1:11	1:10
Quebec.....	1:5	1:6	1:6	1:6
Ontario.....	1:6	1:11	1:10	1:9
Manitoba.....	1:8	1:14	1:13	1:10
Saskatchewan.....	1:11	1:25	1:17	1:15
Alberta.....	1:9	1:7	1:6	1:5
British Columbia.....	1:17	1:26	1:22	1:18
All Provinces.....	1:7	1:9	1:9	1:7

These computations are based on returns from the individual institutions. It may be that in certain provinces the complete roster of part time instructors was not included. This would account for some of the extremes recorded above in inter-provincial comparison.

**Salaries:** The financial remuneration of the university instructional staffs has improved since pre-war days, but at a rate below that of employees in other types of work comparable in responsibilities and academic qualifications. Further, it has been reported by the Royal Commission on the Development of the Arts, Letters and Sciences of Canada that the teaching staffs in science have benefited far beyond those of the humanities divisions. On pages 139-40 of the report of the Royal Commission the following data, based on the current salaries paid by representative Canadian universities, appears.

**Table G: Comparison of Salaries Paid in Humanities Divisions and in Science, 1950**

Range	Humanities Division			Engineering, Medicine and Science		
	Professors	Associate Professors	Assistant Professors	Professors	Associate Professors	Assistant Professors
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
High.....	6,500	5,500	3,750	over 10,000	7,000	6,500
Upper Quintile.....	5,750	4,250	3,500	6,500	4,500	3,500
Median.....	5,000	3,750	3,000	5,500	4,000	3,250
Mode.....	5,000	3,500	3,000	5,000	4,000	3,000
Low.....	3,750	3,000	2,500	4,000	3,250	2,250

Similar data is not available for earlier years, but some comparisons between the salary ranges of pre-war years and those of 1950 are possible from the statistics reported to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics for the academic years 1938-39 and 1949-50.

**Table H: Median Salaries, by Region, for University Instruction Staff**

Title	Western Provinces		Central Canada		Maritime Provinces	
	1939	1950	1939	1950	1939	1950
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Deans.....	5,090	5,250	5,090	5,224	3,450	5,068
Professors.....	4,328	5,105	4,571	5,195	3,000	3,711
Associate Professors.....	3,340	4,219	3,612	4,548	2,500	3,028
Assistant Professors.....	2,694	3,658	2,760	3,695	2,175	3,017

The institutions included in the above table are as follows: Western Provinces—the Universities of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia; Central Canada—McGill University, Bishop's University, Queen's University, McMaster University, Victoria University and the Universities of Toronto, Western Ontario and Trinity College; Maritime Provinces—Acadia University, Mount Allison University, Saint-Francis Xavier University and the University of New Brunswick.

Total returns for 1950 represented 2,531 individuals, including instructors and lecturers. Of the entire group, 23.4 percent earned \$5,000 and over; 21 percent earned from \$4,000 to \$4,999; 31.8 percent from \$3,000 to \$3,999; 17.3 percent from \$2,000 to \$2,999 and 6.5 percent under \$2,000 per year.

Median salaries for lecturers and instructors for 1950 were as follows: Western Canada, \$2,761; Central Canada, \$2,643; Maritime Provinces, \$2,661.

**Income and Expenditures:** The data on university income and expenditures recorded in Table 20, Section III, is compiled from the returns of a group of universities that represent about 85 percent of the enrolment in recent years and about 80 percent for the pre-war years. The total income for current purposes, and the current expenditures reported are exclusive of the amounts received and expended by college residences, canteens, etc. for students' living expenses.



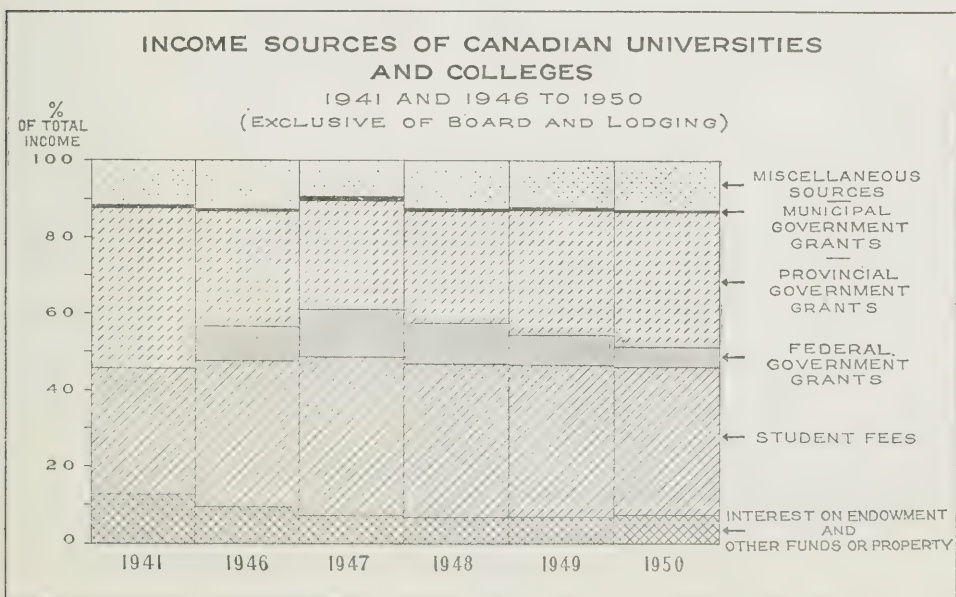
Sources of income include interest on endowments and investments; grants from provincial and municipal governments and, since 1944, special grants from the federal government for the training of war veterans; students' fees, other than for the living expenses mentioned above; and miscellaneous sources such as private gifts and subscriptions, rentals, etc. The proportion of the total income received from these sources at stated intervals during the past decade was as follows:

**Table I: Proportional Distribution of University Income by Source**

Academic Year	From Investments and Endowments	From Government Grants	From Student Fees	From Other Sources
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
1940-41.....	12.75	42.39	32.05	12.81
1945-46.....	9.29	40.52	37.88	12.21
1948-49.....	6.50	40.96	40.31	12.23
1949-50.....	7.29	41.92	38.09	12.70

The current expenditures of the representative group of institutions increased from 16,157 thousand dollars in 1941 to 40,697 thousand dollars in 1949-50, an increase of 151.2 percent in approximately ten years. Enrolment increased 119.8 percent in the same period. The enrolment increase includes the abnormal acceleration caused by student veterans which in turn represented a degree of federal financial assistance not present in pre-war years and which will practically disappear in 1951. A break-down of the grants into provincial, municipal and federal sources reveals that provincial grants have increased from \$6,718 thousand in 1941 to \$14,370 thousand in 1950, an increase of nearly 116 percent, while municipal grants, although small in comparison, show a substantial increase of 132 percent over the same period. University expenditures must increase if provision is to be made for expansion and for adequate salaries for all groups of teachers. Students' fees have increased to a point beyond which a further increase could defeat its purpose by decreasing enrolment.

Under these conditions, the recommendations of the Royal Commission relating to federal government grants to universities and colleges have brought renewed hopes that the universities may inaugurate their plans for further development as contributory factors in the cultural, economic and scientific progress of the country.





**SECTION II**  
**CURRENT TABLES, 1948-50**



## 1.—List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations

NOTE.—The name of each institution is entered in the language (French or English) used in it as the main language of instruction. The name of each university that has numerous affiliated colleges is entered in italics, and immediately below are listed its affiliated institutions, their names slightly indented in the column. The whole is designed to indicate the structure of the higher educational system in Canada.

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Newfoundland</b>	
Memorial University College, St. John's (Provincial).	First two years of Arts and Science (including pre-medical, pre-dental, pre-agricultural, Education and Household Science) and first three years of Engineering. Arts and Science graduates proceed to most Maritime Universities into third year as well as to Toronto and McGill. (Co-educational).
<b>Prince Edward Island</b>	
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown (Provincial).	Normal School, Preparatory, two years Arts and Commerce, two years pre-medical, pre-dental and pre-engineering (Co-educational). Graduates admitted to 3rd and 2nd year Arts in Dalhousie, Acadia, Mount Allison and Kings. Two years in Agriculture and Home Economics preparatory to third year at Macdonald College.
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown (Roman Catholic).	Junior Commercial, Preparatory and four-year degree courses in Arts, Science, and Commerce, pre-medical and pre-dental courses in Science. Co-educational at University level. The University grants its own degrees and in addition students may obtain the Arts degree of Laval University on completion of certain courses in Philosophy prescribed by the Quebec University. Two years of the college course give eligibility to third year Arts and Science at McGill University. Qualified graduates eligible for admission to first year of Faculties of Medicine or Dentistry at McGill and Dalhousie Universities and to the second year of the Faculty of Medicine at Queens University. Graduates are also eligible to apply for admission to the Faculty of Medicine at Laval University.
<b>Nova Scotia</b>	
Acadia University, Wolfville (Baptist).....	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts and Science, Household Science, Music, Theology and Education. Three Years' Engineering. Diploma in Secretarial Science. (Co-educational). Students completing Engineering Course, admitted to second last year of Bachelor's Course in Engineering in Nova Scotia Technical College and McGill University. Graduates in Arts, if proper electives have been chosen, admitted to second year Medicine at McGill.
<i>Dalhousie University, Halifax (Undenominational).</i>	Degrees in Arts and Science, Commerce, Music, Medicine, Dentistry, Education, Nursing, Pharmacy, Law, Fisheries. Food Technology and Engineering Science. Diplomas in Household Science, Mining Geology. Three years' Engineering. (Co-educational). On completion of Engineering Course at Dalhousie, B.Sc. in Engineering obtained at Nova Scotia Technical College in two years. Faculty of Graduate Studies.
University of King's College, Halifax (Anglican).	Arts and Science (including diplomas in Journalism and Education). Two years' pre-medicine, pre-dentistry, pre-law. Degrees in Theology. (Preparatory in King's College School at Windsor, N.S., reported in private schools). (Co-educational). All degrees in Arts and Science granted by Dalhousie. Except in First Year classes in King's do not duplicate those in Dalhousie, each other class whether conducted in the one or the other institution, being open to students of both. King's is "associated" with Dalhousie.
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax (United Church).	Degrees and Diplomas in Theology. First year of course may be taken at Dalhousie or Mount Allison Universities. For certain classes in Pine Hill credit is given toward the B.A. degree in Dalhousie.
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Medical Science Bldg., Halifax (Pharm. Soc. and Dalhousie Univ.).	Two- and three-year Pharmacy courses. Prepare students to become registered Pharmacists in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick (Co-educational). Students may obtain degree of B.Sc. (Pharmacy) in Dalhousie by taking certain courses in the Faculty of Arts and Science in addition.
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax (Roman Catholic).	Degrees in Arts (including a diploma course in Journalism), Education, Secretarial Science, Library Science, Nursing, Household Economics and Music. Preparatory Courses in Mount Saint Vincent Academy. (Women only.)
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Science, Household Science, Nursing, Commerce, Education, Three Years' Engineering. (Men and Women, the ladies' College being Mount St. Bernard). B.Sc. in Engineering completed at Nova Scotia Technical College in two years by those completing the three-year course in St. Francis Xavier. Similarly at McGill.
St. Mary's College, Halifax (Roman Catholic)	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts (including diploma course in Journalism). Science (including Science with Engineering), Commerce. Three-year Engineering Course may be completed at Nova Scotia Technical College as above.
Collège Ste-Anne, Church Point (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial, Degrees in Art and Letters (Men only).
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax (Roman Catholic).	Theology and Philosophy.



## 1.—List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Nova Scotia—Concluded</b>	
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro (Provincial).	Short courses in Agriculture and Home Economics. Two years of a "degree course" in Agriculture (Co-educational). Students completing "degree course" are admitted to the third year of B.S.A. course at Macdonald College, Quebec, and at the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax (Provincial).	The two final years of course for B.Sc. in Engineering, and grants degrees. Regular students have taken junior years of course in Acadia, Dalhousie, King's, Mt. Allison, St. Francis Xavier, St. Mary's, or Memorial College.
Maritime School of Social Work, Halifax (Undenominational).	A post graduate course of two years leading to a diploma in Social Work. Also a certificate course for regional workers in Social Service.
<b>New Brunswick</b>	
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton (Provincial).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Law, Engineering and Forestry (Co-educational).
Mount Allison University, Sackville (United Church).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Music, Fine Arts, Education and Home Economics. Diplomas in Secretarial Science and Commerce. Three Years' Engineering. One Year Theology. Two Years' pre-medical and pre-dental. (Co-educational). Arrangements provide for completing of degree course in Engineering at Nova Scotia Technical College, McGill or Queen's in two years, in Theology at Pine Hill Divinity Hall in three years, in Medicine at Dalhousie or McGill in five years, in Dentistry at Dalhousie in four years.
Université Saint-Joseph, Saint Joseph (Roman Catholic French and English).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Literature, Science and Commerce (Men only).
Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Bathurst (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Diplomas in Commerce, Degrees in Arts and Letters (Men only).
St. Thomas College, Chatham (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts and Nursing (Co-educational at College level).
College St. Louis, Edmundston (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial, and Arts (men only).
<b>Quebec</b>	
Sir George Williams College, 1441 Drummond St., Montreal (Y.M.C.A.).	Diplomas and Degrees in Arts, Science and Commerce, Courses in Fine and Applied Art and Business (Co-educational).
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que. (Anglican).	Degrees in Arts, Science, Theology and Education (Co-educational).
McGill University, Montreal, Que. (Undenominational).	Degrees or diplomas in Divinity, Arts and Science, Fine Arts, Commerce, Law, Agriculture, Architecture, Engineering, Dentistry, Medicine, Pharmacy, Household Science, Nursing, Music, Physical Education, Social work. Library School, School of physiotherapy and Graduate School (Co-educational). See under Royal Military College, Acadia, Mount Allison, St. Francis Xavier, and Alberta Universities for arrangement re credit for Engineering Courses at McGill. See also under Macdonald College and the three theological colleges immediately below.
Royal Victoria College, Montreal, Que. (Undenominational).	The Women's College in McGill University for courses in the Faculty of Arts.
Macdonald College, Macdonald College (Undenominational).	Full courses and Short Courses in Agriculture and Household Science, (Also Provincial Normal School) (Co-educational). An incorporated College of McGill University. Degree Courses in Agriculture controlled by, and degrees for same granted by McGill. Other courses in Agriculture and those in Household Science under direction of the College.
United Theological College, 3506 University St., Montreal (United Church).	} Affiliated to McGill Faculty of Theology. Grant certificates for ordination but degree-granting powers held by McGill.
Diocesan Theological College, 3472 University St., Montreal (Anglican).	
Montreal Presbyterian College, 3489 McTavish St., Montreal (Presbyterian).	Degree in Theology. Affiliated to McGill.
Université de Montréal, Montréal (Roman Catholic, as also most affiliated colleges).	The faculties and Schools of the University are: Theology (Grand Séminaire de Montréal) Law, Medicine, Science, Philosophy (including l'Institut de Psychologie and l'Institut d'études médiévales), Letters, Dietetics, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Social Science, Nursing, also the affiliated schools listed below in Agriculture, Commerce, Engineering and Applied Science, Optometry, Pedagogy, Veterinary Science, etc.
Ecole Polytechnique, 1430 St-Denis, Montréal (Provincial).	} "Affiliated Schools" of the University of Montreal. They might be considered the respective professional Faculties of the University which has direct control of the courses and grants the degrees, but no financial control.
Ecole des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, 535 Avenue Viger, Montréal (Provincial).	
Institut agricole d'Oka, La Trappe.....	
Ecole de médecine vétérinaire, St. Hyacinthe (Provincial).	
Ecole d'optométrie, 1610 St-Denis, Montréal...	
Institut pédagogique St-Georges, 244 rue Sherbrooke est, Montréal.	
Institut pédagogique, 4873 Westmount Ave., Montréal.	

## 1.—List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec—Continued</b>	
<i>Université de Montréal—Concluded</i> Ecole Normal Secondaire, 3880 Côte-de-Neiges Road, Montreal. Petit Séminaire de Montréal..... Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St-Hyacinthe.. Séminaire de Ste-Thérèse, Ste-Thérèse..... Collège de l'Assomption, l'Assomption..... Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette..... *Collège Ste-Marie, 1180 Bleury, Montréal... Collège Bourget, Rigaud..... Collège de St-Laurent, St-Laurent..... Séminaire St-Charles Borromée, Sherbrooke.. Séminaire de Valleyfield, Valleyfield..... Collège de St-Jean sur Richelieu, St. Jean... **Loyola College, Montreal..... Séminaire Ste-Croix, St-Laurent..... **Collège Jean-de-Brébeuf, Côte-des-Neiges, Montréal. Collège André-Grasset, Montréal..... Externat Classique de Ste-Croix, Montréal.. Juniorat de Marie-Immaculée, Chambly.... *Collège Campion, Regina, Sask..... Juvénat du T. S.-Sacrament, Terrebonne.. Collège Stanislas, Montréal..... Séminaire Marie-Médiatrice, Montréal..... *Collège Séréphique, Ottawa.....	Men and boys only. "Little Seminaries" and "Classical Colleges" affiliated to the University of Montreal, and in reality constituting the Faculty of Arts of the University, which regulates the courses and grants the degrees in Arts. The "Classical" Course, however, covers in addition to the final four years required for the B.A. degree several preliminary years of study comparable to the more advanced grades of the elementary schools and the secondary grades in other provinces. In addition several of these institutions offer junior commercial courses corresponding to commercial courses in the high schools of other provinces.
Collège Marguerite-Bourgeois, Montréal.... Marianopolis College, Montreal..... Collège Saint-Maurice, St-Hyacinthe..... Collège Basil-Moreau, St-Laurent..... Collège Marie-Anne, Lachine..... Collège Jésus-Marie, Outremont..... Collège Marie de France, Montréal..... Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Sherbrooke.....	Affiliated Arts Colleges for girls similar to above for men and boys.
41 Couvents affiliés.....	Classical—"Letters-Sciences" or High School Course of four years for girls.
Conservatoire National de Musique, 441 LaGauchetière est, Montréal. Ecole de musique (Institut Nazareth), Montréal. Ecole supérieure de musique de l'Institut des SS. NN. de Jésus et de Marie, Montréal.. Ecole de musique religieuse (Schola Can- torum), Montréal. Ecole de dessin, Montréal..... Ecole de tourisme, 7459 de l'Épée, Montréal 8 écoles d'enseignement ménager..... Conservatoire Lasalle, 847 Sherbrooke St. E., Montréal.	Schools "annexed" to the University of Montreal, i.e., of which the University approves the curriculum, is represented at the examinations, and sanctions the diploma awarded.
Ecole d'hygiène sociale appliquée, 1231 Demontigny, Montréal. Ecole de Service Social.....	Graduate courses for nurses. "Annexed" to the Faculty of Medicine, University of Montreal, See meaning of "annexed" above. Two-year course in Social work for graduate students. Annexed to Université de Montréal.
Institut Marguerite d'Youville, Montréal...	Training school for nurses leading to degree in Hospital Science; specialization in hospital administration and nursing instruction. Annexed to Faculty of Medicine, as above.
Ecole de Technologie Médicale, Montréal...	Training school for technicians in Medical Science. Course covers four years from B.Sc. degree. Annexed to Faculty of Medicine; as above.
<i>Université Laval, Québec (Roman Catholic,            as also all affiliated colleges).</i>	Faculties and Schools of the University are: Theology, Canon Law, Philosophy, Law, Medicine (including School of Nursing), Arts, Letters (including Library Science), Science, Social Science, Agriculture, Forestry and School of Graduate Studies. The Faculty of Arts includes Modern Languages, Music and Household Science. The faculty of Science includes Superior Chemistry, the School of Mines, Engineering, Fisheries, Superior Normal School and School of Pharmacy. Commerce is included in the Faculty of Social Sciences.
Grand Séminaire de Rimouski..... " " de Chicoutimi..... " " de Nicolet..... " " des Trois-Rivières.....	The "Grand Seminaries" listed are schools of theology located at or near the "Little Seminaries" or "Classical Colleges" bearing the same name. The Grand Seminary at Quebec City is the Faculty of Theology in Laval University.

\*\*By Ancient Pontifical authority the three Jesuit Colleges retain full authority over their own courses and examinations. The university accepts the recommendations of the Colleges for candidates for degrees and grants the degrees in Arts or Science.

\* Also listed with the institutions of the province where located.

## 1.—List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec—Continued</b>	
<i>Université Laval</i> —Concluded	
Petit Séminaire de Québec, Québec.....	Classical Colleges and Little Seminaries affiliated to the University of Laval. See explanation opposite the names of the similar institutions affiliated to the University of Montreal.
Petit Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet.....	
Collège de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière.....	
Petit Séminaire des Trois-Rivières.....	
Petit Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski.....	
Petit Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi.....	
Collège de Lévis, Lévis.....	
Petit Séminaire de Mont-Laurier, Mt-Laurier.....	
Collège St-Alexandre, Pte-Gatineau.....	
Ecole Apostolique, Notre-Dame, Lévis.....	
Séminaire du Sacré-Cœur, St-Victor.....	
Séminaire de Gaspé, Gaspé.....	
Collège Charles-Garnier, Québec.....	
Séminaire St-Alphonse, Ste-Anne-de-Beaupré at Aymer.....	
Séminaire St-Antoine, Trois-Rivières et Québec.....	
Externat Saint-Jean-Eudes, Québec.....	
Séminaire Montfortain, Papineauville.....	
Le Collège d'Amos.....	
Le Juvénat des Pères Maristes, Sillery.....	
Ecole Apostolique du Sacré-Cœur, Beauport.....	
Collège d'Amos, Abitibi.....	
*Collège des Jésuites, Sudbury, Ont.....	"Associated Colleges, i.e., "affiliated Classical Colleges" situated outside the provinces of Quebec and Ontario (Lower and Upper Canada).
*Collège des Jésuites, Edmonton, Alta.....	
*St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown, P.E.I.	Schools for men, other than theological and classical, affiliated to the University of Laval. Diplomas and degrees are awarded by the University.
Académie de la Salle, Trois-Rivières.....	
Académie Commerciale, Québec.....	
L'Institut des Frères du Sacre-Cœur, Arthabaska.....	
Ecole d'Agriculture de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière.....	
Ecole des Pêcheries, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière.....	
L'Institut des Dames Religieuses de Jésus-Marie de Sillery, Québec.....	
L'Institut des Dames Religieuses de l'Assomption, Nicolet.....	
L'Institut des Dames Religieuses des Ursulines, Trois-Rivières.....	
Le Collège des Ursulines, Québec.....	
Pensionnat Notre-Dame de Bellevue, Québec.....	Affiliated Arts Colleges for girls similar to Classical Colleges for men.
Collège des Ursulines, Rimouski.....	
Ecole Supérieure des Sciences Domestiques, St-Pascal.....	Degree Courses in Domestic Science.
16 couvents ou instituts affiliés, 2 écoles d'ens. ménager, and St. Patrick High School, Three Rivers.....	"Higher Primary instruction," i.e., High School Course for girls.
12 Ecoles de Garde-Malades.....	Diploma Course in Nursing.
Theological Schools (without University affiliation).	
Scolasticat de l'Immaculée Conception (Jésuites), 1855 Rachel E., Montréal.....	Theological schools. Some have classical students, i.e., students in philosophy, as well as theological students. No affiliation.
Scolasticat des Religieux du T.-S.-Sacrament 514 Mt. Royal Ave., E., Montréal.....	
Studium Franc. de Théologie, Blvd. Rosemont, Montréal.....	
Maison d'études du monastère de la Réparation (Capucins), Point-aux-Trembles.....	
Séminaire des Missions Etrangères, Pont-Viau.....	
Studium Franc. de Philosophie, 33 rue de l'Alverne, Québec.....	
Scolasticat de Philosophie (Oblats), Richelieu.....	
Scolasticat St-Charles (Clercs de St-Viateur), Joliette.....	
Scolasticat de la Congrégation de Ste-Croix, Montréal.....	
Scolasticat de Philosophie (Cong. de Ste-Croix), St-Laurent.....	
Monastère des Trappistes, N.-D. du Lac et Mistassini.....	
Scolasticat (philosophie) des Miss. du Sacré-Cœur, Waterloo.....	
Séminaire des Missionnaires d'Afrique (Pères Blancs), Everell.....	

\* Also listed with the institutions of the province where located.



## 1.—List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec—Concluded</b>	
<p>Theological Schools (without University affiliation)—<i>Concluded</i>          Noviciat des PP. Bénédictins, St-Benoit du Lac.          Juvénat St-Bernard (Cisterciens), Mistassini.          Cisterciens de la Commune Observance, N.D. de Val d'Espoir.          Cisterciens de l'Immaculée-Conception, St-Michel de R.          Ecole St-Ignace (Jésuites), 1180 Bleury, Montréal.          Maison St-Joseph (Jésuites), Sault-au-Récollet.          Juniorat de la Compagnie de Marie, Papi-neauville.          Collège Missionnaire (Franciscains), Sorel...          Collège Séraphique (Franciscains), Trois-Rivières.          Noviciat des Pères Capucins, Québec.....          Congrégation de la Fraternité Sacerdotale, Pointe-du-Lac.          Juvénat St-Joseph, Cong. de Ste-Croix, St-Hyacinthe.          Juvénat des Saints-Anges, Clercs de St-Viateur, Berthierville.          Juvénat Champagneur, Clercs de St-Viateur, L'Epiphanie.</p>	<p>Classical courses preparatory to Theology, roughly equivalent to high school and junior college years. No affiliation.</p>
<b>Ontario</b>	
<p><i>Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa (Roman Catholic O.M.I.).</i></p>	<p>Preparatory Department. Degree Courses in the Faculties of Theology, Canon Law, Arts (including Science, Education, Commerce, Philosophy and Physical Education), Engineering, and Medicine. Conducts a School of Nursing, School of Music and Elocution, School of Graduate Studies, School of Political and Social Sciences, Library School, and a Provincial Normal School for training teachers for the bilingual schools of Ontario (Co-educational).</p>
<p>*Congrégation de Notre-Dame, Ottawa.....          Pensionnat de N.D. du Sacre-Cœur, Ottawa.          Maison-Mère des S.G. de la Croix, Ottawa...          Pensionnat de N.D. de Lourdes, Ottawa....          Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....          St. Jerome's College, Kitchener.....</p>	<p>Preparatory and Arts Schools in Ontario. Full Course in Arts not given in all schools.</p>
<p>*Notre-Dame College, Wilcox, Sask.....          *St. Thomas College, Battleford, Sask.....          *Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg, Sask.....          *Collège Thévenet, Gravelbourg, Sask.....          *Couvent des SS. de la Providence, Prud'homme, Sask.          *Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Regina, Sask.....          *Juniorat St-Jean Apôtre, Edmonton, Alta...          *Académie Ste-Thérèse, Medicine Hat, Alta.</p>	<p>Affiliated arts and preparatory schools situated outside the province of Ontario.</p>
<p>Carleton College, Ottawa (Undenominational)</p>	<p>Degree courses in Arts (including Public Administration), Science, Commerce, and Journalism. Two year general course in Engineering and Applied Science. Diploma course in Public Service Studies (Co-educational).</p>
<p><i>University of Western Ontario, London (Undenominational).</i></p>	<p>Degrees in Arts (and Science), Law, Journalism, Drama, Medicine, Divinity, Music, and Public Health. Diplomas in Business Administration, Nursing and Hospital Administration and Household Science. Faculty of Graduate Studies. (Co-educational). Grants degrees for affiliated Colleges.</p>
<p>Alma College, St. Thomas (United Church)</p>	<p>Junior Arts College for girls. Affiliated with the University of Western Ontario.</p>
<p>Assumption College, Windsor (Roman Catholic).</p>	<p>Arts and Science. Men and women (the ladies' college being Holy Names). College affiliated with University of Western Ontario.</p>
<p>Huron College, London (Anglican).....          St. Peter's Seminary and College of Arts, London (Roman Catholic).</p>	<p>Theology. Affiliated with the University of Western Ontario. Men only. Theology and Arts. Affiliated with the University of Western Ontario-for Arts. Men only.</p>
<p>Ursuline College, London (Roman Catholic)</p>	<p>Women's Arts College affiliated with the University of Western Ontario.</p>
<p>Waterloo College of Arts and Theological Seminary (Evangelical Lutheran Church).</p>	<p>Arts College (Co-educational), affiliated with University of Western Ontario. Theological courses for men only.</p>

\* Also listed with institutions of the Province where located.

## 1.—List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Ontario—Concluded</b>	
Queen's University, Kingston (Undenominational).	Degree in Arts (and Science), Physical and Health Education, Commerce, Applied Science and Engineering, Medicine and Nursing (Co-educational).
Queen's Theological College, Kingston (United Church).	Degree Course in Theology. Affiliated to Queen's University. Degrees granted by the University.
McMaster University, Hamilton (Baptist)....	Degrees in Arts (and Science), Nursing and Theology. (Co-educational).
Hamilton College, Hamilton.....	Degree courses in Science. Degrees awarded by McMaster. (Co-educational).
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto 2, (Law Society).	Three-year course for which one year of Arts is prerequisite, graduating barristers-at-law (Co-educational). No affiliation.
Royal Military College, Kingston (Dominion)	A four-year course in Applied Science and Engineering (Men). Canadian universities admit graduates to fourth year of Civil Engineering and third year of other Engineering courses.
Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Sudbury (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Men). See under Laval University.
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and junior commercial. Degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce and Social Science. St. Patrick's College, while retaining autonomy of Faculty and Administration, shares the rights and privileges of the charter of the University of Ottawa with regard to the conferring of academic degrees. Co-education at College level.
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto. (Roman Catholic).	
St. Alphonsus Seminary, Woodstock. (Roman Catholic).	
Collège des Dominicains, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	
Séminaire Universitaire Saint-Paul, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	
Scolasticat St. Joseph, Ottawa.....	Theological schools. Some have classical students, i.e., students in Philosophy, as well as Theological students.
Scolasticat des Montfortains, Eastview. (Roman Catholic).	
Séminaire des Missionnaires d'Afrique (Pères Blancs), Eastview. (Roman Catholic).	
Holy Rosary Scolasticate, Orleans.....	
College of Christ the King, Toronto. (Roman Catholic).	
St. Basil's Scholasticate, Toronto. (Roman Catholic).	
Mount Carmel College, Niagara. (Roman Catholic).	
St. Mary's College, Brockville. (Roman Catholic).	
Collège Séraphique, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic).	Classical course preparatory to Theology, roughly equivalent to high school and junior college years.
Juvénat St-Alexis, Ottawa. (Roman Catholic)	
St. Stanislas Noviciate, Guelph. (Roman Catholic).	
University of Toronto, Toronto 5 (Provincial)....	Degrees in the Faculties of Arts (including Pure Science, Commerce and Law), Education, Music, Household Science, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Forestry, Engineering and Applied Science (including Architecture), School of Physical and Health Education, School of Social Work, School of Graduate Studies, Library Science and Nursing. Diplomas in Public Health, Public Health Nursing, Administrative Course for Graduate Nurses, Occupational Therapy, Physiotherapy, Library Science. A course in Education leads to High School teacher's certificate from Provincial Department of Education (Co-educational).
St. Michael's College and Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto 5. (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and full Arts Course (Men and women, the ladies' college being St. Joseph's College). Graduate course in Mediaeval Studies. Federated with University of Toronto.
Victoria University (2 colleges), Toronto (United Church).	Arts Degree Course in Victoria College. Theology in Emmanuel (Co-educational). Federated with University of Toronto.
Trinity College, Toronto 5 (Anglican).....	Degree Courses in Arts and Theology (Co-educational). Federated with University of Toronto.
Knox College, Toronto 5 (Presbyterian)....	Theology.
Wycliffe College, Toronto 5 (Anglican).....	Theology.
United Church Training School, Toronto...	Diploma courses in Deaconess and Missionary training (Women), Affiliated with Emmanuel College in Victoria University. Courses of the Canadian School of Missions also available.
Anglican Women's Training College, Toronto	Diploma courses in Deaconess and Missionary training (Women). Courses given at Wycliffe College and at the Canadian School of Missions are available to students.
Canadian School of Missions, Toronto (Mission Boards of Anglican, United and Presbyterian Churches).	Provides certain courses for missionary students and missionaries on furlough. All students have access to courses in the Theological Colleges—Knox, Victoria, Trinity and Wycliffe.
Ontario College of Pharmacy, St. James Sq., Toronto (Pharmacists).	Degree and diploma courses in Pharmacy. (Co-educational). Degrees from the University of Toronto.
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, (Provincial).	Degree and diploma courses in Agriculture and Household Science (Co-educational). Degrees from the University.
Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph (Provincial).	Degree courses in Veterinary Science (Men). Degrees from the University.



## 1.—List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Manitoba</b>	
<i>University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce, Education, Law, Medicine, Engineering, Interior Design and Architecture, Agriculture and Household Science, Pharmacy, Music, Social Work and Fine Arts. Diplomas in Music, Nursing, Agriculture and Fine Arts, High School teachers' course. Faculty of Graduate Studies. (Co-educational).
Manitoba Law School, Law Courts, Winnipeg (University and Law Society).	Four-year Course leading to degree of LL.B. in the University of Manitoba, admission to the Law Society, and call to the Bar.
United College (Wesley and Manitoba), Winnipeg (United Church).	Preparatory and full course in Arts and Theology. (Co-educational).
St. Paul's College, Winnipeg (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts. Course for women given at St. Mary's College and Academy.
St. John's College, North Main St., Winnipeg (Anglican).	Preparatory, full course in Arts and Theology. (Co-educational).
Collège de St-Boniface, St-Boniface (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial and full course in Arts. Women's courses given at St. Joseph's Academy.
Brandon College, Brandon.....	Preparatory, full Arts and Science. Diplomas in Music and Expression. (Co-educational). Affiliated with the University of Manitoba.
<b>Saskatchewan</b>	
<i>University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in Arts, Science, Agriculture, Household Science, Commerce, Engineering, Pharmacy, Law, Accounting, Education, Music (also course leading to provincial High School teacher's certificate), Pre-medical and pre-dental years. School of Physical Education, School of Nursing, School of Graduate Studies (Co-educational).
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon (Anglican).....	Degree courses in Theology.
St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon (United Church).	" "
Lutheran College and Seminary, Saskatoon.....	Preparatory and Diploma Courses in Theology.
Luther Theological Seminary, Saskatoon, (Nor. Lutheran).	Diploma Courses in Theology.
St. Chad's College, Regina (Anglican).....	Degree Course in Theology.
Regina College, Regina (Provincial).....	A junior Arts College of the University of Saskatchewan. Preparatory and two years in Arts and Science including Commerce. A School of Fine Arts and Conservatory of Music. A special training course for laboratory technicians (Co-educational).
Campion College, Regina (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and two years in Arts. (Boys).
Outlook College, Outlook (Nor. Lutheran)..	" " (Co-educational).
St. Peter's College, Meunster (Roman Catholic).	" " (Boys).
Luther College, Regina (American Lutheran)	" " (Co-educational).
St. Thomas More College, Saskatoon, (Roman Catholic).	Arts. (Co-educational). Affiliated with University of Saskatchewan.
Grand Séminaire, Mazenod, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic).	Theology.
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Boys).
Collège Thêvenet, Gravelbourg (Roman Catholic).	" " (Girls).
Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Regina (Roman Catholic).	" " (Girls).
Couvent des SS. de la Providence, Prud'homme (Roman Catholic).	" " (Girls).
Notre Dame College, Wilcox (Roman Catholic).	" " (Co-educational).
<b>Alberta</b>	
<i>University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in Arts and Science, Commerce, Agriculture, Household Science, Engineering, Education (also course for High School teachers' certificate), Law, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, and Nursing. School of Graduate Studies. Diplomas in Art and Public Health. (Co-educational).
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton (United Church).	Theology, Arts classes taken in the University of Alberta (Men).
Grand Séminaire St. Joseph, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).	Theology.
St. Joseph's College, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).	Instruction in Arts subjects, and religious instruction (Men). All students also registered in the University of Alberta.
St. Aidan's College, Edmonton (Anglican).....	Proposed Theological College, exists in constitution only.
Mount Royal College, Calgary (United Church).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial, Music and two years Arts (Co-educational).
Concordia College, Edmonton (Lutheran).....	A four-year high school and two-year Arts Course (Co-educational).
Canadian Union College, Lacombe (Seventh Day Adventists).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial and two years Arts (Co-educational).
Collège des Jésuites, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Full Arts Course (Men). See under Laval University, Quebec.

See under the University of Ottawa, Sacré-Cœur is also affiliated to the University of Saskatchewan.

## 1.—List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations—Concluded

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Alberta—Concluded</b>	
Juniorat St-Jean-Apôtre, Edmonton (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts Classes (Male).
Académie Ste. Thérèse, Medicine Hat (Roman Catholic).	“ “ (Female). } See under University of Ottawa.
<b>British Columbia</b>	
<i>University of British Columbia, Vancouver (Provincial).</i>	Degrees in Arts and Science (including Commerce, Education, Physical Education, Home Economics and Social Work), Engineering and Applied Science (including Architecture and Nursing), Agriculture, Law, Pharmacy, Medicine and Forestry. High School teacher's training course. Faculty of Graduate Studies (Co-educational).
Victoria College, Victoria (Municipal).....	Two years of Arts and Science (including Commerce and one year of Applied Science), University of B.C. curriculum (Co-educational). A Junior College of the University of B.C. for convenience of residents of Vancouver Island.
Anglican Theological College of British Columbia, Vancouver (Anglican). Union College of British Columbia, Vancouver (United Church).	} Degree courses in theology. Affiliated theological colleges of the University of British Columbia. They provide religious knowledge options for which credit is given by the University toward the B.A. degree.
H.M.C.S. Royal Roads, Royal Roads, B.C.	Two-year training course for Naval and Air-force officer cadets.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITY FACULTIES IN CANADA, SHOWING THE FULL-TIME ENROLMENT OF UNIVERSITY GRADE IN EACH BRANCH OF STUDY, 1949 AND 1950

NOTE.—This is a detailed list of the institutions or parts of institutions for which statistics are summarized in the ensuing tables. The name of each appears in the language, English or French, used in it as the main language of instruction. The figures opposite the name of each show full-time enrolment of university grade, i.e., in courses for which matriculation is prerequisite, male and female separately. No record is included of part-time students (except in Post-Graduate Arts and Science where they cannot be separated), evening classes, short courses or extension students of any kind; nor of full-time students that are in courses for which matriculation is not prerequisite, e.g., students in the high school or preparatory departments of colleges, or in diploma courses in agriculture, household science, music, etc. Students of all kinds are counted in the later tables, but the more limited purpose of Table 2 is to show at what locations instruction in each branch of higher studies is available, and to indicate the approximate share of each institution in the total.

	1950		1949	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>1. Post-Graduate Arts and Pure Science</b> (in this section it is necessary to include part-time students of the regular session as well as full-time)—				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	20	4	15	6
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	63	9	48	14
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.....	8	3	—	—
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	6	2	4	2
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.....	25	5	13	6
McGill University, Faculty of Graduate Studies and Research, Montréal, Qué.....	394	88	342	65
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Qué.....	5	2	2	1
<sup>1</sup> Université Laval, Ecole des Gradués, Québec.....	*	*	147	98
<sup>1</sup> Université de Montréal, Qué.....	403	321	369	291
Université d'Ottawa, Ont.....	110	58	279	96
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa, Ont.....	2	5	5	8
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont.....	41	9	33	8
Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	32	9	35	8
Pontifical Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto, Ont.....	*	*	31	5
University of Toronto, School of Graduate Studies, Toronto, Ont.....	1,075	240	915	244
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	127	20	90	18
University of Manitoba, Fort Garry, Man.....	87	9	52	1
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	59	7	45	6
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	93	13	88	18
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	250	47	289	65
<b>2. Undergraduate Arts and Pure Science</b> (Full B.A. Course)—				
NEWFOUNDLAND—				
Memorial University College, St. John's.....	189	62	*	*
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—				
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown.....	152	17	144	15
NOVA SCOTIA—				
Acadia University, Wolfville.....	359	124	390	107
Collège Ste-Anne, Church Point.....	40	10	16	—
Dalhousie University, Halifax.....	412	213	489	189
King's College, (University of), Halifax.....	102	25	82	31
Mt. St. Vincent College, Halifax.....	—	84	—	91
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish.....	452	56	561	62
St. Mary's College, Halifax.....	68	—	45	—
NEW BRUNSWICK—				
Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Bathurst.....	*	—	113	—
Mount Allison University, Sackville.....	220	109	206	105
St. Thomas College, Chatham.....	87	1	86	1
Université St-Joseph, St. Joseph.....	207	—	181	—
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton.....	260	86	278	73
Collège St-Louis, Edmundston.....	*	*	*	*
QUEBEC—				
Bishop's University, Lennoxville.....	152	47	144	31
McGill University, Montréal.....	1,297	958	1,517	956
Sir George Williams College, Montreal.....	435	120	425	104
Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université de Montréal:				
Collège de l'Assomption, L'Assomption.....	134	—	134	—
Collège Bourget, Rigaud.....	133	—	133	—
Collège Brébeuf, Montréal.....	193	—	193	—

<sup>1</sup> All students in the faculties of Letters, Philosophy and Science at the University of Montreal and Laval University hold a bachelor's degree, in a general classic course, not in specialized fields as is generally the case with students pursuing post-graduate studies in the English language universities.

\* Record not available.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1950		1949	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>2. Undergraduate Arts and Pure Science—Continued</b>				
<b>QUEBEC—Concluded</b>				
Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université de Montréal—Fin				
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette.....	194	—	194	—
Loyola College, Montréal.....	345	—	345	—
Collège de Montréal, Montréal.....	211	—	211	—
Séminaire St-Charles Borromée, Sherbrooke.....	175	—	175	—
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St-Hyacinthe.....	234	—	234	—
Collège de St-Jean, St-Jean.....	128	—	128	—
Collège St-Laurent, St-Laurent.....	209	—	209	—
Collège André-Grasset, Montréal.....	152	—	152	—
Externat Ste-Croix, Montréal.....	132	—	132	—
Collège Ste-Marie, Montréal.....	323	—	323	—
Séminaire Ste-Thérèse, Ste-Thérèse.....	92	—	92	—
Séminaire de Valleyfield, Valleyfield.....	102	—	102	—
Collège Basile-Moreau Saint-Laurent.....	—	59	—	59
Collège Jésus-Marie, Outremont.....	—	76	—	76
Collège Marie-Anne, Lachine.....	—	29	—	29
Collège Marguerite-Bourgeoys, Montréal.....	—	79	—	79
Collège Saint-Maurice, St-Hyacinthe.....	—	36	—	36
Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Sherbrooke.....	—	16	—	16
Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université Laval:				
Séminaire de Québec.....	309	—	343	—
Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet.....	118	—	116	—
Collège de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière.....	188	—	168	—
Séminaire St-Joseph, Trois-Rivières.....	277	—	268	—
Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski.....	159	—	152	—
Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi.....	230	—	217	—
Collège Classique de Lévis, Lévis.....	193	—	173	—
Séminaire St-Joseph, Mont-Laurier.....	52	—	44	—
Collège St-Alexandre, Pte-Gatineau.....	54	—	60	—
Séminaire de St-Victor, St-Victor de Beauce.....	67	—	66	—
Collège des Jésuites, Gaspé.....	47	—	48	—
Collège St-Charles-Garnier, Québec.....	161	—	157	—
Séminaire St-Alphonse, Ste-Anne-de-Beaupré.....	45	—	29	—
Séminaire St-Antoine, Trois-Rivières.....	43	—	25	—
Collège Saint-Jean-Eudes.....	121	—	103	—
Séminaire Montfortain.....	25	—	32	—
Ecole Apostolique du Sacré-Cœur, Beauport.....	38	—	35	—
Collège d'Amos.....	20	—	20	—
Juvénat des Pères Maristes, Sillery.....	11	—	17	—
Ecole Apostolique Notre-Dame, Lévis.....	—	—	—	—
Pensionnat Notre-Dame, Nicolet.....	—	15	—	13
Pensionnat Notre-Dame-de-Bellevue.....	—	29	—	32
Collège Jésus-Marie de Sillery, Bergerville.....	—	62	—	55
Collège des Ursulines, Québec.....	—	31	—	26
Collège des Ursulines, Rimouski.....	—	—	—	—
Collège Marie de L'Incarnation, Trois-Rivières.....	—	16	—	20
<b>ONTARIO—</b>				
McMaster University, Hamilton.....	671	317	743	312
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa (Colleges included).....	577	93	401	84
Collège Bruyère, Ottawa.....	—	52	—	48
Collège Notre-Dame, Ottawa.....	—	40	—	34
Séminaire diocésain.....	48	—	137	—
Congrégation de Notre-Dame.....	—	*	—	39
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener.....	98	3	90	—
Queen's University, Kingston.....	558	402	636	407
Collège Sacré-Cœur, Sudbury.....	*	—	109	—
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa.....	97	6	80	1
Carleton College, Ottawa.....	312	110	214	88
University of Toronto, Toronto (Colleges included).....	3,138	2,209	3,702	2,133
St. Michael's College, Toronto.....	425	191	511	202
Trinity College, Toronto.....	299	244	294	240
Victoria College, Toronto.....	987	777	1,287	883
University of Western Ontario, London (Colleges included).....	1,279	439	2,004	488
Assumption College, Windsor.....	632	52	706	69
Ursuline College, London.....	2	126	—	126
Waterloo College, Waterloo.....	121	56	104	57

\* Record not available.



## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1950		1949					
	M.	F.	M.	F.				
<b>2. Undergraduate Arts and Pure Science—Concluded</b>								
MANITOBA—								
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg (Colleges included).....	1,499	666	1,810	761				
Brandon College, Brandon.....	108	64	106	68				
Collège St-Boniface, St-Boniface.....	123	5	93	20				
St. John's College, Winnipeg.....	12	5	7	5				
St. Paul's College, Winnipeg.....	96	35	125	41				
United College, Winnipeg.....	314	179	478	235				
SASKATCHEWAN—								
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg.....	74	—	*	—				
Notre Dame College, Wilcox.....	34	6	40	4				
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon.....	669	307	775	335				
St. Thomas More College, Saskatoon.....	*	*	*	*				
ALBERTA—								
University of Alberta, Edmonton.....	577	234	704	252				
BRITISH COLUMBIA—								
University of British Columbia, Vancouver.....	2,300	995	2,686	1,121				
<b>3. Junior Colleges Including Classical Schools of Roman Catholic Orders Preparatory to Theology—</b>								
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—								
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown.....	72	35	76	33				
QUEBEC—								
Ecole St-Ignace (Jésuites), Montréal.....	425	—	425	—				
Maison St-Joseph (Jésuites), Sault-au-Récollet.....								
Juniorat de Marie-Immaculée (Oblats), Chambly-Bassin.....								
Collège Séraphique (Franciscains), Trois-Rivières.....								
Collège Missionnaire Franciscain, Sorel.....								
Juvénat des Cisterciens (Trappistes), Mistassini.....								
Juniorat de la Compagnie de Marie, Papineauville.....								
Noviciat des Pères Capucins, Québec.....								
Ecole apostolique des Miss. du Sacré-Cœur, Beauport.....								
Congrégation de la Fraternité-Sacerdotale, Pointe-du-Lac.....								
Cisterciens de la Commune Observance, N.-D. de Val d'Espoir.....								
Cisterciens de l'Immaculée-Conception, St-Michel de Rougemont.....								
Juvénat St-Tharsicius, PP. du T.-S.-Sacrement, Terrebonne.....								
Juvénat St-Joseph, Congrégation de Ste-Croix, St-Hyacinthe.....								
Juvénat des Saints-Anges, Clercs de St-Viateur, Berthierville.....								
Juvénat Champagnieur, Clercs de St-Viateur, L'Epiphanie.....								
Noviciat des PP. Bénédictins, St-Benoit-du-Lac.....								
(Estimated Total)								
ONTARIO—								
Alma College, St. Thomas.....	—	135	—	135				
Mt. Carmel College (Carmelites), Niagara Falls.....	60	—	35	—				
Collège Séraphique (Capucins), Ottawa.....	*	—	19	—				
Juvénat St. Alexis (Servites de Marie), Ottawa.....	18	—	*	—				
St. Stanislas Novicate (Jesuits), Guelph.....	51	—	60	—				
SASKATCHEWAN—								
Campion College, Regina.....	75	—	50	—				
Luther College, Regina.....	19	2	20	5				
Regina College, Regina.....	55	31	70	26				
St. Peter's College, Muenster.....	92	—	94	—				
Sacred Heart College, Regina.....	—	*	—	*				
ALBERTA—								
Canadian Union College, Lacombe.....	49	46	46	28				
Concordia College, Edmonton.....	50	8	*	*				
Mt. Royal College, Calgary.....	45	9	37	2				
Juniorat St-Jean, Edmonton.....	24	—	18	—				
BRITISH COLUMBIA—								
Victoria College, Victoria.....	228	113	233	128				

\* Record not available.



## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1950		1949	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>4. Agriculture—</b>				
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown, P.E.I.....	7	—	16	1
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro, N.S.....	45	2	72	2
Ecole Supérieure d'Agriculture, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière, Que.....	39	—	33	—
Institut Agricole d'Oka, La Trappe, Qué.....	129	—	129	—
Macdonald College, Macdonald College, Que.....	314	25	356	30
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont.....	559	7	761	10
Faculty of Agriculture, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	161	7	324	9
College of Agriculture, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	277	6	393	8
Faculty of Agriculture, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	260	3	338	4
Faculty of Agriculture, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C..	327	38	410	50
<b>5. Architecture—</b>				
Department of Architecture, Faculty of Applied Science, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	109	4	101	6
Ecole des Beaux-Arts, Montréal, Qué.....	*	—	*	—
School of Architecture, Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	228	6	258	6
Faculty of Engineering and Architecture, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	147	12	250	15
Faculty of Applied Science, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	85	2	96	2
<b>6. Applied Science and Engineering—</b>				
<sup>2</sup> Memorial University College, St. John's, Nfld.....	73	—	*	—
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax, N.S.....	424	—	355	—
<sup>2</sup> Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	80	—	115	—
<sup>2</sup> Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	133	—	175	—
<sup>2</sup> St. Mary's College, Halifax, N.S.....	56	—	40	—
<sup>2</sup> St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.....	165	—	194	—
<sup>2</sup> Mt. Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	105	—	133	—
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.....	357	1	459	1
Faculty of Applied Science, McGill University, Montreal, Qué.....	1,436	3	1,468	3
Ecole Polytechnique, Montréal, Qué.....	457	—	457	—
Faculté des Sciences, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	159	—	187	—
Faculty of Applied Science, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	944	3	1,064	3
Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	2,897	7	3,790	9
Royal Military College of Canada, Kingston, Ont.....	—	—	—	—
<sup>3</sup> Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	55	—	47	—
<sup>3</sup> Carleton College, Ottawa, Ont.....	62	—	69	—
Faculty of Engineering and Architecture, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	477	—	765	—
College of Engineering, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	650	—	916	1
<sup>3</sup> Regina College, Regina, Sask.....	33	—	35	—
Faculty of Engineering, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	753	2	899	5
Faculty of Applied Science, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	1,380	1	1,645	1
<b>7. Commerce—</b>				
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown, P.E.I.....	14	1	13	1
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	161	6	190	11
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.....	79	2	30	—
St. Mary's College, Halifax, N.S.....	46	—	64	—
Université Saint-Joseph, N.B.....	27	—	37	—
<sup>4</sup> Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	27	1	37	—
L'Ecole Supérieure de Commerce de Québec, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	246	1	242	—
Ecole des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, Montréal, Qué.....	380	3	380	3
School of Commerce, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	608	28	763	36
Sir George Williams College, Montreal, Que.....	216	12	207	11
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	122	—	134	—
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa, Ont.....	49	3	59	3
Carleton College, Ottawa, Ont.....	50	4	81	1
University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	†	†	†	†
School of Commerce and Administration, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	189	14	277	17

<sup>2</sup> The pre-specialized years only of the Engineering course.

† Included in Arts.

<sup>3</sup> First two years of Engineering.

\* Record not available.

<sup>4</sup> First two years of Commerce and Finance.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1950		1949	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>7. Commerce—Concluded</b>				
Department of Business Administration, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	118	4	228	9
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	151	10	272	21
College of Commerce, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	192	22	265	22
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	128	18	225	21
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	385	30	549	37
<b>8. Dentistry—</b>				
Faculty of Dentistry, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	46	2	40	1
Faculty of Dentistry, McGill University, Montréal, Qué.....	145	2	144	1
Faculté de chirurgie dentaire, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	224	—	224	—
Faculty of Dentistry, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	536	30	550	8
Faculty of Medicine and Dentistry, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	134	2	122	1
<b>9. Education—</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	24	2	15	6
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	14	9	4	9
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	—	31	—	22
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.....	26	8	20	2
Mt. Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	6	—	6	2
Ecole de pédagogie, Université Laval, Québec.....	27	22	17	7
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Qué.....	5	1	9	5
McGill University, Montréal, Qué.....	13	2	11	2
Institut pédagogique, Université de Montréal, Qué.....	*	*	*	*
Institut pédagogique St-Georges, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	75	8	46	7
Ecole normale secondaire, Université de Montréal, Qué.....	28	—	20	—
Ontario College of Education, Toronto, Ont.....	293	134	282	178
Faculty of Education, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	76	44	46	33
College of Education, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	171	94	220	100
Faculty of Education, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	271	227	343	182
Department of Education, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	179	40	110	35
<b>10. Fisheries—</b>				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	*	—	*	—
Ecole des pêcheries, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière, Qué.....	10	—	11	—
<b>11. Forestry—</b>				
Department of Applied Science, University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.....	301	—	400	—
Ecole d'arpentage et de génie forestier, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	102	—	93	—
Faculty of Forestry, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	251	—	303	—
Department of Forestry, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	207	1	224	1
<b>12. Home Economics and Dietetics—</b>				
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	—	7	—	7
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	—	68	—	70
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.....	—	39	—	47
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	—	55	—	54
Ecole supérieure des sciences domestiques de Saint-Pascal, Qué.....	—	63	—	57
Macdonald College, Macdonald College, Qué.....	—	157	—	160
Institut de diététique et de nutrition, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	—	71	—	71
Ecole ménagère provinciale, 461 est, rue Sherbrooke, Montréal, Qué.....	—	—	—	—
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont.....	—	56	—	25
Faculty of Household Science, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	—	15	—	15
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	—	70	—	76
Faculty of Agriculture and Home Economics, University of Manitoba, Fort Garry, Man.....	1	307	—	382
School of Household Science, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	—	75	—	90
School of Household Economics, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	—	72	—	86
Department of Home Economics, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	—	191	—	220
<b>13. Journalism—</b>				
University of King's College, Halifax, N.S.....	1	3	7	5
St. Mary's College, Halifax, N.S.....	4	—	5	—
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	—	3	—	4
Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	—	—	—	—
Carleton College, Ottawa, Ont.....	58	18	83	20
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	31	16	38	15

\* Record not available.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1950		1949	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>14. Law—</b>				
Faculty of Law, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	180	4	198	2
Faculty of Law, University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.....	56	2	54	1
Faculté de droit, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	174	—	178	5
Faculté de droit, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	226	9	226	9
Faculty of Law, McGill University, Montréal, Qué.....	169	12	208	11
Department of Law, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	82	6	68	5
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto, Ont.....	675	21	721	24
Manitoba Law School (Old Law Court Building), Winnipeg, Man.....	164	4	180	2
College of Law, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	124	2	120	2
Faculty of Law, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	137	3	112	—
Faculty of Law, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	424	22	449	24
<b>15. Library Science—</b>				
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	—	—	—	1
Library School, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	16	33	17	21
Ecole de bibliothécaires, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	10	9	10	9
Library School, Ontario College of Education, Toronto, Ont.....	13	49	6	42
Ecole de bibliothécaires, Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	3	21	2	17
Faculté des Lettres, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	5	19	*	*
<b>16. Medicine—</b>				
Faculty of Medicine, Dalhousie, University, Halifax, N.S.....	257	14	248	10
Faculté de médecine, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	587	10	557	9
Faculté de médecine, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	455	30	455	30
Faculty of Medicine, McGill University, Montréal, Qué.....	422	31	432	32
Faculty of Medicine, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	256	7	208	7
Faculty of Medicine, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	310	26	303	22
Faculty of Medicine, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	896	87	910	99
Faculty of Medicine, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	264	24	249	29
Faculty of Medicine, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	336	23	313	25
School of Medical Science (pre-clinical years only), University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	58	3	60	3
Faculty of Medicine, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	183	14	206	18
<b>17. Music (Degree Courses in Music)—</b>				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	2	7	1	11
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	4	7	5	11
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	—	6	—	9
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	7	26	6	34
Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	8	49	10	46
Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	50	110	50	110
McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	30	38	41	42
University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	70	39	75	39
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	2	12	3	16
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	—	—	—	—
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	—	—	1	1
<b>18. Nursing (Post-Graduate diploma and Degree Courses)—</b>				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.....	—	16	—	—
School of Nursing, Saint Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.....	—	9	—	11
School of Nursing, Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	—	3	—	5
School of Nursing, St. Thomas College, Chatham, N.B.....	—	5	—	5
School of Graduate Nurses, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	—	80	—	156
Ecole d'hygiène sociale appliquée, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	—	49	—	49
Institut Marguerite d'Youville, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	—	175	—	175
Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	—	14	—	15
School of Nursing, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	—	15	—	24
School of Public Health Nursing, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	—	30	—	29
School of Nursing, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	—	262	—	228
School of Nursing, McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont.....	—	†	—	†
Faculty of Public Health, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	—	109	—	36
School of Nursing Education, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	—	15	—	15
School of Nursing, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	—	50	—	51
School of Nursing, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	—	259	—	127
Department of Nursing and Health, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	—	103	—	100
<b>19. Optometry—</b>				
*Ecole d'Optométrie, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	50	2	50	2
College of Optometry of Canada, 138 St. George St., Toronto, Ont.....	*	*	*	*

\* Record not available.

† Included in Ar's.



## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Continued

	1950		1949	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>20. Pharmacy—</b>				
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Halifax, N.S.....	51	6	62	4
Ecole de Pharmacie, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	85	11	73	5
Ecole de Pharmacie, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	220	5	220	5
Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto, Ont.....	285	40	278	45
Pharmacy Department, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	90	6	91	8
College of Pharmacy, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	162	25	210	29
School of Pharmacy, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.....	92	21	103	20
Department of Pharmacy, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	159	29	169	25
<b>21. Physical Education—</b>				
The School of Physical Education, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	77	76	87	73
School of Physical and Health Education, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	82	113	123	121
School of Physical and Health Education, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.....	42	28	39	19
Department of Physical and Health Education, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	12	3	9	—
School of Physical Education, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.....	—	—	—	—
Department of Physical and Health Education, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	90	33	107	35
<b>22. Secretarial Science—</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	3	56	2	57
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.....	—	26	—	20
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.....	—	4	—	6
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.....	48	83	—	121
<b>23. Social Work—</b>				
Maritime School of Social Work, Halifax, N.S.....	6	11	1	15
Ecole des Sciences sociales, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.....	16	30	19	35
Ecole des Sciences sociales, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.....	11	53	16	83
McGill School of Social Work, 3480 University St., Montreal, Que.....	11	37	14	64
Saint Patrick's College, Ottawa.....	13	17	3	2
School of Social Work, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.....	42	43	42	51
Department of Social Work, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.....	12	24	14	22
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	41	64	39	69
<b>24. Therapy, Occupational and Physiotherapy—</b>				
School of Physiotherapy, McGill University, Montreal, Que.....	—	50	—	31
Department of Extension, University of Toronto, Ont.....	—	196	—	260
<b>25. Veterinary Science—</b>				
Ecole de Médecine vétérinaire, St-Hyacinthe, Qué.....	110	—	110	—
Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph, Ont.....	422	11	479	15
<b>26. Theology—</b>				
<b>BAPTIST CHURCH—</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.....	11	2	9	3
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont.....	36	15	25	14
<b>CHURCH OF ENGLAND—</b>				
King's College, Halifax, N.S.....	11	—	9	—
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que.....	8	—	9	—
Diocesan Theological College, Montreal, Que.....	*	—	2	—
Trinity College, Toronto, Ont.....	48	1	52	—
Wycliffe College, Toronto, Ont.....	56	—	55	—
Anglican Women's Training College, Toronto, Ont.....	—	32	—	23
Huron College, London, Ontario.....	57	—	56	—
St. John's College, Winnipeg, Man.....	21	—	21	2
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon, Sask.....	16	—	21	—
St. Chad's College, Regina, Sask.....	10	—	9	—
Anglican Theological College, Vancouver, B.C.....	27	—	7	—
<b>LUTHERAN CHURCH—</b>				
Waterloo College, Waterloo, Ont.....	12	—	10	—
Lutheran College Seminary, Saskatoon, Sask.....	20	—	8	—
Luther Theological Sem. (Nor), Saskatoon, Sask.....	26	—	30	—

\* Record not available.

## 2.—LIST OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ETC.—Concluded

	1950		1949	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>26. Theology—Concluded</b>				
<b>PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—</b>				
Presbyterian Theological College, Montreal, Que.....	13	—	6	—
Knox College, Toronto, Ont.....	48	—	47	—
<b>UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA—</b>				
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax, N.S.....	35	—	50	—
United Theological College, Montreal, Que.....	17	1	20	—
Queen's Theological College, Kingston, Ont.....	23	—	22	—
Victoria University (Emmanuel College), Toronto, Ont.....	124	10	117	7
United Church Training School, Toronto, Ont.....	—	28	—	30
United College, Winnipeg, Man.....	31	1	27	1
St. Andrews College, Saskatoon, Sask.....	36	—	34	2
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton, Alta.....	12	—	11	1
Union College of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.....	31	—	25	—
<b>ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (SECULAR CLERGY)—</b>				
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax, N.S.....	81	—	83	—
Université Laval (Grand Séminaire), Québec, Qué.....	229	—	245	—
Université de Montréal (Grand Séminaire), Montréal, Qué.....	315	—	315	—
Séminaire de Missions Etrangères, Pont-Viau, Qué.....	*	—	*	—
Grand Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.....	189	—	134	—
Séminaire Universitaire Saint-Paul, Ottawa, Ont.....	182	—	189	—
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto, Ont.....	115	—	101	—
Chinese Missions Seminary, Scarboro Bluffs, Ont.....	*	—	*	—
St. Peter's Seminary, London, Ont.....	69	—	73	—
Grand Séminaire Saint-Joseph, Edmonton, Alberta.....	34	—	34	—
<b>ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (CLERGY IN COMMUNITIES)—</b>				
Compagnie de Saint-Sulpice (Sulpiciens), Montréal, Canadian College at Rome, Italy.....				
Congrégation du Très-Saint-Rédempteur (Rédemptoristes), Aylmer, Qué.....				
Compagnie de Jésus (Jésuites), Montréal, Qué.....	(Estimated Total)			
Clercs de Saint-Viateur, Joliette, Qué.....				
Congrégation de Sainte-Croix, Montréal et St-Laurent.....				
Ordre des Franciscains ou Frères-Mineurs (Franciscains), Montréal et Québec, Qué.....	453	—	482	—
Cisterciens de la Stricte Observance (Trappistes), Notre-Dame-du-Lac, Qué.....				
Congrégation de Jésus et Marie (Eudistes), Charlesbourg, Qué.....				
Ordres des Frères-Mineurs (Capucins), Pte-aux-Trembles, Qué.....				
Congrégation du Très-Saint-Sacrement, Montréal, Qué.....				
Scolasticat de philosophie (Oblats), Richelieu, Qué.....				
Pères Blancs (Missionnaires d'Afrique), Eastview, Ont.....	71	—	73	—
Scolasticat St-Joseph, Ottawa, Ont.....	73	—	*	—
Holy Rosary Scholasticate, Orleans, Ont. (R.R. 1, Ottawa).....	10	—	*	—
Scolasticat St. Jean, Eastview, Ont.....	19	—	14	—
Ordres des Dominicains, Ottawa, Ont.....	41	—	36	—
Company of Jesus (Jesuits), Toronto, Ont.....	25	—	25	—
Order of St. Basil (Basilian Fathers), Toronto, Ont.....	48	—	78	—
Congregation of the Resurrection, London, Ont.....	*	—	*	—
Congregation of the Very Holy Redeemer (Redemptorists), Woodstock, Ont.....	13	—	15	—
Regina Cleri Seminary (Franciscans), Regina, Sask.....	8	—	6	—

\* Record not available.



### 3.—Full-Time Students of the Regular Session by Provinces and Faculties

Province	Undergraduates																Post-Graduates <sup>3</sup>				Others <sup>4</sup>					
	Arts <sup>2</sup>	Pure Science <sup>1</sup>	Agriculture	Architecture	Commerce	Dentistry	Education	Engineering and Applied Science	Forestry	Household Science	Law	Medicine	Music	Public Health and Nursing	Pharmacy	Social Service	Theology	Veterinary Science	Others	Total (excl. duplicates)		Arts and Science	Others	Total	Pre-matriculation	
Newfoundland.....	59	61	-	-	-	-	131	73	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	324	-	-	-	-	-	
Prince Edward Island.....	131	135	7	17	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	298	306	-	-	527	76	
Nova Scotia.....	126	149	-	-	-	-	-	858	-	114	184	271	26	28	57	17	140	-	10	4,016	101	9	110	348	151	
New Brunswick.....	1,034	689	47	74	379	48	114	879	-	124	200	268	37	16	66	16	154	-	40	4,307	80	-	80	408	51	
Quebec.....	1,227	723	74	-	374	41	78	879	-	-	-	-	33	4	-	-	41	-	20	2,195	38	-	38	536	11	
Ontario.....	813	300	-	-	59	-	6	462	343	55	58	-	40	5	-	-	42	-	20	2,509	25	5	30	730	10	
Manitoba.....	768	364	-	-	80	-	8	693	400	54	-	-	-	5	-	-	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Saskatchewan.....	1,867	509	143	1	1,494	371	181	2,034	98	796	599	1,535	285	318	321	158	1,045	110	375	19,687	1,356	323	1,679	17,174	882	
Alberta.....	2,198	548	137	1,642	1,642	369	124	2,088	102	288	637	1,515	299	395	303	231	1,094	110	301	20,317	1,391	325	1,716	17,332	1,124	
British Columbia.....	10,387	814	566	234	684	556	427	3,968	251	141	784	1,874	123	416	325	115	1,102	433	379	23,478	1,809	517	2,326	2,962	346	
Canada.....	11,285	640	771	264	930	558	460	4,982	303	116	818	1,827	133	341	323	98	1,126	494	834	26,303	1,008	306	1,314	3,040	349	
Manitoba.....	2,164	-	168	159	161	-	120	477	-	308	168	359	-	15	96	36	54	-	84	4,369	97	77	174	665	267	
Saskatchewan.....	2,571	-	333	265	293	-	79	765	-	382	182	338	-	15	99	36	51	-	119	5,528	63	32	95	869	111	
Alberta.....	1,229	-	283	-	214	-	265	650	-	75	126	61	-	50	187	-	116	-	-	3,256	65	39	104	844	195	
British Columbia.....	1,354	-	401	-	287	-	320	917	-	90	122	63	2	51	239	-	110	-	-	3,950	70	39	109	808	202	
Manitoba.....	523	507	263	-	146	136	498	755	-	72	140	197	-	259	113	-	53	-	-	3,662	143	116	259	727	457	
Saskatchewan.....	482	635	342	-	246	123	525	904	-	86	112	224	-	127	123	-	53	-	2	3,984	104	114	218	656	53	
Alberta.....	3,623	-	365	87	428	-	219	1,381	208	191	446	-	-	103	188	105	58	-	123	7,525	297	135	432	-	15	
British Columbia.....	4,168	-	480	98	586	-	145	1,646	225	220	473	-	-	100	194	108	32	-	142	8,597	354	98	452	-	14	
Canada.....	27,911	4,373	2,298	623	3,590	1,121	1,961	10,658	900	1,232	2,505	1,297	467	1,194	1,287	431	2,699	543	991	69,011	3,906	1,216	5,122	23,783	2,399	
	1949	29,927	4,709	2,946	764	4,452	1,091	1,739	12,874	1,030	1,360	2,599	1,225	511	1,050	1,347	489	2,659	604	1,431	75,507	3,095	919	4,014	2,288	1,915

<sup>1</sup> Included in Arts by several universities.

<sup>2</sup> Includes philosophy.

<sup>3</sup> For part time enrolment see table 4.

\* Includes diploma and certificate courses not of degree credit.

\* Record not available.

## 4.—Part-Time Students in the Regular Session by Province and Faculty

Province and Course	Undergraduates				Post-graduates				Others			
	1950		1949		1950		1949		1950		1949	
	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.
Newfoundland.....	2	3	*	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Part-time Arts and Science.....	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Prince Edward Island.....	1	4	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Part-time Arts and Sciences.....	1	4	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nova Scotia.....	45	73	49	75	5	1	1	2	13	3	28	89
Part-time Arts and Science.....	36	56	37	44	5	1	1	2	13	3	-	-
Agriculture.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Music.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	89
Theology.....	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Education.....	-	7	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other.....	5	10	11	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Brunswick.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70	183	118	232
Part-time Arts and Science.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	62
Agriculture.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	-
Music.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	85	52	170
Theology.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	98	-	-
Quebec.....	762	686	708	549	34	30	34	30	500	3,052	174	961
Part-time Arts and Science.....	537	610	515	414	34	30	34	30	114	137	42	45
Agriculture.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Music.....	-	-	37	35	-	-	-	-	210	1,525	-	542
Theology.....	220	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	160	50	-	-
Education.....	-	32	135	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	125
Other.....	5	44	21	54	-	-	-	-	16	1,340	132	249
Ontario (excluding duplicates).....	860	335	1,200	896	89	73	599	226	50	462	20	177
Part-time Arts and Science.....	545	177	775	783	86	59	564	214	39	53	19	10
Agriculture.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-
Music.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	13	-	167
Theology.....	74	45	15	40	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Education.....	220	33	209	62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other.....	21	80	201	11	3	14	35	12	-	394	-	-
Manitoba (excluding duplicates).....	164	101	64	56	-	-	-	-	79	223	-	3
Part-time Arts and Science.....	56	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Agriculture.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Music.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79	223	-	3
Theology.....	-	-	7	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education.....	108	61	57	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Saskatchewan.....	29	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	205	300	281	320
Part-time Arts and Science.....	5	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Agriculture.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Music.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	205	300	280	320
Theology.....	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Education.....	7	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alberta.....	79	86	93	74	-	-	-	-	120	343	139	332
Part-time Arts and Science.....	31	24	81	61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Agriculture.....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Music.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120	343	-	-
Theology.....	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education.....	37	52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other.....	10	10	10	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	139	332
British Columbia.....	26	18	32	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Part-time Arts and Science.....	26	18	32	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Agriculture.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Music.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Theology.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Canada (excluding duplicates).....	1,968	1,322	2,149	1,677	128	104	634	258	1,037	4,566	760	2,114
Part-time Arts and Science.....	1,239	936	1,443	1,329	125	90	599	246	166	193	103	117
Agriculture.....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	25	-
Music.....	-	-	37	35	-	-	-	-	646	2,489	395	1,326
Theology.....	315	45	25	48	-	-	-	-	160	51	28	48
Education.....	372	197	401	175	-	-	-	-	-	-	401	300
Others.....	41	144	243	90	3	14	35	12	64	278	549	683

\* Record not available.

## 5.—Students in Summer Schools, Short Courses and Other Extra-Mural Courses

Province and Course	Undergraduates				Post-graduates				Others			
	1950		1949		1950		1949		1950		1949	
	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.
Newfoundland.....	203	382	*	*	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Summer School.....	203	382	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nova Scotia.....	60	276	26	222	31	12	36	4	168	58	4,512	680
Summer School.....	55	215	22	164	5	12	36	4	134	29	8	127
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	32	—
Evening Classes.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	450	50
Correspondence.....	5	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	31	9	22	3
Other Extramural.....	—	60	—	58	26	—	—	—	3	20	4,000	500
New Brunswick.....	65	389	112	145	—	—	—	—	195	99	147	437
Summer School.....	65	389	112	145	—	—	—	—	160	56	96	367
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Evening Classes.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	10
Correspondence.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	35	43	47	60
Other Extramural.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	2,991	1,526	3,036	850	311	11	263	94	6,481	3,594	3,720	3,111
Summer School.....	1,062	874	548	354	239	11	263	94	463	488	616	860
Other Short Courses.....	12	135	12	135	—	—	—	—	—	27	147	204
Evening Classes.....	1,491	487	2,476	361	—	—	—	—	5,531	2,799	2,463	1,767
Correspondence.....	426	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	117	—	124	—
Other External.....	—	—	—	—	72	—	—	—	370	280	370	280
Ontario (excluding duplicates).....	4,593	3,162	6,385	4,404	80	15	241	—	6,222	2,861	6,196	4,704
Summer School.....	901	983	852	928	—	—	—	—	134	33	100	4
Other Short Courses.....	57	1	51	11	—	—	—	—	1,336	182	1,088	373
Evening Classes.....	1,478	1,319	1,340	1,214	—	—	198	—	353	239	5,008	4,327
Correspondence.....	591	488	1,378	1,301	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other External.....	1,566	371	2,764	950	80	15	43	—	4,399	2,357	—	—
Manitoba (excluding duplicates).....	705	320	741	348	—	—	—	—	1,401	2,477	1,657	718
Summer School.....	387	263	460	322	—	—	—	—	92	137	79	60
Other Short Courses.....	17	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	315	1,591	197	17
Evening Classes.....	248	—	241	1	—	—	—	—	136	60	81	62
Correspondence.....	53	41	40	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Extramural.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	858	689	1,300	579
Saskatchewan.....	1,118	1,760	1,585	1,749	—	—	—	—	276	13	—	—
Summer School.....	814	960	1,016	1,172	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Evening Classes.....	148	210	163	227	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Correspondence.....	169	590	400	350	—	—	—	—	276	13	—	—
Other Extramural.....	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alberta.....	710	816	843	1,242	—	—	—	—	156	492	100	120
Summer School.....	710	816	819	1,236	—	—	—	—	67	401	—	—
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	21	6	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—
Evening Classes.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	76	91	100	120
Correspondence.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Extramural.....	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
British Columbia.....	1,062	445	1,289	632	183	73	—	—	179	247	48	149
Summer School.....	816	358	1,145	533	183	73	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	101	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Evening Classes.....	43	35	43	61	—	—	—	—	179	247	48	149
Correspondence.....	170	87	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Extramural.....	33	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Canada (excluding duplicates).....	11,507	9,126	14,017	9,592	605	111	540	98	15,078	9,841	16,380	9,919
Summer School.....	5,013	5,240	4,974	4,854	427	96	497	98	1,050	1,144	899	1,418
Other Short Courses.....	86	152	185	190	—	—	—	—	1,664	1,800	1,464	594
Evening Classes.....	3,400	2,051	4,263	1,864	—	—	—	—	6,275	3,486	8,154	6,485
Correspondence.....	1,409	1,237	1,822	1,676	—	—	—	—	459	65	193	63
Other Extramural.....	1,599	446	2,773	1,008	178	15	43	—	5,630	3,346	5,670	1,359

\* Record not available.

## 6.—Summary of All Students Reported, Classified by Grade of Work

Province		A. Students of University Grade		B. Pre- matriculation students		C. All students not in A. or B.		Total enrolment (excluding duplicates)		
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
Newfoundland.....	1950	467	447	—	—	—	—	467	447	914
	*1949	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Prince Edward Island.....	1950	246	57	300	227	14	62	560	346	906
	1949	258	55	279	166	—	—	537	221	758
Nova Scotia.....	1950	3,518	1,114	313	55	232	52	4,063	1,221	5,284
	1949	3,672	1,120	357	51	4,584	776	8,613	1,957	10,570
New Brunswick.....	1950	1,989	698	621	21	185	267	2,795	986	3,781
	1949	2,335	461	730	—	265	679	3,330	1,140	4,470
Quebec.....	1950	21,580	6,137	11,118	6,996	6,545	7,034	39,243	20,167	59,410
	1949	22,211	5,386	10,134	7,198	4,229	4,861	36,574	17,445	54,019
Ontario.....	1950	26,017	9,195	2,962	294	6,258	3,389	35,237	12,878	48,115
	1949	30,567	11,001	2,863	177	6,472	4,974	39,902	16,152	56,054
Manitoba.....	1950	4,213	1,620	595	70	1,694	2,753	6,502	4,443	10,945
	1949	5,018	1,814	732	137	1,767	722	7,517	2,673	10,190
Saskatchewan.....	1950	3,906	2,377	676	168	676	313	5,258	2,858	8,116
	1949	4,982	2,417	612	196	483	320	6,077	2,933	9,010
Alberta.....	1950	3,771	1,841	442	285	404	1,164	4,617	3,290	7,907
	1949	4,364	2,090	413	243	246	498	5,023	2,831	7,854
British Columbia.....	1950	7,469	2,345	—	—	191	249	7,660	2,594	10,254
	1949	8,435	2,590	—	—	62	150	8,497	2,740	11,237
Canada.....	1950	73,176	25,831	17,027	8,116	16,199	15,283	106,402	49,230	155,632
	1949	81,842	26,944	16,120	8,168	18,108	12,980	116,070	48,092	164,162

\* Record not available.

## 7.—Summary of All Students Reported, Classified as Full-Time, Part-Time, Short Courses, etc.

Province		Full-time students		Part-time students of the regular session		Short course evening, extra mural, and extension students		Total enrolment (excluding duplicates)		
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
Newfoundland.....	1950	262	62	2	3	203	382	467	447	914
	*1949	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Prince Edward Island.....	1950	559	342	1	4	—	—	560	346	906
	1949	534	217	3	4	—	—	537	221	758
Nova Scotia.....	1950	3,741	798	63	77	259	346	4,063	1,221	5,284
	1949	3,961	885	78	166	4,574	906	8,613	1,957	10,570
New Brunswick.....	1950	2,465	315	70	183	260	488	2,795	986	3,781
	1949	2,953	326	118	232	259	582	3,330	1,140	4,470
Quebec.....	1950	28,164	11,268	1,296	3,768	9,783	5,131	39,243	20,167	59,410
	1949	28,639	11,850	916	1,540	7,019	4,055	36,574	17,445	54,019
Ontario.....	1950	23,343	5,970	999	870	10,895	6,038	35,237	12,878	48,115
	1949	25,261	5,745	1,819	1,299	12,822	9,108	39,902	16,152	56,054
Manitoba.....	1950	4,153	1,322	243	324	2,106	2,797	6,502	4,443	10,945
	1949	5,055	1,548	64	59	2,398	1,066	7,517	2,673	10,190
Saskatchewan.....	1950	3,630	769	234	316	1,394	1,773	5,258	2,858	8,116
	1949	4,211	864	281	320	1,585	1,749	6,077	2,933	9,010
Alberta.....	1950	3,552	1,553	199	429	866	1,308	4,617	3,290	7,907
	1949	3,848	1,063	232	406	943	1,362	5,023	2,831	7,854
British Columbia.....	1950	6,210	1,761	26	18	1,424	815	7,660	2,594	10,254
	1949	7,128	1,936	32	23	1,337	781	8,497	2,740	11,237
Canada.....	1950	76,079	24,160	3,133	5,992	27,190	19,078	106,402	49,230	155,632
	1949	81,590	24,434	3,543	4,019	30,937	19,609	116,070	48,092	164,162

\* Record not available.



8.—Summary of Degrees and Diplomas Granted

University	Diplomas and Certificate		Bachelor <sup>3</sup>		Master and Licence <sup>4</sup>		Doctor (In Course)		Doctor (Honorary)		Total	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Dalhousie-Kings <sup>1</sup> .....	94	27	289	61	26	4	-	-	5	-	414	92
	88	15	259	42	10	6	-	-	8	1	365	64
Acadia.....	16	18	148	50	13	3	-	-	6	-	183	71
	39	22	137	63	14	10	-	-	6	-	196	95
Saint-Francis-Xavier.....	73	9	128	36	1	1	-	-	4	1	206	47
	72	3	107	36	1	-	-	-	5	1	185	40
New Brunswick.....	-	-	390	15	15	1	-	-	32	2	437	18
	-	-	340	21	7	-	-	-	4	1	351	22
Mount Allison.....	32	16	69	40	3	-	-	-	7	-	111	56
	53	33	75	39	2	-	-	-	6	1	136	73
Bishops.....	-	-	47	6	5	3	-	-	5	-	57	9
	9	5	44	6	3	1	-	-	5	-	61	12
McGill.....	72	101	1,256	349	128	28	40	2	8	-	1,504	480
	26	82	1,357	372	110	40	64	6	6	1	1,563	501
Laval.....	89	43	838	89	200	28	17	4	3	-	1,147	164
	118	77	749	87	188	18	12	4	24	-	1,091	186
Montreal.....	139	102	1,063	177	266	49	26	8	12	-	1,506	336
	106	104	960	126	314	41	21	1	38	-	1,439	272
Toronto.....	120	387	3,265	787	349	72	90	3	6	-	3,830	1,249
	101	338	3,268	841	291	81	56	8	5	-	3,721	1,208
Victoria <sup>2</sup> .....	16	3	35	3	-	-	-	-	4	-	55	6
	13	-	10	-	-	-	3	-	5	-	31	-
Trinity <sup>2</sup> .....	13	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	23	-
	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	6	-



8.—Summary of Degrees and Diplomas Granted—Concluded

University	Diplomas and Certificate		Bachelor <sup>3</sup>		Master and Licence <sup>4</sup>		Doctor (In Course)		Doctor (Honorary)		Total	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Western Ontario.....	35	63	673	203	35	6	2	1	11	1	756	274
1949	23	39	866	178	24	5	1	—	14	1	728	223
Queen's.....	—	—	590	131	39	5	—	—	10	1	639	137
1949	—	—	603	157	39	3	—	—	12	—	654	161
Ottawa.....	21	17	296	66	75	10	20	2	5	1	417	96
1949	—	—	246	63	65	4	15	—	10	—	335	67
McMaster.....	7	—	204	91	22	—	—	—	6	—	239	91
1949	2	8	180	77	11	—	—	—	4	1	197	86
Manitoba.....	104	85	1,038	251	46	7	—	1	5	—	1,193	344
1949	100	103	1,966	322	28	1	2	—	8	1	1,104	427
Saskatchewan.....	269	103	840	171	53	7	—	—	4	—	1,166	281
1949	247	114	985	207	31	2	—	—	8	—	1,271	323
Alberta.....	183	259	1,011	188	67	6	—	—	7	—	1,268	453
1949	163	160	1,008	204	63	5	—	—	5	—	1,239	399
British Columbia.....	5	29	1,688	394	89	23	2	—	10	2	1,794	448
1949	107	53	1,665	427	84	25	—	—	11	—	1,867	505
Other Institutions.....	658	146	964	137	11	3	8	—	28	—	1,669	286
1949	449	339	843	147	73	13	1	—	35	—	1,401	499
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>1,946</b>	<b>1,408</b>	<b>14,836</b>	<b>3,245</b>	<b>1,443</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>18,614</b>	<b>4,988</b>
1949	1,716	1,496	14,468	3,415	1,364	255	175	19	219	8	17,942	5,193

<sup>1</sup> All degrees except those in theology granted by Dalhousie.<sup>2</sup> All degrees except those in theology entered under "Toronto."<sup>3</sup> Medical, dental and veterinary doctors included in "bachelor" column.<sup>4</sup> The licence in the French language universities is the next degree in advance of bachelor, as the Master's degree is in the English.

9.—University-grade Students of the Regular Session Attending Outside Their Province of Residence

	Number of students															Total non-residents in each province	Number specified by province	Students of full time University grade	
	From Newfoundland	From P.E.I.	From N.S.	From N.B.	From Que.	From Ont.	From Man.	From Sask.	From Alta.	From B.C.	From Yukon and N.W.T.	From U.S.A.	From U.K.	From British West Indies	From Other Countries				
In Newfoundland.....1950	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	324	—	324
1949	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Prince Edward Island 1950	—	—	3	5	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	1	35	298	298
1949	—	—	2	4	20	2	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	33	299	306	306
Nova Scotia.....1950	225	210	—	536	170	104	5	3	5	9	—	181	5	24	33	1,510	3,963	4,126	4,126
1949	210	165	—	574	142	73	5	9	12	11	—	159	6	39	16	1,421	4,210	4,387	4,387
New Brunswick.....1950	54	56	233	—	160	123	15	5	2	4	—	35	6	13	17	723	2,157	2,233	2,233
1949	70	55	302	—	291	157	20	7	2	4	—	35	3	23	24	991	2,467	2,539	2,539
Quebec.....1950	75	57	187	205	—	1,051	120	127	96	174	1	820	102	187	344	3,546	20,454	21,366	21,366
1949	70	74	214	247	—	1,015	117	134	92	180	1	778	77	177	300	3,476	20,961	22,033	22,033
Ontario.....1950	38	46	202	126	488	—	261	370	281	355	—	742	21	38	394	3,362	23,598	26,005	26,005
1949	44	59	206	161	429	—	277	460	322	393	—	684	46	32	408	3,523	25,161	27,617	27,617
Manitoba.....1950	—	2	3	1	13	106	—	269	99	48	—	28	5	23	21	618	4,454	4,543	4,543
1949	—	—	5	9	10	122	—	273	104	65	—	27	1	6	1	623	5,583	5,623	5,623
Saskatchewan .....1950	—	1	3	1	4	33	44	—	89	50	—	7	19	3	19	273	3,147	3,360	3,360
1949	—	—	2	1	4	37	49	—	96	57	—	11	13	2	18	290	3,959	4,065	4,065
Alberta.....1950	2	1	8	2	3	18	25	146	—	84	—	3	—	—	19	311	3,826	3,921	3,921
1949	—	—	2	2	2	18	21	121	—	102	1	3	—	—	16	286	4,158	4,098	4,098
British Columbia...1950	1	3	12	3	19	102	101	189	347	—	12	57	18	61	925	7,957	7,957	7,957	7,957
1949	—	3	16	7	34	97	99	224	399	—	11	55	12	42	999	9,035	9,049	9,049	9,049
Canada...1950	395	376	651	879	881	1,537	571	1,109	919	724	13	1,875	176	288	909	11,303	70,208	74,133	74,133
1949	394	354	749	1,003	932	1,521	588	1,228	1,027	812	13	1,759	158	279	825	11,642	75,833	79,821	79,821

Note.—Some of the institutions providing information for this table reported more than their students of university grade in the full time session.

\* Record not available.

## 10.—Teaching Staffs

	Arts, Letters and Pure Science				Professional Faculties				Pre-matriculation				Total teaching staff (excluding duplicates)			
	Full time		Part time		Full time		Part time		Full time		Part time		Full time		Part time	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Newfoundland <sup>1</sup> .....	10	4	-	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	1	-	14	9	-	2
1949.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Prince Edward Island.....	18	10	5	-	-	-	-	-	21	10	6	6	35	14	9	2
1949.....	19	4	1	-	5	5	-	-	17	10	5	2	34	13	6	2
Nova Scotia.....	140	18	23	14	116	21	152	15	18	4	4	1	247	43	171	24
1949.....	132	21	21	11	80	18	134	17	20	3	1	1	228	42	149	25
New Brunswick.....	106	5	3	1	46	14	36	24	60	4	20	5	199	23	53	30
1949.....	107	9	12	6	67	4	31	17	47	-	18	-	211	8	45	23
Quebec.....	964	183	292	34	1,363	126	1,162	115	662	614	-	-	2,636	800	1,501	130
1949.....	966	171	358	38	1,366	122	1,103	105	654	563	36	8	2,686	801	1,556	131
Ontario.....	741	116	448	92	796	67	715	84	192	23	38	8	1,646	198	1,169	173
1949.....	720	129	424	102	816	49	640	83	173	23	16	8	1,647	191	1,036	178
Manitoba.....	153	11	14	3	74	24	189	11	38	2	-	-	258	36	203	14
1949.....	149	27	19	7	102	21	115	33	41	4	9	-	280	52	128	38
Saskatchewan.....	92	6	20	2	86	10	25	-	35	7	24	2	213	23	54	2
1949.....	107	11	11	-	103	11	41	13	47	11	8	5	215	30	52	13
Alberta.....	91	13	148	32	150	17	232	152	24	8	6	5	255	36	382	185
1949.....	97	15	153	17	133	13	211	83	24	8	6	5	244	33	366	101
British Columbia.....	177	32	15	7	155	5	85	39	-	-	-	-	258	26	100	46
1949.....	144	33	15	7	131	5	84	45	-	-	-	-	232	37	99	52
Canada.....	2,492	398	968	185	2,790	288	2,596	446	1,050	673	98	25	5,761	1,208	3,642	608
1949.....	2,441	430	1,014	188	2,803	248	2,359	396	1,023	622	99	24	5,777	1,207	3,437	563

<sup>1</sup> No record available for 1949.

11.—Salary Classification of Full-Time Teaching Staff in Canadian Universities, 1950

Salary Range	Deans			Professors			Associate Professors			Assistant Professors			Instructors and Lecturers			Total	
	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces		
\$																	
5,000 and more	30	29	11	133	306	23	—	45	—	—	10	—	—	2	—	166	392
4,500—4,999 .	—	—	1	65	42	4	—	94	—	—	3	—	—	9	—	96	148
4,000—4,499 .	—	3	—	12	25	14	3	66	3	—	40	—	—	9	—	122	143
3,500—3,999 .	—	—	2	1	—	19	9	44	9	138	119	5	12	19	1	195	182
3,000—3,499 .	—	—	5	—	1	26	2	12	18	74	58	30	64	89	4	150	160
2,500—2,999 .	—	1	—	—	—	2	—	—	9	7	20	26	71	114	7	78	135
2,000—2,499 .	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	9	3	2	6	42	101	17	45	103
1,500—1,999 .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	18	68	17	18	68
1,000—1,499 .	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	6	9	13	6
Under 1,000 .	—	—	1	—	—	15	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	3	4	—	3
Total.....	30	33	20	211	374	105	168	261	55	254	252	69	220	420	59	883	1,340
																	308

<sup>1</sup> Institutions included:

Western Provinces: Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia.

Central Canada: Bishop's, McGill, Queen's, Toronto, Victoria, Trinity, McMaster, and Western Ontario.

Maritime Provinces: Acadia, Dalhousie, St. Francis Xavier, Mount Allison, and New Brunswick.

## HIGHER EDUCATION IN CANADA

## 12.—University and College Libraries, 1949

Name and Address	Librarian	Volumes <sup>1</sup>	Pamphlets where recorded	Loans Charged	Persons Charged with Loans	Seats in Library
<b>Prince Edward Island—</b>						
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown.	Mary Donahoe.	5,158	*	3,596	340	68
St. Dunstan's University.	St. Mary Ida.	10,030	*	2,350	335	70
<b>Nova Scotia—</b>						
Mont Saint Bernard College, Antigonish.	St. St. Mary of Calvary.	4,119	685	*	*	50
Saint Francis Xavier University, Antigonish.	St. Regina Clare.	25,300	500	*	900	50
Collège Sainte-Anne, Church Point.	R. P. Blaise Corriveau.	10,000	*	*	*	180
Dalhousie University, Halifax.	Dorothy M. E. MacKay.	85,923	3,100	*	*	186
Dunstaff Library, Halifax.	{Charlotte S. Allan.	2,365	300	*	46}	80
Medical Library, Halifax.		18,637	2,000	*	364}	*
Law Library, Halifax.		19,731	*	*	*	*
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax.	Beatrix M. Stimpson.	10,500	8	*	61	—
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Halifax.	St. Francis de Sales.	325	4,640	*	206	70
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax.	D. A. Redmond.	41,644	*	*	*	*
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax.	Rev. J. W. Falconer.	7,500	250	*	91	30
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax.	Rev. William A. Stewart.	30,115	175	*	165	30
Saint Mary's College, Halifax.	Dr. Burns Martin.	7,979	900	5,646	4,875	67
University of King's College, Halifax.	H. J. Fraser.	42,500	9,000	*	775	35
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro.	M. P. Boone.	5,440	*	*	*	150
Acadia University, Wolfville.		87,000	*	*	*	*
<b>New Brunswick—</b>						
University of the Sacred-Cœur, Bathurst.	R. P. Joseph LeGresley.	9,480	800	2,000	350	3
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton.	Mrs. Marjorie J. Thompson.	48,247	*	15,795	*	92
St. Thomas College, Chatham.	Rev. T. J. McKendy.	5,000	*	*	*	22
Mount Allison University, Sackville.	Olga B. Bishop.	61,961	*	18,086	770	126
Université Saint-Joseph, Saint-Joseph.	Frère Omer Cormier.	18,000	2,000	*	*	*
<b>Quebec Province—</b>						
Studentat Mont-Saint-Joseph, Aylmer.	R. P. Louis Routhier.	15,200	*	18,500	*	10
Ecole Apostolique du Sacré-Cœur, Beaufort.	R. P. Albert Lefebvre.	6,000	—	—	—	—
Monastère P. P. Bénédictins, St-Benoît-du-lac (Bolton Centre).	R. P. L. B. Ward.	9,263	225	4,000	240	—
Juniorat de Marie-Immaculée, Chambly-Bassin.	R. P. Romeo Arbour.	35,000	1,000	*	650	*
Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi.	R. P. Adrien Bluteau.	13,000	*	*	*	*
Séminaire de Gaspé, Gaspé.	R. P. Joseph Le Blanc.	8,000	3,000	15,500	900	60
Séminaire des Pères Eudistes, Gros Pin.	R. P. Benoit De Blois.	50,110	*	*	*	10
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette.	Fr. M. Hilaire.	20,000	*	*	*	10
Collège de l'Assomption, Joliette.	Miss C. Oakley.	25,558	500	8,707	165	32
Institut Agricole d'Oka et Ecole de Médecine Vétérinaire, La Trappe.	R. P. Lucien Bélec.	22,070	*	3,500	274	40
Bishop's University, Lennoxville.	R. P. Lucien Cloutier.	10,040	500	*	900	15
Collège de Lévis.	Ernest Henry Mutton.	3,500	—	—	—	76
Collège Saint-Alexandre, Limboux Via Hull.	M. l'Abbé Gauthier.	—	—	—	—	—
Macdonald College, Macdonald College.	R. P. Louis Forget.	10,000	3,400	500	30	30
Juvénat Saint-Bernard, Mistassini.	R. P. Antoine Roy.	4,540	*	2,800	330	30
Séminaire Saint-Joseph, Mont-Laurier.	R. P. A. Delisle.	25,000	*	15,000	600	12
Collège André-Grasset, Montréal.		26,500	*	*	*	12
Collège Jean-de-Brébeuf, Montréal.			*	*	*	*
Collège de Montréal, Montréal.			*	*	*	*



Collège Marguerite-Bourgeoys, Montréal.....	28,563	555	2,925	28
Collège de Saint-Ignace, Montréal.....	12,061	8,500	20,000	24
Collège Sainte-Marie, Montréal.....	100,000	1,000	10,000	20
Couvent Saint-Bonaventure, Montréal.....	16,075	600	10,800	20
Divinity Hall, Montréal.....	52,338	2,000	3,753	85
École des Hautes Études Commerciales, Montréal.....	56,484	10,937	81,925	50
École Polytechnique, Montréal.....	45,560	12,600	7,600	100
Externat Classique Sainte-Croix, Montréal.....	10,060	2,000	10,000	400
Institut Casarelli, Montréal.....	-	-	-	-
Loyola College, Montréal.....	27,503	-	-	80
McGill University, Montréal.....	621,936	63,572	230,070	1,025
Medical Library, Montréal.....	66,000	2,035	29,703	8
Monastère des Franciscains, Montréal.....	24,981	100	1,615	13
Montréal Theological College, Montréal.....	14,857	200	441	16
Montréal Presbyterian Theological College, Montréal.....	100,667	3,000	-	120
McGill School of Social Work, Montréal.....	5,530	-	-	40
Scolasticat de l'Immaculée-Conception, Montréal.....	12,000	-	-	12
Scolasticat du Très-Saint-Sacrement, Montréal.....	19,254	1,200	33,700	94
Seminaire de Philosophie, Montréal.....	12,000	-	-	-
Sir George Williams College, Montréal.....	181,925	5,600	31,550	172
United Theological College, Montréal.....	4,018	250	-	62
Université de Montréal.....	21,111	40,000	-	36
Faculté des Sciences.....	33,620	4,000	-	22
Faculté de Théologie.....	40,537	10,300	13,000	4
Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet.....	7,000	-	-	11
Unionat Montarain, Papineauville.....	32,330	-	-	8
Monastère des Pères Capucins, Pont-aux-Trembles.....	14,200	150	-	5
Séminaire des Missions-Étrangères, Pont-Viau.....	26,396	-	-	12
Académie de Québec, Sillery, Québec.....	12,510	600	10,000	570
Collège des Jésuites (Saint-Charles Garnier), Québec.....	30,030	250	18,600	200
Monastère des Pères Grands, Québec.....	15,075	1,000	-	-
Séminaire Franciscain, Québec.....	88,508	1,179	3,750	20
Université Laval, Québec.....	366,739	-	17,000	255
Bibliothèque Laval, Québec.....	-	-	-	-
Facultés de Université (10).....	-	-	-	-
Collège Bourget, Rigaudville.....	38,064	6,000	-	6
Grand Séminaire, Rimouski.....	4,025	-	-	20
Petit Séminaire, Rimouski.....	30,036	2,700	500	25
Séminaire Sainte-Alphonsine, Sainte-Anne-de-Beaupré.....	41,105	1,124	4,250	150
Collège Sainte-Archie, Sainte-Anne-de-Beaupré.....	63,728	-	7,152	50
École Supérieure d'Agriculture, Sainte-Anne-de-la-Pocatière.....	9,960	-	6,500	650
Séminaire de Saint-Henri, Saint-Hyacinthe.....	59,585	33,100	3,500	95
Collège de Saint-Laurent, Ville St-Laurent.....	47,130	3,000	5,000	12
Séminaire Sainte-Croix, Ville St-Laurent.....	3,519	3,000	-	15
Institut Chanoine-Beaudet, St-Pascal.....	3,433	4,535	-	145
Séminaire de Sainte-Thérèse de Blainville, Ste-Thérèse.....	40,345	500	525	35
Séminaire de Sainte-Croix, St-Victor (Beauce Co.).....	12,912	2,700	3,000	220
Collège du Sacre-Cœur, Sherbrooke.....	7,235	-	4,000	120
Collège de Sainte-Croix, Sherbrooke.....	38,000	-	-	-
Maître Saint-Joseph, Sault-au-Récollet (Montréal).....	12,000	-	-	-
Monastère des Récoltistes, Sherbrooke.....	30,574	500	4,000	35
Séminaire Saint-Charles-Borromée, Sherbrooke.....	12,400	3,840	1,422	6
Juvénat des Pères Maristes, Sillery.....	9,800	200	-	7
Collège Missionnaire Franciscain, Sorel.....	9,800	90	-	-

\* Included periodicals.

\* Complete returns not available.

## 12.—University and College Libraries, 1949—Concluded

Name and Address	Librarian	Volumes	Pamphlets where recorded	Loans Charged	Persons Charged with Loans	Seats in Library
<b>Quebec Province—Concluded</b>						
Juvénat du Très-Saint-Sacrement, Terrebonne.....	R. P. Jacques Thibodeau.....	11,000	*	*	*	—
Collège Séraphique, Trois-Rivières.....	R. P. Roger St. Arnaud.....	16,000	700	25,000	135	125
Séminaire Saint-Joseph, Trois-Rivières.....	L'Abbé J. G. Turcotte.....	20,200	4,000	*	200	—
Séminaire de Valleyfield, Valleyfield.....	Chanoine L. Deguire.....	14,000	—	900	140	7
Séminaire Notre-Dame, Ville Richelieu.....	R. P. Donat Devasseur.....	15,000	*	6,800	—	—
Séminaire du Sacré-Cœur, Vateloo.....	R. P. Joseph Bélanger.....	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Ontario—</b>						
Séminaire de la Cie de Marie, Eastview.....	R. P. Alexandre Leblou.....	13,032	1,000	*	*	—
Séminaire des Pères Blancs, Eastview.....	R. P. Auguste St. Pierre.....	8,000	—	—	—	—
Fort Frontenac Library, Fort Frontenac.....	Mary O. Connor.....	48,992	5,000	4,350	120	35
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.....	Florence G. Carriage.....	48,277	40,000	10,610	2,017	125
McMaster University, Hamilton.....	Margaret H. C. McKelham.....	63,845	*	64,622	2,197	120
Queen's University, Kingston.....	W. Pearson Gundy.....	252,961	*	100,956	2,197	215
Regopolis College, Kingston.....	Rev. Joseph Driscoll.....	13,660	271	*	255	8
Royal Military College, Kingston.....	W. R. F. Bridge.....	16,000	*	*	*	20
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener.....	Fr. A. J. Lehman.....	9,072	100	*	365	*
Sturon College, London.....	A. Durand.....	6,000	3,000	101,348	163	50
St. Peter's Seminary, London.....	Dr. James J. Tolman.....	185,708	*	—	—	250
University of Western Ontario, London.....	Rev. Roland M. Basil.....	10,000	—	—	—	24
Ursuline College, Brescia Hall, London.....	Rev. Rudolph Flank.....	14,020	*	*	213	30
Mount Carmel College, Niagara Falls.....	Hilda G. Giltner.....	17,500	15	18,027	770	63
Carleton College, Ottawa.....	R. P. Adrien M. Brunet.....	22,380	1,625	*	100	12
Collège Dominicain, Ottawa, Ottawa.....	R. P. Jean Fairfield.....	7,518	*	*	60	15
Grand Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....	Abbé J. Saint-Jean.....	3,025	3,980	—	668	40
Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....	Rev. P. F. Spratt.....	29,688	*	6,000	40	40
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa.....	R. P. Allan McLean Ali.....	152,000	*	3,000	300	50
Séminaire Universitaire, Ottawa.....	R. P. Auguste-M. Morisset.....	40,000	*	400	36	36
Holy Rosary School, Ottawa-Est.....	R. P. Roger Gaudin.....	41,110	4,000	*	200	45
Séminaire Saint-Joseph, Ottawa-Est.....	R. P. Stanislas Carrière.....	4,010	*	*	*	—
Séminaire des R. P. P. Services de Marie, Ottawa.....	R. P. Adlard.....	13,000	*	*	80	—
Collège Séraphique, Ottawa.....	R. P. Félix Massie (Supérieur).....	—	—	—	—	—
Juniorat du Sacré-Cœur, Ottawa.....	Adèle Adon.....	—	—	—	—	—
Alma College, St. Thomas.....	R. P. S. Guenemont.....	85,725	2,404	*	*	—
Collège du Sacré-Cœur, Sudbury.....	William H. Sandham.....	42,801	2,574	*	140	48
Knox College, Toronto.....	Dorothy M. Thompson.....	22,185	*	17,840	980	125
Department of Educational Research, Toronto.....	Kathleen M. H. Day.....	3,687	2,580	*	25	4
Ontario College of Education, Toronto.....	Miss H. M. Walton.....	4,275	*	12,036	2,496	16
Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto.....	Marion F. Coburn.....	8,260	*	—	770	72
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto.....	Rev. F. W. B. Kerr.....	15,000	—	—	—	6
St. Augustine Seminary, Toronto.....	Rev. R. J. Scollard.....	27,600	1,000	*	550	40
St. Michael's College, Toronto.....	R. M. F. Stapleton.....	26,000	*	*	161	45
Pontifical Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto.....	S. M. Adams.....	43,973	158,542	407,392	866	75
Trinity College, Toronto.....	Will Stewart Wallace.....	493,374	—	—	*	500
University of Toronto, Toronto.....	Dr. J. H. Johnson.....	6,000	—	—	—	35
Faculty of Dentistry, Toronto.....	Ruth M. Briggs.....	7,600	16,000	6,200	11,000	28
Connaught Medical Research Laboratories.....	—	—	—	—	—	—

Victoria University, Toronto.....	John D. Robins.....	110,500	4,100	111,751	1,440	175
Wycliffe College, Toronto.....	Rev. Dr. W. E. Taylor.....	11,016	*	*	*	40
Waterloo College and Evangelical Lutheran Seminary of Canada, Waterloo.....	Elizabeth Christensen.....	12,856	*	*	*	15
Assumption College, Windsor.....	Rev. Father Frank Flood.....	13,169	150	*	642	80
St. Alphonsus Seminary, Woodstock.....	Rev. John Harrington.....	8,500	800	*	49	12
<b>Manitoba—</b>						
Brandon College, Brandon.....	Mrs. G. R. Ralston.....	7,600	500	6,000	*	16
Collège de St. Boniface, St. Boniface.....	R. P. Joseph Sabourin.....	20,500	*	15,000	*	30
Manitoba Law School, Winnipeg.....	T. P. Ashby.....	18,000	*	*	130	12
St. John's College, Winnipeg.....	Rev. P. Perce.....	6,000	*	*	115	25
United College, Winnipeg.....	E. M. Graham.....	75,000	*	*	1,111	165
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg.....	Elizabeth Dalcoe.....	183,000	*	175,622	4,262	500
Medical Library, Winnipeg.....	Ruth D. Monk.....	16,757	826	28,724	693	36
<b>Saskatchewan—</b>						
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg.....	Revs. Philip Lochr and Martin Brodner.....	5,200	—	—	—	—
St. Peter's College, Muenster.....	Rev. W. J. Savole.....	10,875	1,000	*	100	20
Campion College, Regina.....	Mrs. F. J. Wagner.....	3,000	*	*	*	40
Luther College, Regina.....	Emma Bell.....	4,712	—	*	110	45
Regina College, Regina.....	Sister Mary Cecil.....	16,473	800	20,243	588	75
Sacred Heart Academy, Regina.....	Rev. J. D. F. Beattie.....	2,000	—	—	—	—
St. Chad's College, Regina.....	Dr. C. Kleiner.....	8,220	60	*	46	4
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon.....	Dr. J. B. Curston.....	9,972	1,300	*	*	10
Lutheran College and Seminary, Saskatoon.....	D. C. Appelt.....	8,512	*	85,828	89	12
St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon.....		112,705	*	*	*	300
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon.....						
<b>Alberta—</b>						
Mount Royal College, Calgary.....	None.....	4,084	*	*	*	—
Canadian Union College, College Heights.....	Mrs. Emma Coffin.....	6,500	600	*	330	56
Concordia College, Edmonton.....	Arnold Guebert.....	7,628	*	900	138	18
Juniorat St. Jean, Edmonton.....	R. P. George Tétrault.....	7,500	400	*	16	10
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton.....		10,500	—	1,000	50	20
St. Anthony's College, North Edmonton.....		5,000	—	—	—	10
University of Alberta, Edmonton.....	Marjorie Sherlock.....	126,913	12,000	189,998	5,000	350
<b>British Columbia—</b>						
Anglican Theological College, Vancouver.....	Rev. P. P. Watney.....	8,200	*	*	72	14
Union College, Vancouver.....	Rev. S. Vernon Fawcett.....	14,020	*	*	73	20
University of British Columbia, Vancouver.....	Leslie W. Dunlap.....	260,000	*	264,689	11,185	1,042
Victoria College, Victoria.....	Kathleen Ruthertord Mathews.....	7,554	*	19,943	385	90

<sup>1</sup> Includes periodicals.

<sup>2</sup> Includes school of hygiene.

\* Complete returns not available.



**SECTION III**  
**RETROSPECTIVE TABLES**





## 13.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties

—		1931	1936 <sup>a</sup>	1941 <sup>a</sup>	1946 <sup>a</sup>	1949	1950 <sup>1</sup>
Arts, Science, Letters and Philosophy							
Canada.....	T.	16,828	17,791	17,742	31,229	34,636	32,162
	M.	11,473	12,586	12,353	23,164	25,841	23,569
	F.	5,355	5,205	5,389	8,065	8,795	8,593
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	1,811	1,750	1,661	2,840	3,357	3,228
	M.	1,202	1,228	1,171	2,164	2,655	2,596
	F.	609	522	490	676	702	632
Quebec.....	T.	4,704	5,566	6,117	8,683	10,144	9,815
	M.	4,214	4,866	5,089	7,087	8,203	7,849
	F.	490	700	1,028	1,596	1,941	1,966
Ontario.....	T.	5,387	5,801	5,408	9,320	11,925	11,083
	M.	3,159	3,549	3,248	6,047	8,409	7,452
	F.	2,228	2,252	2,160	3,273	3,516	3,631
Western Provinces.....	T.	4,926	4,674	4,556	10,386	9,210	8,036
	M.	2,898	2,943	2,845	7,866	6,574	5,672
	F.	2,028	1,731	1,711	2,520	2,636	2,364
Agriculture—Degree Course							
Canada.....	T.	899	1,108	1,373	2,198	2,946	2,208
	M.	889	1,088	1,347	2,110	2,832	2,113
	F.	10	20	26	88	114	95
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	32	31	41	145	91	54
	M.	31	31	38	143	88	52
	F.	1	—	3	2	3	2
Quebec.....	T.	322	273	310	388	548	509
	M.	321	271	308	379	518	477
	F.	1	2	2	9	30	32
Ontario.....	T.	273	496	479	666	771	566
	M.	269	489	476	654	761	559
	F.	4	7	3	12	10	7
Western Provinces.....	T.	272	308	543	999	1,536	1,079
	M.	268	297	525	934	1,465	1,025
	F.	4	11	18	65	71	54
Agriculture—Diploma Course							
Canada.....	T.	370	385	396	685	674	775
	M.	370	384	390	679	666	741
	F.	—	1	6	6	8	4
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	20	24	19	65	36	28
Quebec.....	T.	145	202	145	167	227	205
	M.	145	202	143	166	224	205
	F.	—	—	2	1	3	—
Ontario.....	T.	118	96	94	66	84	119
	M.	118	96	90	66	81	117
	F.	—	—	4	—	3	2
Western Provinces.....	T.	87	63	138	387	327	423
	M.	87	62	138	382	325	421
	F.	—	1	—	5	2	2
Architecture							
Canada <sup>2</sup> .....	T.	137	133	146	176	764	623
	M.	136	116	136	171	735	599
	F.	1	17	10	5	29	24
Quebec.....	T.	89	84	121	54	137	143
	M.	89	84	115	54	131	139
	F.	—	—	6	—	6	4
Ontario <sup>2</sup> .....	T.	—	—	—	—	264	234
	M.	—	—	—	—	258	228
	F.	—	—	—	—	6	6
Western Provinces.....	T.	48	49	25	122	363	246
	M.	47	32	21	117	346	232
	F.	1	17	4	5	17	14

<sup>1</sup> Newfoundland included in Maritime Provinces from 1950.<sup>2</sup> Architecture in University of Toronto is included in Engineering prior to 1949.<sup>3</sup> Revised since 1946-48 edition of survey.

**13.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties**  
—Continued

		1931	1936	1941 <sup>a</sup>	1946 <sup>a</sup>	1949	1950 <sup>a</sup>
Commerce							
Canada.....	T.	883	786	1,200	3,367	4,452	3,590
	M.	757	684	1,023	3,069	4,055	3,249
	F.	126	102	177	298	397	341
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	108	89	161	289	468	404
	M.	70	57	79	179	373	304
	F.	38	32	82	110	95	100
Quebec.....	T.	416	408	480	1,326	1,642	1,494
	M.	393	387	461	1,284	1,592	1,450
	F.	23	21	19	42	50	44
Ontario <sup>4</sup> .....	T.	222	140	183	504	930	684
	M.	194	126	165	476	779	576
	F.	28	14	18	28	151	108
Western Provinces <sup>4</sup> .....	T.	137	149	376	1,248	1,412	949
	M.	100	114	318	1,130	1,311	865
	F.	37	35	58	11	101	84
Dentistry							
Canada.....	T.	380	422	468	753	1,091	1,121
	M.	375	419	462	744	1,080	1,085
	F.	5	3	6	9	11	36
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	27	53	31	27	41	48
	M.	27	53	31	27	40	46
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	2
Quebec.....	T.	101	125	160	278	369	371
	M.	100	124	158	277	368	369
	F.	1	1	2	1	1	2
Ontario.....	T.	220	196	225	390	558	566
	M.	216	194	222	383	550	556
	F.	4	2	3	7	8	30
Western Provinces.....	T.	32	48	52	58	123	136
	M.	32	48	51	57	122	134
	F.	—	—	1	1	1	2
Education							
Canada.....	T.	618	802	677	1,092	1,739	1,862
	M.	247	407	297	595	1,149	1,294
	F.	371	395	380	497	590	568
Maritime Provinces <sup>5</sup> .....	T.	—	18	21	56	86	251
	M.	—	9	3	20	45	156
	F.	—	9	18	36	41	95
Quebec <sup>5</sup> .....	T.	92	198	162	168	124	182
	M.	52	108	85	91	103	148
	F.	40	90	77	77	21	34
Ontario.....	T.	382	364	256	289	460	327
	M.	144	176	98	171	282	293
	F.	238	188	158	118	178	34
Western Provinces <sup>6</sup> .....	T.	144	222	238	579	1,069	1,102
	M.	51	114	111	313	719	697
	F.	93	108	127	266	350	405

<sup>4</sup> The Business Administration course of the University of Western Ontario and the Commerce courses of the University of Toronto are included in the Faculty of Arts. The Accountancy course of the University of Saskatchewan is here included and degree courses in Secretarial Science.

<sup>5</sup> Students in the Maritime universities preparing for teaching certificates are reported as Arts students until 1935; similarly at McGill University until 1933.

<sup>6</sup> The training of teachers in the University of Alberta was reorganized in 1946 to include all teacher-training classes of the Province within the Faculty of Education of the University.

**13.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties**  
—Continued

—		1931	1936	1941	1946 <sup>1</sup>	1949	1950 <sup>1</sup>
Engineering and Applied Science							
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>T.</b>	<b>3,554</b>	<b>3,387</b>	<b>4,381</b>	<b>10,884</b>	<b>12,874</b>	<b>10,595</b>
	<b>M.</b>	<b>3,548</b>	<b>3,376</b>	<b>4,368</b>	<b>10,827</b>	<b>12,850</b>	<b>10,579</b>
	<b>F.</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>16</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	429	373	418	1,352	1,572	1,351
	M.	429	367	418	1,350	1,571	1,351
	F.	—	6	—	2	1	—
Quebec.....	T.	523	542	799	1,657	2,088	2,034
	M.	523	542	798	1,642	2,084	2,031
	F.	—	—	1	15	4	3
Ontario.....	T.	1,506	1,438	1,708	4,392	4,982	3,947
	M.	1,502	1,434	1,698	4,364	4,970	3,937
	F.	4	4	10	28	12	10
Western Provinces.....	T.	1,096	1,034	1,456	3,483	4,232	3,263
	M.	1,094	1,033	1,454	3,471	4,225	3,260
	F.	2	1	2	2	7	3
Forestry							
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>T.</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>530</b>	<b>1,030</b>	<b>900</b>
	<b>M.</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>529</b>	<b>1,029</b>	<b>899</b>
	<b>F.</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	49	17	64	269	400	343
	M.	49	17	64	268	400	343
	F.	—	—	—	1	—	—
Quebec.....	M.	25	44	67	78	102	98
Ontario.....	M.	62	37	42	183	303	251
British Columbia.....	T.	††	††	††	††	225	208
	M.	—	—	—	—	224	207
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	1
Household Science—Degree Course							
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>F.</b>	<b>639</b>	<b>658</b>	<b>790</b>	<b>1,110</b>	<b>1,360</b>	<b>1,252</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	90	114	143	170	178	169
Quebec.....	F.	27	93	81	171	288	296
Ontario.....	F.	230	51	46	14	116	141
Western Provinces.....	F.	292	430	520	755	778	646
Household Science—Diploma Course							
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>F.</b>	<b>928</b>	<b>729</b>	<b>634</b>	<b>545</b>	<b>624</b>	<b>677</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	18	46	34	36	17	16
Quebec.....	F.	378	451	446	509	543	537
Ontario.....	F.	515	232	154	—	64	71
Western Provinces.....	F.	17	—	—	—	—	53
Law							
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>T.</b>	<b>845</b>	<b>1,005</b>	<b>697</b>	<b>1,226</b>	<b>2,599</b>	<b>2,501</b>
	<b>M.</b>	<b>816</b>	<b>982</b>	<b>678</b>	<b>1,172</b>	<b>2,514</b>	<b>2,409</b>
	<b>F.</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>92</b>
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	66	115	60	136	255	238
	M.	63	113	60	134	252	234
	F.	3	2	—	2	3	4
Quebec.....	T.	392	337	243	346	637	599
	M.	387	333	241	332	612	569
	F.	5	4	2	14	25	30
Ontario.....	T.	249	391	252	500	818	784
	M.	238	380	243	479	789	757
	F.	11	11	9	21	29	27
Western Provinces.....	T.	138	162	142	244	889	880
	M.	128	156	134	227	861	849
	F.	10	6	8	17	28	31

†† Included in Engineering and Applied Science until 1949.

**13.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties**  
—Continued

—		1931	1936	1941	1946 <sup>a</sup>	1949	1950
Librarianship							
Canada.....	T.	42	67	52	67	87	111
	M.	3	4	6	8	23	29
	F.	39	63	46	59	64	82
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	—	1	1	—
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	—	1	1	—
Quebec.....	T.	14	20	15	21	38	49
	M.	3	4	1	1	17	16
	F.	11	16	14	20	21	33
Ontario.....	T.	28	47	37	45	48	62
	M.	—	—	5	7	6	13
	F.	28	47	32	38	42	49
Medicine							
Canada.....	T.	2,921	3,037	2,940	3,200	4,225	4,295
	M.	2,798	2,908	2,780	2,965	3,941	4,026
	F.	123	129	160	235	284	269
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	171	186	219	167	258	271
	M.	170	180	215	162	248	257
	F.	1	6	4	5	10	14
Quebec.....	T.	944	961	959	1,204	1,515	1,535
	M.	930	942	924	1,158	1,444	1,464
	F.	14	19	35	46	71	71
Ontario.....	T.	1,321	1,389	1,234	1,388	1,827	1,872
	M.	1,245	1,318	1,157	1,249	1,670	1,728
	F.	76	71	77	139	157	144
Western Provinces.....	T.	485	501	528	441	625	617
	M.	453	468	484	396	579	577
	F.	32	33	44	45	46	40
Nursing—Degree and Post Graduate Diploma Courses							
Canada.....	F.	301	372	510	982	1,050	1,094
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	2	14	22	21	33
Quebec.....	F.	53	43	127	264	395	318
Ontario.....	F.	107	120	172	408	341	316
Western Provinces.....	F.	141	207	197	288	293	427
Occupational Therapy							
University of Toronto.....	F.	36	36	98	211	160	129
Physiotherapy							
Canada.....	T.	20	34	76	184	131	117
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	20	34	76	184	131	117
University of Toronto.....	T.	20	34	76	124	100	67
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	20	34	76	124	100	67
McGill University.....	T.	—	—	—	60	31	50
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	—	60	31	50



13.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties  
—Continued

		1931	1936 <sup>a</sup>	1941 <sup>a</sup>	1946 <sup>a</sup>	1949	1950
Physical and Health Education							
Canada.....	T.	76	55	64	325	613	549
	M.	—	3	5	142	365	315
	F.	76	52	59	183	248	253
Quebec.....	T.	25	21	19	84	160	153
	M.	—	3	—	30	87	77
	F.	25	18	19	54	73	76
Ontario.....	T.	51	34	37	241	311	292
	M.	—	—	5	112	171	148
	F.	51	34	32	129	140	144
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	—	8	—	142	123
	M.	—	—	—	—	107	90
	F.	—	—	8	—	35	33
Pharmacy							
Canada.....	T.	512	484	412	738	1,347	1,301
	M.	481	445	372	547	1,206	1,155
	F.	31	39	40	191	141	146
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	12	9	7	42	66	71
	M.	10	7	5	27	62	62
	F.	2	2	2	15	4	9
Quebec.....	T.	94	95	86	203	303	321
	M.	94	95	84	193	293	305
	F.	—	—	2	10	10	16
Ontario.....	T.	250	200	186	220	323	325
	M.	239	190	165	144	278	285
	F.	11	10	21	76	45	40
Western Provinces.....	T.	156	180	133	273	655	584
	M.	138	153	118	183	573	503
	F.	18	27	15	90	82	81
Social Work							
Canada.....	T.	110	127	122	277	489	431
	M.	11	22	22	59	148	152
	F.	99	155	100	218	341	279
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	1	14	16	17
	M.	—	—	—	3	1	6
	F.	—	—	1	11	15	11
Quebec.....	T.	30	17	27	108	231	158
	M.	1	3	4	26	49	38
	F.	29	14	23	82	182	120
Ontario.....	T.	70	85	68	66	98	115
	M.	9	15	14	12	45	55
	F.	61	70	54	54	53	60
Western Provinces.....	T.	10	25	26	89	144	141
	M.	1	4	4	18	53	53
	F.	9	21	22	71	91	88
Total Theology (including post-graduate students)							
Canada.....	T.	2,261	2,643	2,429	2,319	2,662	2,699
	M.	2,217	2,619	2,393	2,264	2,576	2,607
	F.	44	24	36	55	86	92
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	133	187	146	198	196	181
	M.	133	187	146	198	193	179
	F.	—	—	—	—	3	2
Quebec.....	T.	968	1,221	1,073	1,095	1,094	1,045
	M.	968	1,221	1,073	1,094	1,092	1,044
	F.	—	—	—	1	2	1
Ontario.....	T.	938	1,076	940	826	1,126	1,192
	M.	901	1,053	906	778	1,052	1,106
	F.	37	23	34	48	74	86
Western Provinces.....	T.	222	159	270	200	246	281
	M.	215	158	268	194	239	278
	F.	7	1	2	6	7	3

13.—Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties  
—Concluded

		1931	1936	1941 <sup>a</sup>	1946	1949	1950
Protestant Theological Colleges							
Canada.....	T.	621	634	675	556	829	877
	M.	577	610	639	531	743	785
	F.	44	24	36	55	86	92
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	60	98	85	106	113	100
	M.	60	98	85	106	110	98
	F.	—	—	—	—	3	2
Quebec.....	T.	80	76	83	41	52	48
	M.	80	76	83	40	50	47
	F.	—	—	—	1	2	1
Ontario.....	T.	259	301	293	284	458	490
	M.	222	278	259	236	384	404
	F.	37	23	34	48	74	86
Western Provinces.....	T.	222	159	214	155	206	239
	M.	215	158	212	149	199	236
	F.	7	1	2	6	7	3
Roman Catholic Theological Colleges, Seminaries, etc.							
Canada.....	M.	1,640	2,009	1,754	1,733	1,833	1,822
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	73	89	61	92	83	81
Quebec.....	M.	888	1,145	990	1,054	1,042	997
Ontario.....	M.	679	775	647	542	668	702
Western Provinces.....	M.	—	—	56	45	40	42
Veterinary Science							
Canada.....	T.	122	245	245	395	604	543
	M.	122	245	241	386	589	532
	F.	—	—	4	9	15	11
Quebec.....	T.	25	44	49	41	110	110
	M.	25	44	49	41	110	110
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario.....	T.	97	201	196	354	494	433
	M.	97	201	192	345	479	422
	F.	—	—	4	9	15	11

14.—Total Full-Time Undergraduate Enrolment in Universities and Colleges <sup>1</sup>

Academic Year	Nfld. <sup>2</sup>	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Total	Women In- cluded	War Veterans Included
1919-20	—	127	1,463	477	6,905	8,868	1,522	641	969	897	21,869	3,170	*
21	—	107	1,680	487	7,157	9,090	1,644	647	989	1,050	22,791	3,716	*
22	—	108	1,680	510	7,479	9,436	1,956	702	1,021	1,223	24,114	4,405	*
23	—	107	1,620	513	8,016	9,333	2,161	871	1,021	1,312	25,212	4,692	*
24	—	119	1,560	508	7,986	8,732	2,115	871	1,089	1,440	24,530	4,753	*
25	—	125	1,583	493	8,039	8,732	2,258	870	1,077	1,615	24,805	5,299	*
26	—	108	1,561	560	8,039	8,732	2,230	878	1,085	1,597	24,892	5,272	*
27	—	101	1,551	627	8,118	9,131	2,263	1,109	1,065	1,776	25,734	5,787	—
28	—	102	1,651	627	8,263	9,621	2,238	1,165	1,213	1,932	26,832	6,107	—
29	—	107	1,778	730	8,501	9,923	2,538	1,149	1,294	1,981	28,306	6,492	—
1929-30	—	107	1,854	819	8,955	10,664	2,649	1,622	1,436	2,103	30,209	7,113	—
31	—	102	1,968	903	9,090	11,414	2,608	1,755	1,490	2,246	31,576	7,438	—
32	—	128	2,190	944	9,174	11,810	3,125	1,752	1,539	2,200	32,862	7,825	—
33	—	119	2,150	935	9,673	11,991	3,009	1,735	1,617	1,928	33,166	7,565	—
34	—	117	2,130	921	9,696	11,916	2,649	1,726	1,694	1,751	32,596	7,210	—
35	—	104	2,010	872	10,053	12,002	2,654	1,766	1,894	1,896	33,051	7,375	—
36	—	93	2,099	863	10,289	12,026	2,670	1,736	1,745	1,961	33,522	7,494	—
37	—	96	2,137	882	10,471	11,946	2,759	1,788	1,756	2,083	33,918	7,582	—
38	—	108	2,075	994	10,866	11,684	2,860	1,839	1,706	2,338	34,460	7,547	—
39	—	115	2,079	1,006	10,921	12,229	2,738	1,858	1,531	2,337	35,164	7,664	—
1939-40	—	115	2,028	1,054	11,060	12,290	2,671	2,186	1,982	2,517	35,903	8,155	—
41	—	128	1,964	944	10,930	11,693	2,483	1,945	1,939	2,734	34,750	8,107	—
42	—	135	1,924	911	11,271	11,640	2,418	1,950	1,733	2,698	34,680	8,141	—
43	—	132	2,019	1,020	11,734	11,734	2,607	2,001	1,719	2,706	35,692	8,423	—
44	—	179	2,104	1,102	12,144	11,364	2,433	2,017	1,572	2,617	35,132	8,911	68
45	—	170	2,112	1,252	13,387	12,297	2,789	1,877	1,478	3,095	38,376	10,995	517
46	—	268	3,400	2,137	16,534	20,273	5,427	3,097	2,996	6,824	61,861	20,000	20,000
47	—	276	4,161	2,509	19,016	25,848	6,443	4,689	4,124	9,171	76,237	34,000	34,000
48	—	307	4,165	2,723	19,731	27,648	6,321	4,700	4,442	9,319	79,346	34,600	29,600
49	—	306	4,307	2,509	20,317	26,303	5,528	3,556	3,984	8,597	75,807	34,600	21,800
1949-50	324	298	4,016	2,195	19,687	23,679	4,369	3,256	3,662	7,535	69,011	14,083	13,049

<sup>1</sup> Excludes Normal School students and nurses studying for R.N.<sup>2</sup> Record not available until 1949-50.

\* Record not available.

## 15.—Enrolment of Post Graduate Students, of the Regular Session, by Faculties

		1931	1936	1941	1946	1949	1950
Post-Graduate Courses in Arts, Science and Philosophy							
Canada.....	T.	1,118	1,277	1,252	2,370	3,777	3,953
	M.	779	913	944	1,779	2,802	3,016
	F.	339	364	308	591	975	937
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	45	85	69	100	101	145
	M.	27	67	55	76	80	122
	F.	18	28	14	24	21	23
Quebec.....	T.	342	328	350	768	1,321	1,449
	M.	256	238	240	507	852	956
	F.	86	90	110	261	469	493
Ontario.....	T.	482	548	563	1,206	1,762	1,757
	M.	324	377	432	968	1,383	1,416
	F.	158	171	131	238	379	341
Western Provinces.....	T.	249	316	270	296	593	602
	M.	172	241	217	228	487	522
	F.	77	75	53	68	106	80

Other Post-Graduate Courses (excepting Theology)<sup>2</sup>

Canada.....	T.	232	309	317	561	1,050	1,309
	M.	219	285	299	518	931	1,119
	F.	13	24	18	43	149	190
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	—	—	9	9
	M.	—	—	—	—	8	9
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	—
Quebec.....	T.	27	57	69	153	371	408
	M.	27	57	64	134	308	334
	F.	—	—	5	19	63	74
Ontario.....	T.	151	203	154	257	417	526
	M.	140	181	146	243	374	478
	F.	11	22	8	14	43	48
Western Provinces.....	T.	54	55	94	151	283	266
	M.	52	51	89	141	241	198
	F.	2	4	5	10	42	68

<sup>1</sup> Includes part-time students in the regular session. Table revised since 1946-48 edition of survey.<sup>2</sup> Includes Engineering and Applied Science, Agriculture, Dentistry, Law, Education, Medicine, Social Work, Forestry, Veterinary Science, Architecture, Household Science and Pharmacy.

16.—Full-Time Post Graduate Enrolment in Universities and Colleges (except Theology)

Academic Year	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Total	Women In- cluded	War Veterans Included
1919-20.....	12	1	98	182	21	6	43	20	383	99	•
21.....	18	6	113	190	30	10	41	15	423	108	•
22.....	15	6	162	222	31	16	68	38	558	158	•
23.....	13	8	197	322	29	13	83	49	714	195	•
24.....	21	9	222	396	44	—	105	54	851	221	•
25.....	24	8	259	368	40	20	108	46	873	228	•
26.....	21	6	253	385	40	21	66	54	846	221	•
27.....	39	4	273	419	38	30	84	47	934	252	—
28.....	52	8	316	473	41	29	69	51	1,039	291	—
29.....	43	5	296	437	43	27	62	47	1,010	299	—
1929-30.....	47	11	351	546	43	33	57	65	1,153	318	—
31.....	40	5	369	633	50	62	84	107	1,350	352	—
32.....	42	13	435	740	65	66	96	112	1,569	402	—
33.....	50	21	435	837	60	64	97	128	1,692	398	—
34.....	56	21	411	869	61	53	100	116	1,687	424	—
35.....	70	24	386	735	76	50	88	114	1,543	399	—
36.....	59	25	385	751	73	58	84	150	1,586	388	—
37.....	67	13	379	792	63	54	85	182	1,635	398	—
38.....	61	13	348	769	46	46	77	150	1,540	332	—
39.....	70	16	364	767	59	38	88	148	1,550	341	—
1939-40.....	71	19	393	753	61	43	99	162	1,601	354	—
41.....	60	9	419	717	63	49	84	163	1,599	326	—
42.....	33	9	396	662	48	30	87	141	1,406	312	—
43.....	37	4	376	544	48	23	87	108	1,227	257	5
44.....	29	3	471	630	29	28	78	124	1,392	404	—
45.....	38	7	662	663	52	33	94	140	1,689	428	37
46.....	78	22	821	1,463	59	46	101	241	2,931	634	500
47.....	96	33	1,206	1,652	72	73	167	344	3,674	719	1,000
48.....	97	31	1,361	1,900	99	73	216	362	4,139	867	900
49.....	80	30	1,692	2,179	95	109	220	452	4,857	1,124	1,300
1949-50.....	112	42	1,857	2,283	173	104	259	432	5,262	1,127	1,090

\* Record not available.



## HIGHER EDUCATION IN CANADA

## 17.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties

		1931	1936	1941	1946	1949	1950
Bachelor of Agricultural Science							
Canada.....	T.	160	238	238	202	893	804
	M.	158	231	230	192	863	781
	F.	2	7	8	10	30	23
Quebec.....	T.	48	51	43	49	142	130
	M.	48	50	42	48	134	124
	F.	—	1	1	1	8	6
Ontario.....	T.	53	117	109	59	256	210
	M.	52	115	105	59	251	210
	F.	1	2	4	—	5	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	59	70	86	94	495	461
	M.	58	66	83	85	478	444
	F.	1	4	3	9	17	17
Diplomas in Agriculture							
Canada.....	T.	115	107	145	75	249	264
	M.	115	107	145	74	245	260
	F.	—	—	—	1	4	4
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	16	17	12	22	31	43
	M.	16	17	12	22	29	43
	F.	—	—	—	—	2	—
Quebec.....	T.	42	42	45	24	51	51
	M.	42	42	45	24	50	51
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	—
Ontario.....	T.	33	36	34	—	47	41
	M.	33	36	34	—	47	39
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	2
Western Provinces.....	T.	24	12	54	29	120	129
	M.	24	12	54	28	119	127
	F.	—	—	—	1	1	2
Graduates in Architecture							
Canada.....	T.	24	53	24	29	84	165
	M.	24	53	23	25	80	159
	F.	—	—	1	4	4	6
Quebec.....	T.	8	22	16	11	12	31
	M.	8	22	16	8	12	30
	F.	—	—	—	3	—	1
Ontario.....	T.	7	14	2	9	16	43
	M.	7	14	2	8	15	41
	F.	—	—	—	1	1	2
Western Provinces.....	T.	9	17	6	9	56	91
	M.	9	17	5	9	53	88
	F.	—	—	1	—	3	3
Bachelors of Arts and Letters <sup>1</sup>							
Canada.....	T.	2,474	3,175	3,332	3,829	7,043	6,791
	M.	1,493	2,007	2,242	2,388	4,965	4,804
	F.	981	1,168	1,090	1,441	2,078	1,987
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	273	309	252	251	474	514
	M.	172	184	154	145	332	388
	F.	101	125	98	106	142	126
Quebec.....	T.	669	916	1,109	1,296	1,546	1,625
	M.	567	762	931	1,002	1,234	1,294
	F.	102	154	178	294	312	331
Ontario.....	T.	698	1,308	1,253	1,581	3,241	3,062
	M.	507	737	750	856	2,192	2,038
	F.	462	571	503	675	1,049	1,024
Western Provinces.....	T.	564	642	718	751	1,782	1,590
	M.	248	324	407	385	1,207	1,084
	F.	316	318	311	366	575	506

<sup>1</sup> Includes a few Bachelors of Social Science in Quebec.

## 17.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

		1931	1936	1941	1936	1949	1950
Bachelors of Science (in Arts)							
Canada.....	T.	252	320	342	582	1,324	1,242
	M.	207	275	291	440	1,149	1,113
	F.	45	45	51	142	175	129
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	73	109	102	176	261	293
	M.	61	99	83	146	229	260
	F.	12	10	19	30	32	33
Quebec.....	T.	84	50	93	187	470	422
	M.	74	42	78	128	392	374
	F.	10	8	15	59	78	48
Ontario.....	T.	—	—	13	49	159	163
	M.	—	—	12	46	149	153
	F.	—	—	1	3	10	10
Western Provinces.....	T.	95	161	134	170	434	364
	M.	72	134	118	120	379	326
	F.	23	27	16	50	55	38

Bachelors of Commerce<sup>2</sup>

Canada.....	T.	169	202	263	338	1,362	950
	M.	152	177	231	299	1,291	908
	F.	17	25	32	39	71	42
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	24	19	24	18	73	86
	M.	20	19	19	17	71	79
	F.	4	—	5	1	2	7
Quebec.....	T.	41	50	58	97	365	286
	M.	41	46	53	92	356	278
	F.	—	4	5	5	9	8
Ontario.....	T.	68	77	82	67	357	199
	M.	58	75	76	61	342	192
	F.	10	2	6	6	15	7
Western Provinces.....	T.	36	56	99	156	567	379
	M.	33	37	83	129	522	359
	F.	3	19	16	27	45	20

## Doctors of Dentistry

Canada.....	T.	90	106	98	77	178	329
	M.	90	106	98	76	176	325
	F.	—	—	—	1	2	4
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	9	11	7	8	6	11
	M.	9	11	7	8	6	10
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	1
Quebec.....	T.	15	33	33	61	79	78
	M.	15	33	33	61	78	78
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	—
Ontario.....	T.	59	59	45	1	73	191
	M.	59	59	45	1	72	188
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	3
Western Provinces.....	T.	7	3	13	7	20	49
	M.	7	3	13	6	20	49
	F.	—	—	—	1	—	—

## Graduates in Applied Science or Engineering

Canada.....	T.	448	605	753	1,007	2,999	3,598
	M.	448	603	753	1,005	2,992	3,596
	F.	—	2	—	2	6	2
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	38	38	49	71	259	338
	M.	38	38	49	71	255	338
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	—
Quebec.....	T.	72	105	150	173	407	588
	M.	72	105	150	173	406	588
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	—
Ontario.....	T.	212	282	343	382	1,278	1,423
	M.	212	280	343	380	1,276	1,421
	F.	—	2	—	2	2	2
Western Provinces.....	T.	126	180	211	381	1,055	1,249
	M.	126	180	211	381	1,053	1,249
	F.	—	—	—	—	2	—

<sup>2</sup> Includes a few Bachelors of Accountancy and of Secretarial Science.

## 17.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

		1931	1936	1941	1946	1949	1950
Bachelors of Education or Pedagogy							
Canada.....	T.	60	100	149	251	632	531
	M.	41	75	112	187	480	393
	F.	19	25	37	64	152	138
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	12	12	14	36	44
	M.	—	6	4	9	25	31
	F.	—	6	8	5	11	13
Quebec.....	T.	15	16	51	45	54	50
	M.	5	11	45	35	30	23
	F.	10	5	6	10	24	27
Ontario.....	T.	37	52	39	39	42	58
	M.	31	47	32	32	35	50
	F.	6	5	7	7	7	8
Western Provinces.....	T.	8	20	47	153	500	379
	M.	5	11	31	111	390	289
	F.	3	9	16	42	110	90
Graduates of University Teacher Training Courses							
Canada <sup>3</sup> .....	T.	531	584	561	464	774	858
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	49	37	14	5	39	55
	M.	22	17	4	4	22	36
	F.	27	20	10	1	17	19
Quebec <sup>3</sup> .....	T.	38	48	45	56	64	47
Ontario.....	T.	377	390	338	261	352	366
	M.	133	171	159	120	220	233
	F.	244	219	179	141	132	133
Western Provinces.....	T.	117	109	164	136	319	390
	M.	48	47	54	65	218	289
	F.	69	62	110	71	101	101
Bachelors of Science in Forestry							
Canada.....	T.	41	21	42	40	271	319
	M.	41	21	42	40	271	319
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	9	1	12	2	127	125
	M.	9	1	12	2	127	125
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	M.	10	5	16	13	19	24
Ontario.....	M.	18	14	3	12	84	92
Western Provinces.....	M.	4	1	11	13	41	78
Bachelors of Household Science							
Canada.....	T.	112	138	214	187	299	275
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	13	25	46	33	44	39
Quebec.....	F.	7	17	16	35	45	67
Ontario.....	F.	37	18	15	2	3	4
Western Provinces.....	F.	55	78	137	117	207	165
Bachelors of Canon Law							
Canada.....	T.	16	—	8	13	2	3
Quebec.....	M.	10	—	5	9	—	—
Ontario.....	M.	6	—	3	4	2	3

<sup>3</sup> Record of men and women not obtained separately for Quebec.

## 17.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

		1931	1936	1941	1946	1949	1950
Graduates in Law							
Canada.....	T.	223	209	265	161	713	764
	M.	218	202	261	149	696	736
	F.	5	7	4	12	17	28
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	18	35	34	10	73	77
	M.	17	34	33	10	71	74
	F.	1	1	1	—	2	3
Quebec.....	T.	76	60	74	55	178	169
	M.	76	58	74	52	176	161
	F.	—	2	—	3	2	8
Ontario.....	T.	94	70	103	73	238	228
	M.	92	69	101	70	230	218
	F.	2	1	2	3	8	10
Western Provinces.....	T.	35	44	54	23	224	290
	M.	33	41	53	17	219	283
	F.	2	3	1	6	5	7
Graduates in Librarianship (Degrees and Diplomas)							
Canada.....	T.	39	66	53	57	95	117
	M.	2	3	5	8	23	29
	F.	37	63	48	49	72	88
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	—	1	5	1
Quebec.....	T.	13	19	15	20	39	48
	M.	2	3	1	2	17	14
	F.	11	16	14	18	22	34
Ontario.....	T.	26	47	38	36	51	68
	M.	—	—	4	6	6	15
	F.	26	47	34	30	45	53
Graduates in Medicine							
Canada.....	T.	535	497	562	628	684	817
	M.	509	476	537	583	628	775
	F.	26	21	25	45	56	42
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	23	26	41	—	43	45
	M.	23	25	41	—	42	42
	F.	—	1	—	—	1	3
Quebec.....	T.	163	176	208	288	294	342
	M.	160	171	200	272	286	327
	F.	3	5	8	16	8	15
Ontario.....	T.	269	218	214	244	254	330
	M.	250	208	205	228	217	318
	F.	19	10	9	16	37	12
Western Provinces.....	T.	80	77	99	96	93	100
	M.	76	72	91	83	83	88
	F.	4	5	8	13	10	12
Graduates in Pharmacy							
Canada.....	T.	208	190	160	104	374	422
	M.	198	180	145	80	323	357
	F.	10	10	15	24	51	65
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	4	1	4	8	26	26
	M.	3	1	2	5	25	21
	F.	1	—	2	3	1	5
Quebec.....	T.	11	20	18	26	33	45
	M.	11	20	18	23	31	42
	F.	—	—	—	3	2	3
Ontario.....	T.	128	100	64	51	129	130
	M.	122	97	57	42	114	101
	F.	6	3	7	9	15	29
Western Provinces.....	T.	65	69	74	19	186	221
	M.	62	62	68	10	153	193
	F.	3	7	6	9	33	28

## 17.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

		1931	1936	1941	1946	1949	1950
Physical Training and Health Education							
Canada.....	T.	45	21	54	34	170	151
	M.	—	1	—	4	107	90
	F.	45	20	54	30	63	61
Quebec.....	T.	15	5	11	10	38	37
	M.	—	1	—	1	22	24
	F.	15	4	11	9	16	13
Ontario.....	T.	30	16	35	24	94	86
	M.	—	—	—	3	54	46
	F.	30	16	35	21	40	40
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	—	8	—	38	28
	M.	—	—	—	—	31	20
	F.	—	—	8	—	7	8
Social Work							
Canada.....	T.	18	45	69	112	268	268
	M.	—	6	9	17	94	106
	F.	18	39	60	95	174	162
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	—	—	—	9	8	4
	M.	—	—	—	1	—	—
	F.	—	—	—	8	8	4
Quebec.....	T.	7	8	17	22	48	61
	M.	—	1	1	2	14	17
	F.	7	7	16	20	34	44
Ontario.....	T.	11	30	28	22	90	101
	M.	—	5	3	2	43	48
	F.	11	25	25	20	47	53
Western Provinces.....	T.	—	7	24	59	122	102
	M.	—	—	5	12	37	41
	F.	—	7	19	47	85	61
Graduates in Theology							
Canada.....	T.	434	484	488	483	490	507
	M.	416	468	477	458	463	501
	F.	18	16	11	25	27	6
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	42	39	33	51	38	37
Quebec.....	T.	151	180	215	194	189	183
	M.	151	180	215	193	189	183
	F.	—	—	—	1	—	—
Ontario.....	T.	178	226	197	189	218	233
	M.	164	213	186	165	194	227
	F.	14	13	11	24	24	6
Western Provinces.....	T.	63	39	43	49	45	54
	M.	59	36	43	49	42	54
	F.	4	3	—	—	3	—
Bachelors of Divinity (Post-Graduate)							
Canada.....	T.	37	43	41	51	47	73
	M.	37	43	41	51	47	70
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	3
Maritime Provinces.....	M.	4	17	13	6	7	6
Quebec.....	M.	3	8	2	1	—	5
Ontario.....	T.	24	12	19	39	27	57
	M.	24	12	19	39	27	54
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	3
Western Provinces.....	M.	6	6	7	5	13	5
Graduates in Veterinary Science							
Canada.....	T.	28	53	68	43	139	150
	M.	28	53	67	42	137	147
	F.	—	—	1	1	2	3
Quebec.....	T.	8	8	12	6	16	15
	M.	8	8	12	6	16	15
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario.....	T.	20	45	56	37	123	135
	M.	20	45	55	36	121	132
	F.	—	—	1	1	2	3



## 17.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Continued

—		1931	1936	1941	1946	1949	1950
Degrees and Post Graduate Diplomas in Nursing							
Canada.....	T.	122	191	212	461	470	538
Maritime Provinces.....	F.	—	—	3	4	8	22
Quebec.....	F.	39	67	57	100	159	139
Ontario <sup>4</sup> .....	F.	65	99	124	256	220	279
Western Provinces.....	F.	18	25	28	101	83	98
Masters of Arts <sup>5</sup>							
Canada.....	T.	274	252	258	328	646	769
	M.	150	179	201	259	466	594
	F.	94	73	57	69	180	175
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	29	24	37	21	35	45
	M.	17	17	29	10	24	37
	F.	12	7	8	11	11	8
Quebec.....	T.	47	39	42	43	111	133
	M.	27	20	29	34	59	88
	F.	20	19	13	9	52	45
Ontario.....	T.	137	141	115	209	360	417
	M.	94	108	87	169	272	329
	F.	43	33	28	40	88	88
Western Provinces.....	T.	61	48	64	55	140	174
	M.	42	34	56	46	111	140
	F.	19	14	8	9	29	34
Masters of Science <sup>6</sup>							
Canada.....	T.	93	133	118	145	324	417
	M.	89	130	110	140	361	354
	F.	4	3	8	5	23	33
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	3	6	10	19	16	30
	M.	2	6	8	19	13	26
	F.	1	—	2	—	3	4
Quebec.....	T.	28	31	35	15	107	123
	M.	28	31	32	14	95	108
	F.	—	—	3	1	12	15
Ontario.....	T.	28	32	22	51	113	140
	M.	28	32	22	51	108	135
	F.	—	—	—	—	5	5
Western Provinces.....	T.	34	64	51	60	88	124
	M.	31	61	48	56	85	115
	F.	3	3	3	4	3	9
Licences (not including Theology and first professional degrees)							
Canada.....	T.	91	100	211	299	417	362
	M.	89	93	209	281	388	328
	F.	2	7	2	18	29	34
Quebec.....	T.	67	92	191	268	354	305
	M.	66	85	190	250	325	271
	F.	1	7	1	18	29	34
Ontario.....	T.	24	8	20	31	63	57
	M.	23	8	19	31	63	57
	F.	1	—	1	—	—	—

<sup>4</sup> Includes 12-24 Dental nurses annually.<sup>5</sup> Includes M. Comm. and M. Ed. or M. Paed., M. Social Work.<sup>6</sup> Includes M.A.Sc. M.S.A., M.Sc.F.M., Arch., M.V.Sc., M. Surgery (where given separately).

## HIGHER EDUCATION IN CANADA

## 17.—Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties—Concluded

		1931	1936	1941	1946	1949	1950
Other Post-Graduate Degrees and Diplomas (except in Education or Theology) <sup>7</sup>							
Canada.....	T.	84	90	102	441	469	583
	M.	82	90	93	327	314	385
	F.	2	—	9	114	155	198
Quebec.....	T.	55	66	62	333	288	328
	M.	54	66	56	245	190	232
	F.	1	—	6	88	98	96
Ontario.....	T.	27	23	40	103	136	202
	M.	26	23	37	82	111	143
	F.	1	—	3	21	25	59
Western Provinces.....	T.	2	1	—	5	45	53
	M.	2	1	—	—	13	10
	F.	—	—	—	5	32	43

## Doctorates (Honorary)

Canada.....	T.	95	100	77	134	227	198
	M.	95	98	71	128	219	190
	F.	—	2	6	6	8	8
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	19	21	18	18	47	76
	M.	19	20	15	17	43	73
	F.	—	1	3	1	4	3
Quebec.....	T.	13	19	25	44	74	33
	M.	13	19	23	44	73	33
	F.	—	—	2	—	1	—
Ontario.....	T.	46	42	30	54	61	60
	M.	46	41	29	51	59	57
	F.	—	1	1	3	2	3
Western Provinces.....	T.	17	18	4	18	45	29
	M.	17	18	4	16	44	27
	F.	—	—	—	2	1	2

## Doctorates (in Course)

Canada.....	T.	46	68	75	108	194	220
	M.	39	63	70	96	175	199
	F.	7	5	5	12	19	21
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	1	—	—	—	—	—
	M.	1	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec.....	T.	19	29	30	58	—	98
	M.	18	27	30	51	95	84
	F.	1	2	—	7	12	14
Ontario.....	T.	24	39	45	50	84	119
	M.	18	36	40	45	76	113
	F.	6	3	5	6	8	6
Western Provinces.....	T.	2	—	—	—	2	3
	M.	1	—	—	—	2	2
	F.	1	—	—	—	—	1

<sup>7</sup> Exclusive of diploma courses reported under separate classification.

18.—Classification of Full-Time Students According to Place of Residence

Universities and Colleges in	Place of Students' Residence															
	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yukon and N.W.T.	U.S.A.	U.K.	British West Indies	Other Countries	Total Specified
Newfoundland <sup>1</sup> .....	324	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	324
Prince Edward Island.....	-	159	1	5	20	1	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	191
1931.....	-	132	4	1	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	155
1936.....	-	174	-	3	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	195
1941.....	-	265	1	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	310
1946.....	-	266	2	4	20	2	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	299
1949.....	-	263	3	5	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	298
1950.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nova Scotia.....	67	101	1,392	277	27	20	2	-	3	6	-	104	2	7	18	2,020
1931.....	71	71	1,392	246	26	19	1	5	3	8	-	218	13	2	14	1,918
1936.....	102	59	1,390	260	33	18	4	3	4	-	-	156	6	9	9	2,061
1941.....	154	116	2,245	427	108	31	3	7	6	11	-	166	3	23	9	2,212
1946.....	210	165	2,788	574	142	73	5	9	12	11	-	159	6	39	16	4,210
1949.....	225	210	2,455	536	170	104	5	3	5	9	-	181	5	24	33	3,963
1950.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Brunswick.....	20	159	562	31	14	1	1	2	3	-	-	20	10	5	-	857
1931.....	12	18	191	555	46	7	1	1	7	-	-	16	10	5	4	866
1936.....	34	37	188	897	183	23	-	1	5	1	-	48	3	15	-	1,537
1941.....	70	56	349	1,916	254	126	2	9	7	1	2	36	3	10	15	2,902
1946.....	149	53	302	1,476	291	157	20	7	2	4	-	35	3	23	24	2,467
1949.....	54	56	233	1,434	160	123	15	5	2	4	-	-	-	13	17	2,157
1950.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Quebec (English).....	69	19	78	77	2,030	342	32	36	42	81	-	318	146	29	13	3,312
1931.....	32	26	70	80	2,112	275	32	45	35	64	1	335	68	20	20	3,215
1936.....	23	22	93	81	2,603	294	37	33	47	83	-	229	19	40	45	3,648
1941.....	31	41	137	123	5,055	692	82	67	71	146	1	191	28	160	82	6,907
1946.....	68	66	184	182	5,959	888	97	122	86	177	1	423	74	157	132	8,626
1949.....	69	50	172	145	5,602	856	96	109	86	171	1	483	99	167	180	8,286
1950.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Quebec (French).....	2	8	9	8	14,461	84	11	8	2	-	-	617	-	-	33	15,243
1931.....	4	7	16	63	14,179	92	10	3	1	-	-	763	-	-	60	15,198
1936.....	3	41	21	30	12,508	83	11	17	19	4	-	507	-	5	57	13,251
1941.....	8	117	9	123	10,590	171	16	9	1	1	-	263	2	15	125	11,448
1946.....	2	8	20	65	11,526	127	20	12	6	3	-	355	3	20	168	12,335
1949.....	6	7	15	60	11,366	195	24	18	10	3	-	337	3	20	164	12,168
1950.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>1</sup> Newfoundland not included prior to 1950.

18.- Classification of Full-Time Students According to Place of Residence—Concluded

Universities and Colleges in	Place of Students' Residence															
	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yukon and N.W.T.	U.S.A.	U.K.	British West Indies	Other Countries	Total Specified
Ontario.....	16	33	89	78	354	11,629	96	218	94	133	2	421	78	11	138	13,390
1931.....	14	33	78	84	338	12,929	132	225	123	138	3	635	43	5	126	14,903
1941.....	11	22	94	159	1,019	13,527	163	255	206	166	3	513	43	8	147	16,615
1946.....	39	28	127	119	1,614	18,700	261	500	219	322	1	431	48	47	162	21,618
1949.....	44	59	206	161	429	21,638	277	460	322	393	1	686	46	32	408	25,161
1950.....	38	46	202	126	488	20,326	261	370	281	355	—	742	21	38	394	23,598
Manitoba.....	—	—	2	2	1	59	2,288	252	30	25	1	11	11	—	3	2,685
1931.....	—	—	—	1	—	26	2,597	204	21	16	—	5	1	—	1	2,872
1941.....	—	—	—	1	—	48	2,517	271	26	60	1	5	1	—	3	2,934
1946.....	3	1	1	1	2	96	4,866	351	57	79	—	17	3	5	4	5,485
1949.....	—	—	5	9	10	122	4,960	273	104	65	—	27	1	6	1	5,583
1950.....	—	2	3	1	13	106	3,866	269	99	48	—	28	5	23	21	4,484
Saskatchewan.....	—	1	3	1	3	12	22	1,487	12	5	—	1	65	2	5	1,619
1931.....	—	—	—	2	2	5	7	1,427	10	9	—	2	18	—	1	1,481
1941.....	1	—	1	1	1	9	12	2,009	36	13	1	9	—	—	1	2,094
1946.....	—	1	1	1	6	32	42	3,221	65	37	—	7	1	—	1	3,414
1949.....	—	1	2	1	4	37	49	3,669	96	57	—	11	13	2	18	3,959
1950.....	—	1	3	1	4	33	44	2,874	89	50	—	7	19	3	19	3,147
Alberta.....	1	—	8	—	—	10	9	81	1,308	79	2	3	13	—	4	1,518
1931.....	—	—	—	—	—	6	13	86	1,508	101	—	3	3	—	2	1,721
1941.....	—	—	—	—	1	4	16	116	1,918	87	—	4	2	—	19	2,168
1946.....	—	9	18	4	15	66	103	306	2,496	111	—	74	74	1	104	3,381
1949.....	—	—	2	2	2	18	21	121	3,872	102	1	3	—	—	16	4,158
1950.....	2	1	3	2	3	18	25	146	3,515	84	—	3	—	—	19	3,147
British Columbia.....	—	—	1	—	2	7	6	9	17	1,995	4	8	8	—	22	2,079
1931.....	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	3	13	29	2	6	—	—	7	1,895
1941.....	—	—	—	1	4	2	7	22	63	2,723	3	11	—	—	9	2,843
1946.....	3	2	8	14	12	49	45	137	208	6,502	6	29	5	2	7	7,027
1949.....	—	3	16	7	84	97	99	224	399	8,036	11	55	12	42	9	9,055
1950.....	1	3	12	3	19	102	101	189	347	7,032	12	57	18	61	7,967	—
Canada.....	175	351	1,742	1,010	16,929	12,178	2,467	2,033	1,511	1,320	9	1,506	333	54	236	42,914
1931.....	133	287	1,551	1,030	16,715	13,261	2,796	2,009	1,731	2,165	3	2,018	136	32	237	41,224
1941.....	174	315	1,758	1,533	16,427	14,698	2,769	2,975	3,141	2,324	12	1,478	147	71	289	47,316
1946.....	363	666	2,896	2,788	18,636	19,963	5,418	4,667	3,134	7,210	10	1,116	167	263	507	65,704
1949.....	294	630	3,333	2,479	18,417	23,159	5,548	4,897	4,899	8,848	13	1,759	158	279	825	75,833
1950.....	719	639	3,104	2,313	17,769	21,773	4,437	3,983	4,434	7,756	13	1,875	176	288	909	70,208

19.—Summary of Teaching Staffs<sup>1</sup>

	Arts, Letters and Pure Science				Professional Faculties				Pre-Matriculation				Total Teaching Staff (excluding duplicates)			
	Full-time		Part-time		Full-time		Part-time		Full-time		Part-time		Full-time		Part-time	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>Canada.....</b>	1,558	158	372	147	1,005	122	1,613	92	680	455	108	79	3,294	754	1,955	279
1931.....	1,719	203	432	147	1,973	149	1,671	112	719	153	114	35	3,476	541	2,063	281
1941.....	1,768	268	409	130	1,558	177	1,611	127	931	312	77	29	3,519	748	2,031	243
1946.....	2,108	364	837	167	2,404	242	2,134	239	1,000	621	112	25	4,916	1,143	3,048	417
1949.....	2,441	420	1,011	188	2,803	248	2,339	396	1,023	622	99	24	5,777	1,207	3,437	563
1950.....	2,492	398	968	185	2,790	288	2,596	440	1,050	673	98	25	5,761	1,208	3,642	608
<b>Maritime Provinces<sup>2</sup>.....</b>	154	12	57	30	62	8	141	17	45	4	22	2	290	30	162	36
1931.....	159	16	81	14	62	23	136	11	56	4	15	—	293	44	184	23
1941.....	199	31	40	11	82	18	128	11	87	10	17	2	336	54	182	30
1946.....	206	38	28	5	124	33	168	11	91	17	26	2	346	93	204	22
1949.....	258	34	34	17	152	27	165	34	84	13	24	3	473	63	200	50
1950.....	274	37	31	15	166	39	188	39	99	19	30	10	495	89	233	58
<b>Quebec.....</b>	642	25	82	13	305	47	748	36	450	426	28	48	1,399	498	854	97
1931.....	773	59	70	19	329	35	646	29	499	164	38	23	1,612	260	730	67
1941.....	704	101	86	15	639	47	731	36	609	206	20	3	1,754	412	832	53
1946.....	925	157	316	39	1,220	114	1,120	111	646	552	38	13	2,462	763	1,390	157
1949.....	966	171	358	38	1,366	122	1,103	105	654	563	36	8	2,686	801	1,556	131
1950.....	964	183	262	34	1,363	126	1,162	115	662	614	—	—	2,636	800	1,501	130
<b>Ontario.....</b>	485	82	128	56	395	30	516	33	108	13	14	4	988	125	654	91
1931.....	515	85	205	94	375	46	649	58	98	6	13	—	1,003	137	836	152
1941.....	542	94	247	78	568	80	551	47	141	19	18	15	1,128	193	774	98
1946.....	578	121	419	93	735	40	563	75	175	31	17	—	1,431	179	1,006	161
1949.....	720	129	424	102	816	49	640	83	173	23	16	8	1,647	191	1,036	178
1950.....	741	116	448	92	796	67	715	84	192	23	38	8	1,646	198	1,169	173
<b>Western Provinces.....</b>	277	30	105	48	243	37	208	6	77	13	44	25	617	101	315	55
1931.....	272	43	76	20	207	45	243	14	66	9	48	12	568	100	313	39
1941.....	323	42	36	26	269	32	201	32	94	17	22	9	601	89	263	62
1946.....	372	48	325	74	325	55	283	42	88	21	31	10	695	108	375	77
1949.....	497	86	198	31	469	50	451	174	112	23	23	5	645	152	645	204
1950.....	513	62	197	44	465	56	531	202	97	17	30	7	984	121	739	247

<sup>1</sup> Revised since 1946-48 edition of survey.<sup>2</sup> Newfoundland included in Maritime Provinces from 1950.



20.—Annual Income, Expenditures and Capital Resources of Universities and Colleges in Canada, 1931-1950

Province	Current Income <sup>1</sup>						Total Current Expenditures	Value of Capital Resources <sup>2</sup>		
	From Endowment	Government Grants		Student Fees	Miscellaneous	Total Revenue		Endowment etc.	Trust Funds <sup>3</sup>	Plant
	\$	Provincial	Dominion <sup>4</sup>	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1931										
Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.....	265,312	151,881	—	334,279	175,730	927,202	941,863	5,489,256	8,309,500	
Quebec.....	1,180,062	668,536	—	818,010	483,268	3,155,876	3,574,983	22,913,131	25,327,453	
Ontario.....	624,761	3,706,577	—	1,348,116	481,333	6,305,787	6,289,829	16,345,027	27,076,677	
Western Provinces.....	182,117	2,254,819	—	822,955	314,051	3,573,942	3,629,307	3,711,452	21,688,908	
Canada.....	2,238,252	6,871,813	—	3,323,360	1,454,382	13,962,807	14,435,982	48,458,866	82,402,538	
1936										
Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.....	247,456	164,323	—	436,705	155,778	1,004,262	1,007,193	5,723,949	8,910,026	
Quebec.....	973,535	768,616	—	1,060,332	506,163	3,308,646	3,668,797	24,528,587	28,702,951	
Ontario.....	658,506	2,960,186	—	1,914,887	608,920	6,184,499	6,241,583	21,388,579	31,443,103	
Western Provinces.....	73,375	1,421,021	—	1,015,317	273,756	2,813,469	2,821,349	2,735,498	21,485,242	
Canada.....	1,949,872	5,314,146	—	4,457,241	1,544,617	13,310,876	13,738,922	54,377,613	90,541,322	
1941										
Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.....	293,379	245,678	—	500,889	243,688	1,300,234	1,278,037	2,710,077	3,159,656	
Quebec.....	974,374	1,122,214	—	1,178,537	424,510	3,714,635	3,729,014	26,361,396	31,223,006	
Ontario.....	710,777	3,462,168	—	2,169,484	903,186	7,294,798	7,409,653	24,190,186	33,645,571	
Western Provinces.....	67,641	1,888,859	—	1,294,496	482,692	3,737,992	3,738,908	1,819,766	21,633,480	
Canada.....	2,046,171	6,718,919	—	5,143,406	2,654,076	16,047,659	16,155,612	55,081,425	95,680,886	
1946										
Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.....	356,085	276,408	229,688	924,359	136,985	1,939,487	1,911,296	2,982,964	4,868,359	
Quebec.....	1,212,794	1,837,370	368,346	2,309,886	816,036	6,589,432	6,501,413	27,068,354	4,363,772	
Ontario.....	746,292	3,251,653	988,422	3,709,803	983,776	9,583,205	9,582,278	25,103,683	17,917,032	
Western Provinces.....	51,734	2,325,975	1,127,531	2,835,393	1,362,311	7,702,944	7,363,330	1,819,671	1,849,802	
Canada.....	2,396,905	7,691,406	2,713,987	9,779,441	3,153,108	25,815,068	25,358,317	59,974,672	28,998,965	

1949

Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.....	375,973	486,009	300,215	26,667	1,305,205	159,698	2,653,787	2,447,714	6,980,835	12,236,647
Quebec.....	1,352,808	2,465,055	390,643	35,000	3,727,859	2,195,078	10,166,433	31,548,266	8,465,162	40,018,797
Ontario.....	760,766	6,096,996	1,239,883	76,184	6,562,898	1,076,582	15,813,309	33,296,346	25,443,148	58,098,948
Western Provinces.....	78,457	3,900,670	1,167,846	32,277	4,362,922	1,414,209	10,956,381	1,719,657	2,721,628	34,464,212
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>2,568,004</b>	<b>12,948,820</b>	<b>3,698,587</b>	<b>170,128</b>	<b>15,958,884</b>	<b>4,845,497</b>	<b>39,589,920</b>	<b>69,011,953</b>	<b>43,093,673</b>	<b>139,778,604</b>
1950										
Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.....	334,546	663,731	185,513	25,000	1,197,920	205,356	2,612,066	2,472,895	6,563,150	12,872,279
Quebec.....	1,599,857	2,880,156	534,717	21,667	3,616,655	2,086,313	10,739,365	36,000,937	6,151,820	41,860,769
Ontario.....	994,571	6,089,847	759,780	104,729	6,209,165	1,555,145	15,683,227	42,872,267	22,140,421	56,189,706
Western Provinces.....	51,327	4,766,370	912,336	45,327	4,385,339	1,293,225	11,463,924	2,163,701	2,965,998	39,360,323
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>2,950,301</b>	<b>14,370,104</b>	<b>2,392,346</b>	<b>196,723</b>	<b>15,409,079</b>	<b>5,140,039</b>	<b>40,458,592</b>	<b>84,409,500</b>	<b>37,821,398</b>	<b>150,178,389</b>

NOTE.—Figures in this table represent a record of annual income for general university activities for the larger universities and many of the colleges of Canada. The institutions included represent about 80 per cent of the annual full-time enrolment. Total income and the resulting deficit or surplus does not include gifts and grants for capital expenditure. Table revised since publication of last survey.

<sup>1</sup> Board and lodging not included.

<sup>2</sup> Site, buildings, equipment.

<sup>3</sup> Compiled separately from 1941, previous record not available.

<sup>4</sup> Includes supplementary grants from the Department of Veterans' Affairs for ex-service Students exclusive of amounts paid for fees which are included under "Student Fees".



## SECTION IV





## BIBLIOGRAPHY FOR HIGHER EDUCATION, (1948-50)

Since the edition for 1932, the "Annual Survey of Education in Canada" has contained a "Bibliography of Canadian Studies in Education", including a section on "Professional and Other Higher Education" and another on "Historical and Biographical Studies", in which new publications relating to higher education in Canada have been recorded. With the separation of statistics of higher education from the rest of the Survey, the corresponding bibliographical items are published in the present report. The Education Division of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics will welcome advice of important omissions, so they may be included in the next edition. No systematic attempt has been made to include articles appearing in the periodical press other than the several university reviews; beyond these, the list includes only articles that have incidentally come to the attention of the compilers.

## ANNUAL AND BIENNIAL REPORTS

Hereunder are listed the printed annual reports of universities received by the Education Division. There may be others; if so, a copy would be welcomed by the compilers of this report. The annual calendars are not listed except in the case of Université Laval and the Université de Montréal where the annuaire général includes a record of the year's work as well as a description of courses.

**Alberta, University of.**—Report of the Board of Governors and the President. Annual, 30-40 pp. Obtainable from the University, Edmonton.

**British Columbia, University of.**—President's Report. Annual. About 30 pages. Obtainable from the University, Vancouver.

**Dalhousie University.**—President's Report. Annual. Includes a financial statement. About 30 pages. Obtainable from the University, Halifax.

**Laval Université.**—Annuaire général. Includes reports of university officers. Obtainable from the University, Québec.

**Manitoba, University of.**—President's Report. Annual. About 135 pages. Obtainable from the University, Winnipeg.

**McGill University.**—Annual Report. Includes financial statements. About 100 pages. Obtainable from the University, Montréal.

**Montréal, Université de.**—Annuaire général. Includes several appendices on events and work of the year. Obtainable from the Secretary of the University, Montréal.

**Queen's University.**—Principal's Report. Annual. Contains a summary of the year's work in all Faculties or Departments, including the Registrar's and Treasurer's Report. 120 pp. Obtainable from the University, Kingston, Ont.

**Saskatchewan, University of.**—President's Report. Annual. 50-100 pp. Includes financial statements. Obtainable from the University, Saskatoon.

**Toronto, University of.**—Annual Report of the President. A document of 160-180 pages reviewing all departments of the University's work. (In recent years it has also been printed in the Report of the Board of Governors.) University of Toronto Press, Toronto.

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**Yearbook of Canadian Universities.**—Biennial. A Summarized report of Canadian Universities and affiliated colleges. Information on staff, courses, fees, control and admission requirements of the independent and affiliated degree-granting institutions of higher education. Issued under the auspices of the National Conference of Canadian Universities, Editor K. P. R. Neville, Ph.D., LL.D., London, Ont.

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# SURVEY OF HIGHER EDUCATION 1950 - 1952

(PART II OF THE BIENNIAL SURVEY OF EDUCATION IN CANADA, 1950-1952)

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SURVEY OF HIGHER EDUCATION  
1950 - 1952

(PART II OF THE BIENNIAL SURVEY OF EDUCATION IN CANADA, 1950-1952)

*Published by Authority of*  
The Right Honourable C. D. Howe, Minister of Trade and Commerce



## PREFACE

The biennium under review saw an important development with regard to Federal Government participation in the financing of higher education in Canada. As a result of the Report of the Royal Commission on Development in the Arts, Letters and Sciences, the Federal Government, acting on a recommendation contained therein, paid nearly \$7,000,000 to certain institutions, based on their enrolment, during the academic year 1951-52.

With full time enrolment continuing to decrease from the peak set in 1947-48, and with continuing rising costs of operations, the universities and colleges of Canada were being faced with growing financial pressures which could only in part be met by an increase in student fees.

The report has been prepared by R. D. Mitchener of the Education Division of the Bureau.

May 1954.

H. MARSHALL,  
*Dominion Statistician.*





# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Preface .....	3
Section I—Analysis of Data —	
Chapter I: Entrance Requirements for Arts and Science in Canadian Universities .....	9
Chapter II: Review of Statistics for 1950-1952 —	
Enrolment .....	10
University Graduates .....	11
Teaching Staffs .....	11
Residence of Students .....	11
Student Fees .....	14
Salaries .....	14
Finances .....	15
Section II—Current Tables, 1950-52 —	
1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliation .....	19
2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study .....	30
3. Full time Students of the Regular Session by Province and Faculty...	39
4. Part Time Students in the Regular Session by Province and Faculty	40
5. Students in Summer School, Short Courses and Other Extra-Mural Courses .....	41
6. Summary of All Students Reported, Classified by Grade of Work.....	42
7. Summary of All Students Reported, Classified as Full Time, Part-Time, Short Courses, etc. ....	42
8. Summary of Degrees and Diplomas Granted.....	43
9. University Grade Students of the Regular Session Attending Outside Their Province of Residence .....	44
10. Teaching Staffs .....	44
11. Salary Classification of Full Time Teaching Staff in Canadian Universities .....	46
12. University and College Libraries .....	47
Section III—Retrospective Tables —	
13. Enrolment of Full Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties .....	53
14. Summary of Full Time Undergraduate Enrolment in Universities and Colleges .....	58
15. Enrolment of Post Graduate Students, of the Regular Session, by Faculties .....	59
16. Summary of Full Time Post Graduate Enrolment in Universities and Colleges .....	59
17. Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties .....	60
18. Classification of Full Time Students According to Place of Residence	67
19. Summary of Teaching Staffs .....	68
20. Annual Income, Expenditures and Capital Resources of Universities and Colleges in Canada .....	69
Section IV —	
Bibliography for Higher Education .....	71



**SECTION I**  
**ANALYSIS OF DATA**



## CHAPTER I

### Entrance Requirements for Arts and Science in Canadian Universities

Minimum entrance requirements for the first years of Arts and Science courses vary between provinces and are governed by the high school matriculation standards in force within each province. Provincial differences result from the regulations of the British North America Act of 1867 which placed education solely within the realm of the constituent provinces of Canada. Through the years following Confederation, differing curricula in the secondary schools have led to various levels at which a student may obtain junior and senior matriculation. These, in turn, have had an effect on university entrance regulations in the different provinces.

Four provinces (Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia; Quebec and Manitoba) consider the Grade XI level as being junior matriculation and the universities in those provinces accept students with that standing into the first year of a four year course leading to a pass or general B.A. Saskatchewan and Alberta require an additional year after Grade XI (senior matriculation or Grade XII) for entry into the first year but the B.A. may then be obtained in three years. British Columbia allows entry with Grade XII, there considered as junior matriculation, with four years of study being required for a degree. In Ontario there is no uniform system of admission as is the case with the institutions in the other provinces. Some of the institutions allow entrance with Grade XII (Ontario junior matriculation) while others

require Grade XIII (Ontario senior matriculation). In both cases, however, the total time required to obtain the B.A. is the same—four years from junior or three years from senior matriculation. Newfoundland has revised its high school curriculum so that beginning in 1954-55 Grade XII Standing will be required for entry into the four year B.A. course. Previously, Grade XI was necessary. New Brunswick, in 1953-54, also added one year to the high school program so that Grade XII will be needed for university entrance.

The French language system may be considered, for equating purposes, to have the eleventh year of schooling, as being the university entrance standard, with a further four years being needed to obtain the B.A. It should be noted that the eight year classical course begins at the finish of the seventh year of schooling with the last four years of it, as mentioned, corresponding to the requirements for the English language B.A.

For those provinces where junior matriculation allows university entrance, a further year in high school leading to senior matriculation allows the student to enter the second year of the four year degree course.

The following table illustrates the varying provincial requirements for university entrance.

**TABLE A. Requirements for Entry into the Faculties of Arts and Science in the Different Provinces (Degree Granting Institutions Only)**

Province	End of Year					
	11	12	13	14	15	16
Newfoundland .....		0				X
Prince Edward Island .....	0				X	
Nova Scotia .....	0				X	
New Brunswick .....		0				X
Quebec .....	0				X	
Ontario: U. of Ottawa, Carleton, St. Patrick's and Assumption Colleges .....		0				X
Queen's, McMaster, Toronto, Western Ontario Universities .....			Ø			X
Manitoba .....	0				X	
Saskatchewan .....		Ø			X	
Alberta .....		Ø			X	
British Columbia .....		0				X

0 — minimum entry with junior matriculation  
 Ø — minimum entry with senior matriculation  
 X — year in which pass or general B.A. is granted.



Students attending university or college in a province other than that where they took their high school training usually are rated on the basis of their matriculation standing being equal to that of the province in which they are studying, insofar as the subjects written for the particular standard correspond to those required for admission to the particular university in question.

The differing entrance requirements deserve some comment. Essentially, the problem of university entrance resolves around the transition of the student from the high school milieu to that of the university—from the note copying to the lecture method of subject presentation. With many larger classes at university, the institutions tend to be more impersonal with the student relying more on his own resources and application. At present the upper years of high school prepare students for university. By extending high school to cover an additional year, and by requiring senior matriculation in some cases for entrance, the student enters university with additional maturity, measured chronologically. The high failure rate in first year, the weakness in written and oral composition, and the difficulty in adjusting to the lecture method of instruction, all of which have been pointed out in recent years by Canadian university authorities, seem to indicate that the gap between high school and university is not completely closed by extending the high school requirements. Rightfully, the universities wish to devote themselves to “higher” education. Of late, freshmen orientation programs have been instigated which, in a week or two prior to university opening, attempt to explain the new system to the student. Their success is in part measured by the continuing difficulties of new entrants.

Provincial differences would then seem to be attempts to arrive at the best points of transition between the two forms of education. The fact that they do not agree now does not preclude eventual agreement. They do indicate, though, the depth of the problem by the various approaches taken to it.

Interest has been shown in the establishment of junior colleges to resolve some of these difficulties. This system has been in operation in the United States for some time. In Canada, the few junior colleges now in existence are located mainly in the western and maritime provinces. At present they include only a small proportion of the new enrolment each year. Four main advantages of the junior college system might be indicated. They can help with the transition phase that leads to more independent study; they can act selectively in limiting university applicants to those who would be most likely to succeed while at the same time furthering the education of those who might terminate their studies at the end of the junior college years, rather than at the end of high school; they can allow the universities to devote their resources to true university level activities; and they can give the student more time to decide upon his eventual specializations by allowing him to be familiar with more phases of learning.

The French language system of classical colleges fulfils this function to some extent. Graduation from the classical colleges (with the B.A.) is required before a student can enrol in the parent university in whatever faculty he chooses. The B.A. is thus a prerequisite to any professional course and provides a broad liberal education as a background for later specialization. This is a further advantage of the junior college. It can assist in developing an acquaintance with fields of learning for which a specialized degree program is unable to find time. A recent American experiment in engineering education, the “three-two plan”, is worthy of mention here. It consists of three years in a liberal Arts college with a range of subjects including elementary engineering courses, followed by two years in an engineering college. The B.A. is granted at the end of the fourth year and the engineering degree at the end of the fifth. This double degree program has also been established in some of the western provincial universities, again with the idea of giving a broader background for professional specialization.

## CHAPTER II

### Review of Statistics for 1950-52

**Enrolment:** Total enrolment figures continued to decline during the biennium from the peak established during the 1947-48 session. It is interesting to note that if those students in receipt of grants from the Department of Veterans' Affairs are excluded, the total remaining “civilian” undergraduate and post graduate enrolment maintained a steady increase during the post-war years until the 1951-52 session when there was a slight drop. This levelling off

could be interpreted as a stability that may be expected to continue until the higher birth rate of the war years begins to be reflected in an increased enrolment by the end of the present decade. It might also be noted that immigration can be expected to increase enrolment in the 1960's, as would any system of increased aid to students in the form of scholarships or bursaries, which would have the effect of causing an increase almost immediately.

TABLE B. Veteran and Non-Veteran Enrolment, 1941-52, in the Regular Session

Year	Full time undergraduate enrolment			Full and part time post graduate enrolment		
	Total	Veteran	Minus veteran	Total	Veteran	Minus veteran
1941 .....	34,817	—	34,817	1,569	—	1,569
1944 .....	35,132	68	35,064	1,392	5	1,387
1945 .....	38,376	517	37,859	1,689	37	1,652
1946 .....	61,861	20,000	41,861	2,870	500	2,370
1947 .....	76,237	34,000	42,237	3,674	1,000	2,674
1948 .....	79,346	29,600	49,746	4,139	900	3,239
1949 .....	75,807	21,800	54,007	4,857	1,300	3,557
1950 .....	69,111	13,049	56,062	5,262	1,090	4,172
1951 .....	64,036	6,126	57,910	4,559	843	3,716
1952 .....	59,849	2,464	57,385	4,316	349	3,967

An additional 670 veterans (214 undergraduate, 456 post graduate) in 1951 and 266 (54 undergraduate, 212 post graduate) in 1952 were registered in universities and colleges outside Canada.

The sex distribution of students has shown some change over a period of years, especially in post graduate courses, where women amounted to 25.5 per cent of the total enrolment in the regular session in 1921, 26.1 per cent in 1931, 20.8 per cent in 1941, 22.0 per cent in 1946, 15.4 per cent in 1951 and 15.7 per cent in 1952. In contrast, the proportion of women enrolled full time in undergraduate courses has remained fairly constant. Women accounted for 16.3 per cent of the total in 1921, 23.5 per cent in 1931, 23.3 per cent in 1941, 20.8 per cent in 1946, 21.7 per cent in 1951 and 22.1 per cent in 1952.

**University Graduates:** A total of 13,288 bachelor and first professional degrees, 1,601 masters and licentiates and 234 doctorates in course were granted during the 1951-52 session. In addition, 3,305 diplomas and certificates and 222 honorary doctorates were received. L'Université Laval granted 38 honorary doctorates during the year, it being its 100th anniversary.

A breakdown of degrees by faculty appears in Section III of this report.

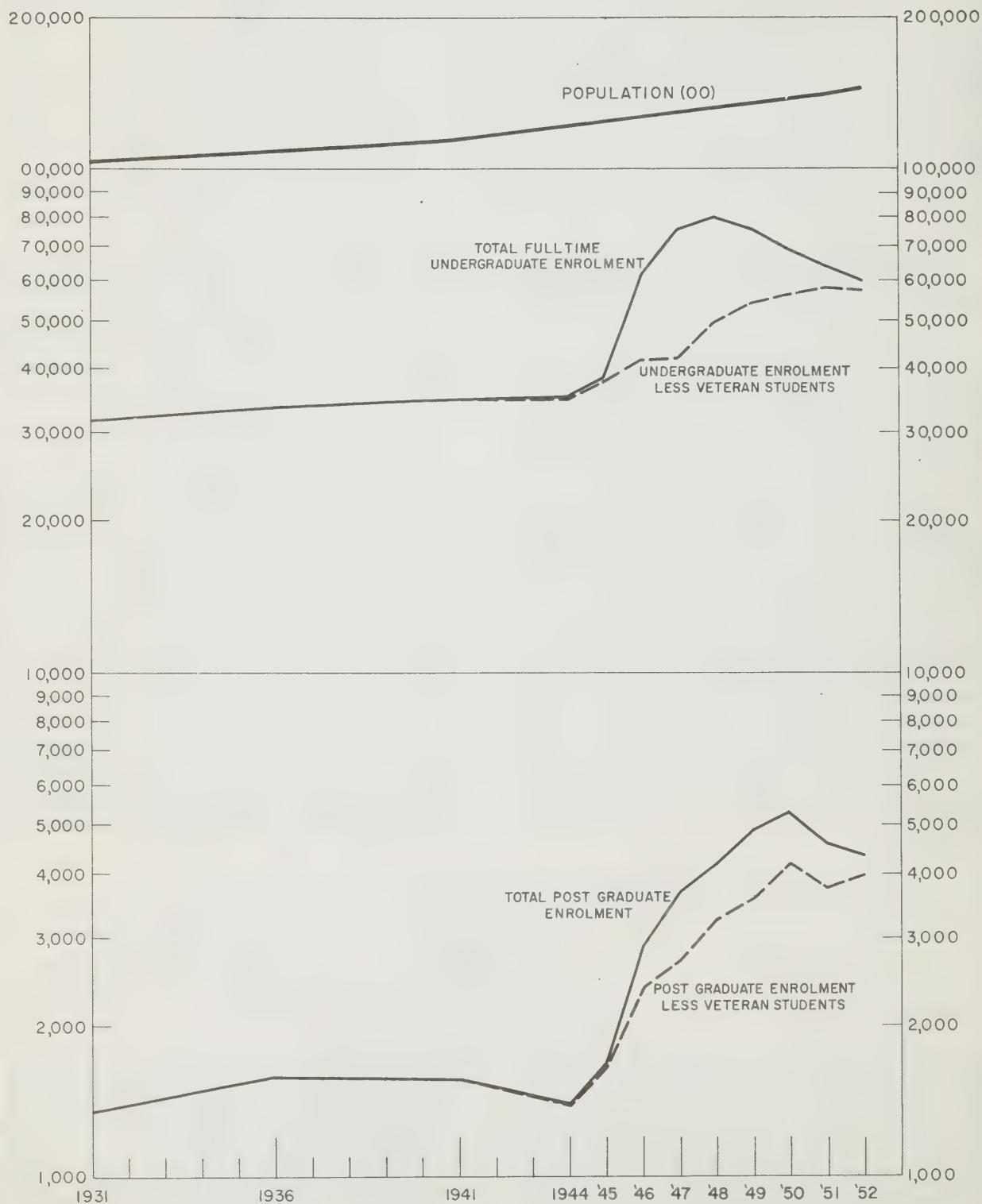
**Teaching Staffs:** In the 1951-52 session there were 11,381 teachers, including 5,074 part time, giving instruction at university level. Of the total, 4,495 or 39.5 per cent were instructing in the Faculties of Arts and Science, which included 48.4 per cent of the total full time university grade enrolment. The ratio of total staff to full time students returned, in 1952, to the pre-war ratio of one to six after having been as high as one to nine in 1948.

**Residence of Students:** About 12 per cent of the full time students were in attendance at universities outside their province of residence while an additional 5 per cent were from countries other than Canada, including 1,515 persons from the United States. Interesting comparisons can be made on the basis of the places of residence of the students as reported by the institutions. Table C compares, for each province, the ratios of provincial population to students with residences in the province. The wider differences between provinces for students who are residents in, and studying in, the same province may be mainly accounted for by the wider range of undergraduate and graduate courses offered in some provinces. It is evident that students who have such facilities near at hand will tend to remain at the institution where they began their work.

TABLE C. Full Time Students in Relation to Provincial Population, 1952

Province	1952 Population estimate (000's)	Ratio of provincial population to students with homes in province in attendance in	
		Province	All Canada
Newfoundland .....	374	987:1	533:1
Prince Edward Island .....	103	486:1	214:1
Nova Scotia .....	653	288:1	229:1
New Brunswick .....	526	479:1	273:1
Quebec .....	4,174	249:1	230:1
Ontario .....	4,766	274:1	254:1
Manitoba .....	798	240:1	216:1
Saskatchewan .....	843	388:1	269:1
Alberta .....	970	372:1	296:1
British Columbia .....	1,198	233:1	210:1

TOTAL AND VETERAN ENROLMENT  
IN THE REGULAR SESSION COMPARED WITH POPULATION  
1931-52





The fluctuations between provinces are reduced when the relationship between provincial populations and students from each province studying anywhere in Canada is considered. With the exception of Newfoundland, the table shows that, within moderate boundaries, each province contributes about the same proportion of students to the total Canadian enrolment figure. There are selective factors in operation that account for the differences that remain. Among these are differences in provincial public school enrolment, in proportions of those in the age group that would normally attend university, in the rural-urban population ratio, and in assistance to prospective students in the form of scholarships and loan funds. The socio-economic position of the parents of prospective students, together with the availability and remuneration of part time and summer employment, are also factors governing the number of students entering and continuing university. Except for a few studies by individual institutions, there has been no detailed investigation of the fam-

ily background of those who attend university in Canada.

Student migration would seem to be governed by two principal factors, the availability of instruction and of financial aid. Table C shows that Nova Scotia, Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba and British Columbia tend to have a higher proportion of home students in relation to total population than the other provinces with this at least in part being due to the proximity of varied undergraduate and post graduate programs. The following table shows the percentage distribution of students by residence in relation to provincial enrolment for the academic year 1951-52 and shows that student migration tends to be greatest where facilities are more numerous. As well as having a higher proportion of home students in relation to total population, Nova Scotia, Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba and British Columbia also tend to attract more students from outside the province.

TABLE D. Proportional Distribution of Students by Residence, 1952

Province	Total Enrolment	Residence of Students		
		Home Province	Other Parts of Canada	Foreign Students
		p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Newfoundland .....	379	100.0	0.0	0.0
Prince Edward Island .....	258	82.2	15.9	1.9
Nova Scotia .....	3,590	63.5	30.4	6.1
New Brunswick .....	1,954	58.0	38.2	3.8
Quebec .....	20,718	85.4	8.0	6.6
Ontario .....	21,176	83.7	10.9	5.4
Manitoba .....	3,985	84.5	13.2	2.3
Saskatchewan .....	2,433	91.2	7.3	1.5
Alberta .....	3,015	89.5	9.7	0.8
British Columbia .....	5,991	86.4	11.3	2.3
<b>Canada .....</b>	<b>63,499</b>	<b>83.2</b>	<b>11.9</b>	<b>4.9</b>

Numerically, the enrolment of foreign students increased from 1931 to 1949, when it then levelled off in the vicinity of 3,000. There has been a steady increase in the number of students from countries

other than the United Kingdom, the United States, and the British West Indies. Enrolment of American students, with the exception of the war years, has been quite constantly between 1,500 and 2,000.

TABLE E. Foreign Enrolment in Canadian Universities, 1931-52

Year	Total Full Time Enrolment	Students with Residence in				Total Foreign Enrolment
		U.S.A.	U.K.	B.W.I.	Other Countries	
1931 .....	32,926	1,506	333	54	236	2,129
1936 .....	35,108	2,018	156	32	237	2,443
1941 .....	36,319	1,478	41	74	289	1,882
1946 .....	63,550	1,116	167	263	507	2,053
1949 .....	80,164	1,759	158	279	825	3,021
1950 .....	74,273	1,875	176	288	909	3,248
1951 .....	68,306	1,758	164	252	1,014	3,188
1952 .....	63,499	1,515	132	259	1,106	3,012

**Student Fees:** Fees for the Faculty of Arts, including those for registration, tuition, health service, extra-curricular activities and student organizations, have shown a steady increase. Nine repre-

sentative universities show an average increase of 22.1 per cent for the sessions of 1948-49 to 1953-54 as is indicated below.

**TABLE F. Student Fees in Arts at Selected Intervals**

University	1953-54	1948-49	1938-39	1928-29
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Dalhousie, Halifax, N.S. ....	231	184	125	112
Mount Allison, Sackville, N.B. ....	249	240	150	132
McGill, Montreal, P.Q. ....	300	250	215	125
Queen's, Kingston, Ont. ....	275	233	148	88
Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	282	236	213	163
Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. ....	208	152	115	80
Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	208	143	106	56
Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	207	157	134	107
British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	238	205	175	105

**Salaries:** Statistics on salaries for full time university instructional staffs were first collected by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics for the 1937-38 session. Since that time the medians for 5 classifi-

cations have risen about 50 per cent from the 1937-38 level, with larger increases, on a percentage basis, for the lower ranks.

**TABLE G. Median Salaries, by Region, for University Instruction Staff<sup>1</sup>**

Classification	Western Provinces			Central Canada			Maritime Provinces		
	1938	1952	% increase 1938-52	1938	1952	% increase 1938-52	1938	1952	% increase 1938-52
	\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$	
Deans .....	5,090	7,375	44.9	5,090	7,625	49.8	3,450	5,000	44.9
Professors .....	4,328	6,312	45.8	4,571	6,608	44.6	3,000	4,306	43.5
Associate Professors .....	3,340	5,254	57.3	3,612	5,377	48.9	2,500	3,525	41.0
Assistant Professors .....	2,694	4,478	66.2	2,760	4,413	59.9	2,175	3,396	56.1
Instructors and Lecturers .....	..	3,566	..	..	3,323	..	..	2,273	..

1. Institutions included: Western Provinces — Universities of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia; Central Canada — McGill University, Bishop's University, Queen's University, McMaster University, Victoria University, the Universities of Toronto, Western Ontario and Trinity College; Maritime Provinces — Acadia, Mount Allison and Saint Francis Xavier Universities and the University of New Brunswick.

The above table includes a total of 2,484 individuals for 1952. Of this total, 1,084 (43.6 per cent) earned over \$5,000 per year. This contrasts with 592 persons out of 2,531 (23.4 per cent) for the year 1950 and 136 out of 1,957 (6.9 per cent) for 1938 who earned the same amount.

It is of interest to note that the median salary for all full time instruction staff rose nearly \$600 from 1951 to 1952. The median for 2,462 individuals in 1951 was \$4,185 while in 1952 it was \$4,773 for 2,484 persons. As well as being due to university policy of keeping salaries in line with those re-

ceived in other professions, the increase may in part be attributed to the Federal Grants paid to the universities for the first time during the 1951-52 session.

Median salaries for instructional staffs varied between institutions on the basis of enrolment of students. The following table shows the medians for 5 classifications of rank for 20 institutions giving courses up to a degree level. Ten of them had an enrolment of over 1,000 full time university grade students while the other 10 each had an enrolment of under 1,000.



**TABLE H. Comparison of Salaries Paid in Institutions with Over 1,000 and Under 1,000 Full Time University Grade Enrolment, 1952**

Classification	Median Salaries for Institutions <sup>1</sup> with Full Time Enrolment of	
	Over 1,000 (10 Institutions)	Under 1,000 (10 Institutions)
	\$	\$
Deans .....	7,561	5,625
Professors .....	6,450	5,000
Associate Professors .....	5,342	4,000
Assistant Professors .....	4,445	3,602
Instructors and Lecturers .....	3,398	3,021

1. Institutions over 1,000 enrolment: McGill, Queen's, Toronto, Western Ontario, Victoria University, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia, Dalhousie.

Institutions under 1,000 enrolment: Acadia, St. Francis Xavier, Mount Allison, New Brunswick, Bishop's, Sir George Williams, Carleton, McMaster, Trinity, United College.

**Finances:** Of major importance in the biennium under review was the introduction by the Federal Government, after the tabling of the report of the Royal Commission on Development in the Arts, Letters and Sciences, of a system of grants to the institutions of higher education in Canada. The grants were paid on the basis of 50 cents per head

of population in each province, with eligible institutions receiving their share of the total provincial grant in proportion to the number of full time students at university level attending in courses leading to a degree. A total of \$6,991,949.75 was paid to 83 institutions for the academic year 1951-52 as follows:

**TABLE I. Federal Government Grants to Universities, by Province, 1951-52 Session**

Province	Number of Institutions	Total Grants Paid
		\$
Newfoundland .....	1	180,700.00
Prince Edward Island .....	2	49,200.00
Nova Scotia .....	13	321,249.75
New Brunswick .....	6	257,800.00
Quebec .....	5	2,027,800.00
Ontario .....	27	2,298,750.00
Manitoba .....	7	388,250.00
Saskatchewan .....	14	415,850.00
Alberta .....	4	469,750.00
British Columbia .....	4	582,600.00
<b>Canada Total</b> .....	<b>83</b>	<b>6,991,949.75</b>

Financial statistics used in this publication are from institutions accounting for 80 per cent of the university enrolment in Canada. Table J shows the relative amount of income from government grants

(including Federal, Municipal and Provincial), student fees, investments and endowments and from other sources for selected years for these institutions.

**TABLE J. University Income by Source, 1931-52**

Year	Income \$'000's	Percentage of Receipts from			
		Government Grants	Student Fees	Endowments and Investments	Other Sources
1952 .....	48,221	52.4	30.2	6.6	10.8
1951 .....	40,532	46.2	34.6	7.7	11.5
1946 .....	25,815	40.6	37.9	9.3	12.2
1941 .....	16,048	42.4	32.0	12.8	12.8
1936 .....	13,311	40.3	33.5	14.6	11.6
1931 .....	13,963	49.6	23.8	16.2	10.4

In 1952 current expenditures amounted to 97.9 per cent of current income. The figures for the three preceding years were: 1951—100.6 per cent, 1950—100.6 per cent, 1949—99.0 per cent.

Fluctuations in enrolment over different years must be considered to arrive at an accurate picture of the amount and source of income. Table K shows that the two main sources of income, government grants and student fees, have risen over the years, despite changes in total enrolment, to a greater degree than is indicated by a percentage breakdown of receipts. With university authorities expressing concern over the minimum standards at which they are forced to operate, especially with regard to research facilities, and with income from endowments and miscellaneous sources remaining small, the onus of operation falls on revenue derived from fees and grants. With fees rising steadily since the

end of the war, further increases are liable to act selectively in determining the type of student who will attend university. While fees are only a part of expenses, other costs have also risen and further the problems of financing the student's education. Fees can be raised only so much, after that government or private grants become the prime source for further income.

From 1941 to 1952, income increased 300 per cent. For the same period, full time enrolment increased only 175 per cent. Receipts from student fees in this period rose from \$4 million to \$14 million instead of to \$7 million as would have been the case if their rates had remained constant. Total receipts increased from \$16 million to \$48 million rather than to \$28 million as would have been the case on the basis of income from the 1941 enrolment.

TABLE K. Income Distribution on Basis of Full Time Enrolment, 1931-1952

Year	80 per cent of full time enrolment	Income per full time student from				
		Government grants	Student fees	Endowment and investments	Other sources	Total income
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1952 .....	50,799	498	286	63	102	949
1951 .....	54,675	343	256	57	85	741
1946 .....	51,762	203	189	46	61	499
1941 .....	29,055	234	177	70	71	552
1936 .....	28,086	191	159	69	55	474
1931 .....	26,341	263	126	86	55	530

Basically, there are two forms of control of the institutions of higher education in Canada. There are those controlled by provincial governments and those controlled by private organizations and religious bodies. Sources of income for the public and private institutions vary in that while the public ones rely on provincial grants for their main source of income, the private institutions have depended on income from endowments and gifts for the bulk of their capital. In both cases, of course, student

fees contribute a substantial sum to the operating costs, but apart from these fees, the difference in source for the balance remains. To show the changes in the sources of income at 10 year intervals since 1931, 6 private institutions (Dalhousie, Acadia, McGill, Queen's, Western Ontario and McMaster) and 6 public institutions (New Brunswick, Toronto, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia) have been compared.

TABLE L. Comparison of Income Distribution for Six Private and Six Public Universities, 1931-1952

Source of income	Six private institutions				Six public institutions			
	1952	1951	1941	1931	1952	1951	1941	1931
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Endowments and investments .....	16.2	19.0	28.5	37.6	1.1	1.4	3.5	4.7
Provincial grants .....	16.0	16.5	16.3	20.4	49.0	54.0	53.5	67.1
Municipal grants .....	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Federal grants .....	15.8	6.8	0.0	0.0	12.9	4.6	0.0	0.0
Student fees .....	32.2	37.8	41.2	28.2	29.2	32.9	34.7	23.5
Other income .....	18.1	18.2	12.4	12.3	7.8	7.1	8.3	4.7
<b>Total Income (\$000,000's).....</b>	<b>13.8</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>21.5</b>	<b>18.4</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>6.2</b>

**SECTION II**  
**CURRENT TABLES, 1950-52**





**TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations**

Note. The name of each institution is entered in the language (French or English) used in it as the main language of instruction. Each university with affiliated colleges has them entered immediately below, their names slightly indented in the column. The whole is designed to indicate the structure of the higher educational system in Canada.

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Newfoundland</b>	
Memorial University of Newfoundland, St. John's (Provincial).	Degrees in Arts, Science, Education. Three years Engineering. Two years pre-medical, pre-dental, Agriculture and Household Science. (Co-educational).
Queen's College, St. John's ..... (Anglican).	Theology.
<b>Prince Edward Island</b>	
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown ..... (Provincial).	Normal School, Preparatory, two years Arts and Commerce, two years pre-medical, pre-dental and pre-engineering (Co-educational). Graduates admitted to 3rd and 2nd year Arts in Dalhousie, Acadia, Mount Allison and Kings. Two years in Agriculture and Home Economics preparatory to third year at Macdonald College.
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown ..... (Roman Catholic).	Junior Commercial, Preparatory and four-year degree courses in Arts, Science, and Commerce, pre-medical and pre-dental courses in Science. (Co-educational at University level). The University grants its own degrees and in addition students may obtain the Arts degree of Laval University on completion of certain courses in Philosophy prescribed by the Quebec University. Two years of the college course give eligibility to third year Arts and Science at McGill University. Qualified graduates eligible for admission to first year of Faculties of Medicine or Dentistry at McGill and Dalhousie Universities and to the second year of the Faculty of Medicine at Queens University. Graduates are also eligible to apply for admission to the Faculty of Medicine at Laval University.
<b>Nova Scotia</b>	
Acadia University, Wolfville ..... (Baptist).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts and Science, Household Science, Music, Theology and Education. Three Years' Engineering. Diploma in Secretarial Science. (Co-educational). Students completing Engineering Course, admitted to second last year of Bachelor's Course in Engineering in Nova Scotia Technical College and McGill University. Graduates in Arts, if proper electives have been chosen admitted to second year Medicine at McGill.
Dalhousie University, Halifax ..... (Undenominational).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Commerce, Music, Medicine, Dentistry, Education, Nursing, Law, Pharmacy, Fisheries, Food Technology, and Engineering Physics. Diplomas in Education, Nursing, Music, Pharmacy. Three years Engineering. On completion of Engineering Course at Dalhousie, B.Sc. in Engineering is obtained at Nova Scotia Technical College in two years. Faculty of Graduate Studies. (Co-educational).
University of King's College, Halifax ..... (Anglican).	Arts and Science (including diplomas in Journalism and Education). Two years' pre-medicine, pre-dentistry, pre-law. Degrees in Theology. (Preparatory in King's College School at Windsor, N.S., reported in private schools). (Co-educational). All degrees in Arts and Science granted by Dalhousie. Except in First Year classes in King's do not duplicate those in Dalhousie, each other class whether conducted in the one or the other institution, being open to students of both. King's is "associated" with Dalhousie.
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax ..... (United Church)	Degrees and Diplomas in Theology. First year of course may be taken at Dalhousie or Mount Allison Universities. For certain classes in Pine Hill credit is given toward the B.A. degree in Dalhousie.
Maritime College of Pharmacy, ..... Medical Science Bldg., Halifax (Pharm. Soc. and Dalhousie Univ).	Two and three year Pharmacy courses. Prepare students to become registered Pharmacists in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island. Students may obtain degree of B. Sc. (Pharmacy) from Dalhousie by taking certain courses in the Faculty of Arts and Science in addition. (Co-educational).
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax ..... (Roman Catholic).	Degrees in Arts (including a diploma course in Journalism), Science, Education, Secretarial Science, Library Science, Nursing, Home Economics and Music. Preparatory courses in Mount Saint Vincent Academy. (Women only).



TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations — Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Nova Scotia — Concluded</b>	
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish ..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Science, Home Economics, Nursing, Commerce, Education, Three Years' Engineering. (Men and Women, the ladies' College being Mount St. Bernard). B.Sc. in Engineering completed at Nova Scotia Technical College in two years by those completing the three-year course at St. Francis Xavier. Similarly at McGill.
Xavier Junior College, Sydney ..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory. Two year courses in Arts, Science and Commerce. (Co-educational).
Convent of the Sacred Heart, Halifax ..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory. Two years Arts giving admission to Junior (third) year at Dalhousie and equivalent at other institutions. (Women).
St. Mary's University, Halifax ..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory. Degrees in Arts (including diploma course in Journalism), Science (including Science with Engineering), Commerce. Two year pre-medical course. Three year Engineering course may be completed at Nova Scotia Technical College as above. (Men).
College Ste-Anne, Church Point ..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial, Degrees in Art and Letters. (Men).
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax ..... (Roman Catholic).	Theology and Philosophy.
Maritime School of Social Work, Halifax ..... (Undenominational).	Post graduate course of two years leading to diplomas and degrees in Social Work.
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro ..... (Provincial).	Short courses in Agriculture. Two years of "degree course" in Agriculture. Students completing "degree course" are admitted to the third year of B.Sc. (Agr.) course at Macdonald College and B.S.A. course at Ontario Agricultural College. Two year general Agriculture course for those with Grade XI. Two year vocational course for young farmers. (Co-educational).
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax ..... (Provincial).	The two final years of Bachelor of Engineering course. Grants degrees. Graduate courses leading to Master of Engineering. Regular students have taken junior years of course in Acadia, Dalhousie, King's, Mount Allison, St. Francis Xavier, St. Mary's or Memorial University of Newfoundland.
<b>New Brunswick</b>	
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton ..... (Provincial)	Degrees in Arts, Science, Business Administration, Law, Engineering, Forestry and Education. School of Graduate Studies. (Co-educational).
Mount Allison University, Sackville, ..... (United Church).	Degrees in Arts, Arts and Secretarial Science, Science, Commerce, Music, Fine Arts, Education and Home Economics. Certificates in Fine Arts, Applied Arts, Music, Commerce and Secretarial Science. Three years Engineering. One year Theology. Two years pre-medical and pre-dental. Arrangements provide for completion of degree course in Engineering at Nova Scotia Technical College, McGill or Queen's in two years, in Theology at Pine Hill Divinity Hall in two years, in Medicine at Dalhousie or McGill in five years, in Dentistry at Dalhousie in four years. (Co-educational).
Université Saint-Joseph, Saint Joseph ..... (Roman Catholic French and English).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Literature, Science and Commerce. Two year diploma course in Agriculture. School of Education. (Men only).
Collège Notre-Dame d'Acadie, Moncton ..... (Roman Catholic).	Affiliated to St. Joseph's, Preparatory, Arts, Commerce, Education, Household Science and Music. (Women).
Université du Sacré-Coeur, Bathurst ..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory. Diplomas in Commerce, Degrees in Arts and Letters (Men only).
St. Thomas College, Chatham ..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory. Degrees in Arts, Nursing and Education. (Co-educational at college level).
Université Saint-Louis, Edmundston ..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory. Junior Commercial and Arts. (Men). Three year evening course for Master's degree in Social Sciences.
Collège Maillet, Saint-Basile ..... (Roman Catholic).	Women's section of Université Saint-Louis for courses in Faculty of Arts.

TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations — Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec</b>	
Sir George Williams College ..... 1441 Drummond St., Montreal (Y.M.C.A.)	Diplomas and Degrees in Arts, Science and Commerce, Courses in Fine and Applied Art and Business (Co-educational).
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que. .... (Anglican).	Degrees in Arts, Science, Theology and Education (Co-educational).
McGill University, Montreal, Que. .... (Undenominational).	Degrees or diplomas in Divinity, Arts and Science, Fine Arts, Commerce, Law, Agriculture, Architecture, Engineering, Dentistry, Medicine, Pharmacy, Household Science, Nursing, Music, Physical Education, Social Work. Library School, School of Physical and Occupational Therapy and Graduate School. See under Royal Military College, Acadia, Mount Allison and Saint Francis Xavier Universities for arrangement re credit for Engineering courses at McGill. See also under Macdonald College and the three Theological Colleges immediately below. (Co-educational).
Royal Victoria College, Montreal, Que. .... (Undenominational).	The Women's College in McGill University.
Macdonald College, Macdonald College .... (Undenominational).	Full courses and Short Courses in Agriculture and Household Science, (Also Provincial Normal School) (Co-educational). An incorporated College of McGill University. Degree Courses in Agriculture controlled by, and degrees for same granted by, McGill. Other courses in Agriculture and those in Household Science under direction of the College.
United Theological College ..... 3506 University St., Montreal (United Church).	} Affiliated to McGill Faculty of Divinity. Grant certificates for ordination but degree-granting powers held by McGill.
Diocesan Theological College..... 3472 University St., Montreal (Anglican).	
Montreal Presbyterian College ..... 3489 McTavish St., Montreal (Presbyterian).	
Collège Militaire Royal de Saint-Jean ..... Saint-Jean (Federal).	Degree in Theology. Affiliated to McGill.
Université de Montréal, Montréal ..... (Roman Catholic, as also most affiliated colleges).	Senior matriculation and two years Applied Science and Engineering for armed service cadets. Students completing the matriculation course can enter first year at any of the Canadian Military Colleges. First and second year university courses are as at the Royal Military College, Kingston, and give admittance to the second year of the Faculty of Arts and Science of English-speaking Canadian universities, second year Science at l'Université de Montréal, first year Science at l'Université Laval, and first year Engineering at l'École Polytechnique. (Bilingual).
	The Faculties and Schools of the University are: Theology (Grand Séminaire de Montréal), Law, Medicine, Science, Philosophy (including l'Institut de Psychologie and l'Institut d'études médiévales), Letters, Hygiene, Music, Dietics, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Social Science (including Social Service and Industrial Relations); Nursing, and the affiliated Schools listed below in Agriculture, Commerce, Engineering and Applied Science, Optometry, Pedagogy and Veterinary Science, (Co-educational).
École Polytechnique ..... 1430 St-Denis, Montréal (Provincial).	} "Affiliated Schools" of the University of Montreal. They might be considered the respective professional Faculties of the University; which has direct control of the courses and grants the degrees, but has no financial control. The Institut Marguerite d'Youville offers courses in Nursing and Hospital Administration.
Écoles des Hautes Études Commerciales.... 535 Avenue Viger, Montréal (Provincial).	
Institut agricole d'Oka, La Trappe .....	
École de médecine vétérinaire, St. Hyacinthe (Provincial).	
École d'optométrie, Université d'Montréal..	
Institut Marguerite d'Youville..... 1185, St-Mathieu, Montréal	
Institut pédagogique St-Georges..... Mont-de-la-Salle, Laval des Rapides 9.	
Institut pédagogique, ..... 4873 av. Westmount, Montréal.	
École Normal Secondaire..... 3880, Côte-des-Neiges, Montréal.	



TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations — Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec — Continued</b>	
Université de Montréal — Continued	
Petit Séminaire de Montréal.....	Men and boys only. "Little Seminaries" and "Classical Colleges" affiliated to the University of Montreal, and in reality constituting the Faculty of Arts of the University, which regulates the courses and grants the degrees in Arts. The "Classical" Course, however, covers in addition to the final four years required for the B.A. degree several preliminary years of study comparable to the more advanced grades of the elementary schools and the secondary grades in other provinces. In addition several of these institutions offer junior commercial courses corresponding to commercial courses in the high schools of other provinces.
1931 ouest, Sherbrooke, Montréal	
Séminaire de Philosophie, .....	
3880 Côte-des-Neiges, Montréal.	
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St-Hyacinthe.....	
Séminaire de Ste-Thérèse, Ste-Thérèse .....	
Collège de l'Assomption, l'Assomption.....	
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette .....	
**Collège Ste-Marie, 1180 Bleury, Montréal ...	
Collège Bourget, Rigaud .....	
Collège de St-Laurent, St-Laurent .....	
Séminaire St-Charles Borromée, Sherbrooke	
Séminaire de Valleyfield, Valleyfield .....	
Collège de St-Jean sur Richelieu, St-Jean ..	
**Loyola College, Montreal.....	
** Collège Jean-de-Brébeuf, .....	
Côte-des-Neiges, Montréal.	
Collège André-Grasset, Montréal .....	
Externat Classique de Ste-Croix, Montréal ..	
Collège Stanislas, Montréal .....	
Séminaire Marie-Médiatrice, Montreal .....	
Séminaire Oblat de Marie-Immaculée .....	
Chambly.	
Séminaire du T. S.-Sacrement, Terrebonne ..	
Collège Notre-Dame des Servites .....	
Ayer's Cliff, Co. Stanstead.	
Collège des Saints-Apôtres .....	
Côte Ste-Catherine.	
Collège de Longueuil, Longueuil .....	
Séminaire Saint-François.....	
R.R. 1, Cap Rouge.	
*Collège Campion, Regina, Saskatchewan ...	
Collège Marguerite-Bourgeois, Montréal .....	Affiliated Arts Colleges for girls similar to above for men and boys.
Marianopolis College, Montreal .....	
Collège Saint-Maurice, St-Hyacinthe .....	
Collège Basil Moreau, St-Laurent .....	
Collège Marie-Anne, Lachine .....	
Collège Jésus-Marie, Outremont.....	Classical — "Letters-Sciences" or High School Course of four years for girls.
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Sherbrooke .....	
41 Couvents affiliés .....	
École de Musique (Institut Nazareth), .....	
Montréal.	
École Vincent d'Indy, Outremont .....	Schools "annexed" to the University of Montreal, i.e. of which the University approves the curriculum, is represented at the examinations, and sanctions the diploma awarded.
École supérieure de musique de l'Institut	
des Soeurs de Sainte-Anne, Lachine.	
École supérieure de musique du Collège	
Marie-de-l'Incarnation, Trois-Rivières.	
École supérieure de musique de la S.V. ....	
Nicolet.	
École supérieure de musique de l'Institut	
des Soeurs de la Présentation de Marie,	
Saint-Hyacinthe.	
Institut familial et social.....	
1215 est, blvd Saint-Joseph, Montréal.	
École de bibliothécaires .....	
25 est, rue Saint-Jacques, Montréal.	
Institut de traduction .....	
535, avenue Viger, Montréal.	
École de tourisme .....	
2900 blvd de Mont-Royal, Montreal.	
Conservatoire Lasalle .....	
5603, ave Canterbury, Montréal.	
8 écoles d'enseignement ménager ou insti-	
tuts familiaux.	

\*\*By Ancient Pontifical authority the three Jesuit Colleges retain full authority over their own courses and examinations. The university accepts the recommendations of the Colleges for candidates for degrees and grants the degrees in Arts or Science.

\*Also listed with the institutions of the province where located.

TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations — Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec — Continued</b>	
Université de Montréal — Concluded	
École de Technologie Médicale, Montréal ..	Training school for technicians in Medical Science. Course covers four years from B.Sc. degree. "Annexed" to Faculty of Medicine; as above.
Université Laval, Québec ..... (Roman Catholic, as also all affiliated colleges).	The Faculties and Schools of the University are: Theology, Philosophy, Law, Medicine (including affiliated Nursing Schools and courses in Technological Medicine), Arts (including preparatory courses in letters-sciences and the regular classical course, Music and Domestic Science). Letters (including Institute of History and Geography, Library Science and Modern Languages), Science (including Engineering, Mining and Metallurgy, Pharmacy, Station Biologique de St-Laurent and the Superior Normal School), Agriculture (including School of Fisheries), Social Science (including Social Work), Surveying and Forestry and Commerce. Graduate School. (Co-educational).
Grand Séminaire de Rimouski ..... " " de Chicoutimi ..... " " de Nicolet ..... " " de Trois-Rivières .....	The "Grand Seminaries" listed are schools of theology located at or near the "Little Seminaries" or "Classical Colleges" bearing the same name. The Grand Seminary at Quebec City is the Faculty of Theology in Laval University.
Petit Séminaire de Québec, Québec ..... Petit Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet ..... Collège de Ste-Anne ..... Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière. Petit Séminaire des Trois-Rivières ..... Petit Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski ..... Petit Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi ..... Collège de Lévis, Lévis ..... Petit Séminaire de Mont-Laurier, Mt-Laurier ..... Collège St-Alexandre, Pte-Gatineau ..... Séminaire de Sacré-Coeur, St-Victor ..... Séminaire de Gaspé, Gaspé ..... Collège Charles-Garnier, Québec ..... Séminaire St-Alphonse ..... Ste-Anne-de-Beaupré et Aylmer. Séminaire St-Antoine ..... Trois-Rivières et Québec. Externat Saint-Jean-Eudes, Québec ..... Séminaire Montfortain, Papineauville ..... Le Collège d'Amos, Amos ..... Le Juvénat des Pères Maristes, Sillery ..... École Apostolique de Sacré-Coeur ..... Beauport. Collège d'Amos, Abitibi ..... Séminaire de St-Georges de Beauce ..... Collège de Marie-Médiatrice, Hull ..... Séminaire Ste-Marie, Shawinigan .....	Classical Colleges and Little Seminaries affiliated to the University of Laval. See explanation opposite the names of the similar institutions affiliated to the University of Montreal.
*Collège des Jésuites, Sudbury, Ont. .... *St. Dunstan's University ..... Charlottetown, P.E.I.	"Associated Colleges", i.e., "affiliated Classical Colleges" situated outside the province of Quebec.
Académie de Québec, Québec ..... L'Institut des Frères du Sacré-Coeur ..... Arthabaska. École d'Agriculture de Ste-Anne ..... Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière. École des Pêcheries ..... Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière.	Schools for men, other than theological and classical, affiliated to the University of Laval. Diplomas and degrees are awarded by the University. The Schools of Agriculture and Fisheries comprise the Faculty of Agriculture. The Académie de Québec offers courses in Commerce.
L'Institut des Dames Religieuses de Jésus-Marie de Sillery, Québec. L'Institut des Dames Religieuses de l'Assomption, Nicolet. L'Institut des Dames Religieuses des Ursulines, Trois-Rivières. Le Collège des Ursulines, Québec ..... Pensionnat Notre-Dame de Bellevue, Québec Collège des Ursulines, Rimouski ..... Scolasticat des Soeurs Grises de la Croix .. Hull.	Affiliated Arts Colleges for girls similar to Classical Colleges for men.

\*Also listed with the institutions of the province where located.

TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations — Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec — Continued</b>	
Université Laval — Concluded	
École Supérieure des Sciences Domestiques Québec.	Degree Courses in Domestic Science
10 couvents et 11 instituts affiliés .....	"Higher Primary instruction", i.e., High School Course for girls.
15 écoles de gardes-malades .....	Diploma Course in Nursing.
École d'architecture, (Beaux-Arts), Montréal .. (Provincial).	Professional school maintained by the Provincial Government offering a five year course in architecture.
Mont-St-Louis, 244, est, rue Sherbrooke ..... Montréal.	"Secondary Science" course.
Theological and Classical Colleges (without university affiliation).	
Mont-St-Joseph, Aylmer, (Rédemptoristes)	Theological schools. Some have classical students, i.e. students in philosophy, as well as theological students. No affiliation.
Séminaire des Eudistes, Gros-Pin ..... Charlesbourg.	
Maison St-Joseph.....	
1800, Blvd. Gouin, Est, Montréal (Jésuites).	
Scolasticat de l'Immaculée Conception ..... 1855, est, rue Rachel, Montréal (Jésuites).	
Scolasticat du Très St-Sacrement ..... 4450, rue St-Hubert, Montréal	
Studium Franciscain de Théologie ..... 5750, Blvd. Rosemont, Montréal.	
Grand Séminaire des Missions..... 3160, Chemin Daulac, Montréal.	
Scolasticat St-Charles, Joliette ..... (Clercs St-Viateur).	
Abbaye Notre-Dame du Lac, Oka ..... (Trappistes).	
Maison d'Études de la Réparation ..... Pointe-aux-Trembles (Capucins).	
Séminaire des Missions Étrangères ..... Pont-Viau.	
Séminaire St-Antoine..... 33 rue de l'Alverne, Québec. (Franciscains).	
Scolasticat St-Vincent de Paul ..... 2555, Chemin Ste-Foye, Québec.	
Monastère des Bénédictins, St-Benoit du Lac	
Prieuré des Pères Prémontrés..... St-Bernard de Lacolle.	
Scolasticat Notre-Dame de Ste-Croix ..... Ste-Geneviève de Pierrefonds.	
Grand Séminaire du Christ-Roi, St-Hyacinthe	
Séminaire des Saints Apôtres, Sherbrooke....	
Collège Séraphique (Franciscains)..... Trois-Rivières.	
Maison St-Joseph (Jésuites) ..... Sault-au-Récollet.	
Congrégation de la Fraternité Sacerdotale .. La Pointe-du-Lac.	
Cisterciens de la Commune Observance ..... N.D. de Val d'Espoir.	
Cisterciens de l'Immaculée-Conception..... St-Michel de Rougemont.	
Novicat Notre-Dame du Très Saint Rosaire (Oblats), Richelieu.	
Novicat des Pères Capucins, Québec .....	
Juvénat des Saints-Anges ..... (Clercs de St-Viateur), Berthierville.	
Juvénat du Sacré-Coeur, Beauceville..... (Frères Maristes).	
Juniorat Ste-Marie, Charlesbourg ..... (Pères de St-Vincent de Paul).	
	Classical courses preparatory to Theology, roughly equivalent to high school and junior college years. No affiliation.



TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations — Continued

Name of Institution address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Quebec — Concluded</b>	
<b>Theological Institutions — Concluded</b>	
Mont-St-Jean-Baptiste, Granby..... (Société du Verbe Divin).	Colleges of recent formation. Most of them were established by certain of the classical colleges in neighboring cities to satisfy local needs. Generally, they as yet give only the first years of the classical course (i.e. high school level).
Petit Séminaire des Missions, Limbour, Hull (Pères du St-Esprit).	
Collège St-Ignace, 2919, rue Bellechasse .... Montréal (Jésuites).	
Juvénat St-Jean Berchmans, Québec..... (Pères de St-Vincent de Paul).	
Mont Ste-Anne, Sherbrooke .....	
(Missionnaires de Marianhill).	
Séminaire de Ste-Croix, St-Laurent .....	
(Pères de Ste-Croix).	
Collège des Oblats, Rouyn .....	
Collège Jean Jacques Olier, Verdun .....	
(Des Sulpiciens).	
Collège Mgr. Decelles, 105, rue Prince, Sorel	
Collège Mgr. Prince, Granby .....	
Externat Classique, Rivière-du-Loup .....	
Externat Classique St-Raphaël .....	
Drummondville.	
Externat Classique St-Viateur, Outremont .... (Clercs St-Viateur).	
<b>Ontario</b>	
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa .....	Preparatory Department. Degree Courses in the Faculties of Theology, Canon Law, Law, Arts (including Science, Education, Commerce, Philosophy and Physical Education), Engineering, and Medicine. Conducts a School of Nursing, School of Music and Elocution, School of Graduate Studies, School of Political, Economic and Social Sciences, Library School and a Provincial Normal School for training teachers for the bilingual schools of Ontario (Co-educational).
(Roman Catholic O.M.I. — Bilingual).	
Collège Classique de Cornwall, Cornwall ....	Preparatory and Arts Schools in Ontario. Full Course in Arts not given in all schools.
Congrégation de Notre-Dame, Ottawa .....	
Pensionnant de N.D. du Sacré-Coeur, Ottawa	
Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa .....	Affiliated arts and preparatory schools situated outside the province of Ontario.
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener .....	
*Notre-Dame College, Wilcox, Sask. ....	
*St. Thomas College, Battleford, Sask. ....	
*Collège Catholique, Gravelbourg, Sask. ....	
*Scolasticat du Sacré-Coeur, Lebreton, Sask. ....	Degree courses in Arts (including Public Administration), Science, Commerce, and Journalism. Two years of four year course in Engineering. Certificate course in Public Service Studies. Graduate courses in Public Administration. (Co-educational).
*Collège St-Jean, Edmonton, Alta. ....	
Carleton College, Ottawa .....	Degrees in Arts (and Science), Law, Journalism, Drama, Medicine, Divinity, Nursing, Music, and Public Health, Diplomas in Business Administration, Nursing and Hospital Administration and Household Science. Faculty of Graduate Studies. (Co-educational). Grants degrees for affiliated Colleges.
(Undenominational).	
University of Western Ontario, London .....	Junior Arts College for girls. Affiliated with the University of Western Ontario.
(Undenominational).	
Alma College, St. Thomas .....	Theology. Affiliated with the University of Western Ontario. Men only.
(United Church).	
Huron College, London .....	Four year course in Arts and Music. Affiliated with the University of Western Ontario. (Co-educational).
(Anglican).	
Music Teachers' College, London.....	Theology and Arts, Affiliated with the University of Western Ontario for Arts. Men only.
(Undenominational).	
St. Peter's Seminary and College of Arts.....	Women's Arts College affiliated with the University of Western Ontario.
London	
(Roman Catholic).	
Ursuline College, London.....	
(Roman Catholic).	

\*Also listed with the institutions of the province where located.

TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations — Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Ontario — Continued</b>	
University of Western Ontario — Concluded	
Waterloo College of Arts and Theological Seminary (Evangelical Lutheran Church).	Arts College (Co-educational), affiliated with University of Western Ontario. Theological courses for men only.
Queen's University, Kingston..... (Udenominational).	Degrees in Arts (and Science), Physical and Health Education, Commerce, Applied Science and Engineering, Medicine and Nursing. Diploma courses in Public Health, Industrial Relations and Teaching and Administration in Nursing. (Co-educational).
Queen's Theological College, Kingston..... (United Church).	Degree Course in Theology. Affiliated to Queen's University. Degrees granted by the University.
McMaster University, Hamilton..... (Baptist).	Degrees in Arts (and Science), Nursing and Theology. (Co-educational).
Hamilton College, Hamilton.....	Degree courses in Science. Degrees awarded by McMaster. (Co-educational).
Assumption College, Windsor..... (Roman Catholic).	Degrees in Arts, Commerce and Science. Pre-engineering and pre-nursing courses. Graduate work in Arts. (Co-educational). The Women's College is Holy Names.
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto 1..... (Law Society of Upper Canada).	Four year course for which an approved degree from a recognized university is prerequisite, graduating barristers-at-law. No affiliation. (Co-educational).
Royal Military College, Kingston..... (Federal).	Four year courses in General Arts and in Engineering. Canadian universities admit graduates to fourth year in certain Honours Arts Courses and to fourth year of Civil, Chemical, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. (Men).
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Sudbury..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Men). See under Laval University.
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and junior commercial. Degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce and Social Science. Professional School of Social Welfare. The College, while retaining autonomy of Faculty and Administration, shares the rights and privileges of the charter of the University of Ottawa with regard to the conferring of academic degrees. Co-educational at College level.
Canadian Memorial Chiropractic College..... 252 Bloor St. W., Toronto (Canadian Association of Chiropractors).	Four year course from secondary school graduation leading to diploma of Doctor of Chiropractic. Graduate courses. (Co-educational).
College of Optometry of Ontario, Toronto 5 .... (Ont. Board of Examiners in Optometry).	Four year course in Optometry; two year Optician's course. Graduate courses in Optometry. (Co-educational).
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto..... (Roman Catholic).	Theological schools. Some have classical students, i.e., students in Philosophy, as well as Theological students.
St. Francis Xavier Seminary, Toronto..... (Roman Catholic).	
St. Alphonsus Seminary, Woodstock..... (Roman Catholic).	
Collège des Dominicains, Ottawa..... (Roman Catholic).	
Séminaire Universitaire Saint-Paul, Ottawa .... (Roman Catholic).	
Scolasticat des Montfortains, Eastview..... (Roman Catholic).	
Séminaire des Missionnaires d'Afrique..... (Pères Blancs), Eastview (Roman Catholic).	
Holy Rosary Scholasticate, R.R. 1, Ottawa .... (Roman Catholic).	
Jesuit Seminary, Wellington St. W., Toronto .... (Roman Catholic).	
St. Basil's Seminary, St. Joseph St., Toronto.. (Roman Catholic).	
Mount Carmel College, Niagara Falls..... (Roman Catholic).	
St. Mary's College, Brockville..... (Roman Catholic).	
Juvénat St-Alexis, Ottawa..... (Roman Catholic).	
Jesuit Novitiate, Guelph..... (Roman Catholic).	
	Classical course preparatory to Theology, roughly equivalent to high school and junior college years.



TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations - Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Ontario - Concluded</b>	
Lakehead Technical Institute, Port Arthur ..... (Provincial).	One year of degree course in Arts, Applied Science, Commerce, Forestry, Forest Engineering and Household Science. Two year diploma courses in Technical Forestry and Technical Mining. (Co-educational).
University of Toronto, Toronto 5 ..... (Provincial).	Degrees in the Faculties of Arts (including Pure Science, Commerce and Law), Education, Music, Household Science, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Forestry, Engineering and Applied Science (including Architecture), School of Physical and Health Education, School of Social Work, School of Graduate Studies, Library Science and Nursing. Diplomas in Public Health, Public Health Nursing, Administrative Course for Graduate Nurses, Occupational Therapy, Physiotherapy, Child Study, Library Science. A course in Education leads to High School teacher's certificate from Provincial Department of Education (Co-educational).
St. Michael's College and Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto 5 (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and full Arts Course (Men and women, the ladies' college being St. Joseph's College). Graduate course in Mediaeval Studies. Federated with the University of Toronto.
Victoria University and Emmanuel College, Toronto (United Church).	Arts Degree Course in Victoria College. Theology in Emmanuel (Co-educational). Federated with University of Toronto.
Trinity College, Toronto 5..... (Anglican).	Degree Courses in Arts and Theology (Co-educational). Federated with University of Toronto.
Knox College, Toronto 5 ..... (Presbyterian).	Theology.
Wycliffe College, Toronto 5..... (Anglican)	Theology.
United Church Training School, Toronto.....	Diploma courses in Deaconess and Missionary training (Women). Affiliated with Emmanuel College in Victoria University. Courses of the Canadian School of Missions also available.
Anglican Women's Training College, ..... Toronto.	Diploma courses in Deaconess and Missionary training (Women). Courses given at Wycliffe College and at the Canadian School of Missions are available to students.
Canadian School of Missions, Toronto ..... (Mission Boards of Anglican, Baptist, Church of Christ (Disciples), Presbyterian and United Churches).	Provides certain courses for missionary students and missionaries on furlough. All students have access to courses in the Theological Colleges - Knox, Victoria, Trinity and Wycliffe.
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph ..... (Provincial).	Degree and diploma courses in Agriculture and Household Science (Co-educational). Degrees from the University.
Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph..... (Provincial).	Degree courses in Veterinary Science (Men). Degrees from the University.
<b>Manitoba</b>	
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man..... (Provincial).	Degrees in Arts, Science, Fine Arts, Commerce, Education, Law, Medicine, Engineering, Interior Design, Architecture, Community Planning, Agriculture, Home Economics, Pharmacy, Music and Social Work. Diplomas in Music, Nursing, Agriculture, and Fine Arts. High School teachers' course. Faculty of Graduate Studies. (Co-educational).
Manitoba Law School, Law Courts, Winnipeg (University and Law Society).	Four-year Course leading to degree of LL.B. in the University of Manitoba, admission to the Law Society, and call to the Bar.
United College (Wesley and Manitoba)..... Winnipeg (United Church).	Preparatory and full course in Arts and Theology. (Co-educational).
St. Paul's College, Winnipeg ..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts. Course for women given at St. Mary's College and Academy.
St. John's College, Winnipeg ..... (Anglican).	Preparatory, full course in Arts and Theology. (Co-educational).
Collège de St-Boniface, St-Boniface ..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial and full course in Arts Women's courses given at St. Joseph's Academy.
Brandon College, Brandon.....	Preparatory, full Arts and Science. Diplomas in Music and Expression. Education. (Co-educational). Affiliated with the University of Manitoba
Grand Séminaire St-Boniface, St-Boniface ..... (Roman Catholic).	Theology.

**TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations — Continued**

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations	
<b>Saskatchewan</b>		
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. (Provincial).	Degrees in Arts, Science, Agriculture, Commerce, Home Economics, Engineering, Pharmacy, Law, Medicine, Education (also course leading to provincial High School Teacher's Certificate). Pre-dental years. School of Nursing, College of Graduate Studies. (Co-educational).	
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon ..... (Anglican).	Degree courses in Theology.	
St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon ..... (United Church).	Degree courses in Theology.	
Lutheran College and Seminary, Saskatoon..	Preparatory and Diploma Courses in Theology.	
Luther Theological Seminary, Saskatoon..... (Nor. Lutheran).	Diploma Courses in Theology.	
St. Chad's College, Regina ..... (Anglican).	Degree Course in Theology	
Regina College, Regina ..... (Provincial).	A junior Arts College of the University of Saskatchewan. Preparatory and one year in Arts, Science, Commerce and Engineering. School of Fine Arts and Conservatory of Music. Special training course for laboratory technicians. (Co-educational).	
Campion College, Regina ..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and one year in Arts. (Boys).	
Sacred Heart College, Regina ..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and one year in Arts. (Girls).	
St. Peter's College, Meunster ..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and one year in Arts. (Boys).	
Luther College, Regina ..... (American Lutheran).	Preparatory and one year in Arts. (Co-educational).	
St. Thomas More College, Saskatoon..... (Roman Catholic).	Arts. (Co-educational). Affiliated with University of Saskatchewan.	
Regina Cleri Seminary, Regina ..... (Roman Catholic).	Theology.	
Collège Catholique, Gravelbourg ..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Boys).	} See under the University of Ottawa
Scolasticat du Sacre-Coeur, Lebreton ..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Boys).	
St. Thomas College, Battleford ..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Boys).	
Notre Dame College, Wilcox ..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Co-educational).	
<b>Alberta</b>		
University of Alberta, Edmonton and Calgary (Provincial).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Commerce, Agriculture, Household Science, Engineering, Education (also "normal" course for elementary teachers' certificate), Law, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy and Nursing. School of Graduate Studies. Diplomas in Teaching and Supervision in Schools of Nursing and Public Health. (Co-educational).	
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton ..... (United Church).	Theology, Arts classes taken in the University of Alberta (Men).	
St. Joseph's College, Edmonton..... (Roman Catholic).	Instruction in Arts subjects, and religious instruction (Men). All students also registered in the University of Alberta.	
St. Aidan's College, Edmonton..... (Anglican).	Proposed Theological College, exists in constitution only.	
Mount Royal College, Calgary ..... (United Church).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial, Music and one year Arts. (Co-educational).	
Concordia College, Edmonton..... (Lutheran).	A three year high school and two year Arts course. (Co-educational).	
Canadian Union College, College Heights ..... (Seventh Day Adventists).	Preparatory. Junior Commercial and two year Arts (including pre-medical, pre-dental, pre-nursing). Degrees in Theology. (Co-educational).	

**TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations — Concluded**

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
<b>Alberta — Concluded</b>	
Collège St-Jean, Edmonton ..... (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts. See under University of Ottawa. (Male).
St. Joseph's Seminary, Edmonton ..... (Roman Catholic).	Two year course in Philosophy; four year course in Theology. (Male).
<b>British Columbia</b>	
University of British Columbia, Vancouver..... (Provincial).	Degrees in Arts and Science (including Commerce, Education, Physical Education, Home Economics and Social Work), Engineering and Applied Science (including Architecture and Nursing), Agriculture, Law, Pharmacy, Medicine and Forestry, High School teacher's training course. Faculty of Graduate Studies (Co-educational).
Victoria College, Victoria ..... (Municipal).	Two years of Arts and Science (including Commerce). University of British Columbia curriculum. A Junior College of the University of B.C. for the convenience of residents of Vancouver Island. (Co-educational).
Anglican Theological College of British Columbia, Vancouver (Anglican). Union College of British Columbia ..... Vancouver (United Church).	Degree courses in theology. Affiliated theological colleges of the University of British Columbia. They provide religious knowledge options for which credit is given by the University toward the B.A. degree.
The Canadian Services College, Royal Roads, Victoria (Federal).	Two year academic and service training course for Armed Services Officer Cadets. Course may be completed at Royal Military College, Kingston.
Notre Dame College, Nelson ..... (Roman Catholic).	Three years liberal Arts from B.C. Junior Matriculation. Affiliated with Gonzaga University, Seattle, Washington, U.S.A., where students are admitted after completion of any year. The B.A. is granted by Gonzaga on the completion of the fourth year in residence at Gonzaga. (Co-educational).



**TABLE 2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full-Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study, 1951 and 1952**

Note. This is a detailed list of the institutions or parts of institutions for which statistics are summarized in the ensuing tables. The name of each appears in the language, English or French, used in it as the main language of instruction. The figures opposite the name of each show full-time enrolment of university grade, i.e., in courses for which matriculation is prerequisite, male and female separately. No record is included of part-time students (except in Post-Graduate Arts and Science where they cannot be separated), evening classes, short courses or extension students of any kind; nor of full-time students that are in courses for which matriculation is not prerequisite, e.g., students in the high school or preparatory departments of colleges, or in diploma courses in agriculture, household science, music, etc. Students of all kinds are counted in the later tables, but the more limited purpose of Table 2 is to show at what locations instruction in each branch of higher studies is available, and to indicate the approximate share of each institution in the total.

	1952		1951	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>1. Post-Graduate Arts and Pure Science</b> (in this section it is necessary to include part-time students of the regular session as well as full-time):				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. ....	12	3	28	9
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	38	7	46	8
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. ....	7	—	10	4
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B. ....	3	—	2	3
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B. ....	28	2	19	1
McGill University, Faculty of Graduate Studies and Research, Montréal, Qué .....	391	79	407	91
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Qué .....	—	1	3	4
Université Laval, Ecole des Gradués, Québec <sup>1</sup> .....	52	11	87	24
Université de Montréal, Qué <sup>1</sup> .....	165	52	194	45
Université d'Ottawa, Ont. ....	176	41	106	34
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa, Ont. ....	—	—	—	—
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont. ....	64	9	47	8
Queen's University, Kingston, Ont. ....	50	7	51	7
Pontifical Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto, Ont. ....	*	*	*	*
University of Toronto, School of Graduate Studies, Toronto, Ont. ....	607	118	704	116
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	82	12	91	10
Assumption College, Windsor, Ont. ....	4	—	6	—
University of Manitoba, Fort Garry, Man. ....	98	12	87	9
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	110	6	122	8
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	62	14	81	14
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	183	30	178	30
<b>2. Undergraduate Arts and Pure Science</b> (Full B.A. Course):				
<b>NEWFOUNDLAND:</b>				
Memorial University College, St. John's .....	91	28	93	30
<b>PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND:</b>				
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown .....	142	31	151	23
<b>NOVA SCOTIA:</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville .....	203	88	273	105
Collège Ste-Anne, Church Point .....	55	—	78	—
Dalhousie University, Halifax .....	338	221	365	226
King's College, (University of), Halifax .....	65	26	69	29
Mt. St. Vincent College, Halifax .....	—	125	—	74
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish .....	407	60	468	51
St. Mary's University, Halifax .....	91	—	74	—
<b>NEW BRUNSWICK:</b>				
Université du Sacré-Cœur, Bathurst .....	82	22	117	—
Mount Allison University, Sackville .....	222	115	227	101
St. Thomas College, Chatham .....	75	1	106	2
Université St-Joseph, St. Joseph .....	181	19	213	19
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton .....	157	81	189	92
Collège St-Louis, Edmundston .....	99	21	92	17
<b>QUEBEC:</b>				
Bishop's University, Lennoxville .....	142	68	158	61
McGill University, Montréal .....	977	848	1,140	895
Sir George Williams College, Montréal .....	371	100	384	100

1. All students in the faculties of Letters, Philosophy and Science at the University of Montreal and Laval University hold a bachelor's degree, in a general classic course, not in specialized fields as is generally the case with students pursuing post-graduate studies in the English language universities.

\* Record not available.

TABLE 2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full-Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study, 1951 and 1952 - Continued

	1952		1951	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>2. Undergraduate Arts and Pure Science (Full B.A. Course) - Continued:</b>				
<b>QUEBEC - Concluded:</b>				
Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université de Montréal:				
Collège de l'Assomption, L'Assomption .....	135	—	130	—
Collège Bourget, Rigaud .....	131	—	127	—
Collège Brébeuf, Montréal .....	239	—	209	—
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette .....	175	—	170	—
Loyola College, Montréal .....	384	—	415	—
Collège de Montréal, Montréal .....	295	—	211	—
Séminaire St-Charles Borromée, Sherbrooke .....	199	—	167	—
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St-Hyacinthe .....	248	—	223	—
Collège de St-Jean, St-Jean .....	138	—	133	—
Collège St-Laurent, St-Laurent .....	224	—	224	—
Collège André-Grasset, Montréal .....	170	—	157	—
Externat Ste-Croix, Montréal .....	162	—	123	—
Collège Ste-Marie, Montréal .....	498	—	462	—
Séminaire Ste-Thérèse, Ste-Thérèse .....	105	—	92	—
Séminaire de Valleyfield, Valleyfield .....	92	—	102	—
Séminaire Oblat, Chambly-Bassin .....	35	—	—	—
Séminaire St-François, Cap Rouge .....	42	—	—	—
Séminaire Marie-Médiatrice, Montréal .....	84	—	—	—
Collège de Saints-Apotres, Côte St-Catherine .....	49	—	—	—
Séminaire du T.S.-Sacrement, Terrebonne .....	20	—	—	—
Collège Basile-Moreau, Saint-Laurent .....	—	81	—	70
Collège Jésus-Marie, Outremont .....	—	83	—	89
Collège Marie-Anne, Lachine .....	—	44	—	41
Collège Marguerite-Bourgeoys, Montréal .....	—	112	—	79
Marianopolis College, Montreal .....	—	150	—	131
Collège Saint-Maurice, St-Hyacinthe .....	—	20	—	32
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Sherbrooke .....	—	18	—	17
Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université Laval:				
Séminaire de Québec .....	357	—	364	—
Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet .....	137	—	134	—
Collège de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière .....	200	—	209	—
Séminaire St-Joseph, Trois-Rivières .....	292	—	270	—
Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski .....	146	—	168	—
Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi .....	298	—	258	—
Collège Classique de Lévis, Lévis .....	245	—	219	—
Séminaire St-Joseph, Mont-Laurier .....	56	—	60	—
Collège St-Alexandre, Pte-Gatineau .....	66	—	59	—
Séminaire de St-Victor, St-Victor de Beauce .....	73	—	63	—
Collège des Jésuites, Gaspé .....	49	—	50	—
Collège St-Charles-Garnier, Québec .....	183	—	168	—
Séminaire St-Alphonse, Ste-Anne-de-Beaupré et Aylmer .....	62	—	43	—
Séminaire St-Antoine, Trois-Rivières et Québec .....	38	—	31	—
Collège Saint-Jean-Eudes, Québec .....	129	—	121	—
Séminaire Montfortain .....	20	—	19	—
Ecole Apostolique du Sacré-Coeur, Beauport .....	40	—	40	—
Collège d'Amos .....	34	—	25	—
Juvénat des Pères Maristes, Sillery .....	16	—	9	—
Séminaire St-Georges, Beauce .....	29	—	15	—
Pensionnat de Dames du Bon Pasteur, Chicoutimi .....	—	19	—	18
Collège Marguerite d'Youville, Hull .....	—	1	—	—
Scolasticat Notre-Dame de Grace, Hull .....	—	19	—	64
Pensionnat Notre-Dame, Nicolet .....	—	14	—	16
Pensionnat Notre-Dame-de-BelleVue .....	—	28	—	26
Collège Jésus-Marie de Sillery, Bergerville .....	—	47	—	49
Collège des Ursulines, Québec .....	—	50	—	37
Collège des Ursulines, Rimouski .....	—	—	—	—
Collège Marie de L'Incarnation, Trois-Rivières .....	—	19	—	20
<b>ONTARIO:</b>				
McMaster University, Hamilton .....	599	248	607	271
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa (Colleges included) .....	539	78	664	91
Collège Bruyère, Ottawa .....	—	39	—	40
Collège Notre-Dame, Ottawa .....	—	35	—	44
Séminaire diocésain .....	65	—	68	—
Congrégation de Notre-Dame .....	—	*	—	*
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener .....	11	2	5	2

\* Record not available.



TABLE 2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full-Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study, 1951 and 1952 - Continued

	1952		1951	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>2. Undergraduate Arts and Pure Science (Full B.A. Course) — Concluded:</b>				
ONTARIO — Concluded:				
Queen's University, Kingston .....	447	354	442	351
Collège Sacré-Coeur, Sudbury .....	79	—	95	—
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa .....	74	11	86	14
Carleton College, Ottawa .....	172	91	202	97
University of Toronto, Toronto (Colleges included) .....	1,841	1,468	2,055	1,673
St. Michael's College, Toronto .....	363	169	380	183
Trinity College, Toronto .....	208	217	252	231
Victoria College, Toronto .....	572	525	657	624
University of Western Ontario, London (Colleges included) .....	1,597	437	1,645	491
Assumption College, Windsor .....	503	67	568	54
Ursuline College, London .....	—	97	2	111
Waterloo College, Waterloo .....	145	33	125	48
Huron College, London .....	23	—	32	—
St. Peter's Seminary, London .....	73	—	87	—
MANITOBA:				
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg (Colleges included) .....	1,359	599	1,489	660
Brandon College, Brandon .....	120	47	124	59
Collège St-Boniface, St-Boniface .....	96	8	99	—
St. John's College, Winnipeg .....	20	3	12	3
St. Paul's College, Winnipeg .....	80	34	82	35
United College, Winnipeg .....	336	171	323	181
SASKATCHEWAN:				
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg .....	52	—	42	—
Notre Dame College, Wilcox .....	30	4	31	5
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon .....	492	255	480	277
St. Thomas More College, Saskatoon .....	79	57	81	45
ALBERTA:				
University of Alberta, Edmonton .....	512	176	496	209
BRITISH COLUMBIA:				
University of British Columbia, Vancouver .....	1,733	823	1,994	886
<b>3. Junior Colleges Including Classical Schools of Roman Catholic Orders Preparatory to Theology:</b>				
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND:				
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown .....	31	21	37	35
NOVA SCOTIA:				
Xavier Junior College, Sydney .....	50	8	—	—
QUEBEC:				
Ecole St-Ignace (Jésuites), Montréal .....	300	—	298	—
Maison St-Joseph (Jésuites), Sault-au-Récollet .....				
Collège Séraphique (Franciscains), Trois-Rivières .....				
Juniorat de la Compagnie de Marie, Papineauville .....				
Noviciat des Pères Capucins, Québec .....				
Congrégation de la Fraternité-Sacerdotale, Pointe-du-Lac .....				
Cisterciens de la Commune Observance, N.-D. de Val d'Espoir .....				
Cisterciens de l'Immaculée-Conception, St-Michel de Rougemont .....				
Juvénat St-Joseph, Congrégation de Ste-Croix, St-Hyacinthe .....				
Juvénat des Saints-Anges, Clercs de St-Viateur, Berthierville .....				
Juvénat Champagneur, Clercs de St-Viateur, L'Epiphanie .....				
Noviciat des PP. Bénédictins, St-Benoit-du-Lac .....				
(Estimated Total)				
ONTARIO:				
Alma College, St. Thomas .....	—	5	—	20
Mt. Carmel College (Carmelites), Niagara Falls .....	47	—	42	—
Collège Séraphique (Capucins), Ottawa .....	17	—	13	—
Juvénat St. Alexis (Servites de Marie), Ottawa .....	10	—	7	—
St. Stanislas Novicate (Jesuits), Guelph .....	17	—	21	—
St. Mary's College, Brockville .....	27	—	—	—

\* Record not available.

**TABLE 2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full-Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study, 1951 and 1952 - Continued**

	1952		1951	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>3. Junior Colleges Including Classical Schools of Roman Catholic Orders Preparatory to Theology - Concluded:</b>				
<b>SASKATCHEWAN:</b>				
Campion College, Regina .....	22	1	18	1
Luther College, Regina .....	9	3	18	3
Regina College, Regina .....	*	*	62	39
St. Peter's College, Muenster .....	3	—	25	—
Sacred Heart College, Regina .....	—	4	—	4
<b>ALBERTA:</b>				
Canadian Union College, Lacombe .....	44	31	52	48
Concordia College, Edmonton .....	3	—	7	—
Mt. Royal College, Calgary .....	10	5	40	4
Collège St-Jean, Edmonton .....	18	—	15	—
<b>BRITISH COLUMBIA:</b>				
Victoria College, Victoria .....	216	89	191	92
<b>4. Agriculture:</b>				
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown, P.E.I. ....	2	1	3	—
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro, N.S. ....	36	2	45	2
Ecole Supérieure d'Agriculture, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière, Qué. ....	38	—	36	—
Institut Agricole d'Oka, La Trappe, Qué. ....	84	—	95	—
Macdonald College, Macdonald College, Qué. ....	266	21	306	24
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont. ....	398	11	476	10
Faculty of Agriculture, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. ....	131	4	184	9
College of Agriculture, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	150	1	183	4
Faculty of Agriculture, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	122	2	192	3
Faculty of Agriculture, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	220	31	280	33
<b>5. Architecture:</b>				
Department of Architecture, Faculty of Applied Science, McGill University, Montreal, Que. ....	* 131	* 7	* 147	* 7
Ecole des Beaux-Arts, Montréal, Qué. ....				
School of Architecture, Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	197	9	210	5
Faculty of Engineering and Architecture, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. ....	111	6	148	12
Faculty of Applied Science, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	84	3	93	4
<b>6. Applied Science and Engineering:</b>				
Memorial University College, St. John's, Nfld. <sup>2</sup> .....	77	—	55	—
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax, N.S. ....	256	—	358	—
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. <sup>2</sup> .....	55	—	60	—
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. <sup>2</sup> .....	87	—	102	—
St. Mary's College, Halifax, N.S. <sup>2</sup> .....	76	—	68	—
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. <sup>2</sup> .....	120	—	154	—
Mt. Allison University, Sackville, N.B. <sup>2</sup> .....	89	—	87	—
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B. ....	254	1	220	2
Faculty of Applied Science, McGill University, Montreal, Qué. ....	1,136	8	1,240	4
Ecole Polytechnique, Montréal, Qué. ....	498	1	486	—
Faculté des Sciences, Université Laval, Québec, Qué. ....	422	4	357	5
Faculty of Applied Science, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont. ....	682	1	681	1
Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	1,651	10	2,138	7
Royal Military College of Canada, Kingston, Ont. ....	210	—	210	—
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. <sup>3</sup> .....	63	—	61	—
Carleton College, Ottawa, Ont. <sup>3</sup> .....	41	1	53	1

\* Record not available.

2. The pre-specialized years only of the Engineering course.

3. First two years of Engineering.

TABLE 2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full-Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study, 1951 and 1952 — Continued

	1952		1951	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>6. Applied Science and Engineering — Concluded:</b>				
Faculty of Engineering and Architecture, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. ....	404	—	477	—
College of Engineering, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ..	406	—	437	—
Regina College, Regina, Sask. <sup>3</sup> .....	47	—	21	—
Faculty of Engineering, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	456	2	554	2
Faculty of Applied Science, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	740	1	963	2
Canadian Services College, Royal Roads, Victoria, B.C. <sup>3</sup> .....	150	—	150	—
<b>7. Commerce:</b>				
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown, P.E.I. ....	22	—	20	1
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	131	5	142	5
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. ....	77	36	73	—
St. Mary's University, Halifax, N.S. ....	55	—	48	—
Université Saint-Joseph, N.B. ....	*	*	19	18
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B. <sup>4</sup> .....	35	1	32	2
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B. ....	13	1	—	—
L'Ecole Supérieure de Commerce de Québec, Université Laval, Québec, Qué. ....	294	1	296	1
Ecole des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, Montréal, Qué. ....	189	2	265	2
School of Commerce, McGill University, Montreal, Que. ....	510	51	572	37
Sir George Williams College, Montreal, Que. ....	211	8	215	7
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. ....	107	—	119	—
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa, Ont. ....	31	5	40	7
Carleton College, Ottawa, Ont. ....	42	4	40	6
University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	335	17	384	20
School of Commerce and Administration, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont. ....	97	17	95	16
Department of Business Administration, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	198	2	172	1
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. ....	112	10	151	10
College of Commerce, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	126	11	134	10
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	90	14	98	14
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	338	24	305	24
<b>8. Dentistry:</b>				
Faculty of Dentistry, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	47	2	48	—
Faculty of Dentistry, McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	144	—	143	1
Faculté de chirurgie dentaire, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	140	—	229	—
Faculty of Dentistry, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	379	10	454	3
Faculty of Medicine and Dentistry, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	119	3	114	2
<b>9. Education:</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. ....	21	5	38	2
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	15	11	23	10
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	45	—	36
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. ....	21	1	38	4
Mt. Allison University, Sackville, N.B. ....	8	1	14	4
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B. ....	10	2	10	2
Université St-Joseph, N.B. ....	*	*	11	8
Ecole de pédagogie, Université Laval, Québec .....	68	106	68	98
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Qué. ....	6	2	6	2
McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	24	29	35	23
Institut pédagogique, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	—	113	—	109
Institut pédagogique St-Georges, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	184	49	146	72
Ecole normale secondaire, Université de Montréal, Qué. ....	17	—	19	—
Ontario College of Education, Toronto, Ont. ....	317	205	334	175
Faculty of Education, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. ....	25	18	99	50
College of Education, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	130	67	176	83
Faculty of Education, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	248	431	279	247
Department of Education, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	107	39	174	39

\* Record not available.

3. First two years of Engineering.

4. First two years of Commerce and Finance.



**TABLE 2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full-Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study, 1951 and 1952 — Continued**

	1952		1951	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>10. Fine and Applied Arts:</b>				
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B. ....	10	42	16	39
McGill University, Montreal, Que. ....	3	39	5	57
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. ....	9	19	4	6
<b>11. Fisheries:</b>				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	—	—	—
Ecole des pecheries, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière, Qué. ....	13	—	11	—
<b>12. Forestry:</b>				
Department of Applied Science, University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B. ....	204	—	188	1
Ecole d'arpentage et de génie forestier, Université Laval, Québec, Qué. ....	101	—	93	—
Faculty of Forestry, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	163	—	208	—
Department of Forestry, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	94	1	143	1
<b>13. Home Economics and Dietetics:</b>				
Memorial University, St. John's, Newfoundland ....	—	17	—	8
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	12	—	10
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. ....	—	45	—	60
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. ....	—	37	—	42
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B. ....	—	59	—	50
Université St-Joseph, N.B. ....	—	9	—	9
Ecole supérieure des sciences domestiques de Saint-Pascal, Qué. ....	—	80	—	70
Macdonald College, Macdonald College, Qué. ....	—	133	—	144
Institut de diététique et de nutrition, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	—	54	—	55
Instituts familiaux de l'Université de Montréal (7) et Ecole Ménagère provinciale, Montréal, Qué. ....	—	164	—	150
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont. ....	—	124	—	86
Faculty of Household Science, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	—	19	—	15
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	—	50	—	71
Faculty of Agriculture and Home Economics, University of Manitoba, Fort Garry, Man. ....	—	296	—	308
School of Household Science, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	—	60	—	75
School of Household Economics, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	—	60	—	74
Department of Home Economics, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	—	167	—	185
<b>14. Journalism:</b>				
University of King's College, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	1	1	3
St. Mary's College, Halifax, N.S. ....	2	—	2	—
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	4	—	3
Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	—	—	—	—
Carleton College, Ottawa, Ont. ....	27	20	37	16
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	16	15	24	18
<b>15. Law:</b>				
Faculty of Law, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	152	7	167	3
Faculty of Law, University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B. ....	37	4	55	3
Faculté de droit, Université Laval, Québec, Qué. ....	181	13	168	11
Faculté de droit, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	268	17	250	15
Faculty of Law, McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	202	10	174	9
Department of Law, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	78	2	96	5
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto, Ont. ....	702	17	708	21
Manitoba Law School (Old Law Court Building), Winnipeg, Man. ....	148	3	181	4
College of Law, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	96	9	104	5
Faculty of Law, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	112	5	139	3
Faculty of Law, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	247	17	308	17

\* Record not available.

**TABLE 2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full-Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study, 1951 and 1952 - Continued**

	1952		1951	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>16. Library Science:</b>				
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	3	—	3
Library School, McGill University, Montreal, Que. ....	11	23	11	33
Ecole de bibliothécaires, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	3	4	10	15
Library School, Ontario College of Education, Toronto, Ont. ....	15	41	12	58
Ecole de bibliothécaires, Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. ....	—	—	—	—
Faculté des Lettres, Université Laval, Québec, Qué. ....	6	12	3	10
<b>17. Medicine:</b>				
Faculty of Medicine, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	266	12	263	14
Faculté de médecine, Université Laval, Québec, Qué. ....	644	16	615	11
Faculté de médecine, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	467	39	467	36
Faculty of Medicine, McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	608	53	632	48
Faculty of Medicine, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. ....	285	8	286	9
Faculty of Medicine, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont. ....	326	28	326	28
Faculty of Medicine, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	979	84	997	103
Faculty of Medicine, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	263	21	270	17
Faculty of Medicine, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. ....	340	24	346	24
School of Medical Science (pre-clinical years only), University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	52	12	56	6
Faculty of Medicine, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	207	15	206	14
Faculty of Medicine, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ..	112	8	57	3
<b>18. Music (Degree Courses in Music):</b>				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	1	5	1	8
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. ....	2	8	2	8
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	3	—	7
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B. ....	6	22	8	27
Université Laval, Québec, Qué. ....	43	42	19	63
Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	4	109	18	101
McGill University, Montreal, Que. ....	1	4	26	44
University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	56	31	57	32
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	7	12	1	11
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. ....	—	—	—	—
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	—	—	—	—
<b>19. Nursing (Post-Graduate diploma and Degree Courses):</b>				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	13	—	19
School of Nursing, Saint Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. ....	—	7	—	4
School of Nursing, Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	9	—	10
School of Nursing, St. Thomas College, Chatham, N.B. ....	—	6	—	9
School of Graduate Nurses, McGill University, Montreal, Que. ....	—	59	—	75
Ecole d'hygiène sociale appliquée, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	—	37	—	38
Institut Marguerite d'Youville, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	—	81	—	140
Université Laval, Québec, Qué. ....	—	—	—	6
School of Nursing, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. ....	—	116	—	24
School of Public Health Nursing, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont. ....	—	27	—	26
School of Nursing, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	—	242	—	279
School of Nursing, McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont. ....	—	23	—	34
Faculty of Public Health, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ..	—	49	—	50
School of Nursing Education, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. ....	—	10	—	15
School of Nursing, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	—	39	—	46
School of Nursing, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	—	125	—	129
Department of Nursing and Health, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	—	102	—	92
<b>20. Optometry:</b>				
Ecole d'Optométrie, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	54	1	36	2
College of Optometry of Canada, 138 St. George St., Toronto, Ont. ....	66	2	97	3
<b>21. Pharmacy:</b>				
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Halifax, N.S. ....	45	5	61	3
École de Pharmacie, Université Laval, Québec, Qué. ....	82	14	92	15
École de Pharmacie, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	340	13	332	20
Faculty of Pharmacy, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	362	58	321	45

**TABLE 2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full-Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study, 1951 and 1952 — Continued**

	1952		1951	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>21. Pharmacy—Concluded:</b>				
Pharmacy Department, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. ....	87	5	90	6
College of Pharmacy, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	110	17	134	26
School of Pharmacy, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	72	16	83	13
Department of Pharmacy, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	107	28	136	30
<b>22. Physical Education:</b>				
The School of Physical Education, McGill University, Montreal, Que. ....	44	51	59	71
Institute of Physical Education, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. ....	17	—	24	—
School of Physical and Health Education, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	77	93	68	94
School of Physical and Health Education, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont. ....	34	41	34	41
Department of Physical and Health Education, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	23	11	14	3
Department of Physical and Health Education, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	98	39	91	48
<b>23. Secretarial Science:</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. ....	3	18	1	50
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	25	—	20
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B. ....	—	—	—	13
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	2	80	2	71
<b>24. Social Work:</b>				
Maritime School of Social Work, Halifax, N.S. ....	6	14	10	9
Ecole des Sciences sociales, Université Laval, Québec, Qué. ....	75	26	22	28
Ecole des Sciences sociales, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	64	37	60	20
McGill School of Social Work, 3480 University St., Montreal, Que. ....	41	59	35	87
Saint Patrick's College, Ottawa ....	19	18	*	*
School of Social Work, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	62	67	70	85
Department of Social Work, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. ..	4	23	12	24
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	67	50	74	68
<b>25. Therapy, Occupational and Physiotherapy:</b>				
School of Physiotherapy, McGill University, Montreal, Que. ....	—	72	—	59
Faculty of Medicine, University of Toronto, Ont. ....	—	250	—	213
<b>26. Veterinary Science:</b>				
Ecole de Médecine vétérinaire, St-Hyacinthe, Qué. ....	96	—	121	—
Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph, Ont. ....	301	15	364	12
<b>27. Theology:</b>				
<b>BAPTIST CHURCH:</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. ....	6	3	8	2
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont. ....	36	7	37	15
<b>CHURCH OF ENGLAND:</b>				
King's College, Halifax, N.S. ....	19	—	16	—
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que. ....	14	—	10	—
Dioscesan Theological College, Montreal, Que. ....	22	—	20	—
Trinity College, Toronto, Ont. ....	50	1	51	1
Wycliffe College, Toronto, Ont. ....	52	—	55	—
Anglican Women's Training College, Toronto, Ont. ....	—	31	—	32
Huron College, London, Ontario ....	17	—	56	—
St. John's College, Winnipeg, Man. ....	—	—	19	—
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	21	—	20	—
St. Chad's College, Regina, Sask. ....	15	—	5	—
Anglican Theological College, Vancouver, B.C. ....	15	—	16	—

\* Record not available.



TABLE 2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full-Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study, 1951 and 1952 - Concluded

	1952		1951	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
<b>27. Theology - Concluded:</b>				
<b>LUTHERAN CHURCH:</b>				
Waterloo College, Waterloo, Ont. ....	9	—	12	—
Lutheran College Seminary, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	*	*	*	*
Luther Theological Sem. (Nor), Saskatoon, Sask. ....	16	—	20	—
<b>PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH:</b>				
Presbyterian Theological College, Montreal, Que. ....	15	—	14	—
Knox College, Toronto, Ont. ....	42	—	51	—
<b>UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA:</b>				
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax, N.S. ....	37	1	37	1
United Theological College, Montreal, Que. ....	20	—	21	1
Queen's Theological College, Kingston, Ont. ....	23	—	23	—
Victoria University (Emmanuel College), Toronto, Ont. ....	135	5	133	12
United Church Training School, Toronto, Ont. ....	—	37	—	28
United College, Winnipeg, Man. ....	*	*	32	1
St. Andrews College, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	29	1	35	—
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton, Alta. ....	12	1	13	1
Union College of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	24	—	28	2
<b>ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (SECULAR CLERGY):</b>				
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax, N.S. ....	87	—	77	—
Université Laval (Grand Séminaire), Québec, Qué. ....	198	—	231	—
Université de Montréal (Grand Séminaire), Montréal, Qué. ....	188	—	168	—
Séminaire de Missions Etrangères, Pont-Viau, Qué. ....	54	—	54	—
Grand Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. ....	135	—	179	—
Séminaire Universitaire Saint-Paul, Ottawa, Ont. ....	190	—	189	—
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto, Ont. ....	131	—	142	—
St. Francis Xavier Seminary, Scarborough Bluffs, Ont. ....	*	—	*	—
St. Peter's Seminary, London, Ont. ....	73	—	73	—
Saint Joseph's Seminary, Edmonton, Alberta ....	31	—	33	—
<b>ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (CLERGY IN COMMUNITIES):</b>				
Compagnie de Saint-Sulpice (Sulpiciens), Montréal, Canadian College at Rome, Italy. ....	430	—	(Estimated Total)	
Congrégation du Très-Saint-Rédempteur (Rédemptoristes), Aylmer, Qué. ....				
Compagnie de Jésus (Jésuites), Montréal, Qué. ....				
Clercs de Saint-Viateur, Joliette, Qué. ....				
Congrégation de Sainte-Croix, Montréal et St-Laurent ....				
Ordre des Franciscains ou Frères-Mineurs (Franciscains), Montréal et Québec, Qué. ....				
Cisterciens de la Stricte Observance (Trappistes), Notre-Dame-du-Lac, Qué. ....				
Congrégation de Jésus et Marie (Eudistes), Charlesbourg, Qué. ....				
Ordres des Frères-Mineurs (Capucins), Pte-aux-Trembles, Qué. ....				
Congrégation du Très-Saint-Sacrement, Montréal, Qué. ....				
Scolasticat de philosophie (Oblats), Richelieu, Qué. ....	87	—		
Pères Blancs (Missionnaires d'Afrique), Eastview, Ont. ....				
Scolasticat St-Joseph, Ottawa, Ont. ....				
Holy Rosary Scholasticate, Orleans, Ont. (R.R. 1, Ottawa) ....				
Scolasticat St. Jean, Eastview, Ont. ....				
Collège des Dominicains, Ottawa, Ont. ....				
Company of Jesus (Jesuits), Toronto, Ont. ....				
Order of St. Basil (Basilian Fathers), Toronto, Ont. ....				
Congregation of the Resurrection, London, Ont. ....				
Congregation of the Very Holy Redeemer (Redemptorists), Woodstock, Ont. ....				
Regina Cleri Seminary (Franciscans), Regina, Sask. ....	15	—	15	—
	8	—	8	—

\* Record not available.

TABLE 3. Full-Time Students of the Regular Session by Provinces and Faculties

Province		Undergraduates												
		Arts <sup>2</sup>	Pure Science <sup>1</sup>	Agriculture	Architecture	Commerce	Dentistry	Education	Engineering and Applied Science	Forestry	Household Science	Law	Medicine	Music
Newfoundland .....	1952	76	43	—	—	—	—	172	71	—	17	—	—	—
	1951	82	41	—	—	—	—	194	55	—	8	—	—	—
Prince Edward Island .....	1952	155	75	3	—	22	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—
	1951	153	93	3	—	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nova Scotia .....	1952	965	585	38	—	350	49	119	593	—	94	156	272	19
	1951	1,089	625	47	—	339	48	151	735	—	112	167	274	26
New Brunswick .....	1952	849	218	—	—	67	—	40	344	198	68	41	—	33
	1951	913	205	—	—	84	—	49	307	184	59	58	—	40
Quebec .....	1952	8,721	1,524	361	162	1,252	284	350	1,745	80	429	671	1,589	143
	1951	8,482	1,523	405	181	1,388	340	368	1,734	90	418	624	1,574	271
Ontario .....	1952	7,510	926	352	206	815	376	500	2,576	155	193	797	1,821	100
	1951	8,242	1,088	429	215	838	443	478	3,006	201	172	828	1,864	88
Manitoba .....	1952	1,958	—	122	113	122	—	43	403	—	296	151	359	—
	1951	2,158	—	168	159	161	—	126	477	—	308	168	359	—
Saskatchewan .....	1952	916	—	151	—	137	—	197	406	—	60	105	64	—
	1951	1,026	—	187	—	144	—	221	437	—	75	109	62	—
Alberta .....	1952	390	429	104	—	104	122	676	455	—	60	117	222	—
	1951	422	474	161	—	112	116	480	535	—	74	142	216	—
British Columbia .....	1952	2,853	—	223	87	370	—	143	875	85	167	264	120	—
	1951	3,155	—	268	97	337	—	210	1,081	142	185	325	60	—
Canada .....	1952	24,393	3,800	1,354	568	3,239	831	2,240	7,468	518	1,387	2,302	4,447	295
	1951	25,722	4,049	1,668	652	3,424	947	2,277	8,367	617	1,411	2,421	4,409	425
		Undergraduates							Post-Graduates <sup>3</sup>			Others		
		Public Health and Nursing	Pharmacy	Social Service	Theology	Veterinary Science	Others	Total (excl. duplicates)	Arts and Science	Others	Total	Pre-matriculation	Others <sup>4</sup>	
Newfoundland .....	1952	—	—	—	—	—	—	379	—	—	—	—	—	
	1951	—	—	—	—	—	—	380	—	—	—	—	—	
Prince Edward Island .....	1952	—	—	—	—	—	—	258	—	—	—	416	124	
	1951	—	—	—	—	—	—	270	—	—	—	446	56	
Nova Scotia .....	1952	29	51	20	153	—	11	3,504	76	10	86	343	31	
	1951	33	64	19	141	—	9	3,879	92	14	106	277	114	
New Brunswick .....	1952	6	—	—	1	—	52	1,916	32	6	38	1,585	5	
	1951	9	—	—	57	—	55	2,020	25	7	32	1,506	44	
Quebec .....	1952	177	446	178	891	96	369	19,468	808	442	1,250	17,523	2,325	
	1951	259	456	171	1,022	121	392	19,819	852	484	1,336	17,963	1,983	
Ontario .....	1952	403	420	78	1,148	316	803	19,495	1,202	479	1,681	3,806	252	
	1951	451	422	100	1,210	376	817	21,268	1,281	512	1,793	3,497	409	
Manitoba .....	1952	10	92	27	92	—	107	3,895	67	23	90	718	73	
	1951	15	96	36	85	—	95	4,411	119	54	173	702	295	
Saskatchewan .....	1952	39	127	—	115	—	—	2,317	116	1	116	955	104	
	1951	46	160	—	108	—	—	2,575	168	1	168	849	135	
Alberta .....	1952	125	88	—	53	—	—	2,945	47	23	70	564	394	
	1951	129	94	—	60	—	—	3,015	178	61	239	653	418	
British Columbia .....	1952	102	135	72	39	—	137	5,672	220	99	319	—	9	
	1951	92	166	96	46	—	139	6,399	296	127	423	—	16	
Canada .....	1952	891	1,359	375	2,491	412	1,479	59,849	2,568	1,082	3,650	25,910	3,317	
	1951	1,034	1,458	422	2,729	497	1,507	64,036	3,011	1,259	4,270	25,893	3,473	

1. Included in Arts by several universities.

2. Includes philosophy.

3. For part time enrolment see table 4.

4. Includes diploma and certificate courses not of degree credit.



TABLE 4. Part-Time Students in the Regular Session by Province and Faculty

Province and Course	Undergraduates				Post-graduates				Others			
	1952		1951		1952		1951		1952		1951	
	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.
Newfoundland .....	30	9	14	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arts and Science .....	30	9	14	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Prince Edward Island .....	1	4	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Arts and Science .....	1	4	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Nova Scotia .....	67	140	33	48	9	2	8	5	35	105	29	99
Arts and Science .....	54	133	19	39	5	—	8	5	7	4	6	2
Agriculture .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music .....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	27	97	23	97
Theology .....	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Education .....	7	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other .....	6	3	10	9	4	2	—	—	1	4	—	—
New Brunswick .....	21	31	24	25	3	—	—	—	68	138	73	133
Arts and Science .....	21	31	24	25	1	—	—	—	38	64	45	57
Agriculture .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	30	74	28	76
Theology .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Education .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other .....	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec .....	389	345	166	359	151	47	87	42	341	2,803	400	4,653
Arts and Science .....	134	91	103	84	151	22	14	6	87	206	205	272
Agriculture .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music .....	—	—	—	63	—	—	—	—	151	496	90	355
Theology .....	1	—	12	31	—	—	—	—	45	84	43	101
Education .....	115	179	51	181	—	25	73	36	—	—	9	10
Other .....	139	75	—	—	—	—	—	—	58	2,017	53	3,915
Ontario (excluding duplicates) .....	792	643	919	519	177	53	104	42	73	313	107	216
Arts and Science .....	563	580	621	465	172	46	98	39	1	29	—	17
Agriculture .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—
Music .....	—	—	15	8	—	—	—	—	64	274	20	180
Theology .....	12	7	27	5	—	—	—	—	2	2	—	—
Education .....	204	38	242	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other .....	13	18	14	3	5	7	6	3	6	8	83	19
Manitoba .....	302	276	171	108	88	17	1	—	90	259	242	1,137
Arts and Science .....	144	110	48	37	36	7	1	—	—	—	—	—
Agriculture .....	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	90	259	242	1,137
Theology .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Education .....	151	165	123	71	29	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other .....	7	1	—	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Saskatchewan .....	87	48	83	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	41	85
Arts and Science .....	66	43	59	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	36	85
Agriculture .....	5	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Theology .....	10	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
Education .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other .....	6	4	9	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alberta .....	113	107	80	74	101	18	—	—	151	302	172	361
Arts and Science .....	15	12	20	13	37	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Agriculture .....	2	—	3	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	151	302	134	267
Theology .....	5	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Education .....	52	85	45	61	34	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other .....	39	10	10	—	25	—	—	—	—	—	38	94
British Columbia .....	38	23	80	39	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arts and Science .....	28	22	69	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Agriculture .....	3	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Theology .....	7	1	9	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Education .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Total Canada (excluding duplicates) .....</b>	<b>1,840</b>	<b>1,626</b>	<b>1,572</b>	<b>1,199</b>	<b>530</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>758</b>	<b>3,921</b>	<b>1,064</b>	<b>6,684</b>
Arts and Science .....	1,056	1,035	979	723	402	83	121	50	133	304	292	433
Agriculture .....	10	—	18	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	4	—
Music .....	—	1	15	71	—	—	—	—	513	1,502	537	2,112
Theology .....	35	9	56	37	1	—	—	—	47	86	48	101
Education .....	529	470	461	351	63	45	73	36	—	—	9	10
Other .....	210	111	43	17	57	9	6	3	65	2,029	174	4,028

TABLE 5. Students in Summer Schools, Short Courses and Other Extra-Mural Courses

Province and Course	Undergraduates				Post-graduates				Others			
	1952		1951		1952		1951		1952		1951	
	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.
Newfoundland .....	160	247	153	196	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Summer School .....	160	247	153	196	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nova Scotia.....	91	334	48	122	9	22	16	34	200	149	25	59
Summer School .....	65	225	39	120	9	22	16	34	26	29	2	24
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	123	77	1	12
Evening Classes .....	9	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	29	—	—
Correspondence .....	17	10	9	2	—	—	—	—	29	14	22	23
Other Extramural .....	—	87	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Brunswick.....	102	104	100	100	51	15	55	15	305	397	253	444
Summer School .....	76	64	77	63	35	6	42	9	158	342	107	398
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Evening Classes .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	50	10	52	9
Correspondence .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	96	36	92	34
Other Extramural .....	26	40	23	37	16	9	13	6	1	9	2	3
Quebec.....	4,052	1,297	3,206	996	158	39	50	3	6,165	7,055	6,164	6,959
Summer School .....	968	725	876	505	151	39	50	3	740	890	977	1,300
Other Short Courses.....	28	—	45	50	—	—	—	—	363	573	378	476
Evening Classes .....	3,037	506	2,279	429	—	—	—	—	5,027	5,277	4,703	5,177
Correspondence .....	19	65	6	12	—	—	—	—	26	40	106	6
Other Extramural .....	—	1	—	—	7	—	—	—	9	275	—	—
Ontario (excluding duplicates).....	5,971	3,551	5,583	3,155	330	153	203	515	7,471	3,287	7,308	3,112
Summer School .....	1,043	1,037	1,066	981	287	58	103	243	62	25	175	36
Other Short Courses.....	52	50	16	—	30	95	12	272	1,681	255	1,461	202
Evening Classes .....	1,669	1,413	1,536	1,291	—	—	—	—	3,468	2,770	3,331	2,575
Correspondence .....	1,040	996	1,050	945	—	—	—	—	2,005	126	2,045	130
Other Extramural .....	2,415	150	2,143	78	13	—	88	—	255	111	296	169
Manitoba .....	688	348	744	346	—	—	—	—	1,603	2,062	1,116	999
Summer School .....	368	319	387	305	—	—	—	—	102	71	52	53
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	263	18	—	7
Evening Classes .....	272	2	304	—	—	—	—	—	1,028	936	206	250
Correspondence .....	48	27	53	41	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Extramural .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	210	1,037	858	689
Saskatchewan .....	1,376	2,097	1,277	1,965	—	—	—	—	18	38	106	8
Summer School .....	706	981	744	1,044	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	18	38	104	8
Evening Classes .....	244	494	139	332	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Correspondence .....	382	619	394	589	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Other Extramural .....	44	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alberta.....	734	1,069	800	953	—	—	—	—	212	509	93	177
Summer School .....	734	1,069	768	948	—	—	—	—	122	409	5	95
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	31	5	—	—	—	—	17	—	—	—
Evening Classes .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	73	100	88	82
Correspondence .....	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Extramural .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
British Columbia .....	782	462	798	462	146	39	117	65	333	477	236	242
Summer School .....	477	296	508	286	146	39	117	65	—	—	—	—
Other Short Courses.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	24	—	—	—
Evening Classes .....	82	50	43	50	—	—	—	—	309	477	236	242
Correspondence .....	223	116	245	126	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Extramural .....	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Canada (excluding duplicates) .....	13,956	9,509	12,709	8,295	694	268	441	632	16,307	13,974	15,301	12,000
Summer School .....	4,597	4,983	4,618	4,448	628	164	328	354	1,210	1,766	1,318	1,906
Other Short Courses.....	80	50	92	55	30	95	12	272	2,489	961	1,944	705
Evening Classes .....	5,313	2,477	4,301	2,102	—	—	—	—	9,977	9,599	8,616	8,335
Correspondence .....	1,729	1,833	1,758	1,715	—	—	—	—	2,156	216	2,267	193
Other Extramural .....	2,485	281	2,168	115	36	9	101	6	475	1,432	1,156	861

TABLE 6. Summary of All Students Reported, Classified by Grade of Work

Province		A. Students of University Grade		B. Pre- matriculation students		C. All students not in A. or B.		Total enrolment (excluding duplicates)		
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
Newfoundland .....	1952	455	370	—	—	—	—	455	370	825
	1951	428	321	—	—	—	—	428	321	749
Prince Edward Island .....	1952	203	60	251	166	17	107	471	333	804
	1951	213	62	236	210	6	50	455	322	777
Nova Scotia .....	1952	2,945	1,319	349	162	215	137	3,509	1,618	5,127
	1951	3,283	1,016	265	169	133	36	3,681	1,221	4,902
New Brunswick .....	1952	1,712	569	1,235	672	287	304	3,234	1,545	4,779
	1951	1,804	567	1,104	738	306	305	3,214	1,610	4,824
Quebec .....	1952	21,776	5,420	12,141	7,041	5,502	11,528	39,419	23,989	63,408
	1951	20,862	5,056	11,917	7,489	5,684	12,226	38,463	24,771	63,234
Ontario .....	1952	23,681	9,165	3,759	490	7,640	3,313	35,080	12,968	48,048
	1951	24,806	9,372	3,451	302	7,569	3,241	35,826	12,915	48,741
Manitoba .....	1952	3,978	1,726	733	158	1,664	2,250	6,375	4,134	10,509
	1951	4,296	1,658	853	997	1,364	1,277	6,513	3,932	10,445
Saskatchewan .....	1952	3,406	2,635	790	165	122	38	4,318	2,838	7,156
	1951	3,509	2,577	701	148	285	93	4,495	2,818	7,313
Alberta .....	1952	3,070	2,087	414	430	299	989	3,783	3,506	7,289
	1951	3,352	1,940	378	401	345	750	4,075	3,091	7,166
British Columbia .....	1952	5,506	1,976	—	—	341	478	5,847	2,454	8,301
	1951	6,245	2,138	—	—	250	244	6,495	2,382	8,877
Canada .....	1952	66,732	25,327	19,672	9,284	16,087	19,144	102,491	53,755	156,246
	1951	68,798	24,707	18,905	10,454	15,942	18,222	103,645	53,383	157,028

TABLE 7. Summary of All Students Reported, Classified as Full-Time, Part-Time, Short Courses, etc.

Province		Full-time students		Part-time students of the regular session		Short course, evening, extra mural, and extension students		Total enrolment (excluding duplicates)		
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
Newfoundland .....	1952	265	114	30	9	160	247	455	370	825
	1951	261	119	14	6	153	196	428	321	749
Prince Edward Island .....	1952	470	328	1	5	—	—	471	333	804
	1951	453	319	2	3	—	—	455	322	777
Nova Scotia .....	1952	3,098	866	111	247	300	505	3,509	1,618	5,127
	1951	3,522	854	70	152	89	215	3,681	1,221	4,902
New Brunswick .....	1952	2,684	860	92	169	458	516	3,234	1,545	4,779
	1951	2,709	893	97	158	408	559	3,214	1,610	4,824
Quebec .....	1952	28,163	12,403	881	3,195	10,375	8,391	39,419	23,989	63,408
	1951	28,390	11,759	653	5,054	9,420	7,958	38,463	24,771	63,234
Ontario .....	1952	20,266	4,968	1,042	1,009	13,772	6,991	35,080	12,968	48,048
	1951	21,602	5,356	1,130	777	13,094	6,782	35,826	12,915	48,741
Manitoba .....	1952	3,604	1,172	480	552	2,291	2,410	6,375	4,134	10,509
	1951	4,239	1,342	414	1,245	1,860	1,345	6,513	3,932	10,445
Saskatchewan .....	1952	2,837	655	87	48	1,394	2,135	4,318	2,838	7,156
	1951	2,988	742	124	103	1,383	1,973	4,495	2,818	7,313
Alberta .....	1952	2,472	1,501	365	427	946	1,578	3,783	3,506	7,289
	1951	2,930	1,526	252	435	893	1,130	4,075	3,091	7,166
British Columbia .....	1952	4,547	1,453	39	23	1,261	978	5,847	2,454	8,301
	1951	5,264	1,574	80	39	1,151	769	6,495	2,382	8,877
Canada .....	1952	68,406	24,320	3,128	5,684	30,957	23,751	102,491	53,755	156,246
	1951	72,358	24,484	2,836	7,972	28,451	20,927	103,645	53,383	157,028



TABLE 8. Summary of Degrees and Diplomas Granted

University		Diplomas and Certificates		Bachelor <sup>3</sup>		Master and Licence <sup>4</sup>		Doctor (In Course)		Doctor (Honorary)		Total	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Dalhousie-Kings <sup>1</sup>	1952	56	26	205	76	20	4	—	—	4	—	285	106
	1951	65	33	248	53	22	2	—	—	5	1	340	89
Acadia	1952	10	12	90	44	8	1	—	—	5	—	113	57
	1951	23	22	140	61	23	9	—	—	7	—	193	92
Saint-Francis-Xavier	1952	54	1	137	31	1	1	—	—	5	—	197	33
	1951	70	6	131	23	2	3	—	—	6	—	209	32
New Brunswick	1952	—	—	181	32	17	—	—	—	5	1	203	33
	1951	—	—	100	28	19	—	—	—	4	1	123	29
Mount Allison	1952	25	24	53	35	3	2	—	—	6	—	87	61
	1951	38	14	68	43	3	2	—	—	4	—	113	59
Bishops	1952	3	—	33	15	3	1	—	—	4	1	43	17
	1951	—	—	28	14	—	—	—	—	5	—	34	14
McGill	1952	23	72	900	372	128	29	52	6	11	—	1,114	479
	1951	44	75	1,145	346	152	37	61	4	8	1	1,410	463
Laval	1952	101	121	576	95	146	32	12	3	35	3	870	254
	1951	119	31	934	140	150	22	21	2	9	—	1,233	195
Montreal	1952	83	114	1,225	190	313	69	12	—	7	—	1,640	373
	1951	203	142	1,145	170	302	41	14	—	22	1	1,686	354
Toronto	1952	92	181	1,915	698	285	57	86	7	15	2	2,393	945
	1951	101	116	2,526	740	246	51	70	3	6	—	2,949	910
Victoria <sup>2</sup>	1952	32	2	35	2	4	—	1	—	5	—	77	4
	1951	25	5	34	4	—	1	3	—	4	—	66	10
Trinity <sup>2</sup>	1952	19	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	8	1	31	1
	1951	—	2	18	—	11	—	—	—	4	—	33	2
Western Ontario	1952	26	61	496	158	56	4	13	—	11	—	602	223
	1951	46	60	546	218	46	4	6	1	7	2	651	285
Queen's	1952	18	4	373	113	42	3	1	—	20	—	454	120
	1951	19	4	508	116	36	4	—	—	22	2	585	126
Ottawa	1952	16	47	359	73	48	3	18	5	4	—	445	128
	1951	11	10	364	66	75	5	11	1	5	—	466	82
McMaster	1952	3	4	148	78	14	2	—	—	6	—	171	84
	1951	1	9	188	77	17	—	2	—	12	—	220	86
Manitoba	1952	51	36	675	275	51	8	3	—	4	1	784	320
	1951	96	62	762	266	37	5	—	—	9	—	904	333
Saskatchewan	1952	121	52	483	139	48	4	1	—	4	—	657	195
	1951	196	79	565	155	59	4	—	—	4	1	824	239
Alberta	1952	195	414	600	183	55	6	—	—	5	—	855	603
	1951	221	314	748	207	66	5	—	—	3	1	1,038	527
British Columbia	1952	91	62	954	294	83	14	5	—	17	1	1,150	371
	1951	139	55	1,249	328	112	28	2	—	5	1	1,507	412
Other Institutions	1952	724	329	816	127	28	8	9	—	31	—	1,608	464
	1951	850	347	1,007	145	26	4	1	—	24	—	1,908	496
Canada	1952	1,743	1,562	10,258	3,030	1,353	248	213	21	212	10	13,779	4,871
	1951	2,267	1,386	12,454	3,200	1,405	227	191	11	175	11	16,492	4,835

1. All degrees except those in theology granted by Dalhousie.

2. All degrees except those in theology entered under Toronto.

3. Medical, dental and veterinary doctors included in "bachelor" column.

4. The licence in the French language universities is the next degree in advance of bachelor, as the Master's degree is in the English.



TABLE 9. University Grade Students of the Regular Session Attending Outside Their Province of Residence

No.		Number of students					
		From New-found-land	From P.E.I.	From N.S.	From N.B.	From Que.	From Ont.
1	In Newfoundland ..... 1952	—	—	—	—	—	—
2	..... 1951	—	—	—	—	—	—
3	Prince Edward Island ..... 1952	—	—	2	4	34	—
4	..... 1951	—	—	1	6	20	—
5	Nova Scotia ..... 1952	201	132	—	494	160	77
6	..... 1951	211	143	—	599	186	72
7	New Brunswick ..... 1952	48	45	253	—	255	109
8	..... 1951	60	56	220	—	236	103
9	Quebec ..... 1952	25	42	146	185	—	838
10	..... 1951	47	48	139	213	—	868
11	Ontario ..... 1952	45	49	168	130	889	—
12	..... 1951	59	61	213	140	1,011	—
13	Manitoba ..... 1952	1	1	2	2	21	102
14	..... 1951	—	2	3	1	22	106
15	Saskatchewan ..... 1952	1	—	4	2	4	31
16	..... 1951	1	—	3	3	6	29
17	Alberta ..... 1952	1	1	5	—	6	17
18	..... 1951	2	1	4	1	3	14
19	British Columbia ..... 1952	1	—	7	8	24	175
20	..... 1951	2	3	11	8	30	164
21	Canada ..... 1952	323	270	587	825	1,393	1,349
22	..... 1951	382	314	594	971	1,514	1,356

Note.—Some of the institutions providing information for this table reported more than their students of university grade in the full time session.

TABLE 10. Teaching Staffs

No.		Arts, Letters and Pure Science			
		Full time		Part time	
		M.	F.	M.	F.
1	Newfoundland ..... 1952	15	5	—	—
2	..... 1951	13	4	—	—
3	Prince Edward Island ..... 1952	21	3	3	1
4	..... 1951	21	3	4	1
5	Nova Scotia ..... 1952	149	22	48	16
6	..... 1951	143	26	42	25
7	New Brunswick ..... 1952	144	12	22	3
8	..... 1951	126	6	13	1
9	Quebec ..... 1952	934	149	346	79
10	..... 1951	1,038	142	414	87
11	Ontario ..... 1952	896	108	516	122
12	..... 1951	876	108	469	108
13	Manitoba ..... 1952	188	51	—	11
14	..... 1951	156	10	11	4
15	Saskatchewan ..... 1952	104	14	15	—
16	..... 1951	90	6	22	—
17	Alberta ..... 1952	99	10	135	28
18	..... 1951	109	10	11	11
19	British Columbia ..... 1952	181	36	9	—
20	..... 1951	191	48	17	20
21	Canada ..... 1952	2,731	410	1,094	260
22	..... 1951	2,763	363	1,003	257

TABLE 9. University Grade Students of the Regular Session Attending Outside Their Province of Residence

From Man.	From Sask.	From Alta.	From B.C.	From Yukon and N.W.T.	From U.S.A.	From U.K.	From British West Indies	From Other Countries	Total non-residents in each province	Number specified by province	Students of full time University grade	No.
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	379	379	1
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	380	380	2
—	—	—	1	—	4	—	—	1	46	258	258	3
—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	1	32	270	270	4
2	12	5	3	—	158	3	26	29	1,302	3,568	3,590	5
7	9	5	3	—	180	4	21	32	1,472	3,975	3,985	6
7	2	2	3	—	28	7	28	9	796	1,895	1,954	7
8	6	1	4	—	40	7	15	16	772	2,049	2,052	8
54	86	55	126	1	549	61	129	561	2,858	19,588	20,718	9
79	108	68	154	1	583	92	141	493	3,034	20,662	21,155	10
196	312	198	281	2	692	28	34	378	3,402	20,790	21,176	11
257	385	277	387	—	864	22	32	387	4,095	22,362	23,061	12
—	260	82	45	—	24	7	22	39	608	3,927	3,985	13
—	275	100	49	—	28	5	23	22	636	4,584	4,584	14
24	—	80	28	1	9	10	3	14	211	2,385	2,433	15
47	—	92	36	2	8	12	3	14	256	2,743	2,743	16
20	160	—	62	11	5	1	2	14	305	2,912	3,015	17
17	146	—	70	8	2	—	1	8	277	3,285	3,254	18
72	128	247	—	12	46	15	15	61	811	5,955	5,991	19
94	163	313	—	12	49	22	16	41	928	6,822	6,822	20
375	960	669	549	27	1,515	132	259	1,106	10,339	61,657	63,499	21
509	1,092	856	703	23	1,758	164	252	1,014	11,502	67,132	68,306	22

Note.—Some of the institutions providing information for this table reported more than their students of university grade in the full time session.

TABLE 10. Teaching Staffs

Professional Faculties				Pre-matriculation				Total teaching staff (excluding duplicates)				No.
Full time		Part time		Full time		Part time		Full time		Part time		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
5	4	—	—	—	2	2	1	18	11	2	1	1
6	3	—	—	—	1	—	2	19	8	—	2	2
—	—	—	—	23	12	3	—	35	12	5	1	3
—	—	—	—	23	12	3	—	35	12	6	1	4
138	31	189	24	19	3	—	—	259	53	226	39	5
78	20	209	22	25	4	2	—	245	46	213	41	6
64	19	3	7	75	—	13	—	236	31	38	10	7
56	13	4	8	60	1	14	—	227	20	31	9	8
1,001	373	1,922	208	713	444	108	5	2,573	931	2,169	241	9
811	197	1,355	73	629	448	39	10	2,475	787	1,728	169	10
807	54	654	95	181	2	22	3	1,839	164	1,168	215	11
764	56	645	83	197	13	39	2	1,790	177	1,117	190	12
109	12	201	11	36	3	—	—	333	66	201	22	13
94	30	212	12	41	2	1	—	277	41	224	16	14
89	6	20	3	55	6	16	1	238	26	42	4	15
93	10	20	1	39	6	20	3	222	22	53	4	16
142	12	197	115	33	9	21	17	257	30	348	156	17
127	13	146	14	31	7	7	6	251	29	160	27	18
187	13	49	22	—	—	—	—	330	48	58	22	19
177	9	21	1	—	—	—	—	338	57	38	21	20
2,542	524	3,235	485	1,135	481	185	27	6,118	1,372	4,257	711	21
2,206	351	2,612	214	1,045	494	125	23	5,879	1,199	3,570	480	22

TABLE 11. Salary Classification of Full-Time Teaching Staff in Canadian Universities, 1952<sup>1</sup>

Salary Range	Deans			Professors			Associate Professors		
	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces
\$									
7,500 and more .....	16	22	2	15	73	1	—	2	—
7,000—7,499 .....	8	4	—	21	57	—	—	2	—
6,500—6,999 .....	9	1	3	48	67	1	2	3	—
6,000—6,499 .....	3	3	1	84	94	9	23	24	—
5,500—5,999 .....	—	1	4	52	32	9	44	86	—
5,000—5,499 .....	—	—	—	10	30	11	58	73	1
4,500—4,999 .....	—	1	2	1	10	16	63	59	3
4,000—4,499 .....	1	1	1	1	2	18	4	15	11
3,500—3,999 .....	—	—	4	—	—	19	2	7	10
3,000—3,499 .....	—	—	2	—	—	6	—	—	10
2,500—2,999 .....	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	5
2,000—2,499 .....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Under 2,000 .....	—	—	2	—	—	18	—	—	9
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>366</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>271</b>	<b>50</b>
	Assistant Professors			Instructors and Lecturers			Total		
	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces
7,500 and more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	31	97	3
7,000—7,499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	29	63	—
6,500—6,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	59	71	4
6,000—6,499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	110	121	10
5,500—5,999 .....	3	—	—	—	—	—	99	119	13
5,000—5,499 .....	38	29	1	2	2	—	108	134	13
4,500—4,999 .....	89	87	1	9	3	—	162	160	22
4,000—4,499 .....	104	86	5	39	32	—	149	136	35
3,500—3,999 .....	32	43	16	53	88	1	87	138	50
3,000—3,499 .....	4	16	24	67	103	4	71	119	46
2,500—2,999 .....	—	1	7	16	49	15	16	51	28
2,000—2,499 .....	—	1	3	7	22	22	7	24	26
Under 2,000 .....	—	—	—	—	25	19	—	25	48
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>263</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>324</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>928</b>	<b>1,258</b>	<b>298</b>

1. Institutions included:

Western Provinces: Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia.

Central Canada: Bishop's, McGill, Queen's, Toronto, Victoria, Trinity, McMaster, and Western Ontario.

Maritime Provinces: Acadia, Dalhousie, St. Francis Xavier, Mount Allison, and New Brunswick.



TABLE 12. University and College Libraries, 1951

Name and Address	Librarian	Volumes <sup>1</sup>	Pamphlets where Recorded	Loans Charged	Persons Charged with Loans	Seats in Library
<b>Newfoundland:</b>						
Memorial University, St. John's.....	Sadie L. Organ.....	21,000	2,000	..	480	160
<b>Prince Edward Island:</b>						
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown.....	Mary Donahoe.....	5,270	—	3,595	635	68
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown.....	Rev. A.F. MacDonald.....	12,043	—	..	355	40
<b>Nova Scotia:</b>						
Mount St. Bernard College, Antigonish.....	Sr. St. Mary of Calvary.....	4,119	685	..	..	50
Saint Francis Xavier University, Antigonish.....	Sr. Regina Clare.....	45,300	600	..	820	150
Collège Sainte-Anne, Church Point.....	R.P. Blaise Corriveau.....	10,280	—	..	..	..
Dalhousie University, Halifax.....	Dorothy MacKay.....	79,804	20,000	33,026	1,165	196
Dental Library.....	Charlotte S. Allan.....	2,696	100	7,000	56	90
Medical Library.....		18,674	4,000		379	
Law Library.....	Mrs. K.K. Chisholm.....	30,000	—	..	150	..
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax.....	Rev. P.B. McCluskey.....	10,150	—	..	..	40
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Halifax.....	Beatrix N. Stimpson.....	333	—	..	50	—
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax.....	Sr. Francis de Sales.....	33,099	1,600	..	..	90
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax.....	Donald A. Redmond.....	7,400	..	..	397	10
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax.....	Rev. James W. Falconer.....	30,155	250	..	91	30
Saint Mary's University, Halifax.....	Rev. W.A. Stewart.....	9,581	205	..	207	36
University of King's College, Halifax.....	Dr. Burns Martin.....	32,500	900	4,331	..	67
Xavier Junior College, Sydney.....	Yves G. Brunelle.....	2,000	100	..	210	40
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro.....	R.H. Stevenson.....	11,610	150	..	..	12
Acadia University, Wolfville.....	Harry W. Ganong.....	95,000	..	20,652	..	150
<b>New Brunswick:</b>						
Université du Sacré-Coeur, Bathurst.....	R.P. Joseph LeGresley.....	9,525	800	2,000	350	3
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton.....	Mrs. M.J. Thompson.....	51,300	..	19,454	794	92
St. Thomas College, Chatham.....	Rev. T.J. McKendy.....	5,800	..	710	120	16
Mount Allison University, Sackville.....	Olga B. Bishop.....	66,927	1	22,850	735	126
Université Saint-Joseph, Saint-Joseph.....	Fr. Omer Cormier.....	26,770	..	5,727	550	30
Collège Saint-Louis, Edmundston.....	—	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Quebec:</b>						
Studendat Mont-Saint-Joseph, Aylmer.....	R.P. P.-E. Vadeboncoeur.....	19,505	2,400	15,300	88	10
Ecole Apostolique du Sacré-Coeur, Beauport.....	R.P. Albert Lefebvre.....	6,010	—	..	..	..
Monastère P.P. Bénédictins, St-Benoît-du-lac, Bolton Centre.....	R.P. Dom. M. Chamberlain.....	32,160	1,600	..	70	..
Juniorat de Marie-Immaculée, Chambly Bassin.....	R.P. Romeo Arbour.....	9,268	225	4,000	240	2
Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi.....	R.P. Thomas-Louis Doré.....	23,040	1,500	13,000	750	6
Séminaire de Gaspé, Gaspé.....	M. l'abbé Antonio Villeneuve.....	8,015	400	4,000	230	..
Séminaire des Pères Eudistes, Gros Pin.....	Raymond Melanson.....	10,012	2,000	..	8	..
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette.....	R.P. Médard Laroche.....	44,170	5,000	14,500	750	130
Collège de l'Assomption, l'Assomption.....	abbé Henri Langlois.....	21,394	..	..	420	—
Institut Agricole d'Oka, La Trappe.....	Fr. M. Hilaire.....	28,594	..	2,100	154	32
Bishop's University, Lennoxville.....	Arnold D. Banfield.....	24,492	600	8,590	283	58
Collège de Lévis, Lévis.....	R.P. Lucien Cloutier.....	45,030	4,000	3,500	750	10
Collège Saint-Alexandre, Limbour (via Hull).....	R.P. Lucien Bélec.....	12,040	100	..	..	—
Macdonald College, Macdonald College P.O. ....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Séminaire Saint Joseph, Mont-Laurier.....	R.P. André Cadieux.....	10,000	..	..	..	30
Collège André-Grasset, Montreal.....	R.P. J. Gérard Aumont.....	10,542	300	3,200	400	—
Collège Jean-de-Brébeuf, Montreal.....	R.P. J.-R. Tremblay.....	32,050	—	15,000	650	—
Collège de Montréal, Montreal.....	Antonio Dansereau, p.s.s.....	30,016	—	..	20	—
Collège Marguerite Bourgeoys, Montreal.....	Sr. Ste-Sophonie.....	28,348	943	10,390	393	65
Collège de Saint-Ignace, Montreal.....	R.P. Joseph-O. Bégin.....	16,050	..	6,000	200	10
Collège Sainte-Marie, Montreal.....	R.P. J.-B. Lalime.....	50,065	2,000	..	..	—
Studium Saint-Bonaventure, Montreal.....	R.P. Conrad Morin.....	15,662	200	350	20	10

1. Includes periodicals.



TABLE 12. University and College Libraries, 1951 — Continued

Name and Address	Librarian	Volumes <sup>1</sup>	Pamphlets where Recorded	Loans Charged	Persons Charged with Loans	Seats in Library
Quebec — Concluded.						
Divinity Hall, Montreal .....	..	..	..	..	..	..
École des Hautes Études Commerciales, Montreal .....	Paul Houde .....	56,484	10,887	81,825	..	85
École Polytechnique, Montreal .....	Joseph R. Leduc .....	47,620	13,000	12,000	840	100
Externat Classique Sainte-Croix, Montreal .....	R.P. C. Gabriel Allard .....	8,044	300	12,000	450	4
Institut Nazareth, Montreal .....	Sr. Germaine Ménard .....	19,978	—	6,000	230	10
Loyola College, Montreal .....	—	21,445	—	..	..	80
McGill University, Montreal .....	Richard Pennington .....	648,261	45,880	190,216	7,445	835
Medical Library .....	Edith Gordon .....	73,800	2,050	24,341	..	8
Faculty of Divinity Library .....	Mrs. T.G. Keir .....	34,246	1,555	4,412	83	58
Monastère des Franciscains, Montreal .....	R.P. Oslas Vandandague .....	26,465	100	1,530	60	13
Montreal Diocesan Theological College, Montreal .....	..	..	..	..	..	..
Montreal Presbyterian Theological College, Montreal .....	Bessie F. Fraser .....	16,065	425	619	60	20
McGill School of Social Work, Montreal .....	J.L. Gogo .....	..	..	..	..	..
Scolasticat de l'Immaculée-Conception, Montreal .....	R.P. Gérard Houle .....	104,437	3,000	5,000	200	120
Scolasticat du Très-Saint-Sacrement, Montreal .....	R.P. A. Belanger .....	70,200	—	..	..	..
Séminaire de Philosophie, Montreal .....	Emile Fréchette .....	20,060	300	..	..	..
Sir George Williams College, Montreal .....	Margaret Broadhurst .....	22,972	200	36,309	2,400	152
United Theological College, Montreal .....	R.B. Y. Scott .....	12,522	..	..	..	—
Université de Montréal, Montreal .....	Raymond Tanghe .....	150,950	6,000	35,000	1,800	172
Faculté de Droit .....	Pierre Carignan .....	6,042	100	..	..	80
Faculté des Sciences (Institut Botanique) .....	Carmen Rinfret .....	21,111	40,000	..	..	36
Faculté de Théologie (Grand Séminaire de Montréal) .....	Marie-Georges Bulteau, p.s.s. ....	38,120	4,500	12,000	375	22
Institut d'Études Médiévales .....	R.P. Raymond M. Giguere .....	10,100	1,000	..	..	10
Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet .....	Mgr. Robert Charland .....	51,058	10,100	..	400	4
Séminaire Montfortain, Papineauville .....	R.P. Bernard Dupuy .....	7,545	2,500	610	105	11
Monastère des Pères Capucins, Pointe-aux-Trembles .....	R.P. Alfred .....	32,694	—	..	..	10
Séminaire des Missions-Etrangères, Pont-Viau .....	R.P. Jacques Desparts .....	16,050	—	800	80	5
Académie de Québec, Québec .....	Fr. Maglorie .....	26,396	..	10,000	570	12
Collège Jésus-Marie de Sillery, Québec .....	Mère Marie des Anges .....	24,087	400	18,700	224	40
Collège des Jésuites, Québec .....	R.P. Antonio Lepage .....	29,600	15,200	12,000	500	—
Couvent des Capucins, Québec .....	R.P. Marcel .....	15,042	1,000	..	..	—
Séminaire Franciscain, Québec .....	R.P. Patrice Robert .....	86,508	1,179	3,750	279	30
Université Laval, Québec (comprend les facultés de l'université (10) ) .....	abbé Joseph-Marie Blanchet .....	375,590	..	18,116	10,000	285
Collège Bourget, Rigaud .....	J.-T. Donat Fortier .....	50,488	3,115	..	650	10
Grand Séminaire, Rimouski .....	R.P. Lionel Hudon .....	6,049	200	900	75	20
Petit Séminaire, Rimouski .....	Chanoine Alphonse Fortin .....	30,548	3,000	4,000	140	25
Séminaire Saint-Alphonse, Sainte-Anne-de-Beaupré .....	R.P. Adrien Grenier .....	42,040	2,206	7,200	156	—
Collège de Sainte-Anne, Sainte-Anne-de-la-Pocatière .....	abbé Armand Dubé .....	64,846	3,000	5,000	650	—
École Supérieure d'Agriculture, Sainte-Anne-de-la-Pocatière .....	abbé Joseph Caron .....	10,176	34,000	3,000	150	25
Séminaire de Saint-Hyacinthe, Sainte-Hyacinthe .....	R.P. Rosario Vadnais .....	124,235	10,000	32,880	690	100
École de Médecine Vétérinaire de la Province de Québec, Saint-Hyacinthe .....	Jean-Rodolphe Borduas .....	2,424	—	1,128	120	32
Collège de Saint-Laurent, Ville Saint-Laurent .....	R.P. Jean Tétrault .....	50,135	5,000	4,000	200	20
Séminaire Ste-Croix, Ville Saint-Laurent .....	R.P. Jean Millette .....	3,825	500	1,558	125	..
Institut Chanoine-Beaudet, Saint-Pascal .....	S.S.-Mechtilde-du-S.S. ....	4,221	—	1,300	320	..
Séminaire de Ste-Thérèse, Sainte-Thérèse .....	R.P. Ls.-Ph. Boulanger .....	39,306	800	475	40	6
Séminaire du Sacré-Coeur, St-Victor (Beauce Co.) .....	R.P. J.-N. Gagné .....	13,237	2,876	2,950	211	—
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Sherbrooke .....	Sr. St. Célestin .....	7,235	..	4,000	120	—
Maison Saint-Joseph, Sault-au-Récollet (Montreal) .....	R.P. Victor Coulombe .....	44,084	1,000	..	..	—
Monastère des Rédemptoristes, Sherbrooke .....	R.P. Th.-E. Roy .....	14,500	150	22,360	32	12
Séminaire Saint-Charles-Borromée, Sherbrooke .....	R.P. J-Hermine Dubuc .....	35,075	4,200	1,872	285	6
Séminaire des Pères Maristes, Sillery .....	R.P. Narcisse Mayrand .....	9,330	300	..	..	—
Collège Missionnaire Franciscain, Sorel .....	R.P. Anastase Mailloux .....	10,056	—	..	..	..
Séminaire du Très-Saint-Sacrement, Terrebonne .....	R.P. Jacques Thibodeau .....	12,055	2,000	..	110	—
Collège Sraphique, Trois-Rivières .....	R.P. Ligouri Gosselin .....	20,055	750	2,000	150	135
Séminaire Saint-Joseph, Trois-Rivières .....	R.P. J.-G. Turcotte .....	20,200	4,000	..	..	—
Séminaire Saint-Thomas, Valleyfield .....	abbé Marcel Dandurand .....	10,065	500	2,000	350	40
Novicat Notre Dame, Ville Richelieu .....	R.P. Jean Pétrin .....	15,120	—	..	150	10
Novicat du Sacré-Coeur, Waterloo .....	R.P. Roland Chabot .....	1,518	—	..	..	—

TABLE 12. University and College Libraries, 1951 - Continued

Name and Address	Librarian	Volumes <sup>1</sup>	Pamphlets where Recorded	Loans Charged	Persons Charged with Loans	Seats in Library
<b>Ontario:</b>						
Scolasticat de la Cie de Marie, Eastview .....	R.P. Alexandre Lebleu .....	13,532	1,000	..	..	—
Scolasticat des Pères Blancs, Eastview .....	R.P. Dufresne .....	4,260	—	375	90	—
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph .....	Miss F.G. Partridge .....	51,906	35,000	10,211	1,600	125
Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph .....	Patricia Moore .....	2,719	..	..	355	10
McMaster University, Hamilton .....	Miss M.H.C. Melkleham .....	74,305	1	47,303	..	481
National Defence College and Canadian Army Staff College, Kingston ...	Mary O'Connor .....	16,911	5,000	11,920	131	35
Queen's University, Kingston .....	H. Pearson Grundy .....	258,110	..	92,762	2,500	210
Regiopolis College, Kingston .....	Rev. E. Granville .....	12,000	..	..	218	28
Royal Military College, Kingston .....	J.W. Spurr .....	35,000	..	9,104	871	40
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener .....	Rev. A.J. Lehman .....	12,085	500	..	575	25
Huron College, London .....	Dorothy Pascoe .....	10,500	100	..	..	16
St. Peter's Seminary, London .....	Rev. A. Durand .....	11,206	5,000	..	143	50
University of Western Ontario, London .....	Dr. James J. Talman .....	195,779	1	85,637	..	444
Ursuline College, Brescia Hall, London .....	Rev. Mother M. Basil .....	10,000	..	..	..	24
Mount Carmel College, Niagara Falls .....	Rudolph Flanik .....	17,035	—	..	193	30
Carleton College, Ottawa .....	Hilda Gifford .....	18,500	—	24,352	790	200
Collège Dominicain, Ottawa .....	Rev. Vincent Shooner .....	26,441	—	..	..	10
Grand Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa .....	abbé Jean Fairfield .....	7,520	—	650	65	20
Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa .....	abbé Orila Saint-Jean .....	3,025	..	..	..	—
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa .....	Rev. P.F. Spratt .....	24,087	4,800	..	690	40
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa .....	R.P. Auguste-M. Morisset .....	168,880	2,500	132,550	5,418	244
Séminaire Universitaire, Ottawa .....	R.P. Jean-Léon Allie .....	50,250	—	1,000	300	50
Holy Rosary Scholasticat, R.R. 1, Ottawa .....	R.P. A. MacInnis .....	6,269	1,500	..	70	15
Scolasticat Saint-Joseph, Ottawa-Est .....	R.P. Marcel Patry .....	48,117	550	..	..	40
Scolasticat des R.R. P.P. Servites de Marie, Ottawa .....	R.P. Stanislas Carrière .....	4,010	..	..	..	—
Scolasticat des Pères Capucins, Ottawa .....	R.P. Adrien .....	17,599	—	..	..	—
Juniorat du Sacré-Coeur, Ottawa .....	R.P. Félix Massie (supérieur) .....	..	..	..	..	..
Alma College, St. Thomas .....	Mrs. L.H. Doering .....	3,020	—	..	..	20
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Sudbury .....	R.P. V. Guèvremont .....	19,025	300	300	300	—
Knox College, Toronto .....	Neil G. Smith .....	42,060	..	..	330	40
Ontario College of Education, Toronto .....	Dorothy A. Thompson .....	23,123	..	17,786	1,040	155
Dept. of Educational Research, Toronto .....	Elizabeth Kerr .....	3,029	3,000	..	..	..
Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto .....	Miss H.M. Walton .....	4,975	275	2,581	395	32
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto .....	Marion Cobban .....	8,691	—	15,507	551	72
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto .....	Rev. J.V. Keating .....	22,828	1,000	..	224	..
St. Basil's Seminary, Toronto .....	Rev. R.J. Scollard .....	13,150	—	..	189	44
St. Michael's College, Toronto .....	Rev. R.J. Scollard .....	24,500	—	..	830	50
Pontifical Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto .....	Rev. J.F. Stapleton .....	29,500	1,500	..	167	45
Trinity College, Toronto .....	S.M. Adams .....	45,737	—	19,914	783	80
United Church Training School, Toronto .....	—	935	200	..	33	20
University of Toronto, Toronto .....	W. Stewart Wallace .....	531,096	160,130	311,187	14,548	500
Faculty of Dentistry .....	Dr. J.H. Johnson .....	6,000	..	..	..	35
Connaught Medical Research Laboratories, Toronto .....	Ruth M. Briggs .....	8,420	16,500	4,050	..	28
Victoria University, Toronto .....	Margaret V. Ray .....	110,500	4,100	111,750	1,440	175
Wycliffe College, Toronto .....	Rev. Thomas A.M. Barnett .....	19,053	—	..	86	40
Waterloo College and Evangelical Lutheran Seminary, Waterloo ..	Mrs. Dorothy E. Lewis .....	11,638	200	3,721	273	16
Assumption College, Windsor .....	Rev. Frank Flood .....	13,169	150	..	642	80
St. Alphonsus Seminary, Woodstock .....	Rev. D'Arcy L. Egan .....	21,000	—	..	41	10
<b>Manitoba:</b>						
Brandon College, Brandon .....	Miss G.G. Ralston .....	8,020	..	..	200	30
Collège de St-Boniface, St-Boniface .....	R.P. Joseph Sabourin .....	21,080	—	10,000	250	30
Grand Séminaire, St-Boniface .....	R. Nadeau, eccl. ....	1,951	—	214	32	5
Manitoba Law School, Winnipeg .....	A.J. Christie .....	25,383	235	..	275	40
St. John's College, Winnipeg .....	Miss V.P. Archibald .....	7,272	..	..	48	..
United College, Winnipeg .....	E. Margaret Graham .....	60,000	..	..	764	325
University of Manitoba, Fort Garry .....	Elizabeth Dafoe .....	215,000	..	125,945	3,280	500
Medical Library, Winnipeg .....	Ruth D. Monk .....	18,224	..	27,206	744	60

TABLE 12. University and College Libraries, 1951 - Concluded

Name and Address	Librarian	Volumes <sup>1</sup>	Pamphlets where Recorded	Loans Charged	Persons Charged with Loans	Seats in Library
<b>Saskatchewan:</b>						
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg .....	—	5,200	..	..	..	..
St. Peter's College, Muenster .....	Rev. Philip Loehr .....	12,500	500	..	124	6
Campion College, Regina .....	Rev. S. Hychenuk .....	12,015	200	..	25	—
Students' Library .....	Rev. M. Estok .....	2,010	20	..	305	30
Luther College, Regina .....	Mrs. F.J. Wagner .....	4,712	..	..	110	45
Regina College, Regina .....	Emma H. Bell .....	16,473	800	20,243	568	75
Sacred Heart Academy, Regina .....	Sister Mary St. Francis .....	2,122	..	..	178	4
St. Chad's College, Regina .....	—	1,662	..	..	22	—
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon .....	Rev. J.D.F. Beattie .....	8,520	100	..	106	10
Lutheran College and Seminary, Saskatoon .....	Dr. C. Kleiner .....	9,972	1,300	..	..	10
St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon .....	Dr. R.D. Tannahill .....	8,010	..	..	64	12
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon .....	D.C. Appelt .....	122,323	..	64,890	..	300
<b>Alberta:</b>						
Mount Royal College, Calgary .....	—	3,908	—	..	335	..
Canadian Union College, College Heights .....	Mrs. Emma Coffin .....	8,100	..	..	350	64
Concordia College, Edmonton .....	Arnold Guebert .....	8,531	—	..	107	20
Juniorat St-Jean, Edmonton .....	R.P. Georges Tetreault .....	7,528	400	..	16	10
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton .....	Dr. Lawrence E. Toombs .....	7,009	228	1,000	50	20
St. Anthony's College, North Edmonton .....	Fr. Vincent de Paul Prosser .....	2,523	17	392	89	21
University of Alberta, Edmonton .....	Marjorie Sherlock .....	136,438	5,000	175,000	5,500	350
<b>British Columbia:</b>						
Canadian Services College, Royal Roads .....	Mary Campbell .....	5,310	—	2,200	242	40
Anglican Theological College, Vancouver .....	Thomas E. Speed .....	8,800	..	..	56	12
Union Theological College, Vancouver .....	Rev. R.A. Wilson .....	1,425	—	..	55	40
University of British Columbia, Vancouver .....	Neal Harlow .....	310,500	10,000	259,000	7,432	800
Victoria College, Victoria .....	Philip A. Morris .....	12,065	—	..	321	150



**SECTION III**  
**RETROSPECTIVE TABLES**





TABLE 13. Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session By Faculties<sup>1</sup>

—		1931	1936 <sup>3</sup>	1941 <sup>3</sup>	1946 <sup>3</sup>	1951	1952
Arts, Science, Letters and Philosophy							
Canada .....	T.	16,828	17,741	17,634	31,229	29,771	28,193
	M.	11,473	12,536	12,300	23,164	21,833	20,723
	F.	5,355	5,205	5,334	8,065	7,938	7,468
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	1,811	1,750	1,711	2,840	3,201	2,966
	M.	1,202	1,228	1,221	2,164	2,426	2,171
	F.	609	522	490	676	775	795
Quebec .....	T.	4,704	5,516	5,959	8,683	10,005	10,245
	M.	4,214	4,816	4,950	7,087	8,075	8,246
	F.	490	700	1,009	1,596	1,930	1,999
Ontario .....	T.	5,387	5,801	5,408	9,320	9,330	8,436
	M.	3,159	3,549	3,284	6,047	6,328	5,752
	F.	2,228	2,252	2,124	3,273	3,002	2,684
Western Provinces .....	T.	4,926	4,674	4,556	10,386	7,235	6,546
	M.	2,898	2,943	2,845	7,866	5,004	4,556
	F.	2,028	1,731	1,711	2,520	2,231	1,990
Agriculture—Degree Course							
Canada .....	T.	899	1,108	1,373	2,198	1,668	1,354
	M.	889	1,088	1,347	2,110	1,592	1,289
	F.	10	20	26	88	76	65
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	32	31	41	145	50	41
	M.	31	31	38	143	48	38
	F.	1	—	3	2	2	3
Quebec .....	T.	322	273	310	388	405	361
	M.	321	271	308	379	383	342
	F.	1	2	2	9	22	19
Ontario .....	T.	273	496	479	666	429	352
	M.	269	489	476	654	420	344
	F.	4	7	3	12	9	8
Western Provinces .....	T.	272	308	543	999	784	600
	M.	268	297	525	934	741	565
	F.	4	11	18	65	43	35
Agriculture—Diploma Course							
Canada .....	T.	370	385	396	685	660	417
	M.	370	384	390	679	653	411
	F.	—	1	6	6	7	6
Maritime Provinces .....	M.	20	24	19	65	47	47
Quebec .....	T.	145	202	145	167	108	73
	M.	145	202	143	166	106	70
	F.	—	—	2	1	2	3
Ontario .....	T.	118	96	94	66	137	115
	M.	118	96	90	66	134	113
	F.	—	—	4	—	3	2
Western Provinces .....	T.	87	63	138	387	368	182
	M.	87	62	138	382	366	181
	F.	—	1	—	5	2	1
Architecture							
Canada <sup>2</sup> .....	T.	137	133	146	188	652	568
	M.	136	116	136	171	624	544
	F.	1	17	10	17	28	24
Quebec .....	T.	89	84	121	66	181	162
	M.	89	84	115	54	174	156
	F.	—	—	6	12	7	6
Ontario <sup>2</sup> .....	T.	—	—	—	—	215	206
	M.	—	—	—	—	210	197
	F.	—	—	—	—	5	9
Western Provinces .....	T.	48	49	25	122	256	200
	M.	47	32	21	117	240	191
	F.	1	17	4	5	16	9

1. Newfoundland included in Maritime Provinces from 1950.

2. Architecture in University of Toronto is included in Engineering prior to 1949.

3. Revised since 1948-50 edition of survey.

TABLE 13. Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties — Continued

—		1931	1936	1941 <sup>3</sup>	1946 <sup>3</sup>	1951	1952
		Commerce					
Canada .....	T.	883	786	1,190	3,367	3,424	3,239
	M.	757	684	1,024	3,069	3,091	2,912
	F.	126	102	166	298	333	327
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	108	89	164	289	444	439
	M.	70	57	93	179	335	353
	F.	38	32	71	110	109	86
Quebec .....	T.	416	408	467	1,326	1,388	1,252
	M.	393	387	448	1,284	1,342	1,190
	F.	23	21	19	42	46	62
Ontario <sup>4</sup> .....	T.	222	140	183	504	838	815
	M.	194	126	165	476	720	695
	F.	28	14	18	28	118	120
Western Provinces <sup>4</sup> .....	T.	137	149	376	1,248	754	733
	M.	100	114	318	1,130	694	674
	F.	37	35	58	118	60	59
		Dentistry					
Canada .....	T.	380	422	468	753	947	831
	M.	375	419	462	744	941	816
	F.	5	3	6	9	6	15
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	27	53	31	27	48	49
	M.	27	53	31	27	48	47
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	2
Quebec .....	T.	101	125	160	278	340	284
	M.	100	124	158	277	339	284
	F.	1	1	2	1	1	—
Ontario .....	T.	220	196	225	390	443	376
	M.	216	194	222	383	440	366
	F.	4	2	3	7	3	10
Western Provinces .....	T.	32	48	52	58	116	122
	M.	32	48	51	57	114	119
	F.	—	—	1	1	2	3
		Education					
Canada .....	T.	618	802	677	1,092	2,277	2,240
	M.	247	407	297	595	1,336	1,109
	F.	371	395	380	497	941	1,131
Maritime Provinces <sup>5</sup> .....	T.	—	18	21	56	394	331
	M.	—	9	3	20	247	189
	F.	—	9	18	36	147	142
Quebec <sup>5</sup> .....	T.	92	198	162	168	368	350
	M.	52	108	85	91	136	112
	F.	40	90	77	77	232	238
Ontario .....	T.	382	364	256	289	478	500
	M.	144	176	98	171	310	302
	F.	238	188	158	118	168	198
Western Provinces <sup>6</sup> .....	T.	144	222	238	579	1,037	1,059
	M.	51	114	111	313	643	506
	F.	93	108	127	266	394	553

4. The Business Administration course of the University of Western Ontario and the Commerce courses of the University of Toronto are included in the Faculty of Arts. The Accountancy course of the University of Saskatchewan is here included and degree courses in Secretarial Science.

5. Students in the Maritime universities preparing for teaching certificates are reported as Arts students until 1935; similarly at McGill University until 1933.

6. The training of teachers in the University of Alberta was reorganized in 1946 to include all teacher-training classes of the Province within the Faculty of Education of the University.

TABLE 13. Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties — Continued

		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952
Engineering and Applied Science							
Canada .....	T.	3,554	3,387	4,381	10,884	8,367	7,468
	M.	3,548	3,376	4,368	10,827	8,348	7,443
	F.	6	11	13	57	19	25
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	429	373	418	1,352	1,097	1,008
	M.	429	367	418	1,350	1,095	1,007
	F.	—	6	—	2	2	1
Quebec .....	T.	523	542	799	1,657	1,734	1,745
	M.	523	542	798	1,642	1,730	1,736
	F.	—	—	1	15	4	9
Ontario .....	T.	1,506	1,438	1,708	4,392	3,006	2,576
	M.	1,502	1,434	1,698	4,364	2,997	2,564
	F.	4	4	10	28	9	12
Western Provinces .....	T.	1,096	1,034	1,456	3,483	2,530	2,139
	M.	1,094	1,033	1,454	3,471	2,526	2,136
	F.	2	1	2	12	4	3
Forestry							
Canada .....	T.	136	98	173	530	617	518
	M.	136	98	173	529	616	517
	F.	—	—	—	1	1	1
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	49	17	64	269	184	198
	M.	49	17	64	268	184	198
	F.	—	—	—	1	—	—
Quebec .....	M.	25	44	67	78	90	80
Ontario .....	M.	62	37	42	183	201	155
British Columbia .....	T.	††	††	††	††	142	85
	M.	—	—	—	—	141	84
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	1
Household Science — Degree Course							
Canada .....	F.	639	688	790	1,110	1,411	1,387
Maritime Provinces .....	F.	90	114	143	170	179	182
Quebec .....	F.	27	93	81	171	418	429
Ontario .....	F.	230	51	46	14	172	193
Western Provinces .....	F.	292	430	520	755	642	583
Household Science — Diploma Course							
Canada .....	F.	928	729	634	545	510	441
Maritime Provinces .....	F.	18	46	34	36	28	24
Quebec .....	F.	378	451	446	509	362	362
Ontario .....	F.	515	232	154	—	72	55
Western Provinces .....	F.	17	—	—	—	48	—
Law							
Canada .....	T.	845	1,005	697	1,226	2,421	2,302
	M.	816	982	678	1,172	2,325	2,198
	F.	29	23	19	54	96	104
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	66	115	60	136	225	197
	M.	63	113	60	134	219	186
	F.	3	2	—	2	6	11
Quebec .....	T.	392	337	243	346	624	671
	M.	387	333	241	332	589	631
	F.	5	4	2	14	35	40
Ontario .....	T.	249	391	252	500	828	797
	M.	238	380	243	479	802	778
	F.	11	11	9	21	26	19
Western Provinces .....	T.	138	162	142	244	744	637
	M.	128	156	134	227	715	603
	F.	10	6	8	17	29	34

†† Included in Engineering and Applied Science until 1949.



TABLE 13. Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties — Continued

		1931	1936	1941	1946 <sup>3</sup>	1951	1952
Librarianship							
Canada .....	T.	42	67	52	67	113	100
	M.	3	4	6	8	23	29
	F.	39	63	46	59	90	71
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	—	—	—	1	—	3
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	—	1	—	3
Quebec .....	T.	14	20	15	21	44	41
	M.	3	4	1	1	11	14
	F.	11	16	14	20	33	27
Ontario .....	T.	28	47	37	45	69	56
	M.	—	—	5	7	12	15
	F.	28	47	32	38	57	41
Medicine							
Canada .....	T.	2,921	3,037	2,940	3,200	4,409	4,447
	M.	2,798	2,908	2,780	2,965	4,135	4,166
	F.	123	129	160	235	274	281
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	171	186	219	167	274	272
	M.	170	180	215	162	261	261
	F.	1	6	4	5	13	11
Quebec .....	T.	944	961	959	1,204	1,574	1,589
	M.	930	942	924	1,158	1,504	1,505
	F.	14	19	35	46	70	84
Ontario .....	T.	1,321	1,389	1,234	1,388	1,864	1,821
	M.	1,245	1,318	1,157	1,249	1,719	1,694
	F.	76	71	77	139	145	127
Western Provinces .....	T.	485	501	528	441	697	765
	M.	453	468	484	396	651	706
	F.	32	33	44	45	46	59
Nursing — Degree and Post-Graduate Diploma Courses							
Canada .....	F.	301	372	510	974	1,034	891
Maritime Provinces .....	F.	—	2	14	22	42	35
Quebec .....	F.	53	43	127	256	259	177
Ontario .....	F.	107	120	172	408	451	403
Western Provinces .....	F.	141	207	197	288	282	276
Occupational Therapy and Physiotherapy							
Canada .....	T.	56	70	174	395	270	319
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	56	70	174	395	270	319
University of Toronto <sup>7</sup> .....	T.	56	70	174	335	211	247
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	56	70	174	335	211	247
McGill University <sup>8</sup> .....	T.	—	—	—	60	59	72
	M.	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	—	60	59	72

7. Courses in Occupational Therapy and Physiotherapy combined in 1950-51.

8. Physiotherapy only.

TABLE 13. Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties — Continued

		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952
Physical and Health Education							
Canada .....	T.	76	55	128	325	547	528
	M.	—	3	5	142	290	293
	F.	76	52	123	183	257	235
Quebec .....	T.	25	21	19	84	130	95
	M.	—	3	—	30	59	44
	F.	25	18	19	54	71	51
Ontario .....	T.	51	34	101	241	278	296
	M.	—	—	5	112	140	151
	F.	51	34	96	129	138	145
Western Provinces .....	T.	—	—	8	—	139	137
	M.	—	—	—	—	91	98
	F.	—	—	8	—	48	39
Pharmacy							
Canada .....	T.	512	484	412	738	1,458	1,359
	M.	481	445	372	547	1,288	1,206
	F.	31	39	40	191	170	153
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	12	9	7	42	64	51
	M.	10	7	5	27	61	47
	F.	2	2	2	15	3	4
Quebec .....	T.	94	95	86	203	456	446
	M.	94	95	84	193	423	421
	F.	—	—	2	10	33	25
Ontario .....	T.	250	200	186	220	422	420
	M.	239	190	165	144	363	362
	F.	11	10	21	76	59	58
Western Provinces .....	T.	156	180	133	273	516	442
	M.	138	153	118	183	441	376
	F.	18	27	15	90	75	66
Social Work							
Canada .....	T.	110	127	146	277	422	375
	M.	11	22	22	59	211	185
	F.	99	105	124	218	211	190
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	—	—	1	14	19	20
	M.	—	—	—	3	10	6
	F.	—	—	1	11	9	14
Quebec .....	T.	30	17	27	103	171	178
	M.	1	3	4	26	91	98
	F.	29	14	23	82	80	80
Ontario .....	T.	70	85	92	66	100	78
	M.	9	15	14	12	46	35
	F.	61	70	78	54	54	43
Western Provinces .....	T.	10	25	26	89	132	99
	M.	1	4	4	18	64	46
	F.	9	21	22	71	68	53
Total Theology (including post-graduate students)							
Canada .....	T.	2,261	2,643	2,429	2,319	2,729	2,491
	M.	2,217	2,619	2,393	2,264	2,632	2,389
	F.	44	24	36	55	97	102
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	133	187	146	198	198	153
	M.	133	187	146	198	195	149
	F.	—	—	—	—	3	4
Quebec .....	T.	968	1,221	1,073	1,095	1,022	891
	M.	968	1,221	1,073	1,094	1,021	890
	F.	—	—	—	1	1	1
Ontario .....	T.	938	1,076	940	826	1,210	1,148
	M.	901	1,053	906	778	1,122	1,058
	F.	37	23	34	48	88	90
Western Provinces .....	T.	222	159	270	200	299	299
	M.	215	158	268	194	294	292
	F.	7	1	2	6	5	7

TABLE 13. Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties — Concluded

		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952
		Protestant Theological Colleges					
Canada	T.	621	634	675	586	920	812
	M.	577	610	639	531	823	710
	F.	44	24	36	55	97	102
Maritime Provinces	T.	60	98	85	106	121	66
	M.	60	98	85	106	118	62
	F.	—	—	—	—	3	4
Quebec	T.	80	76	83	41	66	75
	M.	80	76	83	40	65	74
	F.	—	—	—	1	1	1
Ontario	T.	259	301	293	284	506	445
	M.	222	278	259	236	418	355
	F.	37	23	34	48	88	90
Western Provinces	T.	222	159	214	155	227	226
	M.	215	158	212	149	222	219
	F.	7	1	2	6	5	7
		Roman Catholic Theological Colleges, Seminaries, etc.					
Canada	M.	1,640	2,009	1,754	1,733	1,809	1,679
Maritime Provinces	M.	73	89	61	92	77	87
Quebec	M.	888	1,145	990	1,054	956	816
Ontario	M.	679	775	647	542	704	703
Western Provinces	M.	—	—	56	45	72	73
		Veterinary Science					
Canada	T.	122	245	245	395	497	412
	M.	122	245	241	386	485	397
	F.	—	—	4	9	12	15
Quebec	T.	25	44	49	41	121	96
	M.	25	44	49	41	121	96
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario	T.	97	201	196	354	376	316
	M.	97	201	192	345	364	301
	F.	—	—	4	9	12	15

TABLE 14. Total Full-Time Undergraduate Enrolment in Universities and Colleges<sup>1</sup>

Academic Year	Nfld. <sup>2</sup>	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Total	Women In-cluded	War Veterans Included
1919-20	—	127	1,463	477	6,905	8,868	1,522	641	969	897	21,869	3,170	•
21	—	107	1,660	487	7,157	9,050	1,644	647	989	1,050	22,791	3,716	•
22	—	108	1,660	519	7,479	9,446	1,956	702	1,021	1,223	24,114	4,405	•
23	—	107	1,629	513	8,016	9,393	2,161	871	1,210	1,312	25,212	4,622	•
24	—	119	1,560	508	7,986	8,738	2,215	875	1,089	1,440	24,530	4,753	•
25	—	125	1,585	493	8,030	8,752	2,258	870	1,077	1,615	24,805	5,229	•
26	—	108	1,561	560	8,039	8,785	2,239	878	1,085	1,597	24,852	5,272	—
27	—	101	1,554	627	8,118	9,121	2,263	1,109	1,065	1,776	25,734	5,787	—
28	—	102	1,651	627	8,263	9,621	2,358	1,165	1,213	1,932	26,932	6,107	—
29	—	107	1,778	730	8,501	9,928	2,538	1,449	1,294	1,981	28,306	6,492	—
1929-30	—	107	1,854	819	8,955	10,664	2,649	1,622	1,436	2,103	30,209	7,113	—
31	—	102	1,968	903	9,090	11,414	2,608	1,755	1,490	2,246	31,576	7,428	—
32	—	128	2,190	944	9,174	11,810	3,125	1,752	1,539	2,200	32,862	7,825	—
33	—	119	2,159	935	9,655	12,078	2,940	1,735	1,617	1,928	33,166	7,565	—
34	—	117	2,130	921	9,696	11,916	2,649	1,726	1,690	1,751	32,596	7,210	—
35	—	104	2,010	872	10,053	12,002	2,654	1,766	1,694	1,896	33,051	7,375	—
36	—	93	2,099	863	10,249	12,066	2,670	1,776	1,745	1,961	33,522	7,494	—
37	—	96	2,137	882	10,471	11,946	2,759	1,788	1,756	2,083	33,918	7,582	—
38	—	108	2,075	942	10,769	11,833	2,860	1,839	1,706	2,328	34,460	7,547	—
39	—	115	2,079	1,006	10,921	12,229	2,738	1,858	1,831	2,387	35,164	7,664	—
1939-40	—	115	2,028	1,054	11,060	12,290	2,671	2,186	1,982	2,517	35,903	8,155	—
41	—	128	1,964	1,011	10,930	11,693	2,483	1,945	1,939	2,724	34,817	8,107	—
42	—	135	1,924	911	11,271	11,640	2,418	1,950	1,733	2,698	34,680	8,141	—
43	—	152	2,019	1,020	11,734	11,734	2,607	2,001	1,719	2,706	35,692	8,423	—
44	—	179	2,104	1,102	12,144	11,364	2,433	1,617	1,572	2,617	35,132	8,911	68
45	—	179	2,112	1,252	13,387	12,297	2,789	1,787	1,478	3,095	38,376	10,995	517
46	—	268	3,400	2,137	16,534	20,278	5,427	3,997	2,996	6,824	61,861	12,870	20,000
47	—	276	4,161	2,509	19,016	25,848	6,443	4,689	4,124	9,171	76,237	14,531	34,060
48	—	307	4,165	2,723	19,721	27,648	6,321	4,700	4,442	9,319	79,346	14,615	29,600
49	—	306	4,307	2,509	20,317	26,303	5,528	3,956	3,984	8,597	75,807	14,415	21,800
1949-50	324	298	4,116	2,195	19,687	23,679	4,369	3,256	3,662	7,525	69,111	14,083	13,049
51	380	270	3,879	2,020	19,819	21,268	4,411	2,575	3,015	6,399	64,036	13,866	6,126
52	379	258	3,504	1,916	19,468	19,495	3,895	2,317	2,945	5,672	59,849	13,247	2,464

1. Excludes Normal School students and nurses studying for R.N.

2. Record not available until 1949-50.

• Record not available.



TABLE 15. Enrolment of Post Graduate Students, of the Regular Session, by Faculties<sup>3</sup>

—		1931	1936 <sup>2</sup>	1941	1946 <sup>2</sup>	1951	1952
Post-Graduate Courses in Arts, Science and Philosophy							
Canada .....	T.	1,118	1,277	1,252	2,370	3,026	2,927
	M.	779	913	944	1,779	2,581	2,481
	F.	339	364	308	591	445	446
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	45	85	69	100	130	114
	M.	27	57	55	76	105	88
	F.	18	28	14	24	25	26
Quebec .....	T.	342	328	350	768	857	892
	M.	256	238	240	507	702	748
	F.	86	90	110	261	155	144
Ontario .....	T.	482	548	563	1,206	1,387	1,398
	M.	324	377	432	968	1,203	1,181
	F.	158	171	131	238	184	217
Western Provinces .....	T.	249	316	270	296	652	523
	M.	172	241	217	228	571	464
	F.	77	75	53	68	81	59
Other Post-Graduate Courses (excepting Theology) <sup>1</sup>							
Canada .....	T.	232	309	317	500	1,533	1,389
	M.	219	285	299	461	1,276	1,158
	F.	13	24	18	39	257	231
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	—	—	—	—	21	24
	M.	—	—	—	—	19	21
	F.	—	—	—	—	2	3
Quebec .....	T.	27	57	69	153	608	556
	M.	27	57	64	134	487	453
	F.	—	—	5	19	121	103
Ontario .....	T.	151	203	154	257	552	513
	M.	140	181	146	243	474	436
	F.	11	22	8	14	78	77
Western Provinces .....	T.	54	49	94	90	352	296
	M.	52	47	89	84	296	248
	F.	2	2	5	6	56	48

1. Includes Engineering and Applied Science, Agriculture, Dentistry, Law, Education, Medicine, Social Work, Forestry, Veterinary Science, Architecture, Household Science and Pharmacy.

2. Revised since 1948-50 edition of Survey.

3. Includes part-time students in the regular session.

TABLE 16. Total Post Graduate Enrolment in the Regular Session<sup>1</sup> in Universities and Colleges (except Theology)

Academic Year	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Total	Women In-cluded	War Veterans Included
1919-20 .....	12	1	98	182	21	6	43	20	383	99	*
21 .....	18	6	113	190	30	10	41	15	423	108	*
22 .....	15	6	162	222	31	16	68	38	558	158	*
23 .....	13	8	197	322	29	13	83	49	714	195	*
24 .....	21	9	222	396	44	—	105	54	851	221	*
25 .....	24	8	259	368	40	20	108	46	873	228	*
26 .....	21	6	253	385	40	21	66	54	846	221	—
27 .....	39	4	273	419	38	25	84	47	929	252	—
28 .....	52	8	316	473	41	29	69	51	1,039	291	—
29 .....	43	5	296	487	43	27	62	47	1,010	269	—
1929-30 .....	47	11	351	546	33	33	57	59	1,137	318	—
31 .....	40	5	369	633	50	62	84	107	1,350	352	—
32 .....	42	13	435	740	65	66	96	112	1,569	402	—
33 .....	50	27	435	837	60	64	97	128	1,698	398	—
34 .....	56	21	411	869	61	53	100	116	1,687	424	—
35 .....	60	24	386	735	76	50	88	114	1,533	399	—
36 .....	59	26	385	751	73	58	84	150	1,586	388	—
37 .....	67	13	379	792	63	54	85	182	1,635	398	—
38 .....	61	13	348	799	46	46	77	150	1,540	332	—
39 .....	70	16	364	767	59	38	88	148	1,550	341	—
1939-40 .....	71	19	393	753	61	43	99	162	1,601	354	—
41 .....	60	9	419	717	68	49	84	163	1,569	326	—
42 .....	33	9	396	662	48	30	87	141	1,406	312	—
43 .....	37	4	376	544	48	23	87	108	1,227	287	—
44 .....	29	3	471	630	29	28	78	124	1,392	404	5
45 .....	38	7	662	663	52	33	94	140	1,689	428	37
46 .....	78	22	921	1,463	59	46	101	180	2,870	630	500
47 .....	96	33	1,206	1,682	72	74	167	344	3,674	719	1,000
48 .....	97	31	1,361	1,900	99	73	216	362	4,139	867	900
49 .....	80	30	1,692	2,179	95	109	220	452	4,857	1,124	1,300
1949-50 .....	112	42	1,857	2,283	173	104	259	432	5,262	1,127	1,090
51 .....	119	32	1,465	1,939	174	168	239	423	4,559	702	843
52 .....	97	41	1,448	1,911	195	116	189	319	4,316	677	349

\* Record not available.

1. Includes full-time and part-time students.



TABLE 17. Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties

		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952
Bachelor of Agricultural Science							
Canada .....	T.	160	238	238	202	556	332
	M.	158	231	230	192	539	304
	F.	2	7	8	10	17	28
Quebec .....	T.	48	51	43	49	109	98
	M.	48	50	42	48	103	87
	F.	—	1	1	1	6	11
Ontario .....	T.	53	117	109	59	180	82
	M.	52	115	105	59	178	78
	F.	1	2	4	—	2	4
Western Provinces .....	T.	59	70	86	94	267	152
	M.	58	66	83	85	258	139
	F.	1	4	3	9	9	13
Diplomas in Agriculture							
Canada .....	T.	115	107	145	75	229	193
	M.	115	107	145	74	228	192
	F.	—	—	—	1	1	1
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	16	17	12	22	25	12
	M.	16	17	12	22	25	12
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec .....	T.	42	42	45	24	54	47
	M.	42	42	45	24	54	47
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario .....	T.	33	36	34	—	59	59
	M.	33	36	34	—	58	59
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	—
Western Provinces .....	T.	24	12	54	29	91	75
	M.	24	12	54	28	91	74
	F.	—	—	—	1	—	1
Graduates in Architecture							
Canada .....	T.	24	53	24	29	165	147
	M.	24	53	23	25	164	138
	F.	—	—	1	4	1	9
Quebec .....	T.	8	22	16	11	50	38
	M.	8	22	16	8	49	36
	F.	—	—	—	3	1	2
Ontario .....	T.	7	14	2	9	54	46
	M.	7	14	2	8	54	46
	F.	—	—	—	1	—	—
Western Provinces .....	T.	9	17	6	9	61	63
	M.	9	17	5	9	61	56
	F.	—	—	1	—	—	7
Bachelors of Arts and Letters <sup>1</sup>							
Canada .....	T.	2,474	3,175	3,332	3,825	6,059	5,623
	M.	1,493	2,007	2,242	2,384	4,190	3,812
	F.	981	1,168	1,090	1,441	1,869	1,811
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	273	309	252	251	514	460
	M.	172	184	154	145	360	325
	F.	101	125	98	106	154	135
Quebec .....	T.	669	916	1,109	1,296	1,664	1,645
	M.	567	762	931	1,002	1,321	1,281
	F.	102	154	178	294	343	364
Ontario .....	T.	968	1,308	1,253	1,527	2,595	2,361
	M.	506	737	750	852	1,657	1,479
	F.	462	571	503	675	938	882
Western Provinces .....	T.	564	642	718	751	1,286	1,157
	M.	248	324	407	385	852	727
	F.	316	318	311	366	434	430

1. Includes a few Bachelors of Social Science in Quebec.

TABLE 17. Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties — Continued

—		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952
Bachelors of Science (in Arts)							
Canada.....	T.	252	320	342	576	1,067	837
	M.	207	275	291	434	915	712
	F.	45	45	51	142	152	125
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	73	109	102	170	223	156
	M.	61	99	83	140	192	137
	F.	12	10	19	30	31	19
Quebec .....	T.	84	50	93	187	393	340
	M.	74	42	78	128	334	279
	F.	10	8	15	59	59	61
Ontario .....	T.	—	—	13	49	141	111
	M.	—	—	12	46	124	101
	F.	—	—	1	3	17	10
Western Provinces.....	T.	95	161	134	170	310	230
	M.	72	134	118	120	265	195
	F.	23	27	16	50	45	35
Bachelors of Commerce <sup>2</sup>							
Canada .....	T.	169	202	263	338	708	663
	M.	152	177	231	299	661	628
	F.	17	25	32	39	47	35
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	24	19	24	18	75	76
	M.	20	19	19	17	69	73
	F.	4	—	5	1	6	3
Quebec .....	T.	41	50	58	97	261	279
	M.	41	46	53	92	250	268
	F.	—	4	5	5	11	11
Ontario .....	T.	68	77	82	67	160	133
	M.	58	75	76	61	149	124
	F.	10	2	6	6	11	9
Western Provinces.....	T.	36	56	99	156	212	175
	M.	33	37	83	129	193	163
	F.	3	19	16	27	19	12
Doctors of Dentistry							
Canada .....	T.	90	106	98	77	294	201
	M.	90	106	98	76	292	200
	F.	—	—	—	1	2	1
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	9	11	7	8	12	12
	M.	9	11	7	8	12	12
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec .....	T.	15	33	33	61	106	80
	M.	15	33	33	61	105	80
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	—
Ontario.....	T.	59	59	45	1	151	82
	M.	59	59	45	1	151	82
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Western Provinces.....	T.	7	3	13	7	25	27
	M.	7	3	13	6	24	26
	F.	—	—	—	1	1	1
Graduates in Applied Science or Engineering							
Canada .....	T.	420	566	697	1,006	2,427	1,770
	M.	42	564	697	1,002	2,424	1,765
	F.	—	2	—	4	3	5
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	38	38	49	71	174	183
	M.	38	38	49	71	174	183
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec .....	T.	72	102	146	173	513	369
	M.	72	102	146	173	513	369
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario .....	T.	184	246	291	389	991	659
	M.	184	244	291	387	988	656
	F.	—	2	—	2	3	3
Western Provinces.....	T.	126	180	211	373	749	559
	M.	126	180	211	371	749	557
	F.	—	—	—	2	—	2

1. Includes a few Bachelors of Accountancy and of Secretarial Science.

TABLE 17. Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties — Continued

—		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952
Bachelors of Education or Pedagogy							
Canada .....	T.	61	100	149	251	577	586
	M.	41	75	112	187	322	405
	F.	20	25	37	64	155	181
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	1	12	12	14	100	96
	M.	—	6	4	9	87	79
	F.	1	6	8	5	13	17
Quebec .....	T.	15	16	51	45	63	86
	M.	5	11	45	35	31	37
	F.	10	5	6	10	32	49
Ontario .....	T.	37	52	39	39	43	41
	M.	31	47	32	32	41	34
	F.	6	5	7	7	2	7
Western Provinces .....	T.	8	20	47	153	363	371
	M.	5	11	31	111	255	263
	F.	3	9	16	42	108	108
Graduates of University Teacher Training Courses							
Canada <sup>3</sup> .....	T.	581	584	561	464	836	756
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	49	37	14	5	63	38
	M.	22	17	4	4	50	28
	F.	27	20	10	1	13	10
Quebec <sup>3</sup> .....	T.	38	48	45	62	40	42
Ontario .....	T.	377	390	338	261	352	384
	M.	133	171	159	120	228	214
	F.	244	219	179	141	124	170
Western Provinces .....	T.	117	109	164	136	381	292
	M.	48	47	54	65	269	167
	F.	69	62	110	71	112	125
Bachelors of Science in Forestry							
Canada .....	T.	41	21	42	40	157	158
	M.	41	21	42	40	157	157
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	1
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	9	1	12	2	7	60
	M.	9	1	12	2	7	60
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec .....	M.	10	5	16	13	25	23
Ontario .....	M.	18	14	3	12	56	46
Western Provinces .....	T.	4	1	11	13	69	29
	M.	4	1	11	13	69	28
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	1
Bachelors of Household Science							
Canada .....	T.	112	138	214	187	277	256
Maritime Provinces .....	F.	13	25	46	33	35	40
Quebec .....	F.	7	17	16	35	56	61
Ontario .....	F.	37	18	15	2	3	25
Western Provinces .....	F.	55	78	137	117	183	130
Bachelors of Canon Law							
Canada .....	T.	16	—	8	13	2	1
Quebec .....	M.	10	—	5	9	—	—
Ontario .....	M.	6	—	3	4	2	1

3. Record of men and women not obtained separately for Quebec.

TABLE 17. Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties — Continued

		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952
Graduates in Law							
Canada.....	T.	223	228	265	161	712	562
	M.	218	221	261	149	692	536
	F.	5	7	4	12	20	26
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	18	35	34	10	77	72
	M.	17	34	33	10	75	69
	F.	1	1	1	—	2	3
Quebec.....	T.	76	79	74	55	166	170
	M.	76	77	74	52	159	163
	F.	—	2	—	3	7	7
Ontario.....	T.	94	70	103	73	231	93
	M.	92	69	101	70	223	90
	F.	2	1	2	3	8	3
Western Provinces .....	T.	35	44	54	23	238	227
	M.	33	41	53	17	235	214
	F.	2	3	1	6	3	13
Graduates in Librarianship (Degrees and Diplomas)							
Canada.....	T.	39	66	53	57	122	102
	M.	2	3	5	8	23	24
	F.	37	63	48	49	99	78
Maritime Provinces .....	F.	—	—	—	1	—	4
Quebec.....	T.	13	19	15	20	49	43
	M.	2	3	1	2	12	11
	F.	11	16	14	18	37	32
Ontario.....	T.	26	47	38	36	73	55
	M.	—	—	4	6	11	13
	F.	26	47	34	30	62	42
Graduates in Medicine							
Canada.....	T.	535	497	562	628	867	798
	M.	509	476	537	563	806	763
	F.	26	21	25	45	61	35
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	23	26	41	—	55	53
	M.	23	25	41	—	53	51
	F.	—	1	—	—	2	2
Quebec.....	T.	163	176	208	288	352	278
	M.	160	171	200	272	335	267
	F.	3	5	8	16	17	11
Ontario.....	T.	269	218	214	244	335	332
	M.	250	208	205	228	301	316
	F.	19	10	9	16	34	16
Western Provinces .....	T.	80	77	99	96	125	135
	M.	76	72	91	83	117	129
	F.	4	5	8	13	8	6
Graduates in Pharmacy							
Canada.....	T.	208	190	160	104	406	371
	M.	198	180	145	80	360	333
	F.	10	10	15	24	46	38
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	4	1	4	8	25	23
	M.	3	1	2	5	23	21
	F.	1	—	2	3	2	2
Quebec.....	T.	11	20	18	26	84	88
	M.	11	20	18	23	78	81
	F.	—	—	—	3	6	7
Ontario.....	T.	128	100	64	51	107	116
	M.	122	97	57	42	97	103
	F.	6	3	7	9	10	13
Western Provinces .....	T.	65	69	74	19	190	144
	M.	62	62	68	10	162	128
	F.	3	7	6	9	28	16



TABLE 17. Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties — Continued

		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952
Physical Training and Health Education							
Canada .....	T.	45	21	54	34	129	98
	M.	—	1	—	4	69	44
	F.	45	20	54	30	60	54
Quebec .....	T.	15	5	11	10	40	26
	M.	—	1	—	1	20	9
	F.	15	4	11	9	20	17
Ontario .....	T.	30	16	35	24	52	53
	M.	—	—	—	3	24	21
	F.	30	16	35	21	28	32
Western Provinces .....	T.	—	—	8	—	37	19
	M.	—	—	—	—	25	14
	F.	—	—	8	—	12	5
Social Work							
Canada .....	T.	18	45	69	112	265	240
	M.	—	6	9	17	101	89
	F.	18	39	60	95	164	151
Maritime Provinces .....	T.	—	—	—	9	7	8
	M.	—	—	—	1	3	4
	F.	—	—	—	8	4	4
Quebec .....	T.	7	8	17	22	57	59
	M.	—	1	1	2	14	17
	F.	7	7	16	20	43	42
Ontario .....	T.	11	30	28	22	93	90
	M.	—	5	3	2	30	32
	F.	11	25	25	20	63	58
Western Provinces .....	T.	—	7	24	59	108	83
	M.	—	—	5	12	54	36
	F.	—	7	19	47	54	47
Graduates in Theology							
Canada .....	T.	434	484	488	483	534	564
	M.	416	468	477	458	517	535
	F.	18	16	11	25	17	29
Maritime Provinces .....	M.	42	39	33	51	31	45
Quebec .....	T.	151	180	215	194	170	199
	M.	151	180	215	193	170	199
	F.	—	—	—	1	—	—
Ontario .....	T.	178	226	197	189	260	264
	M.	164	213	186	165	243	236
	F.	14	13	11	24	17	28
Western Provinces .....	T.	63	39	43	49	73	56
	M.	59	36	43	49	73	55
	F.	4	3	—	—	—	1
Bachelors of Divinity (Post-Graduate)							
Canada .....	T.	37	43	41	51	137	106
	M.	37	43	41	51	131	103
	F.	—	—	—	—	6	3
Maritime Provinces .....	M.	4	17	13	6	23	17
Quebec .....	T.	3	8	2	1	9	6
	M.	3	8	2	1	8	6
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	—
Ontario .....	T.	24	12	19	39	81	58
	M.	24	12	19	39	77	56
	F.	—	—	—	—	4	2
Western Provinces .....	T.	6	6	7	5	24	25
	M.	6	6	7	5	23	24
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	1

TABLE 17. Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties — Continued

		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952
Graduates in Veterinary Science							
Canada .....	T.	28	53	68	43	175	125
	M.	28	53	67	42	159	121
	F.	—	—	1	1	16	4
Quebec .....	T.	8	8	12	6	12	26
	M.	8	8	12	6	12	26
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario .....	T.	20	45	56	37	163	99
	M.	20	45	55	36	147	95
	F.	—	—	1	1	16	4
Degrees and Post-Graduate Diplomas in Nursing							
Canada .....	T.	130	182	212	461	492	435
Maritime Provinces .....	F.	—	—	3	4	28	27
Quebec .....	F.	47	55	57	100	138	141
Ontario <sup>4</sup> .....	F.	65	102	124	256	229	152
Western Provinces.....	F.	18	25	28	101	97	115
Masters of Arts <sup>5</sup>							
Canada .....	T.	274	252	258	328	704	723
	M.	180	179	201	259	548	550
	F.	94	73	57	69	156	173
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	29	24	37	21	52	37
	M.	17	17	29	10	38	30
	F.	12	7	8	11	14	7
Quebec .....	T.	47	39	42	43	142	216
	M.	27	20	29	34	98	148
	F.	20	19	13	9	44	68
Ontario .....	T.	137	141	115	209	347	353
	M.	94	108	87	169	287	280
	F.	43	33	28	40	60	73
Western Provinces.....	T.	61	48	64	55	163	117
	M.	42	34	56	46	125	92
	F.	19	14	8	9	38	25
Masters of Science <sup>6</sup>							
Canada .....	T.	93	133	118	204	508	439
	M.	89	130	110	191	480	420
	F.	4	3	8	13	28	19
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	3	6	10	19	39	27
	M.	2	6	8	19	37	25
	F.	1	—	2	—	2	2
Quebec .....	T.	28	31	35	74	151	124
	M.	28	31	32	65	132	116
	F.	—	—	3	9	19	8
Ontario .....	T.	28	32	22	51	165	136
	M.	28	32	22	51	162	134
	F.	—	—	—	—	3	2
Western Provinces.....	T.	34	64	51	60	153	152
	M.	31	61	48	56	149	145
	F.	3	3	3	4	4	7

4. Includes 12-24 Dental nurses annually.

5. Includes M. Comm. and M. Ed. or M. Paed., M. Social Work.

6. Includes M.A.Sc. M.S.A., M.Sc.E., M. Arch., M.V.Sc., M. Surgery (where given separately).

TABLE 17. Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties — Concluded

		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952
Licences (not including Theology and first professional degrees)							
Canada .....	T.	91	100	211	299	352	281
	M.	89	93	209	281	316	232
	F.	2	7	2	18	36	49
Quebec .....	T.	67	92	191	268	323	259
	M.	66	85	190	250	287	210
	F.	1	7	1	18	36	49
Ontario .....	T.	24	8	20	31	29	22
	M.	23	8	19	31	29	22
	F.	1	—	1	—	—	—
Other Post-Graduate Degrees and Diplomas (except in Education or Theology) <sup>7</sup>							
Canada .....	T.	84	90	102	441	470	346
	M.	82	90	93	327	308	199
	F.	2	—	9	114	162	147
Quebec .....	T.	55	66	62	333	267	152
	M.	54	66	56	245	163	76
	F.	1	—	6	88	104	76
Ontario .....	T.	27	23	40	103	190	184
	M.	26	23	37	82	145	123
	F.	1	—	3	21	45	61
Western Provinces.....	T.	2	1	—	5	13	10
	M.	2	1	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	—	5	13	10
Doctorates (Honorary)							
Canada .....	T.	95	100	77	134	186	222
	M.	95	98	71	128	175	212
	F.	—	2	6	6	11	10
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	19	21	18	18	38	36
	M.	19	20	15	17	36	35
	F.	—	1	3	1	2	1
Quebec .....	T.	13	19	25	44	46	61
	M.	13	19	23	44	44	57
	F.	—	—	2	—	2	4
Ontario .....	T.	46	42	30	54	69	84
	M.	46	41	29	51	65	81
	F.	—	1	1	3	4	3
Western Provinces.....	T.	17	18	4	18	33	41
	M.	17	18	4	16	30	39
	F.	—	—	—	2	3	2
Doctorates (in Course)							
Canada .....	T.	46	68	75	108	202	234
	M.	39	63	70	96	191	213
	F.	7	5	5	12	11	21
Maritime Provinces.....	T.	1	—	—	—	—	4
	M.	1	—	—	—	—	4
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quebec .....	T.	19	29	30	58	102	85
	M.	19	27	30	51	96	76
	F.	—	2	—	7	6	9
Ontario .....	T.	24	39	45	50	98	136
	M.	18	36	40	45	93	124
	F.	6	3	5	5	5	12
Western Provinces.....	T.	2	—	—	—	2	9
	M.	1	—	—	—	2	9
	F.	1	—	—	—	—	—

7. Exclusive of diploma courses reported under separate classification.

TABLE 18. Classification of Full-Time Students According to Place of Residence

Universities and Colleges in		Place of Students' Residence															
		Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yukon and N.W.T.	U.S.A.	U.K.	British West Indies	Other Coun- tries	Total Speci- fied
Newfoundland <sup>1</sup>	1950	324	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	324
	1951	380	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	380
	1952	379	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	379
Prince Edward Island	1931	—	159	1	5	20	1	—	—	—	2	—	3	—	—	—	191
	1936	—	132	4	1	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	151
	1941	—	174	—	3	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	190
	1946	—	295	1	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	310
	1951	—	238	1	6	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	1	270
	1952	—	212	2	4	34	—	—	—	—	1	—	4	—	—	1	258
Nova Scotia	1931	67	101	1,392	277	27	20	2	—	3	—	—	104	2	7	18	2,020
	1936	71	71	1,192	246	26	19	1	5	4	6	—	248	13	2	14	1,918
	1941	102	59	1,399	260	33	18	4	3	4	8	—	150	6	6	9	2,061
	1946	154	116	2,245	427	108	31	3	7	9	11	—	66	3	23	9	3,212
	1951	211	143	2,503	599	186	72	7	9	5	3	—	180	4	21	32	3,975
	1952	201	132	2,266	494	160	77	2	12	5	3	—	158	3	26	29	3,568
New Brunswick	1931	20	30	159	562	31	14	1	2	3	—	—	20	10	5	—	857
	1936	12	18	191	555	46	7	1	1	—	—	—	16	10	5	4	866
	1941	34	37	188	997	183	23	2	1	7	1	—	48	—	15	1	1,537
	1946	70	56	349	1,966	254	126	—	9	5	1	2	36	3	10	15	2,902
	1951	60	56	220	1,277	236	103	8	6	1	4	—	40	7	15	16	2,049
	1952	48	45	253	1,099	255	109	7	2	2	3	—	28	7	28	9	1,895
Quebec (English)	1931	69	19	78	77	2,030	342	32	36	42	81	—	318	146	29	13	3,312
	1936	32	26	70	80	2,112	275	32	45	35	64	1	335	68	20	20	3,215
	1941	23	22	93	81	2,603	294	37	33	47	82	—	229	19	40	45	3,648
	1946	31	41	137	123	5,055	692	82	67	71	146	1	191	28	160	82	6,907
	1951	47	45	128	132	5,252	663	64	94	64	147	1	463	91	128	302	7,621
	1952	25	39	135	113	4,970	658	41	71	53	119	1	390	61	127	365	7,168
Quebec (French)	1931	2	8	9	8	14,461	84	11	8	2	—	—	617	—	—	33	15,243
	1936	4	7	16	63	14,179	92	10	3	1	—	—	763	—	—	60	15,198
	1941	3	1	11	30	12,508	83	11	17	17	1	—	507	—	5	57	13,251
	1946	3	117	9	123	10,590	171	16	9	4	1	—	263	2	15	125	11,448
	1951	—	3	11	81	12,376	205	15	14	4	7	—	120	1	13	191	13,041
	1952	—	3	11	72	11,760	180	13	15	2	7	—	159	—	2	196	12,420
Ontario	1931	16	33	89	78	354	11,629	96	218	94	133	2	421	78	11	138	13,390
	1936	14	33	78	84	338	12,929	132	225	123	138	—	635	43	5	126	14,903
	1941	11	22	94	159	1,079	13,527	163	503	206	166	3	513	14	8	147	16,615
	1946	39	28	127	119	614	18,700	261	500	219	322	1	431	48	47	162	21,618
	1951	59	61	213	140	1,011	18,267	257	385	277	387	—	864	22	32	387	22,362
	1952	45	49	168	130	889	17,388	196	312	198	281	2	692	28	34	378	20,790
Manitoba	1931	—	—	2	2	1	59	2,288	252	30	25	1	11	11	—	3	2,685
	1936	—	—	—	1	—	26	2,597	204	21	16	—	5	1	—	1	2,872
	1941	—	—	—	1	1	48	2,517	271	26	60	1	5	1	—	3	2,934
	1946	3	1	1	—	2	96	4,866	351	57	79	—	17	3	5	4	5,485
	1951	—	2	3	1	22	106	3,948	275	100	49	—	28	5	23	22	4,584
	1952	1	1	2	2	21	102	3,319	260	82	45	—	24	7	22	39	3,927
Saskatchewan	1931	—	1	3	1	3	12	22	1,487	12	5	—	1	65	2	5	1,619
	1936	—	—	—	—	2	5	7	1,427	10	9	—	2	18	—	1	1,481
	1941	1	—	1	1	1	9	12	2,009	36	13	1	9	—	—	1	2,094
	1946	—	1	1	—	6	32	42	3,221	65	37	—	7	1	—	1	3,414
	1951	1	—	3	3	6	29	47	2,487	92	36	2	8	12	3	14	2,743
	1952	1	—	4	2	4	31	24	2,174	80	28	1	9	10	3	14	2,385
Alberta	1931	1	—	8	—	—	10	9	81	1,308	79	2	3	13	—	4	1,518
	1936	—	—	—	—	—	6	13	86	1,508	101	—	2	3	—	2	1,721
	1941	—	—	—	—	1	4	16	116	1,918	87	4	2	1	—	19	2,168
	1946	—	9	18	4	15	66	103	306	2,496	111	—	74	74	1	104	3,381
	1951	2	1	4	1	3	14	17	146	3,008	70	8	2	—	1	8	3,285
	1952	1	1	5	—	6	17	20	160	2,607	62	11	5	1	2	14	2,912
British Columbia	1931	—	—	1	—	2	7	6	9	17	1,995	4	8	8	—	22	2,079
	1936	—	—	—	—	—	2	3	13	29	1,831	2	6	—	—	9	1,895
	1941	—	—	—	1	4	2	7	22	63	2,723	3	11	—	—	7	2,843
	1946	3	2	8	14	12	49	45	137	208	6,502	6	29	5	2	5	7,027
	1951	2	3	11	8	30	164	94	163	313	5,894	12	49	22	16	41	6,822
	1952	1	—	7	8	24	175	72	128	247	5,144	12	46	15	15	61	5,955
Canada	1931	175	351	1,742	1,010	16,929	12,178	2,467	2,093	1,511	2,320	9	1,506	333	54	236	42,914
	1936	133	287	1,551	1,030	16,715	13,361	2,796	2,009	1,731	2,165	3	2,018	156	32	237	44,224
	1941	174	315	1,786	1,533	16,427	14,008	2,769	2,975	2,324	3,141	12	1,478	41	74	289	47,346
	1946	303	666	2,896	2,788	16,656	19,963	5,418	4,607	3,134	7,210	10	1,116	167	263	507	65,704
	1951	762	552	3,097	2,248	19,142	19,623	4,457	3,579	3,864	6,597	23	1,758	164	252	1,014	67,132
	1952	702	482	2,853	1,924	18,123	18,737	3,694	3,134	3,276	5,693	27	1,515	132	259	1,106	61,657

1. Newfoundland not included prior to 1950.



TABLE 19. Summary of Teaching Staffs

		Arts, Letters and Pure Science				Professional Faculties			
		Full-time		Part-time		Full-time		Part-time	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Canada .....	1931	1,558	158	372	147	1,005	122	1,613	92
	1936	1,719	203	432	147	973	149	1,674	112
	1941	1,768	268	409	130	1,558	177	1,611	127
	1946	2,108	364	837	167	2,404	242	2,134	239
	1951	2,763	363	1,003	257	2,206	351	2,612	214
	1952	2,731	410	1,094	260	2,542	524	3,235	485
Maritime Provinces <sup>1</sup> .....	1931	154	12	57	30	62	8	141	17
	1936	159	16	81	14	62	23	136	11
	1941	199	31	40	11	82	18	128	12
	1946	206	38	28	5	124	33	168	11
	1951	303	39	59	27	140	36	213	30
	1952	329	42	73	20	207	54	192	31
Quebec .....	1931	642	25	82	13	305	47	748	36
	1936	773	59	70	19	329	35	646	29
	1941	704	101	86	15	639	47	731	36
	1946	952	157	316	39	1,220	114	1,120	111
	1951	1,038	142	414	87	811	197	1,355	73
	1952	934	149	346	79	1,001	373	1,922	208
Ontario .....	1931	485	82	128	56	395	30	516	33
	1936	515	85	205	94	375	46	649	58
	1941	542	94	247	78	568	80	551	47
	1946	578	121	419	93	735	40	563	75
	1951	876	108	469	108	764	56	645	83
	1952	896	108	516	122	807	54	654	95
Western Provinces .....	1931	277	39	105	48	243	37	208	6
	1936	272	43	76	20	207	45	243	14
	1941	323	42	36	26	269	32	201	32
	1946	372	48	74	30	325	55	283	42
	1951	546	74	61	35	491	62	399	28
	1952	572	111	159	39	527	43	467	151
Pre-Matriculation						Total Teaching Staff (excluding duplicates)			
		Full-time		Part-time		Full-time		Part-time	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Canada .....	1931	680	456	108	79	3,294	754	1,985	279
	1936	719	183	114	35	3,476	541	2,063	281
	1941	931	312	77	29	3,819	748	2,051	243
	1946	1,000	621	112	25	4,923	1,143	2,998	417
	1951	1,045	494	125	23	5,879	1,199	3,570	480
	1952	1,135	481	185	27	6,118	1,372	4,257	711
Maritime Provinces <sup>1</sup> .....	1931	45	4	22	2	290	30	162	36
	1936	56	4	15	—	293	44	184	23
	1941	87	10	17	2	336	54	182	30
	1946	91	17	26	2	353	93	227	22
	1951	108	18	19	2	526	86	250	53
	1952	117	17	18	1	548	107	271	51
Quebec .....	1931	450	426	28	48	1,399	498	854	97
	1936	499	164	38	23	1,612	260	730	67
	1941	609	266	20	3	1,754	412	832	53
	1946	646	552	38	13	2,462	763	1,390	157
	1951	629	448	39	10	2,475	787	1,728	169
	1952	713	444	108	5	2,573	931	2,169	241
Ontario .....	1931	108	13	14	4	988	125	654	91
	1936	98	6	13	—	1,003	137	836	152
	1941	141	19	18	15	1,128	193	774	98
	1946	175	31	17	—	1,413	179	1,006	161
	1951	197	13	39	2	1,790	177	1,117	190
	1952	181	2	22	3	1,839	164	1,168	215
Western Provinces .....	1931	77	13	44	25	617	101	315	55
	1936	66	9	48	12	568	100	313	39
	1941	94	17	22	9	601	89	263	62
	1946	88	21	31	10	605	108	375	77
	1951	111	15	28	9	1,088	149	475	68
	1952	124	18	37	18	1,158	170	649	204

1. Newfoundland included in Maritime Provinces from 1950.

TABLE 20. Annual Income, Expenditures and Capital Resources of Universities and Colleges in Canada, 1931-1952

Province	Current Income <sup>1</sup>							Total Current Expendi- tures	Value of Capital Resources <sup>2</sup>		
	From Endow- ment	Government Grants			Student Fees	Miscel- laneous	Total Revenue		Endow- ment etc.	Trust Funds <sup>3</sup>	Plant
		Provincial	Dominion <sup>4</sup>	Munic- ipal							
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1931											
Nova Scotia and New Bruns- wick .....	265,312	151,881	—	—	334,279	175,730	927,202	941,863	5,489,256		8,309,500
Quebec .....	1,186,062	668,536	—	—	818,010	483,268	3,155,876	3,574,983	22,913,131		25,327,453
Ontario .....	624,761	3,796,577	—	55,000	1,348,116	481,333	6,305,787	6,289,829	16,345,027		27,076,677
Western Provinces .....	182,117	2,254,819	—	—	822,955	314,051	3,573,942	3,629,307	3,711,452		21,688,908
Canada .....	2,258,252	6,871,813	—	55,000	3,323,360	1,454,382	13,962,807	14,435,982	48,458,866		82,402,538
1936											
Nova Scotia and New Bruns- wick .....	247,456	164,323	—	—	436,705	155,778	1,004,262	1,007,193	5,723,949		8,910,026
Quebec .....	973,538	768,616	—	—	1,060,332	506,163	3,308,649	3,668,797	24,529,587		28,702,951
Ontario .....	655,506	2,960,186	—	45,000	1,914,887	608,920	6,184,499	6,241,583	21,388,579		31,443,103
Western Provinces .....	73,375	1,421,021	—	—	1,045,317	273,756	2,813,469	2,821,349	2,735,498		21,485,242
Canada .....	1,949,875	5,314,146	—	45,000	4,457,241	1,544,617	13,310,879	13,738,922	54,377,613		90,541,322
1941											
Nova Scotia and New Bruns- wick .....	293,379	245,678	—	16,600	500,889	243,688	1,300,234	1,278,037	2,710,077	3,159,656	9,178,829
Quebec .....	974,374	1,122,214	—	15,000	1,178,537	424,510	3,714,635	3,729,014	26,361,396	2,590,615	31,223,006
Ontario .....	710,777	3,462,168	—	49,183	2,169,484	903,186	7,294,798	7,409,653	24,190,186	11,373,891	33,645,571
Western Provinces .....	67,641	1,888,859	—	4,304	1,294,496	482,692	3,737,992	3,738,908	1,819,766	297,767	21,633,480
Canada .....	2,046,171	6,718,919	—	85,087	5,143,406	2,054,076	16,047,659	16,155,612	55,081,425	17,421,929	95,680,886
1946											
Nova Scotia and New Bruns- wick .....	356,085	276,408	229,688	15,962	924,359	136,985	1,939,487	1,911,296	2,982,964	4,868,359	10,477,771
Quebec .....	1,242,794	1,837,370	368,346	15,000	2,309,886	816,036	6,589,432	6,501,413	27,068,354	4,363,772	34,740,591
Ontario .....	746,292	3,251,553	988,422	49,259	3,709,803	837,776	9,583,205	9,582,278	25,103,683	17,917,032	35,160,775
Western Provinces .....	51,734	2,325,975	1,127,531	—	2,835,393	1,362,311	7,702,944	7,363,330	1,819,671	1,849,802	22,247,957
Canada .....	2,396,905	7,691,406	2,713,987	80,221	9,779,441	3,153,108	25,815,068	25,358,317	56,974,672	28,998,965	102,627,094
1951											
Nova Scotia and New Bruns- wick .....	382,263	940,054	84,336	25,000	1,184,077	173,060	2,788,790	2,884,394	6,974,310	2,540,935	14,653,798
Quebec .....	1,769,552	2,919,513	649,487	40,000	3,370,206	1,829,737	10,578,495	10,594,457	36,902,442	6,387,035	43,587,428
Ontario .....	913,490	7,541,793	379,660	150,788	5,729,719	1,779,439	16,494,889	16,133,115	36,846,682	22,385,991	60,283,928
Western Provinces .....	61,896	5,363,547	593,106	46,105	3,741,038	864,560	10,670,252	11,179,555	1,978,400	3,372,222	43,796,435
Canada .....	3,127,201	16,764,907	1,706,589	261,893	14,025,040	4,646,796	40,532,426	40,791,521	82,701,834	34,686,183	162,321,589
1952											
Nova Scotia and New Bruns- wick .....	357,889	823,883	450,843	25,000	1,149,902	208,664	3,016,181	2,955,458	7,058,415	2,544,354	15,619,791
Quebec .....	1,841,445	3,197,496	2,655,581	55,000	3,521,249	1,543,656	12,814,427	12,507,536	34,819,208	6,804,993	45,922,224
Ontario .....	937,979	7,784,839	2,318,174	156,145	5,881,089	2,274,682	19,352,908	18,842,971	36,645,460	24,377,876	70,667,900
Western Provinces .....	48,175	5,974,207	1,810,973	32,020	3,992,029	1,180,509	13,037,913	12,888,972	2,213,990	3,779,990	49,182,939
Canada .....	3,185,488	17,780,425	7,235,571	268,165	14,544,269	5,207,511	48,221,429	47,194,937	80,737,073	37,507,213	181,392,854

Note. Figures in this table represent a record of annual income for general university activities for the larger universities and many of the colleges of Canada. The institutions included represent about 80 per cent of the annual full-time enrolment. Total income and the resulting deficit or surplus does not include gifts and grants for capital expenditure. Table revised since publication of last survey.

1. Board and lodging not included.
2. Site, buildings, equipment.
3. Compiled separately from 1941, previous record not available.
4. Includes supplementary grants from the Department of Veterans' Affairs for ex-service students exclusive of amounts paid for fees which are included under "Student Fees".



**SECTION IV**  
**BIBLIOGRAPHY**





## BIBLIOGRAPHY FOR HIGHER EDUCATION, (1950-52)

Since the edition for 1932, the "Survey of Education in Canada" has contained a "Bibliography of Canadian Studies in Education", including a section on "Professional and Other Higher Education" and another on "Historical and Biographical Studies", in which new publications relating to higher education in Canada have been recorded. With the separation of statistics of higher education from the rest of the Survey, the corresponding bibli-

ographical items are published in the present report. The Education Division of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics will welcome advice of important omissions, so they may be included in the next edition. No systematic attempt has been made to include articles appearing in the periodical press other than the several university reviews; beyond these, the list includes only articles that have incidentally come to the attention of the Division.

### ANNUAL AND BIENNIAL REPORTS

Hereunder are listed the printed annual reports of universities and Associations received by the Education Division. There may be others; if so, a copy would be welcomed by the compilers of this report. The annual calendars are not listed except

in the case of Université Laval and the Université de Montréal where the annuaire général includes a record of the year's work as well as a description of courses.

### UNIVERSITIES

**Acadia University.**—Report of the Governors. Annual. 30-40 pp. Obtainable from the University, Wolfville, N.S.

**Alberta, University of.**—Report of the Board of Governors and the President. Annual, 30-40 pp. Obtainable from the University, Edmonton.

**British Columbia, University of.**—President's Report. Annual. About 30 pages. Obtainable from the University, Vancouver.

**Dalhousie University.**—President's Report. Annual. Includes a financial statement. About 30 pages. Obtainable from the University, Halifax.

**Laval, Université.**—Annuaire général. Includes reports of university officers. Obtainable from the University, Québec.

**Manitoba, University of.**—President's Report. Annual. About 135 pages. Obtainable from the University, Winnipeg.

**McGill University.**—Annual Report. Includes financial statements. About 180 pages. Obtainable from the University, Montréal.

**McMaster University.**—President's Report. Annual. 50-60 pp. Obtainable from the University, Hamilton.

**Montréal, Université de.**—Annuaire général. Includes several appendices on events and work of the year. Obtainable from the Secretary of the University, Montréal.

**Ottawa, University of.**—Report of the Rector. Annual. About 100 pages. Obtainable from the University, Ottawa.

**Queen's University.**—Principal's Report. Annual. Contains a summary of the year's work in all Faculties or Departments, including the Registrar's and Treasurer's Report. 120 pp. Obtainable from the University, Kingston, Ont.

**Saskatchewan, University of.**—President's Report. Annual. 50-100 pp. Includes financial statements. Obtainable from the University, Saskatoon.

**Toronto, University of.**—Annual Report of the President. A document of 200-250 pages reviewing all departments of the University's work. (In recent years it has also been printed in the Report of the Board of Governors.) University of Toronto Press, Toronto.

**Toronto, University of.**—Annual Report of the Board of Governors. Of recent years a document of more than 300 pages, including the President's Report on all Departments, detailed financial statement, etc. Queen's Printer, Toronto.

**Western Ontario, University of.**—Report of the President. Annual, about 60 pages, mimeographed. Obtainable from the University, London, Ont.

### ORGANIZATIONS

**Canadian Association of University Business Officers.**—Annual Report. About 60 pages. Obtainable from A. Wilkinson, Secretary-Treasurer, Hart House, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.

**Canadian Social Science Research Council.**—Annual Report. Obtainable from the Secretary, 661 Island Park Drive, Ottawa, Ont.

**Humanities Research Council of Canada.**—Annual Report. Obtainable from the Secretary, 661 Island Park Drive, Ottawa, Ont.

**National Conference of Canadian Universities.**—Annual Report. About 100 pages. Obtainable from E.A. Walker, Secretary-Treasurer, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.

**Universities Bureau of the British Empire.**—The Yearbook of the Universities of the Empire. Lists the staff and gives general information concerning Canadian universities, as also for those in other parts of the British Empire. Published by G. Bell and Sons, London, Eng.

**World University Service of Canada.**—Annual Report. About 30 pages. Obtainable from the Executive Secretary, 43 St. George St., Toronto, Ont. This

organization, prior to 1951, was the International Student Service.

**Yearbook of Canadian Universities.**—Biennial. A summarized report of Canadian Universities and affiliated colleges. Information on staff, courses, fees, control and admission requirements of the independent and affiliated degree-granting institutions of higher education. Issued under the auspices of the National Conference of Canadian Universities, Editor K. P. R. Neville, Ph.D., LL.D., London, Ont.

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200  
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SURVEY OF HIGHER EDUCATION  

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RELEVÉ DE L'ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR  
  
1952 - 1954

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS  
Education Division  
Higher Education Section

BUREAU FÉDÉRAL DE LA STATISTIQUE  
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DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS — BUREAU FÉDÉRAL DE LA STATISTIQUE

Education Division — Division de l'éducation

Higher Education Section — Section de l'enseignement supérieur

## SURVEY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

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## RELEVÉ DE L'ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR

1952 - 1954

(PART II OF THE BIENNIAL SURVEY OF EDUCATION IN CANADA, 1952-1954)

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(II<sup>e</sup> PARTIE DU RELEVÉ BIENNIAL DE L'ENSEIGNEMENT AU CANADA, 1952-1954)

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## CURRENT PUBLICATIONS OF THE EDUCATION DIVISION

Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Ottawa, Fall 1957

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### 2—HIGHER EDUCATION

**Survey of Higher Education, 1952-54.** Part II of the Biennial Survey of Education. Presents statistics on enrolment, graduates, staff and finances of universities and colleges. Includes a bibliography of current literature on Canadian higher education. Bilingual edition ..... 60¢

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### 3—ADULT EDUCATION AND OTHER CULTURAL ACTIVITIES

**Survey of Libraries, 1952-54.** Part III of the Biennial Survey of Education. Presents statistics on holdings, circulation, staffs and finances, and lists public, university, government and special libraries. Bilingual edition ..... 75¢

**Free Urban and Regional Public Libraries, 1954.** Presents statistics on holdings, circulation, staffs and finances, and lists free public libraries in urban centres of over 10,000 population and regional libraries. Bilingual edition ..... 25¢

**Museums and Art Galleries, 1951-52.** Presents statistics on staff, attendance, accommodation and extension activities. Includes a list of institutions. Bilingual Reference Paper 57 ..... 25¢

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## PUBLICATIONS DE LA DIVISION DE L'ÉDUCATION

Bureau fédéral de la statistique, automne 1957

### GÉNÉRALITÉS

**Patterns of Schooling in Canada.** Tiré à part de *Canada 1957*. Brochure de 16 pages renfermant un bref exposé des cours d'études particuliers suivis par neuf Canadiens fictifs. Publié en anglais. (L'édition française paraîtra plus tard.) .. 10¢

### 1—ENSEIGNEMENT ÉLÉMENTAIRE ET ENSEIGNEMENT SECONDAIRE

**Relevé de l'enseignement élémentaire et de l'enseignement secondaire, 1948-50.** I<sup>re</sup> partie du relevé biennal de l'enseignement au Canada. Statistique sur les étudiants, les instituteurs et les finances des écoles publiques et privées. Comprend une bibliographie des ouvrages récents sur l'enseignement au Canada. Publié en anglais et en français ..... 75¢

**Preliminary Statistics of Education, 1952-53 and 1953-54.** Statistique sur les écoles, les instituteurs et les finances des écoles publiques et privées, avec tableau sommaire comprenant les chiffres relatifs à l'enseignement supérieur. Publié en anglais ..... 25¢

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**Maisons de formation pour les instituteurs, 1953.** Contient le chiffre des inscriptions des années 1952-53 et 1953-54, le nombre de diplômés en 1953, les inscriptions possibles et la formation et l'expérience des moniteurs dans les écoles normales et les collèges de pédagogie au Canada. Comprend une liste datée de 1955 des institutions pédagogiques au Canada. Publié en anglais et en français. Document de référence n° 62 ..... 25¢

### 2—ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR

**Relevé de l'enseignement supérieur, 1952-54.** II<sup>e</sup> partie du relevé biennal de l'enseignement au Canada. Statistique sur les inscriptions, les gradués, le personnel et les finances des universités et des collèges. Comprend une bibliographie des ouvrages récents sur l'enseignement supérieur au Canada. Bilingue ..... 60¢

**Inscriptions d'automne aux universités et collèges, 1956.** Inscriptions au début de l'année, par faculté, institution et province, avec chiffres comparés des deux années précédentes. Bilingue ..... 25¢

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**Awards for Graduate Study and Research, 1957.** (Autrefois *Post-graduate Scholarships and Fellowships Open to Canadian Students*). Liste des bourses offertes par des organismes canadiens et étrangers et détail de la valeur et des conditions. Publié en anglais. Document de référence n° 21 ..... \$1.00

**Bourses d'études pour sous-gradués (accessibles aux étudiants qui s'inscrivent dans les universités canadiennes).** Bilingue. Document de référence n° 55 (février 1956) ..... 75¢

**Institutions d'enseignement supérieur du Canada, 1955-1956.** Contient les noms et adresses ainsi qu'un répertoire des cours offerts et des renseignements généraux sur les conditions d'admission et les frais de scolarité. Bilingue. Document de référence n° 48 ..... 25¢

### 3—ÉDUCATION DES ADULTES ET AUTRES INITIATIVES CULTURELLES

**Relevé des bibliothèques, 1952-1954.** III<sup>e</sup> partie du relevé biennal de l'enseignement au Canada. Statistique sur le nombre de livres, leur circulation, le personnel et les finances des bibliothèques et listes des bibliothèques publiques, des bibliothèques des universités, des gouvernements et des bibliothèques spéciales. Bilingue ..... 75¢

**Bibliothèques publiques gratuites urbaines et régionales, 1954.** Statistique sur le nombre de livres, leur circulation, le personnel et les finances des bibliothèques et listes des bibliothèques publiques gratuites des centres urbains de 10,000 habitants et des bibliothèques régionales. Bilingue ..... 25¢

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## PREFACE

During the biennium under review, full-time university-grade enrolment reached a post-war low. However, indications pointed to a greatly increasing enrolment in future years, causing much concern regarding adequate plant facilities and sufficient income to meet this expected increase.

In this edition, the list of institutions of higher education (formerly Table 1 in previous *Surveys*) has been omitted. It is now published separately as the Dominion Bureau of Statistics Reference Paper 48. The list for 1953-54 appeared in the edition of the Reference Paper entitled *List of Institutions of Higher Education in Canada*, while that for 1955-56 appeared in the retitled edition of the Paper, *Canadian Institutions of Higher Education, 1955-56*. Future editions of the listing will appear as circumstances warrant.

Textual material contained herein highlights the type of questions most often received by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics regarding higher education in Canada. With the exception noted above, the usual tables, both current and historical, are included.

This report was prepared in the Education Division of the Bureau, under the supervision of Ralph D. Mitchener, Chief of the Higher Education Section.

WALTER E. DUFFETT,  
*Dominion Statistician.*

June, 1957.

## PREFACE

Au cours des deux années observées, les inscriptions des étudiants de plein temps ont atteint leur plus bas depuis la guerre. Il semble, toutefois, qu'elles augmenteront beaucoup dorénavant et on se demande avec anxiété si les locaux et les revenus suffiront aux besoins.

Le présent rapport omet le répertoire des institutions d'enseignement supérieur (tableau 1 des *Relevés* précédents). Le document de référence n° 48 du Bureau fédéral de la statistique publie ce répertoire à part. Pour 1953-1954, le document s'intitulait: *Répertoire des institutions d'enseignement supérieur au Canada*, et pour 1955-1956: *Institutions d'enseignement supérieur du Canada, 1955-1956*. A l'avenir, le répertoire paraîtra selon que les circonstances le motiveront.

Le texte du rapport met en lumière le genre de questions qu'on pose le plus souvent au Bureau fédéral de la statistique concernant l'enseignement supérieur au Canada. Sauf le répertoire, le rapport renferme les tableaux courants et rétrospectifs habituels.

Le présent a été établi à la Division de l'éducation du Bureau, sous la direction de M. Ralph D. Mitchener, chef de la Section de l'enseignement supérieur.

*Le statisticien du Dominion,*  
WALTER E. DUFFETT.

Juin 1957.





## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Preface .....	3
Section I—	
Part I: Federal Government University Grants .....	9
Part II: Review of Statistics for 1952-54—	
Institutions .....	13
Enrolment .....	14
Percentage of Population Attending College .....	16
New Admissions .....	16
Foreign Students in Canada and Canadian Students Abroad .....	17
Student Fees .....	21
Earned Degrees Awarded .....	21
Libraries .....	22
Teaching Staff: (a) Numbers .....	22
(b) Salaries .....	23
Finances: (a) Total Income and Expenditure .....	25
(b) Total Wages and Salaries Paid .....	26
(c) Research .....	26
Section II—Current Tables, 1952-53 and 1953-54—	
1. Full-time University-grade Enrolment in the Regular Session, by Specified Fields of Study and Institution, 1953 and 1954 .....	31
2. Full-time University-grade Enrolment in the Regular Session by Province and Faculty, 1953 and 1954 .....	39
3. Part-time Enrolment in the Regular Session by Province and Faculty, 1953 and 1954 .....	40
4. Summer School, Short Course and Other Extra-mural Enrolment, by Province, 1953 and 1954 .....	41
5. Summary of All Students Classified by Level of Study, 1953 and 1954 .....	42
6. Summary of All Students Classified as Full-time, Part-time, etc., 1953 and 1954 .....	42
7. Summary of Degrees and Diplomas Granted, 1953 and 1954 .....	43

## TABLE DES MATIÈRES

	Page
Préface .....	3
Section I—	
1 <sup>re</sup> partie—Subventions du gouvernement fédéral aux universités .....	9
2 <sup>e</sup> partie—Revue de la statistique de 1952-1954—	
Institutions .....	13
Inscriptions .....	14
Pourcentage de la population fréquentant les universités .....	16
Nouvelles inscriptions .....	16
Étudiants étrangers au Canada et étudiants canadiens à l'étranger .....	17
Frais de scolarité .....	21
Grades acquis .....	21
Bibliothèques .....	22
Personnel enseignant: a) Nombre .....	22
b) Traitements .....	23
Finances: a) Total des recettes et des dépenses .....	25
b) Total des traitements et salaires .....	26
c) Recherche .....	26
Section II—Tableaux courants, 1952-1953 et 1954—	
1. Étudiants de plein temps de la session régulière, par domaine d'étude et par institution, 1953 et 1954 .....	31
2. Étudiants de plein temps de la session régulière, par province et faculté, 1953 et 1954 .....	39
3. Étudiants à temps partiel de la session régulière, par province et faculté, 1953 et 1954 .....	40
4. Inscriptions aux cours d'été, cours abrégés et autres cours extramuraux, par province, 1953 et 1954 .....	41
5. État sommaire de tous les étudiants, selon l'échelon, 1953 et 1954 .....	42
6. État sommaire de tous les étudiants de plein temps, à temps partiel, etc., 1953 et 1954 .....	42
7. État sommaire des grades et diplômes conférés, 1953 et 1954 .....	43



## TABLE OF CONTENTS—Concluded

	Page
Section II — Concluded	
8. Teaching Staffs in Universities and Colleges, 1953 and 1954 .....	44
9. Salary Distribution of Full-time Teaching Staffs in Certain Institutions, 1954 .....	45
10. University and College Libraries, 1953 .....	46
Section III — Retrospective Tables, 1930-31 to 1953-54 —	
11. Full-time Undergraduate Enrolment in the Regular Session, by Faculty, 1931 to 1954 .....	55
12. Summary of Total Full-time Undergraduate Enrolment in the Regular Session, 1920 to 1954 .....	61
13. Total Graduate Enrolment in the Regular Session, by Faculty, 1931 to 1954 .....	61
14. Summary of Total Graduate Enrolment in the Regular Session (except Theology), 1920 to 1954 .....	62
15. Degrees and Diplomas Granted by Faculty, 1931 to 1954 .....	63
16. Full-time University-grade Students in the Regular Session, by Place of Residence, 1931 to 1954 .....	71
17. Teaching Staffs in Universities and Colleges, 1931 to 1954 .....	73
18. Income, Expenditure and Capital Resources of Universities and Colleges, 1931 to 1954 .....	75
Section IV — Bibliography —	
I. Annual Reports of Canadian Institutions of Higher Education .....	79
II. Periodic Publications of Canadian Organizations in the Field of Higher Education .....	80
III. General Publications Relating to Canadian Institutions of Higher Education .....	81
IV. Bibliography on Canadian Higher Education, 1952-54:	
A. Biographical and Historical .....	83
B. Arts and Science .....	83
C. Professional Courses .....	84
D. General .....	84

## TABLE DES MATIÈRES—fin

	Page
Section II — fin	
8. Personnel enseignant des universités et collèges, 1953 et 1954 .....	44
9. Répartition des traitements du personnel enseignant de plein temps de certaines institutions, 1954 .....	45
10. Bibliothèques des universités et collèges, 1953 .....	46
Section III — Tableaux rétrospectifs, 1930-1931 à 1953-1954 —	
11. Sous-gradués de plein temps de la session régulière, par faculté, 1931 à 1954 .....	55
12. État sommaire de tous les étudiants sous-gradués de plein temps de la session régulière, 1920 à 1954 .....	61
13. Total des gradués de la session régulière, par faculté, 1931 à 1954 .....	61
14. État sommaire de tous les gradués de la session régulière (sauf en théologie), 1920 à 1954 .....	62
15. Grades et diplômes conférés, par faculté, 1931 à 1954 .....	63
16. Étudiants de plein temps de la session régulière, selon la résidence, 1931 à 1954 .....	71
17. Personnel enseignant des universités et collèges, 1931 à 1954 .....	73
18. Revenu, dépenses et ressources-capital des universités et collèges, 1931 à 1954 .....	75
Section IV — Bibliographie —	
I. Rapports annuels des institutions canadiennes d'enseignement supérieur .....	79
II. Publications périodiques d'organismes canadiens dans le domaine de l'enseignement supérieur .....	80
III. Publications générales concernant les institutions canadiennes d'enseignement supérieur .....	81
IV. Bibliographie concernant l'enseignement supérieur au Canada, 1952-1954:	
A. Biographie et histoire .....	83
B. Arts et sciences .....	83
C. Cours professionnels .....	84
D. Divers .....	84

**SECTION I**  
**ANALYSIS OF DATA**

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**SECTION I**  
**ANALYSE DES DONNÉES**



## PART I

### FEDERAL GOVERNMENT UNIVERSITY GRANTS

After the close of the 1939-45 World War the universities and colleges of Canada played a major role in the education of war veterans. Geared to a pre-war enrolment of some 35,000 full-time students, the institutions were required to provide facilities for more than double this number. For the considerable expense involved in this project the Federal Government, through the Department of Veterans' Affairs, provided supplementary allowances to the universities, based on the number of veterans enrolled in each institution, in addition to direct monthly grants to veterans in attendance. As the inflated enrolment subsided, the universities found themselves caught in the squeeze between decreased income and an increased civilian enrolment at a time when expenditures were rapidly rising<sup>1</sup>. As a result, the universities requested some form of financial assistance from the Federal Government, consistent with constitutional limitations. When the Federal Government appointed a Royal Commission of Enquiry into the activities of national agencies for the development of Arts, Letters and Sciences in Canada, the universities at their own request were included in the survey. The Royal Commission, at the conclusion of its work, made the following recommendations for the universities and colleges:

(a) That in addition to the help already being given for research and other purposes, the Federal Government make annual contributions to support the work of the universities on the basis of the population of each of the provinces of Canada;

(b) That these contributions be made after consultation with the government and the universities of each province, to be distributed to each university proportionally to the student enrolment;

(c) That these contributions be sufficient to insure that the work of the universities be carried on in accordance with the needs of the nation;

---

1. Full-time university-grade enrolment from 1931 to 1945 was between 30,000 and 40,000 while current expenditures per student, excluding expenditures for ancillary enterprises, were also relatively constant at between \$450 and \$550. In the three years following the war enrolment more than doubled while expenditures remained at between \$450 and \$500. After 1948, as veteran enrolment lessened, expenditures increased to about \$750 per student by 1951, while enrolment appeared to be stabilizing at about double the pre-war level, before beginning to climb upward. Greater expenditures for research, higher salary ranges, the need for building expansion to house the larger student body, together with generally increasing costs associated with all phases of higher education, and with the Canadian economy as a whole, all contributed to the increased costs. By 1954, expenditures had risen to about \$1,100 per full-time university-grade student. In the academic year ending in 1956, figures for current expenditures of 28 institutions as reported by the *Canadian Association of University Business Officers*, when used with DBS preliminary enrolment statistics, showed a per student rate of \$1,177, or \$1,393 if current expenditures on ancillary enterprises were included.

## PREMIÈRE PARTIE

### SUBVENTIONS DU GOUVERNEMENT FÉDÉRAL AUX UNIVERSITÉS

A l'issue de la guerre mondiale de 1939-1945, les universités canadiennes ont contribué largement à parfaire la formation des anciens combattants. Habituees auparavant à quelque 35,000 étudiants de plein temps, elles ont dû s'organiser pour suffire à plus du double. Vu les dépenses énormes occasionnées par ces besoins, le gouvernement fédéral a autorisé le ministère des Affaires des anciens combattants à subventionner les universités au prorata de leurs inscriptions d'anciens combattants, en plus de verser directement à ceux-ci des allocations mensuelles. Quand les inscriptions d'anciens combattants ont diminué, les universités ont vu baisser leur recettes et augmenter le nombre des étudiants civils, cependant que les dépenses montaient rapidement<sup>1</sup>. C'est alors qu'elles ont demandé au gouvernement fédéral de les aider financièrement, tout en respectant la constitution. Lorsque le gouvernement fédéral a institué une Commission royale d'enquête sur l'activité des organismes nationaux s'occupant de l'avancement des arts, des lettres et des sciences au Canada, les universités ont demandé qu'on étudie leur sort. Une fois son enquête terminé, la Commission royale a formulé les avis suivants, touchant les universités:

a) Que, en plus de l'aide qu'il donne actuellement à la recherche et à d'autres fins, le gouvernement fédéral apporte annuellement des contributions financières à l'oeuvre des universités au prorata de la population de chacune des provinces du Canada.

b) Que ces contributions soient accordées après consultation avec le gouvernement et les universités de chacune des provinces et qu'elles soient distribuées à chaque université au prorata du nombre des étudiants inscrits.

c) Que ces contributions soient de telle nature qu'elles permettent aux universités du Canada de poursuivre leur oeuvre conformément aux besoins de la nation.

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1. De 1931 à 1945, les inscriptions ont varié de 30,000 à 40,000 étudiants de plein temps et les dépenses par étudiant (sans les dépenses des entreprises auxiliaires) se sont maintenues entre \$450 et \$550. Les trois années suivantes, les inscriptions ont plus que doublé, mais les dépenses sont demeurées entre \$450 et \$500. Après 1948, les inscriptions d'anciens combattants ont diminué et les dépenses sont montées à \$750 environ par étudiant en 1951 tandis que les inscriptions semblaient se stabiliser au double environ du nombre d'avant-guerre avant de reprendre leur ascension. Plusieurs facteurs ont fait accroître les frais: sommes plus fortes affectées à la recherche, traitements plus élevés, besoin d'agrandir pour loger plus d'étudiants et frais généralement accrus dans tous les domaines (de l'enseignement supérieur et dans l'ensemble de l'économie nationale). Dès 1954, les dépenses s'élevaient à \$1,100 par étudiant de plein temps. Pour l'année scolaire terminée en 1956, les chiffres des dépenses courantes de 28 institutions, d'après le rapport de la *Canadian Association of University Business Officers* et la statistique provisoire du B.F.S. sur les inscriptions, se sont établies à \$1,177 par étudiant, ou \$1,393 si on inclut les dépenses courantes des entreprises auxiliaires.



(d) That all members of the National Conference of Canadian Universities be eligible for the federal grants mentioned above.

The grants, then, were a result of recommendations contained in the *Report of the Royal Commission on National Development in the Arts, Letters and Sciences* (Ottawa, Queen's Printer, 1951), commonly called the *Massey Report*. Initial meetings between representatives of the National Conference of Canadian Universities and Federal authorities laid the basis for the programme. Originally, some thought was given to making grants payable only to member institutions of the National Conference of Canadian Universities. However, beginning with the initial payments for the 1951-52 academic year, the final selection of institutions rested with the Minister of Education in each province, and through them with the provincial governments. Thus eligibility or non-eligibility has been determined by provincial authorities at all times, the Federal Government acting only in the capacity of paying the money, through the Department of Finance, and exercising no influence in selecting institutions for payment or in controlling expenditures. While no restrictions were placed on how the money was to be used, it was understood that it would be used for current purposes rather than as capital expenditures or for the establishment of trust funds, scholarships, etc.

Parliament voted a sum of roughly \$7,000,000 to be paid to certain institutions beginning in 1951-52. The exact sum payable was determined on the basis of 50 cents per head of total population in each province, with distribution within each province being made on the basis of eligible enrolment in the various institutions as a ratio of the total provincial population. Eligible enrolment was determined as being the number of full-time students in attendance in courses at a level more advanced than the university entrance requirement generally accepted in the province in question, with only such students studying for a Bachelor or first professional degree, or a graduate degree or diploma for which a prior degree is a prerequisite, being eligible.

Eligible institutions included all member institutions of the National Conference of Canadian Universities, except Federal institutions that were members, all colleges of such member institutions considered to be an integral part of their system of higher education, and any further institutions that provincial authorities might deem to be eligible. In effect, independent institutions not affiliated in any way to a parent university, and institutions not offering courses leading to a first degree, were not included for grant purposes, unless provincial authorities deemed otherwise.

Table A shows the amounts of grants paid for each year from 1951-52 to 1956-57. The government of the Province of Quebec, while accepting payment on behalf of eligible institutions for 1951-52, has since refused payments on the grounds that

d) Que toutes les institutions qui sont membres de l'Association des universités canadiennes aient droit aux subventions fédérales sus-mentionnées.

Les subventions font donc suite aux avis formulés dans le *Rapport de la Commission royale d'enquête sur l'avancement des Arts, Lettres et Sciences au Canada* (Ottawa, Imprimeur de la Reine, 1951), communément appelé le *Rapport Massey*. Les représentants de l'Association des universités canadiennes et des autorités fédérales ont, dès les premières réunions, établi les bases du programme. Au début, on a pensé réserver les subventions aux seules institutions membres de l'Association des universités canadiennes. Toutefois, dès les premiers paiements pour l'année scolaire 1951-1952, le choix définitif des institutions a relevé du gouvernement provincial par le canal du ministre de l'Instruction publique. Ce sont donc toujours les autorités provinciales qui ont décidé de l'admissibilité des institutions; l'État s'est borné à verser les sommes par l'entremise du ministère des Finances, s'abstenant de toute ingérence dans le choix des institutions ou dans le contrôle des dépenses. Si rien ne restreignait l'usage de ces argents, il était entendu qu'ils devaient servir à des fins courantes plutôt qu'à des dépenses d'immobilisations ou à l'établissement de fonds de fiducie, de bourses, etc.

Le Parlement a voté environ 7 millions payables à certaines institutions à compter de 1951-1952. Le montant exact à payer par province est de 50c. par habitant et la répartition dans la province se fonde sur les inscriptions admissibles des diverses institutions par rapport à la population totale de la province. Ne sont admis à compter que les étudiants de plein temps qui suivent des cours d'échelon supérieur au niveau général d'entrée dans la province, soit les étudiants qui se préparent au baccalauréat, à un premier grade professionnel, ou encore à un grade ou diplôme d'études supérieures exigeant un grade préalable.

Ont droit aux subventions toutes les institutions membres (sauf les institutions fédérales) de l'Association des universités canadiennes, tous les collèges de ces institutions réputés parties intégrantes de leurs cadres et toute autre institution désignée par les autorités provinciales. En fait, les institutions indépendantes non affiliées de quelque façon à une université et celles qui n'offrent pas de cours conduisant à un premier grade sont exclues, sauf décision contraire des autorités provinciales.

Le tableau A indique les montants des subventions de 1951-1952 à 1956-1957. Le gouvernement de la province de Québec, après avoir accepté les subventions de 1951-1952 au nom des institutions admises, les a depuis lors refusées, alléguant qu'elles violent

they violate provincial autonomy in education as laid down in the British North America Act of 1867. In the provinces receiving grants, payment is usually made to all eligible institutions (i.e. to all affiliated colleges separately, rather than to the parent university only, for distribution to the affiliates). As the grants are paid on the basis of total provincial population rather than on the basis of total eligible student population, the per student rate varies among the provinces, depending on the proportion of eligible students to the total population. Beginning with the 1956-57 session, the rate of payment was increased from 50 cents to \$1.00 per head of population. While in previous years the grants had been paid directly by the Federal Department of Finance to the universities, distribution under the new rate was made by the Department of Finance to the National Conference of Canadian Universities, which then made payments to the individual institutions. For this purpose, the National Conference of Canadian Universities was incorporated on January 18, 1957. For the 1956-57 session, payments made by the Conference to institutions in the Province of Quebec, if refused by them at the time, would be held in trust by the Conference until such time in the future as the institutions concerned saw fit to accept them.

Also during the 1956-57 academic year, plans were announced by the Federal Government for the distribution of \$50,000,000 within a ten-year period to Canadian universities and colleges for new construction and capital equipment projects. These capital grants will be made in an amount not exceeding 50 per cent of the cost of specific building or capital equipment projects, with appropriate regard to the population of each province. This fund, to be known as the University Capital Grants Fund, will be administered by the Canada Council, which came into existence on March 28, 1957 when an act for the establishment of a Canada Council for the encouragement of the arts, humanities and social sciences in Canada was given Royal Assent. The Council was first proposed in the *Massey Report* of 1951.

l'autonomie provinciale en matière d'enseignement aux termes de l'Acte de l'Amérique du Nord britannique de 1867. Dans les provinces qui reçoivent les subventions, les paiements se font d'ordinaire à toutes les institutions admises (c'est-à-dire à chacun des collèges affiliés plutôt qu'uniquement à l'université pour en faire la répartition). Comme les subventions se fondent sur la population totale de la province et non sur le nombre total d'étudiants admis à compter, le taux par étudiant varie d'une province à l'autre en fonction du nombre de ces étudiants par rapport à la population totale. A partir de la session 1956-1957, les subventions sont passées à \$1 par habitant. Auparavant, le ministère fédéral des Finances versait les subventions directement aux universités; désormais il les verse à l'Association des universités canadiennes qui les répartit ensuite entre les universités. A cette fin, l'Association des universités canadiennes a été constituée juridiquement le 18 janvier 1957. Pour la session 1956-1957, si les institutions de la province de Québec refusent les subventions, l'Association les gardera en fiducie jusqu'à ce qu'elles jugent à propos de les accepter.

Durant l'année scolaire 1956-1957, le gouvernement fédéral a fait savoir qu'il projetait de constituer un fonds de 50 millions à distribuer aux universités au cours d'une période de dix ans pour aider à leurs entreprises de construction et d'équipement. Le montant des subventions ne doit pas excéder 50 p. 100 du coût d'entreprises déterminées, compte tenu de la population de chaque province. Le fonds, appelé Caisse des subventions de capital aux universités, sera administré par le Conseil des Arts du Canada, créée le 28 mars 1957 par la sanction royale de la loi instituant un Conseil canadien pour l'encouragement des arts, des humanités et des sciences sociales. Le *Rapport Massey* avait déjà proposé en 1951 la création du Conseil.

TABLE A. Canadian Government Grants to Universities, 1951-52 to 1956-57  
TABLEAU A. Subventions fédérales aux universités, 1951-1952 — 1956-1957

Province	Population <sup>1</sup>	Eligible enrolment — Inscriptions admises	Number of institutions — Nombre des institutions	Total grants paid <sup>2</sup> — Total des versements	Grant per student — Moyenne par étudiant
				\$	\$
<b>1951-1952:</b>					
Newfoundland .....	361,400	374	1	180,700.00	483.15
Prince Edward Island .....	98,400	267	2	49,200.00	184.27
Nova Scotia .....	642,500	3,475	13	321,249.75	92.45
New Brunswick .....	515,600	1,893	6	257,800.00	136.19
Québec .....	4,055,600	19,273	5	2,027,800.00	105.21
Ontario .....	4,597,500	18,203	27	2,298,750.00	126.28
Manitoba .....	776,500	3,932	7	388,250.00	98.74
Saskatchewan .....	831,700	2,301	14	415,850.00	180.73
Alberta .....	939,500	2,844	4	469,750.00	165.17
British Columbia .....	1,165,200	5,664	4	582,600.00	102.86
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>13,983,900</b>	<b>58,226</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>6,991,949.75</b>	<b>120.08</b>



TABLE A. Canadian Government Grants to Universities, 1951-52 to 1956-57 — Concluded

TABLEAU A. Subventions fédérales aux universités, 1951-1952 — 1956-1957 — fin

Province	Population <sup>1</sup>	Eligible enrolment — Inscriptions admises	Number of institutions — Nombre des institutions	Total grants paid <sup>2</sup> — Total des versements	Grant per student — Moyenne par étudiant
				\$	\$
<b>1952-1953:</b>					
Newfoundland .....	374,000	407	1	187,000	459.46
Prince Edward Island .....	103,000	251	2	51,500	205.18
Nova Scotia .....	653,000	3,430	13	826,500	95.19
New Brunswick .....	526,000	1,815	6	263,000	144.90
Québec <sup>3</sup> .....	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario .....	4,766,000	17,593	27	2,383,000	135.45
Manitoba .....	798,000	3,953	7	399,000	100.94
Saskatchewan .....	843,000	2,314	14	421,500	182.15
Alberta .....	970,000	2,937	5	485,000	165.13
British Columbia .....	1,198,000	5,457	4	599,000	109.77
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>10,231,000</b>	<b>38,157</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>5,115,500</b>	<b>134.06</b>
<b>1953-1954:</b>					
Newfoundland .....	383,000	401	1	191,500	477.56
Prince Edward Island .....	106,000	253	2	53,000	209.49
Nova Scotia .....	663,000	3,696	13	331,500	89.69
New Brunswick .....	536,000	2,014	6	268,000	133.07
Québec <sup>3</sup> .....	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario .....	4,897,000	16,939	27	2,448,500	144.55
Manitoba .....	809,000	4,051	7	404,500	99.85
Saskatchewan .....	861,000	2,424	14	430,500	177.60
Alberta .....	1,002,000	3,171	4	501,000	157.99
British Columbia .....	1,230,000	5,616	5	615,000	109.51
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>10,487,000</b>	<b>38,565</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>5,243,500</b>	<b>135.97</b>
<b>1954-1955:</b>					
Newfoundland .....	398,000	505	1	199,000	394.06
Prince Edward Island .....	105,000	245	2	52,500	214.29
Nova Scotia .....	673,000	3,948	12	336,500	85.23
New Brunswick .....	547,000	2,231	6	273,500	122.59
Québec <sup>3</sup> .....	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario .....	5,046,000	17,896	27	2,523,000	140.98
Manitoba .....	828,000	4,171	7	414,000	99.26
Saskatchewan .....	878,000	2,684	14	439,000	163.56
Alberta .....	1,039,000	3,297	4	519,500	157.57
British Columbia .....	1,266,000	6,005	5	633,000	105.41
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>10,780,000</b>	<b>40,982</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>5,390,000</b>	<b>131.52</b>
<b>1955-1956:</b>					
Newfoundland .....	412,000	576	1	206,000	357.64
Prince Edward Island .....	108,000	260	2	54,000	207.69
Nova Scotia .....	683,000	4,224	12	341,500	80.85
New Brunswick .....	558,000	2,483	6	279,000	112.36
Québec <sup>3</sup> .....	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario .....	5,183,000	18,801	27	2,591,500	137.84
Manitoba .....	849,000	4,180	7	424,500	101.56
Saskatchewan .....	839,000	2,925	14	444,500	151.97
Alberta .....	1,066,000	3,558	4	533,000	149.80
British Columbia .....	1,305,000	6,563	5	652,500	99.42
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>11,053,000</b>	<b>43,570</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>5,526,500</b>	<b>126.84</b>
<b>1956-1957:</b>					
Newfoundland .....	415,074	740	1	415,074	560.91
Prince Edward Island .....	99,285	310	2	99,285	320.27
Nova Scotia .....	694,717	4,470	12	694,717	155.42
New Brunswick .....	554,616	2,775	6	554,616	199.86
Québec <sup>3</sup> .....	4,628,378	23,898	6	4,628,378	193.67
Ontario .....	5,404,933	20,723	29	5,404,933	260.82
Manitoba .....	850,040	4,430	8	850,040	191.88
Saskatchewan .....	880,665	3,327	14	880,665	264.70
Alberta .....	1,123,116	3,873	4	1,123,116	296.89
British Columbia .....	1,398,464	7,930	5	1,398,464	176.35
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>16,049,288</b>	<b>72,476</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>16,049,288</b>	<b>221.44</b>

1. Census figures (at June 1, 1951 and June 1, 1956) were used for the 1951-52 and 1956-57 sessions. Figures for other years are inter-census estimates made as at June 1 of the years in which no census was taken. — Pour les années 1951-1952 et 1956-1957, les chiffres sont ceux des recensements (1<sup>er</sup> juin 1951 et 1<sup>er</sup> juin 1956). Pour les autres années, les chiffres sont ceux des estimations intercensales (1<sup>er</sup> juin).

2. The grant from 1951-52 to 1955-56 was 50 cents per head of population in each province. For 1956-57 it was raised to \$1.00 per head of population. — De 1951-1952 à 1955-1956, le montant était de 50 c. par habitant dans chaque province. En 1956-1957, il a été porté à \$1.

3. Institutions in the Province of Quebec refused payment from 1952-53 to 1955-56. For 1956-57, payments were offered, and if refused, were to be held in trust by the National Conference of Canadian Universities until the institutions saw fit to accept them. — Les institutions de la province de Québec ont refusé les subventions de 1952-1953 à 1955-1956. En 1956-1957, si les subventions étaient refusées, l'Association des universités canadiennes devait les garder en fiducie jusqu'à ce que les institutions croient devoir les accepter.

## PART II

## DEUXIÈME PARTIE

## REVIEW OF STATISTICS FOR 1952-54

**Institutions.**—During the academic year 1953-54 there were 283 institutions offering courses of university standard (i.e., courses for which credit towards a degree or equivalent diploma is given) in Canada. In addition to these institutions, there were a number of others, affiliated to degree-granting universities, offering instruction solely at the secondary or high school level. These are not included in Table B, which shows the number of institutions of higher education by type, control, and province.

## REVUE DE LA STATISTIQUE DE 1952-1954

**Institutions.**—Durant l'année scolaire 1953-1954, 283 institutions canadiennes offraient des cours universitaires (valables pour un grade ou un diplôme équivalent). Outre ces institutions, nombre d'autres, affiliées à des universités qui confèrent des grades, dispensaient l'enseignement du seul degré secondaire. Ces dernières ne figurent pas au tableau B, qui répartit les institutions d'enseignement supérieur selon le genre, la direction et la province.

TABLE B. Number of Institutions of Higher Education, by Type, Control, and Province, 1953-54<sup>1</sup>TABLEAU B. Institutions d'enseignement supérieur, selon le genre, la direction et la province, 1953-1954<sup>1</sup>

	Degree-granting universities and colleges <sup>2</sup> Universités et collèges conférant des grades <sup>2</sup>						Professional schools Écoles professionnelles			
	Control - Direction						Theology Théologie	Other Autres		
	Provincial Provinciaux		Church-related Confessionnels			Other Autres		Control Direction		
	Degrees in two or more faculties — Grades dans 2 facultés ou plus	Degrees in one professional faculty only — Grades dans une seule faculté professionnelle	Degrees in two or more faculties — Grades dans 2 facultés ou plus	Degrees in Arts only — Grades en arts seulement	Degrees in Theology only — Grades en théologie seulement	Degrees in two or more faculties — Grades dans 2 facultés ou plus	Church-related — Confessionnelles	Provincial — Provinciales	Church-related — Confessionnelles	Other — Autres
Newfoundland .....	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Prince Edward Island .....	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nova Scotia .....	—	1	4	1	2	1	1	—	—	2
New Brunswick .....	1	—	4	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Québec .....	—	—	4	—	1	2	23	4	31	1
Ontario .....	1	—	3	1	4	3	19 <sup>4</sup>	3	—	3
Manitoba .....	1	—	—	—	2	—	1	—	—	1
Saskatchewan .....	1	—	—	—	5	—	1	—	—	—
Alberta .....	1	—	—	—	1	—	2	—	—	—
British Columbia .....	1	—	—	—	2	—	1 <sup>5</sup>	—	—	—
Canada .....	7	1	16	3	17	6	49 <sup>4, 5</sup>	7	31	7



**TABLE B. Number of Institutions of Higher education, by Type, Control, and Province, 1953-54<sup>1</sup> — Concluded**  
**TABLEAU B. Institutions d'enseignement supérieur, selon le genre, la direction et la province, 1953-1954<sup>1</sup> — fin**

	Arts and science colleges — Collèges d'arts et de sciences		Junior colleges <sup>3</sup> — Collèges juniors <sup>3</sup>				Total of all institutions (excluding duplicates) — Toutes institutions (sans les double-emplois)				
	Control — Direction		Control — Direction				Control — Direction				
	Church related — Confessionnels	Other — Autres	Federal — Fédérales	Provincial — Provinciales	Church related — Confessionnels	Other — Autres	Federal — Fédéral	Provincial — Provinciaux	Church related — Confessionnelles	Other — Autres	Total
Newfoundland .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	2
Prince Edward Island .....	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	1	—	2
Nova Scotia .....	2 <sup>6</sup>	—	—	1	2	—	—	2	11	3	16
New Brunswick .....	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	7	—	8
Québec .....	62	1	1	—	23	—	1	4	144	4	—
Ontario .....	18 <sup>6</sup>	2	1	1	5	—	1	5	46	8	60
Manitoba .....	6 <sup>6</sup>	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	7	2	10
Saskatchewan .....	5	—	—	1	4	—	—	2	15	—	17
Alberta .....	2	—	—	—	3 <sup>7</sup>	—	—	1	7	—	8
British Columbia .....	1 <sup>5</sup>	—	1	—	1	1	1	1	4	1	7
Canada .....	98 <sup>5,6</sup>	4	3	4	38 <sup>7</sup>	1	3	19	243	18	283

1. Based on institutions included in *List of Institutions of Higher Education in Canada* (1954 edition of D. B. S. Reference Paper 48), plus information received subsequently on institutions that existed at that time. — D'après les institutions énumérées dans le *Répertoire des institutions d'enseignement supérieur au Canada* (Document de référence n° 48 du B.F.S., édition de 1954) et les renseignements reçus plus tard sur d'autres institutions alors existantes.

2. Includes active degree-granting institutions only. Several other institutions had charters that authorized powers to grant degrees, but were not doing so due to affiliation with other degree-granting institutions. — Comprend seulement les institutions conférant réellement des grades. Plusieurs autres institutions détenaient une charte les autorisant à conférer des grades, mais ne le faisaient pas à cause de leur affiliation à d'autres institutions conférant des grades.

3. Institutions offering fewer than the minimum number of years required for a first degree. — Institutions offrant moins que le nombre minimum d'années pour un premier grade.

4. Includes 3 institutions in Ontario that also gave a full degree course in Arts and Science, with all degrees being granted by institutions to which the colleges were affiliated. — Comprend 3 institutions en Ontario qui donnaient également un cours régulier conduisant à un grade ès arts et sciences, mais dont les grades étaient conférés par les universités auxquelles elles étaient affiliées.

5. Includes 1 institution in British Columbia that gave a full course in both Arts and Theology, but that did not grant degrees. — Comprend une institution de Colombie-Britannique qui donnait un cours régulier en arts et en théologie, mais ne conférait pas de grades.

6. Includes 4 institutions (1 each in Nova Scotia and Ontario, and 2 in Manitoba) that granted degrees in Theology only. Degrees in Arts and Science were granted by the parent institutions. — Comprend 4 institutions (1 en Nouvelle-Écosse, 1 en Ontario, et 2 au Manitoba) qui conférait des grades en théologie seulement. Les grades ès arts et sciences étaient conférés par l'université.

7. Includes 1 institution in Alberta that also granted degrees in Theology. — Comprend une institution d'Alberta qui conférait aussi des grades en théologie.

**Enrolment.**—Total full-time university-grade enrolment reached a post-war low of 63,041 in 1952-53, after a post-war peak of 83,150 in 1947-48. In 1953-54 it began to increase (to 64,140) and indications pointed to a doubling of this 1953-54 figure by 1964-65, due to an increased number of births during the war years and to an increasing proportion of persons in the college-age group expected to attend college.

Full and part-time graduate enrolment in the regular session increased to 4,709 in 1953-54, being exceeded only in two previous years, 1948-49 and 1949-50, when there were 4,857 and 5,262 such students in attendance.

**Inscriptions.**—Après la guerre, les inscriptions d'étudiants de plein temps ont atteint leur plus bas en 1952-1953 (63,041) après avoir culminé à 83,150 en 1947-1948. En 1953-1954, elles ont repris à augmenter (64,140) et tout indique qu'elles auront doublé en 1964-1965, vu l'accroissement des naissances durant les années de guerre et la proportion croissante des personnes d'âge universitaire qui feront éventuellement des études universitaires.

À la session régulière de 1953-1954, les inscriptions d'étudiants gradués de plein temps et à temps partiel sont montées à 4,709, n'étant dépassées qu'en 1948-1949 (4,857) et 1949-1950 (5,262).

Les inscriptions d'anciens combattants bénéficiaires d'allocations de l'État ont finalement atteint un nombre presque infime en 1953-1954, soit 580 (dont 533 sous-gradués et 47 gradués) ou moins de 1 p. 100 de tous les étudiants de plein temps, comparativement à 46 p. 100 en 1946-1947 (36,674 sur un total de 79,553 étudiants de plein temps). En 1952-1953, 98 anciens combattants canadiens (dont 24 sous-gradués et 74 gradués) se sont inscrits à des institutions à l'étranger et 39 (10 sous-gradués et 29 gradués) en 1953-1954.

En 1953-1954, 44.9 p. 100 de tous les étudiants sous-gradués de plein temps étaient inscrits aux arts et aux sciences et 14.9 p. 100 au génie. Le tableau C donne la répartition procentuelle des inscriptions à certaines facultés importantes pour certaines années depuis 1920-1921 et indique les facultés dont le pourcentage d'inscriptions s'est maintenu par rapport aux inscriptions à toutes les facultés. Le commerce et la pédagogie ont connu une augmentation beaucoup plus rapide; par contre, le pourcentage de la médecine et de la théologie a baissé de façon marquée.

La proportion de sous-graduées est restée à peu près la même que les années précédentes. En 1953-1954, elles constituaient 21.9 p. 100 de tous les étudiants sous-gradués de plein temps, contre 16.3 p.100 en 1920-1921, 23.5 en 1930-1931, 23.3 en 1940-1941 et 21.7 en 1950-1951. Elles ont atteint leur plus haut pourcentage (28.7) en 1944-1945.

Les étudiantes diplômées de plein temps ou à temps partiel de la session régulière de 1953-1954 représentaient 16.7 p. 100 du total, contre 25.5 en 1920-1921, 26.1 en 1930-1931, 20.8 en 1940-1941 et 15.4 en 1950-1951. Leur plus haut pourcentage (29) a également été atteint durant une année de guerre (1943-1944).

TABLEAU C. Pourcentage des étudiants sous-gradués de plein temps, certaines facultés, 1920-1921 à 1953-1954

[illegible]



### Percentage of Population Attending College.—

Although no complete data on the age distribution of college students is presently available, Table D gives figures for the number of university-grade students in relation to the total population aged 18 to 21, which is assumed to be the college-age population, and to the total population of all ages. The figures for 1953-54 given in Table D are not completely comparable as Great Britain (England, Scotland and Wales) figures include only those institutions in receipt of treasury grant and do not include such other post-secondary institutions as the technical colleges, while the Canadian figures do not include teacher training institutions outside the universities, post secondary technical training institutes, and senior matriculation enrolment in the secondary schools. The figures for the United States, where university programmes are more inclusive, include many students omitted from the totals for Canada and Great Britain.

### Pourcentage de la population fréquentant l'université.—

Malgré l'absence de données complètes sur l'âge des étudiants dans les collèges, le tableau D donne le nombre des étudiants de l'échelon universitaire par rapport à la population d'âge collégial, soit de 18 à 21 ans, et par rapport à la population totale de tout âge. Les chiffres de 1953-1954 au tableau D ne se comparent pas pleinement parce que les chiffres de la Grande-Bretagne (Angleterre, Écosse et pays de Galles) ne comprennent que les institutions subventionnées par l'État et non les institutions post-secondaires comme les collèges techniques tandis que les chiffres du Canada excluent les écoles normales indépendantes des universités, les instituts post-secondaires de formation technique et l'immatriculation senior des écoles secondaires. Les chiffres des États-Unis, où les programmes des universités sont moins limités, comprennent plusieurs étudiants qui ne figurent pas dans les chiffres du Canada et de la Grande-Bretagne.

TABLE D. Population at College in Canada, the United Kingdom, and the United States, 1953-54

TABLEAU D. Population fréquentant les universités au Canada, au Royaume-Uni et aux États-Unis, 1953-1954

Country — Pays	Regular session university-grade enrolment as a percentage of the total college-age population (18 to 21 years of age) — Pourcentage des étudiants de la session régulière par rapport à la population d'âge universitaire (18 à 21 ans)	Number of regular session university-grade students per 1,000 persons in the total population — Nombre d'étudiants de la session régulière pour 1,000 habitants	
	Full-time enrolment only — Étudiants de plein temps seulement	Full and part-time residential (on campus) enrolment — Étudiants de plein temps et à temps partiel résidant sur les lieux	Full and part-time residential (on campus) enrolment — Étudiants de plein temps et à temps partiel résidant sur les lieux
	%	%	
Canada .....	7.3	8.9	4.2
Great Britain <sup>1</sup> — Grande-Bretagne <sup>1</sup> .....	3.3	..	1.6
United States <sup>2</sup> — États-Unis <sup>2</sup> .....	23.3	29.6	12.3
			15.6

1. Calculated from population estimates, and from enrolment data published in *Returns from Universities and University Colleges ... 1953-54* (Cmd. 9477, Her Majesty's Stationery Office, London, 1955). - D'après les renseignements sur la population et sur les inscriptions publiés dans *Returns from Universities and University Colleges ... 1953-1954* (Cmd. 9477, Her Majesty's Stationery Office, London, 1955).

2. Estimated from data published in *Statistics of Higher Education: Faculty, Students and Degrees, 1953-54* (U.S. Office of Education, Washington, 1956). Figures refer to the Continental United States only. - D'après les données dans *Statistics of Higher Education: Faculty, Students and Degrees, 1953-54* (U.S. Office of Education, Washington, 1956). Les chiffres ne comprennent pas les étudiants américains à l'étranger.

**New Admissions.**— Beginning in 1952-53, an attempt was made to determine the number of persons entering university for the first time. Usable figures for 1952-53 and 1953-54, received from institutions representing over 80 per cent of the total full-time undergraduate enrolment in Canada, indicate that about one-third of the total full-time

**Nouvelles inscriptions.**—A compter de 1952-1953, on a tenté de déterminer le nombre des étudiants inscrits à l'université pour la première fois. D'après les données reçues d'institutions représentant 80 p. 100 du chiffre national, environ le tiers des étudiants sous-gradués de plein temps en 1952-1953 et en 1953-1954 se sont inscrits à l'université pour la première

undergraduate enrolment is composed of new entrants to university. Table E shows the totals for the sample of institutions and indicates that for Canada as a whole, about the same number enter university with junior matriculation standing as with senior. This does not apply to the individual provinces, however, as in some institutions entrance is with senior matriculation only, while in others it is at either level. Thus in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and British Columbia, 2 to 3 persons entered with junior matriculation standing for every one entering with senior, while in institutions in Ontario admitting students at both levels to first or second year university, the ratio was about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 1.

fois. Le tableau E en donne les chiffres pour les institutions en cause et montre que, dans l'ensemble du Canada, autant d'étudiants s'inscrivent à l'université après l'immatriculation junior qu'après l'immatriculation senior. Il n'en va pas de même dans toutes les provinces, toutefois, car certaines institutions n'admettent les étudiants qu'après l'immatriculation senior. En Nouvelle-Écosse, au Nouveau-Brunswick et en Colombie-Britannique, par exemple, deux à trois étudiants avaient l'immatriculation junior contre un l'immatriculation senior, tandis que dans les institutions de l'Ontario qui admettent les étudiants des deux échelons en première ou deuxième année d'université, le rapport était d'environ  $1\frac{1}{2}$  à 1.

TABLE E. Number of Students Entering Canadian Universities for the First Time, 1952-53 and 1953-54

TABLEAU E. Étudiants inscrits aux universités canadiennes pour la première fois, 1952-1953 et 1953-1954

Academic year — Année scolaire	Full-time undergraduate students — Étudiants sous-gradués de plein temps			Total full-time undergraduate enrolment — Total des sous-gradués de plein temps		Percent new admissions to total full-time undergraduate enrolment in institutions in sample — Pourcentage des nouveaux étudiants par rapport à tous les sous-gradués de plein temps dans les institutions de l'échantillon	
	Number entering with - Ayant			Total new admissions — Total des nouveaux étudiants	In institutions in sample — Dans les institutions de l'échantillon		
	Junior matriculation or equivalent — l'immatriculation junior ou l'équivalent	Senior matriculation or equivalent — l'immatriculation senior ou l'équivalent	Other qualifications — autres scolarités				
1952-1953 .....	7,601	8,358	299	16,258	51,468	60,046	31.6
1953-1954 .....	7,634	8,275	227	16,263	50,805	61,198	31.8

**Foreign Students in Canada and Canadian Students Abroad.**—Table F gives figures, since 1920-21, on the number of foreign students in Canada as reported by Canadian institutions to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, and on the number of Canadians studying in the United States and the United Kingdom. While gross figures for United States and United Kingdom students in Canada have remained relatively stable for many years, and together have accounted for over one-half of the total foreign enrolment in Canada, statistics for 1952-53 and 1953-54 show that more students, both in terms of numbers, and in the percentage of total foreign students from other than these two countries, are coming to Canada. In 1953-54 the number of students from countries other than the United States and the United Kingdom was the highest to date, accounting for over one-half of all outside students. In that year about one of every 20 full-time university-grade students was a resident of a country other than Canada.

**Étudiants étrangers au Canada et étudiants canadiens à l'étranger.**—Le tableau F donne le nombre d'étudiants étrangers au Canada depuis 1920-1921 d'après les rapports des institutions canadiennes au Bureau fédéral de la statistique, et le nombre d'étudiants canadiens aux États-Unis et au Royaume-Uni. Bien que le nombre d'étudiants des États-Unis et du Royaume-Uni au Canada n'aient guère changé pendant plusieurs années, constituant plus de la moitié des étudiants étrangers au Canada, la statistique de 1952-1953 et de 1953-1954 révèle que le nombre et le pourcentage des étudiants des autres pays étrangers au Canada augmentent. En 1953-1954, le nombre des étudiants venus des pays autres que les États-Unis et le Royaume-Uni a atteint un sommet inégalé (plus de la moitié de tous les étudiants étrangers). Cette même année, un étudiant de plein temps sur 20 venait de l'étranger.



TABLE F. Students from Other Countries in Canadian Universities and Canadians in the United States and the United Kingdom, 1920-21 to 1953-54

TABLEAU F. Étrangers inscrits aux universités canadiennes et Canadiens inscrits aux universités des États-Unis et du Royaume-Uni, 1920-1921 à 1953-1954

Academic year — Année scolaire	Total full-time enrolment in Canada — Total des étudiants de plein temps au Canada	Students with residence in — Pays les étudiants					Total enrolment from other countries in Canada — Total des étudiants étrangers au Canada	Canadians studying in Étudiants canadiens	
		United States — Etats- Unis	United Kingdom — Royaume- Uni	British West Indies — Antilles britan- niques	Newfound- land <sup>1</sup> — Terre- Neuve <sup>1</sup>	Other countries — Autres pays		United States <sup>2</sup> — Etats- Unis <sup>2</sup>	United Kingdom <sup>3</sup> — Royaume- Uni <sup>3</sup>
1920 - 1921 .....	23, 139	..	..	..	..	..	1, 306	..	..
1925 - 1926 .....	25, 698	934	133	64	130	236	1, 497	123	156
1930 - 1931 .....	32, 926	1, 506	333	54	175	236	2, 304	1, 313	212
1935 - 1936 .....	35, 108	2, 018	156	32	133	237	2, 576	1, 075	262
1940 - 1941 .....	36, 319	1, 478	41	74	174	289	2, 056	1, 458	..
1945 - 1946 .....	63, 550	1, 116	167	263	303	507	2, 356	1, 636	..
1950 - 1951 .....	68, 306	1, 758	164	252	1	1, 014	3, 188	4, 528	372
1951 - 1952 .....	63, 485	1, 515	132	259	1	1, 106	3, 012	4, 317	380
1952 - 1953 .....	63, 041	1, 676	150	284	1	1, 179	3, 289	4, 637	390
1953 - 1954 .....	64, 140	1, 418	179	320	1	1, 401	3, 318	4, 775	390

1. Newfoundland became a province of Canada in 1949. Prior to that date it is considered as being a country outside Canada. — Terre-Neuve est devenue province du Canada en 1949. Avant cette date, elle figure parmi les pays étrangers.

2. Data from the Committee on Friendly Relations Among Foreign Students, New York, U.S.A. — D'après les données du *Committee on Friendly Relations Among Foreign Students*, New-York.

3. Data from the Association of Universities of the British Commonwealth, London, England. Newfoundland is included with Canada for all years. — D'après les données de l'*Association of Universities of the British Commonwealth*, Londres. Terre-Neuve est comprise avec le Canada pour toutes les années.

Beginning with the academic year 1952-53, UNESCO has published detailed results of a world survey of students enrolled for higher education in countries other than their own. The following three tables, based on material appearing in *Study Abroad*, show figures for 1952-53 and 1953-54 based on these surveys. While UNESCO warns that these figures are in some cases not complete, and while in some cases they do not correspond to the totals obtained by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics for enrolment in Canadian institutions, they do give some indication of the numbers of Canadians who were studying outside Canada and of the variety of nations represented by students in Canadian universities and colleges.

In addition to the countries having ten or more residents studying in Canada, as reported in Table G, there were from one to nine students from many other countries at Canadian institutions of higher education during the biennium under review. These countries included Afghanistan, Argentina, Austria, Bulgaria, Burma, Ceylon, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Ethiopia, Finland, French Territories, Honduras, Indochina, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Netherland Territories, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Panama, Philippines, Portugal, Portuguese Territories, Puerto Rico, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, Spain, Sudan, Sweden, Syria, Thailand, Turkey, Ukraine, United States Territories, and Uruguay, as well as several others.

Although information on the country of residence of British colonial students was not reported separately, it would appear from several Canadian

A compter de l'année scolaire 1952-1953, l'UNESCO a publié un rapport détaillé de son enquête mondiale sur les étudiants inscrits à des universités étrangères. Les données de 1952-1953 et de 1953-1954 des trois tableaux ci-dessous se fondent sur les renseignements publiés dans *Études à l'étranger*. Même si ces chiffres sont parfois incomplets et dans certains cas, ne concordent pas avec ceux du Bureau fédéral de la statistique sur les inscriptions aux institutions canadiennes, ils donnent quand même une idée du nombre d'étudiants canadiens à l'étranger et des différentes nations représentées par les étudiants des universités canadiennes.

En plus des pays comptant dix étudiants ou plus au Canada et indiqués au tableau G, plusieurs autres en comptaient un à neuf au cours des deux années observées: Afghanistan, Afrique du Sud, Arabie séoudite, Argentine, Autriche, Birmanie, Bulgarie, Ceylan, Danemark, El Salvador, Équateur, Espagne, États-Unis (territoires), Éthiopie, Finlande, France (territoires), Honduras, Indochine, Indonésie, Iran, Iraq, Nicaragua, Nouvelle-Zélande, Panama, Pays-Bas (territoires), Philippines, Portugal, Portugal (territoires), Puerto-Rico, République Dominicaine, Soudan, Suède, Syrie, Thaïlande, Turquie, Ukraine, Uruguay, et bien d'autres.

On n'a pas déclaré à part le nombre d'étudiants venant des colonies britanniques; toutefois, d'après les rapports de plusieurs présidents et recteurs d'uni-

university presidents' reports that about 150 students came from Jamaica and also from Hong Kong, and about 100 students from Bermuda, in 1953-54. Trinidad and Tobago, Nigeria, and Barbados probably accounted for 50 students each.

Reference to Tables F and H will show that while Canada attracts a large number of students from other countries, more Canadians study outside Canada than are replaced by such students. Three times as many Canadians were studying in the United States as there were Americans in Canada, while over two times as many Canadians were in the United Kingdom as there were United Kingdom students in Canada. All told, at least one and one-half times as many Canadians were studying in institutions of higher education outside Canada as there were foreign students at Canadian universities.

versités canadiennes, il y avait au Canada en 1953-1954 environ 150 étudiants de la Jamaïque et d'Hong-Kong, 100 des Bermudes, 50 de Trinidad et Tabago, 50 du Nigeria et 50 de la Barbade.

L'étude comparative des tableaux F et H révèle que, même si le Canada attire beaucoup d'étudiants étrangers, encore plus de Canadiens vont étudier à l'étranger. On comptait trois fois plus de Canadiens dans les universités américaines que d'étudiants américains au Canada, et deux fois plus de Canadiens dans les universités du Royaume-Uni que d'étudiants du Royaume-Uni au Canada. En somme, il y avait au moins une fois et demie autant d'étudiants canadiens inscrits aux institutions d'enseignement supérieur des autres pays que d'étudiants étrangers au Canada.

TABLE G. Number of Students from Countries with 10 or More Residents Studying in Canada, 1952-53 and 1953-54

TABLEAU G. Nombre des étudiants des pays dont 10 ressortissants ou plus étudient au Canada, 1952-1953 et 1953-1954

Country - Pays	Number of students - Nombre des étudiants	
	1952-1953 <sup>1</sup>	1953-1954 <sup>2</sup>
Australia - Australie .....	10	12
Belgium - Belgique .....	12	11
Bolivia - Bolivie .....	16	2
Brazil - Brésil .....	22	19
Chile - Chili .....	15	7
China - Chine .....	99	54
Columbia - Colombie .....	38	25
Costa Rica .....	10	5
Cuba .....	15	11
Czechoslovakia - Tchécoslovaquie .....	3	50
Egypt - Égypte .....	6	17
France .....	39	40
Germany - Allemagne .....	38	90
Greece - Grèce .....	60	56
Guatemala .....	17	10
Haiti - Haïti .....	23	18
Hungary - Hongrie .....	3	14
India - Inde .....	50	65
Ireland - Irlande .....	12	10
Israel - Israël .....	6	10
Italy - Italie .....	10	22
Japan - Japon .....	18	8
Korea - Corée .....	10	14
Lebanon - Liban .....	21	3
Mexico - Mexique .....	27	16
Netherlands - Pays-Bas .....	32	52
Norway - Norvège .....	20	20
Pakistan .....	21	9
Peru - Pérou .....	13	10
Poland - Pologne .....	3	49
Roumania - Roumanie .....	3	11
Switzerland - Suisse .....	14	13
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni .....	159	277
United Kingdom Territories - Territoires du Royaume-Uni .....	393	490
United States of America - États-Unis d'Amérique .....	1,465	855
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics - Union des républiques socialistes soviétiques .....	3	24
Venezuela .....	21	16
Yugoslavia - Yougoslavie .....	10	33
Others* - Autres* .....	304	245
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>3,026<sup>5</sup></b>	<b>2,693<sup>6</sup></b>

1. Source: UNESCO, *Study Abroad - Études à l'étranger*, Vol. VI, 1954, pages 670-673.

2. Source: UNESCO, *Study Abroad - Études à l'étranger*, Vol. VII, 1955-56, pages 548-551.

3. Country not listed in 1954 edition of *Study Abroad*. - Ce pays ne figure pas dans l'édition de 1954 d'*Études à l'étranger*.

4. Includes countries with less than 10 students in both years, and students for whom no specific country of residence was named. - Comprend les pays comptant moins de 10 étudiants les deux années, et les étudiants dont le pays d'origine n'est pas déclaré.

5. Includes 625 women. - Comprend 625 femmes.

6. Includes 476 women. - Comprend 476 femmes.



TABLE H. Canadian Students at Universities and Colleges Outside Canada, 1952-53 and 1953-54

TABLEAU H. Étudiants canadiens aux universités étrangères, 1952-1953 et 1953-1954

Country — Pays	Number of students — Nombre des étudiants	
	1952-1953 <sup>1</sup>	1953-1954 <sup>2</sup>
Austria — Autriche .....	1	3
Belgium — Belgique .....	5	9
Cuba .....	4	9
France .....	174	158
Germany — Allemagne .....	14	19
India — Inde .....	4	1
Italy — Italie .....	4	3
Japan — Japon .....	8	4
Mexico — Mexique .....	61	12
Netherlands — Pays-Bas .....	6	5
Spain — Espagne .....	4	3
Sweden — Suède .....	1	5
Switzerland — Suisse .....	54	42
United Kingdom — Royaume-Uni .....	390	390
United States of America — États-Unis d'Amérique .....	4,572	4,775
Vatican .....	61	3
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>5,351</b>	<b>5,425</b>

1. Source: UNESCO, *Study Abroad — Études à l'étranger*, Vol. VI, 1954, pages 670-671.2. Source: UNESCO, *Study Abroad — Études à l'étranger*, Vol. VII, 1955-56, pages 543-549.

3. Country not listed in 1953-54 returns. — Ce pays ne figurait pas dans les rapports de 1953-1954.

4. Country not listed in 1952-53 returns. — Ce pays ne figurait pas dans les rapports de 1952-1953.

5. Country listed but no students reported in 1953-54 returns. — Ce pays figurait dans les rapports de 1953-1954, mais aucun étudiant n'y était déclaré.

TABLE I. Percentage Distribution of Foreign Students in Canada and Canadian Students in Other Countries, by Field of Study, 1953-54<sup>1</sup>TABLEAU I. Répartition procentuelle des étudiants étrangers au Canada et des étudiants canadiens à l'étranger, par domaine d'études, 1953-1954<sup>1</sup>

Field of study — Domaine d'études	Students from other countries in Canada — Étudiants étrangers au Canada		Canadians studying outside Canada — Étudiants canadiens à l'étranger
	Total	Women — Femmes	Total
	%	%	%
Humanities — Humanités .....	32.1	51.1	24.9
Education — Pédagogie .....	1.2	1.7	5.4
Fine Arts <sup>2</sup> — Beaux-arts <sup>2</sup> .....	2.4	2.5	0.9
Law — Droit .....	0.9	0.2	1.0
Social Sciences <sup>3</sup> — Sciences sociales <sup>3</sup> .....	5.6	9.7	18.5
Natural Sciences — Sciences exactes et naturelles .....	9.2	7.8	14.0
Engineering and Technology — Génie et technologie .....	13.9	1.5	13.8
Medicine — Médecine .....	15.9	14.1	14.1
Agriculture <sup>4</sup> .....	5.3	0.2	2.5
Not specified — Non spécifié .....	13.5	11.2	4.9
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>
Number of students included — Nombre d'étudiants compris .....	..	..	4,955

1. Source: UNESCO, *Study Abroad — Études à l'étranger*, Vol. VII, 1955-56, pages 553-555.

2. Includes Architecture. — Y compris l'architecture.

3. Includes Political Sciences and Economics. — Y compris les sciences politiques et les sciences économiques.

4. Includes Fisheries, Forestry, and Veterinary Sciences. — Y compris l'ichtyologie, la sylviculture et la médecine vétérinaire.

**Student Fees.**—Inclusive fees for Arts, including tuition, student activities, health, etc., averaged \$244 for nine institutions in 1953-54, well over double the 1928-29 average for the same institutions, as indicated in Table J. Current (1956-57) fees show a further increase of 14 per cent over 1953-54 for these institutions.

**Frais de scolarité.**—La moyenne des frais globaux pour les arts, (enseignement, organisations d'étudiants, hygiène, etc.) a atteint \$244 dans neuf institutions en 1953-1954, soit plus du double de 1928-1929 (tableau J). Les frais courants (1956-1957) à ces institutions marquent une autre avance de 14 p. 100 sur 1953-1954.

TABLE J. Student Fees in Arts at Selected Intervals  
TABLEAU J. Frais de scolarité pour les arts, certaines années

Institution	Academic year — Année scolaire				
	1928-1929	1938-1939	1948-1949	1953-1954	1956-1957
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Dalhousie, Halifax, N.S. ....	112	125	184	231	261
Mount Allison, Sackville, N.B. ....	132	150	240	249	294
McGill, Montreal, P.Q. ....	125	215	250	300	365
Queen's, Kingston, Ont. ....	88	148	233	275	325
Toronto, Toronto, Ont. ....	163	213	236	282	340
Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. ....	80	115	152	208	240
Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	56	106	143	208	223
Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	107	134	157	207	210
British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	105	175	205	238	240
Average — Moyenne .....	108	153	200	244	278

**Earned Degrees Awarded.**—In the academic year 1953-54 the number of bachelor and first professional degrees awarded (12,083) was the smallest number since 1946-47 when 9,830 such awards were made. Table K shows the number of degrees granted for selected years since 1920-21, and includes totals for 1949-50, when the largest number of bachelor and first professional degrees, and of master and licence degrees, were granted. Statistics elsewhere in this publication show the number of degrees granted by faculty.

**Grades acquis.**—En 1953-1954, les universités ont conféré 12,083 baccalauréats et premiers grades professionnels, soit le plus petit nombre depuis 1946-1947 (9,830). Le tableau K donne le nombre de grades conférés en certaines années depuis 1920-1921, y compris 1949-1950, année du plus grand nombre de baccalauréats et premiers grades professionnels, de maîtrises et de licences. D'autres tableaux donnent la répartition des grades conférés selon la faculté.

TABLE K. Summary of Earned Degrees Awarded by Canadian Universities and Colleges, 1920-21 to 1953-54  
TABLEAU K. Récapitulation des grades acquis conférés par les universités canadiennes, 1920-1921 à 1953-1954

Academic year — Année scolaire	Bachelor and first professional degrees — Baccalauréats et premiers grades professionnels	Master and licence degrees — Maîtrises et licences	Doctorates — Doctorats
1920-1921 .....			
1925-1926 .....	3,627	218	24
1930-1931 .....	4,319	324	28
1935-1936 .....	5,290	468	46
1940-1941 .....	6,441	485	68
1945-1946 .....	6,576	673	75
1949-1950 .....	8,192	877	104
1950-1951 .....	18,081	1,699	226
1951-1952 .....	15,654	1,632	202
1952-1953 .....	13,288	1,601	234
1953-1954 .....	12,575	1,418	262
1953-1954 .....	12,083	1,468	242



**Libraries.**—Information was collected on the holdings, activities and staff of 268 academic libraries for the library year ending in 1953. Table L gives summary data for these libraries. Further information appears in the Dominion Bureau of Statistics *Survey of Libraries, 1952-1954*.

**Bibliothèques.**—Le tableau L résume les données recueillies sur les volumes, l'activité et le personnel de 268 bibliothèques universitaires pour l'année terminée en 1953. Le Bureau fédéral de la statistique publie de plus amples renseignements dans son *Relevé des bibliothèques, 1952-1954*.

TABLE L. Volumes, Loans, Staff, and Expenditures on Bookstock, Academic Libraries, 1953  
TABLEAU L. Volumes, prêts, personnel et dépenses en livres, bibliothèques universitaires, 1953

Province	Libraries — Bibliothèques		Volumes	Pamphlets and unbound periodicals — Brochures et périodiques non reliés	Loans where recorded — Prêts inscrits	Borrowers where recorded — Abonnés inscrits	Staff — Personnel		Expenditures on — Dépenses	
	English — De langue anglaise	French — De langue française					Full-time — De plein temps	Part-time — A temps partiel	New books and periodicals — Nouveaux volumes et périodiques	Binding and repair — Reliure et réparation
									\$	\$
Newfoundland .....	2	—	31,364	2,300	..	523	2	2	16,087	—
Prince Edward Island .....	2	—	19,527	1,737	3,426	939	2	1	2,200	200
Nova Scotia .....	17	1	450,950	18,310	64,192	5,351	25	46	43,318	6,510
New Brunswick .....	3	4	189,708	4,447	45,655	3,000	20	14	20,061	2,302
Québec .....	11	128	3,534,418	321,698	590,733	42,789	177	231	242,720	49,210
Ontario .....	45	16	2,225,220	294,780	686,357	39,003	172	164	222,336	41,073
Manitoba .....	7	2	370,164	12,969	138,736	6,141	33	13	44,004	5,477
Saskatchewan .....	14	2	275,754	10,807	108,985	4,250	20	41	29,454	6,524
Alberta .....	7	1	163,201	11,521	185,574	6,455	33	55	37,332	8,752
British Columbia .....	6	—	369,955	15,650	203,469	8,562	61	48	112,408	1,100
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>7,630,261</b>	<b>694,219</b>	<b>2,027,127</b>	<b>117,013</b>	<b>545</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>769,920</b>	<b>121,148</b>

**Teaching Staff: (a) Numbers.**—While the proportions vary from year to year, Table N shows that in 1953-54 the proportion of various ranks of academic staff in seventeen institutions, based on a total of 2,618 full-time staff members reported, was 3.6 per cent of the total holding the rank of dean, 26.9 per cent professors, 21.8 per cent associate professors, 25.2 per cent assistant professors and 22.5 per cent being instructors and lecturers. While these figures would not hold for the total staff in all Canada due to many of the religiously controlled institutions not classifying their staff in the above manner, they do indicate the approximate distribution of ranks in a group of larger institutions throughout Canada.

In 1953-54 the total full-time teaching staff instructing at university level numbered 6,869, or one person for every 9.3 full-time university-grade

**Personnel enseignant: (a) Nombre.**—La répartition des diverses classes du personnel enseignant change chaque année. Le tableau N indique que, en 1953-1954, sur les 2,618 membres du personnel enseignant de plein temps de 17 institutions, 3.6 p. 100 étaient doyens, 26.9 p. 100 professeurs, 21.8 p. 100 professeurs agrégés, 25.2 p. 100 professeurs adjoints et 22.5 p. 100 chargés de cours. Ces chiffres ne valent pas pour tout le personnel enseignant du Canada, car plusieurs institutions dirigées par le clergé classent différemment leur personnel; ils donnent tout de même la répartition approximative du personnel de plusieurs des grandes institutions.

En 1953-1954, le personnel enseignant de plein temps à l'échelon universitaire se chiffrait par 6,869, soit un professeur pour 9.3 étudiants de plein temps.

students. In the same year female staff members accounted for 13.3 per cent of the total of 12,706 full and part-time staff members, comprising 13.7 of the total full-time staff and 12.8 per cent of the total part-time staff. Table M gives an historical record of the proportion of women to total staff, and of staff to enrolment, and shows that appreciable gains have been made in both of these areas. Since 1920-21, for example, the proportion of women in the total staff has doubled, while the staff-student ratio in 1953-54 was lower than in any previous year.

Le personnel enseignant féminin représentait 13.3 p. 100 de tout le personnel enseignant de plein temps et à temps partiel (12,706), soit 13.7 p. 100 du personnel de plein temps et 12.8 p. 100 du personnel à temps partiel. Le tableau M donne un aperçu rétrospectif du personnel féminin par rapport à tout le personnel et du rapport entre personnel et les inscriptions; il y a augmentation marquée dans les deux cas. Ainsi, depuis 1920-1921, le pourcentage du personnel féminin a doublé, tandis que le rapport entre le personnel et les inscriptions en 1953-1954 n'a jamais été aussi bas.

TABLE M. Per cent of Women in Total University Level Teaching Staff and Ratio of Staff to Students for Selected Years  
TABLEAU M. Pourcentage du personnel enseignant féminin à l'échelon universitaire et rapport du personnel aux étudiants, certaines années

Academic year Année scolaire	Total staff Personnel		Total female staff Personnel féminin		Per cent female staff are of total staff Pourcentage du personnel féminin		Ratio of staff to full-time university-grade students Rapport du personnel aux étudiants de plein temps	
	Full time De plein temps	Part time A temps partiel	Full time De plein temps	Part time A temps partiel	Full time De plein temps	Part time A temps partiel	Full-time staff only Personnel de plein temps seulement	Full and part-time staff Personnel de plein temps et à temps partiel
					%	%		
1920-1921 .....	2,133	1,421	155	82	7.3	5.8	1:10.8	1:6.5
1925-1926 .....	2,409	1,828	214	140	8.9	7.7	1:10.7	1:6.1
1930-1931 .....	2,843	2,224	280	239	9.8	10.7	1:11.6	1:6.5
1935-1936 .....	3,044	2,365	352	259	11.6	11.0	1:11.5	1:6.5
1940-1941 .....	3,771	2,277	445	257	11.8	11.3	1:9.6	1:6.0
1945-1946 .....	5,118	3,377	606	406	11.8	12.0	1:12.4	1:7.5
1947-1948 .....	6,299	3,786	709	503	11.3	13.3	1:13.2	1:8.2
1950-1951 .....	5,683	4,086	714	471	12.6	11.5	1:12.0	1:7.0
1952-1953 .....	6,453	5,524	894	742	13.9	13.4	1:9.8	1:5.3
1953-1954 .....	6,869	5,837	939	749	13.7	12.8	1:9.2	1:5.0

(b) **Salaries.**—Statistics on full-time university instructional staff salaries were first collected by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics for the 1937-38 session. Since then median salaries have increased by about 65 per cent for deans, professors, and associate professors, by about 73 per cent for assistant professors, and by over 100 per cent for instructors and lecturers. Table N shows medians for selected years by rank and region for the same group of 17 institutions throughout the years used, together with the number of persons in the different ranks who were included in the returns.

(b) **Traitements.**—Le Bureau fédéral de la statistique établit depuis 1937-1938 la statistique des traitements du personnel enseignant de plein temps des universités. Depuis lors, les traitements médians des doyens, professeurs titulaires et professeurs agrégés ont augmenté d'environ 65 p. 100, ceux des professeurs adjoints d'environ 73 p. 100 et ceux des chargés de cours, de plus de 100 p. 100. Le tableau N donne, par classe et par région, les traitements médians de 17 institutions pour certaines années et le nombre de personnes de chaque classe indiquées dans les déclarations.

TABLE N. Median Salaries for Selected Years for Instructional Staff at Seventeen Major Canadian Universities<sup>1</sup>  
 TABLEAU N. Traitements médians du personnel enseignant de 17 grandes universités canadiennes, certaines années<sup>1</sup>

Classification and region Classes et région	Academic year - Année scolaire						
	1937-1938 <sup>2</sup>	1942-1943	1947-1948	1950-1951	1951-1952	1952-1953	1953-1954
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Deans - Doyens:</b>							
Maritime Provinces - Provinces Maritimes .....	3,350	2,833	3,875	4,250	4,875	4,916	5,750
Québec and - et Ontario .....	3	3	3	4	4	8,875	9,286
Western Provinces - Provinces de l'Ouest .....	3	4,959	3	6,875	7,344	7,633	8,250
Canada .....	5,000	4,875	3	6,900	7,250	7,633	8,273
Persons included - Personnes comprises .....	82	78	90	92	92	96	94
<b>Professors - Professeurs titulaires:</b>							
Maritime Provinces - Provinces Maritimes .....	2,831	2,833	3,726	3,896	4,292	4,279	4,714
Québec and - et Ontario .....	4,492	4,744	3	5,941	6,604	6,873	7,361
Western Provinces - Provinces de l'Ouest .....	4,279	4,380	4,816	5,612	6,310	6,319	6,855
Canada .....	4,258	4,484	3	5,683	6,311	6,405	7,007
Persons included - Personnes comprises .....	540	538	628	691	707	708	704
<b>Associate Professors - Professeurs agrégés:</b>							
Maritime Provinces - Provinces Maritimes .....	2,708	2,750	3,313	3,528	3,500	4,065	4,550
Québec and - et Ontario .....	3,594	3,597	4,368	4,708	5,373	5,439	5,864
Western Provinces - Provinces de l'Ouest .....	3,333	3,375	3,960	4,610	5,250	5,259	5,658
Canada .....	3,427	3,488	4,118	4,612	5,225	5,269	5,655
Persons included - Personnes comprises .....	219	236	457	483	517	524	571
<b>Assistant Professors - Professeurs adjoints:</b>							
Maritime Provinces - Provinces Maritimes .....	2,150	2,313	2,651	3,500	3,385	3,692	3,833
Québec and - et Ontario .....	2,757	2,735	3,548	3,722	4,407	4,513	4,772
Western Provinces - Provinces de l'Ouest .....	2,690	2,817	3,237	3,969	4,476	4,440	4,686
Canada .....	2,697	2,757	3,289	3,833	4,379	4,414	4,674
Persons included - Personnes comprises .....	298	312	553	565	590	633	660
<b>Instructors and Lecturers - Chargés de cours:</b>							
Maritime Provinces - Provinces Maritimes .....	5	5	1,846	6	2,261	2,500	2,406
Québec and - et Ontario .....	Under - Moins de 1,000 to - à 1,302 <sup>2</sup>	1,777	2,192	2,912	3,320	3,350	3,746
Western Provinces - Provinces de l'Ouest .....	2,000	2,122	2,243	2,965	3,561	3,525	3,776
Canada .....	Under - Moins de 1,000 to - à 1,805 <sup>2</sup>	1,787	2,242	2,846	3,328	3,332	3,658
Persons included - Personnes comprises .....	438 to - à 821 <sup>2</sup>	537	898	624	578	553	589
<b>All above staff - Total:</b>							
Maritime Provinces - Provinces Maritimes .....	2,600	2,188	2,722	3,316	3,510	3,726	3,894
Québec and - et Ontario .....	2,188 to - à 2,801 <sup>2</sup>	3,101	3,696	4,395	4,925	5,023	5,408
Western Provinces - Provinces de l'Ouest .....	3,257	3,264	3,398	4,272	4,914	4,959	5,315
Canada .....	2,608 to - à 3,001 <sup>2</sup>	3,009	3,454	4,183	4,770	4,838	5,229
Persons included - Personnes comprises .....	1,577 to - à 1,960 <sup>2</sup>	1,701	2,626	2,460	2,484	2,514	2,618

1. Institutions included - Institutions comprises:

Maritime Provinces - Provinces Maritimes: Acadia, Mount Allison, St. Francis Xavier, New Brunswick.  
 Québec and - et Ontario: McGill, Bishop's, Queen's, McMaster, Victoria, Toronto, Western Ontario, Trinity.  
 Western Provinces - Provinces de l'Ouest: Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia.

2. In 1937-38 one institution reported 383 instructors and lecturers earning less than \$1,000. As a corresponding number was not reported in later years, many of these are presumed to be either part-time or below the rank of instructor or lecturer. The varying medians are calculated with and without these persons, with the actual median being somewhere between the extremes. - En 1937-1938, une institution a déclaré 383 chargés de cours qui gagnaient moins de \$1,000. Comme elle n'en a pas déclaré les années suivantes, plusieurs d'entre eux sont sans doute des enseignants à temps partiel ou de rang inférieur à celui de chargé de cours. Les médianes différentes sont calculées avec et sans ces personnes, de sorte la médiane véritable se situe entre les deux extrêmes.

3. Over \$5,000. - Plus de \$5,000.

4. Over \$7,500. - Plus de \$7,500.

5. Under \$1,000. - Moins de \$1,000.

6. Under \$2,000. - Moins de \$2,000.



**Finances: (a) Total Income and Expenditure.—**

By 1954 total current income and expenditure of all Canadian universities and colleges has risen to well over \$70,000,000. The main financial statistics reported here represent totals from institutions including about 80 per cent of the total full-time university-grade enrolment in Canada. Tables O and P give details on per student costs and sources of income for these institutions, while Table Q shows the estimated total expenditures made by all institutions in Canada.

**Finances: (a) Total des recettes et des dépenses.—**

En 1954, les recettes et les dépenses courantes de toutes les universités canadiennes ont totalisé au delà de 70 millions. La statistique financière du présent rapport se fonde sur les déclarations d'institutions qui comptent environ 80 p. 100 de tous les étudiants de plein temps du Canada. Les tableaux O et P donnent les frais par étudiant et les sources de revenu de ces institutions; le tableau Q donne une estimation des dépenses totales de toutes les institutions du Canada.

**TABLE O. Per Student Expenditures<sup>1</sup> (less ancillary enterprises) of Canadian Universities and Colleges, by Region, 1920-1921 to 1953-1954**

**TABEAU O. Frais par étudiant<sup>1</sup> (sans les entreprises auxiliaires) dans les universités du Canada, par région 1920-1921 à 1953-1954**

Academic year — Année scolaire	Nova Scotia and New Brunswick  Nouvelle-Écosse et Nouveau- Brunswick	Québec	Ontario	Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1920-1921 .....	253	367	461	470	419
1925-1926 .....	323	598	532	412	488
1930-1931 .....	370	618	512	429	496
1935-1936 .....	402	617	539	345	487
1940-1941 .....	485	618	618	420	546
1945-1946 .....	375	604	465	360	445
1950-1951 .....	593	847	775	673	744
1952-1953 .....	824	1,026	1,191	975	1,053
1953-1954 .....	812	1,061	1,366	1,050	1,143

1. Statistics included are for institutions representing about 80 per cent of the total full-time university-grade enrolment in all Canada. For the years 1950-51 to 1953-54, those in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick included 75 to 80 per cent of the total enrolment in the Maritime Provinces, those in Quebec 55 to 60 per cent of the total Quebec enrolment, those in Ontario 85 to 90 per cent of the total Ontario enrolment, and those in the west 90 to 95 per cent of the total enrolment in the four western provinces. — Cette statistique porte sur des institutions qui représentent environ 80 p. 100 de tous les étudiants d'échelon universitaire et de plein temps au Canada. Pour les années 1950-1951 à 1953-1954, les chiffres de la Nouvelle-Écosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick comprennent 75 à 80 p. 100 de toutes les inscriptions des provinces Maritimes; ceux du Québec, 55 à 60 p. 100; ceux de l'Ontario, 85 à 90 p. 100; et ceux de l'Ouest, 90 à 95 p. 100 de toutes les inscriptions des quatre provinces de l'Ouest.

**TABLE P. University Operating Income by Source, 1920-21 to 1953-54**

**TABEAU P. Recettes de gestion des universités, selon la source, 1920-1921 à 1953-1954**

Academic year — Année scolaire	Total operating income (less ancillary enterprises) in \$'000's — Recettes de gestion (moins les entreprises auxiliaires) en milliers	Per cent of receipts from — Pourcentage des recettes					
		Government grants — Subventions			Student fees — Frais de scolarité	Endowments and investments — Dotations et placements	Other sources — Autres sources
		Federal — Fédérales	Provincial — Provinciales	Municipal — Municipales			
	\$	%	%	%	%	%	%
1920-1921 .....	9,089	1	49.7	2	20.1	16.5	13.7
1925-1926 .....	11,235	1	48.7	2	21.2	19.1	11.0
1930-1931 .....	13,963	1	49.2	0.4	23.8	16.2	10.4
1935-1936 .....	13,311	1	39.9	0.3	33.5	14.7	11.6
1940-1941 .....	16,048	1	41.9	0.5	32.0	12.8	12.8
1945-1946 .....	25,815	10.5	29.8	0.3	37.9	9.3	12.2
1950-1951 .....	40,532	4.2	41.4	0.6	34.6	7.7	11.5
1952-1953 .....	50,468	12.1	40.1	0.4	28.3	5.9	13.2
1953-1954 .....	56,757	14.7	39.4	0.4	28.0	6.2	11.3

1. Not compiled separately. The amounts would be very small. — Non établi à part. Les montants seraient infimes.

2. Included with provincial grants. The amounts are very small. — Compris avec les subventions provinciales. Les montants sont infimes.



(b) **Total Wages and Salaries Paid.**—All institutions were asked to report this information, beginning in 1952-53. From figures supplied by those that did, and by estimating for the remainder, it was calculated that total wages and salaries for all staff, administrative, teaching, maintenance and other, amounted to between 65 per cent and 70 per cent of total current expenditures less ancillary enterprises, or 55 per cent to 60 per cent of the total including ancillary enterprises. Table Q shows these figures for the two years under review. Full-time teaching staff (including deans, all professorial ranks, and instructors and lecturers) received over half of the total of all salaries and wages paid, over \$20,000,000 in 1952-53, and over \$24,000,000 in 1953-54.

(b) **Total des traitements et salaires.**—Ce renseignement est demandé à toutes les institutions depuis 1952-1953. D'après les chiffres de celles qui l'ont fourni, complétés par une estimation pour les autres, le total des traitements et salaires du personnel (administration, enseignement, entretien et autres) représentait 65 à 70 p. 100 du total des dépenses courantes (sans les entreprises auxiliaires), ou 55 à 60 p. 100 du total (entreprises auxiliaires comprises). Le tableau Q donne les chiffres les deux années observées. Le personnel enseignant de plein temps (doyens, professeurs et chargés de cours) a touché plus de la moitié de tous les traitements et salaires, soit plus de 20 millions en 1952-1953 et plus de 24 millions en 1953-1954.

TABLE Q. Total Wages and Salaries Paid by All Canadian Universities and Colleges, 1952-53 and 1953-54

TABLEAU Q. Total des traitements et salaires de toutes les universités canadiennes, 1952-1953 et 1953-1954

Academic year — Année scolaire	Estimated total current expenditures — Total estimé des dépenses courantes		Estimated total wages and salaries paid to all staff — Total estimé des traitements et salaires
	Less ancillary enterprises — Sans les entreprises auxiliaires	Including ancillary enterprises — Avec les entreprises auxiliaires	
	\$	\$	\$
1952-1953 .....	61,000,000	72,000,000	40,000,000 - 43,000,000
1953-1954 .....	67,000,000	79,000,000	43,000,000 - 47,000,000

(c) **Research.**—In recent years research facilities in Canadian universities have been greatly expanded. Figures for most of the larger institutions show that over \$5 million was spent in 1952-53, and over \$6 million in 1953-54. Probably at least half of these amounts was from the Federal government, mainly on specific sponsored research projects, while provincial governments, industry, foundations, and other sources made up the balance. Table R shows that in both years research accounted for just over 13 per cent of the total current income and expenditure, less ancillary enterprises, of those institutions reporting in sufficient detail to be included. With ancillary enterprises, the figure would be about 11 per cent.

(c) **Recherche.**—Ces dernières années, les universités canadiennes ont grandement développé leurs services de recherche. La plupart des grandes institutions y ont consacré plus de 5 millions en 1952-1953 et plus de 6 millions en 1953-1954. Le gouvernement fédéral a peut-être fourni une bonne moitié de ces montants, surtout en subventionnant certains travaux particuliers; le reste est venu des gouvernements provinciaux, de l'industrie, des fondations et d'autres sources. Le tableau R montre que, durant les deux années, la recherche a répondu pour un peu plus de 13 p. 100 des dépenses et des recettes courantes (sans les entreprises auxiliaires) des institutions qui ont fourni des renseignements à ce sujet. La proportion, compte tenu des entreprises auxiliaires, serait de 11 p. 100.

**TABLE R. Current Income and Expenditure for Research in Certain Canadian Universities,<sup>1</sup>  
1952-53 and 1953-54**

**TABLEAU R. Recettes et dépenses courantes pour fins de recherche dans certaines universités canadiennes,  
1952-1953 et 1953-1954**

Region and academic year — Région et année scolaire	Income for research from — Recettes pour la recherche					Total current income for research — Total, recettes courantes pour la recherche	Total current expenditure for research — Total, dépenses courantes pour la recherche	Total current income and expenditure from all sources (less ancillary enterprises) — Total recettes et dépenses courantes de toutes sources (sans les entreprises auxiliaires)	
	Provincial governments — Gouverne- ments provinciaux	Federal government — Gouverne- ment fédéral	Endowed income — Revenu de fonda- tions	Other sources — Autres sources	Not specified — Non précisées			Income — Recettes	Expenditure — Dépenses
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Atlantic Provinces — Provinces Atlantiques:</b>									
1952-1953 .....	7,760	126,462	—	37,090	—	171,312	166,719	1,749,491	1,659,809
1953-1954 .....	6,047	122,669	—	8,747	—	137,463	115,606	2,692,554	2,655,150
<b>Québec:</b>									
1952-1953 .....	255,968	753,482	—	699,937	26,321	1,735,708	1,850,845	8,943,708	9,443,814
1953-1954 .....	270,788	1,419,120	103,472	536,776	26,321	2,356,477	2,351,369	10,276,623	9,550,491
<b>Ontario:</b>									
1952-1953 .....	107,780	428,054	—	232,769	1,617,393	2,385,996	2,374,169	16,527,093	16,656,889
1953-1954 .....	131,030	512,980	2,280	200,875	1,674,979	2,522,144	2,504,893	19,130,342	19,068,953
<b>Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest:</b>									
1952-1953 .....	63,373	437,850	—	332,164	190,030	1,023,417	1,086,650	13,239,212	13,113,332
1953-1954 .....	163,126	441,295	—	351,184	159,601	1,115,206	1,117,759	14,927,857	14,870,232
<b>Canada:</b>									
1952-1953 .....	434,881	1,745,848	—	1,301,960	1,833,744	5,316,433	5,478,383	40,459,504	40,873,844
1953-1954 .....	570,991	2,496,064	105,752	1,097,582	1,860,901	6,131,290	6,088,627	47,027,376	46,144,826

1. Institutions included — Institutions comprises:

Atlantic Provinces — Provinces Atlantiques: Memorial, Dalhousie, Nova Scotia Tech., New Brunswick.

Québec: McGill, Montréal, École Polytechnique.

Ontario: Queen's, McMaster, Toronto, Western Ontario, Ottawa, Ontario Veterinary College, Waterloo.

Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest: United, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia.



**SECTION II**  
**CURRENT TABLES, 1952-1953 AND 1953-1954**

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**SECTION II**  
**TABLEAUX COURANTS, 1952-1954 ET 1953-1954**





TABLE 1. Full-time University-grade Enrolment in the Regular Session, by Specified Fields of Study and Institution, 1953 and 1954

TABLEAU 1. Étudiants de plein temps de la session régulière, par domaine d'études et par institution, 1953 et 1954

Note. This is a detailed list of the institutions or parts of institutions for which statistics are summarized in the ensuing tables. The name of each appears in the language, English or French, used in it as the main language of instruction. The figures opposite the name of each show full-time enrolment of university grade, i.e., in courses for which matriculation is prerequisite, male and female separately. No record is included of part-time students (except in Graduate Arts and Science where they cannot be separated), evening classes, short courses or extension students of any kind; nor of full-time students that are in courses for which matriculation is not prerequisite, e.g., students in the high school or preparatory departments of colleges, or in diploma courses in agriculture, household science, music, etc. Students of all kinds are counted in the later tables, but the more limited purpose of Table 2 is to show at what locations instruction in each branch of higher studies is available, and to indicate the approximate share of each institution in the total. Apart from Arts and Science, where undergraduate and graduate enrolment is shown separately, figures for each branch of study include both undergraduate and graduate enrolment. — Nota. — Voici une liste détaillée des institutions et facultés dont les tableaux subséquents présentent la statistique sommaire. Le nom de chaque maison paraît dans la langue (française ou anglaise) qui y est la principale langue d'enseignement. Les chiffres en regard du nom de chacune de ces institutions indiquent, hommes et femmes séparément, le nombre des étudiants de plein temps de l'échelon universitaire, i.e., aux cours qui exigent l'immatriculation. Ne sont pas inclus les étudiants à temps partiel (sauf les gradués en arts et en science, s'ils ne peuvent être séparés), ni ceux des cours du soir, des cours abrégés ou des cours "d'extension" de tous genres, ni les étudiants de plein temps qui suivent des cours qui n'exigent pas l'immatriculation, e.g., les élèves de high school et des cours préparatoires dans les collèges, non plus que ceux qui suivent des cours en agriculture, sciences ménagères, musique, etc., en vue d'obtenir un diplôme. Les tableaux subséquents englobent les étudiants de tous genres, mais le tableau 2 n'a pour objet que de montrer où se donnent les cours dans chaque branche de l'enseignement supérieur et d'indiquer la proportion approximative des inscriptions qui revient à chaque institution. Les arts et sciences distinguent les gradués des sous-gradués; les chiffres des autres domaines d'études comprennent indistinctement les gradués et les sous-gradués.

	1954		1953	
	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.
<b>1. Graduate Arts and Pure Science — Arts et sciences pures, gradués</b> (in this section it is necessary to include part-time students in the regular session as well as full-time — Il a fallu inclure aussi ici les étudiants à temps partiel de la session régulière):				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. ....	5	—	11	2
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	32	15	33	12
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. ....	8	—	13	—
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B. ....	5	—	5	—
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B. ....	37	4	23	4
St. Thomas College, Chatham, N.B. ....	—	—	4	—
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Qué. ....	1	—	1	—
Université Laval, Québec, Qué. ....	146	24	127	12
McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	425	92	509	117
Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. ....	178	79	198	85
Assumption College, Windsor, Ont. ....	9	—	6 <sup>1</sup>	— <sup>1</sup>
Carleton College, Ottawa, Ont. ....	2	—	—	—
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont. ....	67	10	55	11
University of Ottawa — Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. ....	99	30	67	6
Pontifical Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto, Ont. ....	49	4	66	6
Queen's University, Kingston, Ont. ....	65	13	61	9
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa, Ont. ....	7	10	2	8
University of Toronto, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	1,100	178	995	116
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	145	17	131	11
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg 9, Man. ....	55	9	67	11
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	42	5	47	7
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	69	11	100	23
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	211	33	207	31
<b>2. Undergraduate Arts and Pure Science — Arts et sciences pures, sous-gradués</b> (full B.A. course — cours complet du B.A.):				
<b>NEWFOUNDLAND:</b>				
Memorial University, St. John's ....	89	21	100	21
<b>PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND:</b>				
St. Dunstan's College, Charlottetown ....	113	26	125	28
<b>NOVA SCOTIA:</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville ....	242	128	184	101
Dalhousie University, Halifax ....	272	232	265	233
University of King's College, Halifax ....	51	22	50	23
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax ....	—	98	—	93
Collège Ste-Anne, Church Point ....	69	—	65	—
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish ....	418	64	414	90
St. Mary's University, Halifax ....	94	—	88	—
<b>NEW BRUNSWICK:</b>				
Mount Allison University, Sackville ....	243	141	220	121
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton ....	133	47	133	40
Université du Sacré-Coeur, Bathurst ....	75	15	79	10
Université Saint-Joseph, Saint-Joseph ....	161	27	147	29
Université Saint-Louis, Edmundston ....	133	23	115	17
St. Thomas College, Chatham ....	60	4	60	4
<b>QUÉBEC:</b>				
Bishop's University, Lennoxville ....	157	84	151	71
McGill University, Montréal ....	865	741	825	767
Sir George Williams College, Montréal ....	373	107	368	93
<b>Collèges classiques affiliés à l'Université Laval:</b>				
Collège d'Amos, Amos ....	38	—	44	—
Collège Charles-Garnier, Québec ....	178	—	186	—
Collège de Lévis, Lévis ....	258	—	262	—

TABLE 1. Full-time University-grade Enrolment in the Regular Session, by Specified Fields of Study and Institution, 1953 and 1954 — Continued

TABLEAU 1. Étudiants de plein temps de la session régulière, par domaine d'études et par institution, 1953 et 1954 — suite

	1954		1953	
	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.
<b>2. Undergraduate Arts and Pure Science—Arts et sciences pures, sous-gradués (full B.A. course—cours complet du B.A.) — Con.—fin:</b>				
<b>QUÉBEC—Con.—fin:</b>				
Collèges classiques affiliés à l'Université Laval—Con.—fin:				
Collège de Marie-Médiatrice, Hull .....	6	—	10	—
Collège de Sainte-Anne, Sainte-Anne-de-la-Pocatière .....	212	—	233	—
Collège Saint-Alexandre, Limbour .....	55	—	59	—
Ecole Apostolique du Sacré-Coeur, Beauport .....	28	—	31	—
Externat Saint-Jean-Eudes, Québec .....	112	—	130	—
Juvénat des Pères Maristes, Sillery .....	13	—	10	—
Petit Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi .....	277	—	276	—
Petit Séminaire de Mont-Laurier, Mont-Laurier .....	48	—	52	—
Petit Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet .....	124	—	122	—
Petit Séminaire de Québec, Québec .....	370	—	345	—
Petit Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski .....	145	—	134	—
Petit Séminaire de Trois-Rivières, Trois-Rivières .....	244	—	267	—
Séminaire de Gaspé, Gaspé .....	38	—	43	—
Séminaire Montfortain, Papineauville .....	18	—	21	—
Séminaire du Sacré-Coeur, St-Victor-de-Beauce .....	80	—	64	—
Séminaire Saint-Alphonse, Sainte-Anne-de-Beaupré et Aylmer .....	41	—	66	—
Séminaire Saint-Antoine, Trois-Rivières et Québec .....	52	—	44	—
Séminaire de Saint-Georges-de-Beauce, Saint-Georges-de-Beauce .....	58	—	36	—
Séminaire Sainte-Marie, Shawinigan .....	29	—	—	—
Collège du Bon-Pasteur, Chicoutimi .....	—	12	—	18
Collège des Ursulines, Québec .....	—	60	—	51
Institut des Dames Religieuses de l'Assomption, Nicolet .....	—	16	—	16
Institut des Dames Religieuses de Jésus-Marie-de-Sillery, Québec .....	—	36	—	48
Institut des Dames Religieuses Ursulines, Trois-Rivières .....	—	14	—	19
Pensionnat Notre-Dame-de-Bellevue, Québec .....	—	33	—	33
Classical Colleges affiliated to the l'Université de Montréal — Collèges classiques affiliés à l'Université de Montréal:				
Collège André-Grasset, Montréal .....	167	—	173	—
Collège de l'Assomption, l'Assomption .....	125	—	138	—
Collège Bourget, Rigaud .....	115	—	129	—
Collège Jean-de-Brébeuf, Montréal .....	177	—	201	—
Loyola College, Montréal .....	437	—	440	—
Collège de Saint-Jean, Saint-Jean .....	115	—	134	—
Collège de Saint-Laurent, Saint-Laurent .....	211	—	205	—
Collège Sainte-Marie, Montréal .....	400	—	457	—
Externat classique de Sainte-Croix, Montréal .....	164	—	175	—
Petit Séminaire de Montréal, Montréal .....	191	—	293	—
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette .....	169	—	163	—
Séminaire Marie-Médiatrice, Montréal .....	154	—	131	—
Séminaire Oblat de Marie-Immaculée, Chambly .....	27	—	27	—
Séminaire des Saints-Apôtres, Côte Sainte-Catherine .....	69	—	62	—
Séminaire Saint-Charles-Borromée, Sherbrooke .....	217	—	206	—
Séminaire Saint-François, Cap-Rouge, R.R. 1 .....	23	—	20	—
Séminaire de Saint-Hyacinthe, Saint-Hyacinthe .....	241	—	246	—
Séminaire du Saint-Sacrement, Terrebonne .....	9	—	10	—
Séminaire de Sainte-Thérèse, Sainte-Thérèse .....	109	—	109	—
Séminaire de Valleyfield, Valleyfield .....	83	—	85	—
Collège Basile-Moreau, Saint-Laurent .....	—	83	—	66
Collège Jésus-Marie, Outremont .....	—	75	—	76
Collège Marguerite-Bourgeoys, Montréal .....	—	119	—	117
Marianopolis College, Montréal .....	—	142	—	135
Collège Marie-Anne, Lachine .....	—	57	—	45
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Sherbrooke .....	—	36	—	34
Collège Saint-Maurice, Saint-Hyacinthe .....	—	31	—	31
<b>ONTARIO:</b>				
Assumption College, Windsor .....	227	34	470 <sup>1</sup>	70 <sup>1</sup>
Carleton College, Ottawa .....	207	97	193	97
McMaster University, Hamilton .....	606	197	556	188
University of Ottawa—Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa (colleges included—y compris les collèges) .....	207	2	315	2
Collège Bruyère, Ottawa .....	—	46	—	43
Collège de Cornwall, Cornwall .....	22	—	2	2
Collège Notre-Dame, Ottawa .....	—	41	—	56
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener .....	16	1	16	—
Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa .....	59	—	128	—
Queen's University, Kingston .....	372	340	419	348
Royal Military College, Kingston .....	90	—	99	—
Collège Sacré-Coeur, Sudbury .....	86	—	73	—
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa .....	73	12	76	13
University of Toronto, Toronto (colleges included—y compris les collèges) .....	1,608	1,265	1,657	1,312
St. Michael's College, Toronto .....	348	178	403	184
Trinity College, Toronto .....	213	192	201	191
Victoria College, Toronto .....	437	445	493	443
University of Western Ontario (colleges included—y compris les collèges) .....	1,033	361	1,432 <sup>3</sup>	395 <sup>3</sup>
Huron College, London .....	24	—	23	—
Ursuline College, London .....	—	81	—	97
Waterloo College, Waterloo .....	133	25	136	26
St. Peter's Seminary, London .....	59	—	42	—



TABLE 1. Full-time University-grade Enrolment in the Regular Session, by Specified Fields of Study and Institution, 1953 and 1954 — Continued

TABLEAU 1. Étudiants de plein temps de la session régulière, par domaine d'études et par institution, 1953 et 1954 — suite

	1954		1953	
	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.
<b>2. Undergraduate Arts and Pure Science—Arts et sciences pures, sous-gradués (full B.A. course—cours complet du B.A.) — Con. — fin:</b>				
<b>MANITOBA:</b>				
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg 9 (colleges included—y compris les collèges).....	1,483	607	1,415	593
Brandon College, Brandon .....	108	39	120	50
Collège Saint-Boniface, Saint-Boniface .....	72	11	83	12
St. John's College, Winnipeg .....	31	12	21	4
St. Paul's College, Winnipeg .....	78	13	73	27
United College, Winnipeg .....	375	147	341	169
<b>SASKATCHEWAN:</b>				
Collège catholique de Gravelbourg, Gravelbourg .....	32	—	51	—
Scolasticat du Sacré-Coeur, Lebreton .....	18	—	14	—
Notre Dame College, Wilcox .....	30	9	51	4
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon .....	478	230	432	221
St. Thomas More College, Saskatoon .....	100	58	100	58
<b>ALBERTA:</b>				
University of Alberta, Edmonton .....	550	206	514	196
Collège Saint-Jean, Edmonton .....	14	—	15	—
<b>BRITISH COLUMBIA:</b>				
University of British Columbia, Vancouver .....	1,678	808	1,711	748
<b>3. Junior Colleges Including Classical Schools of Roman Catholic Orders Preparatory to Theology — Collèges juniors, y compris les écoles préparatoires à la théologie dirigées par des congrégations religieuses catholiques:</b>				
<b>PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND:</b>				
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown .....	61	28	63	35
<b>NOVA SCOTIA:</b>				
Convent of the Sacred Heart, Halifax .....	—	14	—	16
Xavier Junior College, Sydney .....	111	10	111	10
<b>QUEBEC:</b>				
Collège militaire royal de Saint-Jean, Saint-Jean, (Qué.) .....	147	—	78	—
Collège des Eudistes, Montréal (Qué.) .....	325	130	300	125
Collège Jean-Jacques-Olier, Verdun (Qué.) .....				
Collège Saint-Ignace, Montréal (Qué.) .....				
Externat classique de Matane, Matane (Qué.) .....				
Externat classique, Rivière-du-Loup (Qué.) .....				
Externat classique Saint-Raphael, Drummondville (Qué.) .....				
Externat classique Saint-Viateur, Outremont (Qué.) .....				
Juniorat Sainte-Marie, Charlesbourg (Qué.) .....				
Juvénat Saint-Jean-Berchmans, Québec (Qué.) .....				
Mont Sainte-Anne, Sherbrooke (Qué.) .....				
Mont Saint-Jean-Baptiste, Granby (Qué.) .....				
Mont Saint-Louis, Montréal (Qué.) .....				
Noviciat Notre-Dame-du-Très-Saint-Rosaire, Richelieu (Qué.) .....				
Petit Séminaire des Missions (Limbour) Hull (Qué.) .....				
Petit Séminaire Père Prévost, Lac-Supérieur (Qué.) .....				
Séminaire d'Hauterive, Hauterive, Cte de Saguenay (Qué.) .....				
Séminaire de Sainte-Croix, Saint-Laurent (Qué.) .....				
<b>ONTARIO:</b>				
Alma College, St. Thomas .....	—	*	—	*
Lakehead Technical Institute, Port Arthur .....	9	3	5	7
Mount Carmel College (Carmelites), Niagara Falls .....	*	—	79	—
Juvénat Saint-Alexis (Servites de Marie), Ottawa .....	*	—	*	—
St. Mary's College (Redemptorists), Brockville .....	*	—	*	—
St. Stanislas Novitiate (Jesuits), Guelph .....	*	—	47	—
<b>SASKATCHEWAN:</b>				
Campion College, Regina .....	10	3	22	5
Luther College, Regina .....	12	8	13	4
St. Peter's College, Muenster .....	3	—	4	—
<b>ALBERTA:</b>				
Canadian Union College, College Heights .....	*	*	38	26
Concordia College, Edmonton .....	*	*	*	*
Mount Royal College, Calgary .....	44	—	25	2
<b>BRITISH COLUMBIA:</b>				
Notre Dame College, Nelson .....	37	14	23	9
Victoria College, Victoria .....	194	94	229	87



TABLE 1. Full-time University-grade Enrolment in the Regular Session, by Specified Fields of Study and Institution, 1953 and 1954 — Continued

TABLEAU 1. Étudiants de plein temps de la session régulière, par domaine d'études et par institution, 1953 et 1954 — suite

	1954		1953	
	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.
<b>4. Agriculture:</b>				
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown, P.E.I. ....	9	—	—	—
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro, N.S. ....	56	1	38	—
École Supérieure d'Agriculture, (Université Laval), Sainte-Anne-de-la-Pocatière (Qué.) ....	47	1	43	—
Institut Agricole d'Oka, La Trappe (Qué.) ....	66	—	86	—
Macdonald College (McGill University), Macdonald College P.O., Qué. ....	225	12	238	14
Ontario Agricultural College (University of Toronto), Guelph, Ont. ....	369	13	377	7
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg 9, Man. ....	118	7	108	5
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	122	—	153	3
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	105	4	110	1
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	149	16	150	24
<b>5. Architecture:</b>				
École des Beaux-Arts, Montréal (Qué.) ....	•	•	•	•
McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	112	7	118	10
University of Toronto, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	188	5	186	9
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg 9, Man. ....	108	3	92	4
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	79	—	77	—
<b>6. Applied Science and Engineering — Sciences appliquées et génie:</b>				
Memorial University, St. John's, Nfld. ....	83	—	87	—
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown, P.E.I. ....	—	—	19	—
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. ....	137	—	83	—
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	150	1	126	—
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax, N.S. ....	198	—	191	—
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. ....	228	3	154	—
St. Mary's University, Halifax, N.S. ....	86	—	86	—
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B. ....	166	—	127	—
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B. ....	320	1	241	1
Collège Militaire Royal, Saint-Jean (Qué.) ....	147	—	76	—
Université Laval, Québec, Qué. ....	447	3	401	2
McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	1,297	9	1,237	6
École Polytechnique (Université Montréal), (Qué.) ....	636	—	566	—
Assumption College, Windsor, Ont. ....	30	—	—	—
Carleton College, Ottawa, Ont. ....	70	—	49	—
Lakehead Technical Institute, Port Arthur, Ont. ....	29	—	36	—
University of Ottawa — Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. ....	51	—	67	—
Royal Military College, Kingston, Ont. ....	252	—	261	—
University of Toronto, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	1,706	7	1,672	7
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg 9, Man. ....	524	—	458	—
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	585	1	504	—
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	614	1	508	—
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	730	—	674	—
Canadian Services College, Royal Roads, Victoria, B.C. ....	151	—	148	—
<b>7. Chiropractic — Chiropratique:</b>				
Canadian Memorial Chiropractic College, Toronto, Ont. ....	204	6	169	5
<b>8. Commerce and Business Administration — Commerce et administration:</b>				
Memorial University, St. John's, Nfld. ....	2	—	—	—
St. Dunstan's College, Charlottetown, P.E.I. ....	19	1	17	—
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	118	15	128	12
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. ....	83	49	82	61
St. Mary's University, Halifax, N.S. ....	53	—	53	—
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B. ....	52	2	24	2
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B. ....	35	4	20	3
Université Saint-Joseph, Saint-Joseph (N.-B.) ....	32	2	32	15
École Supérieure de Commerce de Québec (Université Laval), Québec (Qué.) ....	301	4	297	2
McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	401	49	439	49
École des Hautes Etudes Commerciales Montréal (Qué.) ....	176	2	170	1
Sir George Williams College, Montréal, Qué. ....	202	5	174	5
Assumption College, Windsor, Ont. ....	46	—	—	—
Carleton College, Ottawa, Ont. ....	35	3	29	2
University of Ottawa — Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. ....	56	—	96	—
Queen's University, Kingston, Ont. ....	89	15	88	14
Royal Military College, Kingston, Ont. ....	21	—	15	—
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa, Ont. ....	30	2	22	4
University of Toronto, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	236	16	281	18
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	223	5	219	4
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg 9, Man. ....	85	13	113	9
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	119	14	131	16
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	105	14	93	16
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	446	28	419	27

TABLE 1. Full-time University-grade Enrolment in the Regular Session, by Specified Fields of Study and Institution, 1953 and 1954 — Continued

TABLEAU 1. Étudiants de plein temps de la session régulière, par domaine d'études et par institution, 1953 et 1954 — suite

	1954		1953	
	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.
<b>9. Dentistry — Art dentaire:</b>				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	47	3	45	5
McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	144	—	137	—
Université de Montréal, Montréal (Qué.) .....	98	1	110	1
University of Toronto, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	377	1	368	9
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	117	2	120	3
<b>10. Education — Pédagogie:</b>				
Memorial University, St. John's, Nfld. ....	117	74	119	67
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. ....	12	6	8	8
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	8	5	11	6
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	52	—	33
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. ....	21	4	17	4
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B. ....	3	1	2	6
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B. ....	4	1	8	2
Université Saint-Joseph, Saint-Joseph (N.-B.) .....	6	—	26	3
St. Thomas College, Chatham, N.B. ....	7	—	—	—
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Qué. ....	4	5	3	7
Université Laval, Québec (Qué.) .....	98	126	74	103
McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	47	204	30	195
Ecole normale secondaire (Université de Montréal), Montréal (Qué.) .....	1	1	17	—
Institut pédagogique (Université de Montréal), Montréal (Qué.) .....	17	220	12	192
Institut pédagogique Saint-Georges (Université de Montréal), Montréal (Qué.) .....	—	—	202	55
University of Ottawa — Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. ....	31	3	19	6
Ontario College of Education (University of Toronto), Toronto 5, Ont. ....	245	180	218	169
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg 9, Man. ....	21	44	38	36
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	120	84	97	70
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	271	493	231	472
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	80	20	79	35
<b>11. Fine and Applied Arts — Beaux-arts et arts industriels:</b>				
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B. ....	5	30	8	35
McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	—	9	2	17
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg 9, Man. ....	13	21	11	20
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	—	1	—	4
<b>12. Fisheries — Pêcheries:</b>				
École des pêcheries (Université Laval), Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière (Qué.) .....	18	—	16	—
<b>13. Forestry — Sylviculture:</b>				
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B. ....	136	—	170	—
Université Laval, Québec (Qué.) .....	98	1	105	—
University of Toronto, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	132	—	138	—
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	97	1	95	—
<b>14. Home Economics and Dietetics — Économie domestique et diététique:</b>				
Memorial University, St. John's, Nfld. ....	—	—	—	13
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. ....	—	40	—	40
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	18	—	15
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. ....	—	42	—	40
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B. ....	—	58	—	47
Université Saint-Joseph, Saint-Joseph (N.-B.) .....	—	11	—	2
École supérieure des sciences domestiques de Saint-Pascal (Université Laval), Saint-Pascal (Qué.) .....	—	93	—	94
Macdonald College (McGill University), Macdonald College P.O., Qué. ....	—	101	—	117
Institut de diététique et de nutrition (Université de Montréal), Montréal (Qué.) .....	—	69	—	46
Instituts familiaux de l'Université de Montréal (7) et Ecole Ménagère provinciale, Montréal (Qué.) .....	—	43	—	—
Ontario Agricultural College (University of Toronto), Guelph, Ont. ....	—	149	—	140
University of Toronto, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	—	16	—	12
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	—	50	—	53
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg 9, Man. ....	—	231	1	259
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	—	59	—	53
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	—	71	—	70
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	—	144	—	157
<b>15. Interior Design — Décoration intérieure:</b>				
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg 9, Man. ....	13	41	13	52

TABLE 1. Full-time University-grade Enrolment in the Regular Session, by Specified Fields of Study and Institution, 1953 and 1954 — Continued

TABLEAU 1. Étudiants de plein temps de la session régulière, par domaine d'études et par institution, 1953 et 1954 — suite

	1954		1953	
	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.
<b>16. Journalism — Journalisme:</b>				
University of King's College, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	1	1	5
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	4	—	3
St. Mary's University, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	—	6	—
Carleton College, Ottawa, Ont. ....	29	19	21	19
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	10	17	9	17
<b>17. Law — Droit:</b>				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	140	8	125	8
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B. ....	26	4	23	2
Université Laval, Québec (Qué.) ....	210	14	185	11
McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	235	8	229	10
Université de Montréal, Montréal (Qué.) ....	375	26	306	23
University of Ottawa — Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. ....	26	2	7	7
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto, Ont. ....	837	21	838	19
University of Toronto, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	74	5	56	3
Manitoba Law School, (Old Law Court Bldg.), Winnipeg, Man. ....	160	6	156	6
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	93	3	99	8
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	94	5	92	5
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	215	11	224	14
<b>18. Library Science — Bibliothéconomie:</b>				
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	—	—	5
Université Laval, Québec (Qué.) ....	6	12	2	15
McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	9	28	6	27
Université de Montréal (Qué.) ....	4	13	4	11
University of Ottawa — Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. ....	1	2	—	3
Ontario College of Education (University of Toronto), Toronto 5, Ont. ....	8	39	10	49
<b>19. Medicine — Médecine:</b>				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	262	15	269	15
Université Laval, Québec (Qué.) ....	710	26	665	21
McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	557	40	553	40
Université de Montréal, Montréal (Qué.) ....	499	43	486	43
University of Ottawa — Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. ....	277	13	288	11
Queen's University, Kingston, Ont. ....	340	24	336	28
University of Toronto, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	931	107	953	92
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	250	21	252	19
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg 9, Man. ....	310	18	323	20
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. (pre-clinical years only) ....	66	6	52	9
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	220	13	212	18
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	214	18	164	12
<b>20. Music — Musique: (Degree courses in Music—grades en musique):</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. ....	1	9	—	9
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	1	5	1	7
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	5	—	5
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B. ....	6	18	8	20
Université Saint-Joseph, Saint-Joseph (N.-B.) ....	—	5	—	6
Université Laval, Québec (Qué.) ....	30	41	49	37
McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	6	2	3	4
Université de Montréal, Montréal (Qué.) ....	4	94	4	112
University of Toronto, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	40	22	38	27
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	9	25	9	18
Brandon College, Brandon, Man. ....	3	6	2	10
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	—	—	—	—
<b>21. Nursing — Sciences hospitalières (Graduate diploma and degree courses — cours pour gradués):</b>				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	24	1	22
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	20	—	10
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. ....	—	8	—	7
St. Thomas College, Chatham, N.B. ....	—	1	—	3
McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	—	38	—	55
Ecole d'hygiène sociale appliquée (Université de Montréal), Montréal (Qué.) ....	14	146	24	90
Institut Marguerite d'Youville (Université de Montréal), Montréal (Qué.) ....	*	*	*	*
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont. ....	—	30	—	27
University of Ottawa — Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. ....	—	78	—	115
Queen's University, Kingston, Ont. ....	—	27	—	41
University of Toronto, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	2	262	3	250
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	—	89	—	69
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg 9, Man. ....	—	14	—	7
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	—	83	—	44
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	—	325	—	284
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	—	85	—	100



TABLE 1. Full-time University-grade Enrolment in the regular Session, by Specified Fields of Study and Institution, 1953 and 1954 — Continued

TABLEAU 1. Étudiants de plein temps de la session régulière, par domaine d'études et par institution, 1953 et 1954 — suite

	1954		1953	
	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.
<b>22. Optometry — Optométrie:</b>				
Université de Montréal, Montréal (Qué.) .....	43	—	54	—
College of Optometry of Ontario, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	34	4	45	2
<b>23. Pharmacy — Pharmacie:</b>				
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Halifax, N.S. ....	31	3	43	7
Université Laval, Québec (Qué.) .....	72	6	80	15
Université de Montréal, Montréal (Qué.) .....	317	26	343	20
University of Toronto, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	266	60	354	73
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg 9, Man. ....	82	9	78	6
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	115	11	110	14
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. ....	95	25	84	17
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	106	25	106	25
<b>24. Physical Education — Culture physique:</b>				
McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	22	42	25	48
University of Ottawa — Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. ....	18	—	24	—
Queen's University, Kingston, Ont. ....	40	44	40	45
University of Toronto, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	62	61	70	70
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	23	16	25	18
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	73	43	75	35
<b>25. Physiotherapy and Occupational Therapy — Physiothérapie et ergothérapie:</b>				
McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	—	95	—	92
University of Toronto, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	—	294	—	278
<b>26. Secretarial Science — Science secrétariale:</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. ....	1	60	—	34
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. ....	—	26	—	19
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B. ....	—	—	—	—
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. ....	—	77	—	77
<b>27. Social Work — Service social:</b>				
Maritime School of Social Work, Halifax, N.S. ....	8	11	6	14
Université Laval, Québec (Qué.) .....	85	37	68	30
McGill University, Montréal, Qué. ....	10	51	19	49
Université de Montréal, Montréal (Qué.) .....	57	33	54	40
Saint Patrick's College, Ottawa, Ont. ....	5	22	9	15
University of Toronto, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	26	76	41	83
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg 9, Man. ....	8	15	2	26
University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	39	41	36	42
<b>28. Theology — Théologie:</b>				
<b>ANGELICAN CHURCH OF CANADA — ÉGLISE ANGLICAINE DU CANADA:</b>				
Queen's Theological College, St. John's, Nfld. ....	10	—	16	—
University of King's College, Halifax, N.S. ....	12	—	15	—
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Qué. ....	7	—	9	—
Diocesan Theological College, Montréal, Qué. ....	—	—	—	—
Anglican Women's Training College, Toronto, Ont. ....	—	—	—	31
Huron College, London, Ont. ....	19	—	17	—
Trinity College, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	38	7	39	4
Wycliffe College, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	33	1	39	1
St. John's College, Winnipeg, Man. ....	6	—	10	—
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	34	—	23	—
St. Chad's College, Regina, Sask. ....	7	—	6	—
Anglican Theological College, Vancouver, B.C. ....	12	—	12	—
<b>BAPTIST CHURCH — ÉGLISE BAPTISTE:</b>				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. ....	15	—	15	—
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont. ....	33	21	33	10
<b>LUTHERAN CHURCH — ÉGLISE LUTHÉRIENNE:</b>				
Waterloo College, Waterloo, Ont. ....	12	—	8	—
Lutheran College and Seminary, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	10	—	10	—
Luther Theological Seminary, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	17	—	14	—



TABLE 1. Full-time University-grade Enrolment in the Regular Session, by Specified Fields of Study and Institution, 1953 and 1954 — Concluded

TABLÉAU 1. Etudiants de plein temps de la session régulière, par domaine d'études et par institution, 1953 et 1954 — fin

	1954		1953	
	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.
<b>28. Theology — Théologie — Concluded — fin:</b>				
<b>PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH — ÉGLISE PRESBYTÉRIENNE:</b>				
Presbyterian Theological College, Montréal, Qué. ....	28	—	21	—
Knox College, Toronto 5, Ont. ....	43	1	47	2
<b>ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (CLERGY) — ÉGLISE CATHOLIQUE (CLERGÉ):</b>				
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax, N.S. ....	101	—	102	—
Grand Séminaire de Québec (Université Laval), Québec (Qué.) ....	214	—	218	—
Grand Séminaire de Montréal (Université de Montréal), Montréal (Qué.) ....	187	—	204	—
Abbaye Notre-Dame-du-Lac (Trappistes), Oka (Qué.) .....	499	—	458	—
Abbaye de Notre-Dame-de-Nazareth (Cisterciens de l'Immaculée-Conception), St-Michel-de-Rougemont (Qué.) .....				
Collège de l'Immaculée-Conception, Montréal (Qué.) .....				
Congrégation de la Fraternité Sacerdotale, La-Pointe-du-Lac (Qué.) .....				
Grand Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi (Qué.) .....				
Grand Séminaire du Christ-Roi, Saint-Hyacinthe (Qué.) .....				
Grand Séminaire des Missions, Montréal (Qué.) .....				
Grand Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet (Qué.) .....				
Grand Séminaire de Rimouski, Rimouski (Qué.) .....				
Grand Séminaire de Trois-Rivières, Trois-Rivières (Qué.) .....				
Maison d'Études de la Réparation (Capucins), Pointe-aux-Trembles (Qué.) .....				
Maison Saint-Joseph (Jésuites), Montréal (Qué.) .....				
Monastère des Bénédictins, St-Benoît-du-Lac (Qué.) .....				
Mont Saint-Joseph (Rédemptoristes), Aylmer (Qué.) .....				
Prieuré des pères Prémontrés, St-Bernard-de-Lacolle (Qué.) .....				
Scolasticat Notre-Dame-de-Ste-Croix, Ste-Geneviève-de-Pierrefonds (Qué.) .....				
Scolasticat Saint-Charles, Joliette (Qué.) .....				
Scolasticat Saint-Vincent-de-Paul, Québec (Qué.) .....				
Scolasticat du Très-Saint-Sacrement, Montréal (Qué.) .....	190	—	206	—
Séminaire des Eudistes, Charlesbourg (Qué.) .....				
Séminaire des Missions Etrangères, Pont-Viau (Qué.) .....				
Séminaire Saint-Antoine (Franciscains), Québec (Qué.) .....				
Séminaire des Saints-Apôtres, Sherbrooke (Qué.) .....				
Studium Franciscain de Théologie, Montréal (Qué.) .....				
Séminaire Saint-Paul (Université d'Ottawa), Ottawa (Ont.) .....				
St. Peter's Seminary, London, Ont. ....				
Collège des Dominicains, Ottawa (Ont.) .....				
Collège Séraphique (Capucins), Ottawa (Ont.) .....				
Grand Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa (Ont.) .....				
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto, Ont. ....				
Holy Rosary Scholasticate (Oblates of Mary Immaculate), Ottawa, Ont. ....				
Sclasticat des Montfortains, Eastview (Ont.) .....				
Jesuit Seminary, Toronto, Ont. ....				
Séminaire des Missionnaires d'Afrique (Pères Blancs), Eastview (Ont.) .....				
St. Alphonsus Seminary, Woodstock, Ont. ....				
St. Basil's Seminary, Toronto, Ont. ....				
St. Francis Xavier Seminary, Scarboro, Ont. ....				
Regina Cleri Seminary, Regina, Sask. ....				
Grand Séminaire de Saint-Boniface, Saint-Boniface (Man.) .....				
St. Charles Scholasticate, Battleford, Sask. ....				
St. Joseph's Seminary, Edmonton, Alta. ....				
<b>UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA — ÉGLISE-UNIE DU CANADA:</b>				
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax, N.S. ....	51	—	44	—
United Theological College, Montréal, Qué. ....	*	*	18	—
Queen's Theological College, Kingston, Ont. ....	25	—	25	—
Victoria University (Emmanuel College), Toronto 5, Ont. ....	81	5	88	7
United Church Training School, Toronto, Ont. ....	—	*	—	31
United College, Winnipeg, Man. ....	27	4	31	6
St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon, Sask. ....	30	2	20	—
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton, Alta. ....	13	—	13	—
Union College of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. ....	23	1	21	1
<b>29. Veterinary Science — Médecine vétérinaire:</b>				
Ecole de Médecine vétérinaire (Université de Montréal), Saint-Hyacinthe (Qué.) .....	86	—	128	—
Ontario Veterinary College (University of Toronto), Guelph, Ont. ....	302	17	259	13

\* Information not available. — Renseignement non disponible.

1. Assumption College was affiliated with the University of Western Ontario until 1954, when it became an independent degree-granting institution. — L'Assumption College était affilié à l'Université Western Ontario jusqu'en 1954 alors qu'il est devenu une institution indépendante conférant des grades.

2. Established in 1954. — Établi en 1954.

3. Includes Assumption College. — Comprend l'Assumption College.

4. First three years of a degree course. — Trois premières années d'un cours conduisant à un grade.

5. First two years of a degree course. — Deux premières années d'un cours conduisant à un grade.

6. First year of a degree course. — Première année d'un cours conduisant à un grade.

7. Course began in 1953-54. — Les cours ont commencé en 1953-1954.

TABLE 2. Full-time University-grade Enrolment in the Regular Session by Province and Faculty, 1953 and 1954

TABLEAU 2. Étudiants de plein temps de la session régulière, par province et faculté, 1953 et 1954

Province		Undergraduates — Sous-gradués												
		Arts <sup>2</sup>	Pure Science <sup>1</sup> — Sciences pures <sup>1</sup>	Agriculture	Architecture	Commerce	Dentistry — Art dentaire	Education — Pédagogie <sup>1</sup>	Engineering and Applied Science — Génie et Sciences appliquées	Forestry — Sylviculture	Household Science — Sciences ménagères	Law — Droit	Medicine — Médecine	Music — Musique
Newfoundland .....	1954	62	48	—	—	2	—	191	83	—	15	—	—	—
	1953	82	39	—	—	—	—	186	87	—	13	—	—	—
Prince Edward Island .....	1954	118	84	9	—	25	—	—	19	—	2	—	—	—
	1953	159	92	—	—	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nova Scotia .....	1954	1,010	621	57	—	404	50	108	803	—	100	147	266	21
	1953	1,003	546	38	—	389	50	87	640	—	95	130	274	22
New Brunswick.....	1954	791	271	—	—	127	—	22	486	129	69	30	—	29
	1953	780	215	—	—	70	—	36	369	165	63	25	—	32
Québec .....	1954	8,556	1,623	298	214	1,140	243	658	2,266	96	305	779	1,696	150
	1953	8,693	1,481	307	221	1,137	248	599	2,026	99	257	709	1,636	197
Ontario .....	1954	6,815	886	344	191	728	361	424	2,853	128	212	960	1,749	94
	1953	7,467	523	345	191	769	360	351	2,742	135	205	916	1,783	92
Manitoba .....	1954	1,058	1,032	111	108	98	—	65	522	—	231	166	327	9
	1953	1,074	934	113	95	122	—	74	458	—	260	162	341	12
Saskatchewan .....	1954	845	—	116	—	127	—	204	586	—	59	96	66	—
	1953	850	—	129	—	147	—	164	498	—	53	107	61	—
Alberta .....	1954	437	428	92	—	119	119	762	605	—	71	99	233	—
	1953	382	436	90	—	109	123	700	500	—	70	97	230	—
British Columbia .....	1954	2,795	19	147	79	484	—	100	875	93	144	226	232	—
	1953	2,792	—	174	77	460	—	113	815	91	157	238	176	—
Canada .....	1954	22,487	5,012	1,174	592	3,254	773	2,534	9,098	446	1,208	2,503	4,569	303
	1953	23,282	4,266	1,196	584	3,220	781	2,310	8,135	490	1,173	2,384	4,501	355
		Undergraduates — Sous-gradués								Graduates <sup>3</sup> — Gradués <sup>3</sup>			Others — Autres	
		Public Health and Nursing — Hygiène et Sciences hospitalières	Pharmacy — Pharmacie	Social Service — Service Social	Theology — Théologie	Veterinary Science	Science vétérinaire	Others — Autres	Total (excl. duplicates) Total (moins les doubles emplois)	Arts and Science — Arts et Sciences	Others — Autres	Total	Pre-matriculation — Pré-immatriculation	Others <sup>4</sup> — Autres <sup>4</sup>
Newfoundland .....	1954	—	—	—	20	—	—	—	421	—	—	—	—	—
	1953	—	—	—	19	—	—	—	426	—	—	—	—	—
Prince Edward Island .....	1954	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	257	—	—	—	491	43
	1953	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	268	—	—	—	397	117
Nova Scotia .....	1954	52	34	19	179	—	—	5	3,876	53	12	65	302	32
	1953	40	49	20	176	—	—	20	3,579	62	16	78	453	30
New Brunswick .....	1954	1	—	—	—	—	—	35	1,990	46	8	54	1,087	59
	1953	3	—	—	—	—	—	43	1,801	36	5	41	1,604	138
Québec .....	1954	225	421	197	966	86	383	383	20,302	631	413	1,044	18,311	3,472
	1953	145	452	198	947	91	404	404	19,847	686	382	1,068	18,014	1,734
Ontario .....	1954	430	322	85	1,168	319	968	968	19,037	910	474	1,384	3,025	447
	1953	525	425	95	1,178	272	959	959	19,333	865	462	1,327	3,685	384
Manitoba .....	1954	14	91	23	71	—	—	88	4,014	51	20	71	750	350
	1953	7	84	28	81	—	—	96	3,941	62	3	65	719	373
Saskatchewan .....	1954	83	124	—	114	—	—	1	2,421	44	14	58	1,321	155
	1953	44	123	—	96	—	—	38	2,310	51	37	88	1,043	143
Alberta .....	1954	122	120	—	57	—	—	—	3,264	42	29	71	719	208
	1953	119	101	—	61	—	—	—	3,018	60	32	92	574	209
British Columbia .....	1954	85	131	54	36	—	—	116	5,616	140	55	195	—	12
	1953	100	131	55	34	—	—	110	5,523	177	59	236	—	16
Canada .....	1954	1,012	1,243	378	2,611	405	1,596	1,596	61,198	1,917	1,025	2,942	26,006	4,778
	1953	983	1,365	396	2,592	363	1,670	1,670	60,046	1,999	996	2,995	26,489	3,144

1. Included in Arts by several universities. — Compris dans les arts à plusieurs universités.

2. Includes philosophy. — Comprend philosophie.

3. For part time enrolment see table 3 — Voir inscriptions à temps partiel, tableau 3.

4. Includes diploma and certificate courses not of degree credit. — Comprend les cours conduisant au diplôme ou certificat, mais non à un grade.

**TABLE 3. Part-time Enrolment in the Regular Session by Province and Faculty, 1953 and 1954**  
**TABLEAU 3. Étudiants à temps partiel de la session régulière, par province et faculté, 1953 et 1954**

Province and course — Province et cours	Undergraduates — Sous-gradués				Graduates — Gradués				Others — Autres			
	1954		1953		1954		1953		1954		1953	
	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.
Newfoundland.....	30	26	29	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arts and Science — Arts et sciences .....	3	6	10	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Education — Pédagogie .....	27	20	19	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Prince Edward Island .....	2	2	4	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arts and Science — Arts et sciences .....	2	2	4	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nova Scotia .....	71	168	66	155	—	—	—	—	24	26	51	117
Arts and Science — Arts et sciences .....	60	154	52	147	—	2	6	3	6	7	8	11
Agriculture .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music — Musique .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	8	6	32	95
Theology — Théologie .....	4	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Education — Pédagogie .....	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Others — Autres .....	7	12	12	8	—	—	—	—	10	13	11	11
New Brunswick .....	22	43	23	53	—	—	—	—	—	349	19	84
Arts and Science — Arts et sciences .....	4	25	23	53	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Agriculture .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Music — Musique .....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	349	15	62
Theology — Théologie .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Education — Pédagogie .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Others — Autres .....	18	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	22
Québec .....	1,504	804	1,307	772	352	148	282	132	898	1,036	536	1,319
Arts and Science — Arts et sciences .....	164	137	142	204	180	82	229	104	69	183	90	176
Agriculture .....	—	—	—	—	31	2	22	3	—	—	—	—
Music — Musique .....	266	221	4	9	—	—	—	—	465	434	106	218
Theology — Théologie .....	4	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	22	75	23	56
Education — Pédagogie .....	375	220	520	268	—	47	—	25	137	—	136	—
Others — Autres .....	695	226	633	291	141	17	31	—	205	344	181	869
Ontario (excluding duplicates — moins les doubles emplois).....	746	608	978	848	781	147	620	86	60	88	106	198
Arts and Science — Arts et sciences .....	547	533	848	824	753	129	606	76	22	20	—	—
Agriculture .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Music — Musique .....	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	34	67	35	71
Theology — Théologie .....	152	39	117	3	—	—	—	—	2	1	2	2
Education — Pédagogie .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Others — Autres .....	46	34	13	21	28	18	14	10	—	—	69	125
Manitoba .....	291	362	520	445	92	21	75	11	1	2	229	—
Arts and Science — Arts et sciences .....	82	177	254	229	9	4	20	4	—	—	—	—
Agriculture .....	2	—	5	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	229	—
Music — Musique .....	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Theology — Théologie .....	3	—	2	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Education — Pédagogie .....	155	121	175	151	40	12	19	5	—	—	—	—
Others — Autres .....	49	64	81	60	41	4	36	2	1	2	—	—
Saskatchewan .....	102	38	67	36	33	4	24	2	—	—	187	577
Arts and Science — Arts et sciences .....	74	29	59	30	2	1	2	1	—	—	—	—
Agriculture .....	2	—	3	—	11	—	8	—	—	—	—	—
Music — Musique .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Theology — Théologie .....	19	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	155	510
Education — Pédagogie .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Others — Autres .....	7	9	5	5	20	3	14	1	—	—	32	67
Alberta .....	67	95	130	78	59	14	90	22	205	349	204	387
Arts and Science — Arts et sciences .....	7	11	18	12	34	4	46	17	—	—	—	—
Agriculture .....	1	—	3	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
Music — Musique .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Theology — Théologie .....	3	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	172	345	187	375
Education — Pédagogie .....	53	84	91	66	25	10	33	5	5	—	—	—
Others — Autres .....	3	—	11	—	—	—	5	—	28	4	17	12
British Columbia .....	31	76	45	18	90	14	51	13	1	—	5	—
Arts and Science — Arts et sciences .....	20	17	30	17	90	14	51	13	—	—	—	—
Agriculture .....	1	1	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Music — Musique .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Theology — Théologie .....	—	1	5	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	4	—
Education — Pédagogie .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Others — Autres .....	10	57	4	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Total Canada (excluding duplicates — moins les doubles emplois) .....</b>	<b>2,866</b>	<b>2,222</b>	<b>3,169</b>	<b>2,437</b>	<b>1,407</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>1,148</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>1,189</b>	<b>1,850</b>	<b>1,337</b>	<b>2,682</b>
Arts and Science — Arts et sciences .....	963	1,091	1,440	1,540	1,068	236	960	218	97	210	98	187
Agriculture .....	6	1	17	—	44	3	36	3	2	—	230	—
Music — Musique .....	267	224	7	9	—	—	—	1	679	1,201	530	1,331
Theology — Théologie .....	185	40	141	9	—	—	—	—	30	76	29	58
Education — Pédagogie .....	610	447	805	493	65	69	52	35	137	—	136	—
Others — Autres .....	835	419	759	386	230	42	100	13	244	363	314	1,106



TABLE 4. Summer School, Short Course and Other Extra-mural Enrolment, by Province, 1953 and 1954

TABLEAU 4. Inscriptions aux cours d'été, cours abrégés et autres cours extramuraux, par province, 1953 et 1954

Province and course — Province et cours	Undergraduates — Sous-gradués				Graduates — Gradués				Others — Autres			
	1954		1953		1954		1953		1954		1953	
	M.—H.	F.	M.—H.	F.	M.—H.	F.	M.—H.	F.	M.—H.	F.	M.—H.	F.
Newfoundland .....	299	135	136	233	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Summer school — Cours d'été .....	299	135	136	233	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nova Scotia .....	190	544	133	467	3	15	11	26	259	149	262	238
Summer school — Cours d'été .....	71	246	72	292	3	15	7	26	30	5	5	8
Other short courses — Autres cours abrégés .....	4	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	82	6	189	203
Evening classes — Cours du soir .....	7	—	18	17	—	—	—	—	122	85	68	27
Correspondence — Par correspondance .....	102	135	43	26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other extramural — Autres, extramuraux .....	6	140	—	132	—	—	4	—	25	53	—	—
New Brunswick .....	270	490	208	168	40	16	40	18	100	318	252	396
Summer school — Cours d'été .....	174	353	87	87	30	13	40	18	35	90	163	313
Other short courses — Autres cours abrégés .....	10	34	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	34	4	30
Evening classes — Cours du soir .....	20	41	121	81	10	3	—	—	26	114	50	10
Correspondence — Par correspondance .....	66	62	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	35	43
Other extramural — Autres, extramuraux .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	39	80	—	—
Québec .....	4,132	1,132	4,447	1,550	—	—	145	29	9,426	5,875	7,990	5,588
Summer school — Cours d'été .....	992	540	1,050	678	—	—	26	29	1,225	2,245	903	893
Other short courses — Autres cours abrégés .....	68	—	58	—	—	—	119	—	1,275	334	—	1,030
Evening classes — Cours du soir .....	3,042	569	3,215	648	—	—	—	—	5,187	3,278	5,805	3,021
Correspondence — Par correspondance .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	93	18	29	11
Other extramural — Autres, extramuraux .....	30	23	114	224	—	—	—	—	1,646	—	1,253	633
Ontario (excluding duplicates — Moins les doubles emplois) .....	5,635	2,511	5,835	3,525	384	134	369	187	7,825	5,506	6,980	4,946
Summer school — Cours d'été .....	1,143	1,016	1,087	1,019	354	95	326	142	103	237	93	213
Other short courses — Autres cours abrégés .....	—	—	—	—	13	35	34	37	1,258	163	2,100	657
Evening classes — Cours du soir .....	1,692	779	1,942	1,790	17	4	9	8	6,296	5,006	4,377	3,638
Correspondence — Par correspondance .....	834	787	831	851	—	—	—	—	—	—	272	332
Other extramural — Autres, extramuraux .....	2,400	89	2,383	92	—	—	—	—	188	100	138	106
Manitoba .....	445	329	346	268	—	—	—	—	1,562	945	2,070	1,662
Summer school — Cours d'été .....	419	290	346	268	—	—	—	—	138	106	104	81
Other short courses — Autres cours abrégés .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	220	12	800	40
Evening classes — Cours du soir .....	25	39	—	—	—	—	—	—	743	600	926	758
Correspondence — Par correspondance .....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	39	18	56	45
Other extramural — Autres, extramuraux .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	422	209	184	738
Saskatchewan .....	1,323	2,062	1,416	2,451	—	—	—	—	—	—	50	2
Summer school — Cours d'été .....	643	1,001	762	1,394	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other short courses — Autres cours abrégés .....	—	—	62	65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Evening classes — Cours du soir .....	205	410	158	374	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Correspondence — Par correspondance .....	475	651	434	618	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other extramural — Autres, extramuraux .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	50	2
Alberta .....	714	1,112	733	1,177	6	1	15	1	204	521	214	564
Summer school — Cours d'été .....	673	1,031	694	1,122	—	—	—	—	128	426	132	490
Other short courses — Autres cours abrégés .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
Evening classes — Cours du soir .....	41	81	39	55	6	1	15	1	76	95	82	69
Correspondence — Par correspondance .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other extramural — Autres, extramuraux .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
British Columbia .....	1,030	592	797	495	191	79	149	58	3,821	2,133	272	465
Summer school — Cours d'été .....	590	347	566	313	191	79	149	58	—	—	—	—
Other short courses — Autres cours abrégés .....	—	—	12	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Evening classes — Cours du soir .....	199	108	116	110	—	—	—	—	342	393	272	465
Correspondence — Par correspondance .....	241	137	103	63	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other extramural — Autres, extramuraux .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,479	1,740	—	—
<b>Total Canada (excluding duplicates — Moins les doubles emplois) .....</b>	<b>14,038</b>	<b>8,907</b>	<b>14,051</b>	<b>10,334</b>	<b>624</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>729</b>	<b>319</b>	<b>23,197</b>	<b>15,447</b>	<b>18,090</b>	<b>13,861</b>
Summer school — Cours d'été .....	5,004	4,959	4,800	5,406	578	202	548	273	1,659	3,109	1,400	1,998
Other short courses — Autres cours abrégés .....	82	57	142	74	13	35	153	37	2,835	549	3,093	1,965
Evening classes — Cours du soir .....	5,231	2,027	5,609	3,075	33	8	24	9	12,772	9,571	11,580	7,988
Correspondence — Par correspondance .....	1,719	1,772	1,411	1,558	—	—	—	—	132	36	392	431
Other extramural — Autres, extramuraux .....	2,436	252	2,497	448	—	—	4	—	5,799	2,182	1,625	1,479



TABLE 5. Summary of All Students Classified by Level of Study, 1953 and 1954

TABLEAU 5. État sommaire de tous les étudiants, selon l'échelon, 1953 et 1954

Province		A. Students of university grade — Étudiants universitaires		B. Pre- matriculation students — Étudiants de pré- immatriculation		C. All students not in A. or B. — Tous étudiants non dans A ou B		Total enrolment (excluding duplicates) — Inscriptions totales (moins les doubles emplois)		
		M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	Total
Newfoundland .....	1954	640	271	—	—	—	—	640	271	911
	1953	490	355	—	—	—	—	490	355	845
Prince Edward Island .....	1954	204	57	250	201	7	36	501	294	795
	1953	209	74	280	117	13	104	502	295	797
Nova Scotia .....	1954	3,218	1,716	293	125	282	92	3,793	1,933	5,726
	1953	2,937	1,583	405	207	297	242	3,639	2,037	5,676
New Brunswick .....	1954	1,977	948	1,008	93	121	691	3,106	1,732	4,838
	1953	1,736	616	1,286	640	201	366	3,223	1,622	4,845
Québec .....	1954	23,526	5,892	12,841	7,597	8,914	9,666	45,281	23,155	68,436
	1953	23,446	6,133	12,624	7,414	7,179	7,964	43,249	21,511	64,760
Ontario .....	1954	23,420	7,947	2,460	708	8,166	5,617	34,046	14,272	48,318
	1953	23,843	9,265	3,242	556	7,346	5,155	34,431	14,976	49,407
Manitoba .....	1954	3,867	1,758	799	195	1,587	1,029	6,253	2,982	9,235
	1953	3,880	1,791	717	187	2,358	1,791	6,955	3,769	10,724
Saskatchewan .....	1954	3,419	2,622	1,152	169	154	1	4,725	2,792	7,517
	1953	3,411	2,983	953	90	380	579	4,744	3,652	8,396
Alberta .....	1954	3,188	2,215	556	234	424	992	4,168	3,441	7,609
	1953	3,127	2,229	361	314	394	1,083	3,882	3,626	7,508
British Columbia .....	1954	5,785	2,129	—	—	3,833	2,134	9,618	4,263	13,881
	1953	5,464	1,921	—	—	291	467	5,755	2,388	8,143
Canada .....	1954	69,244	25,555	19,399	9,322	23,488	20,258	112,131	55,135	167,266
	1953	68,543	26,965	19,868	9,525	18,459	17,751	106,870	54,231	161,101

TABLE 6. Summary of All students Classified as Full-time, Part-time, etc., 1953 and 1954

TABLEAU 6. État sommaire de tous les étudiants de plein temps, à temps partiel, etc., 1953 et 1954

Province		Full-time students — Étudiants de plein temps		Part-time students of the regular session — Étudiants à temps partiel de la session régulière		Short course, evening, extra mural, and extension students — Étudiants des cours abrégés, du soir, extramurs et "d'extension"		Total enrolment (excluding duplicates) — Inscriptions totales (moins les doubles emplois)		
		M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	Total
Newfoundland .....	1954	311	110	30	26	299	135	640	271	911
	1953	325	101	29	21	136	233	490	355	845
Prince Edward Island .....	1954	499	292	2	2	—	—	501	294	795
	1953	498	284	4	11	—	—	502	295	797
Nova Scotia .....	1954	3,246	1,029	95	196	452	708	3,793	1,933	5,726
	1953	3,110	1,030	123	276	406	731	3,639	2,037	5,676
New Brunswick .....	1954	2,674	516	22	392	410	824	3,106	1,732	4,838
	1953	2,681	903	42	137	500	582	3,223	1,622	4,845
Québec .....	1954	28,069	14,160	2,754	1,988	13,558	7,007	45,281	23,155	68,436
	1953	28,542	12,121	2,125	2,223	12,582	7,167	43,249	21,511	64,760
Ontario .....	1954	18,615	5,278	1,567	843	13,844	8,151	34,046	14,272	48,318
	1953	19,543	5,186	1,704	1,132	13,184	8,658	34,431	14,976	49,407
Manitoba .....	1954	3,862	1,323	384	385	2,007	1,274	6,253	2,982	9,235
	1953	3,715	1,383	824	456	2,416	1,930	6,955	3,769	10,724
Saskatchewan .....	1954	3,267	688	135	42	1,323	2,062	4,725	2,792	7,517
	1953	3,000	584	278	615	1,466	2,453	4,744	3,652	8,396
Alberta .....	1954	2,913	1,349	331	458	924	1,634	4,168	3,441	7,609
	1953	2,496	1,397	424	487	962	1,742	3,882	3,626	7,508
British Columbia .....	1954	4,454	1,369	122	90	5,042	2,804	9,618	4,263	13,881
	1953	4,436	1,339	101	31	1,218	1,018	5,755	2,388	8,143
Canada .....	1954	68,810	26,114	5,462	4,422	37,859	24,599	112,131	55,135	167,266
	1953	68,346	24,328	5,634	5,389	32,870	24,514	106,870	54,231	161,101

TABLE 7. Summary of Degrees and Diplomas Granted, 1953 and 1954  
TABLEAU 7. État sommaire des grades et diplômes conférés, 1953 et 1954

Institution		Diplomas and certificates — Diplômes et certificats		Bachelor <sup>1</sup> — Baccalauréat <sup>1</sup>		Master and licence <sup>2</sup> — Maîtrise et licence <sup>2</sup>		Doctor (in course) — Doctorat (acquis)		Doctor (honorary) — Doctorat (honorifique)		Total	
		M.—H.	F.	M.—H.	F.	M.—H.	F.	M.—H.	F.	M.—H.	F.	M.—H.	F.
Dalhousie-Kings <sup>3</sup>	1954	35	27	179	64	13	7	—	—	12	—	239	98
	1953	48	32	202	57	26	3	—	—	7	—	283	92
Acadia	1954	14	12	69	47	4	4	—	—	13	—	100	63
	1953	11	10	65	52	6	3	—	—	9	—	91	65
Saint Francis Xavier	1954	26	4	72	29	2	6	—	—	4	1	104	40
	1953	49	4	125	30	8	7	—	—	9	—	191	41
New Brunswick	1954	—	—	133	17	16	2	4	—	8	1	161	20
	1953	—	—	154	29	13	3	4	—	5	1	176	33
Mount Allison	1954	28	19	58	45	1	1	—	—	16	13	103	78
	1953	25	19	57	46	2	1	—	—	6	—	90	66
Bishops	1954	7	5	28	20	2	1	—	—	5	—	42	26
	1953	5	—	41	24	1	—	—	—	6	—	53	24
McGill	1954	40	70	700	251	119	51	73	3	8	—	940	375
	1953	26	62	785	293	101	27	65	9	13	—	990	391
Laval	1954	1,390	1,003	879	110	195	38	13	1	15	—	2,492	1,152
	1953	1,130	798	889	141	156	25	16	3	99 <sup>4</sup>	4 <sup>4</sup>	2,290	971
Montréal	1954	184	1,588	1,140	238	256	39	15	2	19	—	1,614	1,867
	1953	308	1,455	1,301	229	252	51	18	2	5	—	1,884	1,737
Toronto	1954	72	138	1,356	533	297	53	71	5	5	1	1,801	730
	1953	54	426	1,449	578	246	59	85	3	6	1	1,840	1,067
Victoria <sup>5</sup>	1954	24	1	21	—	3	—	1	—	6	—	55	1
	1953	26	2	27	3	1	—	2	—	4	—	60	5
Trinity <sup>5</sup>	1954	—	2	10	1	12	1	—	—	3	—	25	4
	1953	—	2	9	—	14	1	1	—	3	—	27	3
Western Ontario	1954	22	101	438	195	45	8	11	1	10	1	526	306
	1953	29	76	470	181	55	7	6	1	11	—	571	265
Queen's	1954	17	3	319	141	31	5	7	—	13	—	387	149
	1953	19	4	307	133	44	6	4	—	11	4	385	147
Ottawa	1954	5	23	254	74	25	5	20	—	7	—	311	102
	1953	4	26	300	70	66	3	19	3	6	—	395	102
McMaster	1954	—	8	150	68	16	3	4	—	8	1	178	80
	1953	1	7	137	63	22	2	—	—	9	—	169	72
Manitoba	1954	42	30	561	267	39	4	1	—	4	—	647	301
	1953	43	20	577	303	33	4	1	1	16	1	670	329
Saskatchewan	1954	102	59	355	119	36	2	5	—	4	—	502	180
	1953	83	53	379	121	31	3	6	1	4	—	503	178
Alberta	1954	212	445	511	184	35	2	1	—	7	—	766	631
	1953	223	424	521	171	43	4	—	—	6	—	793	599
British Columbia	1954	79	51	767	269	60	6	4	—	8	1	918	327
	1953	68	69	779	277	66	8	11	—	8	—	932	354
Other Institutions — Autres institutions	1954	749	352	1,190	221	16	7	—	—	54	1	2,009	581
	1953	743	133	1,063	137	13	2	1	—	31	1	1,922	273
Canada	1954	3,048	3,941	9,190	2,893	1,223	245	230	12	229	20	13,920	7,111
	1953	2,895	3,622	9,637	2,938	1,199	219	239	23	274	12	14,315	6,814

1. Medical, dental and veterinary doctors included in "bachelor" column. — Les doctorats en médecine, art dentaire et médecine vétérinaire sont inclus dans la colonne "Baccalauréat".

2. The licence in the French language universities is the next degree in advance of bachelor, as the Master's degree is in the English. — La licence dans les universités de langue française est le grade qui suit le baccalauréat, comme le Master's degree dans les institutions anglaises.

3. All degrees except those in theology granted by Dalhousie. — Tous grades conférés par Dalhousie excepté en théologie.

4. Awarded on the occasion of the one hundredth anniversary of the institution. — Accordés à l'occasion du centenaire de l'institution.

5. All degrees except those in theology entered under Toronto. — Tous les grades, sauf en théologie, sont comptés avec ceux de Toronto.

TABLE 8. Teaching Staffs in Universities and Colleges, 1953 and 1954  
TABLEAU 8. Personnel enseignant des universités et collèges, 1953 et 1954

Province		Arts, Letters and Pure Science — Arts, lettres et sciences pures				Professional faculties — Facultés professionnelles			
		Full-time — De plein temps		Part-time — A temps partiel		Full-time — De plein temps		Part-time — A temps partiel	
		M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.
Newfoundland .....	1954	22	6	—	—	6	3	1	—
	1953	16	6	—	—	8	1	1	—
Prince Edward Island .....	1954	23	4	3	—	—	—	—	—
	1953	24	—	4	2	—	—	3	3
Nova Scotia .....	1954	155	28	28	16	118	34	219	19
	1953	153	29	54	28	121	27	215	14
New Brunswick .....	1954	138	16	16	16	58	25	34	26
	1953	122	12	13	4	70	18	21	8
Québec .....	1954	1,147	147	523	98	751	275	2,193	239
	1953	1,075	145	480	86	719	269	2,168	239
Ontario .....	1954	1,081	127	434	99	1,150	81	613	58
	1953	984	112	369	94	1,096	92	558	68
Manitoba .....	1954	250	59	41	17	113	24	272	13
	1953	199	41	37	13	80	23	275	14
Saskatchewan .....	1954	125	10	16	—	86	9	36	3
	1953	114	11	16	—	84	8	24	1
Alberta .....	1954	109	11	176	33	158	16	217	97
	1953	108	10	143	25	152	15	204	128
British Columbia .....	1954	263	26	39	6	177	38	227	9
	1953	226	60	28	10	208	15	169	5
Canada .....	1954	3,313	434	1,276	285	2,617	505	3,812	464
	1953	3,021	426	1,144	262	2,538	408	3,638	480
Pre-matriculation — Pré-immatriculation						Total teaching staff (excluding duplicates) — Total, personnel enseignant (moins les doubles emplois)			
		Full-time — De plein temps		Part-time — A temps partiel		Full-time — De plein temps		Part-time — A temps partiel	
		M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.
		M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.
Newfoundland .....	1954	—	2	2	—	28	9	3	—
	1953	—	1	1	4	24	7	2	4
Prince Edward Island .....	1954	28	9	2	1	40	11	5	1
	1953	22	5	3	2	35	5	10	7
Nova Scotia .....	1954	13	9	9	—	253	63	245	34
	1953	22	9	4	1	251	62	260	40
New Brunswick .....	1954	56	13	5	9	225	54	53	51
	1953	74	—	15	—	223	28	49	12
Québec .....	1954	707	390	114	9	2,523	789	2,414	308
	1953	733	387	112	6	2,449	771	2,409	289
Ontario .....	1954	139	3	18	—	2,263	208	1,019	148
	1953	103	—	—	—	2,069	200	904	157
Manitoba .....	1954	38	—	5	—	391	83	308	28
	1953	41	6	1	—	315	70	306	25
Saskatchewan .....	1954	56	11	12	2	265	30	56	5
	1953	49	4	15	2	245	23	44	3
Alberta .....	1954	29	6	6	8	295	33	395	134
	1953	24	8	7	6	279	33	350	155
British Columbia .....	1954	—	—	—	—	386	63	266	15
	1953	—	—	—	—	372	74	195	13
Canada .....	1954	1,066	443	173	29	6,669	1,343	4,764	724
	1953	1,068	420	158	21	6,262	1,273	4,529	705

TABLE 9. Salary Distribution of Full-time Teaching Staffs in Certain Institutions, 1954<sup>1</sup>TABLEAU 9. Répartition des traitements du personnel enseignant de plein temps de certaines institutions, 1954<sup>1</sup>

Salary range — Echelle des traitements	Deans — Doyens			Professors — Professeurs			Associate professors — Professeurs agrégés		
	Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest	Central Canada — Centre du Canada	Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes	Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest	Central Canada — Centre du Canada	Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes	Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest	Central Canada — Centre du Canada	Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes
10,000 and over — et plus .....	7	15	1	9	21	—	—	1	—
9,500—9,999 .....	3	1	—	1	2	—	—	—	—
9,000—9,499 .....	2	7	—	1	14	—	1	—	—
8,500—8,999 .....	2	3	1	3	21	—	—	2	—
8,000—8,499 .....	8	2	1	12	34	—	—	2	—
7,500—7,999 .....	5	3	—	20	74	1	1	4	—
7,000—7,499 .....	6	1	2	55	83	3	—	6	—
6,500—6,999 .....	2	1	5	55	52	7	9	52	—
6,000—6,499 .....	—	1	—	73	56	14	49	55	—
5,500—5,999 .....	—	1	—	3	9	3	101	44	5
5,000—5,499 .....	—	1	—	1	12	14	91	93	4
4,500—4,999 .....	1	1	3	—	—	7	5	4	15
4,000—4,499 .....	—	—	3	—	—	11	1	4	7
3,500—3,999 .....	—	—	1	1	—	23	—	1	1
3,000—3,499 .....	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	8
2,500—2,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2,000—2,499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Under 2,000 — Moins de 2,000 .....	—	—	2	—	—	9	—	—	5
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>378</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>258</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>45</b>
	Assistant professors — Professeurs adjoints			Instructors and lecturers — Chargés de cours			Total		
	Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest	Central Canada — Centre du Canada	Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes	Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest	Central Canada — Centre du Canada	Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes	Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest	Central Canada — Centre du Canada	Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes
10,000 and over — et plus .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	37	1
9,500—9,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	3	—
9,000—9,499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	21	—
8,500—8,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	26	1
8,000—8,499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	20	38	1
7,500—7,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	26	81	1
7,000—7,499 .....	—	2	—	—	—	—	61	92	5
6,500—6,999 .....	—	3	—	—	9	—	66	117	12
6,000—6,499 .....	1	9	—	—	8	—	123	129	14
5,500—5,999 .....	8	35	—	—	4	—	112	93	8
5,000—5,499 .....	66	59	3	4	6	—	162	171	21
4,500—4,999 .....	117	89	15	7	32	—	130	126	40
4,000—4,499 .....	96	93	9	47	69	1	144	166	31
3,500—3,999 .....	3	4	18	57	98	2	61	103	45
3,000—3,499 .....	3	2	10	41	100	12	44	103	31
2,500—2,999 .....	—	1	10	7	19	15	7	20	25
2,000—2,499 .....	—	—	1	4	9	16	4	9	17
Under 2,000 — Moins de 2,000 .....	3	—	—	—	2	20	3	2	36
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>356</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>992</b>	<b>1,337</b>	<b>289</b>



TABLE 10. University and College Libraries, 1953  
TABLEAU 10 Bibliothèques des universités et collèges, 1953

Province, address and name — Province, adresse et nom	Librarian — Bibliothécaire	Volumes	Pam- phlets — Bro- chures	Period- icals (un- bound) — Péri- odiques (non reliés)	Loans where recorded — Prêts inscrits	Borrowers where recorded — Abonnés inscrits	Inter-library loans — Échanges entre bibliothèques		Seats for workers — Sièges pour lecteurs	Full- time staff — Personnel de plein temps
							From other libra- ries — Em- prunts	To other libra- ries — Prêts		
Newfoundland										
St. John's: Memorial University .....	Miss Sadie L. Organ.....	25,364	1,200	1,000	..	488	—	—	160	2
Queen's College .....	Rev. E.R. Kearley .....	6,000	—	100	..	35	—	—	12	—
Prince Edward Island										
Charlottetown: Prince of Wales College.....	Miss Mary Donahoe .....	5,527	—	37	3,426	544	10	—	68	1
St. Dunstan's University .....	Rev. Allan F. MacDonald .....	14,000	1,200	500	..	395	10	13	40	1
Nova Scotia										
Antigonish: St. Francis Xavier University .....	Sister Regina Clare .....	50,000	327	..	..	889	—	—	250	2
Church Point: Collège Ste-Anne.....	R.P. Blaise Corriveau.....	15,000	700	2,000	..	202	—	—	—	—
Halifax: Convent of the Sacred Heart .....	Mother A. Wynne .....	7,600	200	80	..	150	—	—	12	—
Dalhousie University .....	Douglas G. Lochhead.....	91,450	6,000	227	24,963	1,125	25	189	196	8
Dental Library .....	Miss Charlotte S. Allan.....	1,956	—	440	..	70	12	6	—	1
Medical Library .....		19,525	4,500	300	4,406	439	96	111	85	2
Law Library .....	Miss Ellen D. Webber.....	21,000	—	..	..	160	—	—	—	—
Holy Heart Seminary .....	R.P. Fernand Lacroix .....	10,000	—	100	..	—	—	—	40	—
Maritime College of Pharmacy.....	Miss Beatrix N. Stimpson .....	360	8	..	..	60	—	—	—	—
Maritime School of Social Work .....	—	1,012	200	18	..	124	—	—	—	—
Mount Saint Vincent College.....	Sister Francis de Sales .....	38,000	—	135	8,553	170	—	—	70	5
Nova Scotia Technical College.....	Donald A. Redmond .....	8,100	..	1,300	1,900	230	10	..	36	1
Pine Hill Divinity Hall.....	Dr. J.B. Hardie .....	35,006	..	30	6,000	202	—	3	40	—
St. Mary's University .....	Rev. William A. Stewart.....	15,100	300	30	..	417	—	15	36	2
University of King's College.....	Dr. Burns Martin .....	35,161	—	200	3,595	..	—	10	67	1
Sydney: Xavier Junior College.....	Sister Mary Georgina .....	3,000	500	35	..	312	100	—	72	1
Truro: Nova Scotia Agricultural College.....	R.H. Stevenson.....	2,510	450	30	..	125	—	—	25	—
Wolfville: Acadia University .....	H.W. Ganong .....	96,170	—	200	14,775	676	38	27	—	2
New Brunswick										
Bathurst: Université du Sacré-Coeur.....	R.P. Lucien Audet.....	10,000	800	30	..	435	—	—	10	1
Chatham: St. Thomas College.....	Rev. T.J. McKendry .....	6,200	—	30	747	115	—	—	22	—
Edmundston: Université Saint-Louis.....	—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fredericton: University of New Brunswick .....	Mrs. Marjorie J. Thompson .....	70,000	..	..	21,340	570	57	51	100	13
Moncton: Collège Notre-Dame d'Acadie.....	Soeur Marie-Augusta.....	8,182	620	2,862	..	670	—	—	10	1
Sackville: Mount Allison University .....	L.M. Allison .....	70,291	..	..	23,568	..	20	42	135	5
Saint-Joseph: Université Saint-Joseph.....	Frère Omer Cormier .....	25,035	—	105	..	460	—	—	60	—
Québec										
Amos: Le Collège d'Amos .....	Abbé J.A. Gendron .....	5,000	—	50	..	245	—	—	..	—
Arthabaska: L'Institut des Frères du Sacré-Coeur .....	Frère Louis-Victor.....	9,259	800	12	..	300	—	—	..	—
Ayer's Cliff: Collège Notre-Dame des Servites.....	R.P. A.-M. Desjardins .....	5,305	—	7	..	..	—	—	..	—
Aylmer: Mont-St-Joseph <sup>1</sup> .....	Père P.-E. Vadeboncoeur .....	19,400	2,400	105	15,300	88	58	30	10	—
Séminaire St-Alphonse .....	—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

TABLE 10. University and College Libraries, 1953 — Continued  
TABLEAU 10. Bibliothèques des universités et collèges, 1953 — suite

Province, address and name Province, adresse et nom	Librarian Bibliothécaire	Volumes	Pam- phlets — Bro- chures	Period- icals (un- bound) — Périod- iques (non reliés)	Loans where recorded — Prêts inscrits	Borrowers where recorded — Abonnés inscrits	Inter-library loans — Échanges entre bibliothèques		Seats for workers — Sièges pour lecteurs	Full- time staff — Personnel de plein temps
							From other libra- ries — Em- prunts	To other libra- ries — Prêts		
Québec — Con. — suite										
Beauce: Séminaire de St-Georges de Beauce...	—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Beauceville: Juvénat du Sacré-Coeur.....	Frère Georges Edmond .....	1,600	—	—	..	175	—	—	—	1
Beauport: École Apostolique du Sacré-Coeur <sup>2</sup>	—	6,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Berthierville: Juvénat des Saints-Anges .....	Père Jean Tremblay.....	3,817	160	40	84	116	—	—	3	—
Cap-Rouge: Séminaire Saint-François.....	Père Ludovic .....	5,005	200	10	..	180	—	—	7	1
Chambly: Séminaire Oblat de Marie-Immaculée	Père Paul Chénard.....	15,530	500	40	..	..	—	—	2	—
Chicoutimi: Grand Séminaire de Chicoutimi..... Petit Séminaire de Chicoutimi .....	— R.P. Thomas-Louis Doré .....	23,026	1,600	42	..	810	—	—	6	1
Côte-St-Catherine: Collège des Saints-Apôtres.....	M. Beauthier .....	10,010	5,000	3	500	164	—	—	6	—
Drummondville: Externat Classique St-Raphaël .....	Abbé J.-L. Lemieux.....	800	—	—	4,000	120	—	—	—	—
Gaspé: Séminaire de Gaspé .....	Abbé Noël Poirier .....	14,500	800	200	..	237	—	—	8	—
Granby Collège Mgr Prince .....	Abbé Jean Lalonde .....	3,012	100	4	..	110	—	—	—	—
Mont-St-Jean-Baptiste .....	R.P. Huiskamp.....	..	..	..	..	..	—	—	..	..
Gros-Pin (Charlesbourg): Séminaire des Eudistes .....	R.P. Raymond Melanson.....	10,006	1,000	6	..	58	—	—	..	—
Hull: Collège de Marie-Médiatrice..... Scolasticat Notre-Dame .....	— Soeur Marie-Julienne .....	766	70	180	..	..	..	..	..	..
Joliette: Scolasticat St-Charles .....	R.P. Louis Telmosse .....	21,850	—	150	..	50	—	—	10	—
Séminaire de Joliette .....	R.P. Médard Laroche .....	48,000	1,150	170	..	1,887	—	—	135	4
Lachine: Collège Marie-Anne .....	Soeur Marie-de-Massabielle .....	3,085	1,310	25	..	95	—	—	—	—
Ecole supérieure de musique de l'Ins- titut des Soeurs de Sainte-Anne.....	Soeur Marie-Céline-Thérèse .....	705	50	4	..	92	—	—	12	—
L'Assomption: Collège de L'Assomption .....	Abbé Henri Langlois.....	30,020	—	30	..	440	—	—	—	—
LaTrappe: Institut Agricole d'Oka <sup>2</sup> .....	Père M. Hilaire.....	33,480	..	..	..	154	87	8	32	1
Lennoxville: Bishop's University .....	Arnold D. Banfill.....	26,200	800	92	9,381	304	16	1	60	1
Lévis: Collège de Lévis .....	Abbé Lucien Cloutier .....	55,025	4,000	40	45,100	835	—	—	10	—
Limbour (Hull): Collège St-Alexandre <sup>3</sup> .....	R.P. Rodolphe Bilodeau .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Limoilou (Québec): Couvent des Pères Capucins .....	—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Longueuil: Collège de Longueuil.....	—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Macdonald College (Ste-Anne-de-Belle- vue): Macdonald College <sup>4</sup> .....	Miss Margaret C. MacIntosh.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mont Laurier: Séminaire St-Joseph.....	Abbé Jean-Paul Poulin .....	22,600	1,500	800	..	335	—	—	..	—

TABLE 10. University and College Libraries, 1953 — Continued  
TABLEAU 10. Bibliothèques des universités et collèges, 1953 — suite

Province, address and name — Province, adresse et nom	Librarian — Bibliothécaire	Volumes	Pam- phlets — Bro- chures	Period- icals (un- bound) — Péri- odiques (non reliés)	Loans where recorded — Prêts inscrits	Borrowers where recorded — Abonnés inscrits	Inter-library loans — Échanges entre bibliothèques		Seats for workers — Sièges pour lecteurs	Full- time staff — Personnel de plein temps
							From other libra- ries — Em- prunts	To other libra- ries — Prêts		
Québec — Con. — suite										
Montréal:										
Collège André-Grasset.....	R.P. Gérard Aumont .....	13,525	300	35	3,500	650	—	—	—	—
Collège Jean-de-Brébeuf.....	R.P. Jacques-Robert Tremblay..	45,030	400	20	10,500	610	100	50	—	2
Collège Marguerite-Bourgeoys et In- stitut Pédagogique.....	Soeur Ste-Sophonie .....	29,312	360	29	12,215	475	—	—	65	3
Collège St-Ignace.....	R.P. Joseph-Octave Bégin.....	19,500	—	400	6,000	158	—	—	—	—
Collège Ste-Marie.....	—	75,000	—	—	..	..	—	—	—	—
Collège Stanislas.....	M. René Lescop.....	1,000	—	1,500	3,500	350	—	—	—	—
Diocesan Theological College.....	—	15,000	—	—	..	45	—	—	3	—
École des Beaux-Arts.....	Mlle Lucile Ouimet.....	7,000	—	141	..	550	—	—	..	2
École de Bibliothécaires.....	Mlle Rita Leclerc .....	3,039	—	171	..	50	—	—	—	—
École des Hautes Études Commer- ciales <sup>5</sup> .....	Paul Houde.....	55,761	10,887	723	81,825	..	42	382	85	10
École Normale Secondaire.....	R.P. Marcel de Grandpré.....	2,940	—	75	..	17	—	—	—	1
École Polytechnique.....	Ernest Lavigne.....	51,650	15,000	620	..	1,490	50	1,000	80	4
Externat Classique de Ste-Croix.....	Frère C.-Gabriel Allard.....	10,900	450	200	..	530	—	—	..	—
Grand Séminaire des Missions.....	R.P. Louis Taché.....	5,002	—	12	..	33	—	—	—	—
Institut Marguerite d'Youville.....	Soeur Lucienne Allard.....	2,615	288	2,393	107	..	—	—	16	1
Institut Nazareth (École de Musique)	Soeur R.-D. Petit.....	20,422 <sup>6</sup>	—	120	..	290	—	—	—	5
Institut Pédagogique.....	Frère Téléphore.....	4,860	500	250	..	362	—	—	16	—
Institut de Traduction Inc. ....	Mlle Hélène Bertrand.....	105	—	—	..	55	—	—	—	—
Loyola College.....	Rev. Frederick W. Noll.....	26,700	—	—	..	489	—	—	80	—
Marianopolis College.....	Miss Mary M. Hall.....	5,788	—	..	..	168	—	—	24	1
McGill University.....	Richard Pennington.....	687,787	47,150	..	204,643	7,900	445	2,312	1,025	67
Faculty of Divinity <sup>7</sup> .....	Mrs. T.G. Keir.....	35,283	2,338	—	..	356	6	17	58	2
Faculty of Medicine <sup>7</sup> .....	Miss Edith R. Gordon.....	76,996	—	—	23,800	..	105	767	8	9
Montreal Presbyterian College.....	Miss Bessie F. Fraser.....	16,198	460	2,872	1,112	82	11	6	20	1
Mont-St-Louis.....	Frère F. Charles.....	20,000	—	—	2,000	540	—	—	30	—
Petit Séminaire de Montréal.....	M. Antonio Dansereau.....	30,032	—	14	..	28	—	—	3	—
Scolasticat de l'Immaculée-Concep- tion.....	R.P. Gérard Houle.....	108,291	—	74	..	175	15	25	69	2
Scolasticat du Très St-Sacrement.....	R.P. Antonio Bélanger.....	75,150	1,000	—	..	70	—	—	20	—
Séminaire Marie-Médiatrice.....	—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Séminaire de Philosophie.....	Abbé Émile Fréchette.....	20,000	500	2,000	..	230	—	—	25	—
Sir George Williams College.....	Miss Margaret F. Broadhurst.....	27,950	—	306	31,768	2,952	23	5	180	6
Studium Franciscain de Théologie.....	R.P. Osias Vandandaigue.....	30,260	100	20	..	64	15	55	13	—
United Theological College.....	R.B.Y. Scott.....	12,765	..	..	..	..	—	—	..	—
Université de Montréal.....	J.-R. Leduc (1954).....	160,350	6,800	650	70,000	2,325	70	50	172	25
École d'Optométrie.....	L.P. Raymond.....	1,400	500	2,100	..	75	—	—	7	—
Faculté de Droit.....	Georges Korwin Piotrowski.....	6,846	150	—	..	..	—	—	80	—
Faculté des Sciences (Institut Bo- tanique) <sup>5</sup> .....	Carmen Rinfret.....	20,000	40,000	1,111	..	..	..	..	36	2
Faculté de Théologie (Grand Sémi- naire de Montréal) <sup>1</sup> .....	M. Georges-Marie Bulteau.....	38,000	4,500	120	12,000	375	—	—	22	—
Institut d'Études Médiévales.....	R.P. Raymond-M. Giguère.....	10,500	1,000	500	..	36	—	—	—	1
Monument (Charlesbourg):										
Juniorat Ste-Marie.....	R.P. Noël Béland.....	2,570	10	—	70	37	—	—	..	—
Nicolet:										
Grand Séminaire de Nicolet.....	Abbé Chs.-É. Doucet.....	5,000	..	30	..	64	—	—	—	—
L'Institut des Dames Religieuses de l'Assomption.....	Soeur Saint-Antoine-de-Padoue	20,430	4,759	1,000	833	..	—	—	..	—
Petit Séminaire de Nicolet.....	Mgr Robert Charland.....	52,300	10,100	100	..	415	—	—	50	—
Notre-Dame-de-Val-d'Espoir:										
École moyenne d'Agriculture.....	R.P. J.-E. Lecours.....	800	100	200	..	58	—	—	..	—
Outremont:										
Collège Jésus-Marie.....	Soeur M.-Jean-du-Cénacle.....	5,795	—	26	..	115	—	—	—	1
École Vincent d'Indy.....	—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Externat Classique St-Viateur.....	R.P. Edmond Telmosse.....	15,010	2,000	50	1,500	120	—	—	..	—
Papineauville:										
Séminaire Montfortain.....	R.P. Bernard Dupuy.....	8,900	—	185	..	118	—	—	10	—
Pointe-aux-Trembles:										
Maison d'Études de la Réparation...	R.P. Alfred.....	35,878	6,200	20	..	23	—	—	12	1
Pont-Viau:										
Séminaire des Missions Étrangères..	Abbé Jacques Desparts.....	20,080	—	20	..	115	—	—	15	—
Québec:										
Académie de Québec <sup>5</sup> .....	Frère Magloire.....	26,346	..	50	10,000	570	—	—	12	1
Collège des Jésuites (Charles-Gar- nier).....	R.P. Antonio Lepage.....	30,621	16,000	38	..	526	—	—	—	—
École Supérieure des Sciences Do- mestiques.....	Soeur Sainte-Jeanne-de-Jésus...	3,006	300	50	..	125	—	—	10	—
Externat Classique St-Jean-Eudes...	R.P. Gaston Rinfret.....	22,500	—	—	..	455	—	—	—	—



TABLE 10. University and College Libraries, 1953 — Continued  
TABLEAU 10. Bibliothèques des universités et collèges, 1953 — suite

Province, address and name Province, adresse et nom	Librarian Bibliothécaire	Volumes	Pam- phlets — Bro- chures	Period- icals (un- bound) — Péri- odiques (non reliés)	Loans where recorded — Prêts inscrits	Borrowers where recorded — Abonné inscrits	Inter-library loans — Échanges entre bibliothèques		Seats for workers — Sièges pour lecteurs	Full- time staff — Personnel de plein temps
							From other libra- ries — Em- prunts	To other libra- ries — Prêts		
Québec — Con. — suite										
Québec — Con. — fin										
Juvenat St-Jean-Berchmans.....	R.P. A. Thibault .....	16,947	..	..	..	..	—	—	..	—
Le Collège des Ursulines.....	Mère Sainte-Édith.....	16,947	..	..	..	..	—	—	..	—
L'Institut des Dames Religieuses de Jésus-Marie-de-Sillery.....	Mère Marie-des-Anges .....	24,600	400	22	18,400	407	—	—	40	—
Pensionnat Notre-Dame-de-Bellevue	—	8,486	—	18	..	490	—	—	..	—
Petit Séminaire de Québec .....	—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Séminaire St-Antoine .....	—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Université Laval.....	Abbé J.-M. Blanchet .....	390,223	—	—	18,000	3,080	200	30	293	19
Richelieu:										
Noviciat Notre-Dame-du-Très-Saint- Rosaire.....	R.P. Jean Pétrin .....	15,040	—	50	..	160	—	—	10	—
Rigaud:										
Collège Bourget <sup>1</sup> .....	Chanoine J.-T. Donat Fortier....	50,416	3,115	72	..	650	—	—	10	1
Rimouski:										
Collège des Ursulines.....	—	3,100	1,298	220	..	..	—	—	..	—
Grand Séminaire de Rimouski.....	Abbé Lionel Hudon .....	10,010	—	40	..	87	—	—	22	—
Petit Séminaire de Rimouski.....	Chanoine Alphonse Fortin .....	31,700	3,200	800	..	570	—	—	25	—
Rivière-du-Loup:										
Externat Classique.....	Abbé Alban Lord .....	502	—	8	..	60	—	—	—	—
Rouyn:										
Collège des Oblats.....	R.P. Gilbert Forcier .....	10,500	—	4,000	..	435	—	—	—	—
Ste-Anne-de-Beaupré:										
Séminaire St-Alphonse.....	R.P. Adrien Grenier.....	43,925	2,340	30	..	..	—	—	15	—
Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière:										
Collège de Ste-Anne.....	Abbé Armand Dubé .....	66,794	3,100	35	..	647	—	—	—	—
École d'Agriculture .....	Abbé Joseph Caron .....	10,330	34,000	138	..	145	300	25	25	2
École des Pêcheries .....	—	750	325	24	..	36	50	10	25	—
St-Benoit-du-Lac:										
Monastère des Bénédictins.....	R.P. Dom, Martin Chamberlain..	31,000	5,000	1,000	..	79	20	35	—	2
St-Bernard-de-Lacolle:										
Prieuré des Pères Prémontrés .....	—	710	—	—	..	..	—	—	—	—
Ste-Foy:										
Scolasticat St-Vincent-de-Paul.....	R.P. Réal Forgues.....	11,040	—	50	..	45	—	—	32	—
Ste-Geneviève-de-Pierrefonds:										
Scolasticat Notre-Dame-de-Ste-Croix	R.P. Jean I efebvre.....	23,667	—	30	2,000	93	25	40	—	1
St-Hyacinthe:										
Collège Saint-Maurice.....	—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
École de médecine vétérinaire.....	Jean-Rodolphe Borduas.....	4,977	5,372	7,262	..	166	..	..	40	1
École supérieure de musique de l'Institut des Soeurs de la Présen- tation de Marie .....	—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand Séminaire du Christ-Roi.....	Chanoine William Morin.....	4,675	—	—	..	56	..	..	20	..
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe.....	Abbé Louis-Ph. Saint-Martin .....	128,065	11,000	15	..	650	—	—	150	—
St-Jean:										
Collège Militaire Royal de St-Jean	J.-Bernard Vinet.....	8,459	748	6,756	8,859	213	74	6	14	4
Séminaire de St-Jean .....	Abbé L.-G. Deland.....	24,535	1,300	750	..	50	—	—	12	—
St-Laurent:										
Collège Basil Moreau.....	Soeur Marie-de-Saint-Jean-d'Ars	14,000	2,000	100	..	330	—	—	..	—
Collège de St-Laurent .....	R.P. Jean Tétrault.....	56,000	2,000	—	..	570	—	—	15	1
Séminaire de Ste-Croix.....	R.P. Jean Millette.....	3,425	150	40	1,932	128	—	—	—	—
St-Michel-de-Rougemont:										
Cisterciens de l'Immaculée Concep- tion .....	—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ste-Thérèse-de-Blainville:										
Séminaire de Ste-Thérèse .....	Abbé Jean-Rémi Brault .....	40,500	800	100	800	455	—	—	50	—
St-Victor:										
Séminaire du Sacré-Coeur .....	Abbé J.-N. Gagné .....	13,432	2,906	16	..	234	—	—	—	—
Sault-au-Récollet:										
Maison St-Joseph .....	R.P. Victor Coulombe.....	47,045	..	30	..	90	—	—	..	1



TABLE 10. University and College Libraries, 1953 — Continued  
TABLEAU 10. Bibliothèques des universités et collèges, 1953 — suite

Province, address and name — Province, adresse et nom	Librarian — Bibliothécaire	Volumes	Pam- phlets — Bro- chures	Period- icals (un- bound) — Péri- odiques (non reliés)	Loans where recorded — Prêts inscrits	Borrowers where recorded — Abonnés inscrits	Inter-library loans — Échanges entre bibliothèques		Seats for workers — Sièges pour lecteurs	Full- time staff — Personnel de plein temps
							From other libra- ries — Em- prunts	To other libra- ries — Prêts		
Québec — Con. — fin										
Shawinigan: Séminaire Ste-Marie .....	Abbé Jean-Paul Foley.....	2,380	—	17	..	..	—	—	—	—
Sherbrooke: Collège du Sacré-Coeur .....	Soeur Saint-Célestin .....	8,580	300	—	6,000	180	—	100	5	—
Mont-Ste-Anne .....	Père Ottmar Baumeister .....	3,000	—	14	..	60	—	—	—	—
Séminaire des Saints-Apôtres .....	Abbé Marc-André Poulin .....	11,000	—	..	1,450	73	—	—	5	—
Université de Sherbrooke .....	Abbé Conrad Groleau .....	43,060	6,000	40	4,554	903	7	19	6	—
Sillery: Le Juvénat des Pères Maristes .....	R.P. Louis-Philippe Parent .....	9,750	400	30	..	113	—	—	—	—
Sorel: Collège Mgr Maxine Decelles .....	Abbé Maurice De Grandpré .....	385	—	—	..	52	—	—	—	—
Terrebonne: Séminaire Saint-Sacrement .....	R.P. Joseph Moreau .....	8,500	1,000	500	..	155	—	—	—	—
Trois-Rivières: École Supérieure de musique du Col- lège Marie-de-l'Incarnation .....	Mère Sainte-Angèle .....	..	..	..	..	..	—	—	—	—
Grand Séminaire de Trois-Rivières ..	—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
L'Institut des Dames Religieuses des Ursulines .....	—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Séminaire St-Antoine (Collège Séra- phique) .....	—	29,700	250	100	3,250	145	—	—	—	—
Séminaire St-Joseph (Petit Séminai- re) .....	Abbé J.-G. Turcotte .....	20,210	—	20	..	..	—	—	—	—
Valleyfield: Séminaire de Valleyfield .....	Abbé Marcel Dandurand .....	15,075	825	41	..	330	—	—	40	—
Verdun: Collège Jean-Jacques-Olier .....	Roger Lachapelle .....	4,000	—	12	..	142	—	—	—	—
Ontario										
Brockville: St. Mary's College .....	Rev. Edward Kennedy .....	13,300	350	1,000	2,500	115	—	—	8	—
Cornwall: Collège Classique .....	Père Fernand Brazeau .....	12,000	1,000	..	..	118	—	—	—	—
Eastview: Scolasticat de la Cie de Marie <sup>1</sup> .....	R.P. Alexandre Lebleu .....	13,500	1,000	32	..	..	—	—	—	—
Séminaire des Prêes Blancs .....	Armand Garneau .....	5,500	—	62	200	90	—	—	—	1
Guelph: Jesuit Novitiate (St. Stanislas) .....	Lawrence C. Braceland .....	10,745	5,000	26	..	76	20	40	12	—
Ontario Agricultural College .....	Miss Florence G. Partridge .....	51,861	36,000	—	10,618	1,520	125	25	125	5
Ontario Veterinary College .....	F. Eugene Gattinger .....	12,600	550	300	..	274	210	15	24	5
Hamilton: Hamilton College <sup>8</sup> .....	Miss Marget C. Meikleham .....	80,125	—	—	41,824	..	219	15	391	19
McMaster University .....										
Kingston: Queen's Theological College <sup>9</sup> .....	H. Pearson Gundy .....	236,371	—	—	..	2,400	327	286	300	18
Queen's University .....	Rev. Joseph V. Driscoll .....	17,000	750	3,000	..	333	93	178	70	2
Regiopolis College .....	J.W. Spurr .....	46,000	—	—	11,187	570	85	23	76	9
Kitchener: St. Jerome's College .....	Rev. A.J. Lehman .....	11,200	1,000	1,500	..	290	..	..	20	1
London: Huron College .....	Miss Dorothy Pascoe .....	17,000	—	—	3,000	120	—	—	16	1
Music Teachers' College <sup>10</sup> .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
St. Peter's Seminary and College of Arts .....	A. Durand .....	11,353	5,060	300	..	145	—	—	50	—
University of Western Ontario .....	Dr. James J. Talman .....	200,000	..	..	86,477	..	1,453	1,664	444	15
Ursuline College .....	Mother M. Rosanna .....	10,000	300	—	..	204	—	—	..	—
Niagara Falls: Mount Carmel College .....	Rev. Gervase Toelle .....	15,000	—	39	..	145	—	—	20	1

TABLE 10. University and College Libraries, 1953 — Continued  
TABLEAU 10. Bibliothèques des universités et collèges, 1953 — suite

Province, address and name — Province, adresse et nom	Librarian — Bibliothécaire	Volumes	Pam- phlets	Period- icals (un- bound)	Loans where recorded	Borrowers where recorded	Inter-library loans — Échanges entre bibliothèques		Seats for workers	Full- time staff
			Bro- chures	Péri- odiques (non reliés)	Prêts inscrits	Abonnés inscrits	From other libra- ries — Em- prunts	To other libra- ries — Prêts	Sièges pour lecteurs	Personnel de plein temps
Ontario — Con. — fin										
Ottawa:										
Carleton College.....	Miss Hilda Gifford.....	21,100	300	..	28,760	860	30	15	200	8
Collège des Dominicains.....	R.P. Simon-Pierre.....	30,175	2,500	—	..	110	14	8	4	—
Congrégation de Notre-Dame.....	Soeur St-Pierre-de-Ravenne .....	7,929	—	—	..	150	—	—	..	—
Grand Séminaire d'Ottawa .....	Abbé Jean Fairfield.....	9,000	—	20	1,200	70	—	—	20	—
Holy Rosary Scholasticate .....	Rev. R.D. Luckhart.....	6,510	600	32	..	84	—	—	36	—
Juniorat du Sacré-Coeur <sup>1</sup> .....	R.P. Félix Massie.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Juvénat St-Alexis .....	—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pensionnat de Notre-Dame-du-Sacré- Coeur .....	—	1,600	—	—	100	107	—	—	2	—
Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa.....	Abbé Gérard-M. Seguin .....	10,030	500	25	387	215	—	—	—	—
St. Patrick's College.....	Rev. P.F. Spratt.....	25,372	11,500	—	..	900	—	—	48	2
Scolasticat des Pères Capucins.....	R.P. Adrien.....	19,000	—	1,000	..	..	—	—	—	—
Scolasticat des RR.PP. Servites de Marie.....	R.P. Alexandre Lebleu.....	13,632	1,100	—	..	..	—	—	—	—
Scolasticat St-Joseph.....	R.P. Roger Guindon.....	53,000	550	—	1,800	198	10	15	40	—
Séminaire Universitaire Saint Paul.....	R.P. Jean-Léon Allie.....	65,000	—	—	..	403	—	30	50	1
Université d'Ottawa .....	R.P. Auguste-M. Morisset.....	160,300	1,700	125	24,000	5,300	34	116	70	6
Port Arthur:										
Lakehead Technical Institute.....	D.M. Fisher.....	2,702	1,500	46	4,695	218	17	—	21	2
St. Thomas:										
Alma College.....	Mrs. J.M. Douglas .....	1,672	—	12	..	177	—	—	..	—
Scarboro:										
St. Francis Xavier Seminary .....	—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sudbury:										
Collège du Sacré-Coeur.....	R.P. Ernest Lamoureux.....	5,100	—	28	..	355	—	—	30	—
Toronto:										
Canadian Memorial Chiropractic Col- lege.....	—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Canadian School of Missions .....	Mrs. Grace Pincoe.....	5,000	800	..	..	183	..	..	12	—
College of Optometry of Ontario.....	—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Connaught Medical Research Labora- tories.....	Miss Ruth M. Briggs .....	6,549	20,000	2,206	8,100	..	470	65	28	2
Jesuit Seminary.....	Rev. Vincent MacKenzie.....	40,000	500	5,000	..	100	—	..	..	1
Knox College.....	Neil G. Smith .....	44,060	—	—	4,500	275	2	38	50	1
Ontario College of Education.....	Miss Dorothy A. Thompson.....	25,630	—	125	17,552	993	25	10	155	3
Department of Educational Re- search.....	Miss Shirley K. Wigmore.....	7,230	4,500	29	..	85	—	—	6	—
Ontario College of Pharmacy .....	Miss D.F. James .....	4,900	300	250	..	847	2	8	48	1
Osgoode Hall Law School .....	George A. Johnston.....	8,975	..	..	19,619	867	—	—	72	1
Pontifical Institute of Mediaeval Studies .....	Rev. J.F. Stapleton.....	25,000	3,000	50	..	145	—	—	45	1
St. Augustine's Seminary.....	Rev. V. Keating .....	19,000	—	3,700	..	214	—	—	46	—
St. Basil's Seminary.....	Rev. Robert J. Scollard .....	14,114	—	—	..	264	..	..	50	1
St. Michael's College.....	—	22,900	—	1,800	10,000	880	10	25	40	2
Trinity College.....	J.W. Cole.....	46,730	—	52	15,500	750	—	—	60	2
United Church Training School <sup>1</sup> .....	—	905	200	30	..	33	—	—	20	—
University of Toronto.....	R.H. Blackburn.....	571,858	161,150	—	276,076	13,350	691	1,812	500	46
Victoria University <sup>11</sup> .....	Miss Margaret V. Ray .....	104,500	4,100	6,000	111,750	1,440	..	..	175	8
Wycliffe College.....	T.A.M. Barnett .....	19,000	—	42	3,087	..	—	—	—	2
Waterloo:										
Waterloo College of Arts and Theolo- gical Seminary.....	Mrs. Doris E. Lewis .....	12,429	300	95	3,425	308	51	5	16	—
Windsor:										
Assumption College.....	Mrs. Eleanor B. Haddow.....	26,563	1,500	244	..	875	20	25	75	5
Woodstock:										
St. Alphonsus Seminary .....	Rev. D.L. Egan .....	24,200	..	..	..	47	20	25	12	—
Manitoba										
Brandon:										
Brandon College.....	C.R. Evans .....	6,000	15	20	..	230	2	—	50	—
St-Boniface:										
Collège de St-Boniface .....	R.P. Joseph Sabourin .....	22,515	—	25	..	377	—	—	..	—
Grand Séminaire St-Boniface <sup>1</sup> .....	R. Nadeau .....	1,950	—	1	214	32	—	—	5	—
Winnipeg:										
Manitoba Law School .....	A.J. Christie.....	26,315	265	60	..	290	—	—	40	—
St. John's College.....	P.J. Coleman .....	8,294	—	18	..	76	—	—	..	—
St. Paul's College.....	Rev. L. Voisin .....	10,510	300	30	5,000	530	—	—	30	1
United College <sup>1</sup> .....	Miss E. Margaret Graham .....	54,000	..	6,000	..	764	10	5	325	4
University of Manitoba.....	Miss Elizabeth Dafee .....	221,600	—	5,000	110,500	3,106	294	71	800	23
Medical Library.....	Miss Ruth D. Monk.....	18,980	900	335	23,022	736	141	91	60	5

TABLE 10. University and College Libraries, 1953 — Concluded  
TABLEAU 10, Bibliothèques des universités et collèges, 1953 — fin

Province, address and name — Province, adresse et nom	Librarian — Bibliothécaire	Volumes	Pam- phlets — Bro- chures	Period- icals (un- bound) — Péri- odiques (non reliés)	Loans where recorded — Prêts inscrits	Borrowers where recorded — Abonnés inscrits	Inter-library loans — Échanges entre bibliothèques		Seats for workers — Sièges pour lecteurs	Full- time staff — Personnel de plein temps
							From other libra- ries — Em- prunts	To other libra- ries — Prêts		
Saskatchewan										
Gravelbourg: Collège Catholique <sup>5</sup> .....	—	5,200	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Lebret: Scolasticat du Sacré-Coeur .....	R.P. Maurice Dugal .....	10,020	300	5	..	70	—	—	20	—
Meunster: St. Peter's College.....	Rev. Philip Loehr .....	10,000	500	4,000	..	122	—	—	4	—
North Battleford: St. Thomas College .....	Rev. Leonard P. Stocker.....	13,213	1,000	240	..	231	50	20	55	—
Regina: Campion College.....	Rev. J. Lepine.....	25,000	1,200	29	..	369	—	—	34	—
Luther College .....	F.J. Wagner.....	7,860	64	12	..	282	—	—	36	—
Regina Cleri Seminary .....	—	6,000	—	—	..	..	—	—	..	—
Regina College .....	Miss Emma H. Bell .....	22,425	1,000	138	43,567	670	47	24	90	2
St. Chad's College .....	—	1,790	..	—	..	..	—	—	—	—
Saskatoon: Emmanuel College .....	Rev. J.D.F. Beattie .....	8,420	60	24	..	69	..	..	10	—
Luther Theological Seminary .....	Dr. O.K. Storaasli .....	5,250	150	360	775	23	—	—	12	—
Lutheran College and Seminary .....	Dr. C. Kleiner.....	7,500	800	28	..	..	—	—	12	—
St. Andrew's College .....	Dr. R.D. Tannahill .....	8,700	—	20	..	64	—	—	18	—
St. Thomas More College.....	Rev. R.W. Finn.....	2,000	15	—	20	350	—	—	12	—
University of Saskatchewan .....	D.C. Appett.....	132,356	..	..	64,623	..	403	247	300	17
Wilcox: Notre Dame College .....	Athol Murray .....	10,020	850	12	..	..	..	..	—	1
Alberta										
Calgary: Mount Royal College .....	Mrs. W.E. Willmott .....	4,131	—	8	..	..	—	—	..	—
College Heights: Canadian Union College .....	Mrs. Jean Murdoch .....	9,050	600	400	15,000	395	—	—	70	—
Edmonton: Collège St-Jean.....	R.P. Georges Tétreault.....	11,300	450	2,400	..	21	—	—	—	—
Concordia College .....	Arnold Guebert.....	8,600	—	150	..	114	—	—	20	—
St. Joseph's College .....	Brother Anslem.....	3,100	100	300	..	105	—	—	10	—
St. Joseph's Seminary .....	Francis Tarnozci.....	3,012	—	—	..	70	—	—	..	—
St. Stephen's College <sup>1</sup> .....	Dr. Lawrence E. Toombs .....	6,352	228	657	1,000	50	—	—	20	—
University of Alberta .....	Miss Marjorie Sherlock .....	117,656	5,000	1,228	169,574	5,700	227	120	750	33
British Columbia										
Nelson: Notre Dame College.....	James Coulson.....	..	..	..	..	70	—	—	..	—
Royal Roads: Canadian Services College .....	Mrs. Mary Campbell .....	7,000	—	120	3,469	230	20	2	45	2
Vancouver: Anglican Theological College .....	Rev. F.T. Kingston.....	8,955	—	—	..	65	—	—	15	—
Union College .....	Rev. R.A. Wilson.....	14,000	—	30	..	55	—	—	40	—
University of British Columbia.....	Neal Harlow .....	325,000	10,000	5,500	200,000	7,767	753	810	800	57
Victoria: Victoria College .....	Albert A. Spratt .....	15,000	—	—	..	375	49	5	100	2

1. Figures are for 1951; 1953 not available. — Chiffres de 1951; chiffres de 1953 non disponibles.

2. Library being reorganized; complete statistics are not available. — Bibliothèque en voie de réorganisation; aucune statistique disponible.

3. Records lost in fire which occurred in 1954. — Dossiers détruits lors de l'incendie de 1954.

4. Included in figures for McGill University. — Compris dans les chiffres de l'Université McGill.

5. Figures are for 1949; more recent statistics not available. — Chiffres de 1949; statistique plus récente non disponible.

6. Includes 12,095 braille volumes. — Comprend 12,095 volumes en braille.

7. Duplicated in figures for McGill University. — Aussi compris dans les chiffres de l'Université McGill.

8. Included in McMaster University. — Compris dans les chiffres de l'Université McMaster.

9. Included in Queen's University. — Compris dans les chiffres de l'Université Queen.

10. Included in University of Western Ontario. — Compris dans les chiffres de l'Université Western d'Ontario.

11. Includes Victoria College and Emmanuel College. Figures are for 1949; more recent statistics not available. — Comprend les chiffres du Victoria College et de l'Emmanuel College. Chiffres de 1949; statistique plus récente non disponible.

**SECTION III**  
**RETROSPECTIVE TABLES, 1930-1931 TO 1953-1954**

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**SECTION III**  
**TABLEAUX RÉTROSPECTIFS, 1930-1931 À 1953-1954**





TABLE 11. Full-time Undergraduate Enrolment in the Regular Session, by Faculty, 1931 to 1954  
TABLEAU 11. Étudiants sous-gradués de plein temps de la session régulière, par faculté, 1931 à 1954

—		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1953	1954
Arts, Science, Letters and Philosophy — Arts, sciences, lettres et philosophie								
Canada .....	T.	16,828	17,741	17,634	31,229	29,771	27,548	27,499
	M.—H.	11,473	12,536	12,300	23,164	21,833	20,542	20,354
	F.	5,355	5,205	5,334	8,065	7,938	7,006	7,145
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	1,811	1,750	1,711	2,840	3,201	2,916	3,005
	M.—H.	1,202	1,228	1,221	2,164	2,426	2,070	2,144
	F.	609	522	490	676	775	846	861
Québec .....	T.	4,704	5,516	5,959	8,683	10,005	10,174	10,179
	M.—H.	4,214	4,816	4,950	7,087	8,075	8,370	8,319
	F.	490	700	1,009	1,596	1,930	1,804	1,860
Ontario .....	T.	5,387	5,801	5,408	9,320	9,330	7,990	7,701
	M.—H.	3,159	3,549	3,284	6,047	6,328	5,529	5,286
	F.	2,228	2,252	2,124	3,273	3,002	2,461	2,415
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	4,926	4,674	4,556	10,386	7,235	6,468	6,614
	M.—H.	2,898	2,943	2,845	7,866	5,004	4,573	4,605
	F.	2,028	1,731	1,711	2,520	2,231	1,895	2,009
Agriculture — Degree course — Agriculture — Cours conduisant à un grade								
Canada .....	T.	899	1,108	1,373	2,198	1,668	1,196	1,174
	M.—H.	889	1,088	1,347	2,110	1,592	1,148	1,130
	F.	10	20	26	88	76	48	44
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	32	31	41	145	50	38	66
	M.—H.	31	31	38	143	48	38	65
	F.	1	—	3	2	2	—	1
Québec .....	T.	322	273	310	388	405	307	298
	M.—H.	321	271	308	379	383	297	289
	F.	1	2	2	9	22	10	9
Ontario .....	T.	273	496	479	666	429	345	344
	M.—H.	269	489	476	654	420	339	336
	F.	4	7	3	12	9	6	8
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	272	308	543	999	784	506	466
	M.—H.	268	297	525	934	741	474	440
	F.	4	11	18	65	43	32	26
Agriculture — Diploma course — Agriculture — Cours conduisant à un diplôme								
Canada .....	T.	370	385	396	685	660	437	473
	M.—H.	370	384	390	679	653	430	470
	F.	—	1	6	6	7	7	3
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	M.—H.	20	24	19	65	47	46	41
Québec .....	T.	145	202	145	167	108	71	74
	M.—H.	145	202	143	166	106	68	74
	F.	—	—	2	1	2	3	—
Ontario .....	T.	118	96	94	66	137	128	142
	M.—H.	118	96	90	66	134	127	141
	F.	—	—	4	—	3	1	1
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	87	63	138	387	368	192	216
	M.—H.	87	62	138	382	366	189	214
	F.	—	1	—	5	2	3	2
Architecture								
Canada <sup>1</sup> .....	T.	137	133	146	188	652	584	592
	M.—H.	136	116	136	171	624	563	577
	F.	1	17	10	17	28	21	15
Québec .....	T.	89	84	121	66	181	221	214
	M.—H.	89	84	115	54	174	211	207
	F.	—	—	6	12	7	10	7
Ontario <sup>1</sup> .....	T.	—	—	—	—	215	191	191
	M.—H.	—	—	—	—	210	184	186
	F.	—	—	—	—	5	7	5
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	48	49	25	122	256	172	187
	M.—H.	47	32	21	117	240	168	184
	F.	1	17	4	5	16	4	3

Note: Newfoundland included in Maritime Provinces from 1950. — Nota: Terre-Neuve comprise dans les Maritimes depuis 1950.

1. Architecture in University of Toronto is included in Engineering prior to 1949. — A l'Université de Toronto, l'architecture est comprise avec le génie avant 1949.

TABLE 11. Full-time Undergraduate Enrolment in the Regular Session, by Faculty, 1931 to 1954 — Continued  
TABLEAU 11. Étudiants sous-gradués de plein temps de la session régulière, par faculté, 1931 à 1954 — suite

—		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1953	1954
Commerce								
Canada .....	T.	883	786	1,190	3,367	3,424	3,220	3,254
	M.—H.	757	684	1,024	3,069	3,091	2,945	2,842
	F.	126	102	166	298	333	375	412
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	108	89	164	289	444	476	558
	M.—H.	70	57	93	179	335	345	394
	F.	38	32	71	110	109	131	164
Québec .....	T.	416	408	467	1,326	1,388	1,137	1,140
	M.—H.	393	387	448	1,284	1,342	1,080	1,080
	F.	23	21	19	42	46	57	60
Ontario <sup>2</sup> .....	T.	222	140	183	504	838	769	728
	M.—H.	194	126	165	476	720	650	609
	F.	28	14	18	28	118	119	119
Western Provinces <sup>2</sup> — Provinces de l'Ouest <sup>2</sup> .....	T.	137	149	376	1,248	754	838	828
	M.—H.	100	114	318	1,130	694	770	759
	F.	37	35	58	118	60	68	69
Dentistry — Art dentaire								
Canada .....	T.	380	422	468	753	947	781	773
	M.—H.	375	419	462	744	941	763	766
	F.	5	3	6	9	6	18	7
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	27	53	31	27	48	50	50
	M.—H.	27	53	31	27	48	45	47
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	5	3
Québec .....	T.	101	125	160	278	340	248	243
	M.—H.	100	124	158	277	339	247	242
	F.	1	1	2	1	1	1	1
Ontario .....	T.	220	196	225	390	443	360	361
	M.—H.	216	194	222	383	440	351	360
	F.	4	2	3	7	3	9	1
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	32	48	52	58	116	123	119
	M.—H.	32	48	51	57	114	120	117
	F.	—	—	1	1	2	3	2
Education — Pédagogie								
Canada .....	T.	618	802	677	1,092	2,277	2,310	2,534
	M.—H.	247	407	297	595	1,336	902	1,062
	F.	371	395	380	497	941	1,408	1,472
Maritime Provinces <sup>3</sup> — Provinces Maritimes <sup>3</sup> .....	T.	—	18	21	56	394	309	321
	M.—H.	—	9	3	20	247	180	178
	F.	—	9	18	36	147	129	143
Québec <sup>3</sup> .....	T.	92	198	162	168	368	599	658
	M.—H.	52	108	85	91	136	93	147
	F.	40	90	77	77	232	506	511
Ontario .....	T.	382	364	256	289	478	351	424
	M.—H.	144	176	98	171	310	188	246
	F.	238	188	158	118	168	163	178
Western Provinces <sup>4</sup> — Provinces de l'Ouest <sup>4</sup> .....	T.	144	222	238	579	1,037	1,051	1,131
	M.—H.	51	114	111	313	643	441	491
	F.	93	108	127	266	394	610	640

2. The Commerce courses of the University of Toronto are included in the Faculty of Arts prior to 1951, as is the Business Administration course of the University of Western Ontario prior to 1946. The Accountancy course of the University of Saskatchewan, and all degree courses in Secretarial Science, are included here. — Les cours en commerce à l'Université de Toronto sont inclus avec ceux de la faculté des arts jusqu'en 1951; il en va de même des cours d'administration à l'Université Western Ontario jusqu'en 1946. Les chiffres comprennent le cours de comptabilité de l'Université de Saskatchewan et tous les cours de science secrétariale conduisant à un grade.

3. Students in the Maritime universities preparing for teaching certificates are reported as Arts students until 1935; similarly at McGill University (Quebec) until 1933. — Jusqu'en 1935, les étudiants des universités des provinces Maritimes se préparant au brevet d'enseignement sont inscrits comme étudiants en arts; il en est de même pour l'Université McGill (P.Q.) jusqu'en 1933.

4. The training of teachers in the University of Alberta was reorganized in 1946 to include all teacher-training classes of the province within the Faculty of Education of the University. — La formation des instituteurs à l'Université d'Alberta a été réorganisée en 1946 de façon que tous les cours de la province relèvent de la faculté de pédagogie de l'université.

TABLE 11. Full-time Undergraduate Enrolment in the Regular Session, by Faculty, 1931 to 1954 — Continued

TABLEAU 11. Étudiants sous-gradués de plein temps de la session régulière, par faculté, 1931 à 1954 — suite

—		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1953	1954
Engineering and Applied Science — Génie et sciences appliquées								
Canada .....	T. M. — H. F.	3,554 3,548 6	3,387 3,376 11	4,381 4,368 13	10,884 10,827 57	8,367 8,348 19	8,135 8,118 17	9,098 9,071 27
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T. M. — H. F.	429 429 —	373 367 6	418 418 —	1,352 1,350 2	1,097 1,095 2	1,096 1,095 1	1,391 1,386 5
Québec .....	T. M. — H. F.	523 523 —	542 542 —	799 798 1	1,657 1,642 15	1,734 1,730 4	2,026 2,020 6	2,266 2,257 9
Ontario .....	T. M. — H. F.	1,506 1,502 4	1,438 1,434 4	1,708 1,698 10	4,392 4,364 28	3,006 2,997 9	2,742 2,732 10	2,853 2,842 11
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T. M. — H. F.	1,096 1,094 2	1,034 1,033 1	1,456 1,454 2	3,483 3,471 12	2,530 2,526 4	2,271 2,271 —	2,588 2,586 2
Forestry — Sylviculture								
Canada .....	T. M. — H. F.	136 136 —	98 98 —	173 173 —	530 529 1	617 616 1	490 490 —	446 444 2
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T. M. — H. F.	49 49 —	17 17 —	64 64 —	269 268 1	184 184 —	165 165 —	129 129 —
Québec .....	T. M. — H. F.	25 25 —	44 44 —	67 67 —	78 78 —	90 90 —	99 99 —	96 95 1
Ontario .....	M. — H.	62	37	42	183	201	135	128
British Columbia <sup>5</sup> — Colombie-Britannique <sup>5</sup> .....	T. M. — H. F.	5 5 5	5 5 5	5 5 5	5 5 5	142 141 1	91 91 —	93 92 1
Household Science — Degree course Sciences ménagères — Cours conduisant à un grade								
Canada .....	T. M. — H. F.	639 — 639	688 — 688	790 — 790	1,110 — 1,110	1,411 — 1,411	1,173 1 1,172	1,208 — 1,208
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	F.	90	114	143	170	179	171	186
Québec .....	F.	27	93	81	171	418	257	305
Ontario .....	F.	230	51	46	14	172	205	212
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T. M. — H. F.	292 — 292	430 — 430	520 — 520	755 — 755	642 — 642	540 1 539	505 — 505
Household Science — Diploma course Sciences ménagères — Cours conduisant à un diplôme								
Canada .....	F.	928	729	634	545	510	246	355
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	F.	18	46	34	36	28	25	27
Québec .....	F.	378	451	446	509	362	183	292
Ontario .....	F.	515	232	154	—	72	38	36
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	F.	17	—	—	—	48	—	—

5. Included in "Engineering and Applied Science" until 1949. — Compris dans "Génie et sciences appliquées" jusqu'en 1949.



TABLE 11. Full-time Undergraduate Enrolment in the Regular Session, by Faculty, 1931 to 1954 — Continued

TABLEAU 11. Étudiants sous-gradués de plein temps de la session régulière, par faculté, 1931 à 1954 — suite

—		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1953	1954
		Law — Droit						
Canada .....	T.	845	1,005	697	1,226	2,421	2,384	2,503
	M. — F.	816	982	678	1,172	2,325	2,280	2,396
	F.	29	23	19	54	96	104	107
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	66	115	60	136	225	155	177
	M. — H.	63	113	60	134	219	145	165
	F.	3	2	—	2	6	10	12
Québec .....	T.	392	337	243	346	624	709	779
	M. — H.	387	333	241	332	589	670	736
	F.	5	4	2	14	35	39	43
Ontario .....	T.	249	391	252	500	828	916	960
	M. — H.	238	380	243	479	802	894	933
	F. F.	11	11	9	21	26	22	27
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	138	162	142	244	744	604	587
	M. — H.	128	156	134	227	715	571	562
	F.	10	6	8	17	29	33	25
		Library Science — Bibliothéconomie						
Canada .....	T.	42	67	52	67	113	132	122
	M. — H.	3	4	6	8	23	22	28
	F.	39	63	46	59	90	110	94
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	—	—	—	1	—	5	—
	M. — H.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F.	—	—	—	1	—	5	—
Québec .....	T.	14	20	15	21	44	65	72
	M. — H.	3	4	1	1	11	12	19
	F.	11	16	14	20	33	53	53
Ontario .....	T.	28	47	37	45	69	62	50
	M. — H.	—	—	5	7	12	10	9
	F.	28	47	32	38	57	52	41
		Medicine — Médecine						
Canada .....	T.	2,921	3,037	2,940	3,200	4,409	4,501	4,569
	M. — H.	2,798	2,908	2,780	2,965	4,135	4,209	4,271
	F.	123	129	160	235	274	292	298
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	171	186	219	167	274	274	266
	M. — H.	170	180	215	162	261	260	252
	F.	1	6	4	5	13	14	14
Québec .....	T.	944	961	959	1,204	1,574	1,636	1,696
	M. — H.	930	942	924	1,158	1,504	1,548	1,607
	F.	14	19	35	46	70	88	89
Ontario .....	T.	1,321	1,389	1,234	1,388	1,864	1,783	1,749
	M. — H.	1,245	1,318	1,157	1,249	1,719	1,652	1,608
	F.	76	71	77	139	145	131	141
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	485	501	528	441	697	808	858
	M. — H.	453	468	484	396	651	749	804
	F.	32	33	44	45	46	59	54
		Nursing — Degree and post-graduate diploma courses						
		Sciences hospitalières — Cours pour gradués et sous-gradués						
Canada .....	T.	301	372	510	974	1,034	983	1,012
	M. — H.	—	—	—	—	—	4	2
	F.	301	372	510	974	1,034	979	1,010
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	—	2	14	22	42	43	53
	M. — H.	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
	F.	—	2	14	22	42	42	53
Québec .....	F.	53	43	127	256	259	145	225
Ontario .....	T.	107	120	172	408	451	525	430
	M. — H.	—	—	—	—	—	3	2
	F.	107	120	172	408	451	522	428
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	F.	141	207	197	288	282	270	304

TABLE 11. Full-time Undergraduate Enrolment in the Regular Session, by Faculty, 1931 to 1954 — Continued

TABLEAU 11. Étudiants sous-gradués de plein temps de la session régulière, par faculté, 1931 à 1954 — suite

—		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1953	1954
Occupational Therapy and Physiotherapy Ergothérapie et physiothérapie								
Canada .....	F.	56	70	174	395	270	370	389
McGill University <sup>6</sup> — Université McGill <sup>6</sup> .....	F.	—	—	—	60	59	92	95
University of Toronto <sup>7</sup> — Université de Toronto <sup>7</sup> .....	F.	56	70	174	335	211	278	294
Physical and Health Education Culture physique et hygiène								
Canada .....	T.	76	55	128	325	747	475	444
	M. — H.	—	3	5	142	290	259	238
	F.	76	52	123	183	257	216	206
Quebec .....	T.	25	21	19	84	130	73	64
	M. — H.	—	3	—	30	59	25	22
	F.	25	18	19	54	71	48	42
Ontario .....	T.	51	34	101	241	278	292	264
	M. — H.	—	—	5	112	140	159	143
	F.	51	34	96	129	138	133	121
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	—	—	8	—	139	110	116
	M. — H.	—	—	—	—	91	75	73
	F.	—	—	8	—	48	35	43
Pharmacy — Pharmacie								
Canada .....	T.	512	484	412	738	1,458	1,365	1,243
	M. — F.	481	445	372	547	1,288	1,193	1,078
	F.	31	39	40	191	170	172	165
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	12	9	7	42	64	49	34
	M. — H.	10	7	5	27	61	44	31
	F.	2	2	2	15	3	5	3
Québec .....	T.	94	95	86	203	456	452	421
	M. — H.	94	95	84	193	423	419	389
	F.	—	—	2	10	33	33	32
Ontario .....	T.	250	200	186	220	422	425	322
	M. — H.	239	190	165	144	363	353	262
	F.	11	10	21	76	59	72	60
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	156	180	133	273	516	439	466
	M. — H.	138	153	118	183	441	377	396
	F.	18	27	15	90	75	62	70
Social Work — Service social								
Canada .....	T.	110	127	146	277	422	396	378
	M. — H.	11	22	22	59	211	132	140
	F.	99	105	124	218	211	264	238
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	—	—	1	14	19	20	19
	M. — H.	—	—	—	3	10	6	8
	F.	—	—	1	11	9	14	11
Québec .....	T.	30	17	27	108	171	198	197
	M. — H.	1	3	4	26	91	82	81
	F.	29	14	23	82	80	116	116
Ontario .....	T.	70	85	92	66	100	95	85
	M. — H.	9	15	14	12	46	23	16
	F.	61	70	78	54	54	72	69
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	10	25	26	89	132	83	77
	M. — H.	1	4	4	18	64	21	35
	F.	9	21	22	71	68	62	42

6. physiotherapy only. — Physiothérapie seulement.

7. Courses in Occupational Therapy and Physiotherapy combined in 1950-51. — Cours d'ergothérapie et de physiothérapie réunis en 1950-1951.

TABLE 11. Full-time Undergraduate Enrolment in the Regular Session, by Faculty, 1931 to 1954 — Concluded

TABLEAU 11. Étudiants sous-gradués de plein temps de la session régulière, par faculté, 1931 à 1954 — fin

			1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1953	1954
			Total Theology (including graduate students)						
			Théologie, total (y compris les gradués)						
Canada .....	T.		2,261	2,643	2,429	2,319	2,729	2,592	2,611
	M. — H.		2,217	2,619	2,393	2,264	2,632	2,491	2,496
	F.		44	24	36	55	97	101	115
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.		133	187	146	198	198	195	199
	M. — H.		133	187	146	198	195	195	199
	F.		—	—	—	—	3	—	—
Québec .....	T.		968	1,221	1,073	1,095	1,022	947	966
	M. — H.		968	1,221	1,073	1,094	1,021	947	966
	F.		—	—	—	1	1	—	—
Ontario .....	T.		938	1,076	940	826	1,210	1,178	1,168
	M. — H.		901	1,053	906	778	1,122	1,084	1,062
	F.		37	23	34	48	88	94	106
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.		222	159	270	200	299	272	278
	M. — H.		215	153	268	194	294	265	269
	F.		7	1	2	6	5	7	9
			Protestant Theological Colleges — Collèges protestants de théologie						
Canada .....	T.		621	634	675	586	920	733	754
	M. — H.		577	610	639	531	823	632	639
	F.		44	24	36	55	97	101	115
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.		60	98	85	106	121	93	98
	M. — H.		60	98	85	106	118	93	98
	F.		—	—	—	—	3	—	—
Québec .....	T.		80	76	83	41	66	67	66
	M. — H.		80	76	83	40	65	67	66
	F.		—	—	—	1	1	—	—
Ontario .....	T.		259	301	293	284	506	380	390
	M. — H.		222	278	259	236	418	286	284
	F.		37	23	34	48	88	94	106
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.		222	159	214	155	227	193	200
	M. — H.		215	158	212	149	222	186	191
	F.		7	1	2	6	5	7	9
			Roman Catholic Theological Colleges, Seminaries, etc.						
			Collèges, séminaires, etc. de théologie catholiques						
Canada .....	M. — H.		1,640	2,009	1,754	1,733	1,809	1,859	1,857
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	M. — H.		73	89	61	92	77	102	101
Québec .....	M. — H.		888	1,145	990	1,054	956	880	900
Ontario .....	M. — H.		679	775	647	542	704	798	778
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	M. — H.		—	—	56	45	72	79	78
			Veterinary Science — Médecine vétérinaire						
Canada .....	T.		122	245	245	395	497	363	405
	M. — H.		122	245	241	386	485	350	388
	F.		—	—	4	9	12	13	17
Québec .....	T.		25	44	49	41	121	91	86
	M. — H.		25	44	49	41	121	91	86
	F.		—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario .....	T.		97	201	196	354	376	272	319
	M. — H.		97	201	192	345	364	259	302
	F.		—	—	4	9	12	13	17

TABLE 12. Summary of Total Full-time Undergraduate Enrolment in the Regular Session, 1920 to 1954<sup>1</sup>TABLEAU 12. État sommaire de tous les étudiants sous-gradués de plein temps de la session régulière, 1920 à 1954<sup>1</sup>

Academic year — Année scolaire	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Qué.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Total	Women in- cluded — Femmes	War veterans included — Anciens com- battants
1919-20 .....	*	127	1,463	477	6,905	8,868	1,522	641	969	897	21,869	3,170	*
21 .....	*	107	1,660	487	7,157	9,050	1,644	647	989	1,056	22,791	3,716	*
22 .....	*	108	1,660	519	7,479	9,446	1,956	702	1,021	1,223	24,114	4,405	*
23 .....	*	107	1,629	513	8,016	9,393	2,161	871	1,210	1,312	25,212	4,622	*
24 .....	*	119	1,560	508	7,986	8,738	2,215	875	1,089	1,440	24,530	4,753	*
25 .....	*	125	1,585	493	8,030	8,752	2,258	870	1,077	1,615	24,805	5,229	*
26 .....	*	108	1,561	560	8,039	8,785	2,239	878	1,085	1,597	24,852	5,272	*
27 .....	*	101	1,554	627	8,118	9,121	2,263	1,109	1,065	1,776	25,734	5,787	*
28 .....	*	102	1,651	627	8,263	9,621	2,358	1,165	1,213	1,932	26,932	6,107	*
29 .....	*	107	1,778	730	8,501	9,928	2,538	1,449	1,294	1,981	28,306	6,492	*
1929-30 .....	*	107	1,854	819	8,955	10,664	2,649	1,622	1,436	2,103	30,209	7,113	*
31 .....	*	102	1,968	903	9,090	11,414	2,608	1,755	1,490	2,246	31,576	7,428	*
32 .....	*	128	2,190	944	9,174	11,810	3,125	1,752	1,539	2,200	32,862	7,825	*
33 .....	*	119	2,159	935	9,655	12,078	2,940	1,735	1,617	1,923	33,166	7,565	*
34 .....	*	117	2,130	921	9,696	11,916	2,649	1,726	1,690	1,751	32,596	7,210	*
35 .....	*	104	2,010	872	10,053	12,002	2,654	1,766	1,694	1,896	33,051	7,375	*
36 .....	*	93	2,099	863	10,249	12,066	2,670	1,776	1,745	1,961	33,522	7,494	*
37 .....	*	96	2,137	882	10,471	11,946	2,759	1,788	1,756	2,063	33,918	7,582	*
38 .....	*	103	2,075	942	10,769	11,833	2,860	1,839	1,706	2,328	34,460	7,547	*
39 .....	*	115	2,079	1,006	10,921	12,229	2,738	1,858	1,831	2,387	35,164	7,664	*
1939-40 .....	*	115	2,028	1,054	11,060	12,290	2,671	2,186	1,982	2,517	35,903	8,155	*
41 .....	*	128	1,964	1,011	10,930	11,693	2,483	1,945	1,939	2,724	34,817	8,107	*
42 .....	*	135	1,924	911	11,271	11,640	2,418	1,950	1,733	2,698	34,680	8,141	*
43 .....	*	152	2,019	1,020	11,734	11,734	2,607	2,001	1,719	2,706	35,692	8,423	*
44 .....	*	179	2,104	1,102	12,144	11,364	2,433	1,617	1,572	2,617	35,132	8,911	68
45 .....	*	179	2,112	1,252	13,387	12,297	2,789	1,787	1,478	3,095	38,376	10,995	517
46 .....	*	268	3,400	2,137	16,534	20,278	5,427	3,997	2,996	6,824	61,861	12,870	20,000
47 .....	*	276	4,161	2,509	19,016	25,848	6,443	4,689	4,124	9,171	76,237	14,531	34,000
48 .....	*	307	4,165	2,723	19,721	27,648	6,321	4,700	4,442	9,319	79,346	14,615	29,600
49 .....	*	306	4,307	2,509	20,317	26,303	5,528	3,956	3,984	8,597	75,807	14,415	21,800
1949-50 .....	324	298	4,116	2,195	19,687	23,679	4,369	3,256	3,662	7,525	69,111	14,083	13,049
51 .....	380	270	3,879	2,020	19,819	21,268	4,411	2,575	3,015	6,399	64,036	13,866	6,126
52 .....	379	258	3,504	1,916	19,468	19,495	3,895	2,317	2,945	5,672	59,849	13,247	2,464
53 .....	426	268	3,579	1,801	19,847	19,333	3,941	2,310	3,018	5,523	60,046	13,225	1,125
54 .....	421	257	3,876	1,990	20,302	19,037	4,014	2,421	3,264	5,616	61,198	13,400	533

1. Excludes Normal School students and nurses studying for R.N. — Sauf les étudiants des écoles normales et les infirmières qui étudient en vue du diplôme.

\* Record not available. — Non disponible.

TABLE 13. Total Graduate Enrolment in the Regular Session, by Faculty, 1931 to 1954<sup>1</sup>TABLEAU 13. Total des gradués de la session régulière, par faculté, 1931 à 1954<sup>1</sup>

—		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1953	1954
		Graduate courses in Arts, Science and Philosophy						
		Cours en arts, sciences et philosophie						
Canada .....	T. M.—H. F.	1,118 779 339	1,277 913 364	1,252 944 308	2,370 1,779 591	3,026 2,581 445	3,116 2,655 461	3,123 2,606 517
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T. M.—H. F.	45 27 18	85 57 28	69 55 14	100 76 24	130 105 25	107 89 18	101 82 19
Quebec .....	T. M.—H. F.	342 256 86	328 238 90	350 240 110	768 507 261	857 702 155	1,018 804 214	893 698 195
Ontario .....	T. M.—H. F.	482 324 158	548 377 171	563 432 131	1,206 968 238	1,387 1,203 184	1,551 1,334 167	1,792 1,537 255
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T. M.—H. F.	249 172 77	316 241 75	270 217 53	296 228 68	652 571 81	440 378 62	337 289 48

1. Includes part-time students in the regular session. — Comprend les étudiants à temps partiel de la session régulière.



TABLE 13. Total Graduate Enrolment in the Regular Session, by Faculty, 1931 to 1954<sup>1</sup> — ConcludedTABLEAU 13. Total des gradués de la session régulière, par faculté, 1931 à 1954<sup>1</sup> — fin

—		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1953	1954
		Other graduate courses (excepting Theology) <sup>2</sup> — Autres cours (théologie exceptée) <sup>2</sup>						
Canada .....	T. M.—H. F.	232 219 13	309 285 24	317 299 18	500 461 39	1,533 1,276 257	1,271 1,117 154	1,586 1,318 268
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T. M.—H. F.	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	21 19 2	22 20 2	20 19 1
Quebec .....	T. M.—H. F.	27 27 —	57 57 —	69 64 5	153 134 19	608 487 121	438 390 48	655 539 116
Ontario .....	T. M.—H. F.	151 140 11	203 181 22	154 146 8	257 243 14	552 474 78	482 415 67	520 430 90
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T. M.—H. F.	54 52 2	49 47 2	94 89 5	90 84 6	352 296 56	329 292 37	391 330 61

1. Includes part-time students in the regular session. — Comprend les étudiants à temps partiel de la session régulière.

2. Includes Agriculture, Architecture, Dentistry, Education, Engineering and Applied Science, Forestry, Household Science, Law, Medicine, Pharmacy, Social Work, and Veterinary Science. — Comprend l'agriculture, l'architecture, l'art dentaire, la pédagogie, le génie et les sciences appliquées, la sylviculture, les sciences ménagères, le droit, la médecine, la pharmacie, le service social, et la médecine vétérinaire.

TABLE 14. Summary of Total Graduate Enrolment in the Regular Session (except Theology), 1920 to 1954<sup>1</sup>TABLEAU 14. État sommaire de tous les gradués de la session régulière (sauf en théologie), 1920 à 1954<sup>1</sup>

Academic year — Année scolaire	N.S.	N.B.	Qué.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Total	Women in- cluded — Femmes	War veterans included — Anciens com- battants
1919—20 .....	12	1	98	182	21	6	43	20	383	99	*
21 .....	18	6	113	190	30	10	41	15	423	108	*
22 .....	15	6	162	222	31	16	68	38	558	158	*
23 .....	13	8	197	322	29	13	83	49	714	195	*
24 .....	21	9	222	396	44	—	105	54	851	221	*
25 .....	24	8	259	368	40	20	108	46	873	228	*
26 .....	21	6	253	385	40	21	66	54	846	221	*
27 .....	39	4	273	419	38	25	84	47	929	252	*
28 .....	52	8	316	473	41	29	69	51	1,039	291	*
29 .....	43	5	296	487	43	27	62	47	1,010	269	*
1929—30 .....	47	11	351	546	33	33	57	59	1,137	318	*
31 .....	40	5	369	633	50	62	84	107	1,350	352	*
32 .....	42	13	435	740	65	66	96	112	1,569	402	*
33 .....	50	27	435	837	60	64	97	128	1,698	398	*
34 .....	56	21	411	869	61	53	100	116	1,687	424	*
35 .....	60	24	396	735	76	50	88	114	1,533	399	*
36 .....	59	26	385	751	73	58	84	150	1,586	388	*
37 .....	67	13	379	792	63	54	85	182	1,635	398	*
38 .....	61	13	348	799	46	46	77	150	1,540	332	*
39 .....	70	16	364	767	59	38	88	148	1,550	341	*
1939—40 .....	71	19	393	753	61	43	99	162	1,601	354	*
41 .....	60	9	419	717	68	49	84	163	1,569	326	*
42 .....	33	9	396	662	48	30	87	141	1,406	312	*
43 .....	37	4	376	544	48	23	87	108	1,227	287	*
44 .....	29	3	471	630	29	28	78	124	1,392	404	5
45 .....	38	7	662	663	52	33	94	140	1,689	428	37
46 .....	78	22	921	1,463	59	46	101	180	2,870	630	500
47 .....	96	33	1,206	1,682	72	74	167	344	3,674	719	1,000
48 .....	97	31	1,361	1,900	99	73	216	362	4,139	867	900
49 .....	80	30	1,692	2,179	95	109	220	452	4,857	1,124	1,300
1949—50 .....	112	42	1,857	2,283	173	104	259	432	5,262	1,127	1,090
51 .....	119	32	1,465	1,939	174	168	239	423	4,559	702	843
52 .....	83	41	1,448	1,911	195	116	189	319	4,302	663	349
53 .....	88	41	1,456	2,033	151	114	204	300	4,387	615	111
54 .....	67	54	1,548	2,312	190	95	144	299	4,709	785	47

\* Record not available. — Non disponible.

1. Includes full-time and part-time students. — Comprend les étudiants de plein temps et à temps partiel.

TABLE 15. Degrees and Diplomas Granted by Faculty, 1931 to 1954

TABLEAU 15. Grades et diplômes conférés, par faculté, 1931 à 1954

—			1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1953	1954
Bachelor of Agricultural Science — Baccalauréats en science agricole									
Canada .....	T.		160	238	238	202	556	293	243
	M.—H.		158	231	230	192	539	279	229
	F.		2	7	8	10	17	14	14
Québec .....	T.		48	51	43	49	109	68	50
	M.—H.		48	50	42	48	103	67	46
	F.		—	1	1	1	6	1	4
Ontario .....	T.		53	117	109	59	180	80	79
	M.—H.		52	115	105	59	178	76	79
	F.		1	2	4	—	2	4	—
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.		59	70	86	94	267	145	114
	M.—H.		58	66	83	85	258	136	104
	F.		1	4	3	9	9	9	10
Diplomas in Agriculture — Diplômes l'agriculture									
Canada .....	T.		115	107	145	75	229	176	184
	M.—H.		115	107	145	74	228	174	184
	F.		—	—	—	1	1	2	—
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.		16	17	12	22	25	19	18
	M.—H.		16	17	12	22	25	19	18
	F.		—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Québec .....	T.		42	42	45	24	54	41	44
	M.—H.		42	42	45	24	54	41	44
	F.		—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario .....	T.		33	36	34	—	59	37	36
	M.—H.		33	36	34	—	58	37	36
	F.		—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.		24	12	54	29	91	79	86
	M.—H.		24	12	54	28	91	77	86
	F.		—	—	—	1	—	2	—
Graduates in Architecture — Grades en architecture									
Canada .....	T.		24	53	24	29	165	102	92
	M.—H.		24	53	23	25	164	99	87
	F.		—	—	1	4	1	3	5
Québec .....	T.		8	22	16	11	50	37	30
	M.—H.		8	22	16	8	49	36	29
	F.		—	—	—	3	1	1	1
Ontario .....	T.		7	14	2	9	54	31	26
	M.—H.		7	14	2	8	54	30	25
	F.		—	—	—	1	—	1	1
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.		9	17	6	9	61	34	36
	M.—H.		9	17	5	9	61	33	33
	F.		—	—	1	—	—	1	3
Bachelors of Arts and Letters <sup>1</sup> — Baccalauréats ès arts ou ès lettres <sup>1</sup>									
Canada .....	T.		2,474	3,175	3,332	3,825	6,059	5,360	5,101
	M.—H.		1,493	2,007	2,242	2,384	4,190	3,689	3,493
	F.		981	1,168	1,090	1,441	1,869	1,671	1,608
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.		273	309	252	251	514	433	416
	M.—H.		172	184	154	145	360	299	265
	F.		101	125	98	106	154	134	151
Québec .....	T.		669	916	1,109	1,296	1,664	1,843	1,784
	M.—H.		567	762	931	1,002	1,321	1,470	1,443
	F.		102	154	178	294	343	373	341
Ontario .....	T.		968	1,308	1,253	1,527	2,595	2,093	1,988
	M.—H.		506	737	750	852	1,657	1,321	1,214
	F.		462	571	503	675	938	772	774
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.		564	642	718	751	1,286	991	913
	M.—H.		248	324	407	385	852	599	571
	F.		316	318	311	366	434	392	342

1. Includes a few Bachelors of Social Science in Quebec. — Y compris quelques baccalauréats en sciences sociales dans le Québec.

TABLE 15. Degrees and Diplomas Granted by Faculty, 1931 to 1954 — Continued

TABLEAU 15. Grades et diplômes conférés, par faculté, 1931 à 1954 — suite

		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1953	1954
Bachelors of Science (in Arts) — Baccalauréats ès sciences (arts)								
Canada .....	T.	252	320	342	576	1,067	793	756
	M.—H.	207	275	291	434	915	654	634
	F.	45	45	51	142	152	139	122
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	73	109	102	170	223	158	136
	M.—H.	61	99	83	140	192	123	116
	F.	12	10	19	30	31	35	20
Québec .....	T.	84	50	93	187	393	293	263
	M.—H.	74	42	78	128	334	242	203
	F.	10	8	15	59	59	51	60
Ontario .....	T.	—	—	13	49	141	131	149
	M.—H.	—	—	12	46	124	118	137
	F.	—	—	1	3	17	13	12
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	95	161	134	170	310	211	208
	M.—H.	72	134	118	120	265	171	178
	F.	23	27	16	50	45	40	30
Bachelors of Commerce <sup>2</sup> — Baccalauréats en commerce <sup>2</sup>								
Canada .....	T.	169	202	263	338	708	698	596
	M.—H.	152	177	231	299	661	663	556
	F.	17	25	32	39	47	35	40
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	24	19	24	18	75	69	73
	M.—H.	20	19	19	17	69	64	63
	F.	4	—	5	1	6	5	10
Québec .....	T.	41	50	58	97	261	323	250
	M.—H.	41	46	53	92	250	314	242
	F.	—	4	5	5	11	9	8
Ontario .....	T.	68	77	82	67	160	126	104
	M.—H.	58	75	76	61	149	120	96
	F.	10	2	6	6	11	6	8
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	36	56	99	156	212	180	169
	M.—H.	33	37	83	129	193	165	155
	F.	3	19	16	27	19	15	14
Doctors of Dentistry — Doctorats en art dentaire								
Canada .....	T.	90	106	98	77	294	219	169
	M.—H.	90	106	98	76	292	214	164
	F.	—	—	—	1	2	5	5
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	9	11	7	8	12	14	14
	M.—H.	9	11	7	8	12	12	13
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	2	1
Québec .....	T.	15	33	33	61	106	90	55
	M.—H.	15	33	33	61	105	90	55
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Ontario .....	T.	59	59	45	1	151	80	68
	M.—H.	59	59	45	1	151	78	64
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	2	4
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	7	3	13	7	25	35	32
	M.—H.	7	3	13	6	24	34	32
	F.	—	—	—	1	1	1	—
Graduates in Applied Science or Engineering Grades en sciences appliquées ou en génie								
Canada .....	T.	420	566	697	1,006	2,427	1,337	1,252
	M.—H.	420	564	697	1,002	2,424	1,335	1,251
	F.	—	2	—	4	3	2	1
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	38	38	49	71	174	116	105
	M.—H.	38	38	49	71	174	116	104
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Québec .....	T.	72	102	146	173	513	325	320
	M.—H.	72	102	146	173	513	325	320
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario .....	T.	184	246	291	389	991	478	455
	M.—H.	184	244	291	387	988	476	455
	F.	—	2	—	2	3	2	—
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	126	180	211	373	749	418	372
	M.—H.	126	180	211	371	749	418	372
	F.	—	—	—	2	—	—	—

2. Includes a few Bachelors of Accountancy and of Secretarial Science. — Y compris quelques baccalauréats en comptabilité et en science secrétariale.

TABLE 15. Degrees and Diplomas Granted by Faculty, 1931 to 1954 — continued

TABLEAU 15. Grades et diplômes conférés, par faculté, 1931 à 1954 — suite

		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1953	1954
Bachelors of Education or Pedagogy — Baccalauréats en éducation ou pédagogie								
Canada.....	T.	61	100	149	251	577	529	752 <sup>3</sup>
	M. — H.	41	75	112	187	422	338	474 <sup>3</sup>
	F.	20	25	37	64	155	191	278 <sup>3</sup>
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	1	12	12	14	100	100	103
	M. — H.	—	6	4	9	87	72	78
	F.	1	6	8	5	13	28	25
Québec .....	T.	15	16	51	45	63	66	99
	M. — H.	5	11	45	35	31	28	33
	F.	10	5	6	10	32	38	66
Ontario .....	T.	37	52	39	39	43	24	140 <sup>3</sup>
	M. — H.	31	47	32	32	41	17	121 <sup>3</sup>
	F.	6	5	7	7	2	7	19 <sup>3</sup>
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	8	20	47	153	371	339	410
	M. — H.	5	11	31	111	263	221	242
	F.	3	9	16	42	108	118	168
Graduates of University Teacher-Training Courses								
Gradués des cours universitaires de formation d'instituteurs								
Canada <sup>4</sup> .....	T.	581	584	561	464	836	827	797
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	49	37	14	5	63	32	22
	M. — H.	22	17	4	4	50	22	15
	F.	27	20	10	1	13	10	7
Québec <sup>4</sup> .....	T.	38	48	45	62	40	73	62
Ontario .....	T.	377	390	338	261	352	427	420
	M. — H.	133	171	159	120	228	269	252
	F.	244	219	179	141	124	158	168
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	117	109	164	136	381	295	293
	M. — H.	48	47	54	65	269	167	173
	F.	69	62	110	71	112	128	120
Bachelors of Science in Forestry — Baccalauréats ès sciences sylvicoles								
Canada .....	T.	41	21	42	40	157	106	93
	M. — H.	41	21	42	40	157	106	93
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	9	1	12	2	7	44	28
	M. — H.	9	1	12	2	7	44	28
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Québec .....	M. — H.	10	5	16	13	25	16	16
Ontario .....	M. — H.	18	14	3	12	56	23	35
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	4	1	11	13	69	23	14
	M. — H.	4	1	11	13	69	23	14
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bachelors of Household Science — Baccalauréats en sciences ménagères								
Canada .....	T.	112	138	214	187	277	250	257
	M. — H.	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
	F.	112	138	214	187	277	249	223
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	F.	13	25	46	33	35	30	44
Québec .....	F.	7	17	16	35	56	58	59
Ontario .....	F.	37	18	15	2	3	32	40
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	—	—	—	—	—	130	114
	M. — H.	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
	F.	55	78	137	117	183	129	114

3. Bachelor of Education degree began in 1953-54 at the University of Toronto. — L'université de Toronto confère le baccalauréat en pédagogie depuis 1953-1954.

4. Record of men and women not obtained separately for Quebec. — Les chiffres des hommes et des femmes n'ont pas été obtenus séparément pour le Québec.



TABLE 15. Degrees and Diplomas Granted by Faculty, 1931 to 1954 — continued

TABLEAU 15. Grades et diplômes conférés, par faculté, 1931 à 1954 — suite

—		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1953	1954
Bachelors of Canon Law — Baccalauréats en droit canonique								
Canada .....	T.	16	—	8	13	2	3	—
Québec .....	M. — H.	10	—	5	9	—	—	—
Ontario .....	M. — H.	6	—	3	4	2	3	—
Graduates in Law — Grades en droit								
Canada .....	T.	223	228	265	161	712	586	627
	M. — H.	218	221	261	149	692	558	596
	F.	5	7	4	12	20	28	31
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	18	35	34	10	77	52	56
	M. — H.	17	34	33	10	75	50	50
	F.	1	1	1	—	2	2	6
Québec .....	T.	76	79	74	55	166	170	177
	M. — H.	76	77	74	52	159	158	166
	F.	—	2	—	3	7	12	11
Ontario .....	T.	94	70	103	73	231	200	235
	M. — H.	92	69	101	70	223	198	230
	F.	2	1	2	3	8	2	5
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	35	44	54	23	238	164	159
	M. — H.	33	41	53	17	235	152	150
	F.	2	3	1	6	3	12	9
Graduates in Librarianship (degrees and diplomas) Grades et diplômes en bibliothéconomie								
Canada .....	T.	39	66	53	57	122	113	105
	M. — H.	2	3	5	8	23	11	22
	F.	37	63	48	49	99	102	83
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	F.	—	—	—	1	—	6	3
Québec .....	T.	13	19	15	20	49	48	44
	M. — H.	2	3	1	2	12	6	10
	F.	11	16	14	18	37	42	34
Ontario .....	T.	26	47	38	36	73	59	58
	M. — H.	—	—	4	6	11	5	12
	F.	26	47	34	30	62	54	46
Graduates in Medicine — Grades en médecine								
Canada .....	T.	535	497	562	628	867	834	894
	M. — H.	509	476	537	583	806	790	835
	F.	26	21	25	45	61	44	59
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	23	26	41	—	55	56	53
	M. — H.	23	25	41	—	53	54	48
	F.	—	1	—	—	2	2	5
Québec .....	T.	163	176	208	288	352	322	339
	M. — H.	160	171	200	272	335	306	326
	F.	3	5	8	16	17	16	13
Ontario .....	T.	269	218	214	244	335	332	327
	M. — H.	250	208	205	228	301	315	300
	F.	19	10	9	16	34	17	27
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	80	77	99	96	125	124	175
	M. — H.	76	72	91	83	117	115	161
	F.	4	5	8	13	8	9	14

TABLE 15. Degrees and Diplomas Granted by Faculty, 1931 to 1954 — continued

TABLEAU 15. Grades et diplômes conférés, par faculté, 1931 à 1954 — suite

—			1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1953	1954
			Graduates in Pharmacy — Grades en pharmacie						
Canada .....	T.		208	190	160	104	406	402	358
	M., — H.		198	180	145	80	360	349	326
	F.		10	10	15	24	46	53	32
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.		4	1	4	8	25	19	11
	M., — H.		3	1	2	5	23	17	11
	F.		1	—	2	3	2	2	—
Québec .....	T.		11	20	18	26	84	112	96
	M., — H.		11	20	18	23	78	102	92
	F.		—	—	—	3	6	10	4
Ontario .....	T.		128	100	64	51	107	140	121
	M., — H.		122	97	57	42	97	122	110
	F.		6	3	7	9	10	18	11
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.		65	69	74	19	190	131	130
	M., — H.		62	62	68	10	162	108	113
	F.		3	7	6	9	28	23	17
			Degrees and Diplomas in Physical and Health Education — Grades et diplômes en culture physique et hygiène						
Canada .....	T.		45	21	54	34	129	89	101
	M., — H.		—	1	—	4	69	48	57
	F.		45	20	54	30	60	41	44
Québec .....	T.		15	5	11	10	40	19	18
	M., — H.		—	1	—	1	20	8	8
	F.		15	4	11	9	20	11	10
Ontario .....	T.		30	16	35	24	52	52	60
	M., — H.		—	—	—	3	24	26	32
	F.		30	16	35	21	28	26	28
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.		—	—	8	—	37	18	23
	M., — H.		—	—	—	—	25	14	17
	F.		—	—	8	—	12	4	6
			Social Work — Service social						
Canada .....	T.		18	45	69	112	265	219	208
	M., — H.		—	6	9	17	101	70	59
	F.		18	39	60	95	164	149	149
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.		—	—	—	9	7	9	7
	M., — H.		—	—	—	1	3	5	1
	F.		—	—	—	8	4	4	6
Québec .....	T.		7	8	17	22	57	52	54
	M., — H.		—	1	1	2	14	19	16
	F.		7	7	16	20	43	33	38
Ontario .....	T.		11	30	28	22	93	86	75
	M., — H.		—	5	3	2	30	25	17
	F.		11	25	25	20	63	61	58
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.		—	7	24	59	108	72	72
	M., — H.		—	—	5	12	54	21	25
	F.		—	7	19	47	54	51	47

TABLE 15. Degrees and Diplomas Granted by Faculty, 1931 to 1954 - Continued

TABLEAU 15. Grades et diplômes conférés, par faculté, 1931 à 1954 - suite

		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1953	1954
		Graduates in Theology - Grades en théologie						
Canada .....	T.	434	484	488	483	534	579	636
	M.-H.	416	468	477	458	517	548	594
	F.	18	16	11	25	17	31	42
Maritime Provinces - Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	42	39	33	51	31	44	41
	M.-H.	42	39	33	51	31	43	41
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Québec .....	T.	151	180	215	194	170	202	232
	M.	151	180	215	193	170	202	232
	F.	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Ontario .....	T.	178	226	197	189	260	274	308
	M.-H.	164	213	186	165	243	244	267
	F.	14	13	11	24	17	30	41
Western Provinces - Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	63	39	43	49	73	59	55
	M.-H.	59	36	43	49	73	59	54
	F.	4	3	—	—	—	—	1
		Bachelors of Divinity (graduati) - Baccalauréats en théologie (gradués)						
Canada .....	T.	37	43	41	51	137	94	78
	M.-H.	37	43	41	51	131	90	78
	F.	—	—	—	—	6	4	—
Maritime Provinces - Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	4	17	13	6	23	14	8
	M.-H.	4	17	13	6	23	13	8
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Québec .....	T.	3	8	2	1	9	16	11
	M.-H.	3	8	2	1	8	16	11
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Ontario .....	T.	24	12	19	39	81	46	41
	M.-H.	24	12	19	39	77	43	41
	F.	—	—	—	—	4	3	—
Western Provinces - Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	6	6	7	5	24	18	18
	M.-H.	6	6	7	5	23	18	18
	F.	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
		Graduates in Veterinary Science - Grades en médecine vétérinaire						
Canada .....	T.	28	53	68	43	175	27 <sup>5</sup>	94
	M.-H.	28	53	67	42	159	27	94
	F.	—	—	1	1	16	—	—
Québec .....	T.	8	8	12	6	12	24	18
	M.-H.	8	8	12	6	12	24	18
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ontario .....	T.	20	45	56	37	163	3 <sup>5</sup>	76
	M.-H.	20	45	55	36	147	3	76
	F.	—	—	1	1	16	—	—
		Degrees and Graduate Diplomas in Nursing Grades et diplômes en sciences hospitalières						
Canada <sup>6</sup> .....	T.	130	182	212	461	492	604	386
	M.-H.	—	—	—	—	—	2	1
	F.	130	182	212	461	492	602	385
Maritime Provinces - Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	—	—	3	4	28	23	25
	M.-H.	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
	F.	—	—	3	4	28	22	25
Québec .....	T.	47	55	57	100	138	113	99
	M.-H.	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
	F.	47	55	57	100	138	112	98
Ontario <sup>6</sup> .....	F.	65	102	124	256	229	381	162
Western Provinces - Provinces de l'Ouest .....	F.	18	25	28	101	97	87	100

5. Course at the Ontario Veterinary College extended from four years to five in 1952-53. — Le cours de l'Ontario Veterinary College a été porté de quatre à cinq ans en 1952-1953.

6. Includes 12 to 24 dental nurses annually. — Comprend 12 à 24 infirmières dentaires annuellement.

TABLE 15. Degrees and Diplomas Granted by Faculty, 1931 to 1954 — Continued

TABLEAU 15. Grades et diplômes conférés, par faculté, 1931 à 1954 — suite

—		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1953	1954
Masters of Arts <sup>7</sup> — Maîtrises ès arts <sup>7</sup>								
Canada .....	T.	274	252	258	328	704	677	798
	M. — H.	180	179	201	259	548	517	601
	F.	94	73	57	69	156	160	197
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	29	24	37	21	52	47	37
	M. — H.	17	17	29	10	38	31	25
	F.	12	7	8	11	14	16	12
Québec .....	T.	47	39	42	43	142	208	296
	M. — H.	27	20	29	34	98	154	214
	F.	20	19	13	9	44	54	82
Ontario .....	T.	137	141	115	209	347	331	364
	M. — H.	94	108	87	169	287	258	288
	F.	43	33	28	40	60	73	76
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	61	48	64	55	163	91	101
	M. — H.	42	34	56	46	125	74	74
	F.	19	14	8	9	38	17	27
Masters of Science <sup>8</sup> — Maîtrises ès sciences <sup>8</sup>								
Canada .....	T.	93	133	118	204	508	376	376
	M. — H.	89	130	110	191	480	353	350
	F.	4	3	8	13	28	23	26
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes .....	T.	3	6	10	19	39	30	20
	M. — H.	2	6	8	19	37	29	18
	F.	1	—	2	—	2	1	2
Québec .....	T.	28	31	35	74	151	95	103
	M. — H.	28	31	32	65	132	86	88
	F.	—	—	3	9	19	9	15
Ontario .....	T.	28	32	22	51	165	137	139
	M. — H.	28	32	22	51	162	131	134
	F.	—	—	—	—	3	6	5
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	T.	34	64	51	60	153	114	114
	M. — H.	31	61	48	56	149	107	110
	F.	3	3	3	4	4	7	4
Licences (not including Theology and first professional degrees) — Licences (théologie et premiers grades professionnels non compris)								
Canada .....	T.	91	100	211	299	352	197	185
	M. — H.	89	93	209	281	316	163	153
	F.	2	7	2	18	36	34	32
Québec .....	T.	67	92	191	268	323	177	180
	M. — H.	66	85	190	250	287	143	148
	F.	1	7	1	18	36	34	32
Ontario .....	T.	24	8	20	31	29	20	5
	M. — H.	23	8	19	31	29	20	5
	F.	1	—	1	—	—	—	—

7. Includes M.B.A., M.Comm., M.Ed., M.L.Sc., LL.M., M.Paed., M.Soc.Sc., M.Social Work. — Comprend les maîtrises en médecine, commerce, éducation, bibliothéconomie, droit, pédagogie, sciences sociales et service social.

8. Includes M.A.Sc., M.S.A., M.Sc.E., M.Arch., M.Sc.F., M.Cl.Sc., M.Sc.Dent., M.V.Sc., M.Surgery (where given separately). — Comprend les maîtrises en sciences appliquées, agriculture, génie, architecture, sylviculture, chimie, art dentaire, médecine vétérinaire, chirurgie (lorsqu'elles sont données séparément).



TABLE 15. Degrees and Diplomas Granted by Faculty, 1931 to 1954 — Concluded

TABLEAU 15. Grades et diplômes conférés, par faculté, 1931 à 1954 — fin

		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1953	1954
		Other Graduate Degrees and Diplomas (except in Education or Theology) <sup>9</sup>						
		Autres grades et diplômes pour gradués (pédagogie et théologie non comprises) <sup>9</sup>						
Canada	T.	84	90	102	441	470	217	233
	M. — H.	82	90	93	327	308	126	154
	F.	2	—	9	114	162	91	79
Québec	T.	55	66	62	333	267	86	109
	M. — H.	54	66	56	245	163	37	61
	F.	1	—	6	88	104	49	48
Ontario	T.	27	23	40	103	190	131	123
	M. — H.	26	23	37	82	145	89	92
	F.	1	—	3	21	45	42	31
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest	T.	2	1	—	5	13	—	1
	M. — H.	2	1	—	—	—	—	1
	F.	—	—	—	5	13	—	—
		Doctorates (Honorary) — Doctorats (honorifiques)						
Canada	T.	95	100	77	134	186	286	249
	M. — H.	95	98	71	128	175	274	229
	F.	—	2	6	6	11	12	20
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes	T.	19	21	18	18	38	50	85
	M. — H.	19	20	15	17	36	49	70
	F.	—	1	3	1	2	1	15
Québec	T.	13	19	25	44	46	133 <sup>10</sup>	52
	M. — H.	13	19	23	44	44	129 <sup>10</sup>	52
	F.	—	—	2	—	2	4 <sup>10</sup>	—
Ontario	T.	46	42	30	54	69	59	74
	M. — H.	46	41	29	51	65	54	70
	F.	—	1	1	3	4	5	4
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest	T.	17	18	4	18	33	44	38
	M. — H.	17	18	4	16	30	42	37
	F.	—	—	—	2	3	2	1
		Doctorates (in Course) — Doctorats (acquis)						
Canada	T.	46	68	75	108	202	262	242
	M. — H.	39	63	70	96	191	239	230
	F.	7	5	5	12	11	23	12
Maritime Provinces — Provinces Maritimes	T.	1	—	—	—	—	5	4
	M. — H.	1	—	—	—	—	5	4
	F.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Québec	T.	19	29	30	58	102	113	107
	M. — H.	19	27	30	51	96	99	101
	F.	—	2	—	7	6	14	6
Ontario	T.	24	39	45	50	98	124	120
	M. — H.	18	36	40	45	93	117	114
	F.	6	3	5	5	5	7	6
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest	T.	2	—	—	—	2	20	11
	M. — H.	1	—	—	—	2	18	11
	F.	1	—	—	—	—	2	—

9. Exclusive of diploma courses reported under separate classification. — Sauf les diplômes relevés sous une autre rubrique.

10. On the occasion of its one-hundredth anniversary 103 honorary Doctorates were awarded by Laval University. — L'Université Laval a conféré 103 doctorats honorifiques à l'occasion de son centenaire.

TABLE 16. Full-time University-grade Students in the Regular Session, by Place of Residence, 1931 to 1954

TABLEAU 16. Étudiants de plein temps de la session régulière, selon la résidence, 1931 à 1954

Universities and colleges in Universités et collèges de	Place of students' residence Résidence des étudiants															Total non-re- sidents in each province — Total des non-rés- idents	Total speci- fied — Étu- diants classés
	Nfld. T.-N.	P.E.I. Î.-P.-É.	N.S. N.-É.	N.B. N.-B.	Qué.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C. C.-B.	Yukon and N.W.T. Yukon et T.-N.-O.	U.S.A. É.-U.	U.K. R.-U.	British West Indies — Antilles britan- niques	Other coun- tries — Autres pays		
Newfoundland <sup>1</sup> .....	1951	380	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	380
	1953	441	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	442
	1954	437	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	438
Prince Edward Island .....	1931	—	159	1	5	20	1	—	—	2	—	3	—	—	—	32	191
	1936	—	132	4	1	12	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	23	155
	1941	—	174	—	3	14	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	21	195
	1946	—	295	1	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	15	310
	1951	—	238	1	6	20	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	1	32	270
	1953	—	227	4	3	23	2	—	—	1	—	7	—	—	1	41	268
	1954	2	216	4	3	18	1	—	—	1	—	12	—	—	—	41	257
Nova Scotia .....	1931	67	101	1,392	277	27	20	2	—	3	—	104	2	7	18	628	2,020
	1936	71	71	1,192	246	26	19	1	5	4	6	248	13	2	14	726	1,918
	1941	102	59	1,399	260	33	18	4	3	4	8	150	6	6	9	662	2,061
	1946	154	116	2,245	427	108	31	3	7	9	11	66	3	23	9	967	3,212
	1951	211	143	2,503	599	186	72	7	9	5	3	180	4	21	32	1,472	3,975
	1953	185	157	2,346	466	167	71	2	5	8	5	156	7	26	34	1,289	3,635
	1954	218	162	2,397	506	224	89	3	5	7	6	173	8	35	66	1,502	3,899
New Brunswick .....	1931	20	30	159	562	31	14	1	2	3	—	20	10	5	—	295	857
	1936	12	18	191	555	46	7	1	1	—	—	16	10	5	4	311	866
	1941	34	37	188	997	183	23	2	1	7	1	48	—	15	1	540	1,537
	1946	70	56	349	1,966	254	126	—	9	5	1	36	3	10	15	936	2,902
	1951	60	56	220	1,277	236	103	8	6	1	4	40	7	15	16	772	2,049
	1953	53	42	262	1,007	245	99	5	1	2	3	24	8	18	3	765	1,772
	1954	56	56	327	1,151	270	100	7	2	1	4	23	12	20	31	909	2,060
Québec (English — anglais) .....	1931	69	19	78	77	2,030	342	32	36	42	81	318	146	29	13	1,282	3,312
	1936	32	26	70	80	2,112	275	32	45	35	64	335	68	20	20	1,103	3,215
	1941	23	22	93	81	2,603	294	37	33	47	82	229	19	40	45	1,045	3,648
	1946	31	41	137	123	5,055	692	82	67	71	146	191	28	160	82	1,852	6,907
	1951	47	45	128	132	5,252	663	64	94	64	147	463	91	128	302	2,369	7,621
	1953	26	27	110	89	4,737	636	45	68	48	87	388	56	149	252	1,981	6,718
	1954	26	20	98	87	4,897	673	40	58	55	76	374	52	156	261	1,976	6,873
Québec (French <sup>2</sup> — fran- çais) <sup>2</sup> .....	1931	2	8	9	8	5,206	84	11	8	2	—	117	—	—	33	282	5,488
	1936	4	7	16	63	6,168	92	10	3	1	—	188	—	—	60	444	6,612
	1941	3	1	11	30	6,813	83	11	17	17	1	171	—	5	57	407	7,220
	1946	3	117	9	123	9,752	171	16	9	4	1	155	2	15	125	750	10,502
	1951	—	3	11	81	12,376	205	15	14	4	7	120	1	13	191	665	13,041
	1953	3	6	19	92	13,546	155	15	19	3	5	172	1	2	233	725	14,271
	1954	5	6	21	86	13,880	165	15	19	4	6	183	—	—	254	764	14,644

1. Comparable data not available for years prior to 1951. — Des données comparables ne sont pas disponibles avant 1951.

2. Revised since publication of previous report to exclude prematriculation students in Quebec. — Révisé depuis la publication du précédent rapport afin d'exclure les étudiants d'échelon inférieur à l'immatriculation du Québec.

TABLE 16. Full-time University-grade Students in the Regular Session, by Place of Residence, 1931 to 1954 - Concluded

TABLEAU 16. Étudiants de plein temps de la session régulière, selon la résidence, 1931 à 1954 - fin

Universities and colleges in — Universités et collèges de		Place of students' residence — Résidence des étudiants															Total non-re- sidents in each province	Total speci- fied — Étu- diants classés
		Nfld. — T.-N.	P.E.I. — Î.-P.-É.	N.S. — N.-É.	N.B. — N.-B.	Qué.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C. — C.-B.	Yukon and N.W.T. — Yukon et T.-N.-O.	U.S.A. — É.-U.	U.K. — R.-U.	British West Indies — Antilles britan- niques	Other coun- tries — Autres pays	Total des non-ré- sidents	
Ontario .....	1931	16	33	89	78	354	11,629	96	218	94	133	2	421	78	11	138	1,761	13,390
	1936	14	33	78	84	338	12,929	132	225	123	138	—	635	43	5	126	1,974	14,903
	1941	11	22	94	159	1,079	13,527	163	503	206	166	3	513	14	8	147	3,088	16,615
	1946	39	28	127	119	614	18,700	261	500	219	322	1	431	48	47	162	2,918	21,618
	1951	59	61	213	140	1,011	18,267	257	385	277	387	—	864	22	32	387	4,095	22,362
	1953	45	49	159	114	1,044	15,909	218	325	203	278	2	839	36	45	436	3,793	19,702
	1954	41	54	147	105	998	16,266	189	369	206	247	—	573	42	49	468	3,488	19,754
Manitoba .....	1931	—	—	2	2	1	59	2,288	252	30	25	1	11	11	—	3	397	2,685
	1936	—	—	—	1	—	26	2,597	204	21	16	—	5	1	—	1	275	2,872
	1941	—	—	—	1	1	48	2,517	271	26	60	1	5	1	—	3	417	2,934
	1946	3	1	1	—	2	96	4,866	351	57	79	—	17	3	5	4	619	5,485
	1951	—	2	3	1	22	106	3,948	275	100	49	—	28	5	23	22	636	4,584
	1953	1	3	2	1	29	101	3,256	272	86	37	—	24	14	26	95	691	3,947
	1954	1	4	9	3	25	92	3,381	223	81	24	—	13	4	39	133	651	4,032
Saskatchewan .....	1931	—	1	3	1	3	12	22	1,487	12	5	—	1	65	2	5	132	1,619
	1936	—	—	—	—	2	5	7	1,427	10	9	—	2	18	—	1	54	1,481
	1941	1	—	1	1	1	9	12	2,009	36	13	1	9	—	—	1	85	2,094
	1946	—	1	1	—	6	32	42	3,221	65	37	—	7	1	—	1	193	3,414
	1951	1	—	3	3	6	29	47	2,487	92	36	2	8	12	3	14	256	2,743
	1953	—	—	3	1	3	26	45	2,186	60	15	2	17	12	3	29	216	2,402
	1954	—	—	4	—	10	28	43	2,173	62	25	2	3	42	3	73	295	2,468
Alberta .....	1931	1	—	8	—	—	10	9	81	1,308	79	2	3	13	—	4	210	1,518
	1936	—	—	—	—	—	6	13	86	1,508	101	—	2	3	—	2	213	1,721
	1941	—	—	—	—	1	4	16	116	1,918	87	4	2	1	—	19	250	2,168
	1946 <sup>2</sup>	—	—	—	2	2	8	16	138	3,217	106	—	4	1	1	—	278	3,495
	1951	2	1	4	1	3	14	17	146	3,008	70	8	2	—	1	8	277	3,285
	1953	—	2	—	—	8	13	27	191	2,949	87	10	11	—	5	16	370	3,319
	1954	—	3	5	—	10	15	30	196	3,191	87	7	13	2	6	22	396	3,587
British Columbia .....	1931	—	—	1	—	2	7	6	9	17	1,995	4	8	8	—	22	84	2,079
	1936	—	—	—	—	—	2	3	13	29	1,831	2	6	—	—	9	64	1,895
	1941	—	—	—	1	4	2	7	22	63	2,723	3	11	—	—	7	120	2,843
	1946	3	2	8	14	12	49	45	137	208	6,502	6	29	5	2	5	525	7,027
	1951	2	3	11	8	30	164	94	163	313	5,894	12	49	22	16	41	928	6,822
	1953	1	—	9	3	32	172	51	106	253	4,830	12	38	16	10	80	783	5,613
	1954	1	—	10	7	30	158	53	109	277	5,001	10	51	17	12	93	828	5,829
Canada <sup>2</sup> .....	1931	175	351	1,742	1,010	7,674	12,178	2,467	2,093	1,511	2,320	9	1,006	333	54	236	5,103	33,159
	1936	133	287	1,551	1,030	8,704	13,361	2,796	2,009	1,731	2,165	3	1,443	156	32	237	5,187	35,638
	1941	174	315	1,786	1,533	10,732	14,008	2,769	2,975	2,324	3,141	12	1,142	41	74	289	6,635	41,315
	1946	303	657	2,878	2,786	15,805	19,905	5,331	4,439	3,855	7,205	10	938	94	263	403	9,053	64,872
	1951	762	552	3,097	2,248	19,142	19,623	4,457	3,579	3,864	6,597	23	1,758	164	252	1,014	11,502	67,132
	1953	755	513	2,915	1,776	19,834	17,184	3,664	3,173	3,612	5,348	26	1,676	150	284	1,179	10,655	62,089
	1954	787	521	3,023	1,948	20,362	17,587	3,761	3,154	3,884	5,477	19	1,418	179	320	1,401	10,851	63,841

2. Revised since publication of previous report to exclude prematriculation students in Quebec. — Révisé depuis la publication du précédent rapport afin d'exclure les étudiants d'échelon inférieur à l'immatriculation du Québec.



TABLE 17. Teaching Staffs in Universities and Colleges, 1931 to 1954

TABLEAU 17. Personnel enseignant des universités et collèges, de 1931 à 1954

		Arts, Letters and Pure Science Arts, lettres et sciences pures				Professional Faculties Facultés professionnelles			
		Full-time De plein temps		Part-time A temps partiel		Full-time De plein temps		Part-time A temps partiel	
		M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.
Canada .....	1931	1,558	158	372	147	1,005	122	1,613	92
	1936	1,719	203	432	147	973	149	1,674	112
	1941	1,768	268	409	130	1,558	177	1,611	127
	1946	2,108	364	837	167	2,404	242	2,134	239
	1951	2,763	363	1,003	257	2,206	351	2,612	214
	1953	3,021	426	1,144	262	2,538	468	3,638	480
	1954	3,313	434	1,276	285	2,617	505	3,812	464
Maritime Provinces <sup>1</sup> — Provinces Maritimes <sup>1</sup> .....	1931	154	12	57	30	62	8	141	17
	1936	159	16	81	14	62	23	136	11
	1941	199	31	40	11	82	18	128	12
	1946	206	38	28	5	124	33	168	11
	1951	303	39	59	27	140	36	213	30
	1953	315	47	71	34	199	46	240	25
	1954	338	54	47	32	182	62	254	45
Québec .....	1931	642	25	82	13	305	47	748	36
	1936	773	59	70	19	329	35	646	29
	1941	704	101	86	15	639	47	731	36
	1946	952	157	316	39	1,220	114	1,120	111
	1951	1,038	142	414	87	811	197	1,355	73
	1953	1,075	145	480	86	719	269	2,168	239
	1954	1,147	147	523	98	751	275	2,193	239
Ontario .....	1931	485	82	128	56	395	30	516	33
	1936	515	85	205	94	375	46	649	58
	1941	542	94	247	78	568	80	551	47
	1946	578	121	419	93	735	40	563	75
	1951	876	108	469	108	764	56	645	83
	1953	984	112	369	94	1,096	92	558	68
	1954	1,081	127	434	99	1,150	81	613	58
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	1931	277	39	105	48	243	37	208	6
	1936	272	43	76	20	207	45	243	14
	1941	323	42	36	26	269	32	201	32
	1946	372	48	74	30	325	55	283	42
	1951	546	74	61	35	491	62	399	28
	1953	647	122	224	48	524	61	672	148
	1954	747	106	272	56	534	87	752	122

1. Newfoundland included in Maritime Provinces from 1950. — Terre-Neuve comprise dans les provinces Maritimes depuis 1950.



TABLE 17. Teaching Staffs in Universities and Colleges, 1931 to 1954 — Concluded  
 TABLEAU 17. Personnel enseignant des universités et collèges, de 1931 à 1954 — fin

		Pre-matriculation — Classes inférieures à l'immatriculation				Total teaching staff (excluding duplicates) — Total, personnel enseignant (moins les doubles emplois)			
		Full-time — De plein temps		Part-time — A temps partiel		Full-time — De plein temps		Part-time — A temps partiel	
		M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.	M. — H.	F.
Canada .....	1931	680	456	108	79	3,294	754	1,985	279
	1936	719	183	114	35	3,476	541	2,063	281
	1941	931	312	77	29	3,819	748	2,051	243
	1946	1,000	621	112	25	4,923	1,143	2,998	417
	1951	1,045	494	125	23	5,879	1,199	3,570	480
	1953	1,068	420	158	21	6,262	1,273	4,529	705
	1954	1,066	443	173	29	6,669	1,343	4,764	724
Maritime Provinces <sup>1</sup> — Provinces Maritimes <sup>1</sup> .....	1931	45	4	22	2	290	30	162	36
	1936	56	4	15	—	293	44	184	23
	1941	87	10	17	2	336	54	182	30
	1946	91	17	26	2	353	93	227	22
	1951	108	18	19	2	526	86	250	53
	1953	118	15	23	7	533	102	321	63
	1954	97	33	18	10	546	137	306	86
Québec .....	1931	450	426	28	48	1,399	498	854	97
	1936	499	164	38	23	1,612	260	730	67
	1941	609	266	20	3	1,754	412	832	53
	1946	646	552	38	13	2,462	763	1,390	157
	1951	629	448	39	10	2,475	787	1,728	169
	1953	733	387	112	6	2,449	771	2,409	289
	1954	707	390	114	9	2,523	789	2,414	308
Ontario .....	1931	108	13	14	4	988	125	654	91
	1936	98	6	13	—	1,003	137	836	152
	1941	141	19	18	15	1,128	193	774	98
	1946	175	31	17	—	1,413	179	1,006	161
	1951	197	13	39	2	1,790	177	1,117	190
	1953	103	—	—	—	2,069	200	904	157
	1954	139	3	18	—	2,263	208	1,019	148
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	1931	77	13	44	25	617	101	315	55
	1936	66	9	48	12	568	100	313	39
	1941	94	17	22	9	601	89	263	62
	1946	88	21	31	10	695	108	375	77
	1951	111	15	28	9	1,088	149	475	68
	1953	114	18	23	8	1,211	200	895	196
	1954	123	17	23	10	1,337	209	1,025	182

1. Newfoundland included in Maritime Provinces from 1950. — Terre-Neuve comprise dans les provinces Maritimes depuis 1950.

TABLE 18. Income, Expenditures and Capital Resources of Universities and Colleges, 1931 to 1954

TABLEAU 18. Revenu, dépenses et ressources-capital des universités et collèges, de 1931 à 1954

Province	Current income <sup>1</sup> — Revenu courant <sup>1</sup>							Total current expenditures — Dépenses courantes	Value of capital resources — Valeur des ressources-capital		
	From endowment — Fonda-tions	Government grants — Subventions			Student fees — Frais de scolarité	Miscel-laneous — Divers	Total revenue — Total		Endow-ment etc. — Fonda-tions etc.	Trust funds <sup>3</sup> — Fonds de fiducie <sup>3</sup>	Plant <sup>4</sup> — Instal-lations <sup>4</sup>
		Provincial — Provin-ciales	Dominion <sup>2</sup> — Fédérales <sup>2</sup>	Municipal — Municipales							
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1931											
Nova Scotia and New Bruns- wick — Nouvelle-Ecosse et Nouveau-Brunswick....	265,312	151,881	—	—	334,279	175,730	927,202	941,863	5,489,256		3,309,500
Quebec .....	1,186,062	668,536	—	—	818,010	483,268	3,155,876	3,574,983	22,913,131		25,327,453
Ontario .....	624,761	3,796,577	—	55,000	1,348,116	481,333	6,305,787	6,289,829	16,345,027		27,076,677
Western Provinces — Pro- vinces de l'Ouest.....	182,117	2,254,819	—	—	822,955	314,051	3,573,942	3,629,307	3,711,452		21,688,908
Canada .....	2,258,252	6,871,813	—	55,000	3,323,360	1,454,382	13,962,807	14,435,982	48,458,866		82,402,538
1936											
Nova Scotia and New Bruns- wick — Nouvelle-Ecosse et Nouveau-Brunswick....	247,456	164,323	—	—	436,705	155,778	1,004,262	1,007,193	5,723,949		8,910,026
Québec .....	973,538	768,616	—	—	1,060,332	506,163	3,308,649	3,668,797	24,529,587		28,702,951
Ontario .....	655,506	2,960,186	—	45,000	1,914,887	608,920	6,184,499	6,241,583	21,388,579		31,443,103
Western Provinces — Pro- vinces de l'Ouest.....	73,375	1,421,021	—	—	1,045,317	273,756	2,813,469	2,821,349	2,735,498		21,485,242
Canada .....	1,949,875	5,314,146	—	45,000	4,457,241	1,544,617	13,310,879	13,738,922	54,377,613		90,541,322
1941											
Nova Scotia and New Bruns- wick — Nouvelle-Ecosse et Nouveau-Brunswick....	293,379	245,678	—	16,600	500,889	243,688	1,300,234	1,278,037	2,710,077	3,159,656	9,178,829
Québec .....	974,374	1,122,214	—	15,000	1,178,537	424,510	3,714,635	3,729,014	26,361,396	2,590,615	31,223,006
Ontario .....	710,777	3,462,168	—	49,183	2,169,484	903,186	7,294,798	7,409,653	24,190,186	11,373,891	33,645,571
Western Provinces — Pro- vinces de l'Ouest.....	67,641	1,888,859	—	4,304	1,294,496	482,692	3,737,992	3,738,908	1,819,766	297,767	21,633,480
Canada .....	2,046,171	6,718,919	—	85,087	5,143,406	2,054,076	16,047,659	16,155,612	55,081,425	17,421,929	95,680,886
1946											
Nova Scotia and New Bruns- wick — Nouvelle-Ecosse et Nouveau-Brunswick....	356,085	276,408	229,688	15,962	924,359	136,985	1,939,487	1,911,296	2,982,964	4,868,359	10,477,771
Québec .....	1,242,794	1,837,370	368,346	15,000	2,309,886	816,036	6,589,432	6,501,413	27,068,354	4,363,772	34,740,591
Ontario .....	746,292	3,251,653	988,422	49,259	3,709,803	837,776	9,583,205	9,582,278	25,103,683	17,917,032	35,160,775
Western Provinces — Pro- vinces de l'Ouest.....	51,734	2,325,975	1,127,531	—	2,835,393	1,362,311	7,702,944	7,363,330	1,819,671	1,849,802	22,247,957
Canada .....	2,396,905	7,691,406	2,713,987	80,221	9,779,441	3,153,108	25,815,068	25,358,317	56,974,672	28,998,965	102,627,094
1951											
Nova Scotia and New Bruns- wick — Nouvelle-Ecosse et Nouveau-Brunswick....	382,263	940,054	84,336	25,000	1,184,077	173,060	2,788,790	2,884,394	6,974,310	2,540,935	14,653,798
Québec .....	1,769,552	2,919,513	649,487	40,000	3,370,206	1,829,737	10,578,495	10,594,457	36,902,442	6,387,035	43,587,428
Ontario .....	913,490	7,541,793	379,660	150,788	5,729,719	1,779,439	16,494,889	16,133,115	36,846,682	22,385,991	60,283,928
Western Provinces — Pro- vinces de l'Ouest.....	61,896	5,363,547	593,106	46,105	3,741,038	864,560	10,670,252	11,179,555	1,978,400	3,372,222	43,796,435
Canada .....	3,127,201	16,764,907	1,706,589	261,893	14,025,040	4,646,796	40,532,426	40,791,521	82,701,834	34,686,183	162,321,588

TABLE 18. Income, Expenditures and Capital Resources of Universities and Colleges, 1931 to 1954 — Concluded

TABLEAU 18. Revenu, dépenses et ressources-capital des universités et collèges, de 1931 à 1954 — fin

Province	Current income <sup>1</sup> — Revenu courant <sup>1</sup>							Total current expenditures — Dépenses courantes	Value of capital resources — Valeur des ressources-capital		
	From endowment — Fondations	Government grants — Subventions			Student fees — Frais de scolarité	Miscellaneous — Divers	Total revenue — Total		Endowment etc. — Fondations etc.	Trust funds <sup>3</sup> — Fonds de fiducie <sup>3</sup>	Plant <sup>4</sup> — Installations <sup>4</sup>
		Provincial — Provinciales	Dominion <sup>2</sup> — Fédérales <sup>2</sup>	Municipal — Municipales							
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1953											
Nova Scotia and New Brunswick — Nouvelle-Ecosse et Nouveau-Brunswick....	374,655	880,990	558,064	15,000	1,135,230	333,497	3,297,436	3,377,151	8,492,669	1,503,335	16,575,156
Québec .....	1,602,889	3,754,927	753,482	—	3,661,243	2,367,195	12,139,736	12,408,700	34,475,962	8,021,442	48,648,841
Ontario .....	947,233	9,144,564	2,579,003	174,151	5,660,529	2,559,882	21,065,362	20,476,512	36,841,718	25,653,018	75,211,761
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	53,840	6,438,377	2,227,729	27,866	3,803,354	1,414,253	13,965,419	13,854,009	2,691,630	3,325,671	51,483,769
Canada .....	2,978,617	20,218,858	6,118,278	217,017	14,260,356	6,674,827	50,467,953	50,116,372	82,501,979	38,503,466	191,919,527
1954											
Nova Scotia and New Brunswick — Nouvelle-Ecosse et Nouveau-Brunswick....	488,378	863,920	566,000	15,000	1,145,761	409,219	3,488,278	3,637,369	8,867,731	1,920,306	16,151,052
Québec .....	1,814,384	5,051,238	1,419,120	—	4,092,625	1,669,066	14,046,433	13,074,478	42,400,455	10,107,129	47,417,432
Ontario .....	940,123	9,507,809	3,931,012	172,315	6,581,748	2,586,262	23,719,269	23,691,575	39,960,738	26,191,102	81,384,254
Western Provinces — Provinces de l'Ouest .....	273,630	6,933,173	2,430,578	28,101	4,080,477	1,757,413	15,503,372	15,452,381	2,770,612	5,947,202	53,363,180
Canada .....	3,516,515	22,356,140	8,346,710	215,416	15,900,611	6,421,960	56,757,352	55,855,803	93,999,536	44,165,739	198,315,918

Note: Figures in this table represent a record of annual income for general university activities for the larger universities and many of the colleges of Canada. The institutions included represent about 80 per cent of the annual full-time enrolment. Total income and the resulting deficit or surplus does not include gifts and grants for capital expenditure. — Nota: Les chiffres représentent le relevé du revenu annuel découlant de l'activité universitaire générale des grandes universités et de plusieurs collèges du Canada. Les institutions comprises englobent 80 p. 100 des étudiants de plein temps. Le revenu total et le déficit ou le surplus qui en résulte ne comprennent pas les dons et les subventions pour fins d'immobilisations.

1. Board and lodging not included. — Pensions et logement non compris.

2. Includes supplementary grants from the Department of Veterans' Affairs for ex-service students exclusive of amounts paid for fees which are included under "Student fees". — Comprend les subventions supplémentaires du ministère des Affaires des anciens combattants pour les ex-militaires étudiants, mais non les sommes versées pour les frais de scolarité qui figurent sous le poste "Frais de scolarité".

3. Compiled separately from 1941, previous record not available. — Établi séparément depuis 1941; les données antérieures ne sont pas disponibles.

4. Site, buildings, equipment. — Terrains, édifices et matériel.

**SECTION IV  
BIBLIOGRAPHY**

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**SECTION IV  
BIBLIOGRAPHIE**





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**Nota:** Les noms et adresses valent pour l'année scolaire 1957-1958.

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**The Yearbook of the Universities of the Commonwealth (Commonwealth Universities Yearbook).**—Publié tous les ans par l'Association of Universities of the British Commonwealth. Donne des renseignements généraux concernant les principales institutions, énumère le personnel et passe en revue les activités des institutions canadiennes et autres du Commonwealth durant l'année scolaire courante. S'adresser à l'Association, 36 Gordon Square, London, W.C. 1, (England), £3.13: 6d et les frais de poste, ou £2:9sh et les frais de poste aux membres du personnel des institutions faisant partie de l'Association (édition de 1957), 1x, 2067 pages.



#### IV. BIBLIOGRAPHY ON CANADIAN HIGHER EDUCATION, 1952-54

**Note:** Included here are books, articles, etc. relating to general or specific aspects of Canadian higher education, and published during the biennium under review. Text books are not included. Sources used include the various university reviews, *Canadiana*, the *Canadian Index*, and other reports and publications noted by members of the Education Division of the Bureau. This bibliography should not be considered as being complete. The Bureau will welcome notice of omissions, so that they may be included in the next edition.

A few references are made to material, published before 1952, that was omitted from previous editions of the *Survey*.

Entries are listed alphabetically by author. Items having no specified author are listed alphabetically by title after those with specified authors. Details of English titles are in English while those of French titles are in French.

#### IV. BIBLIOGRAPHIE CONCERNANT L'ENSEIGNEMENT SUPÉRIEUR AU CANADA, 1952-1954

**Nota:** La nomenclature suivante comprend des livres, articles, etc., qui traitent, en général ou sous des angles particuliers, de l'enseignement supérieur au Canada et qui ont été publiés durant les deux années du relevé. Les manuels n'y figurent pas. Les sources utilisées sont les diverses revues universitaires, *Canadiana*, le *Canadian Index*, et d'autres rapports et publications relevés par les membres de la Division de l'éducation du Bureau. Cette bibliographie n'a pas la prétention d'être complète. Le Bureau sera heureux qu'on lui signale les omissions, afin de pouvoir y remédier dans la prochaine édition.

On mentionne parfois des publications antérieures à 1952, car on les avait omises dans les éditions précédentes du *Relevé*.

Les inscriptions sont faites par ordre alphabétique d'auteur. Les publications sans auteur déterminé sont énumérées par ordre alphabétique du titre à la suite de la liste par auteur. Les détails descriptifs des titres anglais sont en anglais et ceux des titres français sont en français.

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